DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES

NO. 302 **08 MARCH 2019**

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES

FERTILIZERS, FARM FEEDS, AGRICULTURAL REMEDIES AND STOCK REMEDIES ACT, 1947 (ACT No. 36 OF 1947)

PROPOSED REGULATIONS REGARDING STOCK REMEDIES

I, Senzeni Zokwana, Minister for Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, acting under Section 23 of the Fertilizers, Farm Feeds, Agricultural Remedies and Stock Remedies Act, 1947 (Act No. 36 of 1947), hereby-

(a) make known that I intend to make regulations on Stock Remedies in the schedule to come into force on 1 April 2019; and

(b) invite interested persons to submit any objections to or representations concerning the proposed regulations in writing to the Registrar: Fertilizers, Farm Feeds, Agricultural Remedies and Stock Remedies Act, 1947 (Act No. 36 of 1947), Private bag X 343, Pretoria, 0001, or via email to MalutaM@daff.gov.za; within eight weeks from date of publication hereof.

S Zokwana
Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries.

INDEX

1. Definitions

In these regulations,

"applicant" means the person in whose name an application for the registration of a stock remedy has been filed;

"fee" means the prescribed fees as published annually by Minister in a Government Gazette;

''complaint" means any written, electronic, or oral communication that alleges deficiencies related to the identity, quality, durability, reliability, safety, effectiveness, or performance of a stock remedy after it is released for distribution

"establishment" means the premises where stock remedy is manufactured, controlled, packed, marked or labelled for the purpose of sale

"extra-label use" means the use of a stock remedy by a veterinarian without following the label recommendations

"invoice" means a detailed list of goods sold or services rendered with an account of all costs listed per item.

"label" means any written, printed or graphic representation attached to or included in a container of a stock remedy;

"manufacture" means make, compound, mix, formulate, process, package and label for purpose of sale and, "manufacturing" and "manufacturing process" have a similar meaning;

"manufacturer" means a person or entity that manufacture a stock remedy;

"minister" means the Minister of Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries;

"registered name" means the name of stock remedy approved by the Registrar under which a stock remedy is registered

"registration holder" means the person to whom a certificate of registration in respect of a particular stock remedy has been issued;

"republic" means Republic of South Africa

"SANS" means South African National Standards;

"sworn translator" means a person admitted and enrolled by any division of the Supreme Court (High Court) in terms of Rule 59 of the Rules of Superior Court Practice.

"the Act" means the Fertilizer, Farm Feeds, Agricultural Remedies and Stock Remedies Act, 1947 (Act No. 36 of 1947)

"trademark" means a mark to which the holder of the registration has the right, either as owner or a `registered user thereof, to distinguish his/her stock remedy from that of any other manufacturer but excludes the registered name of a stock remedy as intended in these regulations;

PART I

REGISTRATION

2. Application for registration

(1) An application in terms of section 3(1) of the Act, for the registration or amendments of a stock remedy must be submitted to the Registrar in duplicate on form obtainable from the Registrar's office.

(2) An application may only be made by a person who is resident in the Republic or, in the case of a juristic person, who has a registered office in the Republic.

(3) An application shall be accompanied by:

(a) the applicable fee;
(b) two copies of application form signed by an approved person;
(c) two copies of a typed label, in English. If any other language is used such label shall be submitted in duplicate with an affidavit from the sworn translator declaring the label to be a true translation of the English label;
(d) all scientific documentation necessary for demonstrating the safety, quality and efficacy of the product;
(e) in the case of:
  (i) clinical trial(s), approval by an Animal Ethics Committee, which conforms to SANS 10386: 2008
  (ii) manufacture and quality assurance, a copy of a Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) certificate or other recognised accreditation certificate
  (iii) analytical and laboratory data, proof or confirmation of compliance with Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) or a quality assurance certificate issued by a recognised authority.
(f) a detailed and critical expert report that has been drafted and signed by a person with the requisite technical or professional qualifications and that has a brief curriculum vitae of the person signing the report attached to it;
(g) proof of the existence of a manufacturing site, which may include a Site Master File;
(h) the Registrar may request additional data or sample which may assist in evaluation of a stock remedy

(4) The information referred to in sub-regulation (3) shall be submitted in English

(5) In a case of a stock remedy registered in terms of the Act is to be registered in favour of another person or company, such an application must be accompanied by a declaration from the registration holder that such registration can be made in favour another person or company.

Period of validity and renewal of registration

3. (1) a registration issued in terms of section 3(3) of the Act will be valid for a period of three years after registration.

(2) A registration referred in sub-regulation (1) which has expired may be renewed in terms of section 3(4) (a) of the Act if it has been submitted to the Registrar's office on a prescribed form obtainable from the Registrar's office.

(3) An application for the renewal of a registration shall--

(a) be made by the registration holder on the form obtainable from the Registrar's office;
(b) be submitted to the Registrar at least three months before the expiry date of the registration concerned; and
(c) be accompanied by the applicable renewal fee

(4) An application made in terms of sub-regulation 3(1) which:

(a) is received by the Registrar after the expiry date, but not more than 30 days after such expiry date, shall be considered only if it is accompanied by the late penalty fee;

(a) which is received by the Registrar after the days of grace referred to in sub-regulation 3(4)(a) will not be considered for renewal. An application for reinstatement must be made.

(5) Any person who applies for the renewal of a registration in terms of this regulation shall in an affidavit confirm that the details furnished with such application in respect of the stock remedy concerned or of a label which is being used in connection therewith, do not deviate in any manner whatsoever from the congruent details which have already been registered or approved in relation to that stock remedy or label.

(6) A renewal of a registration for a registered stock remedy in terms of section 3(4) (a) of the Act shall be granted on condition that during the period of registration –

(a) the formulation of the stock remedy concerned shall not deviate from the formulation which is registered in respect thereof;
(b) the details which are approved to be indicated on a label or container used in connection with the sale of the stock remedy concerned, shall not be altered without the prior written approval of the Registrar;
(c) the details of the manufacturer of the active ingredient/s and the formulated product shall not differ from the approved details; and
(d) all conditions determined by the Registrar are met.

Application for transfer of a registration

4. (1) An application for transfer of a registration shall be made by, a person who is resident in the Republic or, in the case of a juristic person, who has a registered office in the Republic.

(2) Such application shall be accompanied by:

(a) two copies of the application form obtainable from the Registrar's office;
(b) be accompanied by the application fee;
(c) the reasons for the transfer;
(d) the current registration certificate of the stock remedy to be transferred;
(e) a written consent from the current registration holder of the stock remedy authorising the transfer of the registration;
(f) a letter of acceptance from the new applicant
(g) a declaration from the new applicant confirming that the particulars furnished in the application and the approved label, remain identical to those on the registered stock remedy with the exception of the details of the registration holder.

Return of registration certificate

5. A registration certificate that is returned in terms of section 4A (3) of the Act, should reach the Registrar within 14 days of the day on which –

(a) the person to whom the particular registration certificate has been issued is informed in writing in terms of section 5 of the Act of the reason for cancellation of such registration;
(b) the registration of the stock remedy has lapsed in terms of section 4A (2) of the Act;
(c) in case of transfer or amendments a new certificate is issued upon approval of such application; and
(d) if the original certificate of registration is lost, an affidavit must be submitted to the Registrar's office confirming that the certificate of registration is lost.

PART II

LABELLING, CONTAINERS AND ADVERTISEMENTS

Containers of stock remedy

6. (1) Subject to the provisions of any other law relating to containers, a container in which a quantity of a stock remedy is packed for sale, shall at the time of packing:

(a) be approved by the Registrar
(b) be in good condition, without damage and be clean
(c) be closed or sealed in the manner approved by the Registrar

(2) The container shall–

(a) once the contents thereof have been used, not be permitted for use for any other purpose; and
(b) in the case of a liquid stock remedy, prevent spillage when pouring out the contents thereof.

(3) Subject to the provisions of the Legal Metrology Act, 2014 (Act No. 9 of 2014), in containers that have been sealed or closed in a manner allowed by the nature of the stock remedy and containers shall be labelled or marked in terms of the provisions of Regulation 7.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-regulation 6(1), a stock remedy may be sold in a manner other than in the approve containers if:

(a) the container used is the same as the approved container in which the product is sold; and
(b) the requirements of these regulations are met.

Labelling of containers

7. (1) No person may sell any stock remedy in a container without an approved label.

(2) A container of a stock remedy shall not be labelled with any marks or signs other than the prescribed details in the labelling requirements and those approved by the Registrar or in terms of a provision of any other law.

(3) The following as per the guideline must be provided on the immediate packaging; outer container; package insert, in legible characters—

(a) the words "'For (external) animal use only"
(b) the class of the remedy
(c) where applicable, the words "'Restricted use in terms of the Veterinary and Para-Veterinary Professions Act, 1982 (Act No. 19 of 1982)
where applicable, the words "'for a notifiable or controlled diseases in terms of the Animal Diseases and Parasites Act, 1984 (Act No. 35 of 1984)
(d) name of remedy (Trade name)
(e) registration number
(f) claims for Remedy, the target species;
(g) toxicity Indications
(h) storage Instructions
(i) manufacturing date
(j) expiry date
(k) composition, Contents, i.e. volume or quantity of product pack
(l) name and Address of Registration Holder (Applicant)
(m) warning(s)
(n) precautions
(o) directions for use
(p) lot number, expiry date and date of manufacture
(q) for food-producing species, the withdrawal period for each species or animal product concerned
(r) information on disposal of containers and expired stock remedy

(4) Approval of labelling does not absolve the registration holder from the obligations of complying with the South African National Standards or any other relevant legislation.

Approval of advertisements

8. (1) No advertisement shall be published, screened or broadcast without prior approval of the Registrar.

(2) Approval of advertisements does not absolve any person or company from the obligations of complying with the prescriptions of the Advertising Standards Authority of South Africa or any other relevant legislation.

Publication or distribution of false or misleading advertisements

9. (1) No person shall publish or distribute any false or misleading advertisement relating to a stock remedy.

(2) Stock remedies which fall within Group A and B may not be advertised to the public

(3) Specific scientific claims in an envisaged advertisement must be submitted for approval by the Registrar.

(4) The advertisement shall have the following details:

(a) An advertisement shall when published in a newspaper, magazine or media furnish a minimum of the following;
(i) the trade mark, if any, and the trade name of the stock remedy;
(ii) where it is applicable furnish the hazard statement;
(iii) indicate the name and amounts of the active ingredient which it contains;
(iv contain the registration number of the stock remedy in question together with a reference to the Act as “Reg. No. ……. Act 36/1947”; and
(v) the name, contact details and address of the registration holder.

(2) An advertisement shall, when screened or broadcast, have those details referred to in sub-regulation 4 (a)(1) (i) and (iv).

(3) Any reference in an advertisement to--

(a) an active ingredient; and
(b) the instructions for use, claims, application or administration

shall correspond to those details approved on the label or be based on the data filed in support of the application for registration of the stock remedy being advertised.

(4) Any statement made in advertisements must be supported with scientific data which must be submitted to the Registrar.

(5) All advertisements must comply with the prescripts of the Advertising Standards Authority of South Africa (ASA).

PART III
PRODUCT CLASS AND EXTRA-LABEL USE

Product classes

10 (1) The following are the classes of stock remedy:

(a) Group A – Prescription stock remedy; for access and use only by Veterinarians registered in terms of the Veterinary and Para-Veterinary professions Act, 1982 (Act No. 19 of 1982). Not to be advertised to the general public

(b) Group B – stock remedy for access or use by Veterinarian or Para- Veterinary Professionals registered in terms of Veterinary and Para-Veterinary Professions Act, 1982 (Act No. 19 of 1982 ; Not to be advertised to the general public

(c) Group C – stock remedy available over the counter for access by the general public. May be advertised to the general public.

(d) The Registrar shall publish a list of stock remedies referred to in sub-regulations (10)(1)(a), (b) and (c) in a Government Gazette.

Extra-label use of stock remedies

11.(1) The extra-label use of any stock remedy shall be carried out under the following conditions:

(a) only a veterinarians registered in terms of the Veterinary and Para-Veterinary Professions Act, 1982 (Act No. 19 of 1982) may use a stock remedy in a manner other than that indicated on the label (extra-label);

(b) only stock remedy a registered in terms of the Act may be used extra-label

(c) a stock remedy may only be used extra-label if there is no other stock remedy registered for that purpose in that species of animals

(d) a stock remedy used in terms of regulation(11) (extra-label) is not permitted for inclusion in animal feeds or for growth promotion purposes for use in animals producing food for human consumption without prior approval of the Registrar;

(e) a veterinarian using a stock remedy extra-label in food-producing animals shall specify an appropriate withdrawal period;

(f) the withdrawal period must ensure that, if there is a maximum residue limit specified for the active substance, the residue does not exceed that limit or pose a risk to public health.

(2) The veterinarian shall keep detailed records of the animals treated, the diagnosis or clinical assessment, the products administered, the dosage administered, the duration of treatment and the withdrawal period applied, for a minimum period of 5 years

(3) The Registrar shall publish a list of stock remedies prohibited for extra label use in the Government Gazette

PART IV

MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENTS

Manufacturing at establishment

12 (1) The practices in respect of the operation at an establishment and which relates to the manufacture of a stock remedy for the purpose of sale, shall be such that the composition and efficacy of the stock remedy in question complies with the details registered in respect thereof, and ensure that it possesses all the chemical, physical and other properties thus registered.

(2) Raw materials used for the manufacture of a stock remedy, and the stock remedy manufactured therefrom, shall be handled and stored at the premises of an establishment in such manner that--

(a) raw materials used for the manufacture of a stock remedy, and the stock remedy manufactured therefrom shall be handled and stored in such a manner that they are protected against damage, contamination and deterioration, and are stored under controlled access by authorised person

(3) Chemical or physical quality checks shall be made on each consignment of all raw materials used for the manufacture of a stock remedy and on the stock remedy manufactured from such raw materials by the person in whose favour a stock remedy is registered or by a competent body which is recognised for this purpose.

(4) An employee at an establishment who is responsible for the manufacture, control, packing, marking and / or labelling of a stock remedy shall –

(a) have the knowledge of the practices to be followed in the operation of the undertaking of such establishment and of the provisions of the Act which, in the opinion of the Registrar, is sufficient for the performance of the duty imposed upon such employee; and

(b) on request provide the Registrar with proof of all control tests carried out on the stock remedy product or the constituents and intermediate products of the manufacturing process in accordance with the data submitted in support of the application for the marketing authorisation

(5) The names of the raw materials to be used for the manufacture of a stock remedy shall be marked clearly and legibly on the containers thereof provided in such a manner that if raw materials are stored in bulk, the names of such raw materials shall be shown on the containers in or the places at which they are thus stored.

(6) If a stock remedy is not packed and labelled immediately after manufacture, the name thereof shall be shown on the containers in or places at which it is stored.

Suitability of establishment

13. (1) An establishment where a stock remedy is manufactured in term of section 3 (4)(a), for the purpose of sale, shall:

(a) have been inspected and issued with a Good Manufacturing Practice certificate; or
(b) have in place a system of Quality Assurance

(2) Such an establishment shall have in place facilities and equipment that ensure that a stock remedy shall be manufactured, packed and labelled in the manner determined in the dossier/submission and that the composition and efficacy of the stock remedy concerned complies with the requirements registered in respect thereof, and that it possesses the chemical, physical and other properties thus registered.

Records at establishments

14. (1) a person managing the establishment shall, in respect of each batch of the different stock remedy manufactured, controlled, packed or labelled on the premises, keep comprehensive records of:

(a) the results of quality checks which were made in terms of regulation 18(3) of the raw materials used for the manufacture of the stock remedy, comprising such batch, and of such stock remedy;

(b) the total quantity of the stock remedy comprising such batch and if packed, the number of containers in which it is packed;

(c) the names and addresses of the persons to whom the stock remedy was sold, the date and the quantity thereof which is sold to each such person;

(d) complaints which were received in connection with the composition, safety or efficacy of the stock remedy comprising such batch, or the chemical, physical or other properties thereof.

(2) The records to be kept at an establishment in terms of sub-regulation 14(1) as well as the formula for formulating a batch of a stock remedy shall be preserved at such establishment for at least five years after the date on which the batch was manufactured. In the case of raw materials after the date of first receipt, provided that if a complaint referred to in sub-regulation 14(1) (d) was received, the records in respect of the batch in question shall not be destroyed within five years from the date of such complaint. Records shall always be available at an establishment for inspection by the Registrar or authorised persons.

PART V

SAMPLING AND PERMISSIBLE DEVIATIONS

Sampling of stock remedy

15. (1) A stock remedy that is sold in containers shall be sampled by selecting at different places from the particular stock remedy the number of containers required to obtain a significant quantity for a sample of such a stock remedy, subject to the following conditions:

(a) Such containers shall be similarly labelled, and the stock remedy therein shall originate from the same batch.

(b) Where a sample is composed of the contents of more than one container, such a sample shall be thoroughly mixed before being divided;

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions sub-regulation15(1)(a), at least three sealed containers in which a stock remedy is sold, may also be taken as the sample of such stock remedy and the containers comprising such sample shall, without being opened, be divided in terms of section 15(3)(c) of the Act.

(2) A stock remedy which is not in an approved container shall be sampled by taking small quantities at different places from the bulk stock of such stock remedy to obtain a sufficient quantity for a sample. Such a sample must be thoroughly mixed before being divided in terms of section 15(3) (c) of the Act. Samples must be stored at the correct temperature, in accordance with registered storage conditions, until delivered to the analyst.

(3) The provisions of sub regulation 15 (2) shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to the sampling of a stock remedy referred to in sub regulation 15(1) prior to the packing thereof in containers, and the sampling of an active ingredient used in the manufacture of a stock remedy.

(4) Where a stock remedy in a container is of a perishable nature, or where for any reason the opening of the container would interfere with the analysis of the remedy unless such analysis were effected at the time of opening or immediately thereafter, at least three containers, similarly labelled and purporting to contain a similar stock remedy, shall be procured. The containers thus procured shall be split up into three groups, each of which

shall contain one or more unopened containers and which shall further be dealt with as prescribed by section 15(2) of the Act.

(5) A certificate which in terms of section 15(4) (b) of the Act is forwarded to an analyst together with a sample of the stock remedy, shall be in a prescribed form (Annexure B).

(6) A certificate on which the result of a test, examination or analysis of a sample of a stock remedy shall be recorded as set out in Annexure C.

(7) That part of a sample of a stock remedy may--

(a) if a certificate referred to in sub regulation 15(5) indicates that such sample does not possess the chemical, physical or other properties specified in the application for registration of the stock remedy concerned, or does not comply with any requirements referred to in these regulations, such certificate shall be retained until the action arising from such certificate is concluded; or

(b) otherwise be destroyed.

Permissible deviations in active ingredient contents

16. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these regulations, a stock remedy shall not be deemed to deviate in its registered active ingredient contents if a certificate referred to in regulation 15(5) in relation to the analysis of a sample of such a stock remedy indicates that the active ingredient concentration is within 10 % of the registered label claim, when the product is within its shelf life, and stored as instructed.

PART VI

HANDLING, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL OF STOCK REMEDY

Handling of Group I Stock remedy

17. Any person in control of an establishment selling, supplying or making available Danger group I stock remedy must be licensed in terms of the regulations promulgated in terms of the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973), comply with the conditions of sale or supply of Group I hazardous substances and keep such records as required.

Disposal of stock remedy

18. (1) a stock remedy shall only be disposed of by a waste treatment facility authorised to destroy medicines or pharmaceutical waste in terms of the National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008).

(2) No stock remedy shall be disposed of into municipal sewerage systems or buried underground.

PART VII

IMPORTS

Importation of Stock remedy

19. No person shall import a stock remedy into the Republic unless such remedy is registered: Provided that the Registrar may permit, in writing, the importations into the Republic of a specified quantity of a stock remedy which is not registered for purposes of experimentation or for some purpose

other than the sale of such remedy.

Harbours and places through which imports may be made

20. No person shall import any stock remedy in terms of section 16 of the Act, into the Republic except through one of the following ports of entry:

(a) Cape Town International Airport or harbour;
(b) Port Elizabeth International Airport or harbour;
(c) King Shaka International Airport or Durban harbour; and
(d) O.R. Tambo International Airport.
(e) any other entry point that the Registrar may permit on application or request

PART VIII

APPEALS

Submission of appeals

21. (1) An appeal in terms of section 6 of the Act shall be submitted to the Minister by delivering the documentation to the Director-General within 60 days of the date on which the reasons for the decision to appeal, were furnished in terms of section 5 of the Act.

(2) Such appeal shall:

(a) be in the form of a written statement which is sworn to or attested;
(b) state the reference number and date of the document by means of which such applicant or person was given notice of that decision;
(c) state the grounds on which the appeal is based;
(d) be accompanied by the documents relating to the subject of the appeal; and
(e) be accompanied by the prescribed fee

(3) If such appeal is submitted by a person other than the person in respect of whom the decision concerned was furnished, the appeal concerned shall be accompanied by a statement in which the person concerned discloses interest in that decision or action.

4) The amount referred to in sub-regulation 21(2)(e) shall be paid by cheque, postal order, electronic fund transfer or money order made out in favour of the Director-General: Agriculture: provided that if the appeal concerned is delivered by hand, such amount may be paid in cash.

Address for submission of appeals

22. An appeal referred to in sub-regulation 22(1) shall:

(1) when forwarded by post, be addressed to the Director-General, Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, Private Bag X 250, Pretoria, 0001; and / or

(2) when delivered by hand, be delivered to the Director-General, Department of Agriculture, Agriculture Place, 20 Steve Biko Street, Pretoria.

PART IX

GENERAL

Offences and penalties

23. Any person who refuses or fails to comply with the provisions of these regulations shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine or imprisonment or to both a fine and imprisonment.

Payment of fees

24. (1) the postage and delivery costs of any application or document submitted in terms of these regulations shall be paid by the sender.

(2) fees payable in terms of these regulations must be paid by cheque, cash or electronic payment;

(3) fees paid in terms of these regulations, except in terms of Section 6 of the Act, are not refundable.

Address for submission of documents

25. Any application or document or anything else pertaining thereto, which is required in terms of these regulations to be submitted to the Registrar shall:

(1) when forwarded by post, be addressed to:
The Registrar: Act No. 36 of 1947, Private Bag X 343, Pretoria, 0001; and / or

(2) when forwarded by rail or delivered by hand, be addressed or delivered to:
The Registrar: Act No. 36 of 1947, Agriculture Building, 20 Steve Biko Street, Pretoria.

Amendment and repeal of certain regulations

26. The following regulations are hereby repealed:

(1) The Regulations relating to Stock remedy published under Government Gazette Notice No. R857 of 28 May 1971 and;

(2) The Regulations relating to Stock remedy published under Government Notice No. R. 1449 of 1 July 1983 and;

(3) The Regulations relating to Stock remedy published under Government Gazette Notice No. R956 of 29 September 2006

ANNEXURE A

14

agriculture,
forestry & fisheries

Department:
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

CERTIFICATE IN RESPECT OF COLLECTION OF SAMPLES
IN TERMS OF SECTION 15 OF ACT No. 36 OF 1947
Fertilizers, Farm Feeds, Agricultural Remedies and Stock Remedies Act, 1947 (Act No. 36 of 1947)
(To be completed in duplicate)

I here by certify that the accompanying sample of Stock Remedy identified by the above serial number, was taken by me on _____.day of _____20_____
At _____ in the presence of _____
**(Name of owner/person in charge of stocks/witness)*
from the stock of _____
(Name and address of seller/manufacturer)

PARTICULARS OF STOCK REMEDY FROM WHICH SAMPLE WAS TAKEN

1. *Name of registration holder _____*
2. *Name of company_____*
3. *Name of product† _____*
4. *Registration number† _____.Act 36/1947*
5. *Manufacturer details _____*
6. *Composition of Stock Remedy†*
   6.1 *Chemical composition _____*
   (List chemicals which appear on the label)
   _____
   6.2 *Physical properties _____*
   _____
7. *Conditions of container from which sample was taken _____*
8. *Estimated quantity of Stock Remedy from which sample was taken:*
   8.1 Number of containers _____
   8.2 Capacity of containers _____
9. *Remarks _____*
   _____

_____ _____
Signature of witness *Registrar*

_____
Notes
* *Delete whichever is applicable.*
† *Shall be particulars as indicated on the affixed label of the containers from which the sample was taken or as it is marked on such containers, or if the Stock Remedy which is sampled, is not sold in containers, as it appears on the invoice which is supplied together with that Stock Remedy.*
‡ *One copy shall accompany each of the three parts of the sample and the forth copy shall be kept by the officer who took the sample.*

ANNEXURE B

15

Analyst address
……..……..……..

CERTIFICATE OF RESULTS OF ANALYSES OR TEST OF A SAMPLE OF ASTOCK REMEDY BY ANALYST
Fertilizers, Farm Feeds, Agricultural Remedies and Stock Remedies Act, 1947 (Act No. 36 of 1947)
(To be completed in duplicate)

I (full name) _____

of _____
a duly appointed analyst in terms of section 14 of the Fertilizer, Farm Feeds, Agricultural Remedies and Stock remedy Act, 1947 (Act 36 of 1947) do hereby make oath and state:

(a) that on _____ *I received a sample of* [(a)] _____

from _____ *by* _____ [(b)] *for analyses and/or test;*

(b) that the sample was labelled, sealed and marked[(c)] _____

_____

(c) that I have analysed and/or tested the said sample and as a result of the analyses and/or test I found it to be constituted as follows:

Pure active ingredient[(d)]

g/kg

(a) _____ _____|_____

(b) _____ _____|_____

(c) _____ _____|_____

Other ingredients (if required)

(a) _____ _____|_____

(b) _____ _____|_____

(c) _____ _____|_____

Remarks _____

_____

_____
Signature of analyst

ANNEXURE C

DECLARATION TO BE MADE IN THE PRESENCE OF JUSTICE OF PEACE/COMMISSIONER OF OATH.

TEL NO……

DATE …….. INITIALS AND SURNAME ……..

……
SIGNATURE OF THE DEPONENT

I certify that the deponent has acknowledged that he/she know and understands the contents of this declaration which was sworn to/affirmed before me and the dependents' signature/thumb print/mark was placed thereon in my presence.

……
JUSTICE OF PEACE/ COMMISSIONER OF OATH

Name and surname:……
(BLOCK LETTERS)

Designation (rank):…….. Ex Officio Republic of South Africa……...

Business address:……
(street address)

Date:……..

Place.....……

Notes

(a) State name of Stock Remedy as specified on label/insert name of person supplying the sample and state whether it was "by hand", "by post" or by courier.
(b) Insert distinguishing mark or number of sample.
(c) State names of particular chemical constituents and physical properties.
(d) State the name of the active ingredient