Civilian Secretariat For Police Service

### 2021/22 ANNUAL REPORT





## NATIONAL DEPARTMENT OF CIVILIAN SECRETARIAT FOR POLICE SERVICE

VOTE NO. 21

ANNUAL REPORT 2021/2022 FINANCIAL YEAR

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAR	T A: GENERAL INFORMATION	4
1.	DEPARTMENT GENERAL INFORMATION	5
2.	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS	6
3.	FOREWORD BY THE MINISTER	8
4.	REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER	11
5.	STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY AND CONFIRMATION OF ACCURACY FOR THE ANNUAL REPO	DRT 17
6.	STRATEGIC OVERVIEW	18
	6.1. Vision	18
	6.2. Mission	18
	6.3. Values	18
7.	LEGISLATIVE AND OTHER MANDATES	19
8.	ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE	20
9.	ENTITIES REPORTING TO THE MINISTER	22
PAR	T B: PERFORMANCE INFORMATION	23
1.	AUDITOR GENERAL'S REPORT; PREDETERMINED OBJECTIVES	24
2.	OVERVIEW OF DEPARTMENTAL PERFORMANCE	24
	2.1 Service Delivery Environment	24
	2.2 Service Delivery Improvement Plan	26
	2.3 Organisational Environment	26
3.	ACHIEVEMENT OF INSTITUTIONAL IMPACTS AND OUTCOMES	28
PAR	T C: GOVERNANCE	49
1.	INTRODUCTION	50
2.	RISK MANAGEMENT	50
3.	FRAUD AND CORRUPTION	52
4.	MINIMISING CONFLICT OF INTEREST	
6.	HEALTH SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES	53
7.	PORTFOLIO COMMITTEES	54
8.	SCOPA RESOLUTIONS	58
9.	PRIOR MODIFICATIONS TO AUDIT REPORTS	58
10.	INTERNAL CONTROL UNIT	58
11.	INTERNAL AUDIT AND AUDIT COMMITTEES	58
12.	AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT	61
13.	B-BBEE COMPLIANCE PERFORMANCE INFORMATION	65

PAR	T D: HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	66
1.	INTRODUCTION	67
2.	HUMAN RESOURCES OVERSIGHT STATISTICS	69
PAR	T E: FINANCIAL INFORMATION	97
1.	REPORT OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL	98
2.	ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	105

### PART A: GENERAL INFORMATION



### 1. DEPARTMENT GENERAL INFORMATION

### CIVILIAN SECRETARIAT FOR POLICE SERVICE HEAD OFFICE

268 Lillian Ngoyi Street Fedsure Forum Building, 2nd floor PRETORIA

Private Bag X922 PRETORIA 0001

www.policesecretariat.gov.za

RP: 244/2022

ISBN: 978-0-621-50554-2

### 2. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS

AFS	Annual Financial Statements
AGSA	Auditor-General of South Africa
AIDS	Acquired Immuno-Deficiency Syndrome
APP	Annual Performance Plan
ARC	Audit and Risk Committee
B-BBEE	Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment
CFO	Chief Financial Officer
CJS	Criminal Justice System
CoE	Compensation of Employees
COGTA	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs
COM&E	Civilian Oversight Monitoring and Evaluation
COVID-19	Coronavirus Disease 2019
CPF	Community Policing Forum
CSF	Community Safety Forum
CSPS	Civilian Secretariat for Police Service
DCOG	Department of Cooperative Governance
DDM	District Development Model
DNA	Deoxyribonucleic Acid
DPCI	Directorate for Priority Crime Investigations
DPME	Department of Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation
DPSA	Department of Public Service and Administration
EHW	Employee Health and Wellness
ERMEC	Executive Risk Management and Ethics Committee
GBV	Gender-Based Violence
GCIS	Government Communication and Information System
GIZ	German Development Cooperation
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
HRD	Human Resource Development
HRM	Human Resource Management
ICT	Information and Communications Technology
ICVPS	Integrated Crime and Violence Prevention Strategy
IDPs	Integrated Development Plans
IFS	Interim Financial Statements
IOD	Injury on Duty

IPID	Independent Police Investigative Directorate
ISA	International Standards on Auditing
ISCSP	Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships
JCPS	Justice, Crime Prevention and Security Cluster
MCS	Modified Cash Standard
MECs	Members of the Executive Council
MMS	Middle Management Services
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding
MTSF	Medium -Term Strategic Framework
NCPS	National Crime Prevention Strategy
NDP	National Development Plan
NFDD	National Forensic DNA Database
NPP	National Policing Policy
NRF	National Revenue Fund
OHS	Occupational Health and Safety
OMF	Operations Management Framework
PAA	Public Audit Act
PFMA	Public Finance Management Act
PMDS	Performance Management Development System
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
PSCBC	Public Service Coordinating Bargaining Council
PwDs	Persons with Disabilities
SALGA	South African Local Government Association
SAPS	South African Police Service
SASSETA	Safety and Security Sector Education and Training Authority
SCM	Supply Chain Management
SCOPA	Standing Committee on Public Accounts
SDIP	Service Delivery Improvement Plan
SHERQ	Safety, Health, Environment, Risk and Quality
SMS	Senior Management System
SOPs	Standard Operating Procedures
WIL	Work Integrated Learners

### FOREWORD BY THE MINISTER



GENERAL BH CELE, MP MINISTER OF POLICE

My reflections at the beginning of the period under review included a cautious optimism about our level of preparedness as Government to deal with and plan for uncertainty, after having endured the pandemonium brought about by COVID-19 and its gruelling impact on the delivery environment within which we operate. In retrospect, it is safe to say that the advent of the crisis was but a sign of the times, with turbulence also proving to be a perennial feature of the 2021/22 financial year. While we were still grappling with the 'new normal', an increasingly impatient citizenry took to the streets in July last year to communicate their frustrations through civil unrest, followed soon thereafter by tensions in hotspot areas ahead of the 2021 local government elections. The reputations of the police and the security cluster as a whole, took a further knock amid concerns of the lack of proper coordination and the slow rate of responsiveness to the mayhem. This essentially amplified the need for the entire oversight machinery in the cluster to play its role in ensuring that critical gaps are identified and addressed.

It was thus necessary for the need to unpack the trust relationship between police and the communities to underpin the strategic focus of the Civilian Secretariat for Police Service (CSPS) during the period under review. In view of this, a perception survey was conducted by the CSPS to assess citizen perceptions and experiences of the quality of service rendered by the South African Police Service (SAPS), with a specific focus on police visibility. The Survey was designed with the aim of addressing the indicators on perception of increase in police visibility in the Top 30 police stations; and the percentage of victims satisfied with their interaction with the police, as articulated in the 2019 – 2024 Medium-Term Strategic Framework (MTSF). The outcomes of the Survey provided critical insights with regard to the level of trust in the police by communities, revealing that 54.85% of respondents do not have trust in the police, while 42.74% of the respondents expressed their confidence in the police. The Survey also revealed that in terms of general perceptions on the contributing factors leading to crime, unemployment, poverty and substance abuse were perceived to be the most prevalent. The outcomes of the Survey also highlighted the need for more concerted efforts to involve communities in the fight against crime through initiatives such as awareness campaigns and enhancing their participation in community safety structures.

The insights gained from the aforementioned exercise also ensured that programmes geared towards the strengthening of community safety structures were more targeted in nature, with the CSPS also taking into account the directive by the President to ensure that police become embedded in the communities they serve, in the execution of its mandate.

In the period under review, members of community policing forums (CPFs) received accredited training as part of the first phase of implementing the memorandum of understanding (MoU) with WITS University on the "train-the-trainers on civilian oversight by CPFs" programme. The purpose of the training was to empower CPF members to support policing and crime prevention initiatives, as an integral component of the Community Policing Policy. The impact of the local government elections in some municipalities did not cause the CSPS to detract from its facilitation role in terms of the establishment of community safety forums (CSFs). The workshops conducted to unpack the implementation requirements of the CSF Policy and provide technical assistance to Provincial Secretariats and municipalities continued throughout the year, with the Department facilitating nine of these CSF workshops during this period.

The President's assertion that "crime and violence continue to undermine people's sense of safety and security" is indicative of the amount of work that still needs to be done to bring us closer to achieving the NDP vision of ensuring that all people are and feel safe. It is also indicative of the need to change our approach in the fight against crime, focusing more on integration and working together to coordinate efforts and resources to reducing the levels depicted by the persistently harrowing crime statistics. The timeous approval of the Integrated Crime and Violence Prevention Strategy (ICVPS) by Cabinet in March 2022, implies that the CSPS now has the necessary leverage to mobilise key stakeholders towards this goal. It also provides an opportunity to employ the 'whole of society' approach in efforts to enhance responsiveness to the environment and improve the levels of trust in the police. The period under review saw the Department undertake its advocacy role in this regard, working with provinces to find ways to ensure that the implementation of the ICVPS becomes a sectoral priority, and also participating in District Development Model (DDM) engagements to ensure that the DDM can also be an implementing mechanism for the ICVPS at local level.

During the period under review, the CSPS also commenced with the development of a National Policing Policy on my behalf, in line with the imperatives outlined in Section 206 of the Constitution. By articulating the doctrine, posture and philosophy of a democratic police service, the National Policing Policy will empower SAPS to position and adapt policing approaches such that crime is reduced, and policing is professionalised, transformed and functions at an optimal capacity in order to address current policing challenges in the country.

In terms of the agility of its institutional persona in the face of crises, the CSPS took up the challenge to enhance its oversight footprint on the ground through increased police station visits with a particular focus on the administration of the national monitoring tool in those stations falling within the Top 30 high contact crime category both nationally and provincially. The oversight reports produced through this exercise assessed SAPS' performance at station level and also sought to gauge compliance to various policy and strategic aspects including national instructions, standing orders and regulations. The recommendations emanating from these reports were used to assist SAPS to improve both performance in key areas and resource management, and to advise me accordingly.

The CSPS also finalised key legislation and regulations which, once enacted and implemented, will assist in facilitating a conducive environment for national stability and economic recovery. These include the finalisation of the SAPS Act

Amendment Bill; Protection of Constitutional Democracy against Terrorist and Related Activities Bill; and Regulations for the Critical Infrastructure Protection Act, 2019. The Criminal Law (Forensic Procedures) Amendment Bill – also referred to as the "DNA Bill" - was introduced in Parliament in December 2021 and was being considered by the Portfolio Committee on Police at the time of reporting. The amendments provided for in the DNA Bill are all aimed at addressing the need to use technology to combat serious violent crimes and crimes against women and children in an effort to end the scourge of gender-based violence (GBV).

For the remainder of the medium-term period, I have directed the CSPS to focus on consolidating gains and ensuring that the change envisaged in its revised five-year strategy translates into tangible impact which will be felt primarily by the communities we serve. This will include, amongst others, strengthening community participation to facilitate the improvement of community-police relations; ramping up consultations to finalise key policies such as the National Policing Policy; fast-tracking priority legislation; increasing oversight initiatives to improve responsiveness to community issues; and utilising research to benchmark with best practices on policing approaches, including research that will also contribute to the effectiveness of the criminal justice system as a whole.

Lastly, I would like to acknowledge the hard work and dedication of the Acting Secretary for Police Service and his team in their efforts to ensure continuity, amidst and unperturbed by the protracted state of crisis in the country. The commitment of the CSPS to contribute to the advancement of a transformed, professional and accountable South African Police Service through the provision of effective civilian oversight remains commendable.

GENERAL BH CELE, MP

MINISTER OF POLICE

Date:

### 4. REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER



MR TL RAMARU ACTING SECRETARY FOR POLICE SERVICE

### OVERVIEW OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT:

This Annual Report provides an account of the financial and service delivery performance of the Department as outlined in the Annual Performance Plan (APP) for the 2021/22 financial year. The report also provides progress on the Department's efforts towards maintaining the highest standards of governance in the management of public finances and resources. Despite operating in a challenging era of the COVID-19 pandemic and an environment marked by increasing levels of crime and violence, further perpetuated by the July 2021 unrest which intensely affected the Gauteng and KwaZulu-Natal provinces, we remained committed to achieving our mandate and envisaged impact and outcomes. During this past financial year, the CSPS continued to intensify efforts to execute its mandate to (1) provide oversight of SAPS, (2) develop policy towards an enabling environment for effective policing and crime prevention, (3) support SAPS in various ways in order to increase its capacity for law enforcement and crime prevention, (4) build partnerships in order to increase policing and crime prevention efforts, (5) provide evidence-based research, and (6) enable communication and dialogue on policing and crime prevention.

It is essential for the Department to strengthen its human capacity in order to continue achieving the aforementioned objectives. We therefore continue to implement the Integrated Human Capital Strategy which seeks to capacitate the employees, improve staff morale, advance our commitment to service delivery and enhance the use of ICT in improving operational efficiencies. In terms of the employment equity targets set by the Department of Public Service and Administration (DPSA), the Department exceeded the target on the number of females in the senior management echelon with 52% of SMS members comprising females and 48% comprising males. We also met our targets with respect to persons with disabilities, at 2.10% of the staff complement, and 32% of the current staff complement comprising young people (employees below the age of 35).

In spite of the challenges experienced on account of the impact of COVID-19 and other factors, some notable progress has been made towards the achievement of both our annual and medium-term priorities. We have seen a positive improvement in the performance of the Department with an annual performance score of 92% achieved at the end of 2021/22 financial year, which is 3% higher than the previous financial year (2020/21). This achievement can be attributed to dedication and

hard work of the CSPS team, which seized the opportunity of reduced lock down levels to cover extensive ground towards reaching our predetermined objectives. The innovative use of virtual forms of interacting with our stakeholders continued to be one of the key resources used to perform our work, considering that we were still operating within the constrained environment due to COVID-19.

The Department continues to forge partnerships with various stakeholders to support and enhance the police efforts to effectively prevent and fight crime in our communities. During this financial year we successfully coordinated capacity building sessions for the CPFs, which resulted in all newly elected CPFs within the Western Cape being capacitated to fully understand their role of strengthening relations between the police and communities. We also continued to strengthen CSFs in various municipalities and we have forged a relationship with the South African Local Government Association (SALGA) so as to ensure enhanced cooperation at local government level. A number of anti-crime campaigns were conducted throughout the year as a pro-active approach to build partnerships in the fight against GBV-related crimes in the country, and a number community outreach programmes were conducted with the aim of helping to address policing challenges within various communities.

We also finalised the ICVPS and saw it approved by Cabinet on 23 March 2022. The ICVPS, which replaces the 1996 National Crime Prevention Strategy (NCPS), advocates for a 'whole of government' and 'whole of society' approach to planning in respect of safety and it serves as the implementation mechanism for the 2016 White Paper on Safety and Security. The ICVPS acknowledges the critical role played by Provincial Departments of Community Safety in implementing safety programmes and further emphasises their part in ensuring that issues of safety are fully incorporated into the Strategic plans and APPs of other relevant provincial departments, as well as Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) of municipalities. The Department has also commenced with the process of developing the National Policing Policy (NPP) in consultation with provinces and it is envisaged that the policy will be finalised in the next financial year. We have also finalised the e-Policing Policy, which aims to facilitate the creation of a smart policing environment that leverages on technology to combat crime and enhance efficiencies.

It is our vision to place the Department as the preferred information hub for safety and security in the country. To achieve this, we continuously conduct research and put processes in place to enhance our knowledge and information management services. During this financial year, we conducted a joint research project with the Provincial Secretariats on the "Analysis of SAPS Murder Dockets" with the aim of determining factors that result in withdrawals for murder cases. As part of ensuring proper and efficient access to our information, we are in the process of taking over the Safer Spaces portal which has been hosted by our partner, the German Development Cooperation (GIZ). In this financial year the Safer Spaces Gazette was approved in March 2022.

We continue to make positive strides in terms of developing legislation to support and enhance policing in the country.

Certain sections of the Critical Infrastructure Protection Act, 2019, were put into operation through a Presidential

Proclamation signed and published in the Gazette on 10 March 2022. Additionally, the Minister approved that the draft Regulations concerning the establishment and functions of the Council be published in the Gazette for public comment. All these were done to enhance our efforts to fight crimes aimed at attacking the economic and critical infrastructure of the state. We have also advanced the finalisation of the Criminal Law (Forensic Procedures) Amendment Bill which has been introduced to Parliament for further processing.

Monitoring and evaluation of SAPS performance and implementation of various legislation continued throughout the year with specific focus on the Top 30 high contact crime police stations. Priority 6 of the 2019-2024 MTSF, which speaks to social cohesion and safer communities, places CSPS at the forefront in terms of increased police visibility; and increased levels of trust in the police. As such, the Department concluded the Customer Satisfaction Survey to assess these indicators. Recommendations emanating from this report will assist in providing strategic direction towards improving performance of the police and efficient provision of police service delivery.

### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE DEPARTMENT:

### Departmental receipts

Departmental Receipts		2021/2022			2020/2021	
	Estimate	Actual Amount Collected	(Over)/Under Collection	Estimate	Actual Amount Collected	(Over)/Under Collection
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Sale of goods and services other than capital assets	77	76	1	80	75	5
Sales of capital assets	85	85	2	- 4	7	-
Financial transactions in assets and liabilities	73	4	69	60	*	60
Total	235	165	70	140	75	65

The CSPS is not a revenue collecting or generating department as it does not deliver a direct revenue-based service to the public. Most of the revenue collected relates to internal processes and services. A total amount of R165 000 in revenue was collected in the 2021/22 financial year. This is an increase of R90 000 against the 2020/21 revenue of R75 000. The under-collection of R70 000 was mainly due to an over-estimation on the collection of previous year debt and related revenue.

### Programme Expenditure

Programme Name		2021/2022			2020/2021	
	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/ Under Expenditure	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Administration	67 755	62 837	4 918	63 632	61 937	1 695
Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships	26 196	25 599	597	22 641	22 637	4
Legislation and Policy Development	23 220	19 641	3 579	20 755	18 639	2 116
Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation	33 872	30 330	3 542	30 140	28 331	1 809
Total	151 043	138 407	12 636	137 168	131 544	5 624

The Department spent R138,407 million or 91,6% of its final appropriation of R151,043 million in the 2021/22 financial year. This is a 4.3% decrease against the 95,9% spending in the 2020/21 financial year. The underspending on all programmes can be attributed to vacant posts and the amount of R3,039 million represents 24.0% of the total underspending of R12,636 million. The Department has also underspent with R8,500 million on goods and services mainly due to the delays experienced with its relocation to new office accommodation. The funds were specifically earmarked for the move, as well as the installation of ICT network and systems. The same applies to payments for capital assets where the Department only spent 48.0% of the allocated budget of R1,921 million, leaving a balance of R998 000.

### Virements / Roll Overs

PROGRAMME	Approved by the Accounting Officer and / or National Treasury
	R'000
Administration	237
Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships	197
Legislation and Policy Development	(217)
Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation	(217)
Total	

The Accounting Officer approved virements from Programme 3: Legislation and Policy Development as well as Programme 4: Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation to Programme 2: Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships and Programme 1: Administration for Compensation of Employees. Included in the virement is the approval from National Treasury for the reduction of Compensation of Employees with R245 000 to defray overspending on Transfers to Households in relation to leave gratuity and early retirement.

A description of the reasons for unauthorised, fruitless and wasteful expenditure and the amounts involved as well
as steps taken to address and prevent a recurrence
Not applicable
Public Private Partnerships
Not applicable
Discontinued Key Activities / Activities to be Discontinued
None
New or Proposed Key Activities
None
Supply Chain Management
During the period under review, there were no unsolicited bid proposals concluded by the Department, and there were also
no major challenges experienced in Supply Chain Management (SCM). The Department has SCM processes and systems
in place to prevent irregular expenditure. In addition, regular training of SCM officials is conducted to maintain the status quo.
Gifts and Donations received in kind from Non-Related Parties
None
Exemptions and Deviations received from the National Treasury
Not applicable
Events after the Reporting Date
There were no significant events (adjusting and non-adjusting), favourable and unfavourable that occurred after the
reporting date and the date of approval of the Annual Financial Statements. However, the Department did relocate to new office accommodation, and this will have an impact on the spending of the Department.
CODES SECRETARIO DO CARDO LOS SAMO DAVE AO UNDACE ON THE SOPRODO OF THE DEPARTMENT

### Other

There was no other material fact or circumstance which may have an effect on the understanding of the financial state of affairs.

I wish to take this opportunity to express my sincere appreciation to both the Minister and Deputy Minister of Police for their leadership, guidance and support during the year under review. To the senior management and entire staff of the Department, thank you for the tireless efforts, dedication and commitment towards the success of the Department.

MR TL RAMARU

ACTING SECRETARY FOR POLICE SERVICE

Date: 15 August 2022

5. STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY AND CONFIRMATION OF ACCURACY FOR THE ANNUAL REPORT

To the best of my knowledge and belief, I confirm the following:

- All information and amounts disclosed throughout the Annual Report are consistent.
- The Annual Report is complete, accurate and is free from any omissions.
- The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the guidelines on the annual report as issued by National Treasury.
- The Annual Financial Statements (Part E) have been prepared in accordance with the modified cash standard and the relevant frameworks and guidelines issued by National Treasury.
- The Accounting Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Annual Financial Statements and for the judgements made in this information.
- The Accounting Officer is responsible for establishing and implementing a system of internal control that has been
  designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the performance information, the human
  resources information and the Annual Financial Statements.
- The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the Annual Financial Statements.

In my opinion, the Annual Report fairly reflects the operations, the performance information, the human resources information and the financial affairs of the Department for the financial year ended 31 March 2022.

Yours faithfully

MR TL RAMARU

ACTING SECRETARY FOR POLICE SERVICE

Date: 15 August 2022

### 6. STRATEGIC OVERVIEW

### 6.1. Vision

A transformed and accountable Police Service that reflects the democratic values and principles of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa.

### 6.2. Mission

To provide efficient and effective civilian oversight over the South African Police Service for safer and more secure communities through community participation, legislation and policy development.

### 6.3. Values

In carrying out its mission, the CSPS subscribes to the following values:



Figure 1: Values that guide the conduct of the Department in carrying out its mission

### LEGISLATIVE AND OTHER MANDATES

### 7.1 Legislative Mandate

The Civilian Secretariat for Police Service derives its mandate from the following legislative frameworks:

- Civilian Secretariat for Police Service Act, 2011
- Civilian Secretariat for Police Service Regulations, 2016
- South African Police Service Act, 1995 (as amended)
- Independent Police Investigative Directorate Act, 2011
- Criminal Law (Forensic Procedures) Amendment Act, 2013
- Public Service Act, 1994
- Public Service Regulations, 2016
- The Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (as amended)
- Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act, 2005
- Critical Infrastructure Protection Act, 2019

### 7.2 Policy Mandate

The Civilian Secretariat for Police Service is further guided by the following policies:

- National Development Plan (NDP) Vision 2030
- 2019 2024 Revised Medium-Term Strategic Framework
- 2016 White Paper on Safety and Security
- 2016 White Paper on Policing
- Policy on Community Safety Forums
- Policy Framework on Establishing an Integrated Model of Policing: Single Police Service
- Policy on Reducing Barriers to the Reporting on Sexual Offences and Domestic Violence
- Community Policing Policy

## MINISTER OF POLICE

General B H Cele (MP)

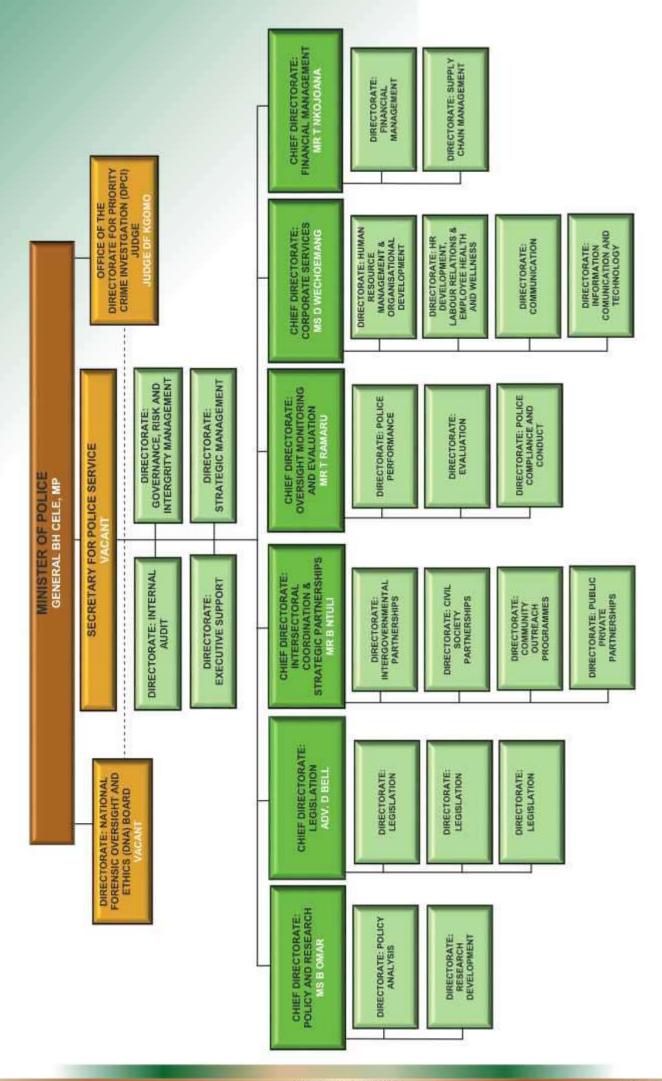


DEPUTY MINISTER OF POLICE

Hon. C C Mathale (MP)



ACTING SECRETARY FOR POLICE SERVICE
Mr T L Ramaru



### 9. ENTITIES REPORTING TO THE MINISTER

The table below indicates the entities that report to the Minister of Police:

Name of Entity	Legislative Mandate	Financial Relationship	Nature of Operations
Civilian Secretariat for Police Service	Civilian Secretariat for Police Service Act 2 of 2011	N/A	Provide an oversight role over the performance and conduct of the police
South African Police Service	South African Police Service Act 68 of 1995	The Department has a normal supplier-client financial relationship with SAPS	Creating a safe and secure environment for all the people in South Africa
Independent Police Investigative Directorate	Independent Police Investigative Directorate Act 1 of 2011	The Department has a normal supplier-client financial relationship with IPID	Investigating complaints of alleged criminality and misconduct against members of the SAPS and Metropolitan Police Services
Private Security Industry Regulatory Authority	Private Security Industry. Regulation Act 56 of 2001	N/A	Provide for the regulation of the private security industry

### PART B: PERFORMANCE INFORMATION



### 1. AUDITOR GENERAL'S REPORT: PREDETERMINED OBJECTIVES

For the period under consideration, the Auditor-General of South Africa (AGSA) provided reasonable assurance on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information against the predetermined objectives for Programme 2: Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships. The audit outcomes indicate that the AGSA did not identify any material findings for the selected Programme.

For details regarding the audit outcomes on the performance against the predetermined objectives, refer to page 98 of the AGSA Report under Part E: Financial Information.

### 2. OVERVIEW OF DEPARTMENTAL PERFORMANCE

### 2.1 Service Delivery Environment

The better part of the 2021/22 financial year saw little to no change in the service delivery environment, as the Department continued to operate under the 'new normal', characterised by the fluctuation of COVID-19 waves and associated restrictions. The infection of employees saw the Department having to close its doors a number of times during the course of the year, resulting in the loss of more than ten (10) productive working days. These periodic closures affected service delivery in some key areas such as recruitment and certain financial transactions, which can only be done in the office. The restrictions in terms of mass gatherings and travelling also continued to impact on the work of the Department. As such, the hybrid model of virtual and in-person engagements and hybrid working methods were employed to ensure that the Department continued to implement its mandate, while limiting exposure to the risk of COVID-19. At the end of the period under review, the Department achieved 24 out of its 26 predetermined objectives, translating into an annual performance score of 92%.

In terms of services delivered directly to the public by the Department, the following achievements can be noted:

### CSF Facilitation Workshops

The primary aim of CSFs is to coordinate community safety initiatives and promote the development of communities by ensuring safer environments and access to high quality services at municipalities through collaboration with other organs of State. The core mandate of CSFs is to facilitate community participation in safety, crime and violence interventions, as envisaged in the CSF Policy.

The Members of the Executive Council (MECs) responsible for policing in provinces, in consultation with the relevant mayor(s), have the responsibility to establish CSFs that are broadly representative of local community structures and government institutions. CSPS plays a facilitation role by, amongst others, conducting workshops with Provincial Secretariats and municipalities to unpack the implementation requirements of the CSF policy and provide technical assistance where relevant. During the period under review, the Department facilitated (nine) 9 CSF workshops with provinces and municipalities.

### Capacity-Building Workshops on Crime Prevention Policies

In line with its mandate the Department conducts capacity-building workshops to create awareness on existing Justice, Crime Prevention and Safety (JCPS) cluster policies, services and / or available knowledge products in order to encourage communities and local stakeholders to participate and lead policy implementation on safety and security issues; and to emphasise the need for a multidisciplinary approach when dealing with crime issues.

The Department conducted twenty-five (25) capacity-building workshops on crime prevention policies during the reporting period, exceeding the planned target of 9 workshops. This was as a result of the high demand for these workshops by provinces and municipalities during the course of the year.

### Anti-Crime Campaigns

Anti-crime campaigns are conducted in collaboration with public-private partners on the basis of agreed-upon initiatives through signed working agreements. The campaigns are focused on social crime prevention initiatives on burning issues such as responsible alcohol trade and use, GBV, school and campus safety, and the protection of vulnerable groups. The Department conducted a total of eight (8) anti-crime campaigns, exceeding the planned target due to the increased demand for additional campaigns in response to the rise in reported GBV and gang-related cases, particularly in the Western Cape province.

### Izimbizo / Public Participation Programmes

The Izimbizo / public participation programmes facilitated by the Department provide a platform for dialogue on crime prevention initiatives between communities and the Minister of Police. The high crime levels, including the scourge of GBV, necessitated the conducting of additional Izimbizo during the period under review. Of the planned target of 8 Izimbizo / public participation programmes, a total of eleven (11) took place in KZN, Limpopo, Western Cape, Mpumalanga and Free State.

In terms of challenges encountered by the Department in delivering these services, the following was noted:

- The pending MOU between the CSPS and the Department of Cooperative Governance (DCOG) was still not
  concluded in the period under review, which continued to impact on the ability to ensure that the requisite institutional
  mechanisms are in place for local government to fully implement the CSF Policy.
- Furthermore, the local government elections which were held in November 2021 impacted on the CSF workshops,
   as these had to be put on hold during the third quarter until the constitution of newly elected councils was concluded.

The aforementioned challenges did not, however, impact on the Department's final achievement of planned targets in this regard, as the outstanding CSF workshops were conducted in the last quarter of the period under review. The process to finalise the MOU with DCOG was also fast-tracked in order to enable approval and implementation thereof in the new financial year.

### 2.2 Service Delivery Improvement Plan

During the period under review, the Department participated in a series of sectoral consultations conducted by DPSA on the envisaged amendments to the SDIP directive and guidelines. At the time of reporting, the amended SDIP directive had not yet been approved for implementation by national and provincial departments. The Department has, however, developed and approved the following documents as building blocks towards the SDIP, and which also form part of the Operations Management Framework (OMF):

- Approved service delivery model;
- Service delivery charter;
- Approved list of all core mandated services provided by CSPS and approved by the Minister of Police; and
- Signed high level mapped business processes for core units.

### 2.3 Organisational Environment

The continued implementation of the Integrated Human Capital Strategy remained a key priority for the period under review, with particular impetus on the filling in of vacant posts in order to reduce the vacancy rate. At the time of reporting, the vacancy rate stood at 8.33%, as a result of internal promotions and the exit of employees to other departments. This implies that 143 of the 156 post establishment had been filled. In terms of key personnel, the position of Secretary for Police Service also became vacant during the reporting period, as a result of the end of the employment contract of the incumbent. A senior official within the Department was subsequently appointed to act in the position until such time as it is filled, and as a result, the transition did not impact on the ability of the Department to deliver on its predetermined objectives.

Focusing on the implementation of the integrated Human Capital Strategy also helped to ensure that the Department meets the required employment equity targets for the Public Service. There are currently 3 people with disabilities (PwDs) employed in the Department, translating into 2,10% of the staff complement. In terms of gender parity, the Department has 76 females and 67 males, translating into 53% and 47% of the staff complement respectively. The senior management echelon of the Department comprises 15 females and 14 males, translating into 51.72% and 48.28% of the staff complement respectively. The number of youth employed in the Department remained unchanged during the period under review, consisting of 26 females and 20 males, inclusive of 5 interns. The Department therefore remains compliant with the obligation to ensure that at least 30% of its staff complement comprises of young people (employees below the age of 35). The Department has also appointed 7 Work Integrated Learners (WIL) to further enhance youth development.

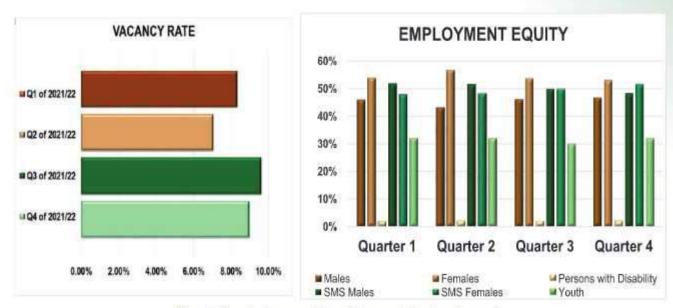


Figure 2: Graphical representation of the organisational environment

### 2.4 Key Policy Developments and Legislative Changes

During the period under review, the ICVPS, which sets out a comprehensive collaborative framework for crime and violence prevention in the country, was approved by Cabinet on 23 March 2022. The ICVPS replaces the 1996 NCPS, and serves as an implementation tool for the 2016 White Paper on Safety and Security. The ICVPS, through its six (6) key pillars, focuses on the prevention of crime and violence in communities, and proposes a 'whole of government' and 'whole of society' approach by acknowledging that safety is the responsibility of all.

The ICVPS also clarifies the roles and responsibilities of key national and provincial departments in implementing safety programmes, and places emphasis on the role of local government in planning for and implementing safety programmes. The approval of the ICVPS by Cabinet serves as a directive to all stakeholders across the three spheres of Government, including civil society organisations, to commence with the implementation thereof. All affected government institutions

across the three spheres are expected to make resources available to implement the ICVPS within their current budget allocation, through the APPs and IDPs. The DDM is to be utilised as the implementing mechanism for the ICVPS.

In terms of key legislation, the Criminal Law (Forensic Procedures) Amendment Bill was introduced in Parliament in December 2021 and was being considered by the Portfolio Committee on Police at the time of reporting. Public hearings on the Bill led by the Portfolio Committee took place in March 2022 and the Bill was subsequently adopted by the Committee on 4 May 2022. The second reading of the Bill in the National Assembly took place on 31 May 2022.

### 3. ACHIEVEMENT OF INSTITUTIONAL IMPACTS AND OUTCOMES

During the period under review the 2019 – 2024 MTSF was revised and as a result, the interventions in the MTSF under the purview of the CSPS were streamlined, leaving only the perception of increase in police visibility in the Top 30 police stations, and the percentage of victims satisfied with their interaction with the police as key indicators for the Department. At the time of reporting, the Department had achieved both of its MTSF targets ahead of the end of the five-year cycle, which also addressed some of the outcomes in its 2020 – 2025 Strategic Plan.

In addition to the progress made with respect to the ICVPS, the Department conducted a perception survey to assess perceptions and experiences of the public on the quality of service rendered by SAPS, with a specific focus on police visibility. The Survey was designed with the aim of addressing both the indicators on perception of increase in police visibility in the Top 30 police stations; and the percentage of victims satisfied with their interaction with the police. The focus was on the five most prevalent crimes reported by citizens (the manner in which these crimes were reported and investigated), as outlined in the 2019/20 National Crime Statistics; i.e. burglary at residential areas; burglary at non-residential areas; theft of motor vehicles; assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm; and robbery with aggravating circumstances. With regard to the level of trust in the police by communities, the Survey revealed that 54.85% of respondents do not have trust in the police, while 42.74% of the respondents expressed their confidence in the police. The Survey also revealed that in terms of general perceptions on the contributing factors leading to crime, unemployment, poverty and substance abuse were perceived to be the most prevalent factors. Only a few respondents cited moral decay as a contributing factor to crime.

SAPS' ability to identify the needs of citizens and adequately address these needs has a significant impact on the perception of the quality of services rendered by the police. These perceptions may also be a determinant of trust in the police. The outcomes of the Survey pointed to the need for public education on the functioning of the criminal justice system (CJS) as a whole, as some of the perceptions by citizens are based on a general lack of understanding of the CJS value-chain. The outcomes of the Survey also highlighted the need for more concerted efforts to involve communities in crime fighting initiatives through awareness campaigns and participation in community safety structures.

Progress in terms of the Department's other institutional outcomes is outlined as follows:

- Functionality of CPFs: The Department continues to work closely with Provincial Secretariats in the assessment of
  the effectiveness and functionality of CPFs. This is done through the assessment of the implementation of CPF
  regulations and standards, the outcomes of which are verified by provinces. As at December 2021, there were 1153
  CPF structures established in 1155 police stations across the country. An assessment concluded at the time of
  reporting indicated that a total number of 772 CPFs were found to be functional.
- Reduced number of civil claims against the police: The Department undertook an analysis of the policy framework of SAPS civil litigation process (SAPS National Instruction 25 of 2019) during the period under review. The analysis also reflected on the management of civil claims lodged against the Minister of Police, the root causes and contributing factors to civil claims, and the interventions for managing civil claims in the SAPS. The root causes of civil claims demonstrate that at the core of the claims against the SAPS is poor conduct of members, lack of discipline and poor consequence management. Findings from the analysis revealed that the National Instruction does commit to reducing and effectively managing civil claims and acknowledges that the increase in civil claims against the Minister is not due to the lack of a regulatory framework, but rather due to the unlawful behaviour of members. The findings also point to the fact that the operational policy and interventions brought by the SAPS to manage civil claims are not effective and should be reviewed, and that said review should focus on the proactive aspects of managing civil claims in order to effectively address the serious operational challenges and poor management.
- Reduced number of complaints recorded against the police: During the period under review, the Department
  produced two reports on complaints management which contained recommendations for the National Commissioner
  aimed at strengthening the processes of dealing with service delivery complaints against SAPS members.
- Reduced number of SAPS misconduct cases recommended for disciplinary action by IPID: As required by Section 31(2) of the CSPS Act, the Department continuously monitors the implementation of recommendations made by IPID to SAPS and provides the Minister of Police with regular reports on steps taken by SAPS to ensure compliance. The monitoring reports also make recommendations to address challenges that SAPS may encounter in the implementation of IPID recommendations. During the reporting period, the Department continued with oversight visits to provincial offices to interact with key stakeholders and to follow up on implementation challenges. The quarterly consultative forums were also used to engage on the implementation of IPID recommendations by SAPS.

# INSTITUTIONAL PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

## 1 PROGRAMME 1: ADMINISTRATION

Programme Purpose: Provide strategic leadership, management and support services to the Department

### Sub-Programmes;

Department Management

Corporate Services

Financial Administration

### Institutional Outcomes:

Programme 1 contributes to the following institutional outcome:

Transformed and accountable police service

Table 4.1.1

Sub-Programm	sub-Programme 1.1: Department Management	agement							
Outcome	Output		Output Indicator	Audited Actual Performance 2019/2020	Audited Actual Performance 2020/2021	Planned Annual Target 2021/2022	"Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Reasons for deviations
Transformed and accountable police service	Reports/minutes of meetings/attendance register	9	Number of joint consultative (PID / Secretariat forum meetings held per year in compliance with the Civilian Secretariat for Police Service Act, 2011	4	4	·	ব	e	N/A

## Strategy to overcome areas of under performance.

The Sub-Programme achieved its planned target for the reporting period.

### Changes to planned targets

There were no changes to the planned target for the reporting period.

Table 4.1.2

Sub-Programm	Sub-Programme 1.2: Corporate Services	98							
Outcome	Output		Output Indicator	Audited Actual Performance 2019/2020	Audited Actual Performance 2020/2021	Plantied Annual Target 2021/2022	Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Reasons for deviations
Transformed and accountable police service	Monthly reports	121	Vacancy rate of not more than 7% of the total post establishment	7.79%	5.41%	Not more than 7%	8.33%	(1,33%)	The variation of 1,33% was as a result of the departure and internal promotion of some employees, which although positive, had an adverse effect on the vacancy rate.
	Quarterly progress reports	122	Percentage implementation of the Human Capital Strategy	N/A	<b>%66</b>	100%	100%	0	NA
	Quarterly progress reports	123	Percentage implementation of the Information and Cormunication Technology (ICT) Strategy	N/A	%86	100%	7001	0	NA

## Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

The Sub-Programme achieved two of its three planned targets for the period under review. The Department will continuously implement the integrated human capital strategy to reduce the vacancy rate.

### Changes to planned targets

There were no changes to the planned targets for the reporting period.

**Table 4.1.3** 

Output Indicator  Percentage of payments made to creditors within 30 days  Percentage of expenditure in retation to budget allocated
E 2
Creditors age analysis 1.3.1 report Expenditure report 1.3.2

## Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

The Department will continuously monitor expenditure in order to avoid underspending.

### Changes to planned targets

There were no changes to the planned targets for the reporting period.

LINKING PERFORMANCE WITH BUDGETS

	Jag at		÷	789	SS	81	810	1 695
	(Over)/Under Expenditure	R'000						
2020/21	Actual Expenditure	R'0010	296.6	26.328	17.425	4717	3 500	61 937
	Final Appropriation	R'1000	8966	27.117	17.520	4717	4 310	63 632
	(Over/lUnder Expenditure	R'10th	104	170	129	4 022		4918
	Actual Expenditure	Russ	10.583	27 824	17 262	3 525	3 623	62 837
2021/22	Final Appropriation	R.000	10.687	27.994	(17.903	7547	3624	67.755
	Sub-Programme Name		Department Management	Corporate Services	Finance Administration	Office Accommodation	Internal Audit	TOTAL

# 2. PROGRAMME 2: INTER-SECTORAL COORDINATION AND STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

Programme Purpose: To manage and encourage national dialogue on community safety and crime prevention

Sub-Programmes:

Intergovernmental, Civil Society and Public-Private Partnerships

Community Outreach

Institutional Outcomes:

Programme 2 contributes to the following institutional outcomes:

0

Improved collaboration, coordination and integration on safety, crime and violence prevention within the three spheres of government

Improved community participation in the fight against crime

Improved community police relations

**Table 4.2.1** 

rogramme	2.1; Intergovernment	tal, CIVII S	Sub-Programme 2.1: Intergovernmental, Civil Society and Public-Private Partnerships	renips					
Outcome	ndno		Output Indicator	Audited Actual Performance 2019/2020	Audited Actual Performance 2020/2021	Planned Annual Target 2021/2022	"Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Reasons for deviations
Improved collaboration, coordination and integration on safety, crime and violence prevention with the three spheres of government.	Signed Memoranda of Understanding	233	Number of memorandum of understanding (MoU) signed with stakeholders per year to build safer communities.	2	2	23	2	<b>G</b>	NA

	Output Indicator	Audited Actual Performance	Audited Actual Performance	Planned Annual Target	"Actual Achievement	Deviation from planned target to Actual	Reasons for deviations
2.1.2 Number of wo provincial municipalities of Community per year	Number of workshops facilitated with provincial secretarists and municipalities on the establishment of Community Safety Forums (CSFs) per year	14	10	2021/202	8	Achievement 2023/2022	MA
Number of building works prevention poli	Number of provincial capacity- building workshaps held on onme prevention policies per year	F	1	on.	22	92	There was a high demand for capacity building workshops in the Western Cape Province.
Number of Anth-C conducted per year	Number of Anti-Crime Campaigns conducted per year	90	m	**	66	w	The increase in reported GBV and gang-related cases, and the demand for additional campaigns, resulted in the over-achievement of the indicator.
21.5 Number o Implement Porum (CF approved I per year	Number of assessment reports on implementing Community Policing Forum (CPF) regulations/ standards approved by the Secretary for Police per year.	24	<b>24</b>	м	No.		The need to conduct additional CPF assessments resulted in the over-achievement of the indicator.

## Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

The Sub-Programme achieved all of its planned targets for the reporting period.

## Changes to planned targets

There were no changes to the planned targets for the reporting period.

Table 4.2.2

ub-Programme	Sub-Programme 2.2: Community Outreach	each							
Outcome	Output		Output Indicator	Audited Actual Performance 2019/2020	Audited Actual Performance 2020/2021	Planned Annual Target 2021/2022	**Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Reasons for deviations
Improved community participation in the fight against crime	lzimbizo / public participatkon program reports	2.2.1	Number of Izimbizolpublic participation programs held with communities to promote community safety per year	15	eg	65	<del>1</del>	e	There was a need to conduct additional tzimbizo for the period under review.

# Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

The Sub-Programme achieved all of its planned largets for the reporting period.

## Changes to planned largets

There were no changes to the planned targets for the reporting period.

LINKING PERFORMANCE WITH BUDGETS

	(Over)/Under Expenditure	R'000	च		4
2020/21	Actual	R'Olio	18 153	4 484	22 637
	Final Appropriation	Rong	18 157	4484	22.641
	(Over)Under Expenditure	R'000	985	29	282
	Actual Expenditure	Ruon	20.497	5 102	25 599
2021/22	Final	Rugo	21 033	5 163	26 196
	Sub-Programme Name		Intergovernmental, Civil Society and Public-Private Partnerships	Community Outreach	TOTAL

# 4.3 PROGRAMME 3; LEGISLATION AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT

Programme Purpose: Develop policy and legislation for the police sector and conduct research on policing and crime

Sub-Programmes;

Policy Development and Research

o Legislation

Institutional Outcomes.

Programme 3 contributes to the following institutional outcomes:

Transformed and accountable police service

O.

Improved community participation in the fight against crime

Improved collaboration, coordination and integration on safety, crime and violence prevention within the three spheres of government 0

Table 4.3.1

Sub-Programme 3.1: Policy Development and Research	ent and	Research						
Output		Output Indicator	Audited Actual Performance 2019/2020	Audited Actual Performance 2020/2021	Pianned Annual Target 2021/2022	"Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Reasons for deviations
Approved policies on policing and safety	E.	Number of draft National Policing Polices submitted to the Secretary for Police. Service for approval per year	a	·	<b>▼</b> 3	-	•	NA
Approved research reports 3.1.2 on policing	31.2	Number of research reports on policing and safety approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	m	<del>, .</del>	64	N	۰	NA

Sub-Programme	Sub-Programme 3.1: Policy Development and Research	nt and Re	search						
Outcome	Output		Output Indicator	Audited Actual Performance 2019/2020	Audited Actual Performance 2020/2021	Planned Annual Target 2021/2022	**Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Reasons for deviations
Improved community participation in the right against crime	Safer space Gazette	3.13	Number of newsletters published on Safer Spaces per year	-	-				N.A.

# Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

The Sub-Programme achieved all of its planned targets for the reporting period.

## Changes to planned targets

There were no changes to the planned targets for the reporting period.

**Table 4.3.2** 

ramm	Sub-Programme 3.2: Legislation								
	Output		Output Indicator	Audited Actual Performance 2019/2020	Audited Actual Performance 2020/2021	Planned Annual Target 2021/2022	"Actievement 2021/2022	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Reasons for deviations
Transformed and accountable police service	Relevant legislation that strengthens the South African Service	3.2.1	Number of Bills submitted to the Minister for Cabinet approval per year	च	ю	2	so.	•	The 3 Bills were fast-tracked for Cabinet approval given that they were prioritised on the legislative programme for 2021/22.

# Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

The Sub-Programme achieved all of its planned targets for the reporting period.

### Changes to pianned targets

There were no changes to the planned targets for the reporting period.

LINKING PERFORMANCE WITH BUDGETS

	(Over)Ninder Expenditure	Ribin	1 530	985	2116
2020/21	Actual	R'000	12 316	6.324	18 639
	Final Appropriation	R'000	13.845	6910	20 755
	(Over)Under Expenditure	R'000	2 670	60%	3 579
	Actual	R'oud	13 065	925 9	19641
2021/22	Final Appropriation	R'000	15 735	7.485	23 220
	Sub-Programme Name		Policy Development and Research.	Legislation	TOTAL

# 4.4 PROGRAMME 4: CIVILIAN OVERSIGHT, MONITORING AND EVALUATION

Programme Purpose: Oversee, monitor and report on the performance of the South African Police Service.

Sub-Programmes:

Police Performance, Conduct and Compliance Monitoring

Policy and Programme Evaluations

Institutional Outcomes:

Programme 4 contributes to the following institutional outcome:

Transformed and accountable police service

Table 4.4.1

	Reasons for deviations	The consolidation of provincial reports on the National Monitoring Tool resulted in the over-achievement. Proper planning to be done in future to ensure that provincial reports are received on time for consolidation.	NIA
	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement 2021/2022	₹3	0
	"Actiual Achievement 2021/2022	ব	E
	Planned Annual Target 2021/2022	e9	7
	Audited Actual Performance 2020/2021	•	F
	Audited Actual Performance 2019/2020	es.	
Sub-Programme 4.1: Police Performance, Conduct and Compliance Monitoring	Output Indicator	4.1.1 Number of Police Oversight Reports approved by the Secretary per year	4.1.2 Number of SAPS Budget and Programme Performance Assessment Reports approved by the Secretary per year
4.1: Police Performance,	Output	Approved Oversight Reports	Approved SAPS budget and programme performance assessment reports
Sub-Programme	Оитсоте	Transformed and accountable police service	

Output		Output Indicator	Audited Actual Performance 2019/2020	Audited Actual Performance 2020/2021	Planned Annual Target 2021/2022	**Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement 2021/2022	Reasons for deviations
Approved Assessments Reports on Complaints Management	£.13	Number of assessments reports on Complaints Management approved by the Secretary per year	cu.	N.	લ	6	0	NA
Approved reports on the impementation of IPID recommendations	414	Number of reports on SAPS Implementation of IPID. Recommendations approved by the Secretary per year.	7	RI .	6	es.	6	NIA
Approved monitoring reports on the compliance and implementation of the Domestic Violence Act (98) by SAPS	2. 2.	Number of monitoring reports on compilence and implementation of the Domestic Violence Act (98) by SAPS approved by the Secretary per year	eve	re:	2	R	•	NIA
Approved reports on the imprementation and compliance to legislation and policies	4,1,6 6,1,6	Number of reports on the implementation of and compliance to legislation and policies approved by the Secretary per year.	F	ie.	2	~	5	NIA
Approved assessment reports on police conduct and integrity management.	417	Number of assessment reports on police conduct and integrity approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	•	÷	-	-	•	NIA
Assessment reports issued on the functioning of the National Forensic DNA Database	4.1.8	Number of reports on the functioning of the National Forensic DNA Database assessed per year	NA	<b>w</b> :	4	•		NIA

# Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

The Sub-Programme achieved all of its planned targets for the reporting period.

## Changes to planned targets

There were no changes to the planned targets for the reporting period.

Table 4.4.2

	NIA	Number of assessment reports on NIA SAPS programmes approved by the	N/A	Number of assessment reports on N/A SAPS programmes approved by the
+		Secretary of the Police Services per year	Secretary of the Potice Services per year	programmes Secretary of the Police Services per year
	4	Number of evaluation reports on legislation and policies approved by the Secretary for Police Services per year	4.2.2 Number of evaluation reports on legislation and policies approved by the Secretary for Police Services per year	Number of evaluation reports on legislation and policies approved by the Secretary for Police Services per year

# Strategy to overcome areas of under performance

The Sub-Programme achieved all of its planned targets for the reporting period.

## Changes to planned largets

There were no changes to the planned targets for the reporting period.

LINKING PERFORMANCE WITH BUDGETS

2020/21	Actual (Over)Under Expenditure	R'000	14 810 815	4719	536	6.368	2 434 548
	Final Appropriation	R'000	15 625	4721	238	9259	2.982
	(Over)/Under Expenditure	R'000	225	2.618	16	(863)	1 355
	Actual Expenditure	R'000	15 737	4 334		. 7.891	2.368
2021/22	Final	R'000	16.269	6.952	1000 12 <b>0</b> ,	6 928	3 723
	Sub-Programme Name		Police Performance, Conduct and Compliance	Policy and Programme Evaluations	Information Management	Office of the Directorate for Priority Crime Investigations Judge	National Forensic Oversight and Ethics Board

in

Table 5.1: Progress on Institutional Response to the COVID-19 Pandemic

Immediate outcomes.	Reduced number of COVID-19 infections among employees			nys
Contribution to the Outputs in the APP (where applicable)	NA	NA	N/A	
Budget spent per intervention	R36 685.00	R78.000.00	R62 303 28	R176 988.28
Total budget allocation per intervention (R'008)	The Department created a specific objective and items for all the expenditure on COVID-	9.		
Disaggregation of beneficiaries (Where possible)	81 Females 67 Males	81 Females 67 Males	81 Females 67 Males	
No. of beneficiaries (Where Possible)	148	148	148	
Geographic location (Provincel District/local municipality)	9	sorivor9 pratue	)	
Intervention	Procurement of hand samilizers, surface disinfectants and surface cleaning cloths for employees:	Procured cloth masks for all employees:	Furnigation of offices to ensure that the operating environment is disinfected after each confirmed Covid-19 case.	TOTAL AMOUNT SPENT
Sudget Programme		Programmes	IA.	

As per its legislative mandate, which requires the CSPS to exercise transversal civilian oversight over SAPS, the Department played a crucial oversight monitoring role with respect to assessing levels of compliance of police stations in adhering to COVID19 regulations and associated health protocols during the first two quarters of the year under review. Apart from this contribution to the fight against COVID19, CSPS does not play a direct role in externally focused COVID19 interventions. The focus of the Department has been largely on measures taken to minimise the risk of infection amongst its employees, and as such, the beneficiaries outlined in the table refer to CSPS employees.

### 6. TRANSFER PAYMENTS

### Transfer payments to public entities

This table relates to Public Entities who received funding from the Department.

Name of Public Entity	Key Outputs of the Public	Amount transferred to the	Amount spent by the Public	Achievements of the Public
	Entity	Public Entity	Entity	Entity
South African safety and Security Education and Training Authority (SASSETA)	Reduce the scarce and critical skills gap in the Security Sector through the provisioning of quality learning programmes.	R107 462	R107 462	Increased skills of the Safety and Security Sector workforce by providing occupationally directed learning programmes that contribute to the transformation and professionalisation of the sector.

### Transfer payments to all organisations other than public entities

The table below reflects the transfer payments made for the period 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022.

Name of transferee	Type of organisation	Purpose for which the funds were used	Did the Dept. comply with s 38 (1) (j) of the PFMA	Amount transferred (R'000)	Amount spent by the Entity	Reasons for the funds unspent by the Entity
Tshwane Municipality	Municipality	Vehicle license registration fees	N/A	14	14	
A Rapea	Employee	H/H Employee Service Benefits: Leave Gratuity	N/A	148	148	
TM Mohlatlole	Employee	H/H Employee Service Benefits: Leave Gratuity	N/A	61	61	
NF Funani	Employee	H/H Employee Service Benefits: Leave Gratuity	N/A	19	18	
ZM Mubiana	Employee	H/H Employee Service Benefits: Leave Gratuity	N/A	12	12	
PE Madzivhandila	Employee	H/H Employee Service Benefits: Leave Gratuity	N/A	19	18	
M Rogers	Employee	H/H Employee Service Benefits: Leave Gratuity	N/A	28	28	

The table below reflects the transfer payments which were budgeted for in the period 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022, but no transfer payments were made.

Name of transferee	Purpose for which	Amount budgeted	Amount	Reasons why funds were not
	the funds were to be	for	transferred	transferred
	used	(R'000)	(R'000)	
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### CONDITIONAL GRANTS

The Department did not receive or pay any conditional grants for the reporting period.

### 8. DONOR FUNDS

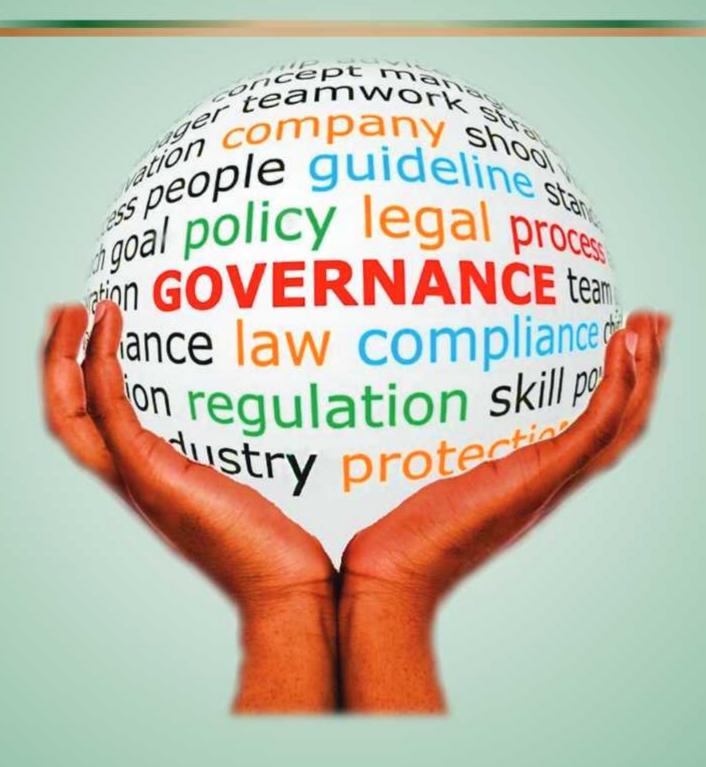
Name of donor	N/A	
Full amount of the funding	N/A	
Period of the commitment	N/A	
Purpose of the funding	N/A	
Expected outputs	N/A	
Actual outputs achieved	N/A	
Amount received in current period (R'000)	N/A	
Amount spent by the department (R'000)	N/A	
Reasons for the funds unspent	N/A	
Monitoring mechanism by the donor	N/A	

The Department did not receive any donor funds during the reporting period.

### 9. CAPITAL INVESTMENT

The Department does not have a Capital Investment and Asset Management Plan. The process of procuring office accommodation is currently underway.

### PART C: GOVERNANCE



### 1. INTRODUCTION

In line with Section 195 of the Constitution, which outlines the values and principles governing public administration, the Department remains committed to maintaining the highest standard of governance, which is fundamental to the effective management of public finances and resources. Based on the premise that good governance strengthens accountability by improving management and oversight, the Department has put good governance structures in place and strives to ensure the functionality thereof in terms of guiding the efficient and economic utilisation of state resources, which are funded by the tax-payer.

### RISK MANAGEMENT

### 2.1 Risk Management Policy and Strategy

The Department has an approved Risk Management Policy, which seeks to provide a comprehensive approach to the implementation of risk management; make provision for a risk management tool that supports decision making processes; and support the institutional outcomes of the CSPS by enhancing risk management systems, in order to optimise opportunities and protect the Department against adverse outcomes. The Policy is reviewed annually to reflect the current status of the risk management environment. The implementation of the Policy is guided by the approved departmental Risk Management Strategy, which includes the Risk Management Implementation Plan. The Plan indicates the activities to be executed within the set target dates by the Risk Management Unit. During the reporting period, the Department also developed the Risk Management Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) manual is support of the Risk Management Policy and Strategy. The purpose of the SOP is to assist the Department in the effective identification and maintenance of strategic and operational risks.

### 2.2 Risk Assessment

The Risk Management Unit regularly conducts annual strategic risk assessments to identify strategic risks which might have a negative impact on the achievement of departmental outcomes. In mitigating those risks, Management develops and evaluates action plans to reduce the negative effects of the risks on the achievement of departmental outcomes. In addition, the Unit conducts operational risk assessments at the Directorate level, to ensure that operational risks are continuously monitored, evaluated and managed.

During the period under review, a COVID-19 risk assessment was done and the following risks were highlighted in the risk assessment report:

Risk	Mitigating Factor
Number of employees with disclosed vulnerabilities	The Department requested employees with vulnerabilities / co-morbidities to disclose and obtain approval from the Accounting Officer for remote working, subsequent to the submission of a valid medical report.
Overcrowded offices / limited office space	The Department introduced a rotational work schedule to allow for only a specific number of employees in the office at a time, as per the Risk Adjusted Operational Workplan, and DPSA directives.

### 2.3 Risk Management Committee

The Department has an Executive Risk Management and Ethics Committee (ERMEC) in place, which monitors the implementation of the action plans developed to mitigate strategic and operational risks by ensuring that they are reduced to an acceptable level. During the period under review, the ERMEC continued to monitor the departmental COVID-19 risk adjusted strategy in alignment with the directives issued by the DPSA. The focus for this period was on the following:

- Vaccination of employees employees were encouraged to vaccinate in order to minimise the risk of severe illness related to COVID-19 infection.
- Implementation of rotational working arrangements rotational working was introduced to allow employees to work remotely on certain days of the week to limit exposure.
- Implementation of a movement register the register was introduced to make provision for contact tracing in line with COVID-19 protocols. The register was completed by employees and visitors upon entry into the building.

### 2.4 Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee (ARC) continued to provide oversight and advise Management on risk management, thereby ensuring that the Department maintains an effective, efficient and transparent system of risk management.

### 2.5 Progress in the Management of Risks

The continuous monitoring of progress made in the management of operational and strategic risks remains a key priority, as per the approved risk management implementation plan. During the period under review, the risk management progress report indicated a slight improvement in the implementation of risk action plans by management. Programme 2 which was selected for the 2021/22 performance audit had number of high risks, and these were adequately regulated and monitored.

Furthermore, the impact of the improvement on performance was evidenced by the ability of the Department to maintain its clean audit status.

### FRAUD AND CORRUPTION

### 3.1 CSPS Fraud Prevention Plan and the progress made in the implementation thereof

The Department has an approved Fraud Prevention Plan which seeks to promote ethics, fight fraud and corruption, theft, maladministration and other acts of misconduct in the Department. In order to support and implement the Plan effectively, a Fraud Policy has been developed and approved. In addition, the CSPS has ensured that at every level within the organisation there is clear accountability for the implementation of the Fraud Prevention Plan by making provision for the relevant management structures and outlining roles and responsibilities in terms of the response strategies to fraud and corruption. The Department also has a Gift and Hospitality Policy, and a Policy on Remunerative Work outside the Public Service in place.

### 3.2 Mechanisms in place to report fraud and corruption and how these operate

The Department has established a mechanism to empower whistle-blowers to report any suspected fraud and corruption.

All fraud and corruption cases are investigated and referred to the relevant institutions and authorities depending on the outcome of the preliminary investigations. Fraud risk assessments are conducted on an annual basis to identify fraud-related risks. All the risks identified are monitored through the ERMEC to ensure the implementation of action plans. The ERMEC also exercises oversight over the implementation of the Integrity Strategy and Implementation Plan and the Risk Register.

### 3.3 Reporting of cases and action taken

The departmental Whistle Blowing Policy outlines all internal and external fraud and corruption reporting mechanisms, and assures employees protection regarding confidential disclosures, in terms of the Protected Disclosure Act 26 of 2000. The CSPS supports the National Anti-Corruption Hotline by encouraging all its employees to report any suspected activities of fraud and corruption through this platform.

### 4. MINIMISING CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The Department continues to implement specific measures to minimise conflict of interest in supply chain management (SCM). All SCM practitioners, Senior Management Service (SMS), and Middle Management Service (MMS) members are required to disclose their personal assets and business interests on an annual basis. Members of all SCM Committees are required to sign a declaration of interest during committee meetings, and SCM practitioners are also requested to sign a

Code of Conduct for SCM Practitioners. Furthermore, all CSPS employees are required to obtain permission from the Accounting Officer to perform remunerative work outside the Public Service. In the event that a conflict of interest is identified, disciplinary action is taken in accordance with the relevant prescripts. The Department continues to achieve 100% compliance on the financial and asset disclosures.

### CODE OF CONDUCT

The Department continues to subscribe to the Code of Conduct for the Public Service, and in addition, also has an approved Disciplinary Code and Procedure - the main purpose of which is to set and maintain standards for acceptable behaviour by all CSPS employees. The Disciplinary Code and Procedure outlines as the parameters for professional conduct the ethos of the values of the Department and the Batho Pele Principles, and also outlines the consequences and disciplinary actions in the event of a breach thereof.

Workshops on the Code of Conduct and the departmental Disciplinary Code and Procedure are held regularly to promote common understanding among all employees in terms of what is expected of them in this regard. In the reporting period, newly appointed officials were also workshopped and trained on the Code of Conduct during orientation sessions. The Department also continued with ethics and integrity awareness campaigns using various methods such as posters, digital methods, awareness sessions, etc.

### 6. HEALTH SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

During the period under review, the Department continued to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) Act, understanding that issues of OHS are pertinent to the health and wellbeing of employees. The Department also has an OHS Committee in place, which continues to oversee and manage the implementation of occupational health and safety within the CSPS.

At the time of reporting, preparations for the relocation of the Department to new office accommodation were at an advanced stage. The Safety Health Environment Risk and Quality (SHERQ) and the Safety and Security policies that were approved in line with the Employee Health and Wellness Strategy were implemented both in the old building and the new building, a process which also assisted in ensuring that the Department obtains a Fire Management Certificate and Certificate of Occupation from the City of Tshwane to enable occupancy of the new building.

Given that COVID-19 continued to impact the health and safety environment in the period under review, the Department continued implementing its COVID-19 Risk Adjusted Workplace Operational Plan in order to manage the effects of the different levels and waves of infection on departmental service delivery and resources. The Department also continued applying safety measures to minimise the risk of infection, including the cleaning and sanitising of the building, as well as

screening procedures for staff and visitors. All employees were provided with personal protective equipment (PPE), such as cloth masks, hand sanitisers, as well as surface disinfectants for offices. As and when infections were reported by employees in the period under review, the Department temporarily closed its doors in order to ensure that the building was adequately disinfected and deep-cleaned, in line with COVID-19 protocols. The Department also implemented a hybrid system in terms of balancing remote and office work. The requisite tools of trade were made available to employees to ensure that services continued to be delivered during disruptions.

### PORTFOLIO COMMITTEES

Date of the Meeting	Parliamentary Committee	Purpose of the Meeting	Matters raised by the Committee	Response by the Department
7 May 2021	Portfolio Committee on Police	Briefing on the Departmental 2021/22 Annual Performance Plans, Strategic Plans and Budget	The Committee raised concerns in terms of how the lack of trust in the police would be measured by the Department, as part of its strategic focus. The Committee also required a further explanation on the policy proposal in the 2016 White Paper on Policing which calls for the repositioning of the Secretariat into the Department of Police, given that the Secretariat was created to have independent view and an independent role to the police.	The CSPS published the State of Policing Report in 2018, which identified the areas of trust in the Police as a key dimension in the framework for democratic policing. The study outlined key recommendations in relation to improving trust in the police. Furthermore, the Department has been tasked (through the MTSF to conduct a survey to determine levels of satisfaction with the police which will also be used as a barometer to measure trustlevels.  The proposal to reposition the CSPS emanated from the 1996 National Crime Prevention Strategy in the 1998 White Paper on Safety and Security. The intention at the time was for the Civilian Secretariat become the Department of Police and undertake severa corporate functions (such as managing the budget

Date of the Meeting	Parliamentary Committee	Purpose of the Meeting	Matters raised by the Committee	Response by the Department
				and the Minister's international obligations) of the Service in order to allow SAPS to focus primarily on policing.
21 May 2021	Select Committee on Security and Justice	Briefing on the Civilian Secretariat for Police Service Annual Performance Plan and Budget Allocation for 2021/22	The Committee enquired about the development of CSPS' ICT framework and its implementation as well as the challenges faced in this regard. The Committee wanted to understand how the ICT and Human Capital strategies would improve operational efficiencies.	The ICT infrastructure of the Department had historically been inadequate. The development and approval of the ICT strategy and framework was to ensure that this was addressed and that the requisite infrastructure and equipment were available and would support the various programmes of the CSPS and the Department across the board.
25 August 2021	Portfolio Committee on Police	Briefing on Quarterly Reports for Quarters 2 - 4 of the 2020/21 Financial Year	The Committee enquired about the status of the ICVPS and implementation thereof.	<ul> <li>The ICVPS was approved by the Minister of Police, however, it would still need to be approved by Cabinet after being processed through the JCPS Cluster structures.</li> </ul>
17 November 2021	Portfolio Committee on Police	Briefing on the Departmental 2020/21 Annual Report	The Committee commended CSPS for consistent good performance and for achieving a clean audit, but was, however still concerned about the continuous underspending of the budget.	CSPS noted the Committee's concern and indicated that the underspending was due to vacant posts which had not yet been filled, and the delays in relocating to new office accommodation.
24 November 2021	Portfolio Committee on Police	Briefing on Progress of Key Legislation	The Committee proposed that the Firearms Control Amendment Bill be put on hold to allow SAPS to consult sufficiently. The Committee also proposed that the three legislations namely; SAPS Act, IPID	No response was required.

Date of the Meeting	Parliamentary Committee	Purpose of the Meeting	Matters raised by the Committee	Response by the Department
			Amendment Bill and Criminal Law (Forensic Procedures) Amendment Bill should be prioritised.	
1 December 2021	Portfolio Committee on Police	Budget Review and Recommendation Report	There were no comments raised by the Committee.	No response was required.
8 December 2021	Portfolio Committee on Police	Panel of Experts Report on Policing & Crowd Management; Crime Statistics	The Committee required clarity on the responsibility and mandate for monitoring the implementation of the recommendations from the Panel of Experts Report.	The CSPS has been tasked with the responsibility to monitor the implementation of the SAPS implementation plan on the Panel of Experts Report recommendations.
16 February 2022	Portfolio Committee on Police	Introduction of the Criminal Law (Forensic Procedures Amendment) Bill [B25- 2021] by the CSPS, State Law Advisor, and Parliamentary Legal Advisor	There were no comments raised by the Committee.	No response was required.
16 March 2022	Select Committee on Security and Justice	Briefing on the implementation of the Domestic Violence Act	The Committee enquired about the working relationship between the SAPS, CSPS and the Department of Justice and Constitutional Development (DOJ&CD). The Committee also noted discrepancies between information provided by SAPS and the CSPS, and requested clarity.	Regarding the relationship between the CSPS, SAPS, and the DOJ&C, it was confirmed that the CSPS and SAPS had participated fully in drafting the amendments. The CSPS support to SAPS included the compliance forum that met quarterly at a national level and more regularly at a provincial level. During these meetings, identified challenges were raised and solutions to resolve these were formulated. However, the implementation of these solutions was the responsibility of SAPS, and the CSPS could assist only

Date of the Meeting	Parliamentary Committee	Purpose of the Meeting	Matters raised by the Committee	Response by the Department
				with identification of challenges and recommendations.  In terms of the discrepancies, the information was based on what the CSPS received from the SAPS national office through the compliance forum and from complaints reported directly to the CSPS office, which was not immediately available to SAPS to record. In some cases, information was not correctly recorded by police stations, and this was subsequently picked up by the CSPS and then included in the statistics presented.
18 March 2022	Portfolio Committee on Police	Briefing to the Committee	The Committee wanted to establish the readiness of the Division: Forensic Services amid the adoption of the DNA Bill for rolling out of continuous sampling of convicted offenders.	Response was provided by the SAPS.
23 March 2022	Portfolio Committee on Police	Committee deliberations on the adoption of the Amendments of the DNA Bill	There were no comments raised by the Committee.	No response was required.

### 8. SCOPA RESOLUTIONS

The table below presents SCOPA resolutions specific to the Department, details pertaining to the resolutions and progress made by the Department with regard to each resolution.

Resolution No.	Subject	Details	Response by the	Resolved (Yes/No)
			Department	
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

During the period under review, the Department did not appear before the Standing Committee on Public Accounts (SCOPA).

### PRIOR MODIFICATIONS TO AUDIT REPORTS

The table below outlines mechanisms put in place by the Accounting Officer to resolve the matters reported by the AGSA in the previous financial year.

Nature of qualification, disclaimer, adverse opinion and	Financial year in which it	Progress made in clearing / resolving the matter
matters of non-compliance	first arose	
N/A	N/A	N/A

During the period under review, the Department received an unqualified audit with no findings (clean audit).

### INTERNAL CONTROL UNIT

The Department has not established an Internal Control Unit, however, line management is responsible for the identification, design, management and monitoring of the internal control environment. The Internal Audit Activity evaluates the internal control environment for adequacy, appropriateness, efficiency and effectiveness.

### 11. INTERNAL AUDIT AND AUDIT COMMITTEES

The Department has an Internal Audit Unit which functions under the control and direction of the ARC as stipulated in the Audit and Risk Committee Charter. The Internal Audit Unit is independent as it reports functionally to the ARC and administratively to the Accounting Officer. The Internal Audit Mandate is stipulated in the Internal Audit Charter, and the work of the Unit is managed in accordance with the Institute of Internal Auditor's International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing, as regulated in the PFMA and Treasury Regulations.

### 11.1 Key Activities and Objectives of the Internal Audit Activity

The Internal Audit Activity is responsible for the provision of an independent and objective assurance and consulting services designed to add value and improve the Department's operations through evaluation of risk management, internal control and governance processes. The Internal Audit Unit is also responsible for expressing an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control within the Department's processes.

### 11.2 A Summary of the Audit Work done

During the reporting period, the Internal Audit Activity completed twenty-one (21) planned risk-based projects. The Internal Audit Activity reviews encompassed the following areas:

- Human Resource Management (HRM) processes;
- Finance Management processes;
- Asset Management processes;
- Fleet Management processes;
- SCM processes;
- Legislation processes;
- Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships (ICSP) processes;
- Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation (COM&E) processes;
- Review of the Corporate Governance Index;
- Review of Quarterly Performance Information;
- Follow up on Internal and External Audit findings;
- Provision of Direct Assistance to the AGSA; and
- Ad-hoc request from the Minister of Police.

### 11.3 Key Activities and Objectives of the Audit Committee

The objective of the Audit and Risk Committee is to serve as an independent governance structure to provide an oversight role on the system of internal control, risk management and governance. The ARC operates in accordance with its approved Charter. In addition, the Committee assists the Accounting Officer in executing his responsibilities to ensure that the Department's objectives are achieved.

The ARC's activities include, but are not limited to the following:

Review the effectiveness of the internal control systems and the Internal Audit function;

- Review the activities of the Internal Audit function, including its annual work programme, coordination with external auditors, reports of significant investigations and the responses of management to specific recommendations;
- Review the risks areas to be covered in the scope of internal and external audits;
- Review the adequacy, reliability and accuracy of the financial information provided by management;
- Review any accounting and auditing concerns identified as result of internal and external audits;
- Review of the Risk Management processes and provide inputs on the draft risk management policy, strategy and plan;
   and
- Review of ICT processes.

### 11.4 Attendance of Audit Committee Meetings by Audit Committee Members

The table below discloses relevant information on the Audit Committee members:

Name	Qualifications	Internal Or External	If Internal, Position in the Department	Date Appointed	Date Resigned	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Matsobane Matiwa Chairperson	CA (SA); Mcom (Taxation); MBA; CTA; B. Compt Honours.	External Member	N/A	1 September 2019	N/A	5
Ms. Jane Masite	B. Com; Chartered Internal Auditor; Qualification in Internal Audit Leadership; Certified Internal Auditor; Certified Fraud Examination. Certified Internal Control Professional	External Member	N/A	1 July 2018  Reappointed 1 July 2020	Contract ended 30 June 2020	3
Ms. Jo-Ann Savari	Certified Internal Auditor; Fellow of ACCA; Prince 2 Practitioner; BSC Honours; Applied Accounting; Higher Diploma in Education; Masters of Arts, Bachelor of Arts; Bachelor of Arts Honours	External Member	N/A	1 September 2019	N/A	5
Mr. Thamsanqa Zikode	CA (SA); MBA; B.Compt Honours; CTA; B.Compt degree; National Diploma in Accounting; Certification in Management Advanced Programme.	External Member	N/A	1 March 2021	31 March 2022	2

### 12. AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

We are pleased to present our report for the financial year ended 31 March 2022.

### Audit Committee Responsibility

The Audit Committee reports that it has complied with its responsibilities arising from Section 38 (1) (a) (ii) of the Public Finance Management Act and Treasury Regulation 3.1.13. The Audit Committee also reports that it has adopted appropriate formal terms of reference as its Audit Committee Charter, has regulated its affairs in compliance with this Charter and has discharged all its responsibilities as contained therein. The Audit Committee Charter is updated annually and complies with the principles of good governance as per King IV and the requirements of the PFMA. The Audit Committee performs an oversight function covering the following:

- Financial Management;
- Performance Information Management;
- ICT Governance;
- Risk Management;
- External Audit;
- Internal Audit; and
- Compliance with applicable laws, regulations and ethics.

### The Effectiveness of Internal Control

The responsibilities of the Internal Audit are set out in the Internal Audit Charter. A risk-based, three-year and one-year plan was considered and approved by the Audit and Risk Committee, as required by Treasury Regulations 27.2.6.

Management is responsible for the system of internal controls. These are designed to provide Management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance as to the reliability of the financial statements, to adequately safeguard, verify and maintain accountability of assets, and prevent and detect misstatement and losses.

The Department also has risk management processes in place in the Department, and high risks are monitored on a regular basis. Our review of the findings of the Internal Audit work, which was based on the risk assessments conducted, revealed certain weaknesses, which were then raised with Management for corrective action to be undertaken where necessary.

### Internal Audit Function

The following internal audit work was completed during the year under review:

- Human Resource Management processes;
- Supply Chain Management processes;
- Finance Management processes;
- Fleet Management processes;
- Asset Management processes;
- Verification of the Quarterly Performance Information Management;
- Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation processes;
- Review of the Corporate Governance Index;
- Review of Quarterly Performance Management Information;
- Follow up on Internal and External Audit Findings;
- Legislation processes;
- Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships;
- Ad-hoc request from the Minister of Police; and
- Direct Assistance for the Minister of Police.

Upon review of the internal audit work, the following were areas of concern that management needed to take note of and address:

- Possible misstatement and misclassification of the reported financial information;
- Inappropriate reporting of the prior period amounts;
- Reconciliation of the Annual Financial Statement and Asset Register not effectively conducted;
- Irregular expenditure assessments are not effectively concluded within the prescribed timeframe;
- Leave monthly reconciliation not effectively conducted;
- Departmental policies not adequate and regularly review; and
- Ineffective planning and monitoring of the allocated funds.

These issues did not have an influence on the audit report and were not raised as matters of emphasis.

### Risk Management

According to Section 38 (1)(a)(1) of the PFMA, the Accounting Officer has to ensure that the Department "has and maintains effective, efficient and transparent system of financial and risk management and internal controls". In an effort to comply with this provision, the Department has established systems of risk management required to execute it operations. The Committee has further reviewed the risk management policy, strategy and the plan to ensure appropriateness thereof to support implementation of risk management in the Department.

### Performance Management

The Committee has fulfilled its responsibilities in relation to performance management, outlined as follows:

- Review quarterly performance reports and recommend actions for the Department to ensure that potential areas of under-performance are attended to; and
- Review and recommend actions in respect of the findings raised by the internal audit activity on performance information.

### In-Year Management and Monthly/Quarterly Report

The Department has reported monthly and quarterly to the Treasury as is required by the PFMA.

### **Evaluation of Financial Statements**

We have reviewed both the Interim Financial Statements (IFS) and the Annual Financial Statements (AFS) prepared by the Department.

### Auditor General's Report

We have reviewed the Department's implementation plan for audit issues raised in the previous year and we are satisfied that the matters have been adequately resolved, with the exception of the issue of irregular expenditure and approval of unauthorized expenditure disclosed in the AFS emanating from prior years.

The Audit Committee concurs and accepts the conclusions of the Auditor-General on the AFS and is of the opinion that the audited financial statements be accepted and read together with the report of the Auditor-General.

### Appreciation

The Audit and Risk Committee expresses its appreciation to the Executive Authority, Accounting Officer, Executive Management, Internal Audit, the AGSA, and all other key role players for the effective and productive meetings for the period under review.

Mr Matsobane Matiwa

Chairperson of the Audit Committee Civilian Secretariat for Police Service 30 July 2022

### 13. B-BBEE COMPLIANCE PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

The following table has been completed in accordance with the compliance to the BBBEE requirements of the BBBEE Act of 2013 and as determined by the Department of Trade and Industry.

following:				
Criteria	Response Yes / No	Discussion  (include a discussion on your response and indicate what measures  have been taken to comply)		
Determining qualification criteria for the issuing of licences, concessions or other authorisations in respect of economic activity in terms of any law?	No	Not applicable to the Department		
Developing and implementing a preferential procurement policy?	No	The preferential point scoring system is incorporated in the approved Procurement Policy		
Determining qualification criteria for the sale of state-owned enterprises?	No	Not applicable to the Department		
Developing criteria for entering into partnerships with the private sector?	No	Not applicable to the Department		
Determining criteria for the awarding of incentives, grants and investment schemes in support of Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment?	No	Not applicable to the Department		

### PART D: HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT



### 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 The Status of Human Resources in the Department

The Department currently has an approved establishment of 156 funded posts, with a vacancy rate of 8.33%. This translates into a total of 143 posts filled during the period under review. The Department's main focus is to ensure that it is fully capacitated with competent personnel in order to realise its Constitutional mandate, and to ensure compliance with the standards set by the DPSA in terms of equity targets.

The Department continues to implement its integrated Human Capital Strategy, the aim of which is to align the execution of the Human Resources (HR) function with the goals and objectives of the organisation. The Strategy also seeks to ensure the capacitation of employees, improve staff morale, and enhance the use of ICT towards increased productivity and service delivery.

### 1.2 Human Resource Priorities for the Year Under Review and the Impact of These

The Department's HR priorities for the period under review included the following:

- The filling of vacant funded posts, geared at the recruitment and retention of highly skilled and competent personnel;
- Maintaining a low vacancy rate;
- Sustaining the achievement of employment equity targets; and
- Implementing the approved operational strategies in support of the Integrated Human Capital Strategy.

The impact of the above was demonstrated by the increased levels in staff morale and the high levels of institutional performance attained at the end of the year under review.

### 1.3 Workforce Planning and Key Strategies to Attract and Recruit A Skilled and Capable Workforce

The Department continues to utilise the approved HR Plan for 2020 – 2023 to determine the existing capacity, identify gaps, and make strategic reference to the forecasting of the skills and competencies that the Department will require in order to continue to execute its mandate effectively. Furthermore, the approved Recruitment, Selection and Retention Strategy, as well as the Recruitment and Retention policy continue to provide guidance in terms of ensuring the capacitation of the Department with the necessary critical and scarce skills to support the achievement of its goals and objectives.

### 1.4 Employee Performance Management

The Department currently has a comprehensive performance management system in place, which includes the signing of performance agreements at the beginning of each financial year and the assessment of performance at the end of the performance cycle. The moderation of performance agreements also assists in ensuring that they are linked to organisational goals and objectives, a practice which is also in line with the integrated Human Capital Strategy. The Department succeeded in finalising performance assessments for the 2020/21 financial year for all levels, with the exception of the Chief Directors. The only aspect outstanding is the finalisation of the moderation for Chief Directors, which was impacted by the exit of the Secretary for Police Service from the Department, given his role as a key stakeholder in the finalisation of the moderation.

### 1.5 Employee Wellness Programmes

The Department's employee wellness programmes are informed by the four pillars of the approved Employee Health and Wellness Strategy. There is also a dedicated employee who is responsible for handling all health and wellness-related in the Department. Through the continued roll-out of the Employee Assistance or Health Promotion Programme, employees who were experiencing challenges in the workplace during the period under review were provided with reasonable accommodation in the form of assistive devices; psychosocial assessment and referrals to external stakeholders; follow-up services; and after care services which are rendered by the social worker.

The Department also put measures in place to protect employees from communicable diseases, including but not limited to COVID-19 and Human Immune Deficiency Virus (HIV). Those employees who were positive or those perceived to be positive were protected from discrimination and were supported in all respects. Efforts were also made to ensure that confidentiality and disclosures were handled with the utmost circumspection.

### 1.6 Achievements and Challenges Faced by the Department, as well as Future Human Resource Plans/Goals

The continued implementation of the Integrated Human Capital Strategy has assisted in streamlining areas that were previously neglected such as employment equity, talent management and the retention of employees. Through the implementation of the Employment Equity Implementation Strategy, Disability Management Policy and the MOU with South African Disability Alliance, the Department has seen an improvement in employment equity targets.

With the implementation of the Recruitment, Selection and Retention Strategy and its supporting policies, the Department has seen a drastic improvement in the morale of employees, retention of staff, less disgruntlement, which was seen from the results of the job satisfaction survey. During the period under review, approximately 70% of the posts that were advertised and competed for nationally were taken up by internal employees. The high degree of compliance with the

prescripts including the performance management development system (PMDS) will accelerate and strengthen the implementation of the other operational strategies such as the Talent Management Strategy, the Change Management Strategy, Operational Management Framework, Facilities Management Strategy the Environmental Sustainability Strategy which were approved.

The Department developed the organisational development policy in order to contribute to the enhancement of organisational performance, and business process mapping policy as a framework to design, improve, implement and monitor departmental the work processes of the core business units in particular. Workshops were conducted with all internal staff on both policies. A departmental business process forum was also established, tasked with the role of enhancing the efficiency of business processes in the workplace.

In terms of the alignment of the organisational structure and post establishment with the strategy of the Department, a process was undertaken to align the organisational structure for the Directorate: Human Resource Management and Directorate: Human Resource Development, Labour Relations and Employee Health and Wellness in line with the DPSA's generic functional structure for Programme 1: Administration, by departments. This is an on-going priority for the Department which will continue over the remainder of the medium-term.

### 2. HUMAN RESOURCES OVERSIGHT STATISTICS

### 2.1 Personnel Related Expenditure

The following tables summarises the final audited personnel related expenditure by programme and by salary bands. In particular, it provides an indication of the following:

- amount spent on personnel
- amount spent on salaries, overtime, homeowner's allowances and medical aid.

Table 2.1.1 - Personnel expenditure by programme for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Programme	Total expenditure (R'000)	Parsonnel expenditure (R'000)	Training expenditure (R'000)	Professional and special services expenditure (R'000)	Personnel expenditure as a % of total expenditure	Average personnel cost per employee (R'000)
Administration	62 842.00	45 032.00	474	563	71.66%	577.00
Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships	25 585.00	18 018.00	•	**	70.38%	1126.00

Programme	Total expenditure (R'000)	Personnel expenditure (R'000)	Training expenditure (R'000)	Professional and special services expenditure (R'000)	Personnel expenditure as a % of total expenditure	Average personnel cost per employee (R'000)
Legislation and Policy Development	19 641.00	16 423.00	•		83.62%	912.00
Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation	30 327.00	23 024.00		159	75.91%	622
Total	138 395.00	102 497.00	474	722	74.05%	683.00

Table 2.1.2 - Personnel costs by salary band for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Salary band	Personnel expenditure (R'000)	% of total personnel cost	No. of employees	Average personnel cost per employee (R'000)	
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	906	0.88%	6	151	
Skilled (levels 3-5)	6200	6.05%	20	310	
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	17822	17.39%	37	481	
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	41749	40.73%	55	759	
Senior and Top management (levels 13-16)	35820	34.94%	30	1194	
Total	102497	100.00%	148	695 260.74	

Table 2.1.3 - Salaries, Overtime, Home Owners Allowance and Medical Aid by programme for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Programme	Salaries		Overtime		Home Owners Allowance		Medical Aid	
	Amount (R'000)	Salaries as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	Overtime as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	HOA as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	Medical aid as a % of personnel costs
Administration	30623	68.00%	214.00	0.47%	828.00	1.97%	1874	4.46%
Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships	12 0780	67.03%	63.00	0.36%	282.00	1.57%	650.00	3.61%
Legislation and Policy Development	11 343	69.07%	25.00	0.15%	133.00	0.81%	339.00	2.06%
Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation	15 873	68.94%	111.00	0.48%	350.00	1.52%	778.00	3.38%
Total	87 718.00	83.50%	413.00	0.40%	1 592.00	1.50%	3 615.00	3.40%

Table 2.1.4 - Salaries, Overtime, Home Owners Allowance and Medical Aid by salary band for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Salary band	Salaries		Overtime		Home Owners Allowance		Medical Aid	
	Amount (R'000)	Salaries as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	Overtime as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	HOA as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	Medical aid as a % of personnel costs
Skilled (levels 1-2)	775	85.54%	5	0.55%	89	9.82%	101	11.15%
Skilled (levels 3-5)	5 306	85.58%	74	1.19%	347	5.60%	593	9.56%
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	15 252	85.58%	158	0.89%	523	2.93%	1 041	5.84%
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9- 12)	35 730	85.58%	176	0.42%	477	1.14%	1 608	3.85%
Senior management (levels 13-16)	30 655	85.58%	£7	0.00%	156	0.44%	272	0.76%
Total	87 718	85.58%	413	0.40%	1 592	1.55%	3 615	3.53%

### 2.2 Employment and Vacancies

The tables in this section summarise the position with regard to employment and vacancies. The following tables summarise the number of posts on the establishment, the number of employees, the vacancy rate, and whether there are any staff that are additional to the establishment.

This information is presented in terms of three key variables:

- programme
- salary band
- critical occupations (see definition in notes below).

Departments have identified critical occupations that need to be monitored. In terms of current regulations, it is possible to create a post on the establishment that can be occupied by more than one employee. Therefore, the vacancy rate reflects the percentage of posts that are not filled.

Table 2.2.1 - Employment and vacancies by programme as on 31 March 2022

Programme	Number of posts on approved establishment	Number of posts filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of employees additional to the establishment
Administration	78	73	6.41%	4
Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships	18	16	11.11%	0
Legislation and Policy Development	20	17	15.00%	4
Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation	40	37	7.50%	0
Total	156	143	8.33%	5

Table 2.2.2 - Employment and vacancies by salary band as on 31 March 2022

Salary band	Number of posts on approved establishment	Number of posts filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of employees additional to the establishment
Lower skilled (1-2)	6	6	0%	0
Skilled (3-5)	21	20 4.76%		0
Highly skilled production (6-8)	36	33	8.33%	4
Highly skilled supervision (9-12)	62	55	11.29%	0
Senior management (13-16)	31	29	6.45%	1
Total	156	143	8.33%	5

Table 2.2.3 - Employment and vacancies by critical occupations as on 31 March 2022

Critical occupation	Number of posts on approved establishment	Number of posts filled	Vacancy Rate	Number of employees additional to the establishme	
Director-General	1	0	100%	0	
Chief Director	6	6	0%	0	
Director	24	23	4.17%	1	
Total	31	29	6.45%	1	

### 2.3 Filling of SMS Posts

The tables in this section provide information on employment and vacancies as it relates to members of the Senior Management Service by salary level. It also provides information on advertising and filling of SMS posts, reasons for not complying with prescribed timeframes and disciplinary steps taken.

Table 2.3.1 - SMS post information as on 31 March 2022

SMS Level	Total number of funded SMS posts	Total number of SMS posts filled	% of SMS posts filled	Total number of SMS posts vacant	% of SMS posts vacant
Director-General/ Head of Department	1	0	0%	1	0%
Salary Level 16	XI.	0	0%	1	0%
Salary Level 15	0	0	0%	0	0%
Salary Level 14	6	6	100%	0	0%
Salary Level 13	24	23	95.83%	1	4.17%
Total	31	29	93,55%	31	6.45%

Table 2.3.2 - SMS post information as on 30 September 2021

SMS Level	Total number of funded SMS posts	Total number of SMS posts filled	% of SMS posts filled	Total number of SMS posts vacant	% of SMS posts vacant
Director-General/ Head of Department	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Salary Level 16	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Salary Level 15	1	1	100%	0	0%
Salary Level 14	6	6	100%	0	0%
Salary Level 13	24	24	100%	0	0%
Total	31	31	100%	0	0%

Table 2.3.3 - Advertising and filling of SMS posts for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

SMS Level	Advertising	Filling of Posts			
	Number of vacancies per level advertised in 6 months of becoming vacant	Number of vacancies per level filled in 6 months of becoming vacant	Number of vacancies per level not filled in 6 months but filled in 12 months		
Director-General/Head of Department	<b>1</b>	0	0		
Salary Level 16	1	0	0		
Salary Level 15	0	0	0		
Salary Level 14	0	0	0		
Salary Level 13	1	0	0		
Total	2	0	0		

### Table 2.3.4 - Reasons for not having complied with the filling of funded vacant SMS - Advertised within 6 months and filled within 12 months after becoming vacant for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

### Reasons for vacancies not advertised within six months

The two SMS posts namely; Director General and Director: DNA Board Secretariat only became vacant in December 2021 and January 2022 respectively.

### Reasons for vacancies not filled within twelve months

The two SMS posts namely; Director General and Director: DNA Board Secretariationly became vacant in December 2021 and January 2022 respectively.

### Notes

 In terms of the Public Service Regulations Chapter 1, Part VII C.1A.3, departments must indicate good cause or reason for not having complied with the filling of SMS posts within the prescribed timeframes.

### Table 2.3.5 - Disciplinary steps taken for not complying with the prescribed timeframes for filling SMS posts within 12 months for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

months for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Reasons for vacancies not advertised within six months

N/A

### Reasons for vacancies not filled within six months

N/A

### Notes

In terms of the Public Service Regulations Chapter 1, Part VII C.1A.2, departments must indicate good cause or reason
for not having complied with the filling of SMS posts within the prescribed timeframes. In the event of non-compliance
with this regulation, the relevant executive authority or head of department must take appropriate disciplinary steps in
terms of section 16A (1) or (2) of the Public Service Act.

### 2.4 Job Evaluation

Within a nationally determined framework, executing authorities may evaluate or re-evaluate any job in his or her organisation. In terms of the Regulations all vacancies on salary levels 9 and higher must be evaluated before they are filled. The following table summarises the number of jobs that were evaluated during the year under review. The table also provides statistics on the number of posts that were upgraded or downgraded.

Table 2.4.1 - Job Evaluation by Salary band for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Salary band	Number of	Number of	% of posts	Posts I	Upgraded	Posts de	owngraded
	posts on approved establishment	Jobs Evaluated	evaluated by salary bands	Number	% of posts evaluated	Number	% of posts evaluated
Lower Skilled (Levels1-2)	6	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	21	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	36	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	62	1	1.61%	1	100%	0	0%
Senior Management Service Band A	24	1	4.17%	0	0%	0	0%
Senior Management Service Band B	6	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Senior Management Service Band C	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Senior Management Service Band D	1	1	100%	1	100%	0	0%
Total	156	3	1.92%	2	1.28%	0	0%

The following table provides a summary of the number of employees whose positions were upgraded due to their post being upgraded. The number of employees might differ from the number of posts upgraded since not all employees are automatically absorbed into the new posts and some of the posts upgraded could also be vacant.

Table 2.4.2 - Profile of employees whose positions were upgraded due to their posts being upgraded for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Gender	African	Asian	Coloured	White	Total
Female	0	0	0	0	0
Male	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0

22 70 1700 CC 90300	(25)	(20)	100	1920	- 5
Employees with a disability	0	0	0	0	0

The following table summarises the number of cases where remuneration bands exceeded the grade determined by job evaluation. Reasons for the deviation are provided in each case.

Table 2.4.3 - Employees with salary levels higher than those determined by job evaluation by occupation for the period 1
April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Occupation	Number of employees	Job evaluation level	Remuneration level	Reason for deviation
N/A	0	0	0	N/A
N/A	0	0	0	N/A
N/A	0	0	0	N/A
N/A	0	0	0	N/A
otal number of emplo	yees whose salaries exceeded	I the level determined by jo	b evaluation	0
ercentage of total em	0			

The following table summarises the beneficiaries of the above in terms of race, gender, and disability.

Table 2.4.4 - Profile of employees who have salary levels higher than those determined by job evaluation for the period 1
April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Gender	African	Asian	Coloured	White	Total
Female	0.	0	0	0	0
Male	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0

					343
Employees with a disability	0	0	0	0	0

### Notes

 If there were no cases where the salary levels were higher than those determined by job evaluation, keep the heading and replace the table with the following:

Total number of Employees whose salaries exceeded the grades determine by job evaluation	None	
--	------	--

### 2.5 Employment Changes

This section provides information on changes in employment over the financial year. Turnover rates provide an indication of trends in the employment profile of the department. The following tables provide a summary of turnover rates by salary band and critical occupations (see definition in notes below).

Table 2.5.1 - Annual turnover rates by salary band for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Salary band	Number of employees at beginning of period-1 April 2021	Appointments and transfers into the department	Terminations and transfers out of the department	Turnover
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	6	0	0	0%
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	20	3	1	5.00%
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	33	4	2	6.06%
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	56	5	8	14.29%
Senior Management Service Bands A (L13)	24	15	1	4.17%
Senior Management Service Bands B (L14)	6	0	0	0%
Senior Management Service Bands C (L15)	1	0	1	100%
Senior Management Service Bands D (L16)	0	0	0	0%
Total	145	13	13	8.90%

Table 2.5.2 - Annual turnover rates by critical occupation for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Critical occupation	Number of employees at beginning of period-April 2021	Appointments and transfers into the department	Terminations and transfers out of the department	Turnover
Senior Management Service Bands A (L13)	24	0	1	4.17%
Senior Management Service Bands B (L14)	6	0	0	0%
Senior Management Service Bands C (L15)	1	0	<u>(1</u>	100%
Senior Management Service Bands D (L16)	0	0	0	0%
TOTAL	31	0	2	6.45%

The table below identifies the major reasons why staff left the Department.

Table 2.5.3 - Reasons why staff left the department for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Termination Type	Number	% of Total Resignations		
Death	0	0%		
Resignation	5	29.41%		
Expiry of contract	5	29.41%		
Dismissal – operational changes	0	0%		
Dismissal – misconduct	0	0%		
Dismissal – inefficiency	0	0%		
Discharged due to ill-health	0			
Retirement	0	0%		
Transfer to other Public Service Departments	7	41.18%		
Other	0	0%		
Total	17	100%		
Total number of employees who left as a % of total emp	loyment	11.89%		

Table 2.5.4 - Promotions by critical occupation for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Occupation	Employees 1 April 2021	Promotions to another salary level	Salary level promotions as a % of employees by occupation	Progressions to another notch within a salary level	Notch progression as a % of employees by occupation
Senior Management Service Bands A (L13)	24	0	0%	20	83.33%
Senior Management Service Bands B (L14)	ior Management 6 0 vice Bands B (L14) ior Management 1 0		0%	6	100%
Senior Management Service Bands C (L15)			0%	0	0%
Senior Management Service Bands D (L16)	0	0	0%	0	0%
Total	31	0	0%	26	83.87%

Table 2.5.5 - Promotions by salary band for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Salary Band	Employees 1 April 2021	Promotions to another salary level	Salary bands promotions as a % of employees by salary level	Progressions to another notch within a salary level	Notch progression as a % of employees by salary bands	
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	6	0	0%	6	100%	
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	led (Levels: 3-5) 20 0  If y skilled production 33 4  vels 6-8)  If y skilled supervision 56 5		0%	19	100%	
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)			12.12%	31	93.94%	
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)			8.93%	9	16.07%	
Senior Management (Levels 13-16)	enior Management (Levels 31 1		3.23%	26	83.87%	
Total	146	10	6.90%	91	62.76%	

### 2.6 Employment Equity

Table 2.6.1 - Total number of employees (including employees with disabilities) in each of the following occupational categories as on 31 March 2022

Occupational category		Mai	0			Fema	le		Total	
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White		
Legislators, senior officials and managers (SL 13 to 16)	13	0	0	1	12	1	1	81	29	
Professionals (SL 9-12)	23	0	0	1	30	1	0	0	55	
Technicians and associate professionals (SL 6-8)	15	0	0	0	17	0	0	1	33	
Clerks (SL 3-5)	13	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	20	
Service and sales workers (SL 1-2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	
Skilled agriculture and fishery workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Craft and related trades workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Elementary occupations	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	6	
Total	65	0	0	2	71	2	1	2	143	

	Mal	0			Total			
African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
2				1				3
1	ANTON	African Coloured	African Coloured Indian	African Coloured Indian White	African Coloured Indian White African	African Coloured Indian White African Coloured	African Coloured Indian White African Coloured Indian	African Coloured Indian White African Coloured Indian White

Table 2.6.2 - Total number of employees (including employees with disabilities) in each of the following occupational bands as on 31 March 2022

Occupational band		Male			Female				Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Top Management (SL 15-16)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Senior Management (SL 13-14)	13	0	0	1	12	1	1	1	29
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid- management (SL 9-12)	23	0	0	1	30	1	0	0	55
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents (SL 6-8)	15	0	0	0	17	0	0	1	33
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making (SL 3-5)	13	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	20
Unskilled and defined decision making (St. 1-2)	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	6
Total	65	0	0	2	71	2	1	2	143

Table 2.6.3 - Recruitment for the period 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022

Occupational band		Male			Female				Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Top Management (SL 15-16)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Senior Management (SL 13-14)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid- management (SL 9-12)	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	5
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents (SL 6-8)	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making (SL 3-5)	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3

Occupational band		Male	Female						
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Unskilled and defined decision making (SL 1-2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	7	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	13
Employees with disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 2.6.4 - Promotions for the period 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022

Occupational band		Male					Total		
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Top Management ( SL 15-16)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Senior Management (SL13-14)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid- management (SL 9-12)	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	5
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents (SL 6-8)	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making (SL 3-5)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unskilled and defined decision making (St. 1-2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	4	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	10
Employees with disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 2.6.5 - Terminations for the period 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022

Occupational band	Male				Female				
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Top Management ( SL 15-16)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Senior Management (SL 13-14)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid- management (St. 9-12)	3	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	8
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2

Occupational band		Male				Fema	le		Tota
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents (SL 6-8)									
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making (SL 3-5)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Unskilled and defined decision making (SL 1-2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	5	1	.0	0	7	0	0	0	13
Employees with Disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 2.6.6 - Disciplinary action for the period 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022

Disciplinary action		Male			Female				
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
The official resigned before the conclusion of the disciplinary hearing	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Written warning	8	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	10
Total	8	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	11

Table 2.6.7 - Skills development for the period 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022

Occupational category		Male				Femal	0		Tota
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Legislators, senior officials and managers	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
Professionals	1	0	0	1	6	0	0	0	8
Technicians and associate professionals	8	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	22
Clerks	12	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	39
Service and sales workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled agriculture and fishery workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Craft and related trades workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elementary occupations	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2

Occupational category		Male			Female				
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Total	21	0	0	1	52	0	0	0	74
Employees with disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

### 2.7 Signing of Performance Agreements by SMS Members

All members of the SMS must conclude and sign performance agreements within specific timeframes. Information regarding the signing of performance agreements by SMS members, the reasons for not complying within the prescribed timeframes and disciplinary steps taken is presented here.

Table 2.7.1 - Signing of Performance Agreements by SMS members as on 31 May 2021

SMS Level	Total number of funded SMS posts	Total number of SMS members	Total number of signed performance agreements	Signed performance agreements as % of total number of SMS members
Director-General/ Head of Department	0	0	0	N/A
Salary Level 16	0	0	0	N/A
Salary Level 15	1	1	1	100%
Salary Level 14	6	6	6	100%
Salary Level 13	24	24	22	91.67%
Total	31	31	29	93.55%

### Notes

In the event of a National or Provincial election occurring within the first three months of a financial year all members
of the SMS must conclude and sign their performance agreements for that financial year within three months following
the month in which the elections took place. For example, if elections took place in April, the reporting date in the
heading of the table above should change to 31 July 2021.

Table 2.7.2 - Reasons for not having concluded Performance agreements for all SMS members as on 31 March 2022

### Reasons

One performance agreement was not submitted within required timeframe, while the other non-submission was on account of the expiry of the employee's contract.

### Notes

The reporting date in the heading of this table should be aligned with that of Table 2.7.1.

Table 2.7.3 - Disciplinary steps taken against SMS members for not having concluded Performance agreements as on 31 March 2022

### Reasons

Disciplinary action was taken against the official, who has since resigned prior to the conclusion of the process.

### Notes

The reporting date in the heading of this table should be aligned with that of Table 2.7.1

### 2.8 Performance Rewards

To encourage good performance, the Department has granted the following performance rewards during the year under review.

The information is presented in terms of race, gender, disability, salary bands and critical occupations (see definition in notes below).

Table 2.8.1 - Performance Rewards by race, gender and disability for the period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021

Race and Gender		Beneficiary Prof	ile		Cost
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within group	Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee
African	20	136	14.71%	R364 962.32	18.24
Male	14	65	21,54%	R239 757.32	14.00
Female	6	71	8.45%	R125 205	20.86
Asian	0	1	0%	0	0
Male	0	0	0%	0	0
Female	0	18	0%	0	0
Coloured	0	3	0%	0	0
Male	0	1	0%	0	0
Female	0	2	0%	0	0
White	1	4	25%	R12 650.37	12,65
Male	0	2	0%	0	0
Female	1	2	50%	R12 650.37	12.65
Total	21	144	15%	R377 612.69	17.98

Table 2.8.2 - Performance Rewards by salary band for personnel below Senior Management Service for the period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021

Salary band		Beneficiary Pro	file	Cos	t	Total cost as a %
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within salary bands	Total Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee	of the total personnel expenditure
Lower Skilled (Levels 1-2)	03	06	50%	R10 910,29	R3000	3%
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	05	19	26%	R23 102,51	R4000	4%
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	04	33	3%	R44 199,66	R10 049	10%
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	09	52	5%	R224 430	R9000	9%
Total	21	110	19%	R302 642.46	R14 411	14%

Table 2.8.3 - Performance Rewards by critical occupation for the period 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022

Critical occupation		Beneficiary Profile	Cost		
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within occupation	Total Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee
Senior Management level 13	2	22	9%	R74 970	R37 485
Senior Management level 14	0	6	0%	0	0
Senior Management level 15	0	1	0%	0	0
Total	2	29	7%	R74 970	R37 485

Table 2.8.4 - Performance related rewards (cash bonus), by salary band for Senior Management Service for the period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021

Salary band	- 1	Beneficiary Profile		Co	st	Total cost as a %
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within salary bands	Total Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee	of the total personnel expenditure
Band A	2	22	9%	R74 970.5	R37 485	37.48%
Band B	0	0	0%	0	0	0%
Band C	0	0	0%	0	0	0%
Band D	0	0	0%	0	0	0%
Total	2	22	9%	R74 970.5	R37 485	37.48%

### 2.9 Foreign Workers

The tables below summarise the employment of foreign nationals in the department in terms of salary band and major occupation.

Table 2.9.1 - Foreign workers by salary band for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Salary band	01 Ap	ril 2021	31 Mar	ch 2022	Change	
	Number	% of total	Number	% of total	Number	% Change
Lower skilled	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Highly skilled production (Level 6-8)	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Highly skilled supervision (Level 9-12)	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Contract (Level 9-12)	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Contract (Level 13-16)	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Total	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%

Table 2.9.2 - Foreign workers by major occupation for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Major occupation	01 Ap	rii 2021	31 Mar	ch 2022	Change	
	Number	% of total	Number	% of total	Number	% Change
Salary Level 16	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Salary Level 15	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Salary Level 14	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Salary Level 13	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Total	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%

### 2.10 Leave utilisation

The Public Service Commission identified the need for careful monitoring of sick leave within the public service. The following tables provide an indication of the use of sick leave and disability leave. In both cases, the estimated cost of the leave is also provided.

Table 2.10.1 - Sick leave for the period 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021

Salary band	Total days	% Days with Medical certification	Number of Employees using sick leave	% of total employees using sick leave	Average days per employee	Cost (R'000)
Lower Skills (levels 1-2)	14.00	71.40%	4.00	4.30%	3,50	8.00
Skilled (levels 3-5)	14.00	28.60%	4.00	4.30%	3.50	11.00
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	103,00	81.60%	19.00	20.20%	5.42	150.00
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9 -12)	195.00	87.20%	34.00	36.20%	5.74	553.00
Top and Senior management (levels 13-16)	54.00	81.50%	16.00	17.00%	3,38	247.00
Total	380.00		77.00		21.54	969.00

Table 2.10.2 - Disability leave (temporary and permanent) for the period 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021

Salary band	Total days	% Days with Medical certification	Number of Employees using disability leave	% of total employees using disability leave	Average days per employee	Estimated Cost (R'000)
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	0	0%	0	0%	0	0
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	0	0%	0	0%	0	0
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	103.00	100%	4.00	66.70%	26.00	169.00
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	116.00	100%	2.00	33.30%	58.00	501.00
Senior management (Levels 13-16)	0	0%	0	0%	0	0
Total	219.00	100%	6.00	100%	84.00	670.00

The table below summarises the utilisation of annual leave. The wage agreement concluded with trade unions in the PSCBC in 2000 requires management of annual leave to prevent high levels of accrued leave being paid at the time of termination of service.

Table 2.10.3 - Annual Leave for the period 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021

Salary band	Total days taken	Number of Employees using annual leave	Average per employee
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	98.00	16.00	6.00
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	20.00	5,00	4.00
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	694.00	19.00	36.00
Highly skilled supervision(Levels 9-12)	1 392.00	22.00	63.00
Senior management (Levels 13-16)	780.00	26.00	30.00
Total	2 984.00	88	139

Table 2.10.4 - Capped leave for the period 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021

Salary band	Total days of capped leave taken	Number of Employees using capped leave	Average number of days taken per employee	Average capped leave per employee as on 31 March 2022
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled supervision(Levels 9-12)	0	0	0	58
Senior management (Levels 13-16)	0	0	.0	.0
Total	0	0	0	58

The following table summarise payments made to employees as a result of leave that was not taken.

Table 2.10.5 - Leave payouts for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Reason	Total amount (R'000)	Number of employees	Average per employee (R'000)
Leave payout for 2021/22 due to non-utilisation of leave for the previous cycle	0	0	0
Capped leave payouts on termination of service for 2021/22	0	0	0
Current leave payout on termination of service for 2021/22	193.00	5	38.6
Total	193.00	5	38.6

### 2.11 HIV/AIDS & Health Promotion Programmes

Table 2.11.1 - Steps taken to reduce the risk of occupational exposure

Units/categories of employees identified to be at high risk of contracting HIV $\&$ related diseases (if any)	Key steps taken to reduce the risk
Youth in the workplace	Distribution of condoms
	<ul> <li>HIV/AIDS Screening</li> </ul>

Table 2.11.2 - Details of Health Promotion and HIV/AIDS Programmes (tick the applicable boxes and provide the required information)

Q	uestion	Yes	No	Details, if yes
1.	Has the department designated a member of the SMS to implement the provisions contained in Part VI E of Chapter 1 of the Public Service Regulations, 2001? If so, provide her/his name and position.	Yes		Mr Mahlatjie (Director HRD & ER)
2.	Does the department have a dedicated unit or has it designated specific staff members to promote the health and well-being of your employees? If so, indicate the number of employees who are involved in this task and the annual budget that is available for this purpose.	Yes		Three employees
3.	Has the department introduced an Employee Assistance or Health Promotion Programme for your employees? If so, indicate the key elements/services of this Programme.	Yes		Counselling HIV/AIDS Programmes Wellness interventions Occupational Health and safety Health and productivity
4.	Has the department established (a) committee(s) as contemplated in Part VI E.5 (e) of Chapter 1 of the Public Service Regulations, 2001? If so, please provide the names of the members of the committee and the stakeholder(s) that they represent.	Yes		Mr S Seluka (Director ICT and Auxiliary services)  Mr Makaota (Admin Officer Auxiliary Services)  Ms R Maota (Assistant Director Employee Health and Wellness)  Mr R Van Huyssteen (Labour Representative)  Ms M Shadung (Deputy Director: Risk Management)  Mr J Mohlala (Security Officer)  Mr S Tihako (Security Officer)  Ms C Buthelezi (Assistant Director Knowledge Management)
5.	Has the department reviewed its employment policies and practices to ensure that these do not unfairly discriminate against employees on the basis of their HIV status? If so, list the employment policies/practices so reviewed.			Yes, The department has policies that ensures that there is no unfair discrimination of employees that test/ report be HIV/AIDS positive in place.

Q	uestion	Yes	No	Details, if yes
6.	Has the department introduced measures to protect HIV-positive employees or those perceived to be HIV-positive from discrimination?  If so, list the key elements of these measures.		No	No employees has reported to be HIV-positive
7.	Does the department encourage its employees to undergo Voluntary Counselling and Testing? If so, list the results that you have you achieved.	Yes		During the period under review, five (5) employees have underwent HIV/AIDS testing. This constitutes two (2) male and (3) females
8.	Has the department developed measures/indicators to monitor and evaluate the impact of its health promotion programme? If so, list these measures/indicators.		No	

### 2.12 Labour Relations

Table 2.12.1 - Collective agreements for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Subject matter	Date
N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A

### Notes

If there were no agreements, keep the heading and replace the table with the following:

Total number of collective agreements	None
---------------------------------------	------

The following table summarises the outcome of disciplinary hearings conducted within the department for the year under review.

Table 2.12.2 - Misconduct and disciplinary hearings finalised for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Outcomes of disciplinary hearings	Number	% of total
Correctional counselling	0	0%
Verbal warning	10	100%
Written warning	0	0%
Final written warning	0	0%
Suspended without pay	0	0%
Fine	0	0%
Demotion	0	0%

0	0%
0	0%
0	0%
10	100%
	10

### Notes

If there were no agreements, keep the heading and replace the table with the following:

otal number of disciplinary hearings finalised	None
--	------

### Table 2.12.3 -Types of misconduct addressed at disciplinary hearings for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Type of misconduct	Number	% of total
Prejudices the administration or the efficiency of the office / Department	1	100%
Total	1	100%

### Table 2.12.4 - Grievances logged for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Grievances	Number	% of Total	
Number of grievances resolved	3	75%	
Number of grievances not resolved		25%	
Total number of grievances lodged	4	100%	

### Table 2.12.5 - Disputes logged with Councils for the period 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2022

Disputes	Number	% of Total	
Number of disputes upheld	0	0%	
Number of disputes dismissed	2	100%	
Total number of disputes lodged	2	100%	

### Table 2.12.6 - Strike actions for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

N/A
N/A
N/A

Table 2.12.7 - Precautionary suspensions for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Number of people suspended	N/A
Number of people whose suspension exceeded 30 days	N/A
Average number of days suspended	N/A
Cost of suspension (R'000)	N/A

### 2.13 Skills Development

This section highlights the efforts of the department with regard to skills development.

Table 2.13.1 - Training needs identified for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Occupational category	Gender	Number of	Training needs identified at start of the reportin		he reporting period	od
		employees as at 1 April 2021	Learnerships	Skills Programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total
Legislators, senior officials and	Female	15	0	5	0	5
managers	Male	15	0	4	0	4
Professionals	Female	31	0	3	1	4
	Male	25	0	4	2	6
Technicians and associate	Female	7	0	3	1	4
professionals	Male	5	0	3	1	4
Clerks	Female	19	0	3	3	6
	Male	18	0	3	1	4
Service and sales workers	Female	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled agriculture and fishery	Female	0	0	0	0	0
workers	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Craft and related trades	Female	0	0	0	0	0
workers	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Plant and machine operators	Female	0	0	0	0	0
and assemblers	Male	0	0	0	0	0

Occupational category Gender	Gender	ler Number of Training needs identified at start of the reporting period			od	
	employees as at 1 April 2021	Learnerships	Skills Programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total	
Elementary occupations Female	Female	5	0	2	0	2
	Male	6	0	0	0	0
Sub Total	Female	77	0	16	5	21
	Male	69	0	14	4	18
Total		146	0	30	9	39

Table 2.13.2 Training provided for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Occupational category	Gender	Number of	Train	ing provided within the rep	porting period	
		employees as at 1 April 2021	Learnerships	Skills Programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total
Legislators, senior officials	Female	15	0	2	3	5
and managers	Male	15	0	0	0	0
Professionals	Female	31	0	2	1	3
	Male	25	0	2	2	4
Technicians and associate	Female	7	0	3	1	4
professionals	Male	5	0	3	1	4
Clerks	Female	19	0	3	3	6
	Male	18	0	2	1	3
Service and sales workers	Female	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled agriculture and fishery	Female	0	0	0	0	0
workers	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Craft and related trades workers	Female	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Plant and machine operators	Female	0	0	0	0	0
and assemblers	Male	0	0	0	0	0

Occupational category Gender	Gender	Number of	Training provided within the reporting period			
	employees as at 1 April 2021	Learnerships	Skills Programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total	
Elementary occupations	Female	5	0	1	0	1
	Male	6	0	0	0	0
Sub Total	Female	77	0	11	8	19
	Male	69	0	7	4	11
Total		146	0	18	12	20

### 2.14 Injury on Duty

The following tables provide basic information on injury on duty.

Table 2.14.1 Injury on duty for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Nature of injury on duty	Number	% of total	
Required basic medical attention only	1	100%	
Temporary Total Disablement	N/A	0%	
Permanent Disablement	N/A	0%	
Fatal	N/A	0%	
Total	(1)	100%	

### 2.15 Utilisation of Consultants

The following tables relates information on the utilisation of consultants in the department. In terms of the Public Service Regulations "consultant" means a natural or juristic person or a partnership who or which provides in terms of a specific contract on an ad hoc basis any of the following professional services to a department against remuneration received from any source:

- (a) The rendering of expert advice;
- (b) The drafting of proposals for the execution of specific tasks; and
- (c) The execution of a specific task which is of a technical or intellectual nature, but excludes an employee of a department.

Table 2.15.1 - Report on consultant appointments using appropriated funds for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2021

Project title	Total number of consultants that worked on project	Duration (work days)	Contract value in Rand	
Facilitation of Strategic Plan for Strategic Management	2	14	R 151 800.00	
Mediation & Grievance Services for Human Resource Development	1	14	R 138 320.00	
Recruitment Agency Services for Human Resource Management	1	30	R 33 314.35	
Quality Assurance Review Services for Internal Audit	1	21	R 117 012.5	
B-BBEE Verification for Ethics and Governance	1	30	R 51 750.00	

Total number of pr	rojects Total in	dividual consultants	Total duration (work days)	Total contract value in Rand
5		6	105	R 492 196.85

Table 2.15.2 - Analysis of consultant appointments using appropriated funds, in terms of Historically Disadvantaged Individuals (HDIs) for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Project title	Percentage ownership by HDI groups	Percentage management by HDI groups	Number of consultants from HDI groups that work on the project
Facilitation of Strategic Plan (Nantso Holdings)	100%	100%	100%
Mediation & Grievance Services (Extribyte)	55%	55%	55%
Recruitment Agency Services (IT Empowerment Consulting)	51%	51%	51%
Quality Assurance Review Services (Prozilog Pty Ltd)	0%	0%	0%
B-BBEE Verification (Moloto BEE Verifications CC)	100%	100%	100%

Table 2.15.3 - Report on consultant appointments using Donor funds for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Project title	Total Number of consultants that worked on project	Duration (Work days)	Donor and contract value in Rand
None	0	0	0

Total number of projects	Total individual consultants	Total duration Work days	Total contract value in Rand
None	0	0	0

Table 2.15.4 - Analysis of consultant appointments using Donor funds, in terms of Historically Disadvantaged Individuals (HDIs) for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

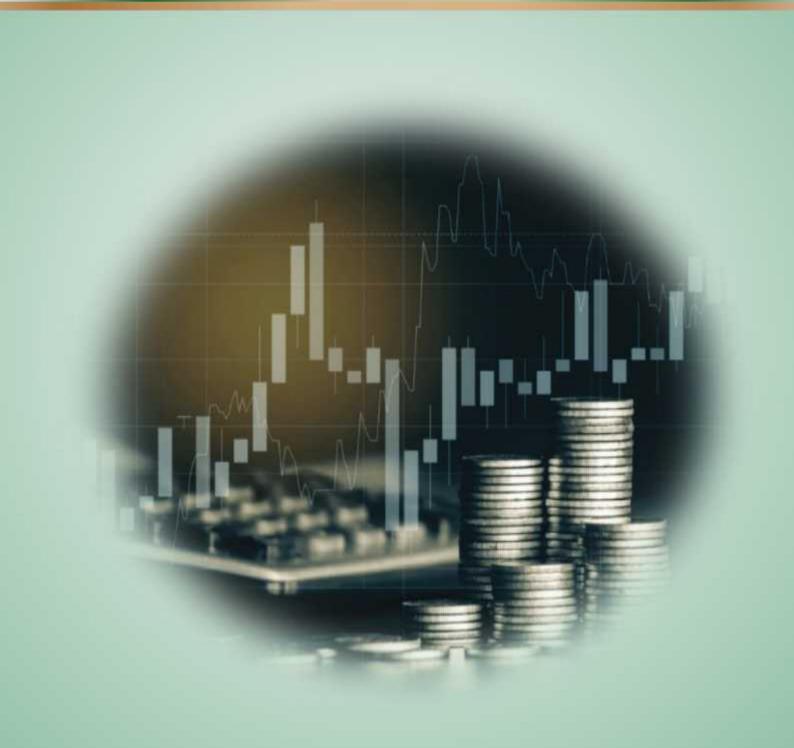
Project title	Percentage ownership by HDI groups	Percentage management by HDI groups	Number of consultants from HDI groups that work on the project
None	0	0	0

### 2.16 Severance Packages

Table 2.16.1 - Granting of employee initiated severance packages for the period 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022

Salary band	Number of applications received	Number of applications referred to the MPSA	Number of applications supported by MPSA	Number of packages approved by department
Lower skilled (Levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0
Skilled (Levels 3-5)	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	0	0	0	0
Senior management (Levels 13-16)	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0
			b	

## PART E: FINANCIAL INFORMATION



### 1. REPORT OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

### Report of the Auditor-General to Parliament on vote no. 21: Department of Civilian Secretariat for Police Service

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### Opinion

- I have audited the financial statements of the Department of Civilian Secretariat for Police Service set out on pages 109 to 186 which comprise the appropriation statement, statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022, the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets and cash flow statement for the year then ended, as well as notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Department
  of Civilian Secretariat for Police Service as at 31 March 2022, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year
  then ended in accordance with the Modified Cash Standard (MCS) and the requirements of the Public Finance
  Management Act 1 of 1999 (PFMA).

### **Basis for Opinion**

- I conducted my audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor-General's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report.
- 4. I am independent of the Department in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International code of ethics for professional accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA code) as well as other ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit in South Africa. I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA code.
- I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

I draw attention to the matter below. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Material Underspending of the Vote by the Department

 As disclosed in the appropriation statement, the Department materially underspent the budget by R4,9 million on programme 1; R3,5 million on programme 3; and R3,5 million on Programme 4.

### Other Matter

8. I draw attention to the matter below. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Unaudited Supplementary Schedules

The supplementary information set out on pages 177 to 185 does not form part of the financial statements and is presented as additional information. I have not audited these schedules and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion on them.

### Responsibilities of the Accounting Officer for the Financial Statements

- 10. The Accounting Officer is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the MCS and the requirements of the PFMA, and for such internal control as the Accounting Officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 11. In preparing the financial statements, the Accounting Officer is responsible for assessing the department's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the appropriate governance structure either intends to liquidate the department or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

- 12. My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is included in the annexure to this auditor's report.

### Report on the Audit of the Annual Performance Report

### Introduction and Scope

- 14. In accordance with the Public Audit Act 25 of 2004 (PAA) and the general notice issued in terms thereof, I have a responsibility to report on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information against predetermined objectives for selected programme presented in the annual performance report. I performed procedures to identify material findings but not to gather evidence to express assurance.
- 15. My procedures address the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information, which must be based on the Department's approved performance planning documents. I have not evaluated the completeness and appropriateness of the performance indicators included in the planning documents. My procedures do not examine whether the actions taken by the Department enabled service delivery. My procedures do not extend to any disclosures or assertions relating to the extent of achievements in the current year or planned performance strategies and information in respect of future periods that may be included as part of the reported performance information. Accordingly, my findings do not extend to these matters.
- 16. I evaluated the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information in accordance with the criteria developed from the performance management and reporting framework, as defined in the general notice, for the following selected programme presented in the department's annual performance report for the year ended 31 March 2022:

Programme	Pages in the Annual Performance Report
Programme 2: Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships	34 - 37

- 17. I performed procedures to determine whether the reported performance information was properly presented and whether performance was consistent with the approved performance planning documents. I performed further procedures to determine whether the indicators and related targets were measurable and relevant, and assessed the reliability of the reported performance information to determine whether it was valid, accurate and complete.
- I did not identify any material findings on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information for this
  programme: Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships.

### Other Matter

19. I draw attention to the matter below. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Achievement of Planned Targets

 Refer to the annual performance report on page(s) 30 - 45 for information on the achievement of planned targets for the year and management explanations provided for the overachievement of targets.

### Report on the Audit of Compliance with Legislation

### Introduction and Scope

- 21. In accordance with the PAA and the general notice issued in terms thereof, I have a responsibility to report material findings on the department's compliance with specific matters in key legislation. I performed procedures to identify findings but not to gather evidence to express assurance.
- I did not raise any material findings on compliance with the specific matters in key legislation set out in the general notice issued in terms of the PAA.

### Other Information

- 23. The Accounting Officer is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report. The other information does not include the financial statements, the auditor's report and the selected programmes presented in the annual performance report that have been specifically reported in this auditor's report.
- 24. My opinion on the financial statements and findings on the reported performance information and compliance with legislation do not cover the other information and I do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion on it.
- 25. In connection with my audit, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements and the selected programme presented in the annual performance report, or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- 26. The other information I obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report is the human resource management report.
  The report of the Accounting Officer and governance information are expected to be made available to me after 31 July 2022.
- 27. If, based on the work I performed on the other information that I obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.
- 28. When I do receive and read the report of the Accounting Officer and the governance information and if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance

and request that the other information be corrected. If the other information is not corrected, I may have to retract this auditor's report and re-issue an amended report as appropriate. However, if it is corrected this will not be necessary.

### Internal Control Deficiencies

29. I considered internal control relevant to my audit of the financial statements, reported performance information and compliance with applicable legislation; however, my objective was not to express any form of assurance on it. I did not identify any significant deficiencies in internal control.

Auditor General

Pretoria

29 July 2022



Auditing to build public confidence

### Annexure - Auditor-General's Responsibility for the Audit

As part of an audit in accordance with the ISAs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism
throughout my audit of the financial statements and the procedures performed on reported performance information for
selected programme and on the department's compliance with respect to the selected subject matters.

### **Financial Statements**

- 2. In addition to my responsibility for the audit of the financial statements as described in this auditor's report, I also:
  - identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error;
    design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks; and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
    appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud
    is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
    misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
  - obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
    appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
    Department's internal control.
  - evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Accounting Officer.
  - conclude on the appropriateness of the Accounting Officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements. I also conclude, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Department of Civilian Secretariat for Police Service to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements about the material uncertainty or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion on the financial statements. My conclusions are based on the information available to me at the date of this auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause a department to cease operating as a going concern.
  - evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
    determine whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that
    achieves fair presentation.

### Communication with those charged with Governance

- I communicate with the Accounting Officer regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.
- 4. I also provide the Accounting Officer with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

# APPROPRIATION STATEMENT for the year ended 31 March 2022

### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 5

Ting of Virement Appropriation Experiment (217) 23 220 23 872 241043 151 043 151 208				Application	Appropriation per programme	dilline				
Funds and Direct charges         Adjusted Appropriation Funds         Shifting of Punds         Virginal Performance (Total Revenue)         Final Appropriation Funds         <					2021/22				202	3/21
Right   Righ	Voted funds and Direct charges	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
### Statement of Financial Performance (Total Revenue)  ### Statement of Financial Deformance Everage  ### Statement of		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R*000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
### 197 26 196 25 599 597 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 25 599 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 25 599 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 25 599 597 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 29 597 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 28 196 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 29 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 297 297 97.7% 22 6 ### 207 297 297 297 297 297 297 297 297 297 29	Programme 1 Administration 2 Infer Sectoral Coordination and Strategic	67 518	<u> </u>	237	67 755	62 837	4 918	92.7%	63 632	61 937
## Sistance		25 999	•	197	26 196	25 599	597	%1.7%	22 641	22 637
Add assistance lear unauthorised expenditure approved without funding enal series is target and assistance lear unauthorised expenditure approved without funding and assistance lear unauthorised expenditure approved without funding and assistance lear unauthorised expenditure approved without funding assistance lear unauthorised expenditure and a		23 437	1	(217)	23 220	19 641	3 579	84.6%	20 755	18 639
tmental receipts the anounts per Statement of Financial Performance (Total Revenue) Add assistance lear unauthorised expenditure approved without funding	0.50	34 089	•	(217)	33 872	30 330	3 542	89.5%	30 140	28 331
thrental receipts teceipts sistance I amounts per Statement of Financial Performance (Total Revenue) Aid assistance rear unauthorised expenditure approved without funding famounts per Statement of Financial Deformance Forenditure  - 137.2	Total	151 043	*	**	151 043	138 407	12 636	91.6%	137 168	131 544
thental receipts seceipts sistance I amounts per Statement of Financial Performance (Total Revenue) Ald assistance rear unauthorised expenditure approved without funding	Reconciliation with Statement of Financial Pen	formance								
151 208	Add:									
157 24	Departmental receipts				165				75	
151 208	NRF Receipts				2				E	
151 208	Aid assistance				***				16	
3000	Actual amounts per Statement of Financial Per	formance (Total F	(evenue)		151 208				137 243	
2000	Add: Aid assistance					72				
	Prior year unauthorised expenditure approved with	nout funding								<b>F</b> 36
	Actual amounts per Statement of Financial Performance Expenditure	formance Expend	liture			138 407				131 544

# APPROPRIATION STATEMENT for the year ended 31 March 2022

				2021/22				2020/21	21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	*	R'000	R'000
Current payments	148 869	(22)	(245)	148 599	137 060	11 539	92.2%	130 720	125 188
Compensation of employees	105 781		(245)	105 536	102 497	3.039	97.1%	104 739	89 336
Salaries and wages	93 105	(250)	(347)	92 508	89 900	2 608	97.2%	91 930	87 262
Social contributions	12 676	250	102	13 028	12 597	431	96.7%	12 809	12 074
Goods and services	43 088	(22)	90	43 063	34 563	8 500	80.3%	25 981	25 852
Administrative fees	178	(24)	CA.	45	141	13	91.6%	80	80
Advertising	2 039	(722)	53.9	1317	1317	250 1	100.0%	785	785
Minor assets	636	(463)	60	173	118	55	68.2%	122	122
Audit costs: External	2 221	(8)	3.	2213	1 838	375	83.1%	1 623	1 623
Bursaries: Employees	824	(621)	. A.S.	203	203	30	100.0%	536	536
Catering: Departmental activities	996	350	).)!	1318	1 292	26	98.0%	355	355
Communication (G&S)	1 922	(778)	605	1844	1738	106	94.3%	1 683	1 682
Computer services	5 981	5 051	A.	11 032	10 991	41	%9.66	8 784	8 784
Consultants: Business and advisory services	832	(110)	(%	722	722	31	100.0%	820	820
Legal services		102	).)!	102	1 089	(288)	1067.6%	979	
Contractors	744	(269)	6	47	47	娇	100.0%	o	o
Agency and support / outsourced services Fleet services (including government motor	28	(28)	*	ť	*	16	*		
transport)	151	51,1	((*))	662	199	*-	86.8%	362	362
Consumable supplies Consumable: Stationery, printing and office	536	(151)	6	385	326	59	84.7%	362	362
salidas	1473	(142)	0	1331	1 016	315	76.3%	880	880
Operating leases	7 611	•	60	7 612	3 525	4 087	46.3%	5 004	5 004
Property payments	*	83	,	62	62	*	100.0%	6	9

# APPROPRIATION STATEMENT for the year ended 31 March 2022

		and statement of the st		2021/22				2020/21	21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	K'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Travel and subsistence	14 546	(2 705)	. 6:	11 841	7 621	4 220	64.4%	3 446	3 3 1 8
Training and development	732	(258)	104	474	474		100.0%	155	155
Operating payments	491	376	61	298	812	22	93.7%	865	999
Venues and facilities	1.175	(471)	*	704	570	134	81.0%	219	219
Interest and rent on land	800	8	9	76	ä¥.				
Transfers and subsidies	253	Ð	245	202	409	86	80.7%	742	658
Provinces and municipalities	9	6	i.	15	<u>\$</u>	•	93.3%	7	9
Municipalties	9	O)	*	15	4	<u> </u>	93,3%	7	40
Municipal bank accounts	9	60	SX.	15	14	gard.	93.3%	7	GD.
Departmental agencies and accounts	204	E18	3154	204	108	96	52.9%	202	121
Departmental agencies	204	\$00	63	204	108	96	52.9%	202	121
Households	43	25	245	288	287	· Service Control	99.7%	533	531
Social benefits	43	28.	245	288	287	ger	%2'66	533	531
Payments for capital assets	1 921			1 921	923	866	48.0%	5 637	632
Machinery and equipment	1 586	266	105	1 852	923	929	49.8%	5 637	5 632
Transport equipment	*	251	Эс	251	250	•	%9.66	976	974
Other machinery and equipment	1 586	15	•	1 601	673	928	45.0%	4 861	4 658
Software and other intangible assets	335	(266)	(0.0)	69	)P¥00	69			0.00
Payment for financial assets	**	16		16	15	-	93.8%	69	99
Total	151 043	*	*	151 043	138 407	12 636	91.6%	137 168	131 544

			Programme   Admi	Administration	=				
				2021/22				2020/21	21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Sub-programme									
1 Department Management	12 415	(1 864)	136	10 687	10 583	104	%0.66	9966	2966
2 Corporate Services	24 448	3 506	40	27 994	27 825	169	99,4%	27 117	26 328
3 Finance Administration	18 383	( <u>F</u>	61	17 903	17 282	621	96.5%	17 520	17 425
4 Office Accommodation	7 547	SU.		7 547	3 524	4 023	46.7%	4717	4717
5 Internal Audit	4 725	(1 101)	19412	3 624	3 623	5	100.0%	4 310	3 200
Total	67 518	*	237	67 755	62 837	4 918	92.7%	63 632	61 937
Economic classification									
Current payments	66 480	6	40	66 513	61 811	4 702	92.9%	58 499	26 890
Compensation of employees	44 995		40	45 035	45 032	ro	100.0%	43 844	42 236
Salaries and wages	39 401	(140)	3	39 264	39.263	-	100.09%	38 112	36 753
Social contributions	5 594	140	37	5771	5 769	2	100.09%	5 732	5 483
Goods and services	21 485	E		21 478	16 779	4 699	78.1%	14 655	14 654
Administrative fees	36	27	**	63	63	ř	100.0%	36	36
Advertising	747	(518)	8	229	229	8	100.0%	8.	Œ
Minor assets	327	(273)		54	54	34	100.0%	119	119
Audit costs: External	1 225	34	VI	1256	006	358	71.7%	781	781
Bursaries: Employees	824	(621)	W.	203	203	ř	100.0%	536	536
Catering: Departmental activities	158	(150)	Ši.	89	60	8	100.0%	9	9
Communication (G&S)	905	22		924	924	•	100.0%	899	889
Computer services	2 968	3 929	T.	6 897	6 897	80	100.0%	4 986	4 986
Consultants: Business and advisory services	909	22		563	563		100.0%	765	765
Contractors	643	(989)	17	47	47	**	100.0%	0	60
Agency and support / outsourced services	28	(28)		14		36			730

			Programme 1: Ad	Administration	_				
				2021/22				2020/21	21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R.000	R'000	R'000	%	R.000	R'000
Fleet services (including government motor	4	1		6.00	6		100	4.6	-
transport)	102	150	(8)	252	252	*	100.0%	66	66
Consumable supplies	356	(110)	29	246	246	3	100.0%	310	310
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office	A07	100)		244	1.00		100 000	000	000
salidans	08/	(83)	26	\$	04/	W. Carriera	%O.DOL	097	780
Operating leases	7 611	-	80	7 612	3 525	4 087	46.3%	2 004	2 004
Property payments	100	62	100	62	62	6	100.0%	9	91
Travel and subsistence	2 869	(1716)	356	1153	897	256	77.8%	388	387
Training and development	732	(258)		474	474	, a	100.0%	155	155
Operating payments	287	36	8	323	323	Ω.	100.0%	9	91
Venues and facilities	434	31	78	465	465	90.	100.0%	106	106
Interest and rent on land	•	*			00	£	)	*	
Transfers and subsidies	222	9	197	425	328	76	77.2%	645	562
Provinces and municipalities	9	9	80	12	F	-	91.7%	44	3
Municipalities	9	9	E	12	£-	-	91.7%	4	es
Municipal bank accounts	9	9		12	*-	+	91.7%	¥	9
Departmental agencies and accounts	204	207	25	204	108	96	52.9%	202	121
Departmental agencies	204	98		204	108	96	52.9%	202	121
Households	12	51	197	209	209		100.0%	439	438
Social benefits	12	2.	197	209	209		100.0%	439	438
Payments for capital assets	816	ė:	*1	816	269	119	85.4%	4 458	4 456
Buildings and other fixed structures	**	2		*	*		**	*	51
Machinery and equipment	550	266		816	269	119	85.4%	4 458	4 456
Transport equipment		251		251	250	-	%9.66	244	243
Other machinery and equipment	220	15		565	447	118	79.1%	4214	4 213
Software and other intangible assets	266	(586)	(A			•		1	•
Payment for financial assets		-	736	7	-	Œ	100%	30	29
	200			A STATE OF THE STA	100	***	Time with	200	100
Total	67 518	•	237	67 755	62 837	4 918	92.7%	63 632	61 937

	-		rogramme	Programmes sedministration					
				2021/22				2020/21	121
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R.000	R'000	R'000	R.000	%	R'000	R'000
		Sub prog	ramme: 1.1:	Department Mai	nagement				
				2021/22	0)			2020/21	121
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R.000	R'000	R.000	R.000	R.000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	12 284	(1843)		10 441	10 401	40	%9.66	9 658	9 657
Compensation of employees	9210	(430)	8	8 780	8 779	-	100.0%	8 928	8 927
Goods and services	3 074	(1413)		1 661	1 622	38	97.7%	730	730
Interest and rent on land			S	Si	3	or e	*	QK.	*
Transfers and subsidies	12	<b>∃.</b> ¶ (	136	148	148		100.0%	292	292
Provinces and municipalities	i	¥5	00	100	10.	10	6	97	Ø
Departmental agencies and accounts	•	30		¥	*	•	¥	(%)	#
Households	12	23	136	148	148	3	100.0%	292	292
Payments for capital assets	119	(22)	•	97	33	59	34.0%	90	18
Buildings and other fixed structures		10	27)		60	10	I.	50	*55
Machinery and equipment	119	(22)		97	33	64	34.0%	18	18
Software and other intangible assets		500	8	**	iii	(4	(%	),#	/(*
Payment for financial assets	\$3 <b>.</b>	~	200	•			100.0%	X(*C)	((*S)
Total	12 415	(1864)	136	10 687	10 583	104	%0.66	896 6	2966

-		Sub-pr	ogramme: 1.	Sub-programme: 1.2: Corporate Services	ervices				
				2021/22				2020/21	0/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	24 035	3 001	40	27 076	27 058	18	%6.66	22 736	22 028
Compensation of employees	16 406	1367	40	17 813	17 812	+	100.0%	15 733	15 025
Goods and services	7 629	1634	1.2	9 263	9 246	17	%8'66	7 003	7 003
Interest and rent on land		- 50	16	6		66		1	
Transfers and subsidies	204	12	*0	216	119	46	55.1%	205	124
Provinces and municipalities	*	12	35.	12	Ŧ	+	91.7%	12.	,
Departmental agencies and accounts	204	92	28	204	108	96	52.9%	202	121
Households	8	1	50		E			က	3
Payments for capital assets	209	493	**	702	648	54	92.3%	4 151	4 151
Buildings and other fixed structures	39		38	*	30	,		9.5	•
Machinery and equipment	209	493	9	702	648	改	92.3%	4 151	4 151
Software and other intangible assets	•	80	60	*1	6	•	*//	20	•
Payment for financial assets	*	*1	80	*	***************************************	*	**	25	25
Total	24 448	3 506	40	27 994	27 825	169	99.4%	27 117	26 328

		Sub-prog	gramme: 1.3	Sub-programme: 1.3: Finance Administration	nistration				
				2021/22				202	2020/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	18 210	(382)	**	17 825	17 205	620	36.5%	17 078	16 988
Compensation of employees	15 760	(382)		15 375	15 375	1	100.0%	15 512	15 422
Goods and services	2 450	Sitt		2 450	1 830	620	74.7%	1 566	1 566
Interest and rent on land		5	63		5		50		10
Transfers and subsidies	9	(9)	19	61	19	•	100.0%	148	146
Provinces and municipalities	9	(9)		•	*	4	3%	4	8
Departmental agencies and accounts	M*	37.	*	9	i.i.	•	35	34	(3)
Households		8	19	61	61		100.0%	144	143
Payments for capital assets	167	(150)	•	11	16	-	94.1%	289	287
Buildings and other fixed structures	*		•	•	***		35	¥	)
Machinery and equipment	191	(120)	•	17	16	Ť	94.1%	289	287
Software and other intangible assets		100	20			1			130
Payment for financial assets	#10 55%	*	36	*1	*9		81	2	4
Total	18 383	(541)	19	17 903	17 282	621	%5 96	17 520	17 425

				2021/22				2020/21	0/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	7 547	***	*	7 547	3 524	4 023	46.7%	4717	4717
Compensation of employees	*		ì	•	38	78	*	· ·	*
Goods and services	7 547		1	7 547	3 524	4 023	46.7%	4717	4717
Interest and rent on land	5	1	0		100	100	U		1
Transfers and subsidies	#7 50		X	*	*	36		*	
Provinces and municipalities	18	1	1	W	3%	7%		53	
Departmental agencies and accounts			9	777	8	13	111		
Households	ř.		ė.	Y I	40	400	***		***
Payments for capital assets		*	**	*	**	ŝŝ.	•	**	
Buildings and other fixed structures	*	Ĭ	X	7	X	X		*	•
Machinery and equipment		No.	1	8	84	89	1	9	
Software and other intangible assets	# (A)	W.	63	70	ŵ)i	<b>8</b> ()		80	68
Payment for financial assets	2002	*	×	***	5 L. 0 <b>#</b> 5	96	*i	W	*
Total	7 547			7 547	3 524	4 023	46.7%	4717	4717

		Sub	-programme	Sub-programme: 1.5: Internal Audit	udit				
(Inc.)		100		2021/22				202	2020/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R'000	K'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	4 404	(780)	200	3 624	3 623	200	100.0%	4 310	3 500
Compensation of employees	3 619	(552)		3 067	3 066	•	100.0%	3 671	2 862
Goods and services	785	(228)	**	257	557	1	100.0%	639	638
Interest and rent on land	*	•		÷	•	•	*		•
Transfers and subsidies		1	5	*		93	10.		(d
Provinces and municipalities					•	0.00	10.40		0000
Departmental agencies and accounts	*	*	**	1	40		25		
Households	*	,	x		*	•	**		•
Payments for capital assets	321	(321)	=			774	<b>!!!</b>		24
Buildings and other fixed structures		•	(14)			0.00			7100
Machinery and equipment	52	(55)	,0	10	*	**	55	*	
Software and other intangible assets	266	(296)	*	•	*	•	*	•	•
Payment for financial assets	4		ā		100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	77	AM.		ו
Total	4725	(1 101)	**	3 624	3 623	•	100.0%	4 310	3 500

				2021/22				2020/21	0/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Sub-programme 1 Intergovernmental, Civil Society and Public-Private Partnerships	21 947	(833)	19	21 033	20 497	536	97.5%	18 157	18 153
2 Community Outreach	4 052	933	178	5 163	5 102	61	98.8%	4 484	4 484
Total	25 999		197	26 196	25 599	597	97.7%	22 641	22 637
Economic classification		7000000 7000000		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	00.000/970008	S1 27	20020848	100 M	Company of the Compan
Current payments	25 642	(12)	171	25 807	25 384	423	98.4%	22 260	22 258
Compensation of employees	17 842	8	177	18 019	18 018	-	100.0%	18 085	18 084
Salaries and wages	15 738	(54)	112	15 796	15 796	24	100.0%	16 079	16 079
Social contributions	2 104	54	65	2 2 2 3	2 222	-	100.0%	2 006	2 005
Goods and services	7 800	(12)	•	7 788	7 366	422	94.6%	4 175	4174
Administrative fees	70	(20)	34	44	41	60	93.2%	30	30
Advertising	982	(28)	81	954	954	0.1	100.0%	726	726
Minor assets	100	(62)	60	38	18	20	47.4%		700
Audit costs: External	250	(E)	36	243	243	3.	100.0%	218	218
Catering: Departmental activities	511	629	30	1 090	1 090	(8	100.0%	220	220
Communication (G&S)	210	(38)	81	172	172	531	100.0%	106	106
Computer services	750	157	€0	206	206		100.0%	843	843
Contractors Fleet services (including government motor	101	(101)	*	×	30	25	*	*	
transport)	16	41	(16)	41	41	1380	100.0%	28	28
Consumable supplies	44	(9)	*	38	38		100.0%	10	10
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office		186		100	9		200 000	300	2000

The state of the s				2021/22				2020/21	1/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R.000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Travel and subsistence	4 297	(285)	510	4 012	3 613	399	90.1%	1 646	1645
Operating payments	60	(20)	•	40	40		100.0%	4	14
Venues and facilities	261	(212)		49	49	8	100:0%	66	66
Interest and rent on land	2		•	ä	3	3	i i	2	*
Transfers and subsidies	12	•	20	32	34	-	%6'96		
Provinces and municipalities	**		E	VS.	80	50		5.0	
Departmental agencies and accounts	*		X	90	187	180	¥	J.	
Households	12		20	32	34	5	%6'96	23.	
Social benefits	12		20	32	8	~	%6'96		
Payments for capital assets	345	10	***	345	172	173	49.9%	358	357
Buildings and other fixed structures			X	X	*	15	7		*
Machinery and equipment	345		©¥	345	172	173	49.9%	358	357
Transport equipment		ij	1	. 6		1.0		244	244
Other machinery and equipment	345	8	**	345	172	173	49.9%	114	113
Software and other intangible assets		*	3	ji	¥	1.5	¥		*
Payment for financial assets		12	9	12	12	\$#.	100.0%-	23	22
Total	25 999		197	26 196	25 599	597	97.7%	22 641	22 637

				2021/22				2020/21	1/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	21 661	(942)	•	20 716	20 294	422	98.0%	17 776	17 774
Compensation of employees	14 921	(838)	•	14 083	14 083	274	100.0%	14 101	14 100
Goods and services	6 740	(107)		6 633	6 211	422	93.6%	3 675	3 674
Interest and rent on land	*/	更	¥6	8	3/2	¥7	Ž.	40	,
Transfers and subsidies	3		19	19	19	(6)	100.0%	78.	•
Provinces and municipalities	12	9				di	20.		
Departmental agencies and accounts	1	5				ε	6	15	
Households	*.	2.	19	19	19	9	100.0%		•
Payments for capital assets	286	3.	•	286	172	114	60.1%	358	357
Buildings and other fixed structures	e e		9	2		jes.			
Machinery and equipment	286	200		286	172	114	60.1%	358	357
Software and other intangible assets	*	3.	¥		*	37	1.	Y	,
Payment for financial assets	*	12	×	12	12	32	100.0%	23	22
Total	24 047	16231	40	24 833	701.00	900	W- 100	40.457	40.450

			2021/2	2021/22				202	2020/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	3 981	933	111	5 091	5 090	•	100.0%	4 484	4 484
Compensation of employees	2.921	838	177	3 936	3 935		100.0%	3 984	3 984
Goods and services	1 060	36		1 155	1 155	. (1	100.0%	200	200
Interest and rent on land	*	· ·	¥2	100	6	•	E	***	
Transfers and subsidies	12	•	•	13	12	-	92.3%	*	•
Provinces and municipalities	2	1	8		9.	•	36	28.	
Departmental agencies and accounts		ğ	34	1	5.4	1)	8)	137	
Households	12	•	-	13	12	(F)	92.3%	*0	
Payments for capital assets	59	*	*	69	*.	59	×	*	•
Buildings and other fixed structures	•	•	ä	*	(8	•	34	33.	1
Machinery and equipment	59	Ĭ.	36	59	98	59	8)	92	
Software and other intangible assets	*	**	£1		*	011	0	83	
Payment for financial assets	*	•		•	¥		**		
Total	4.052	023	478	K 183	E 400	8	20 0 00	A 40A	A 464

				2021/22				2020/21	721
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Sub-programme  1 Policy Development and Research	15 952	,	(217)	15 735	13.065	2 870	83.0%	13 845	19 345
2 Legislation	7.485	C 34	: ' !	7 485	6.576	606	87.9%	6910	6 324
Total	23 437	**	(217)	23 220	19 641	3 579	84.6%	20 755	18 639
Economic classification									
Current payments	23 135	119	(217)	22 918	19 608	3 3 1 0	85.6%	20 613	18 499
Compensation of employees	17 581	ю	(217)	17 364	16 423	941	94.6%	17 674	15 685
Salaries and wages	15 768	90	(217)	15 551	14 678	873	94.4%	15 837	13 996
Social contributions	1813	. 4	20.0	1813	1 745	68	96.2%	1.837	1 689
Goods and services	5 554	(9)		5 554	3 185	2 369	57.3%	2 939	2814
Administrative fees	20	(9)		14	7	7	50.0%	2	2
Advertising	•	4	30	14	14	*	100.0%	63	25 53
Minor assets	135	(28)	18	17	42	35	54.5%	•	
Audit costs: External	300	(38)		262	243	19	92.7%	218	218
Catering: Departmental activities	161	(125)		38	10	26	27.8%	82	82
Communication (G&S)	341	(100)	80	241	193	48	80.1%	197	197
Computer services	1 300	239	\#.	1 539	1 498	41	97.3%	1 393	1 393
Consultants: Business and advisory services	295	(582)	17	10	11	311			
Contractors	*	0	*	0	10	*:	0	9	9
Fleet services (including government motor									
transport)	X.*.	14	8.9	41	41	8.5	100.0%	28	28
Consumable supplies	7.5	1901	(3 <b>9</b> ) (	75	16	59	21.3%	19	19
supplies	384	9		384	88	296	22.9%	131	134

				2021/22				2020/21	1/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Travel and subsistence	2 308	81	331	2 308	565	1743	24.5%	274	149
Operating payments	80	363		443	443	***	100.0%	522	522
Venues and facilities	155	(32)	*	120	25	98	20.8%	14	14
Interest and rent on land	28.		(8)		84	3.	*		8
Transfers and subsidies		•	300	30	•	2.5	•	25	24
Provinces and municipalities	100	•	•	£0	100	10	200	€)	**
Departmental agencies and accounts	(8)	X	*	3.	¥.	<b>#</b>	•	X	di.
Households	28.	34	0.8	.*	51.	3.	*	25	24
Payments for capital assets	302	•	3.0	302	33	269	40.9%	115	115
Buildings and other fixed structures	*10	€		1.	100			€	
Machinery and equipment	302	×	*	302	33	269	10.9%	115	115
Transport equipment	28.	34	6.0	.*	51.	83.	*	36	3
Other machinery and equipment	302	81	32	302	33	269	10.9%	115	115
Software and other intangible assets	•%	€	•	į.	42	Vii	500	€	100
Payment for financial assets	*	<b>(6</b> )	A.	*	*	.55	*	2	-
Total	23 437	88	(217)	23 220	19 641	3 579	R4 6%	20.755	18 639

				2021/22				2020/21	0/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R.000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	15771	0.0	(217)	15 554	13 032	2 522	83.8%	13 756	12 227
Compensation of employees	11 532	000	(217)	11 315	10 436	879	92.2%	11 547	10 143
Goods and services	4 239	W.S.	10	4 239	2 596	1 643	61.2%	2 209	2 084
Interest and rent on land	*	.00	Æ	E	*				•
Transfers and subsidies	10 <b>k</b>	×	38	200	•	2.		<b>(8</b>	W.
Provinces and municipalities	(3*3)		\$300	800			•	1.90	10.0
Departmental agencies and accounts	87	60	#65	#0	**	20	8		
Households	*	*	20	*	*	*	3	*	
Payments for capital assets	181	90	7.8	181	33	148	18.2%	87	87
Buildings and other fixed structures	00 <b>*</b> 5	0.00	0.00						
Machinery and equipment	181	0	ж	181	33	148	18.2%	87	87
Software and other intangible assets	*	*	Œ	æ	*	181	*	*	
Payment for financial assets	30	99	9		O.	) <u>*</u>	1.9	2	T
Total	15 952	•	(217)	15 735	13 065	2 670	83.0%	13 845	12 315

				2021/22				202	2020/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	7 364	172		7 364	6 576	788	89.3%	6 857	6 272
Compensation of employees	6 049	196	(00)	6 049	5 987	62	99.1%	6 127	5 542
Goods and services	1315	187	#2	1315	589	726	44.8%	730	730
Interest and rent on land	38	W	×	¥	1	•	25		
Transfers and subsidies	2.8	3%	5%	3%	37	89	3.	25	24
Provinces and municipalities	10.00	18	.00	S	18		10	(14)	
Departmental agencies and accounts	41	¥:	Y	\$75	78	K		Y.	
Households	ж	N/	X	NF.	<b>W</b>	96	30	25	24
Payments for capital assets	121	774	.5%	121	24	121	*	28	28
Buildings and other fixed structures	0	8	e		ř	62	50	· ·	
Machinery and equipment	121	- 13	90)	121	8	121	. 8	28	28
Software and other intangible assets	80	*	90	•	¥	•	•	9K	
Payment for financial assets	3.	154	19	2.	314	(3)	S.*	2.0	
Total	7 485	•		7 485	929	606	87.9%	6 910	6 324

				2021/22				2020/21	1/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R,000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Sub-programme	700000000000000000000000000000000000000				1				
1 Police Performance, Conduct and Compliance	16 269	*	*	16 269	15 737	532	%2.96	15 625	14 810
2 Policy and Programme Evaluations	7 172	(3)	(217)	6 952	4 334	2 618	62.3%	4 957	4719
3 Office of the Unectorate for Priority Crime Investigation Judge	6 925	က	*	6 928	7 891	(963)	113.9%	6 576	6 368
4 National Forensic Oversight and Ethics Board	3.723		*	3 723	2 368	1355	63.6%	2 982	2 434
Total	34 089	(#1)	(217)	33 872	30 330	3 542	89.5%	30 140	28 331
Economic classification									
Current payments	33 612	(9)	(242)	33 361	30 257	3104	%4'06	29 348	27 541
Compensation of employees	25 363		(245)	25 118	23 024	2 094	91.7%	25 136	23 331
Salaries and wages	22 198	(99)	(242)	21 897	20 163	1734	92.1%	21 902	20 434
Social contributions	3 165	99	•	3 221	2 861	380	88.8%	3 234	2 897
Goods and services	8 249	(9)	•	8 243	7 233	1 010	87.7%	4 212	4 210
Administrative fees	52	(19)	•	33	30	m	%6.06	12	12
Advertising	310	(190)		120	120	36	100.0%	9	9
Minor assets	74	(70)	•	4	4	•	100.0%	3	60
Audit costs: External	448	9	10	452	452	3.0	100.0%	408	408
Catering: Departmental activities	138	46	100	184	184	X	100.0%	47	47
Communication (G&S)	469	38	•	202	449	80	88.6%	481	480
Computer services	963	726		1 689	1 689	×	100.0%	1 562	1 562
Consultants: Business and advisory services	31	128		159	159	300	100.0%	SS	55
Legal services	•	102	*)	102	1 089	(987)	1067.6%	<i>V</i>	10
Fleet services (including government mater	70	970		408	465	***	700 70%	706	202

				2021/22	2021/22			202	2020/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Consumable Supplies	61	(32)	8.8	26	26	633	100.0%	23	23
Supplies	195	(52)	35	140	121	19	86.4%	234	234
Travel and subsistence	5 072	(704)	3	4 368	2 546	1 822	58.3%	1 138	1137
Operating payments	54	(3)	***	61	9	52	9.8%	38	38
Venues and facilities	325	(255)		02	31	39	44.3%		
Interest and rent on land	36	2.E	(5)		*	•	*	51	•
Transfers and subsidies	19	m	28	20	20	•	100.0%	72	72
Provinces and municipalities	10	co		63	ന	**	100.0%	က	9
Municipalities	Y	en		ന	ന	T.	100.0%	ex	63
Municipal bank accounts	Ť	m	(5)	3	60	7	100.0%	60	3
Departmental agencies and accounts	9	((*	27	)/ <b>•</b>			,		
Households	19		28	47	47	ř	100.0%	69	69
Social benefits	19		28	47	47	i.	100.0%	69	69
Payments for capital assets	458	•		458	21	437	4.6%	706	704
Buildings and other fixed structures	Э		10.5			34	, OA		
Machinery and equipment	389	0	50	389	21	368	5.4%	706	704
Transport equipment		90	.83		•		•	488	487
Other machinery and equipment	389		1.5	389	21	368	5.4%	218	217
Software and other intangible assets	69	33	1.0	69	200	69	78	0.0	2:4
Payment for financial assets	97.•S	en	(1)	60	2	-	%2'99	14	14
Total	34 089		(217)	33 872	30 330	3 542	89.5%	30 140	28 331

				2021/22				2020/21	0/21
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	16 077	(3)	84	16 074	15 735	339	%6'26	15 203	14 390
Compensation of employees	12 301	2 •	2042	12 301	12 070	231	98.1%	12 681	11 868
Goods and services	3 776	(3)	48	3 773	3 665	108	97.1%	2 522	2 522
Interest and rent on land	34.	æ	W.	*	*	*	2.	*	,
Transfers and subsidies	*	额	10	•	20	9.0	3.5	20	20
Provinces and municipalities	100	U	100		10		F.		
Departmental agencies and accounts	X)	¥0.	78		18	57	8	10	10
Households	*	*		•	•		35	20	50
Payments for capital assets	192	3		192		192	2.	366	364
Buildings and other fixed structures		Đ		6	ě	•	5		
Machinery and equipment	123	*	**	123	*0	123		366	364
Software and other intangible assets	69	- 1	×	69	W.	69	d.	37	
Payment for financial assets	•	es	ā	6	2	-	%2'99	9	9
Total	16.269			16.269	15.737	533	762 40	15.625	44.840

				2021/22				2020/21	0/21
	Adjusted	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	7 108	(3)	(236)	6989	4 315	2 554	62.8%	4 949	4711
Compensation of employees	5 170		(236)	4 934	3 848	1 086	78.0%	4 658	4421
Goods and services	1 938	(3)	61	1 935	467	1 468	24.1%	291	290
Interest and rent on land	æ	*	*:		ř	•	A	8	
Transfers and subsidies	*	*	19	19	19	*	100.0%	T .	
Provinces and municipalities	20	9	55 <b>f</b>		54		//0	14	5.9
Departmental agencies and accounts	10	68	60		6%	63	10	180	1%
Households	100	X	19	19	119		100.0%	B	
Payments for capital assets	64	×	*	64	*	64	×	8	
Buildings and other fixed structures	10.	0	69		14	())	3)	14	
Machinery and equipment	64	83	60	64	83	64	6)	83	67
Software and other intangible assets		×	£	300	8		<i>8</i> 0	***	
Payment for financial assets	9	*	æ	11000	9	*		8	80
Total	7 172	(3)	(747)	6 953	P12 P	2648	£7 20L	4 957	4749

				2021/22				2020/21	121
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments	6 804	G#6	1	6 804	7 867	(1 063)	115.6%	6 247	6039
Compensation of employees	5 168	i	£	5 168	5 244	(76)	101.5%	5 071	4 863
Goods and services	1 636	14	36	1 636	2 623	(387)	160.3%	1 176	1 176
Interest and rent on land	636	8	39	X	O.	3 (1) (1) (4)	98	1.8	
Transfers and subsidies	8.60	6	540	en	m	10 <b>1</b> 0	100.0%	60	67
Provinces and municipalities		6	10	m	m	10	100.0%	63	co.
Departmental agencies and accounts	0.	٠	1	X	×	3%	*	790	٠
Households	20	8)	33	26	DC	X.e	8.9.	1.9	
Payments for capital assets	121	865		121	21	100	17.4%	326	326
Buildings and other fixed structures		*	h		X	10	*1	•	
Machinery and equipment	121		•	121	21	100	17.4%	326	326
Software and other intangible assets		38	14	206	100	.00	2.5	9.5	
Payment for financial assets	Les.	0.0	3.00	<u>29•</u> 80		\$1 <b>*</b> 08	0.48	(K <b>.</b> €K)	3.03
Total	6 925	3	94	6 928	7 891	(1963)	113.9%	6.576	6.368

				2021/22				2020/21	121
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
Economic classification	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	*	R'000	R'000
Current payments	3 623	33	(6)	3 614	2 340	1 274	64.7%	2 949	2 401
Compensation of employees	2724		(6)	2 715	1 862	853	%9.89	2 726	2179
Goods and services	899		*	899	478	421	53.2%	223	222
Interest and rent on land	•	3	*	*	*	,	*	*	
Transfers and subsidies	19		6	28	28		100.0%	19	19
Provinces and municipalities		1	r	100	6	i.		100	
Departmental agencies and accounts			*						
Households	19		6	28	28		100.0%	19	19
Payments for capital assets	81	10	1.5	84	1	81		14	14
Buildings and other fixed structures				U	(2)		i.	100	NO.
Machinery and equipment	81	•	77	81	¥.	81	8	14	14
Software and other intangible assets			•	8			*	36	,
Payment for financial assets	u u	11 <b>4</b> 15 11	0. <b>4</b>	11.00 20.00	23			3%	
Total	3723	9		3 7 2 3	2 368	1355	63.6%	2 982	2 434

### NOTES TO THE APPROPRIATION STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 March 2022

### 1. Detail of transfers and subsidies as per Appropriation Act (after Virement):

Detail of these transactions can be viewed in the note on Transfers and subsidies, disclosure notes and Annexure 1 (A-C) to the Annual Financial Statements.

### Detail of specifically and exclusively appropriated amounts voted (after Virement):

Detail of these transactions can be viewed in Note 1 (Annual Appropriation) to the Annual Financial Statements.

### 3. Detail on payments for financial assets

Detail of these transactions can be viewed in Note 5 on Payments for financial assets to the Annual Financial Statements.

### 4. Explanations of material variances from Amounts Voted (after Virement):

4.1 Per programme	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance R'000	Variance as a % of Final Appropriation
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Administration	67 755	62 837	4 918	7.3%

The variance on this programme is attributed mainly to the delay in relocation to the new building which resulted in underspending on office accommodation and deliberate savings on Subsistence and Travel in order to cater for additional costs associated with the relocation. The Covid-19 restrictions in the first part of the financial year also contributed to the underspending as well as a reduced transfer payment to SASSETA due to a recalculation in terms of the memorandum of understanding.

Inter-Sectoral Coordination & Strategic Partnerships	26 196	25 599	597	2.3%
--	--------	--------	-----	------

The variance on this programme is attributed to underspending due to the delay in relocation which resulted in underspending on capital assets which could only be acquired after relocation. The restrictions on gatherings due to Covid-19 regulations also contributed to the underspending and as a result there was less travel as well as fewer community engagements with smaller numbers of people.

We shall be a second of the se			CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	7,000,000,000
Legislation & Policy Development	23 220	19 641	3 579	15.4%

The variance on this programme is attributed to the delay in relocation which resulted in underspending on Purchase of Capital Assets, as well as Covid-19 regulation restrictions which prompted underspending on travel, costs associated with meetings and office supplies related expenditure.

Civilian Oversight, Monitoring & Evaluation	33 872	30 330	3 542	10.5%

The variance on this programme can mainly be attributed to underspending due to vacant funded posts, delay in relocation which resulted in underspending on Purchase of Capital Assets, as well as Covid-19 regulation restrictions which prompted underspending on travel, costs related to meetings and office supplies related expenditure.

### NOTES TO THE APPROPRIATION STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 March 2022

4.2 Per economic classification	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Variance as a % of Final Appropriation
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Current payments	148 599	137 060	11 539	7.8%
Compensation of employees	105 536	102 497	3 039	2.9%
Goods and services	43 063	34 563	8 500	19.7%
Interest and rent on land				
Transfers and subsidies	507	409	98	19.3%
Provinces and municipalities	15	14	1	6.7%
Departmental agencies and accounts	204	108	96	47.1%
Households	288	287	1	0.3%
Payments for capital assets	1 921	923	998	52.0%
Buildings and other fixed structures				
Machinery and equipment	1 852	923	929	50.2%
Software & other Intangible assets	69	-	69	100.0%
Payments for financial assets	16	15	1	6.3%
Total	151 043	138 407	12 636	8.4%

The underspending on Compensation of Employees is due to vacant funded posts. The bulk of the underspending in Goods and Services as well as Purchase of Capital Assets relates to the delay of the relocation to new office accommodation. The Covid-19 regulations on travel and number of people allowed in gatherings also contributed to the underspending as well as a reduced transfer payment to SASSETA due to a recalculation in terms of the memorandum of understanding.

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

	Note	2021/22	2020/21
		R'000	R'000
REVENUE			
Annual appropriation	1	151 043	137 168
Statutory appropriation	1-2-4		
Departmental revenue	2	165	7.
NRF Receipts			×
TOTAL REVENUE	13 <del></del>	151 208	137 243
EXPENDITURE			
Current expenditure			
Compensation of employees	3	102 498	99 338
Goods and services	3 4	34 563	25 852
Interest and rent on land		-	
Total current expenditure		137 060	125 188
Transfers and subsidies			
Transfers and subsidies	₫	409	65
Total transfers and subsidies	1000 U	409	658
Expenditure for capital assets			
Tangible assets	Z	923	5 632
Intangible assets			
Total expenditure for capital assets		923	5 632
Unauthorised expenditure approved without funding			8
Payments for financial assets	5	15	60
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	_	138 407	131 544
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	-	12 801	5 699
			10000
Reconciliation of Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year  Voted funds		12 636	5 624
Annual appropriation		12 636	5624
Conditional grants		12.000	302
Departmental revenue and NRF Receipts	<u>13</u>	165	75
n Kartinton (k. 1801). Attack torrer i Experient			.572
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	0	12 801	5 699

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

	Note	2021/22	2020/21
		R'000	R'000
ASSETS			
Current assets		12 607	6 532
Unauthorised expenditure	<u>B</u>	5 696	5 696
Cash and cash equivalents	9	6 556	
Other financial assets	6750	-	
Prepayments and advances	10	328	536
Receivables	11	27	300
Loans			
Non-current assets		170	419
nvestments		-	9
Receivables	11	170	419
Loans		*	
Other financial assets			
TOTAL ASSETS		12 777	6 951
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities		12 657	6 831
Voted funds to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund	12	12 636	5 624
Departmental revenue and NRF Receipts to be surrendered to the Revenue	15000	3,592,5930	
Fund	<u>13</u>		
Bank overdraft	14		804
Payables	15	21	403
Non-current liabilities			
Payables	<u>16</u>	120	120
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	12 777	6 951
NET ASSETS	_		8
Represented by:			
Capitalisation reserve		₹.	
Recoverable revenue		*	22
Retained funds		*	9
Revaluation reserves		-	-
TOTAL	_		

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

	2021/22	2020/21
	R'000	R'000
		(3)(6)(1)(1)
Capitalisation Reserves		
Opening balance		
Transfers:		
Movement in Equity		
Movement in Operational Funds	40	
Other movements	2	
Closing balance		
Recoverable revenue		
Opening balance	22	
Fransfers;	VE. 225	
rrecoverable amounts written off	-	
Debts revised	-	
Debts recovered (included in departmental receipts)		
Debts raised	-	
Closing balance		
Retained funds		
Opening balance	*	
Fransfer from voted funds to be surrendered (Parliament/Legislatures ONLY)	¥3	
Jtilised during the year	26	
Other transfers		
Closing balance		
Revaluation Reserve		
Opening balance		
Revaluation adjustment (Housing departments)	£	
ransfers		
Other		
Closing balance		9 <del>5</del>
TOTAL	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	=

### CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	Note	2021/22	2020/21
		R'000	R'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts		151 123	137 24
Annual appropriated funds received	1.1	151 043	137 16
Statutory appropriated funds received	_	-	
Departmental revenue received	2	80	7
interest received	-		
NRF Receipts		2	
Aid assistance received			
Net (increase)/decrease in working capital		99	16
Surrendered to Revenue Fund		(5 789)	(5 69
Surrendered to RDP Fund/Donor		The street of th	11110000
Current payments		(137 060)	(125 18
Interest paid		#1 CONT. 100 MAY 100 M	18.5750011000
Payments for financial assets		(15)	(6)
Transfers and subsidies paid		(409)	(65
Net cash flow available from operating activities	17	7 949	5 80
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Distribution/dividend received		8	
Payments for capital assets	7	(923)	(5 63
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2.2	85	100
Increase)/decrease in loans	1000		
Increase)/decrease in investments			
Increase)/decrease in other financial assets		5	
(Increase)/decrease in non-current receivables		249	(34
Net cash flows from investing activities		(589)	(5 97
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
ncrease/(decrease) in net assets		*	
ncrease/(decrease) in non-current payables		81	
Net cash flows from financing activities			
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		7 360	(17)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		(804)	(63
Unrealised gains and losses within cash and cash equivalents		Les.	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	18	6 556	(80

for the year ended 31 March 2022

### PART A: ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the following policies, which have been applied consistently in all material aspects, unless otherwise indicated. Management has concluded that the financial statements present fairly the department's primary and secondary information.

The historical cost convention has been used, except where otherwise indicated. Management has used assessments and estimates in preparing the annual financial statements. These are based on the best information available at the time of preparation.

Where appropriate and meaningful, additional information has been disclosed to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements and to comply with the statutory requirements of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), Act 1 of 1999 (as amended by Act 29 of 1999), and the Treasury Regulations issued in terms of the PFMA and the annual Division of Revenue Act.

1	Basis of preparation  The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Modified Cash Standard.
2	Going concern The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.
3	Presentation currency  Amounts have been presented in the currency of the South African Rand (R) which is also the functional currency of the department.
4	Rounding Unless otherwise stated financial figures have been rounded to the nearest one thousand Rand (R'000).
5	Foreign currency translation  Cash flows arising from foreign currency transactions are translated into South African Rands using the spot exchange rates prevailing a the date of payment / receipt.
6	Comparative information
6.1	Prior period comparative information  Prior period comparative information has been presented in the current year's financial statements. Where necessary figures included in the prior period financial statements have been reclassified to ensure that the format in which the information is presented is consistent with the format of the current year's financial statements.
6.2	Current year comparison with budget  A comparison between the approved, final budget and actual amounts for each programme and economic classification is included in the appropriation statement.
7	Revenue
7.1	Appropriated funds comprise of departmental allocations as well as direct charges against the revenue fund (i.e. statutory appropriation). Appropriated funds are recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date the appropriation becomes effective. Adjustments made in terms of the adjustments budget process are recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date the adjustments become effective.  The net amount of any appropriated funds due to / from the relevant revenue fund at the reporting date is recognised as a payable receivable in the statement of financial position.
7.2	Departmental revenue
	Departmental revenue is recognised in the statement of financial performance when received and is subsequently paid into the relevant revenue fund, unless stated otherwise.
	Any amount owing to the relevant revenue fund at the reporting date is recognised as a payable in the statement of financial position.

7.3	Accrued departmental revenue
	Accruals in respect of departmental revenue (excluding tax revenue) are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when:
	it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the department; and
	the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.
	The accrued revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration receivable.
	Accrued tax revenue (and related interest and / penalties) is measured at amounts receivable from collecting agents.
	Write-offs are made according to the department's debt write-off policy
8	Expenditure
8.1	Compensation of employees
8.1.1	Salaries and wages
	Salaries and wages are recognised in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment.
8.1.2	Social contributions
	Social contributions made by the department in respect of current employees are recognised in the statement of financial performance of the date of payment.
	Social contributions made by the department in respect of ex-employees are classified as transfers to households in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment.
8.2	Other expenditure
	Other expenditure (such as goods and services, transfers and subsidies and payments for capital assets) is recognised in the statemer of financial performance on the date of payment. The expense is classified as a capital expense if the total consideration paid is more that the capitalisation threshold.
8.3	Accruals and payables not recognised  Accruals and payables not recognised are recorded in the notes to the financial statements at cost at the reporting date.
8.4	Leases
8.4.1	Finance leases
	Finance lease payments made during the reporting period are recognised as capital expenditure in the statement of financial performance on the date of payment. Finance lease payments received are recognised as departmental revenue.
	The finance lease commitments are recorded in the notes to the financial statements and are not apportioned between the capital and interest portions.
	Finance lease assets acquired at the end of the lease term are recorded and measured at the lower of:
	cost, being the fair value of the asset; or
	<ul> <li>the sum of the minimum lease payments made, including any payments made to acquire ownership at the end of the lease term excluding interest.</li> </ul>
	Finance lease payments received are recognised as departmental revenue.
9	Cash and cash equivalents
	Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost in the statement of financial position.
	Bank overdrafts are shown separately on the face of the statement of financial position as a current liability.
	For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held, other short-term highliquid investments and bank overdrafts.
10	Prepayments and advances
	Prepayments and advances are recognised in the statement of financial position when the department receives or disburses the cash.
	Prepayments and advances are initially and subsequently measured at cost.
	<prepayments a="" advances="" and="" are="" combination="" expensed="" goods="" invoices="" of="" on="" or="" receipt="" relevant="" services="" the="" thereof.=""></prepayments>

11	Loans and receivables
	Loans and receivables are recognised in the statement of financial position at cost plus accrued interest, where interest is charged, less amounts already settled or written-off. Write-offs are made according to the department's write-off policy.
12	Financial assets
12.1	Financial assets (not covered elsewhere)
	A financial asset is recognised initially at its cost plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset.
	At the reporting date, a department shall measure its financial assets at cost, less amounts already settled or written-off, except for recognised loans and receivables, which are measured at cost plus accrued interest, where interest is charged, less amounts already settled or written-off.
12.2	Impairment of financial assets
	Where there is an indication of impairment of a financial asset, an estimation of the reduction in the recorded carrying value, to reflect the best estimate of the amount of the future economic benefits expected to be received from that asset, is recorded in the notes to the financial statements.
13	Payables
	Payables recognised in the statement of financial position are recognised at cost.
14	Capital Assets
14.1	Immovable capital assets
	Immovable assets reflected in the asset register of the department are recorded in the notes to the financial statements at cost or fair value where the cost cannot be determined reliably. Immovable assets acquired in a non-exchange transaction are recorded at fair value at the date of acquisition. Immovable assets are subsequently carried in the asset register at cost and are not currently subject to depreciation or impairment.
	Subsequent expenditure of a capital nature forms part of the cost of the existing asset when ready for use.
	Additional information on immovable assets not reflected in the assets register is provided in the notes to financial statements.
14.2	Movable capital assets
	Movable capital assets are initially recorded in the notes to the financial statements at cost. Movable capital assets acquired through a non-exchange transaction is measured at fair value as at the date of acquisition.
	Where the cost of movable capital assets cannot be determined reliably, the movable capital assets are measured at fair value and where fair value cannot be determined; the movable assets are measured at R1.
	All assets acquired prior to 1 April 2002 (or a later date as approved by the OAG) may be recorded at R1.
	Movable capital assets are subsequently carried at cost and are not subject to depreciation or impairment.
	Subsequent expenditure that is of a capital nature forms part of the cost of the existing asset when ready for use.

for the year ended 31 March 2022

### 14.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recorded in the notes to the financial statements at cost. Intangible assets acquired through a non-exchange transaction are measured at fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Internally generated intangible assets are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when the department commences the development phase of the project.

Where the cost of intangible assets cannot be determined reliably, the intangible capital assets are measured at fair value and where fair value cannot be determined; the intangible assets are measured at R1.

All assets acquired prior to 1 April 2002 (or a later date as approved by the OAG) may be recorded at R1.

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost and are not subject to depreciation or impairment.

Subsequent expenditure of a capital nature forms part of the cost of the existing asset when ready for use.

### 14.4 Project Costs: Work-in-progress

Expenditure of a capital nature is initially recognised in the statement of financial performance at cost when paid.

Amounts paid towards capital projects are separated from the amounts recognised and accumulated in work-in-progress until the underlying asset is ready for use. Once ready for use, the total accumulated payments are recorded in an asset register. Subsequent payments to complete the project are added to the capital asset in the asset register.

Where the department is not the custodian of the completed project asset, the asset is transferred to the custodian subsequent to completion.

### 15 Provisions and Contingents

### 15.1 Provisions

Provisions are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when there is a present legal or constructive obligation to forfeit economic benefits as a result of events in the past and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. The provision is measured as the best estimate of the funds required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

### 15.2 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when there is a possible obligation that arises from past events, and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not within the control of the department or when there is a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably.

### 15.3 Contingent assets

Contingent assets are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when a possible asset arises from past events, and whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not within the control of the department.

### 15.4 Capital commitments

Capital commitments are recorded at cost in the notes to the financial statements.

### 16 Unauthorised expenditure

"unauthorised expenditure" means-

- (a) overspending of a vote or a main division within a vote;
- (b) expenditure not in accordance with the purpose of a vote or, in the case of a main division, not in accordance with the purpose of the main division;

Unauthorised expenditure is recognised in the statement of financial position until such time as the expenditure is either:

- approved by Parliament or the Provincial Legislature with funding and the related funds are received; or
- approved by Parliament or the Provincial Legislature without funding and is written off against the appropriation in the statement of financial performance; or
- transferred to receivables for recovery.

	Unauthorised expenditure is measured at the amount of the confirmed unauthorised expenditure.
7	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure
	"fruitless and wasteful expenditure" means expenditure which was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised;
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is recorded in the notes to the financial statements when confirmed. The amount recorded is equal to the total value of the fruitless and or wasteful expenditure incurred.
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is removed from the notes to the financial statements when it is resolved or transferred to receivable or written off.
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure receivables are measured at the amount that is expected to be recoverable and are de-recognised whe settled or subsequently written-off as irrecoverable.
18	Irregular expenditure
	"irregular expenditure" means expenditure, other than unauthorised expenditure, incurred in contravention of or that is not in accordance with a requirement of any applicable legislation, including—
	(a) this Act; or
	(b) the State Tender Board Act, 1968 (Act No. 86 of 1968), or any regulations made in terms of that Act;
	or
	(c) any provincial legislation providing for procurement procedures in that provincial government;
	Irregular expenditure is recorded in the notes to the financial statements when confirmed after its assessment. The amount recorded equal to the value of the irregular expenditure incurred unless it is impracticable to determine, in which case reasons therefor are provide in the note.
	Irregular expenditure is reduced from the note when it is either condoned by the relevant authority, transferred to receivables for recovery not condoned and removed or written-off.
	Irregular expenditure receivables are measured at the amount that is expected to be recoverable and are de-recognised when settled countries subsequently written-off as irrecoverable.
19	Changes in accounting estimates and errors
	Changes in accounting estimates are applied prospectively in accordance with MCS requirements.
	Correction of errors is applied retrospectively in the period in which the error has occurred in accordance with MCS requirements, except to the extent that it is impracticable to determine the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the error. In such cases the department shall restate the opening balances of assets, liabilities and net assets for the earliest period for which retrospective restatements is practicable.
20	Events after the reporting date
	Events after the reporting date that are classified as adjusting events have been accounted for in the financial statements. The event after the reporting date that are classified as non-adjusting events after the reporting date have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
21	Departures from the MCS requirements
	Management has concluded that the financial statements present fairly the department's primary and secondary information; that the department complied with the Standard except that it has departed from a particular requirement to achieve fair presentation; and the requirement from which the department has departed, the nature of the departure and the reason for departure.

22	Recoverable revenue
	Amounts are recognised as recoverable revenue when a payment made in a previous financial year becomes recoverable from a debtor in the current financial year. Amounts are either transferred to the National/Provincial Revenue Fund when recovered or are transferred to the statement of financial performance when written-off.
23	Related party transactions
	Related party transactions within the Minister/MEC's portfolio are recorded in the notes to the financial statements when the transaction is not at arm's length.
	The number of individuals and the full compensation of key management personnel is recorded in the notes to the financial statements.
24	Employee benefits
	The value of each major class of employee benefit obligation (accruals, payables not recognised and provisions) is disclosed in the Employee benefits note.

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2022

### Annual Appropriation

### Annual Appropriation

Included are funds appropriated in terms of the Appropriation Act (and the Adjustments Appropriation Act) for National Departments (Voted funds) and Provincial Departments:

	Œ						
	Funds not requested/ not received	R'000		1	0	(*)	•
2021/22	Actual Funds Received	R'000	67 755	26 196	23 220	33 872	151 043
	Final Appropriation	R'000	67 755	26 196	23 220	33 872	151 043
		Programmes	Administration	Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships	Legislation and Policy Development	Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation	Total
			-	2	63	4	

2020/21	Appropriation requested/not	R'000 R'000	63 632	22 641	20 755	30 140	137 168
	Final Appropriation A	R'000	63 632	22 641	20.755	30 140	137 168

All funds requested as per approved drawings and received. Also see Note 31 on correction of error in the published annual financial statements of 2020/21.

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2022

### Departmental revenue 5

	Note	2021/22	2020/21
	0.550.00	R'000	R'000
Sales of goods and services other than capital assets	27		
Sales of capital assets	2.2	985	
ransactions in financial assets and liabilities	2.3	4	
fotal revenue collected	THE STANDARD AND A STANDARD A STANDARD AND A STANDARD AND A STANDARD AND A STANDARD A STANDARD A STANDARD AND A STANDARD A STANDARD AND A STANDARD A STANDAR	165	
Less: Own revenue included in appropriation		21.0.1	
Departmental revenue collected		165	

75

0 76 75

12

All departmental revenue was collected and paid into the National Revenue Fund

## Sales of goods and services other than capital assets

Sales of goods and services produced by the department Sales by market establishment Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goods Administrative fees Other sales

Total

		75	39	36	
20/21	R'000				
202	S.				

40 49

2021/22 R'000

Note

36

16

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2022

10
sets
asset
100
ta
di
ü
90
0
_
Sal
Saleo
_
2.2 Sal
_

Department disposed motor vehicles through an auction and collected R85 000 from the sale

### 2.3 Transactions in financial assets and liabilities

2021/22 R'000 Note (VI) Forex gain
Stale cheques written back
Other Receipts including Recoverable Revenue Loans and advances Receivables Total

55
ě
6
<u>a</u>
E
=
9
ō
ä
S .
e e
E
3
_
3

5.1 Salaties and Wages		
	2021/22	2020/21
	R'000	R'000
Basic salary		
Performance award	378	393
Service Based	44	=
Compensative/circumstantial	584	858
Periodic payments	120	
Other non-pensionable allowances	18 858	16 295
Total	006 68	87 262

5	1
3	2
1	Š
á	2
÷	
2	9
-	ō
5	
ù	ř

2020/21

2021/22

Administrative fees Advertising Minor assets Bursaries (employees) Catering Communication Communication Computer services Computer services Consultants: Business and advisory services Contractors Agency and support / outsourced services Contractors Agency and support / outsourced services	202122 R'000 141 1317 118 203 1292 1738	2020/21
stive fees g els els (employees) cation services is: Business and advisory services id support / outsourced services		Divon
stive fees g (employees) services services is: Business and advisory services ices id support / outsourced services	141 1317 118 203 1292 1 738	K NOV
ets (employees) saltion services is: Business and advisory services ites id support / outsourced services	1317 118 203 1292 1 738	80
lemployees)  aution services ts: Business and advisory services ities id support / outsourced services	118 203 1 292 1 738	785
(employees)  aution services is: Business and advisory services ices ides ides ides ides ides ides ides id	203 1 292 1 738	122
services 1s: Business and advisory services 1s: Susiness and advisory services 1ces 1ces 1ces 1ces 1ces 1ces 1ces 1	1 292	536
services Is: Business and advisory services ices id support / outsourced services	1 738	355
incess and advisory services usiness and advisory services		1.682
usiness and advisory services upport / outsourced services	10.991	8 784
Legal services Contractors Agency and support / outsourced services	722	820
Contractors Agency and support / outsourced services	1 089	
Agency and support / outsourced services	47	0
Entotherismonary		
		031
Audit cost – external	1 838	1 623
Fleetservices	661	362
Consumables	1 342	1 242
SB	3 525	5 004
Property payments	62	16
Rental and hiring	***	•
Transport provided as part of the departmental activities	***	*
Travel and subsistence	7 621	3318
Venues and facilities	570	219
Training and development	474	155
Other operating expenditure	812	999
Total	34 563	25 852

	Note	2021/22	2020/21
	91		R'000
Tangible assets		118	122
Buildings and other fixed structures:			
Machinery and equipment		118	122
Transport assets		2.5	
Intangible assets			,
Total		118	122
4.2 Computer services			
	Note	2021/22	2020/21
	ঝ	R'000	R'000
SITA computer services		9 923	7 935
External computer service providers		1 068	849
Total		10 991	8 784
4.3 Audit cost – External		ls İ	
	Note	2021/22	2020/21
	7-1	R'000	R'000
Regularity audits		1 838	
Performance audits			
Computer audits		**	0.00 K
Total		1 838	1623

	Note	2021/22	2020/21
	91	R'000	R'000
Consumable supplies			
Uniform and clothing		•	11
Household supplies		274	131
Building material and supplies			
Communication accessories			
IT consumables		•	*
Other consumables		52	220
Stationery, printing and office supplies		1016	880
Total		1 342	1 242
4.5 Property payments			
	Note	2021/22	2020/21
	*41	R'000	R'000
Municipal services		100	***
Property management fees		10	<i>1</i> .00
Property maintenance and repairs		•	**
Offier		62	91
Total		62	91
4.6 Travel and subsistence			
	Note	2021/22	2020/21
	<b>ড</b> া	R'000	R'000
Local		7611	3 3 1 8
Foreign		10	
Total		7.621	3318

Other operating expenditure			
	Note	2021/22	
	341	R'000	
Professional bodies, membership and subscription fees	ro	441	
Resettlement costs		167	
Courier and delivery service		204	
Total		812	

2020/21 R'000 545

665

5. Payments for financial assets		
Mote	2021/2	1201
	R.000	R'000
Material losses through criminal conduct.		
Theif		
Other material Josses		20
Other material losses written off		
Debts written off	F	99
	•	
Debt take overs		
Total		99

	E R'000			\$)	12	50
Debts written off		Nature of debts written off	Recoverable revenue written off	Damages to hired vehicles expenditure		Total debt written off

	2020/21	R'000			121 121	7 534	409 658
	2021/22	R'000			10	28	40
			Note	Amexima 1A	Amerine 1B	Annexure 1G	
Iransfers and subsidies				Provinces and municipalities	Departmental agencies and accounts	Households	Total

Expenditure for capital assets		
N/ONE	2021/22	2020/21
	R'000	R'000
Tangible assets	923	5 632
Machinery and equipment	923	5 632
Intangible assets		
Software		
Total	923	5 632

	Voted funds	Ald seelelsman	Total
	Voted Tunds	Ald assistance	TOTAL
	R'000	R.000	R'000
Tangible assets	923		923
Machinery and equipment	923	34	923
Intangible assets	84		
Total	923	10.0	923
7.2 Analysis of funds utilised to acquire capital assets - 2020/21	Voted funds	Aid assistance	Total
	R'000	R'000	R'000
Tangible assets	5 632	1.	
Machinery and equipment	5 632		5 632
Intangible assets	30		4
Software	*	*	
Total	5 632	7.	5 632
7.3 Finance lease expenditure included in Expenditure for capital assets			
		2021/22	2020/21
		R'000	R'000
Tangible assets		A40 10	
Machinery and equipment		7.8	166
1.00		82	991

### NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2022

#### Unauthorised expenditure 00

#### Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure 8.1

Unauthorised expenditure – discovered in current year (as restated) Opening balance Prior period error

9699

5 696

5 696

9699

2020/21

2021/22

R'000

R'000

Less: Amounts approved by Parliament/Legislature with funding

Less: Amounts approved by Parliament/Legislature without funding and derecognised

Capital

Current

Less: Amounts recoverable ransfers and subsidies

Less: Amounts written off

Closing balance

5 696

5 696

5 696 Request was submitted to National Treasury in March 2019 to approach Parliament for approval. Feedback received from Treasury during 2021/22 indicated that the request was submitted to SCOPA in November 2020/21 R'000 5 696 2021/22 R'000 2019 but neither department has received any further feedback.

5 696 5 696 Unauthorised expenditure approved without funding and not derecognised Unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation Analysis of closing balance

Total

	2021/22	2020/21
	R'000	R'000
Current	2 696	5 696
Capital		
Transfers and subsidies		
Total	2696	969 9
8.3 Analysis of unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation per type		
	2021/22	2020/21
	R'000	R'000
Unauthorised expenditure relating to overspending of the vote or a main division within a vote	2 696	969 9
Characteristics of programme and the programme with the purpose of the voice of the state of the		
Total	969 2	969 9
9. Cash and cash equivalents	7	
	2021/22	2020/21
	R'000	R'000
Consolidated Paymaster General Account	8 567	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Cash receipts	F)	
Disbursements	(2 011)	
Cash on hand	***	11:
	665 6	

Prepayments and advances 10

	Mote	2021/22	2020/21
	1004	R'000	R'000
Staff advances			
Travel and subsistence		9	
Prepayments (Not expensed)	10.2	41	
Advances paid (Not expensed)	10.1	308	
Total		328	

252

536

Advances paid (Not expensed)

	Add or Less: Other Add: Current Year Balance as at 31 March advances 2022	R'000 R'000	(310)	(310) 1 293
	Less: Amount expensed in current year	R'000	(828)	(626)
	Balance as at 1 April 2021	R'000	284	284
Auvalices paid (Not expensed)	Note	01	stional departments	Total

Node	Balance as at 1 April 2020	Less: Amount expensed in current year	Add or Less: Other	Add: Current Year advances	Balance as at 31 March 2021
01	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
National departments	80	(521)	(8)	802	284
Total	80	(521)	(8)	802	284

Advances paid to Government Communication and Information System Department (GCIS) for various media related services and expensed when invoice/claim received. Also include amounts paid back to the department for completed or suspended projects.

(pesued)
Not ex
yments
Prepa
10.2

	Mote	Balance as at 1 April 2020	Less: Amount expensed in current year	Add or Less: Other	Add: Current Year prepayments	Balance as at 3
	10	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Goods and services		14	(18)	CONT.	256	
Total	3	14	(18)	(,0)	256	

252

31 March

252

Prepayments made to Multi-choice and expensed on a regular basis or when service is delivered.

Receivables =

			2021/22			2020/21	
		Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
	Work	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Claims recoverable	11.1	•	138	138	283	370	653
Recoverable expenditure	11.2	LO	60	13		24	24
Staff debt	11.3	22	24	46	12	52	37
Fruitless and wasteful expenditure				•			
Other receivables	11.5			· V	2	•	10
Total		72	170	197	300	419	719

Claims recoverable 11.1

2020/21 R'000 138 138 2021/22 R'000 Note Annex 4 National departments Total

653

653

This represents claim for expenditure paid on behalf of Independent Police Investigative Directorate (IPID) and received on 5 April 2022 therefore in the 2022/23 financial year.

Recoverable expenditure (disallowance accounts) 11.2

1.2 Necoverable experimente (disanonalité accounts)			
	Note	2021/22	2020/21
	11	R'000	R'000
Disallowance: Damages & Losses: Current Assets		o	24
Salary Tax Debt		4	5
Total		13	24

Traffic fines and damages to hired vehicles under investigation before expensing or recovery as well as programmatically tax debt created by PERSAL

Staff debt 11.3

2020/21	R'000		37
2021/22	R'000	46	46
Note	The state of the s	int Asset	
		Debt Account: Currer	Total

Amounts previously disallowed for investigation and assessed as debt to be recovered from staff.

Other receivables 11.4

Mote 2021/22	15 R'000	stic: Claims: Private Entity: Claims Recoverable	
	CO 1580 OVERNO CE	Receivables: Domesti	Total

ro.	rto
	-

15

Amount overpaid to Volkswagen South Africa was received in April 2021.

Voted funds to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund 12.

	2021/22	2020/21
	R'000	R*000
Opening balance	5 624	5617
Prior period error	6	
As restated	5 624	5617
Transfer from statement of financial performance (as restated)	12.636	5 624
Add: Unauthorised expenditure for current year	**	83
Voted funds not requested/not received	**	
Paid during the year	(5 624)	(5 617)
Closing balance	12 636	5 624

Departmental revenue and NRF Receipts to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund 13.

	2021/22 R'000	2020/21 R'000
Opening balance		8
As restated Transfer from Statement of Financial Performance (as restated).	198	75
Own revenue included in appropriation Paid during the year	(185)	(78)
Closing balance		

2020/21 R'000		Overdraft with commercial banks (Foreign)	Overdraft with commercial banks (Local)		Consolidated Paymaster General Account	R:000	2021/22	
2020/21 R'000	7.5	*	*	•	•	00	122	
804	804		*	4	804		2020/21	

Payables - current 15.

	Note	2021/22	2020/21
	22/000	R'000	R'000
Amounts owing to other entities			
Advances received		.06	
Clearing accounts	15.1	21	
Other payables		4%	
Total		21	

403

403

2020/21 R'000 20 21 2021/22 R'000 Salary Deductions: Income Tax Salary Deductions: Housing Salary Deductions: Pension Fund Clearing accounts Total 15.1

336

403

Payables - non-current 16.

			2021/202	2	
		One to two years	Two to three years	More than three years	Total
	Note	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Amounts owing to other entities					
dvances received	16.1	•	KI	120	120
		•	***		
			٠	120	120

	۰		į			3
		1	ļ	1		,
		ì	į		2	
			t			2
			į			
						3
			t			)
		ļ				
		ļ				1
,	۰	i	i			
					i	
			۰	•	٩	۰

	Note	2021/22	2020/21
		R'000	R'000
Public entities	Annexore 8.B	120	
Total		120	

120

120

#### Net cash flow available from operating activities 17.

Advance received from Public Service Education and Training Authority for bursary opportunity to staff.

	2021/22	2020/21Y
	R'000	R'000
Net surplus (deficit) as per Statement of Financial Performance	12 801	
Add back non cash/cash movements not deemed operating activities	(4.852)	
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	273	
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments and advances	508	
Increase)/decrease in other current assets		
ncrease/(decrease) in payables – current	(382)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(88)	
(Increase)/decrease in other financial assets	40	
Expenditure on capital assets	923	
Surrenders to Revenue Fund	(5.789)	
Voted funds not requested/not received	<b>(</b> )	
Own revenue included in appropriation	r	
Other non-cash items	*	
Net cash flow generated by operating activities	7 949	

	000	0.000	106	206	(510)	473	93	2	5 632	(5 695)	20	20	20	5 805
2020/21Y	R,000													

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents for cash flow purposes 18

	2021/22	2020/21
		R'000
Consolidated Paymaster General account	8 567	(804)
Fund requisition account		55
Cash receipts		*
Disbursements	(2 011)	80
Cash on hand		
Total	6 556	(804)

- Contingent liabilities and contingent assets 19
- Contingent liabilities 19.1

2020/21	R'000		*3	•	380	200		280
2021/22	R'000		***	*	99	300	*	366
Note					Annexure 3	Annews 4		
		Nature	Employees	Employees	int	(unconfirmed balances)		
		Liable to	Motor vehicle guarantees	Housing loan guarantees	Claims against the department	Intergovernmental payables (unconfirmed balances)	Offier	Total

The post of Secretary for Police Service was upgraded from Level 15 to 16 as from 1 October 2021 - former Secretary might have a possible claim for back dated upgrade. The department is involved in pending litigation and will only be in a position to pay an amount (if any) when these cases are finalised. Due to the sensitivity of the matter/s more detail of the litigation cannot be disclosed

### NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2022

20. Capital commitments

	2021/22	2020/21
Capital commitments	K-000	Kunn
Machinery and equipment	6.825	150
Total	6 825	120

The amount includes an estimation of possible capital Information Technology equipment of which the detail is not currently available as it will depend on the value as invoiced and exchange rate fluctuations.

Accruals and payables not recognised

21 1 Accruais

2021/22 2020/21		Total 996 Total	966	2021/22 2020/21 R'000 R'000	411 260 30	295	966
		30 Days 30+ Days	966	Mate			
	Listed by economic classification	Goods and services	Total		Listed by programme fevel Administration Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships Legislation and Policy Development	Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation	Total

210

210

84 14 14

50			2021/22	2020/21
			R'000	R'000
Listed by economic classification				
r.	30 Days	30+ Days	Total	Total
Goods and services	137	(A)	137	1054
Total	137	<b>X</b>	137	1 054
			2021/22 R'000	2020/21 R'000
Listed by programme level Administration			g	
Inter-Sectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships			2	139
Legislation and Policy Development			9	10
Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation			50	52
Total			137	1 054
		Note	2021/22	2020/21
Included in the above totals are the following:			R'000	R:000
Confirmed balances with other departments		Amex 5		
Confirmed balances with other government entities		Amex 5		1
Cotal				225

22. Employee benefits		
	2021/22	2020/21
	R'000	R'000
Leave entitlement	2713	5.70
Service bonus	2 858	2 861
Performance awards:		
Capped leave	437	434
Other	72	, and the second
Total	080.9	9 002

Lease commitments 23.1

Finance leases

2021/22	Machinery and equipment	Total
	R'000	R'000
Not later than 1 year	6	
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		
Later than five years	*	
Total lease commitments	6	

2020/21	Machinery and equipment	
	R'000	
Not later than 1 year	40	
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		
Later than five years	E.	
Total lease commitments	40	

40

Total R'000

The department has finance lease for photocopiers that expires in 2022/23. The new procurement process is still in process.

Irregular expenditure Reconciliation of irregula
24. 24.1

	2021/22	2020/21
	R'000	R'000
Opening balance	39 305	39 305
Prior period error		
As restated	39 305	39 305
Add: Irregular expenditure – relating to prior year	a.	(4
Add: Irregular expenditure - relating to current year	62	79
Less: Prior year amounts condoned	10	•
Less: Current year amounts condoned		•
Less: Prior year amounts not condoned and removed	(11 788)	
Less: Current year amounts not condoned and removed	30.*	
Less: Amounts recoverable (current and prior year)	13	1)
Less: Amounts written off	30	X.
Closing balance	27 517	39 305
Analysis of closing balance		
Current year	19.	3
Prior years	27 517	39.305
	200	
Total	27 517	39 305

Details of irregular expenditure removed - (not condoned) 24.2 Incid

Incident	Not condoned by relevant authority	2021/22 R'000
Routledge Modise Incorporated	Not condoned by National Treasury	10 209
Mpangazitha Projects	Not condoned by National Treasury	760
Zama-Isizwe Trading and Transport	Not condoned by National Treasury	493
Dumisani Mhlaba	Not condoned by National Treasury	5
N.N Ntshangase	Not condoned by National Treasury	14
Miotywa Catering Services	Not condoned by National Treasury	36
CIPS	Not condoned by National Treasury	00
Government Printing Works	Not condoned by National Treasury	116
Forever Resorts	Not condoned by National Treasury	140
Total		11 788

The department applied for amounts to be condoned by National Treasury which was not approved. The Accounting Officer then approved removal without being condoned in terms of prescribed framework on irregular expenditure

Details of irregular expenditures under assessment (not included in the main note)

Incident	2021/22
	R.000
Procurement of air conditioners	12
Procurement of hand sanitizers	10
Procurement of testing sanitizers.	ıo
Procurement of infrared thermometers	9
Procurement of surface sanitisers, gloves and soaps	2
Procurement of face shields / visors	
Non-compliance with Delegation of Authority	90
Procurement of catering services	35
Procurement of legal services	807
Procurement of legal services	381
Procurement of venue and facility services	196
Total	1362

These cases were reported to the Accounting Officer for assessment and investigation to determine irregularity or not

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure 25. 25.1

Reconciliation of fruitless and wasteful expenditure

	2021/22	2020/21
	R'000	R'000
Opening balance	32	209
Prior period error		
As restated	32	209
Fruitless and wasteful expenditure – relating to prior year	18	10
Fruitless and wasteful expenditure – relating to current year	2	17
Less: Amounts recoverable	(2)	(11)
Less: Amounts written off	1	(193)
Closing balance	32	32

2021/22 25.2 Details of current and prior year fruitless and wasteful expenditure – added current year (under determination and investigation) Disciplinary steps taken/criminal proceedings Traffic fines to be recovered Traffic fines Incident Total

2

#### Related party transactions 26.

The nature of the relationship between CSPS and its related parties is that all the institutions report to the Minister of Police;

South African Police Service Independent

Police Investigative Directorate

Private Security Industry Regulatory Authority

Key management personnel 27.

	No. of Individuals	2021/22	2020/21
		R'000	R'000
Political office bearers (provide detail below)			2000000
Officials:			
Level 15 to 16	2	2 025	
Level 14 (incl. CFO if at a lower level)	9	7 768	
Family members of key management personnel			
Total		9791	

9 818

1 886

Movable Tangible Capital Assets 28.

R'000	MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	Transport assets	Computer equipment	Furniture and office equipment	Other machinery and equipment	TOTAL MOVABLE TANGER E CABITAL ASSETS
	Opening balance R'000	4 080	7 546	2 972	•	14 508
		250	400	195		846
	Closing Balance R'000	3 896	7 946	3 167		45,009

The additions exclude the amount of R78 000 in Note 7.3 for finance leases

Number	65
	Included in the above total of the movable tangible capital assets per the asset register are assets that are under investiga tion:  Machinery and equipment

173

Value R'000

Movement for 2020/21 28.1

Assets reported as stolen or lost - investigation outcome still pending

MOVEMENT IN MOVABLE LANGIBLE CATTLAL AGORTO YER AGORT REGISTER TOX THE TEAK ENDERS LINARICA 2021	IS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR				The same of the sa
	Opening balance	Prior period error	Additions	Disposals	Closing Balance
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	11 290	345	5 465	2157	14 598
Transport assets	3 106	Œ	974	*	4 080
Computer equipment	2 090	09	4 448	1 992	7 546
Furniture and office equipment	3 094	KIE -	43	165	2 972
Other machinery and equipment	100 (2)	*	20	*	**
TOTAL MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	11 290	•	5 465	2.157	14 598

Opening balance Additions Disposals TOTAL MINOR ASSETS	Machinery and equipment R'000	
Opening balance Additions Disposals TOTAL MINOR ASSETS	R.000	Total
Opening balance Additions Disposals TOTAL MINOR ASSETS		R'000
Disposals TOTAL MINOR ASSETS	3 021	3 021
TOTAL MINOR ASSETS		
	3 139	3 139
	Machinery and equipment	Total
Number of R1 minor assets		
Number of minor assets at cost	2308	2308
TOTAL NUMBER OF MINOR ASSETS	2308	2308

#### Minor assets

MOVEMENT IN MINOR ASSETS PER THE ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED AS AT 31 MARCH 2021		
	Machinery and equipment	Total
	R'000	R'000
Opening balance	3 444	3 444
Additions	122	122
Disposais	545	545
TOTAL MINOR ASSETS	3 021	3 021
	Machinery and equipment	Total
Number of R1 minor assets	*250	4750
Mailing about a special at cost	OC. I	200
TOTAL NUMBER OF MINOR ASSETS	1759	1759

#### Intangible Capital Assets 29.

	Opening balance	Additions	Disposals	Closing Balance
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
SOFTWARE	778			778
TOTAL INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	778		,	778

21	
020/	
29	
₽	
ent	
ЕШ	
Jo	
~	
_	
29.	

	Opening balance R'000	Additions R'000	Disposals R'000	Closing Balance R'000
SOFTWARE	877	6	0.	778
TOTAL INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	778			778

#### Immovable Tangible Capital Assets

30. Immovable Tangible Capital Assets				
	Opening balance	Additions	Disposals	Closing Balance
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
BUILDINGS AND OTHER FIXED STRUCTURES	22	¥C	•	22
Dwellings		4		78.
Non-residential buildings	22	104		22
Other fixed structures	220	10	€i	
TOTAL IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	22	*	*	22

#### NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2022

30.1 Movement for 2020/21

Opening balance R'000					
22 R'000		Opening balance	Additions	Disposals	5
22 . 22		R'000	R*000	R'000	R'000
. 22	BUILDINGS AND OTHER FIXED STRUCTURES	22	3.5	2*	
	Dwellings	1	in the second		
- 52	Non-residential buildings	22			
	Other fixed structures	100	ig.	100	
92					
	TOTAL IMMOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	22	34	(1.4.)	

31. Prior period errors
31.1 Correction of prior period errors

20 755 137 168 63 632 22 641 Restated 2020/21 R'000 2 685 (649) (1447) (589) 2020/21 R'000 60 947 23 290 22 202 30 729 137 168 Amount before error 2020/21 R'000 5 5 2 2 Programme 1: Changed from Adjusted Appropriation to Final Appropriation Programme 2: Changed from Adjusted Appropriation to Final Appropriation Programme 3: Changed from Adjusted Appropriation to Final Appropriation Programme 4: Changed from Adjusted Appropriation to Final Appropriation Revenue: Annual appropriation and Appropriation Statement Net effect In the published financial statements of 2020/21 Note 1.1 reflected the amounts of the adjusted appropriation instead of the final appropriation which is what the note requires. The 2020/21 figures are restated to agree with the final appropriation as per Appropriation Statement.

error Restated Amount			(120)	120 120	. 120
Amount before error Prior period error correction	R'000 R'000		120	×	120
Aore			15 and Annexure 5B	16 and Amexure 5B	
		Liabilities: Payables current and non-current.	Advances received current reduced	Advances received non-current increased	Net effect

Prior period error re-classify advance received from current to non-current.

#### BROAD BASED BLACK ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT PERFORMANCE 32

Information on compliance with the B-BBEE Act is included in the annual report under the section titled B-BBEE Compliance Performance Information.

#### COVID 19 Response Expenditure 33.

	Annexure 6	R'000	R'000
Compensation of employees			Y STATE OF THE STA
Goods and services		177	
Transfers and subsidies		77	
Expenditure for capital assets		*	
Other	2	57467	
Total		7.71	

127

426

# ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ANNEXURE 1A STATEMENT OF CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND OTHER TRANSFERS PAID TO MUNICIPALITIES

-	Actual	R'000	7	2
2020/21	Division of Revenue Act	R'000	5	(4)
	% of available funds spent by municipality	%	100%	100%
	Unspent	R'000	6	•
SPENT	Amount spent by municipality	R'000	14	14
	Amount received by municipality	R'000	4.	14
ěz.	Re-allocations by National Treasury or National Department	%	(6)	
TRANSFER	Funds Withheld	R'000	6	.50
	Actual	R'000	***	44
	Total Available	R'000	in.	15
GRANT ALLOCATION	Adjustments	R'000	Ø	on
GRANT	Roll	R'000	5	×
	DoRA and other transfers	R'000	9	9
NAME OF MUNICIPALITY			City of Tshwane Motor license fees	TOTAL

ANNEXURE 1B STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS TO DEPARTMENTAL AGENCIES AND ACCOUNTS

DEPARTMENTAL AGENCY/ ACCOUNT		TRANSFER ALLOCATION	LLOCATION		TRAN	TRANSFER	2020/21
	Adjusted	Roll Overs	Adjustments	Total Available	Actual Transfer	% of Available funds Transferred	Final Appropriation
	R'000	R*000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000
Safety and Security Sector Education and Training Authority	204	S#3.	50 <b>8</b> 00	204	108	53%	121
TOTAL	204		*	204	108		121

ANNEXURE 1C STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS TO HOUSEHOLDS

HOUSEHOLDS		TRANSFER ALLOCATION	LLOCATION		EXPEN	EXPENDITURE	2020/21
	Adjusted Appropriation Act	Roll Overs	Adjustments	Total Available	Actual Transfer	% of Available funds Transferred	Final Appropriation
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000
Transfers Leave Gratuity	43	1(2)	245	288	287	100%	533
TOTAL	43		245	288	287	100%	533

ANNEXURE 2 CLAIMS RECOVERABLE

GOVERNMENT ENTITY	CONFIRMED BALANCE OUTSTANDING	ICE OUTSTANDING	UNCONFIRM	NCONFIRMED BALANCE OUTSTANDING	TOTAL	¥	CASH IN TRANSITA	CASH IN TRANSIT AT YEAR END 2021/22"
	31/03/2022	31/03/2021	31/03/2022	31/03/2021	31/03/2022	31/03/2021	Receipt date up to six (6) working days after year end	Amount
	R'000	R:000	R'000	R.000	R'000	R'000		R'000
Department Independent Police Investigative Directorate:	60		•	653	138	653	05/04/2022	138
TOTAL	138		0	653	138	653	72	138

# ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ANNEXURE 3 STATEMENT OF CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

NATURE OF LIABILITY	OPENING	LIABILITIES	LIABILITIES PAID/CANCELL ED	LIABILITIES	CLOSING BALANCE
	1 April 2021	DURING THE YEAR	REDUCED DURING THE YEAR	(PROVIDE DETAILS HEREUNDER)	31 March 2022
	R.000	R'000	R'000	R.000	R'000
Claims against the department Possible claim from law firm for litigation against the department	380	197	(380)	*	:le
Possible claim for upgrade of Post Secretary for Police Service from Level 15 to Level 16	184	99	<u> </u>	0.8	88
Subtotal	380	99	(380)	r.	98
TOTAL	380	99	(380)	114	99

INTER-GOVERNMENT PAYABLES **ANNEXURE 4** 

GOVERNMENT ENTITY	CONFIRMED BALANCE OUTSTANDING	BALANCE	UNCONFIRM	UNCONFIRMED BALANCE OUTSTANDING	TOTAL	=	CASH IN TRANSIT AT YEAR END 2021/22	AT YEAR END
	31/03/2022	31/03/2021	31/03/2022	31/63/2021	31/03/2022	31/03/2021	Payment date up to six (6) working days before year end	Amount
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000		R'000
DEPARTMENTS								
Non-current Department of Justice and Constitutional Development	÷	*	300	200	300	200		
Subtotal			300	200	300	200		
TOTAL			300	200	300	200		
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL PAYABLES			300	200	300	200		

ANNEXURE 5A INTER-ENTITY ADVANCES PAID (note 10)

ENTITY	CONFIRMED BALANCE OUTSTANDING	E OUTSTANDING	UNCONFIRMED BALANCE OUTSTANDING	D BALANCE NDING	TOTAL	=
	31/03/2022	31/03/2021	31/03/2022	31/03/2021	31/03/2022	31/03/2021
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
NATIONAL DEPARTMENTS						
Government Communication and Information Systems (GCIS)	308	284	E	10	308	284
Subtotal	308	284			308	284
TOTAL	308	284	*	*	308	28

# ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ANNEXURE 5B INTER-ENTITY ADVANCES RECEIVED (Note 15 and Note 16)

ENTITY	CONFIRMED BALANCE OUTSTANDING	ICE OUTSTANDING	UNCONFIRMED BALANCE OUTSTANDING	D BALANGE NDING	OT.	TOTAL
	31/03/2022	31/03/2021	31/03/2022	31/03/2021	31/03/2022	31/03/2021
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
PUBLIC ENTITIES						
Current						
Public Service Education and Training Authority (PSETA)	25	*		1	*	
Subtotal		39	88		Ø	100
Non-Current						
Public Service Education and Training Authority (PSETA)	120	120	WS	260	120	120
Subtotal	120	120			120	120
TOTAL	120	120		(4.)	120	120
Current	200	383	- 11	300	22	20
Non-current	120	120			120	120

# ANNEXURES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ANNEXURE 6

COVID 19 RESPONSE EXPENDITURE Per quarter and in total

EXPENDITURE PER ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION			2021/22			2020/21
	10	07	03	40	Total	Total
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R.000	R'000	R'000
Compensation of employees	63	*	#1.5 227	•	*	127
Goods and services	37	119	21	•	177	299
Consumable Supplies	37	78	(J.*3)	in	115	135
Fleet Services	Y	K.	10	10	*	74
Property Payments: Fumigation Services	360	41	21	2.	62	06
TOTAL COVID 19 RESPONSE EXPENDITURE	37	119	21		111	426

NOTES	
-	
<	
<u> </u>	

#### **HEAD OFFICE**

268 Lillian Ngoyi Street Fedsure Forum Building, 2nd floor PRETORIA

Private Bag X922 PRETORIA 0001

#### www.policesecretariat.gov.za

RP: 244/2022

ISBN: 978-0-621-50554-2