No. 3, 1956.]

Please note that most Acts are published in English and another South African official language. Currently we only have capacity to publish the English versions. This means that this document will only contain even numbered pages as the other language is printed on uneven numbered pages.

To provide for the imposition of restrictions on the institution of vexatious legal proceedings.

> (Afrikaans text signed by the Governor-General.) (Assented to 6th February, 1956.)

BE IT ENACTED by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, the Senate and the House of Assembly of the Union of South Africa, as follows:

Definitions.

- In this Act, unless the context otherwise indicates—

 "court" means any provincial or local division of the Supreme Court of South Africa and includes the High
 - Court of South-West Africa; (i)

 (ii) "State Attorney" means the officer appointed under paragraph (a) of sub-section (2) of section two of the State Attorney Act, 1925 (Act No. 25 of 1925). (ii)
- 2. (1) (a) If, on an application made by the State Attorney Powers of or any person acting under his written authority, the court to impose court is satisfied that any person has persistently and restrictions on without any reasonable ground instituted legal vexatious legal proceedings in any court or in any inferior court, proceedings. whether against the same person or against different persons, the court may, after hearing the person or giving him an opportunity of being heard, order that no legal proceedings shall be instituted by him against any person in any court or any inferior court without the leave of that court, or any judge thereof, or that inferior court, as the case may be, and such leave shall not be granted unless the court or judge or the inferior court, as the case may be, is satisfied that the proceedings are not an abuse of the process of the court and that there is prima facie ground for the proceedings.

(b) If, on an application made by any person against whom legal proceedings have been instituted by any other person or who has reason to believe that the institution of legal proceedings against him is contemplated by any other person, the court is satisfied that the said person has persistently and without any reasonable ground instituted legal proceedings in any court or in any inferior court, whether against the same person or against different persons, the court may, after hearing that other person or giving him an opportunity of being heard, order that no legal proceedings shall be instituted by him against any person in any court or any inferior court without the leave of that court, or any judge thereof, or that inferior court, as the case may be, and such

of the court and that there is prima facie ground for the proceedings.

(c) An order under paragraph (a) or (b) may be issued for an indefinite period or for such period as the court may determine, and the court may at any time, on good cause shown, rescind or vary any order so issued.

leave shall not be granted unless the court or judge or the inferior court, as the case may be, is satisfied that the proceedings are not an abuse of the process

(2) Any proceedings under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to be civil proceedings within the meaning of paragraph (c) of section three of the Appellate Division Further Jurisdiction Act, 1911 (Act No. 1 of 1911).

(3) The registrar of the court in which an order under subsection (1) is made, shall cause a copy thereof to be published as soon as possible in the Gazette and in the Official Gazette of the territory of South-West Africa.

- (4) Any person against whom an order has been made under sub-section (1) who institutes any legal proceedings against any person in any court or any inferior court without the leave of that court or a judge thereof or that inferior court, shall be guilty of contempt of court and be liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months.
- 3. This Act shall apply also in the territory of South-West Application of

Act to South-West Africa.

4. This Act shall be called the Vexatious Proceedings Act, Short title. 1956.