



Annual Report

2012 / 2013



public enterprises

Department:
Public Enterprises
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA





Mr Malusi Gigaba
Minister of Public Enterprises

Dear Minister

I have the honour of submitting the Annual Report of the Department of Public Enterprises for the period 1 April 2012 to 31 March 2013.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Matona".

Mr Tshediso Matona
Accounting Officer
Date: 30 August 2013



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PART A: GENERAL INFORMATION



1. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS

AGM	Annual General Meeting
AGSA	Auditor General of South Africa
AFS	Annual Financial Statement
APP	Annual Performance Plan
BBBEE	Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment
Capex	Capital Expenditure
CCPF	Climate Change Policy Framework
CFO	Chief Financial Officer
CIPM	Chief Investment and Portfolio Management
DAe	Denel Aerostructure
DEA	Department of Environmental Affairs
DHET	Department of Higher Education and Training
DoD	Department of Defence
DOE	Department of Energy
DoS	Deed of Settlement
DPE	Department of Public Enterprises
DPME	Department of Performance Monitoring and Evaluation
DPSA	Department of Public Service and Administration
DPW	Department of Public Works
DRDLR	Department of Rural Development and Land Reform
DST	Department of Science and Technology
DTI	Department of Trade and Industry
DWA	Department of Water Affairs
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERM	Enterprise Risk Management
EWSETA	Energy and Water Sector Education Training Authority
FET	Further Education Training
HRC	Human Rights Commission
ICT	Information and Communication Technology
IPAP	Industrial Policy Action Plan
IPP	Independent Power Producer
IRP	Integrated Resource Plan
KLF	Komatiland Forest
LTTS	Long Term Turnaround Strategy
MDS	Market Demand Strategy
MOI	Memorandum of Incorporation
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
MTEF	Medium Term Expenditure Framework

GENERAL INFORMATION

MTSF	Medium Term Strategic Framework
MYPD	Multi Year Price Determination
NCPM	National Corridor Performance Measure
NDP	National Development Plan
NEF	National Empowerment Fund
NGP	National Growth Path
NSF	National Skills Fund
NT	National Treasury
PAIA	Promotion of Access to Information Act
PBMR	Pebble Bed Modular Reactor
PFMA	Public Finance Management Act
PICC	Presidential Infrastructure Coordinating Commission
PMO	Project Management Office
PPA	Power Purchase Agreement
PPFA	Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act
PSJV	Pooling and Sharing Joint Venture
PSP	Private Sector Participation
R & D	Research & Development
RMC	Richtersveld Mining Corporation
SAA	South African Airways
SAFCOL	South African Forestry Company Ltd
SANReN	South African National Research Network
SAQA	South African Qualification Authority
SAX	South African Express
SDIP	Service Delivery Improvement Plan
SIPs	Strategic Integrated Projects
SITA	State Information Technology Agency
SKA	Square Kilometer Array Telescope
SMF	Significant and Materiality Framework
SMME	Small Medium and Micro Enterprises
SCM	Supply Chain Management
SOC	State Owned Companies
TFR	Transnet Freight Rail
TOR	Terms of Reference
TPT	Transnet Port Terminal
TRE	Transnet Rail Engineering
TWG	Technical Working Group
UNGC	United Nations Global Compact
WWF	World Wide Fund
YEP	Youth Economic Participation
WACS	West Africa Cable System

2. STRATEGIC OVERVIEW

2.1 Vision

To drive investment, productivity and transformation in the Department's portfolio of State Owned Companies (SOC), their customers and suppliers so as to unlock growth, drive industrialisation, create jobs and develop skills.

2.2 Mission

The State Owned Companies (SOC) are strategic instruments of industrial policy and core players in the New Growth Path (NGP). The Department aims to provide decisive strategic direction to the SOC, so that their businesses are aligned with the national growth strategies arising out of the NGP. It will do this by ensuring that their planning, investments and activities are in line with government Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) and the Minister's delivery agreement commitments.

2.3 Values

Bold – we must dare to be brave.

Professional – we must deliver work that reflects a professional level of care and skill.

Caring – this must be expressed in how we watch over and support the Department's people.

Integrity – we must do the right thing irrespective of implications.

Fun – create an environment where people look forward to coming to work.

Passion – we are out to make the South African economy competitive – this requires high passion.

Batho Pele principles – guide our engagements with our clients and other stakeholders.

2.4 Strategic outcome orientated goals

The current MTSF 2009-2014 outlines government's outcomes and strategic priorities needed to be achieved to realise these outcomes. The SOC overseen by the Department contribute to a number of these outcomes including accelerating investment in the economy, promoting industrialisation in particular growth of advanced manufacturing and socio-economic advancement of communities in which they operate. Through its oversight function, the Department ensures that SOC investment and operational activities contribute to these outcomes.

The Minister entered into the Performance Agreement with the President, which outlines his commitments to contribute to the achievement of these outcomes. The Minister of Public Enterprises' performance agreement forms part of the Delivery Agreement on Outcome 6 which seeks to achieve an efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network. This forms the core mandate of the Department in the current administration period. In this regard, the progress below reflects achievement by the SOC reporting to the Department:

Ensuring reliable generation, distribution and transmission of electricity

In 2005, the government embarked on the build programme to balance the growing demand of electricity against the supply capacity. This included investment into the construction of new coal power stations, return to service of mothballed power stations and the upgrading and expansion of transmission and distribution networks. The capital expenditure programme which include upgrades and capacity expansion is estimated to be between R450 billion and R500 billion for the period ending in 2017. R301 billion will be invested in the capacity expansion programme.

The capacity expansion programme includes the two coal fired power stations (Medupi and Kusile) that will deliver 9 564MW, Ingula pump storage scheme in Drakensberg that will deliver 1 332MW of hydroelectricity during peak demand periods, as well as the expansion and strengthening of the transmission and distribution network. The progress on the delivery of the programme has been crucial to avert the rolling blackouts last experienced in 2008. Eskom has continued to accelerate expenditure on its current build programme with 65 per cent of construction completed by end of the financial year at Medupi and 22 per cent and 68 per cent completed at Kusile and Ingula, respectively. The delivery of Medupi Unit 6 continues to be a focal point and the full impact of the recent problems will be assessed and recovery plan developed to meet the deadline.

The return to service programme has largely been completed putting much needed additional capacity to the national grid. In the 2012/13 financial year, 260MW of generating capacity was added to the system and 787KM of high voltage transmission lines installed.

In the year under review in terms of Presidential Infrastructure Coordination Committee (PICC), Eskom has been assigned to coordinate Strategic Integrated Projects (SIPs) 8, 9 and 10. These SIPs are focused on introduction of renewable energy, accelerating the generation programme in line with IRP 2010 projections to meet electricity demand of the economy and expansion of transmission and distribution networks to address historical imbalances.

Ensuring the maintenance and strategic expansion of our road and rail network, and the operational efficiency, capacity and competitiveness of our sea ports

Transnet has continued to implement the Market Demand Strategy (MDS) that increased its investment programme to over R300 billion over seven years which commenced in 2011. The MDS is crucial to aggressively drive volume growth and contribute towards the migration of freight from road to rail and improvement of capacity and efficiency of sea ports.

In the year under review, Transnet increased the volumes transported via rail by 5 per cent. Despite the slowing economic and export activities, Transnet has sustained rail volumes above 200 million tons per annum. In the 2012/13 financial year, Transnet increased its investment activity to just below R31 billion compared to R21.5 billion in 2011/12 financial year. The investments undertaken by Transnet and improvement in operational process have contributed to increased efficiencies within the ports and General Freight Business.

Progress has been made to move the transportation of coal from road to Rail. Eskom has completed construction of the Camden and Tutuka containerised coal terminals. The Department has approved the construction of the Majuba heavy haul line project and construction has commenced. In the period under review, 10.1 million tons of coals were transported by rail.

Transnet has been assigned the responsibility of coordinating SIP 1 which is focused on unlocking the northern mineral belt through rapidly expanding rail capacity and SIP 2 on the Durban-Free State-Gauteng Corridor.

Expand access to Information and Communication Technologies (ICT)

Broadband wholesale prices continued to decrease since the entry of Broadband Infraco into the market. Broadband Infraco remains resolute in its endeavour to expanding the availability and affordability of access to electronic communications, including but not limited to underdeveloped and under serviced areas as outlined in its statutory mandate.

In this regard, Broadband Infraco has made progress in ensuring that it is able to provide affordable, reliable and readily available broadband connectivity, partly in order to support projects of national importance such as Square Kilometer Array Telescope (SKA), South African National Research Network (SANReN) and MeerKAT. Significant progress has been made to improve international connectivity and reduce the cost. The West

Africa Cable System (WACS) was commissioned in the first quarter of 2012/13. The Department continues to engage policy department to ensure that the policy framework is supportive to the expansion of infrastructure investment to improve current access.

Contribution to other outcomes

Decent employment through inclusive growth

Reindustrialisation of the economy is crucial to respond to the challenges of unemployment and accelerating growth. In this regard, the infrastructure spend by SOC has been leveraged to enhance capabilities of existing industries and create new industrial capabilities to increase local content in the build programme. Further, the Department has worked with its SOC to improve the participation of the previously disadvantaged in their value chains.

The turnaround plan being implemented by Denel is fundamental to development of advanced manufacturing as outline in the Industrial Policy Action Plan (IPAP). The company has expanded its order book largely through development of new export markets.

Rural development

Creation of dynamism rural economy that builds on the latent potential of rural economies is crucial for a vibrant, equitable, and sustainable rural communities and food security for all. DPE has two SOC whose activities are primarily in rural areas of the country i.e. SAFCOL and Alexkor.

SAFCOL operations are located in the rural regions of Mpumalanga, Limpopo and Northern Kwazulu Natal. In order to identify socio-economic interventions required for upliftment of the communities, the SOC has concluded social compacts with all the communities surrounding its eighteen plantations. The primary deliverable has been provision of classrooms, school administration blocks, and clinics. Since 2009/10 financial year, when the social compacts were started, SAFCOL has spent R21 million on initiatives flowing from the compact.

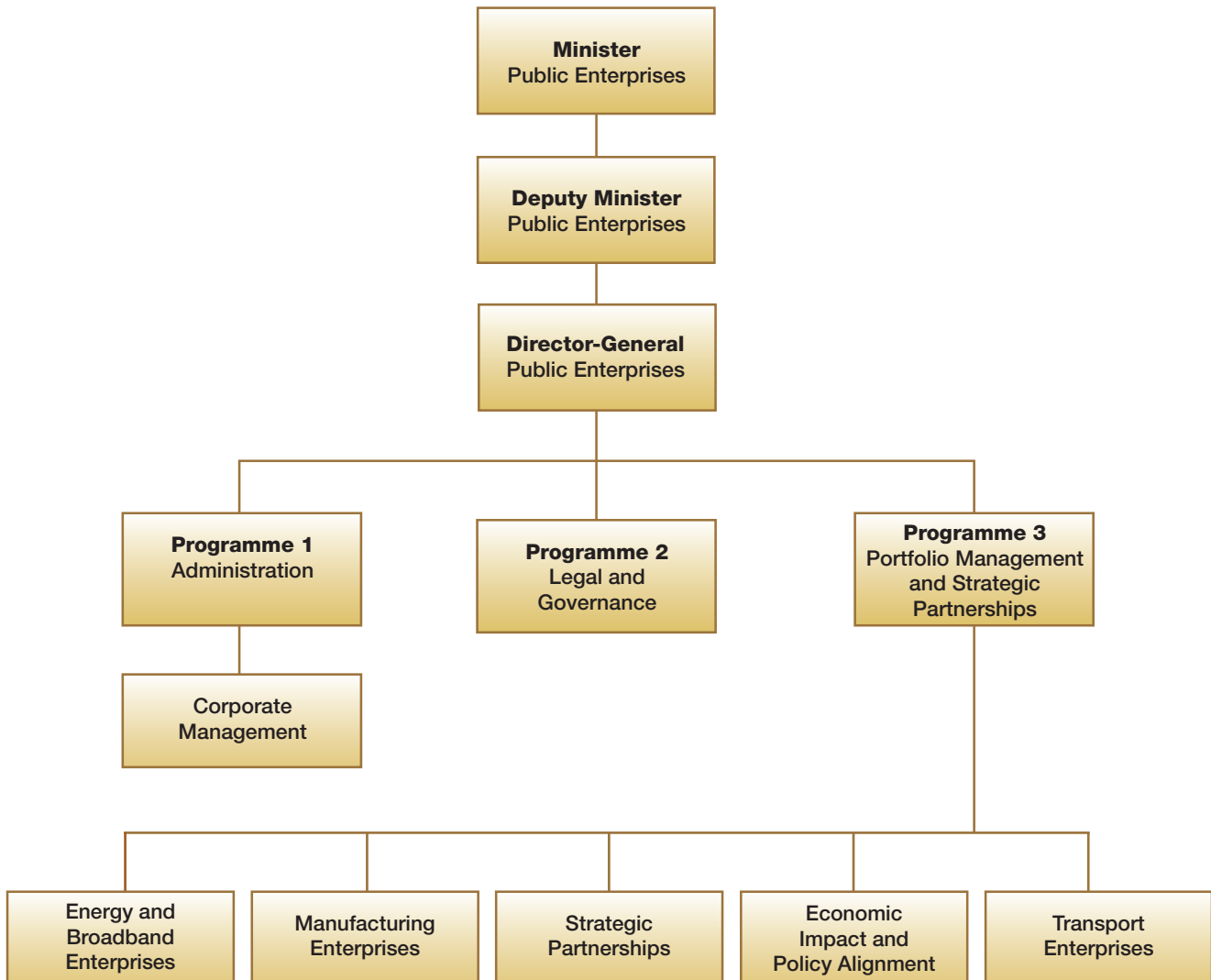
Alexkor, which is located in the Richtersveld region of Northern Cape Province, has completed the infrastructure upgrade of Alexandra Bay as part of the Deed of Settlement (DoS) obligations. The construction of road network, stormwater and waste water treatment facilities, installation of water and electricity reticulation system and street lighting, are some of the infrastructure programmes carried out successfully. The programme has been undertaken at a cost of R142 million, which is part of a total allocation of R599 million for settling of DoS obligations.

2.5 Legislative and Other Mandates

DPE exercises shareholder oversight of eight SOC. All the SOC are incorporated as companies in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2008. Except for Denel, all the SOC are established in terms of their own enabling legislation which sets out the purpose, mandate and objectives for which they were founded. DPE is both the founder and the administrator/custodian of all legislation relating to the establishment of SOC.

In terms of section 63(2) of the Public Finance Management Act 1 of 1999, as amended (the PFMA), the Minister of Public Enterprises has, inter alia, the responsibility of ensuring that the SOC comply with the PFMA legislation and policies of the Department.

3. ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE



4. ENTITIES REPORTING TO THE MINISTER

The table below indicates the entities that report to the Minister.

Name of Entity	Legislative Mandate	Financial Relationship	Nature of Operations
Alexkor	Alexkor Limited Act 116 of 1992	Shareholder	Alexkor mines diamonds in the Alexander Bay area, including marine mining and land mining.
Aventura	Overvaal Resorts Act 127 of 1993	Shareholder	Leisure resort company in the process of being liquidated.
Broadband Infraco	Broadband Infraco Act 33 of 2007	Shareholder	Broadband Infraco was established as a state-led intervention to introduce competition in the telecommunications market and contribute to increasing access to broadband services including underserved areas.
Denel	None	Shareholder	Denel supply South Africa's forces with strategic and sovereign capabilities. It also plays a major role in contributing to the development of South Africa's advanced manufacturing capabilities.
South African Airways	South African Airways Act 5 of 2007	Shareholder	South African Airways is South Africa's national air carrier owned by Government. It is a full service network operating international, regional and domestic scheduled services.
South African Express	South African Express Act 34 of 2007	Shareholder	South African Express operates regional and domestic flights from OR Tambo International Airport in Johannesburg, serving secondary routes in South Africa and Africa.
South African Forestry Company	Management of State Forests Act 128 of 1992	Shareholder	South African Forestry Company manages and develops commercial forests. The company's activities include forestry management and timber harvesting and processing.
Eskom	Eskom Conversion Act 13 of 2001	Shareholder	Eskom generates 95 per cent of the electricity used in South Africa and 45 per cent of the electricity used in Africa.
Transnet	Legal Succession to the South African Transport Services Act 9 of 1989	Shareholder	Transnet is the largest and most crucial part of the freight logistics chain that delivers goods to every South African.

5. FOREWORD BY THE MINISTER

Two years ago, I announced a new vision for the Department, namely to leverage our State-Owned Companies (SOC) to catalyse investment, industrialisation and transformation in the broader economy. I am pleased to say that over the last year we have made considerable progress in turning this vision into a reality.

Firstly, we have seen the rate of investment increase significantly. In the last financial year our portfolio invested just under R90 billion – an increase of 66% from three years ago. The growth in investment is a result of changes in the SOC investment planning framework that take into account the needs of a growing economy, as well as a concerted effort by Eskom and Transnet to build their capability to procure complex projects and improve supplier coordination. Furthermore, this investment growth by the SOC has been underpinned by their counter-cyclical approach, which demonstrates an increasing understanding of their role as agents of growth, development and transformation, especially when the economy is down and private sector investments slow.

Secondly, we have advanced our national transformation objectives. Eskom's total procurement spend for the 2012/13 financial year was about R120 billion, of which total spend on BBBEE-compliant companies was R103.4 billion - 86.3% against the target of 70%. BBBEE spend at Transnet stood at R58 billion, or 87% of total procurement spend. Over the last year, and following close on the heels of awarding its external audit mandate to a black-owned firm, Sizwe-Ntsaluba-Gobodo, in 2011/2012, Transnet awarded a R1.3-billion internal audit contract to a group of three audit firms led by SekelaXabiso, involving Nkonki and KPMG.

Finally, in October 2012, we convened a transformation dialogue as the first step in the development of a transformation framework and guidelines for SOC. The document, which will be launched during the 2013/14 financial year, will set out our collective understanding of development procurement, areas of priority for localisation and how to use procurement to achieve industrialisation objectives.

Over the last year, Transnet began the procurement process for 1 064 locomotives, making it the largest single procurer of rolling stock in Africa. We are confident that this process will result in the development of qualitatively new industrial capabilities and the comprehensive transformation of the domestic locomotive supply chain.



Mr Malusi Gigaba
Minister of the Department
of Public Enterprises

Another significant event was the Supplier Development Summit, hosted by DPE and attended by SOC suppliers, customers and other key stakeholders. The SOC used the summit to communicate their next-generation supplier development, localisation and transformation plans and to explore how they and large companies in strategic sectors can collaborate around supplier development to create a truly national effort. In this way, our downstream linkages are targeted in order to create decent work opportunities and expand the national technical skills base.

Over the last year, Denel returned an unaudited profit of R60 million, ending a long period of losses. We have made significant progress in stabilising Broadband Infraco and gearing the company up for considerable growth. SAA had a turbulent year in terms of leadership and overall financial performance. However, we took pride in the staff of the airline who ensured that despite all these challenges, the company retained high levels of operational and technical performance. The awards SAA won as a result elevated the names of both the airline and our country. I salute each and every one of the staff of SAA and South Africa Express for their dedication to their work and their brands.

I am confident that, with the appointment of the new chairperson and CEO, SAA will be stabilised and the company's turnaround plan successfully implemented. The Department will continue to monitor the situation extremely closely given the low margins in the commercial aviation sector globally.

Our shareholder model is based on activism-oversight, entity stability, policy alignment and economic co-ordination so as to optimise the impact of the SOC in the economy. We also recognise that the dualistic nature of the SOC mandate –straddling commercial and developmental imperatives – poses unique complexities in comparison to the private sector. SOC are expected to fulfil both obligations through their balance sheet. As the Department entrusted with shareholding, we will continue to push for them to ascribe equal priority to development and commercial objectives. Development objectives and industrialisation are one of the justifications for government to retain ownership of strategic sectors in the economy.

During the coming year, we will mobilise our entire SOC portfolio, along with their customers and suppliers, to give added momentum to a comprehensive industrialisation and transformation programme. SOC will be expected to develop set-asides to target women and youth entrepreneurs in their enterprise development programmes and catalytic transformation programmes. We will reach out to our large private sector customers and suppliers in various sectors of the economy to collaborate with the SOC in developmental programmes. Finally, we will also draw on our influence over SOC-related pension funds to provide additional leverage to this process.

I am happy to report that the Department has filled all the vacant Deputy Directors-General posts and Cabinet has approved our candidates. We have been robust in ensuring that all posts are filled within reasonable time to ensure no prolonged acting positions and no disruption to our important work.

I would like to thank the Deputy Minister, Honourable Bulelani Magwanishe, the Director-General, Mr Tshediso Matona, and the vibrant team of Deputy Directors-General and other staff for their support, diligence and dedication to our Department and Government.

Thank you.



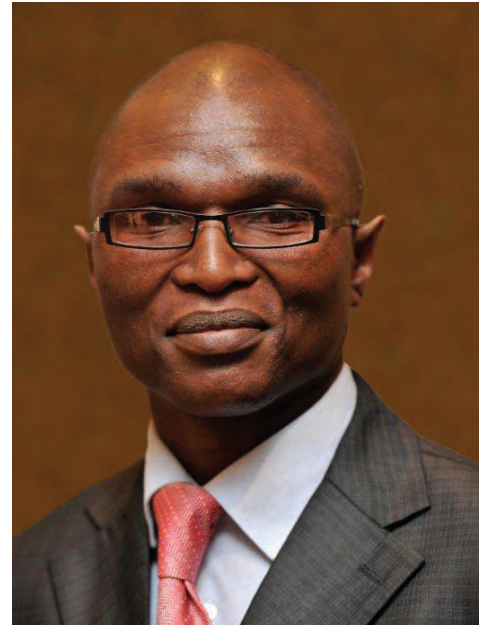
Malusi Gigaba
Minister of the Department
of Public Enterprises

6. FOREWORD BY THE DEPUTY MINISTER

During the year under review, the Department of Public Enterprises engaged communities and strengthened the relations between our State Owned Companies (SOC) and communities. We believe that these engagements have created a platform for dialogue that increases our state-owned enterprises' awareness of the social dimension of our country and how they can make difference. The dialogue targeted communities where our SOC are operating. In addition to aligning our SOC programmes with those of provinces, the platform served to expose young people to the skills development, enterprise development and work opportunities within our portfolio of SOC. We believe that economic transformation, economic development and industrialisation are mutually inclusive and that programmes such as our SOC dialogues create an enabling environment for the previously disadvantaged to grow thriving businesses.

Our SOC are strategic drivers of special development programmes that are meant to change the socio-economic landscape of South Africa in particular revival of rural economy. We promote the ethos that SOC contribution to the eradication of poverty, unemployment and social inequality should be discharged through corporate social investment (CSI) in a way that advances sustainable development. By design, CSI is meant to focus on community investments and building social infrastructure as a community asset. This should be based on development philosophy that is community orientated. To ensure consensus and a shared sense of ownership of the development model we are establishing, we have been interacting with provincial governments and social partners. The interactions with social partners and provinces are already bearing fruits. The province of KwaZulu-Natal and Eskom, for instance, hosted a supplier summit led by youth organisations. The engagements with social partners are an ongoing process.

I am pleased with our progress to coordinate the socio-economic contribution of the SOC even though it is at institutional level for now. We have established a forum where managers of the SOC CSI functions and CEOs of SOC foundations can redirect and maximise the developmental impact of SOC in communities. The institutionalisation of the collaborative efforts with SOC foundations will improve resource allocation and support national development programmes. We are confident that through this coordinated approach, we will make the best use of the financial and human resources of all the SOC address immediate social development needs and assist our



Mr Gratitude Magwanishe

**Deputy Minister of the Department
of Public Enterprises**

SOC to contribute to local economic infrastructure projects. We are busy developing a corporate social investment framework, which will inform the creation of a centralised pool of resources. This is seen as an opportunity for collective planning that will avoid polarisation of interventions .

We are furthermore pursuing partnerships with further education and training (FET) colleges, which will see SOC supporting these institutions with funding, teaching material and technical equipment. We are also in conversation with our SOC to ensure that the disposal of their assets benefits universities and FETs in rural areas. Through Eskom and Transnet, we continue to sign memorandums of understanding with individual FET colleges to affirm our commitment to expand engineering skills base .

In addition to the above initiatives, the Department of Public Enterprises led a delegation of three departments, represented by two deputy ministers from Department of Rural Development and Land Reform and Mineral Resources and officials, to the Richtersveld community. Collaboration between the three departments has created jobs and opportunities for young people to receive training relevant to the economic development plans for the area. Alexkor is currently focusing on unlocking the Community Joint Venture value. The planned investment activities will see carat production double from the current 35 000 carats per annum to over 70 000 in the next five years. Over 500 direct jobs are expected to be created.

Our industrial development strategy has identified the forestry industry as a critical sector due to its labour-intensive nature. The sector could contribute to the revival of rural economies through furniture production and support for property markets. The operations of the South African Forestry Company Limited (SAFCOL) are located in rural, impoverished areas. Its business strategy is based on building strong relationships with surrounding communities and using financial contributions to uplift these communities. The Department is presently assessing different business models and institutional structures to find a way for SAFCOL's human and financial resources to make the biggest possible developmental impact. We will also pursue partnerships with the private sector in all our socio-economic initiatives, ranging from

infrastructure refurbishment, donation of equipment and development of incubator hubs in the coming year.

Following the Cabinet decisions in 2001 and 2010 on PBMR and Aventura respectively, I am pleased to announce that the closure of these two entities, including the disposal and preservation of their assets, is almost finalised.

Our relationships with other departments are bound to be strengthened through, inter alia, discussions with MISA. We are hopeful that SOC graduates who have not been absorbed by their sponsoring companies will be posted to work in MISA projects. This will positively impact on the high rate of youth unemployment.

In conclusion I thank the Minister, Mr. Malusi Gigaba, for his leadership, warmth and counsel, the Director-General, Mr Tshediso Matona, for his probing management style, and my colleagues at DPE for their support. I also thank the boards and management teams of the SOC for their support during the past year.



Gratitude Magwanishe
Deputy Minister of the Department
of Public Enterprises

7. OVERVIEW OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

The Department of Public Enterprise is mandated to perform shareholder oversight on behalf of Government over State-Owned Companies that form part of the backbone of the economy. The effective functioning of these companies is crucial for economic growth and employment, and the overall development of the country.

The 2012/13 annual report provides a detailed account of the Department's performance against its Annual Performance Plan (APP), its strategic plan and expenditure on its budgets. It also communicates highlights of the oversight function and underlines the contribution of the SOC to Government's growth, employment and developmental targets.

In the period under review, the Department achieved a significant number of targets set out in the 2012/13 APP. The Department continued to improve its oversight function through decisive interventions where gaps were identified. Good corporate governance at the SOC has been the central focus of a number of interventions through, among others, strengthening the accountability of boards and regularly reviewing their performance. A key achievement in the period under review is the finalisation of the proposed new remuneration standards intended to discipline incentive pay for executive and non-executive directors of the companies. These standards have been submitted for the consideration of Cabinet.

The alignment of SOC operations and investment activities with the priorities of Government continued to receive attention. These priorities are outlined in the National Development Plan and other policy documents such as the New Growth Path and Industrial Policy Action Plan, and exist in the context of the Presidential Infrastructure Coordinating Committee.

A number of areas challenged the Department's oversight function. Chief among these were delays in some capital expenditure SOC projects, misalignments in the policy environment of SOC and adverse shifts in the global and domestic economy.

The successful delivery of the build programme remains a priority. It is fundamental for economic growth in both the short-term, through stimulation of job creation and demand in the economy, and in the medium to long-term through enhancing competitiveness. For this reason, the Department has had to reframe the monitoring of the build programme,



Mr Tshediso Matona

**Accounting Officer of the Department
of Public Enterprises**

especially Eskom's projects, as a key focus of its oversight responsibilities. This will entail proactively identifying project risks and ensuring they are promptly addressed. An example of this approach was when Minister Malusi Gigaba brokered a new labour accord among contractors, trade unions and Eskom to prevent further project delays due to labour unrest at the Medupi Power Station construction site.

The continued adverse economic environment has had a profound impact on the financial sustainability of some of the SOC. As a result, the Department has supported the SOC to review their business strategies and models to ensure they remain financially stable and can effectively deliver on their mandates. Subsequently, some companies experienced a turnaround in their profitability and others received increased government support through guarantees.

The capacity of the Department received a modest boost in the period under review through the creation of 12 posts for which National Treasury allocated funding. The additional posts have slightly increased the vacancy rate. The Department is addressing the situation and has made 44 appointments during the financial year under review. The Department will continue to focus on the retention and attraction of critical skills in the senior echelons of its structure.

In conclusion, I wish to thank Minister Malusi Gigaba for his inspirational leadership, Deputy Minister Bulelani Magwanishe for his invaluable support, the Deputy Directors-General, other managers, professionals and all the staff of the Department for their hard work to deliver the performance outlined in this annual report.



Tshediso Matona
Accounting Officer of the Department
of Public Enterprises

PART B: PERFORMANCE INFORMATION



1. STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

Statement of Responsibility for Performance Information for the year ended 31 March 2013

The Accounting Officer is responsible for the preparation of the department's performance information and for the judgements made in this information.

The Accounting Officer is responsible for establishing, and implementing a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of performance information.

In my opinion, the performance information fairly reflects the performance information of the department for the financial year ended 31 March 2013.



Tshediso Matona
Accounting Officer of the Department
of Public Enterprises

2. AUDITOR GENERAL'S REPORT: PREDETERMINED OBJECTIVES

The AGSA currently performs the necessary audit procedures on the performance information to provide reasonable assurance in the form of an audit conclusion. The audit conclusion on the performance against predetermined objectives is included in the report to management, with material findings being reported under the Predetermined Objectives heading in the Report on other legal and regulatory requirements section of the auditor's report.

Refer to page 100 of the Report of the Auditor General, published as Part E: Financial Information.

3. OVERVIEW OF DEPARTMENTAL PERFORMANCE

3.1 Service Delivery Environment and Strategy to Improve Performance

The role of the Department continues to evolve given the expanding role of SOC in the economy. The continued subdued economic activities have placed the build programme by SOC at the centre of the government economic strategy to stimulate economic activities, crowd-in private sector investment and support the goal of reindustrialising the South African economy.

Enhancing oversight on SOC is crucial to ensure that SOC activities remain aligned to the national priorities. In this regard, the Department needs to rapidly improve its shareholder management model and strengthen its implementation. The current legislative framework is not sufficient to allow the Department to effectively intervene. In the 2013/14 financial year, the Department will work towards finalising the legislation to regulate the oversight function.

In the year under review, Eskom and Transnet have accelerated their investment activities to over R80 billion. The launch of the SIPs, in particular, SIP 1 and SIP 2 has supported the acceleration of the build programme by SOC. In this regard, the Department needed to develop appropriate institutional framework to support the SOC in the coordination of SIPs. New governance structures will be implemented to enhance the coordination of SIPs lead by the SOC reporting to the Department.

The launch of the National Development Plan (NDP) has required the Department to reassess its strategic priorities and the investment activities of its SOC to ensure their alignment to the overarching vision outlined in the NDP. While the objectives of the Department and vision of its SOC are aligned to the NDP, continuous assessment of the contribution to the achievement of the NDP vision is crucial.

3.2 Service Delivery Improvement Plan

The SOC within the ambit of the Department provide services to the public, which are crucial for the overall competitiveness and growth of the economy and meeting socio-economic needs of communities. Improvements related to provision of these services are captured in the Shareholder Compacts with the SOC and the Department track progress on a quarterly basis. SOC are required to develop plans to improve the provision of these services.

3.3 Organisational environment

In the 2011/12 financial year, the Department consisted of six programmes, following the organisational review, these were consolidated into three programmes namely:

- Programme 1 - Administration,
- Programme 2 - Legal and Governance; and
- Programme 3 - Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships.

Programme 3 now consists of five sub programmes: Energy and Broadband Enterprises; Manufacturing Enterprises; Transport Enterprises; Economic Impact and Policy Alignment and Strategic Partnerships. Previously, these sub programmes were independent programmes with the exception of Strategic Partnerships, which is a new sub programme, and the conversion of the Joint Facility to Economic Impact and Policy Alignment.

The changes in the organisational structure have also resulted in an increased number of posts on the establishment. This has been crucial to ease the capacity constraints that have been experienced by the Department over the past financial years. The Department has undergone a recruitment drive to attract the right talent required to carry out its mandate.

While the Department has increased the number of posts in the establishment, retaining and attracting people with the required skills remains a challenge. This is largely due to the current public service remuneration framework that limits the ability of the Department to compete for these skills. The Department is employing alternative strategies to build a pool of these skills through its Graduate and Internship Programmes.

3.4 Key policy developments and legislative changes

Since 2009, the government has developed and implemented policies to support the creation of decent work as the primary objective of economic policy. The increased emphasis on infrastructure as an important job driver, to directly create employment as well as indirectly through improving efficiencies across the economy, places SOC under the Departments supervision at the forefront of the government's strategy to respond to the current socio-economic challenges.

Greater policy cohesion and supportive policy environment is crucial to drive investment in the economy by SOC. This will continue to inform engagements between the Department and policy Departments to create an environment conducive for SOC to effectively execute their mandates.

The approval of the NDP will shape the current and future plans of the Department including its SOC. The initial work undertaken by the Department showed that its current plans were aligned to the overarching vision of the NDP and the focus is on the implementation of these plans.

4. STRATEGIC OUTCOME ORIENTED GOALS

Progress on the Strategic Outcome Oriented Goals is provided under section 2.4 of Part A of this annual report.

5. PERFORMANCE INFORMATION BY PROGRAMME

5.1 Programme 1: Administration

Purpose: provide strategic management, direction and administrative support to the department which enables the department to meet its strategic objectives.

Sub programmes

Office of the Director-General is responsible for establishment of effective and efficient systems of financial and risk management and provision of strategic leadership.

Corporate Services is responsible for:

Security and Facilities Management which provides a safe and secure environment and internal administration and facilities services to internal customers.

Information Management and Technology is responsible for IT infrastructure and support, Records Management and Library Services.

Office of the Chief Financial Officer is responsible for Financial Management Services to ensure compliance with the PFMA and Treasury Regulations and efficient and effective supply chain management services.

Human Resources is responsible for assisting line management to implement operational excellence and developing the Human Capital potential in the department.

Communications is responsible for repositioning the department as an activist shareholder; make the DPE brand relevant and meaningful to ordinary South Africans; impact media relations and media communication and improve employee engagement.

Strategic Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation is responsible for coordination, management and oversight of outcomes based performance reporting of the department; implementation of performance monitoring and evaluation processes for individual programmes and business units as a mechanism for measuring delivery of our strategic objectives and reporting to various stakeholders.

Inter-Governmental and Stakeholder Relations is responsible for coordination, support and provision of advice to the Minister, Deputy Minister, Director-General and the department on matters related to the Inter-Governmental, International and Stakeholder Relations.

Internal Audit assists the Accounting Officer and the Audit Committee in the effective discharge of their responsibilities. The function provides independent analysis, appraisals, recommendations, counsel and information concerning the activities reviewed, with a view to improving accountability and performance.

Office Accommodation is for the devolution of funds from the Department of Public Works (DPW) for the DPE premises.

Strategic Objectives

- Sound financial management policies and practices.
- High performance culture.
- Effective, efficient and timeous recruitment and selection to ensure an adequately capacitated department.
- Provide strategic communication support that aligns with the department's goals and objectives to the executive leadership.
- Coordination, management and oversight of outcomes based performance reporting; performance monitoring and evaluation and reporting to stakeholders.

Strategic objectives and Key achievements

In the period under review, Programme 1 continued to focus on ensuring the appropriate capacitation of the Department and compliance to legislative requirements in terms of the PFMA. In the 2012/13 financial year, 47 new appointments were made in the Department, with most appointments at the senior management level. This increased the filled posts from 172 in the 2011/12 financial year to 200 at the end of the 2012/13 financial year. While the Department's vacancy rate is higher than the 10 per cent target, the funding of additional posts was approved in the third quarter of 2012/13 financial year and increased the number of vacant positions. If these posts are excluded, the vacancy rate for the year is within the target of 10 per cent.

The Department has continued to strengthen the systems to ensure a sound supply chain environment. The successes of the systems and institutionalisation of 100 per cent adherence to the PFMA resulted in the continued achievement of the clean audit. In the current financial year, the Department spent 99,3 per cent of its budget.

In response to the Outcomes Framework published by the Department of Performance Monitoring and Evaluation (DPME) at the Presidency, the Department has established a dedicated unit to improve planning and monitoring within the Department. In this regard, the Department held quarterly reviews to assess the Department's performance against the Annual Performance Plan (APP) targets. In order to institutionalise the outcomes based framework within the Department, a workshop was held on the SMART¹ principles and was moderated by the World Bank.

The Department has embarked on engaging provincial departments to enhance the coordination of the SOC investment activities and the provincial infrastructure plan. In this regard, six provinces have been visited (Gauteng, Northern Cape, Eastern Cape, North West, Free State and KwaZulu-Natal) and the remaining three provinces will be visited in the new financial year. Four of the six provinces have set up teams led by the Deputy Minister of Public Enterprises to ensure alignment of economic plans of the SOC and Provinces.

In the new financial year projects emanating from consultations with provinces will be announced. While the Department has put systems in place to ensure that suppliers are paid within 30 days, there are some invoices that were paid after 30 days. In the year ahead, the Department will introduce new mechanisms to fast track the processing of invoices to ensure the payment of all invoices within 30 days. The Department will also introduce disciplinary measures for non-compliance.

Sub-programme expenditure

Sub- Programme Administration	2012/2013			2011/2012		
	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/ Under Expenditure	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Ministry	30 264	30 036	228	32 784	31 861	923
Management (Prog 1)	4 406	4 173	233	8 260	8 240	20
Internal Audit	3 287	3 276	11	4 336	4 285	51
Corporate Services	28 915	28 334	581	24 198	23 920	278
Chief Financial Officer	10 304	10 074	230	11 275	11 171	104
Communication	12 996	12 840	156	12 963	13 050	(87)
Office Accommodation	8 786	8 785	1	6 758	6 609	149
Human Resources	12 900	12 698	202	9 607	9 499	108
Strategic Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation	3 416	3 379	37	-	-	-
Inter-Governmental Relations	1 822	1 772	50	-	-	-
Total	117 096	115 367	1 729	110 181	108 635	1 546

Expenditure in this programme amounted to R115.367 million in 2012/13 compared to R108.635 million in 2011/12. This increase is mainly due to the establishment of two additional sub-programmes, Strategic Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation and Intergovernmental and International Relations as well as, among others, audit fees, office accommodation, alterations to office premises as well as furniture and equipment to accommodate the increased staff complement and travel costs for provincial engagements.

5.2 Programme 2: Legal and Governance

Purpose: Provide legal services and corporate governance systems, and facilitate the implementation of all legal aspects of transactions that are strategically important to the department, and state owned companies, and ensure alignment with government's strategic intent by, amongst others, monitoring the state owned companies' indicators.

Sub programme

- *Management* comprises the office of the Deputy Director-General, which provides strategic leadership and management of the programme personnel.
- *Legal* provides internal legal services and support to state owned companies. The unit provides legal services, including transaction and contract management support to the department, and work specifically related to the commercial activities of the sector teams in respect of state owned companies within their oversight.
- *Governance* develops and manages effective corporate governance and shareholder management systems for the department and its portfolio of state owned companies. These includes: risk management, which identifies, reports on and monitors both the operational and shareholder risks; compliance, which ensures that the department establishes and implements systems and processes to ensure the department and its state owned companies comply with legislative, regulatory and supervisory requirements, in line with international best practice; and secretariat, which has the overarching responsibility of recording and tracking the department's operational and strategic activities to achieve coordination and compliance with decisions and resolutions.

Strategic Objectives

Ensure effective shareholder oversight of all SOC by:

- Providing legal services, which includes transaction and contract management support, to the department as and when required over the Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF) period.
- Ensuring that risk management processes are embedded throughout the department as and when they are required over the MTEF period.
- Addressing constraints on SOC contract negotiations and management to improve commercial competence and contribute to economic growth and development on a regular basis.
- Providing assistance on developing and negotiating shareholder compact frameworks annually in terms of the PFMA.
- Ensure that SOC and the department comply with the relevant legislation governing their operations, and applicable laws such as the PFMA, the Public Audit Act (2004), Companies Act (2008), and environmental management, tax, labour, knowledge management, property, intellectual property, information security, procurement and other laws through establishing a structured compliance function within the unit.
- Providing guidance on appropriate delegation frameworks between the boards and executive management of SOC on a regular basis.
- Advising the minister regularly on the appointment of SOC boards of directors and on the processes for their Annual General Meetings (AGM) and preparation for these meetings, in compliance with the required statutes, reviewing on an annual basis: ownership policy, governance toolkit and guidelines, appointments, remuneration, and performance of the SOC boards and executive management.

Strategic objectives, performance indicators planned targets and actual achievements

Performance indicators

Programme 2: Legal and Governance Sub-programme: Legal, Governance, Risk and Compliance					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Ensure effective shareholder oversight of all the SOC by providing legal services which includes transaction and contract management support to the Department					
Winding up of Diabo Trust	Traced 7545 beneficiaries, 868 of which have been paid. The department is finalising the appointment of a service provider to pay out all remaining beneficiaries in the coming nine months.	Monitor the winding up process and distribution to beneficiaries closure of the matter.	Trust was established in 2003 and it was administered by the trustee until the expired trustee deed (2006). From 2006 to date, DPE has been managing the trust with the assistance of the service provider and 1000 of 5847 beneficiaries were paid.	The contract with the service provider has expired and the 2013/14 financial year will be the year of the winding up of the trust.	Residual funds will be transferred to the national fiscus in line with the PFMA during the 2013/14 financial year.
Winding up of Aventura	The approach to winding-up process reviewed and approved. The Department had the AFS for 2010/11 audited and secured the Master's directive on the provision of security requirements. Annual General Meeting to resolve governance matters was held.	Winding up of the company.	Appointment of the liquidator by the Master of the High Court on 14 March 2013.	None	None

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

Programme 2: Legal and Governance					
Sub-programme: Legal, Governance, Risk and Compliance					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Compilation of Report to the Human Rights Commission (“HRC”) on the implementation of the Promotion of Access to Information Act (PAIA) 2 of 2000, in the Department	Report on PAIA manual updated	Annual review of the manual and submission of the report to the HRC	Annual review of the manual and the report for 2011/12 were submitted in June 2012	None	None
Ensure that the Department and its portfolio of SOC comply with legal, regulatory and risk requirements					
Government Shareholder Management Model	None	Approval of the Shareholder Management Model by the shareholder	Not achieved	Approval of the shareholder management model by the shareholder	The matter has been held in abeyance due to the SOC Presidential Review Committee
Governance Toolbox and Audit	None	Ministerial approval of the Governance Toolbox and Audit	Not achieved	Legislative changes which necessitated alignment with government process	The revised Toolkit will require consultation with internal governance structures as well as the Governance and Risk Forum and the Chairperson’s Forum
SOC Board and Executive remuneration standards	The DPE was mandated to undertake further closed consultations to implement the recommendations of the Remuneration Panel	Cabinet approval of the remuneration standards	Achieved, however Cabinet requested that the scope of the standards be expanded to include other relevant SOC which are not under the portfolio of the Department.	None	None

Programme 2: Legal and Governance					
Sub-programme: Legal, Governance, Risk and Compliance					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Shareholder Management Practice	Implementing Companies Act corporate governance tools	Ensure compliance to applicable legislation	Consultation process with SOC on the Memorandum of Incorporation (MOI) completed. Approval by the Minister and implementation of the MOI by the first quarter of 2013/14	None	None
Board Performance Framework	Board Performance Framework approved	Approval of the reviewed framework	The Board Performance Framework approved and being used to assess the performance of SOC Boards	None	None
Updated Board database	Obtained approval for DPE board database	Obtain Ministerial approval	The database has been updated subsequent to advertisement for nominees	None	None
Board Appointment Framework	Implementation of the framework, continuous monitoring and evaluation	Obtain Ministerial approval	The Board appointment methodology is being utilised for the appointment of members to the SOC Boards	None	None
Stakeholder Engagements	Approval to re-establish the Governance Forum	Promote effective stakeholder engagement	Meeting for the forums were conducted as per approval.	None	None

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

Programme 2: Legal and Governance					
Sub-programme: Legal, Governance, Risk and Compliance					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Administration					
Significance and Materiality Framework.	All SOC had a SMF in place	Annual review where necessary of all Significance and Materiality Framework (SMF) and approval and signature at the AGM.	The SMF is in place for all SOC. The SMF for SOC are only reviewed if there are material changes to the mandate of SOC and/or operational environment.	None	None
Transformation Charter: Procurement of Professional Legal Services.	New project	Approval of the Transformation Charter by the Minister.	Not achieved. Draft Charter completed and legal opinion sought, and submitted to SOC.	Approval by the Minister and the SOC Board	Further consultation with the SOC required to secure a Boards' approval of the charter. The project will be completed in the 2013/14 financial year.
Advise on risk implications for SOC transactions.	Provided Risk Management perspective on transactions.	Advise on risk implications for SOC transactions.	Refer to the report on ERM	None	None
Develop risk management framework.	New project	Updated Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) Policy, ERM Strategy and ERM Framework.	Updated ERM Policy, ERM Strategy and ERM Framework approved and are implemented on an on-going basis.	None	None

Changes to the annual targets

There were no changes to the annual targets during the period under review.

Strategic Objectives and key achievements

Shareholder Management

In November 2012, Cabinet considered the new SOC Remuneration and Incentive Standards for Non-Executive Directors, Executive Directors and Prescribed Officers. This was followed by consultations with national government departments to ensure that the Standards are able to address many of the challenges encountered in the current remuneration model. To this end, the consultation process has been concluded and inputs received being incorporated to further refine the standards before being adopted by Cabinet. The new Standards will require increased accountability and transparency in respect of remuneration and incentives.

Since the coming into effect of the Companies Act, 71 of 2008 in May 2011, the Department has developed a framework for the MOI of each SOC. The MOI, previously known as the Memorandum and Articles of Association has been harmonised with the Companies Act and the various tools and frameworks of the Department to enhance shareholder management and oversight of the SOC.

Diabo Share Trust

As at 4 June 2012, the Department was left with approximately 5847 beneficiaries of the Diabo Share Trust to pay out. As at 5 March 2013 when the contract with the Service Provider expired, 1000 of the 5847 had been paid out. The Department has extended the contract with the Service Provider with three months to pay the remaining beneficiaries. The trust will be wound up in the 2013/14 financial year.

Aventura

Aventura is in the final stages of being wound up. A resolution to this effect was adopted by the board at a special Annual General Meeting held on 28 May 2012. Accordingly, a liquidator for Aventura has been appointed by the Master of the High Court and the company is currently placed under liquidation. Once the liquidation is finalized, the Department will proceed to repeal the Overvaal Resorts Act of 1993, which is the legislation through which Aventura was established.

Sub-programme expenditure

Sub-Programme Legal and Governance	2012/2013			2011/2012		
	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Management	2 346	2 252	94	1 873	1 822	51
Legal	13 586	13 370	216	14 486	12 775	1 711
Governance	8 305	7 855	450	6 420	4 921	1 499
Total	24 237	23 477	760	22 779	19 518	3 261

Expenditure for the programme amounted to R23.477 million in 2012/13 compared to R19.518 million in 2011/12. This increase is mainly due to the strengthening of the Governance unit in respect of the Risk and Compliance components in this sub-programme. However this unit did not achieve the 2 per cent underspending target due to a number of projects been delayed.

5.3 Programme 3: Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships

Purpose: To align the corporate strategies of the SOC with Government's strategic intent, and monitor and benchmark their financial and operational performance and capital investment plans. To align shareholder oversight with Government's overarching economic, social and environmental policies, and build focused strategic partnerships between SOC, strategic customers, suppliers and financial institutions.

Sub-Programme Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships	2012/2013			2011/2012		
	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Energy and Broadband Enterprises	15 948	13 949	1 999	56 678	56 488	190
Manufacturing Enterprises	1 180 151	1 178 268	1 883	123 551	123 423	128
Transport Enterprises	22 049	20 030	2 019	21 606	18 752	2 854
Economic Impact and Policy Alignment	10 722	9 990	732	12 084	11 744	340
Strategic Partnerships	6 555	5 973	582	6 463	7 555	(1 092)
Total	1 235 425	1 228 205	7 220	220 382	217 962	2 420

Expenditure for the programme amounted to R1.228 billion in 2012/13, compared to R217.962 million in 2011/12. This increase is mainly due to the payment for financial assets disbursed to Alexkor and Denel amounting to R1.050 billion. An amount of R118.313 million was furthermore paid to Denel in respect of an indemnity claim to Denel/SAAB Aerostructures.

Detailed information on the five sub-programmes follows:

Sub-Programme – Energy and Broadband Enterprises

Strategic objectives

- To strengthen the Department's oversight role by aligning the shareholder's strategic intent in relation to the SOC role in achieving Government objectives in the Energy and ICT sectors.
- To contribute to the enhancement of SOC performance :
 - Evaluating corporate plans and providing advice to boards of directors annually.
 - Monitoring and benchmarking the implementation of corporate plans and shareholder compacts quarterly.
 - Assessing shareholder and enterprise risks quarterly and advising boards on areas of concern.

Eskom

- Support the security of electricity supply by:
 - Examining Eskom's maintenance plans, operational practices, distribution efficiency and the reserve margin.
 - Reviewing regular updates from Eskom and through interaction with utility and stakeholders in the energy sector.
- Monitor the capital investment programme in the public interest by developing and implementing a framework that emphasises the creation of value added benefits for the economy by end of March 2013.
- Reduce Eskom's dependence on funding from the fiscus by monitoring cost escalations for the capital investment programme, and developing innovative funding arrangements.
- Leverage Eskom's capital investment in the development of local supplier industries by monitoring the implementation of the competitive supplier development programme and evaluating quarterly reports.
- Support the effective operation of Eskom by regularly engaging with the Department of Energy and the National Energy Regulator of South Africa on new policies and regulations affecting Eskom.

Pebble Bed Modular Reactor

- Implement the Pebble Bed Modular Reactor care and maintenance programme by monitoring the implementation of intellectual property packaging for preservation, assets handling and the use of cash through weekly status reports.

Broadband Infraco

- Ensure that the West Coast submarine cable system is ready for service in the third quarter of 2012 by monitoring Broadband Infraco's participation in the West Coast submarine cable system consortium on a quarterly basis.
- Support increased access to broadband by:
 - Monitoring Broadband Infraco's price reports annually.
 - Increasing the number of broadband access points in major cities and under-serviced areas from 5 in 2011/12 to 18 in 2014/15 by rolling out the national long-distance infrastructure.

Performance indicators

Programme Name: Energy and Broadband Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2013/2013	Comment on deviations
Provide effective shareholder oversight of Eskom and Broadband Infraco					
Corporate Plan	Approved the corporate plan that is aligned to Department and Government developmental objectives.	Approve a corporate plan that is aligned to Department and Government developmental objectives.	Corporate plans for Infraco and Eskom assessed and approved by the Department.	None	None

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

Programme Name: Energy and Broadband Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2013/2013	Comment on deviations
Annual Report	Annual report assessed	Annual report assessment	Annual report assessments conducted for both Eskom and Broadband Infraco.	None	None
Shareholder Compact	Approved shareholder compact	Approval of the shareholder compact	The 2012/13 shareholder compacts for Eskom and Broadband Infraco were approved and signed by the shareholder.	None	None
Strategic Intent Statements	Revised and updated strategic intent statement issued at the AGM.	Updated strategic intent statement issued at the AGM.	Updated strategic intent statement issued at the AGMs held on the following dates: Eskom: 27 July 2012 Broadband: 29 July 2012	None	None
Quarterly Assessments	Quarterly assessments completed with recommendations for corrective action issued to board to ensure operational efficiency and alignment to developmental mandate.	Quarterly assessments completed with recommendations for corrective action issued to board to ensure operational efficiency and alignment to developmental mandate.	4 Quarterly assessments completed on the operational and financial performance of the SOCs.	None	None
Financial and technical assessment of PFMA applications	Undertook rigorous PFMA assessments and engagement while complying with the required turnaround time	Undertake rigorous PFMA assessments and engagement while complying with the required turnaround time	28 applications were received. 23 applications were assessed.	5 applications are still being processed	The additional information required from the SOCs will be obtained in 2013/14.

Programme Name: Energy and Broadband Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2013/2013	Comment on deviations
Support Eskom to ensure security of electricity supply					
Assess performance indicators for the Generation, Distribution and Transmission systems.	Conducted quarterly assessments of Eskom's operational key performance indicators as per its shareholder compact, with a specific focus on performance trends and the development of corrective action measures where necessary.	Quarterly assessments of Eskom's operational key performance indicators as per its shareholder compact.	The Department monitored on a quarterly basis the operational efficiency of the company to ensure that the objective of keeping the lights on is achieved. In the year under review, Eskom did not implement load shedding.	None	None
Monitor the build programme	Monitored Eskom's financial health and its ability to successfully carry out the funding plan, with 70% of the funding having been secured by the end of the previous financial year.	Continued monitoring of funding plan up to 2017, with possible new requirements to be assessed. Post IRP 2010 allocated by the Minister of Energy.	The Department continuously engaged the company on the financing of its build programme up to 2017. In the fourth quarter, Eskom had secured over 80% of the funding required for the build programme up to 2017.	None	None

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

Programme Name: Energy and Broadband Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2013/2013	Comment on deviations
	Monitored the Eskom build programme delivery up to 2017 and ensured timeous Integrated Resource Plan (IRP2010) allocations beyond 2017.	Quarterly assessment of the implementation of the build programme.	The Department commissioned an independent review of the build programme to assess the current status and propose measures to enhance oversight. The study will be completed in the first quarter of 2013/14 financial year and will inform the Department's future build programme oversight strategy.	None	None
	Signed up independent power producers (IPPs) domestically and regionally to supply power within a defined price band to support domestic security of supply and to reduce Eskom's maintenance backlog. Implementation of the ISMO subsidiary.	Quarterly monitoring of the Power Purchase Programme.	Eskom signed all the available IPPs to help keep the lights on. As at 31 December 2012 Eskom signed IPP Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) that will generate 1 475MW	None	None

Programme Name: Energy and Broadband Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2013/2013	Comment on deviations
Support Eskom to ensure security of electricity supply					
Assess performance indicators for the Generation, Distribution and Transmission systems.	Conducted quarterly assessments of Eskom's operational key performance indicators as per its shareholder compact, with a specific focus on performance trends and the development of corrective action measures where necessary.	Quarterly assessments of Eskom's operational key performance indicators as per its shareholder compact.	The Department monitored on a quarterly basis the operational efficiency of the company to ensure that the objective of keeping the lights on is achieved. In the year under review, Eskom did not implement load shedding.	None	None
Monitor the build programme	Monitored Eskom's financial health and its ability to successfully carry out the funding plan, with 70% of the funding having been secured by the end of the previous financial year.	Continued monitoring of funding plan up to 2017, with possible new requirements to be assessed. Post IRP 2010 allocated by the Minister of Energy.	The Department continuously engaged the company on the financing of its build programme up to 2017. In the fourth quarter, Eskom had secured over 80% of the funding required for the build programme up to 2017.	None	None

Programme Name: Energy and Broadband Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2013/2013	Comment on deviations
	Monitored the implementation of Eskom's maintenance strategy and measures to reduce the backlog and provided shareholder support where warranted and necessary.	Quarterly assessment of the implementation of Eskom's maintenance strategy and measures to reduce the backlog.	Quarterly assessment of the implementation of Eskom's maintenance strategy and measures to reduce the backlog conducted.	None	None
Reduce dependence on the fiscus by monitoring cost escalations, delivery schedules and workmanship quality for the capital investment programme and develop innovative funding streams					
Framework for monitoring the implementation of the capital investment programme with an emphasis on creating value-add benefits to the local, provincial and national economy	Provide inputs in developing the framework for monitoring capital expenditure.	Monitor the rollout of the capital investment programme within the agreed framework.	The Department appointed a service provider to evaluate Eskom's build programme practices and assist the Department with improving its monitoring framework.	The service provider was appointed late in the year	The improved framework will be completed in Q2 2013/14.
Development of Eskom's funding plan beyond 2017	Assist Eskom in finalising its MYPD 3 revenue application and provide it guidance on public-private partnerships and public-public partnerships.	Assessment of Eskom's funding requirements beyond 2014, including financing options.	The Department engaged Eskom on the cost of coal and options for a funding mechanism.	None	None
Implementation of the PBMR care and maintenance programme					

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

Programme Name: Energy and Broadband Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2013/2013	Comment on deviations
Implementation of the care and maintenance programme	Completed proposals for Eskom to host PBMR.	Cabinet submission to determine the future of the PBMR beyond 31 March 2013.	Prepared a Cabinet memorandum in consultation with the PBMR interdepartmental task team comprising of DOE, DST, NT and the DTI.	Cabinet memorandum was not tabled in cabinet	The interdepartmental task team has to discuss and agree on the recommendations before the memorandum is submitted to Cabinet.
Support increased access to broadband					
Infraco long-distance network capex	Finalise the Infraco business model to grow a sustainable business and provide increased broadband access at affordable pricing, specifically to underserved areas. Infraco to support projects of national importance, such as the SKA, in fulfilment of its legislative mandate.	Quarterly monitoring of the implementation of the long-distance network capex programme.	Achieved. Quarterly monitoring took place.	None	None
Ensure that the West Coast submarine cable system (WACS) is ready for service in 2012 by monitoring Broadband Infraco's participation in the WACS consortium on a quarterly basis.	All components of the cable were delivered and commissioned in the second quarter of the financial year.	Monitor the rollout of the WACS project quarterly to ensure timely commissioning of the cable.	The WACS was commissioned in May 2012.	None	None

Changes to planned targets

In the 2012/13 financial year, the Department reviewed and refined the targets contained in its annual performance plan and made sure that they complied with the SMART principle. The targets for the Energy and Broadband Enterprises were not changed but the Department did refine them to ensure that they are clear and in line with its strategic focus.

Strategic objectives and key achievements

Eskom

In order to ensure its long-term financial sustainability, the Department supported Eskom with its Multi-year Price Determination (MYPD3) application, which determined Eskom's revenue requirements for the next five years. The Eskom capital expenditure programme added 260MW of additional capacity to the national grid this financial year, built 787km of transmission lines and installed 3 580MVA of transformation capacity. During the financial year, Eskom electrified 144 558 homes.

In the year under review, the Department continued to monitor and support Eskom's efforts to balance national electricity supply and demand. The utility managed to keep the lights on, including during the African Cup of Nations hosted in 2013. The Department granted Eskom approval to enter into power purchase agreements with 28 renewable energy independent power producers (IPPs), which will generate a combined 1 415.5MW. The Department of Energy's Peaker Project will add another 1 000MW once operational.

Broadband Infraco

As part of the effort to make Government a key tenant on the infrastructure of Broadband Infraco, the Department facilitated engagement between Broadband Infraco and other key government departments, and discussions with other SOCs for potential collaboration. After an open tendering process, Broadband Infraco was awarded the contract by the State Information Technology Agency (SITA) that contributed to the overall reduction of broadband costs to the State. The Department oversaw the timely commissioning of the WACS which will facilitate international connectivity by linking Africa with Europe through the United Kingdom. Broadband Infraco has a 11.4% stake in the cable system that provides 5.12 terabits per second of broadband speed.

In order to align the shareholder objectives with policy and regulatory objectives, the Department commented extensively on the draft Broadband Policy that is currently being developed by the Department of Communications.

Sub-programme expenditure

Sub-Programme Energy and Broadband Enterprises	2012/2013			2011/2012		
	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Management	1 660	1 533	127	2 809	2 889	(80)
Broadband Infraco	6 106	4 871	1 235	7 462	7 197	265
Eskom and PBMR	8 182	7 540	642	46 407	46 402	5
Total	15 948	13 944	2 004	56 678	56 488	190

Expenditure in this programme amounted to R13.944 million in 2012/13, compared to R56.488 million in 2011/12. The decrease in expenditure is mainly due to the final transfer payment of R40 million to the Pebble Bed Modular Reactor (PBMR) in 2011/12 for its statutory dismantling, decommissioning and care and maintenance programme, as well as the transfer of the legal component from this unit to Programme 2: Legal and Governance.

Sub-Programme – Manufacturing Enterprises

Strategic objectives To ensure alignment in shareholder strategic intent in relation to SOCs' roles in achieving objectives in the defence, mining and forestry sectors by annually reviewing enterprise strategies and mandates in the context of political and sectoral policy shifts and alerting the enterprise boards to material deviations. To support the SOCs in delivering their outcomes as set out in the shareholder compacts and corporate plans by identifying appropriate target benchmarks for key performance measures and by analysing quarterly and annual reports.

Denel

- Define Denel's future role and strategic mandate by:
 - Developing the defence industry stakeholder framework with industry enablers to support Denel's business sustainability by 2012/13.
 - Developing a business model to support Denel's growth by 2012/13.
 - Reviewing the impact of the current strategic equity partnership on Denel's sustainability by 2012/13.

Alexkor

- Contribute to the socio-economic development of the region by implementing Alexkor's strategy to ensure the company's long-term viability, and address its environmental rehabilitation and other liabilities by 2012/13.
- Maintain the sustainability of Alexkor by:
 - Developing an evaluation framework and alternative funding mechanisms for Alexkor's new mining ventures and beneficiation initiatives to guide investment decisions by 2012/13.
 - Expanding the Alexkor board to its full complement and ensuring it has the requisite skills, experience and expertise by 2012/13.
- Implement the Richtersveld deed of settlement by:
 - Monitoring the performance of the pooling and sharing joint venture between Alexkor and the Richtersveld Mining Company, including the prospecting work programme and mining plans.
 - Monitoring the Alexander Bay township infrastructure upgrade and transferring outstanding assets to the Richtersveld community.
- Strengthen the institutional format and operations of the SAFCOL by:
 - Defining its role and its contribution to rural development and the forestry industry.
 - Reviewing the SAFCOL board to its full complement and ensuring it has the requisite skills, experience and expertise.
 - Reviewing the SOC and SAFCOL group structure to ensure the best possible company structure that will create value and achieve greater business efficiency, functionality and accountability, while minimising costs and duplication.
 - Developing a settlement model to address land claims against Komatiland Forests by 2012/13.

Performance Indicators

Sub-Programme: Manufacturing Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
1. Shareholder oversight					
Strategic Intent statement	Strategic intent statement approved and communicated by Minister at the AGM.	Strategic intent statement communicated by Minister at the AGM.	Strategic intent statement communicated to the board during the 2012/13 AGM.	None	None
Shareholder Compact	Shareholder compact agreed and signed by shareholder and the board.	Approval of the shareholder compact.	Shareholder compacts for Denel, Alexkor and SAFCOL approved by the shareholder.	None	None
Corporate plan	Corporate plan assessed to determine alignment to the pre-determined objectives, other Government objectives and the long-term viability of the SOC. A communiquéé to be sent to the SOC.	Approval of corporate plan.	Corporate plans for Denel and SAFCOL assessed and approved.	Alexkor corporate plan was assessed but not approved in the period under review.	The corporate plan was not assessed as the board took longer than anticipated to revise Alexkor's KPIs in line with the shareholder compact.
Quarterly assessments	Conducted quarterly assessments of financial and operational performance and progress with strategic objective against predetermined targets. A communiquéé was sent to the SOC by the Minister.	Quarterly assessment completed with recommendations for corrective action issued to the board where necessary.	All quarterly reports were assessed.	None	None

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

Sub-Programme: Manufacturing Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Evaluation and review of SOC board	Board evaluation and review	Board evaluation and review	Board evaluation and review was carried out as part of the AGM process.	None	None
Annual reports	Completed an assessment of annual reports of Denel, Alexkor and SAFCOL.	Assessment of annual reports of Denel, Alexkor and SAFCOL.	Completed annual report assessments for Denel, Alexkor and SAFCOL.	None	None
Annual general meetings – Denel, Alexkor and SAFCOL	AGMs held for Denel, Alexkor and SAFCOL.	AGMs for Denel, Alexkor and SAFCOL.	AGMs were held as follows: Denel: 19 June 2012 Alexkor: 07 September 2012 SAFCOL: 23 August 2012	None	None
PFMA applications	PFMA applications approved within stipulated period.	PFMA applications assessed and a decision made within 30 days.	3 applications were received during the period under review. 2 applications were assessed (Tawazun DDM JV and IFLOMA Phase 2)	1 application (Shannon Properties) did not meet the stipulated deadline	The Shannon Properties application did not comply with the PFMA response requirement of 30 days and the SOC proceeded with the sale of the property.

Sub-Programme: Manufacturing Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
2. Definition of Denel's future role and strategic mandate with associated turnaround plan					
Definition of Denel's future role and strategic mandate by alignment across Government on the Denel strategic mandate.	Identified key issues facing Denel and interventions required.	Consult with a key stakeholder, Department of Defence (DoD), and secure support for short-term intervention to stabilise Denel.	In the period under review, the Department developed and implemented interventions to improve the financial stability of the company. This was an important milestone towards the definition of Denel's future role. DoD and other stakeholders were engaged to improve the financial stability of the company.	None	None
Development of turnaround plan that pursues financial recovery and stability to secure Denel's long-term viability and reduce its dependence on the fiscus.	Identified tenets for Denel's future business model and communicated these to Denel.	Review and reach a decision on the independent study that assessed the applicability of the identified tenets for the future Denel model.	Completed the turnaround plan for Denel and obtained Cabinet approval.	None	None
Development of funding model/mix to support Denel's growth and sustainability.	MTEF application of R2 billion made to National Treasury.	Investigate alternative funding options to support Denel's growth strategy.	The Denel turnaround plan approved by Cabinet included the funding plan. The Department and National Treasury are working on alternative funding mechanism to address the short fall in the medium term.	None	None

Sub-Programme: Manufacturing Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
3. Denel/Defence Industry Support Framework					
Denel/defence industry stakeholder framework.	Active engagement in defence industry strategy review forum.	Develop the Denel/defence industry stakeholder framework.	DPE and DoD have agreed to start developing the framework, which will enable consensus amongst stakeholders on Denel's role.	Stakeholder framework not developed in the year under review.	Due the increased focus on improving the financial sustainability of the company the framework was not concluded.
Assessment of the impact of current strategic equity partnerships on Denel's sustainability.	Monitor the performance of existing strategic equity partnerships.	Assess the impact of the current strategic equity partnerships on Denel's sustainability to enable informed input into policy guidelines for private sector participation.	Not achieved	Assessment of equity partnerships was deprioritised and the study will be done during the 2013/14 financial year.	The focus in the 2012/13 financial year was on Denel's sustainability (turnaround plan and funding challenges). The terms of reference have been compiled and will be approved in Q1 2013/14.
4. Review of the progress of the 2008 Denel end-state Cabinet recommendation					
Status update to Cabinet on progress with the 2008 Denel end-state Cabinet recommendations.		Assessment of progress made on the 2008 Denel end-state Cabinet recommendations.	Not achieved	An update to Cabinet on the 2008 recommendations will be done during the 2013/14 financial year.	The delays in the finalisation of the Defence Review meant that proposals could not be formulated with regard to the conclusions that were made in the end state recommendations.
Review of Rooivalk programme.	Secure client funding to continue Rooivalk programme.	Undertake an impact assessment of the Rooivalk programme.	The terms of reference were approved in 2012/13.	The study was not completed. It will be finalised during the 2013/14 financial year.	The increased focus on the turnaround plan required the Department to allocate more resources to its finalisation.

Sub-Programme: Manufacturing Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
5. Denel Aerostructures business sustainability					
Denel Aero-structures (DAe) business plan	Framework for the resolution of Denel Aero-structures (DAe) business package contract terms on the viability of DAe business completed (financial, operational, technical, programme management).	Assess the revised DAe business plan and the impact of revised work on financial, operational and technical programme management targets.	Achieved. The business has reported a significant reduction in losses compared to previous financial years. This positive trend is being supported by new businesses that are boosting revenues. The capital injection will provide much needed support and should translate into significantly reduced losses.	None	None
Development of funding model and other support mechanisms for DAe business sustainability.	MTEF funding application. Indemnity claim processed.	Investigate alternative funding options to support growth strategy.	Achieved. The turnaround plan for Denel included the DAe business and funding plan.	None	None
6. Re-direction of Alexkor's commercial focus and sustainability					
Development of evaluation framework and funding model/mix to guide investment decisions for new mining ventures and downstream beneficiation initiatives.	MTEF funding application submitted for potential new mining ventures.	Develop an evaluation framework and funding model/mix for new ventures.	Not achieved	The Department will finalise the redefined role in the first quarter of the 2013/14 financial year.	The evaluation framework could not be developed before the company's role had been redefined. Identification of new ventures will be informed by the redefined role.

Sub-Programme: Manufacturing Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
7. Alexkor board review					
Board evaluation and review	Board evaluation and review	Board evaluation and review	The board review was completed. The board will be strengthened further in view of the additional responsibilities associated with the oversight of the Pooling and Sharing Joint Venture (PSJV) and the re-defined role of the SOC.	None	None
8. Oversight of Richtersveld deed of settlement implementation					
Performance of PSJV between Alexkor and the Richtersveld Mining Company.	Assess the performance of the PSJV (prospecting plan, work programme, mining plan) to ensure sustainability.	Assess the performance of the PSJV (prospecting plan, work programme, mining plan) to ensure sustainability.	Assess the performance of the PSJV (prospecting plan, work programme, mining plan) to ensure sustainability.	None	None
Alexander Bay township infrastructure upgrade and transfer of outstanding assets to the Richtersveld Community.	The Alexander Bay township infrastructure upgrade project was completed.	Outstanding assets to be transferred to the Richtersveld Community in accordance with deed of settlement.	Not achieved. The township infrastructure upgrade was completed in the fourth quarter of 2012/13 financial year.	The township will be handed over during the 2013/14 financial year.	The delay in the completion of the infrastructure upgrade impacted on the timing of the formal handover.
9. Definition of role and institutional form for SAFCOL					
SAFCOL's contributions to rural development and the forestry industry.	Inter-governmental consultation on SAFCOL's proposed future role.	Develop a strategy for SAFCOL's future role.	SAFCOL's future role was defined and consultation with key government departments undertaken.	None	None

Sub-Programme: Manufacturing Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
10. Maximising value of current SAFCOL processing assets					
Maximise the value of processing assets through brownfield investments and the refurbishment of existing sawmills.	Approval to invest in current processing assets subsequent to an assessment of the 2011 corporate plan.	Assess the viability of the existing custom-cut processing plants and the Timbadola sawmill.	Not achieved	Assessment of the viability of the existing custom-cut processing plant and the Timbadola sawmill was not undertaken.	The SOC feasibility study on Timbadola sawmill technology upgrade programme has taken longer than anticipated. The feasibility study is expected to be concluded in the 2013/14 financial year.
11. Transfer of SAFCOL minority shares					
Transfer of SAFCOL minority shares to the Department of Rural Development and Land Reform (DRDLR) through Cabinet approval.	Inter-ministerial engagements to fast track the process to transfer shares.	Minority shares transferred to the DRDLR through Cabinet approval.	Not achieved. The Department, in partnership with the National Empowerment Fund (NEF), is developing proposals on the hosting of the minority shares for DRDLR consideration.	The transfer of minority shares to DRDLR	Awaiting a decision from DRDLR on their preparedness to warehouse the shares.

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

Sub-Programme: Manufacturing Enterprises					
Performance Indicators	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
12. KLF land claims settlement model					
Settlement model to fast track Komatiland Forests (KLF) land claims	Participate in the forestry land claims task team.	Operationalise the KLF land claims task team.	The interdepartmental task team comprising of DPE, DRDLR, DAFF, SAFCOL and DPW has been established. However, the development of a settlement model lies with DRDLR; the other departments provide input and assistance. In the year under review, settlement model options were generated and are being costed	None	None
13. Enhancement of SAFCOL development contribution					
Reduction of socio-infrastructure backlogs in Mpumalanga, Limpopo and KZN by promoting the use of timber-framed structures in the housing, education and health areas	Pilot projects on timber-framed structures.	Reduction of socio-infrastructure backlogs in areas where SAFCOL operates by promoting the use of timber-framed structures.	7 schools in Mpumalanga were supported through the programme. Education authorities in the provinces that benefited were part of the handover process. Positive feedback was received from these authorities, which provide an important platform to expand the initiative.	None	None

Strategic objectives and key achievements

Alexkor

The Department continued to monitor and oversee the execution of the activities linked to the DoS. These included:

- The upgrade of Alexander Bay. The infrastructure upgrade was completed in March 2013
- Capacitation of the Pooling and Sharing Joint Venture. Alexkor's focus going forward is to ensure the PSJV, which is a joint venture with the Richtersveld Mining Corporation (RMC), is brought to a sustainable carat production level.
- Facilitate the transfer of residential properties to the Richtersveld community, which is planned for the 2nd quarter of 2013/14 financial year.

In line with its enabling legislation, Alexkor is developing a strategy to access opportunities beyond alluvial diamond mining. The process will be concluded in the second quarter of the 2013/14 financial year. The strategy will seek to balance the company's long-term viability against contributing to the socio-economic upliftment and development of the Richtersveld and Namaqualand regions.

In the current reporting period, the Department submitted a request for R350 million to National Treasury. It was approved to address the following obligations and liabilities: an environmental rehabilitation liability at Alexander Bay mine, payment to the Richtersveld Property Holding Company to secure Alexkor's right of occupation of the transferred residential properties for a period of 10 years, and a post-retirement medical aid liability.

Denel

The Department monitored and had oversight of the development and Cabinet approval of the turnaround plan for the SOC. The turnaround plan implementation is showing satisfactory outcomes with the SOC recording positive financial results. The projection is that this trend will be maintained. Despite the challenging trading environment, the business outlook is positive. Denel is pursuing a strategy of forming strategic collaborations and joint ventures with local and international companies in the defence sector. The R700-million recapitalisation of the company has improved its gearing ratio.

The Department has directed the SOC to improve investment in technology development to ensure a sustainable product portfolio in future. The expenditure will further enable Denel to attract bright young minds, which is critical to the sustainability of the business. The core technical expertise is ageing due to lack of investment in talent development.

SAFCOL

The Department finalised the new role for the SOC. It is due to be presented to Cabinet during the first quarter of the 2013/14 financial year. To execute the SOC's new role and enable effective oversight, its board of directors has been augmented with the requisite skills. The SOC will be repositioned to be an agent for rural economic development in the parts of Limpopo, Mpumalanga and Northern Kwazulu-Natal where it has its operations. The Department continued to engage the Department of Rural Development and Land Reform (DRDLR) to ensure the resolution of land claims on SAFCOL's land. Some 61% of the forestry plantations are subject to land claims, a situation that is hampering the SOC's long-term planning. In the interim, SAFCOL is positioning itself as a preferred development partner for claimant communities to ensure the land is not lost to other forms of agriculture.

In addition, the Department continued to engage with DRDLR regarding the transfer from SAFCOL of minority shareholdings. DRDLR remains the destination of the shareholding and needs to develop the capacity to warehouse the shares, which is expected to be transferred during the 2013/14 financial year. The Department has engaged with other stakeholders to find an interim solution, as the shareholding is proving to be a liability for SAFCOL.

Changes to planned targets

During the revision of the annual performance plan, the target regarding approval of the investment in new mining ventures was removed.

Sub-programme expenditure

Sub-Programme Manufacturing Enterprises	2012/2013			2011/2012		
	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Management	1 507	1 419	88	2 703	2 466	237
Denel	821 585	821 293	292	118 866	118 971	(105)
Alexkor	351 589	350 401	1 188	-	-	-
Safcol	5 470	5 155	315	1 982	1 986	(4)
Total	1 180 151	1 178 268	1 883	123 551	123 423	128

Expenditure for the sub-programme amounted to R1.178 billion in 2012/13, compared to R123.423 million in 2011/12. The increase in expenditure is mainly due to the payment for financial assets disbursed to Alexkor and Denel amounting to R1.050 billion, as well as an amount of R118.313 million paid to Denel in respect of an indemnity claim to Denel/SAAB Aerostructures.

Sub-Programme – Transport Enterprises

Strategic objectives

- To promote the alignment of the SOC's corporate strategies with Government's objectives in relation to the transport and aviation sectors, by undertaking comprehensive annual reviews of corporate strategies, business plans and annual and quarterly performance within two weeks of submission of the quarterly reports by Transnet, South African Airways (SAA) and South African Express (SAX).
- To monitor compliance of the transport enterprises with the PFMA and other legislative prescripts by conducting an annual review and specifying required improvements of the internal controls in Transnet, SAA and SAX.
- To create an enabling environment for transport enterprises and ensure an appropriate balance between the enterprises' interests, sustainability and developmental objectives by engaging with the policy departments and relevant regulators at least once every quarter to discuss areas of misalignment; and inform the boards of Transnet, SAA and SAX.
- To ensure Transnet puts in place efficient, competitive and responsive infrastructure by:
 - Undertaking a detailed diagnostic analysis of the challenges facing Transnet Freight Rail (TFR) and developing an integrated government response to the growing rail market share by the end of the first quarter of 2012/13.
 - Developing a framework for private sector investment in rail by the end of 2012/13 to assist with the provision of infrastructure in cases where Transnet cannot afford to do so.
 - Overseeing the introduction of multiple private operators on the branch line network within the first quarter of 2012/13 to revitalise the network as a feeder to the core network and to realise socio-economic benefits.
- To facilitate the introduction of competition in the management of container terminals through the licensing of an operator for the Ngqura container terminal by 2014.

- To ensure the global competitiveness of the South African freight logistics industry by implementing national corridor performance tools and indicators to quantify the operational efficiency of freight corridors in 2012/13.
- To optimise the economic impact of infrastructure investments by monitoring the rollout of Transnet's capital expenditure programme on a quarterly and annual basis to assess any significant deviations from corporate plans, potential cost overruns and time delays on major capital projects, and taking the necessary action.
- To monitor the implementation of the competitive supplier development programme to leverage Transnet's locomotive fleet procurement for the development of local railway supplier industries, by evaluating progress towards achieving localisation targets in the quarterly and annual Transnet reports.

South African Airways and South African Express

- Support SAA and SAX to achieve sustainable levels of profitability and liquidity in 2012/13 by:
 - Overseeing the implementation of the initiatives relating to the R1.6-billion guarantee to SAA.
 - Assessing the required levels of capitalisation of SAA and SAX.
 - Undertaking a comprehensive review of the SAA business model.
- Enhance government's airlift objectives by facilitating approval of the government strategy for SAA in Cabinet, including key success factors to achieve a stronger brand by June 2012.
- Support SAA to establish South African Airways Technical as a regional maintenance, repair and operations centre of excellence, by facilitating the approval of the business case in Cabinet and enabling legislation, if necessary, in the second quarter of 2012/13.

Performance indicators

Programme / Sub programme: Transport Enterprises					
Effective shareholder oversight of SAA, SAX and Transnet					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Signed shareholder compact	Concluded shareholder compacts for Transnet, SAA and SAX.	Shareholder compacts approved.	Transnet shareholder compact signed	None	None
			Not achieved SAA: The shareholder did not support the 2012/13 shareholder compact as the company had planned for a bigger loss. The Department engaged with the company to identify measures to minimise the loss in the current financial year.	The shareholder did not agree to the shareholder compact within the stipulated timeframe.	The 2012/13 targets could not be agreed at the beginning of the financial year due to the Department not accepting SAA's proposal to budget for a loss.

Programme / Sub programme: Transport Enterprises					
Effective shareholder oversight of SAA, SAX and Transnet					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
			SAX: the shareholder compact was approved by the shareholder but not accepted by the board.	Shareholder compact not signed by the board.	SAX requested a downward revision, due to the worsening economic environment, of the targets that were previously agreed as the basis for the fleet renewal programme. As a result, the company was assessed based on the shareholder compact signed by the shareholder.
Quarterly Reports Assessed	Completed assessment of quarterly performance reports and accompanying investor briefs where required.	Assess of quarterly performance reports and prepare investor briefs if required.	4 quarterly financial and operational performance reports were assessed.	None	None
Assessment of Annual Reports	Analysis and assessment of the annual reports completed.	Assessment of annual reports.	Transnet and SAA annual reports assessed.	Assessment of SAX not completed.	Delays in the finalisation of SAX's annual financial statements meant that the target could not be achieved.

Programme / Sub programme: Transport Enterprises					
Effective shareholder oversight of SAA, SAX and Transnet					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Assessment of Corporate Plans	Corporate plans assessed.	Corporate plans assessment.	Transnet corporate plan was assessed. SAA corporate plan was approved by the Department SAX corporate plan was not assessed.	Transnet corporate plan not signed off by the Department. SAX corporate plan was not submitted.	Corporate plan required further engagement with the company on the new market demand strategy. SAX did not submit a corporate plan due to the withdrawal and restatement of the financial statements for the 2010/11 financial year.
Strategic intent statement prepared for the AGMs	Draft strategic intent statement finalised. Shareholder communiqué at AGMs.	Strategic intent statements issued at the AGMs.	Strategic intent statement for Transnet, SAA and SAX communicated at their AGMs. The AGMs were held as follows: Transnet: 22 July 2012 SAA: October 2012 SAX: August 2012	None	None
Ensure that Transnet contributes to putting in place efficient, competitive and responsive infrastructure (output 3 of outcome 6) – as per Minister's performance agreement					
Increased rail market share as a percentage of total freight	TFR target to increase to 201 million tons per annum (mtpa) on rail	Monitor Transnet's compact target to move 224mtpa on rail.	The Department monitored the volumes moved by Transnet on rail on a quarterly basis. Transnet moved 207.7mtpa.	Transnet did not achieve to move 224mtpa.	The adverse economic environment meant that there were fewer volumes to be transported as the demand projections were based on higher economic growth and trajectory.

Programme / Sub programme: Transport Enterprises					
Effective shareholder oversight of SAA, SAX and Transnet					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Private Sector Participation (PSP) framework finalised.	Draft PSP framework developed.	PSP framework approved by Cabinet.	Not achieved	PSP framework not submitted to Cabinet for approval.	Towards the end of the 2012/13 financial year, the Department embarked on the development of the PSP that will be applicable to all the SOCs. Current work on the Transnet PSP was halted pending the finalisation of the overarching framework.
Multiple branch line operators.	3 branch line opportunities identified for concessions.	At least 3 private operators on branch lines.	Transnet engaged on the enhanced strategy/model for branch lines.	Target dates for private operators on the branch lines postponed to 2016.	Branch line enhanced model has been completed but not yet approved. The operationalisation of the private concession is a protracted process that is expected to be completed by the end of the 2015/16 financial year.
Licensed operator for the Ngqura container terminal.	Cabinet approval of interim license for Transnet Port Terminals to operate the Ngqura container terminal.	Facilitate request for proposals to be issued to commence the competitive process.	A Section 56 project plan has been completed by Transnet. The Department will monitor progress as part of shareholder oversight in the period ahead.	Issue the request for proposals.	The protracted discussion with the policy department on the approach for the licensing of the operator impacted on the achievement of the target.

Programme / Sub programme: Transport Enterprises					
Effective shareholder oversight of SAA, SAX and Transnet					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Incremental improvements in ports productivity.	Achieved 24 crane moves per hour at DCT.	Target to achieve at least 28 gross crane moves per hour at DCT.	The Department monitored the operational efficiencies at the ports Transnet achieved 28.4 crane moves per hour at DCT.	None	None
Develop national corridor performance measurement (NCPM) tools and indicators					
Operational efficiency of strategic freight corridors.	NCPM rolled out on three corridors (export coal, export iron ore and export manganese).	NCPM system acceptance on all corridors.	100% acceptance achieved.	None	None
Improve investment in transport infrastructure					
Accelerated investment in fit-for-purpose transport infrastructure and monitoring thereof.	Assess Transnet's infrastructure plan and monitor Transnet's R110-billion capital expenditure (capex) programme	Monitor Transnet's increased capex investment. Approval of R300 billion capex.	The Department monitored capex progress on a quarterly basis. Transnet spent R29.7bn against the budget of R31.0bn.	None	None
Development of a long-term, integrated transport infrastructure network plan					
Transport infrastructure network plan.	Drafted terms of reference for the long-term freight network plan.	Study on freight network plan initiated.	Preliminary TOR drafted but not approved.	TOR not approved.	Further consultation on the TOR required with stakeholders (DoT).

Programme / Sub programme: Transport Enterprises					
Effective shareholder oversight of SAA, SAX and Transnet					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
AVIATION					
Strengthen financial and liquidity position of SAA and SAX to ensure sustainability of the airlines.	Reduced reliance of SAA on government support for the air traffic liability required by the International Licensing Council. Completed review of the SAA business model.	Assessment of the appropriate capital structures for SAA and SAX.	Based on the assessment of SAA and SAX short-term funding requirements, a guarantee for R5.06 billion and R537 million were granted to SAA and SAX respectively.	Appropriate capital structures for the airlines not implemented.	The need to maintain the going concern status of the airlines and the development of turnaround plans took precedent in the year under review. The capital structures assessment will form part of the development of turnaround plans to be concluded in the 2013/14 financial year.
Development and implementation of the Africa Aviation Strategy.	Assess launch of new African routes.	Approval of the Africa Aviation Strategy by Cabinet.	The African Aviation Strategy was completed in June 2012. It will form part of the long-term turnaround strategy (LTTS).	Approval of the Africa Aviation Strategy.	The Africa Aviation Strategy will form part of the LTTS which will be submitted to Cabinet for noting in the 2013/14 financial year.

Strategic objectives and key achievements

Transnet

The Department's oversight responsibilities intensified as Transnet ramped up its capital programme from R110 billion to R301 billion through the introduction of the MDS. In line with Government imperatives, the MDS planned capital programme presents Transnet with opportunities to drive job creation, localisation, skills development and economic transformation in the country.

Progress was also made by the Department in the roll out of the NCPM project. Complete system acceptance was achieved and the system can be accessed by selected stakeholders during 2013/14 financial year.

The Department engaged Transnet on the enhanced model for the concessioning of the three identified branch lines. It has been agreed that the branch lines will be assessed on a case-by-case basis. The PFMA Section 54 approval process will be undertaken during the 2013/14 financial year to expedite the three concessions as per Outcome 6 of the delivery agreement.

South African Airways (SAA)

The Department was instrumental in setting out the parameters for the development of SAA's long-term turnaround strategy that was submitted to the Minister on 2 April 2013. The Department is currently reviewing the strategy, in consultation with other government departments, before it is submitted to Cabinet.

South African Express Airways (SAX)

The Department moved swiftly to address the deficiencies in corporate governance within the SOC. This included the removal of the board and appointment of new board members, as well as requesting the Auditor-General to take over the audit function for this entity. The expected completion date for the audit of the 2011/12 AFS was moved from 31 March 2013 to 31 May 2013.

Changes to planned targets

The complexity of the process to concession the branch lines to private operators and the absence of an overarching rail policy, required the Department and Transnet to refine the existing model to address some of the challenges that had been identified. Given the absence of fiscal support for private operators, new mechanisms need to be explored to ensure the financial sustainability of the branch lines. The new process will be completed in the 2015/16 financial year.

The scale of the capital expenditure programme will require private sector involvement to augment the SOC's balance sheet. In this regard, the Department has started to develop an overarching framework for private sector participation in the current build programme. The first draft will be completed in the 2013/14 financial year (refer to progress under sub-programme: Strategic Partnerships).

In the 2012/13 financial year, the Department had committed to complete the Africa Aviation Strategy. However, the need to review and streamline government assets in the aviation sector and define the strategy for the airlines meant that the Africa Aviation Strategy could not be completed. The objective to link South Africa to other fast growing African states has been incorporated into the LTTS. The LTTS will be completed in the 2013/14 financial year.

Sub-programme expenditure

Sub-Programme Transport Enterprises	2012/2013			2011/2012		
	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Management	2 536	2 263	273	1 926	1 768	158
Transnet	13 639	12 048	1 591	14 172	11 831	2 341
SAA & SA Express	5 874	5 719	155	5 508	5 153	355
Total	22 049	20 030	2 019	21 606	18 752	2 854

Expenditure for the sub-programme amounted to R20.030 million in 2012/13, compared to R18.752 million in 2011/12. The slight rise in expenditure is attributed to normal inflation-related increases.

SUB-PROGRAMME – ECONOMIC IMPACT AND POLICY ALIGNMENT

Purpose: To build the capacity to monitor national economic policies to determine areas in which the SOCs can make strategic contributions. The unit manages the reporting processes of the state-owned companies to their stakeholders.

Sub-programme

Environmental Policy Alignment – oversee alignment and implementation of SOC strategically important developments (SIDs), with special focus on the Eskom and Transnet build programmes. Oversee and align the Climate Change Policy Framework for SOCs in support of national policies and the green economy.

Economic Policy Alignment – conduct appropriate macro-economic modelling and research to enhance the links between industrial policy, macro-economic policy and the role of the SOCs. Economic modelling will be outsourced to relevant institutions to determine the impact of SOC investment and operations on the economy, including the impact on customers and suppliers.

Transformation, Skills and Youth Development – focuses on the provision of scarce and critical skills by the SOCs in support of the National Skills Agenda, the New Growth Path (NGP) and the NDP. Optimises the SOC skills training facilities through, among others, national skills funding.

Performance indicators

Programme / Sub programme: Economic Impact and Policy Alignment					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Monitor SOC and supplier network skills implementation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SOC-specific scarce and critical skills defined in shareholder compacts and aligned to National Skills Accord commitments. • Skills reporting dashboard upgraded. • SOC reports monitored and evaluated quarterly. • The following achievements were noted: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SOCs: 6 573 scarce and critical skills learners (artisans, technicians and engineers) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor implementation of SOC skills programmes to ensure support to NGP. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SOC dashboard analysed and monitored quarterly. • SOC National Skills Accord performance reports submitted to DHET. 	None	None

Programme / Sub programme: Economic Impact and Policy Alignment					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
	- Eskom suppliers support youth development in the form of 5 209 trade skills learners and graduates gaining work exposure.				
Establish partnership with Department of Higher Education and Training (DHET) to optimise SOC training facilities to increase national skills pool	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collaboration between DPE and DHET to enable SOC to support for the national agenda. • SOC artisan and technician development sub-committee established and work plan implemented to optimise SOC training facilities. • Contributed to technical working group (TWG) that is part of the FET task team to strengthen the FET sector. • Inputs made to the EWSETA sector skills plan and supported its initiatives. • FET NCV programmes aligned to SAQA electrical and welding trades. • Submitted Transnet's application for funds from the NSF to train an additional 2 000 artisan learners for the national pool to DHET for approval. • Facilitated due diligence by DHET/ NSF at Transnet Koedoespoort School of Engineering to guide NSF project evaluation process. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Obtain funds from NSF to optimise SOC training facilities. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • R175 million approved by National Skills Fund (NSF) for Transnet to train 1 000 artisans for the national pool. • Coordinated SOC/ DPE Skills Forum and SOC artisan and technician development sub-committee to support national skills agenda. • SOC learner management system study undertaken and reporting framework created for development of a SOC learner management registration system to enhance dashboard reporting. 	None	None

Programme / Sub programme: Economic Impact and Policy Alignment					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Monitor SOC transformation (B-BBEE and employment equity), job creation, youth initiatives and disposal of non-core property	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concluded SOC employment equity and youth baseline reports to quantify contribution towards NGP. • DPE Youth Economic Participation Programme launched in support of NGP. • DPE/SOC employment reports consolidated and incorporated in DPME employment report in support of NGP. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transformation indicators included in shareholder compacts and monitored quarterly via dashboard. • Monitoring SOC youth economic participation initiatives. • SOC job creation indicators included in shareholder compacts and monitored quarterly via dashboard. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DPE/SOC Transformation Dialogue and report completed. • SOC socio-economic indicators incorporated in 2013/14 SOC shareholder compacts. • YEP draft strategy and 3-year action plan completed. • YEP 2013/14 programme and priorities developed and approved. • Analysed SOC employment equity report and established new baseline. 	None	None
Monitor environmental impact assessments for strategically important developments and develop and implement Climate Change Policy Framework for SOCs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EIAs monitored and analysed via dashboard. Intervention by minister sought regarding issues with Transnet and Eskom projects. • SOE fund monitored and DPE-DEA-Eskom MoU in process of being reviewed. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Engage DEA to revise DPE-DEA-Eskom MoU. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quarterly monitoring of EIAs and intervention sought by Minister/ DG where appropriate. • Draft MoU between DPE-DEA and DWA prepared for comment. 	None	None

Programme / Sub programme: Economic Impact and Policy Alignment					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DPE/SOC Climate Change Policy Framework approved and implementation commenced. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Approval of implementation framework guidelines and launch of Climate Change Policy Framework for SOCs. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Climate Change Policy Framework launched by the Minister and SOCs signed the UNGC. UNGC induction for SOCs completed. Guidelines approved and aviation bio-fuels project underway. WWF appointed as DPE's technical partner to advise on a low-carbon trajectory for DPE's SOCs. Eskom and Transnet-low carbon policy initiatives completed. ToR for the carbon tax paper completed and circulated. Quarterly monitoring of SOC alignment to CCPF completed in partnership with WWF. 	None	None

Strategic objectives and key achievements

Youth Development Programme

The Department hosted three youth engagement platforms in partnership with provincial economic development departments in KwaZulu-Natal, the Free State and Eastern Cape during October and November 2012. The SOCs presented their job creation, skills development, procurement and corporate social investment (CSI) opportunities to young entrepreneurs, unemployed graduates and unemployed and school-going youth.

As part of the 2012 Youth Month activities, DPE joined other government departments in celebrations in Port Elizabeth, where it also exhibited its work and that of the SOCs. Other activities included a career expo at the False Bay College attended by almost 4 000 learners from schools in previously disadvantaged communities across the Western Cape. The expo helped Grade 10-12 learners to understand career opportunities within the state-owned companies, including bursaries, maths and science support and training.

Transformation Dialogue

A Transformation Dialogue was convened on 11 October 2012, to provide a platform for a strategic discussion with SOCs and relevant stakeholders on the role SOCs can play in socio-economic development, transformation and the advancement of national objectives.

Climate Change Policy Framework

The Climate Change Policy Framework for SOCs was launched in June 2012 by the Minister. SOCs symbolically signed the United Nations Global Compact demonstrating leadership and commitment to sustainable growth and development. The aim of the Climate Change Policy is to guide the SOCs towards a low-carbon economy.

Changes to planned targets

In the 2012/13 APP, two indicators were included subject to the availability of resources to implement the project. As the project was not implemented, the indicators were eventually excluded from the Department's plan for the year. They have been included in the 2013/14 financial year.

Sub-programme expenditure

Sub-Programme Economic Impact and Policy Alignment	2012/2013			2011/2012		
	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Management	1 798	1 508	290	1 008	886	122
Environmental Policy Alignment	2 542	2 457	85	-	-	-
Economic Policy Alignment	1 347	1 245	102	11 076	10 858	218
Transformation, Skills Development and Youth	5 035	4 780	255	-	-	-
Total	10 722	9 990	732	12 084	11 744	340

Expenditure for the sub-programme amounted to R9.990 million in 2012/13, compared to R11.744 million in 2011/12. The decrease is mainly due to the conversion of the sub-programme in 2012/13 from the former Joint Project Facility, which was project-based. The programme is now structured according to the functions it is designed to carry out.

SUB-PROGRAMME – STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

Purpose: To identify strategic initiatives where external funds can be mobilised for projects and associated governance arrangements. The unit also identifies and oversees fleet procurement to enable the development of industrial capabilities in SOC suppliers.

Sub-programme

Management – comprises of the office of the Deputy Director-General, which leads and manages the programme personnel.

Project Oversight – define catalytic investments to be driven by DPE and oversee project implementation from pre-feasibility to completion, including the design of relevant compacts.

Funding Mechanisms - develop innovative funding structures and design associated compacts with relevant partners.

Strategic Relationships – develop overarching procurement leverage policies, oversee SOC fleet procurement design and implementation, and develop and implement capability building programmes and institutions.

Performance indicators

Programme / Sub-programme: Strategic Partnerships					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Establishment of the Project Management Office	New project commenced in 2012/13	Assess different business models for the project management office (PMO).	Developed the scope and business model for the PMO.	None	None
PSP Framework	New project. To commence	Private sector participation framework approved.	Draft PSP framework developed.	Approval of the PSP framework.	The PSP framework has been reviewed and the new draft submitted to the relevant stakeholders for inputs.
Fleet procurement implemented by Transnet	Design of locomotive fleet procurement process by Transnet.	Monitor the implementation of Transnet's fleet procurement process.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comprehensive evaluation undertaken and areas of non-alignment identified. • Study completed in collaboration with Transnet and the Department of Trade and Industry to determine the respective roles of Transnet Rail Engineering and the private sector, and to establish a more comprehensive component-level and export-driven localisation strategy. 	None	None

Programme / Sub-programme: Strategic Partnerships					
Performance Indicator	Actual Achievement 2011/2012	Planned Target 2012/2013	Actual Achievement 2012/2013	Deviation from planned target to Actual Achievement for 2012/2013	Comment on deviations
Continuous expansion of SOC supplier development programme (Eskom and Transnet).	Continuous dialogue with and evaluation of SOC supplier development planning process and output.	Monitor implementation of supplier development plans by SOCs.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eskom and Transnet supplier development plans reviewed and approved for implementation. • Next-generation supplier development plans launched during the Supplier Development Summit hosted by the Minister on 14 and 15 March 2013. • Implementation of plans underway by Eskom and Transnet, but subject to resolution of exemption of the SOCs from PPPFA clauses. 	None	None

Strategic objectives and key achievements

SOC Supplier Development Summit

The DPE held a Supplier Development, Localisation and Transformation Summit on 14 and 15 March 2013. It was attended by Eskom and Transnet suppliers, customers and other key stakeholders. Eskom and Transnet launched their next-generation supplier development plans and highlighted the products and services that have been prioritised for investment by industry in their supplier development, localisation and transformation strategies. They also gave suppliers insight into how these products and services will be procured to realise the objectives. The outcomes of the summit were as follows:

- The SOC suppliers formed an interim steering committee as a first step to organise themselves into a representative body (SOC Supplier Association) that will enable better communication between suppliers, top decision-makers in government and the SOCs to ensure government support is optimised.
- A collaborative supplier development initiative was established under Eskom's leadership and involving Transnet and key players in the mining sector. The initiative will focus on the development of the pumps and valves industry in South Africa, as well as a joint strategic sourcing skills development initiative.
- In addition, Transnet is exploring the establishment of a supplier development fund in collaboration with key players in the mining industry. The fund will enable the development of local manufacturers to produce components used by both Transnet and the mining industry, which are currently being imported.

SOC Automotive Industry Competitiveness Forum

The Industrial Policy Action Plan (IPAP) regards the automotive sector as a development priority. The sector is a centre of manufacturing excellence in South Africa through its introduction of global cutting-edge manufacturing and supply chain management technologies. However, a range of economic infrastructure challenges impacts the competitiveness of the sector. Particularly Eskom and Transnet service provision could be improved to support its growth.

The Minister of Public Enterprises hosted the SOC Automotive Industry Competitiveness Forum on 20 September 2012 with three key objectives:

- To promote collaboration between SOCs and the automotive industry to ensure that infrastructure capacity and service delivery enhance competitiveness and to enable increased investment in infrastructure and in the cluster as a whole.
- To send a clear signal to investors that SOCs will respond to their needs within sensible commercial constraints.
- To identify priority automotive cluster infrastructure-related projects that will be overseen by the Minister of Public Enterprises.

Changes to planned targets

There were no changes to the planned outputs. The launch of the SIPs, in particular SIP 1 and 2, required the Department to design a new institutional structure to oversee their coordination. This work has been allocated under the Strategic Partnership programme.

Sub-programme expenditure

Sub-Programme Strategic Partnerships	2012/2013			2011/2012		
	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/ Under Expenditure	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/ Under Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Management	4 496	4 364	132	6 463	7 555	(1 092)
Project Oversight	416	328	88	-	-	-
Funding Mechanisms	100	-	100	-	-	-
Supplier Relationships	1 543	1 281	262	-	-	-
Total	6 555	5 973	582	6 463	7 555	(1 092)

Expenditure for the sub-programme amounted to R5.973 million in 2012/13, compared to R7.555 million in 2011/12. The sub-programme was established in the 2012/13 financial year. The decrease in expenditure is based on historic figures drawn from the office of the Chief Investment Portfolio Management (CIPM) in Programme 1 from where a number of functions were allocated to this unit. The 2011/12 figures indicate an over expenditure due to the fact that the CIPM was a sub-sub-programme of the management sub-programme in Programme 1. Overall expenditure in that sub-programme was not compromised.

6. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

6.1 Departmental receipts

Departmental receipts	2012/2013			2011/2012		
	Estimate	Actual Amount Collected	(Over)/Under Collection	Estimate	Actual Amount Collected	(Over)/Under Collection
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Sale of goods and services other than capital assets	56	58	(2)	38	53	(15)
Interest, dividends and rent on land	18	12	6	6	5	1
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	1	8	(7)
Financial transactions in assets and liabilities	502	467	35	54	-	54
Total	576	537	39	99	66	33

Collection of departmental revenue

Revenue collection is not a core function of the Department and therefore it has no specific plan in place in this regard. Any revenue collected by the Department and reported under Note 2 of the financial statements is of an incidental nature, such as parking fees, interest received on debts, sale of redundant capital assets and interest on bank accounts. Capital assets, such as computers, are first offered to schools. Should it not be required, the equipment is auctioned to staff.

6.2 Programme Expenditure

Programme	2012/2013			2011/2012		
	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/Under Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Administration	117 096	115 367	1 729	110 181	108 635	1 546
Legal and Governance	24 237	23 477	760	22 779	19 518	3 261
Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships	1 235 425	1 228 205	7 220	220 382	217 962	2 420
Total	1 376 758	1 367 049	9 709	353 342	346 115	7 227

The increase of R1.023 billion in the annual appropriation, from R353.342 million to R1.377 billion, is mainly as a result of an increase in payments for financial assets and a transfer payment to state-owned companies. Under spending amounting to R9.7 million was recorded in the 2012/13 financial year. This amount consists mainly of current expenditure in the operational budget on two line items. Firstly, compensation of employees was underspent by R6 million (5.36% of budget) as a result of posts not filled due to the scarcity of specialist skills in the market. Secondly, goods and services was underspent by R3.7 million (3.91% of budget) due to projects delays caused by capacity constraints. The Department has requested an R1.8-million rollover from the 2012/13 goods and services budget from National Treasury to complete three projects in the new financial year. The Department spent 99.3% of its budget, bringing it within the 2% spending target.

6.3 Transfer payments, excluding public entities

None

6.4 Public Entities

Organisations to whom payments for financial assets and transfer payments have been made:

Entity	Total Budget R'000	Expenditure R'000	Remaining Budget R'000	% Of Total Budget Used
Alexkor (payment for financial assets)	350 000	350 000	-	100
Denel (payment for financial assets)	700 000	700 000	-	100
Denel (indemnity claim)	118 313	118 313	-	100

- The transfer to Denel, amounting to R118 312 954, was disbursed in November 2012. Refer to Annexure 1A of the annual financial statements.
- The payment for financial assets (transfer) to Denel, amounting to R700 million, was disbursed in two tranches: R400 million in December 2012 and R300 million in March 2013.
- The payment for financial assets (transfer) to Alexkor, amounting to R350 million, was disbursed in December 2012.

Refer to Note 6 of the annual financial statements – Payments for Financial Assets.

The Department does not exercise control over the accounting arrangements of the SOC within its portfolio, except to approve the appointment of external auditors.

The achievements of the entities are reported in their annual reports, which are separately tabled at Parliament.

6.5 Conditional grants and earmarked funds paid

Earmarked funds

Alexkor R350 million

Denel R700 million

Refer to section to 6.4 for details on the transfers.

6.6 Conditional grants and earmarked funds received

Not applicable

6.7 Donor Funds

Not applicable.

6.8 Capital investment, maintenance and asset management plan

The Department does not have any major capital and/or investment infrastructure projects.

Asset management is dealt with under Section 11 of the Accounting Officer's Report.

PART C: GOVERNANCE



1. INTRODUCTION

The department has established systems and governance structures to oversee its processes and improve accountability. These systems and structures are crucial in promoting good governance within the Department and ensure that the Department complies with legislative requirements.

2. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Department continued its implementation of an integrated system of risk management in accordance with the Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) Framework. The framework enables the Department to effectively manage key risks that could prevent it from achieving its objectives. The Department's exco, chaired by the Director-General, fulfilled the role of the Risk Management Committee and was supported by the Audit Committee in effectively overseeing the management of key risks.

The ERM Framework, the Risk Management Strategy, Policy and Compliance Policy were reviewed and approved. The Department's legislative universe has been established and is monitored continuously to ensure compliance with relevant legislation, policies and regulations. Business unit risks were assessed and a register for each unit is maintained. In addition, shareholder risks were identified and are monitored and mitigated on an on-going basis. The Department continued to conduct assessments of SOC PFMA applications, quarterly reports and corporate plans in order to identify and mitigate risks that government is exposed to as a result of the SOCs' activities. Exco is satisfied that the Department maintained an effective, efficient and transparent system of risk management that is consistent with the requirements of the PFMA and the Public Sector Risk Management Maturity Model as issued by National Treasury.

3. FRAUD AND CORRUPTION

The Department's fraud and prevention plan (integrated fraud and anti-corruption strategy) was reviewed during the financial year under review. The policy will be approved and implemented during 2013/14 financial year.

Internal Audit is the custodian of the whistle-blowing policy and is also responsible for the administration of the internal confidential reporting box. Internal Audit, in consultation with the accounting officer, oversees the resolution of all whistle-blowing cases.

All cases raised through the confidential reporting box in the current financial year, were effectively resolved. Internal Audit reports quarterly to the Audit Committee on the whistle-blowing logs and the resolution of cases.

During the year under review, the Department did not receive cases from the fraud and anti-corruption hotline and there has not been any forensic investigation.

4. MINIMISING CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The Department operates within an approved delegation of authority framework. Both the financial and human resource delegations were reviewed for approval and implementation during 2013/14 financial year.

All senior management staff members are expected to complete financial disclosure forms annually for reporting to the Public Service Commission. All completed forms are also vetted by Internal Audit for potential conflicts of interests before submitting to the executive authority.

The Department has an approved gift policy that outlines the procedures to be followed before an official can accept any gifts in his or her capacity as a public servant. One of the measures put in place requires the

accounting officer to approve the acceptance of the gift. Such approval is granted after taking into consideration the nature of work, the environment the official operates in and whether or not the official is conflicted or will be conflicted. Upon approval the gift is disclosed in the gift register, which is co-ordinated by the Communications unit.

All members of the Bid Adjudication Committee, Bid Evaluation Committee, Audit Committee and the Executive Committee must declare their interests before proceeding with the meeting agendas. In the event of any conflict a member will be excused for either part of the meeting or the entire proceedings, depending on the nature of the issue being discussed.

It is standard practice for all new employees to sign the Department's code of ethics. Some employees also have to sign confidentiality agreements, depending on the information they have access to. All employees undergo a security check, conducted by the State Security Agency.

5. CODE OF CONDUCT

In the 2013/14 financial year, Human Resources will facilitate training and awareness on the Government code of conduct and integrity management framework. The programme will address incidents of corruption, management of conflict of interest, public servants undertaking additional employment and receiving remuneration without prior approval and public servants doing business with the State.

6. HEALTH SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Refer to the Accounting Officer's Report, Section 8, Occupational Health and Safety.

7. INTERNAL CONTROL UNIT

The Department has an Internal Audit unit, which reports administratively to the accounting officer and functionally to the Audit Committee. The Internal Audit unit consists of a chief audit executive and an audit manager and has a co-sourcing arrangement with a registered firm of accountants and auditors. The strategic objective of the unit is to provide objective assurance to management and the Audit Committee that internal control, risk management and governance processes are adequate and effective. Internal Audit also provides consulting services to the Department as and when necessary.

During the year under review, the Internal Audit unit executed its risk-based operational plan and issued reports to management with recommendations to address identified weaknesses. The unit also tracked implementation of management actions quarterly and reported results to the Executive Committee and the Audit Committee.

A concerted effort was made to coordinate work with other assurance providers. This was achieved by ensuring that quarterly reporting on combined assurance is adequate and effective and also by managing the internal control dashboard on behalf of the Auditor-General. The Audit Committee received quarterly reports on both the combined assurance and the implementation of management commitments on the internal control dashboard.

The Internal Audit function received a "generally conforms" rating in the external quality assessment of the unit

8. AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

Refer to the Annual Financial Statement Part E of the Annual Report.

PART D: HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT



1. LEGISLATION THAT GOVERNS HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

The information provided in this part is prescribed by the Public Service Regulations (Chapter 1, Part III J.3 and J.4).

2. INTRODUCTION

The structure of the Department was reviewed and approved by the DPSA and National Treasury. As a result the establishment increased to 210 through the creation of 12 funded posts in September. The establishment is at 220 for 2013/14 and will increase to 227 for subsequent years.

The Department's vacancy rate was 11.1% at the end of August 2012. However, the funding approval for 12 additional posts that was received at the end of August 2012, increased the vacancy rate at the end September 2012 to 15.34%. The Department appointed 47 new employees, compared to 25 in 2011/2012. This reduced the vacancy rate as at 31 March 2013 to 11.9%. During this period 18 officials resigned. Recruitment timelines are monitored and adhered to, to ensure that the Department maintains its vacancy rate below 10%.

The high turnover of critical and core staff, who are attracted primarily to the SOCs by highly competitive remuneration packages, remains a challenge. Advanced strategies to attract and retain critical talent are currently being explored. These include a new model to reposition the Department to fulfil its oversight role more effectively and in line with best practice and the Presidential Review Commission report on the management of SOCs.

The Department continuously monitors and aligns its performance management processes to improve its effectiveness according to the DPSA compliance directive.

The Department continues to implement the Cabinet's decision that senior management levels should reflect a 50/50 gender representation and that 2% of staff should be persons with disabilities. For the year under review the Department improved women representation to 41% and persons with disabilities to 3%.

The Department's wellness programmes were reviewed in consultation with all stakeholders to effectively implement health and wellness policies.

The Department adhered to the guidelines that disciplinary matters should be concluded within three months and grievances within 30 days.

3. HUMAN RESOURCE OVERSIGHT STATISTICS

3.1 Personnel-related expenditure

Table 3.1.1 Personnel expenditure by programme

Programme	Total Expenditure (R'000)	Personnel Expenditure (R'000)	Training Expenditure (R'000)	Professional and Special Services Expenditure (R'000)	Personnel Expenditure as a % of total expenditure	Average personnel cost per employee (R'000)
Administration	115 367	56 714	1 069	8 013	49	300
Legal and Governance	21 706	14 111	170	5 388	65	75
Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships	1 228 205	34 502	385	16 383	2.8	183
Total	1 367 049	105 327	1 624	29 784	7.7	558

Table 3.1.2 Personnel costs by salary band

Salary band	Personnel expenditure (R'000)	% of total personnel cost	No. of employees	Average personnel cost per employee (R'000)
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0
Skilled (level 3-5)	1 543	1.4	9	171
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	13 181	12.5	52	253
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	23 089	21.9	46	502
Senior and top management (levels 13-16)	23 061	21.4	10	2306
Contract (Levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0
Contract (Levels 3-5)	0	0	0	0
Contract (Levels 6-8)	1 206	1.1	5	241
Contract (Levels 9-12)	2 593	2.4	4	648
Contract (Levels 13-16)	36 837	34.7	59	624 356
Periodic remuneration	3 836	3.6	49	78 286
Abnormal appointment	0	0	0	0
Total	105 346	100	234	450 197

Table 3.1.3 Salaries, overtime, home owners' allowances and medical aid by programme

Programme	Salaries		Overtime		Home Owners' Allowance		Medical Aid	
	Amount (R'000)	Salaries as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	Overtime as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	HOA as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	Medical aid as a % of personnel costs
Administration	41 623	73.4	462	0.8	834	1.5	1 290	2.3
Legal and Governance	11 683	82.8	1	0	90	0.6	206	1.5
Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships	26 516	76.8	6	0	617	1.8	522	1.5
Total	79 822	75.7	469	0.4	1 541	1.5	2 018	1.9

Table 3.1.4 Salaries, overtime, home owners' allowance and medical aid by salary band

Salary Bands	Salaries		Overtime		Home Owners' Allowance		Medical Aid	
	Amount (R'000)	Salaries as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	Overtime as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	HOA as a % of personnel costs	Amount (R'000)	Medical aid as a % of personnel costs
Skilled (level 1-2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled (level 3-5)	952	61.7	62	4	97	6.3	123	8
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	9 759	74	254	1.9	506	3.8	764	5.8
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	18 804	81.4	152	0.7	292	1.2	560	2.4
Senior management (level 13-16)	50 307	214.1	0	0	647	2.8	570	2.5
Total	79 822	73.9	468	0.4	1 542	1.5	2 017	1.9

3.2 Employment and vacancies

Table 3.2.1 Employment and vacancies by programme

Programme	Number of posts on approved establishment	Number of posts filled	Vacancy rate	Number of employees additional to the establishment
Administration: permanent	115	108	6.1	2
Legal and Governance: permanent	22	20	9.1	0
Portfolio management and strategic partnerships: permanent	73	57	21.9	0
Total	210	185	11.9	2

Table 3.2.2 Employment and vacancies by salary band

Salary band	Number of posts on approved establishment	Number of posts filled	Vacancy rate	Number of employees additional to the establishment
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0
Skilled (levels 3-5)	9	9	0	0
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	58	56	3.4	2
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	60	51	15	0
Senior management (levels 13-16)	83	69	13.8	0
Total	210	185	11.9	2

Table 3.2.3 Employment and vacancies by critical occupations

Critical occupation	Number of posts on approved establishment	Number of posts filled	Vacancy rate	Number of employees additional to the establishment
Administration-related: permanent	65	57	12.3	0
Client information clerks (switchboard, reception information clerks): permanent	3	3	0	0
Communication and information related: permanent	3	3	0	0
Finance and related professionals: permanent	9	8	11.1	0
Financial clerks and credit controllers: permanent	6	6	0	0
Food services aids and waiters: permanent	3	3	0	0
Head of department/chief executive officer: permanent	1	1	0	0
Human resources, organisational development and related professionals: permanent	7	7	0	0
Information technology related: permanent	6	4	33.3	0
Library, mail and related clerks: permanent	6	6	0	2
Logistical support personnel: permanent	7	7	0	0
Messengers, porters and delivery staff: permanent	7	7	0	0
Security officers: permanent	4	4	0	0
Senior managers: permanent	83	69	16.9	0
Total	210	185	11.9	2

3.3 Job evaluation

Table 3.3.1 Job evaluation by salary band

Salary band	Number of posts on approved establishment	Number of jobs evaluated	% of posts evaluated by salary bands	Posts upgraded		Posts downgraded	
				Number	% of posts evaluated	Number	% of posts evaluated
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled (levels 3-5)	9	1	11.11	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	58	13	22.41	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	60	8	13.33	0	0	0	0
Senior management service band A	46	13	28.26	0	0	0	0
Senior management service band B	27	10	37.03	0	0	0	0
Senior management service band C	9	2	22.22	0	0	0	0
Senior management service band D	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	210	47	22.38	0	0	0	0

Table 3.3.2 Profile of employees whose positions were upgraded due to their posts being upgraded

Beneficiary	African	Asian	Coloured	White	Total
Female	0	0	0	0	0
Male	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0
Employees with a disability	0	0	0	0	0

Table 3.3.3 Employees with salary levels higher than those determined by job evaluation by occupation

Occupation	Number of employees	Job evaluation level	Remuneration level	Reason for deviation
None	0	0	0	0
None	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0
Percentage of total employed	0	0	0	0

The following table summarises the beneficiaries of the above in terms of race, gender and disability.

Table 3.3.4 Profile of employees who have salary levels higher than those determined by job evaluation

Beneficiary	African	Asian	Coloured	White	Total
Female	0	0	0	0	0
Male	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0
Employees with a disability	0	0	0	0	0

Total number of employees whose remuneration exceeded the grade determined by job evaluation in 2012/13	0
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3.4 Employment changes

Table 3.4.1 Annual turnover rates by salary band

Salary band	Number of employees at beginning of period-April 2012	Appointments and transfers into the department	Terminations and transfers out of the department	Turnover rate
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0
Skilled (levels 3-5)	9	0	0	0
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	52	9	5	9.6
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	51	8	5	9.8
Senior management service band A	1	0	0	0
Senior management service band B	30	13	3	10
Senior management service band C	18	5	3	16.7
Senior management service band D	5	2	2	40
Contracts	0	0	0	0
Total	166	37	18	10.8

Table 3.4.2 Annual turnover rates by critical occupation

Critical occupation	Number of employees at beginning of period-April 2012	Appointments and transfers into the department	Terminations and transfers out of the department	Turnover rate
Administration-related: permanent	64	9	7	10.9
Client information clerks (switchboard, reception, information clerks): permanent	3	0	0	0
Communication and information related: permanent	2	1	1	50
Finance and related professionals: permanent	7	1	1	14.3
Financial clerks and credit controllers: permanent	4	2	1	25
Food services aids and waiters: permanent	3	0	0	0
Head of department/chief executive officer: permanent	1	0	0	0
Human resources, organisational development and related professionals: permanent	5	1	0	0
Information technology related: permanent	2	2	0	0
Library, mail and related clerks, permanent	6	0	0	0
Logistical support personnel: permanent	5	0	0	0
Messengers, porters and delivery staff: permanent	6	1	0	0
Security officers: permanent	4	0	0	0
Senior managers: permanent	54	20	8	14.8
Total	166	37	18	10.8

Notes

Table 3.4.3 Reasons why staff left the Department

Termination type	Number	% of total resignations
Death	1	5.6
Resignation	9	50
Expiry of contract	0	0
Dismissal – operational changes	0	0
Dismissal – misconduct	0	0
Dismissal – inefficiency	0	0
Discharged due to ill-health	0	0
Retirement	0	0
Transfer to other public service departments	8	44.4
Other	0	0
Total	18	100
Total number of employees who left as a % of total employment	166	10,8

Table 3.4.4 Promotions by critical occupation

Occupation	Employees on 1 April 2012	Promotions to another salary level	Salary level promotions as a % of employees by occupation	Progressions to another notch within a salary level	Notch progression as a % of employees by occupation
Administration-related: permanent	61	4	6.6	50	82
Client information clerks (switchboard, reception, information clerks): permanent	3	0	0	3	100
Communication and information related: permanent	2	0	0	2	100
Finance and related professionals: permanent	6	1	16.7	5	83.3
Financial clerks and credit controllers: permanent	4	0	0	3	75
Food services aids and waiters: permanent	3	0	0	3	100
Head of department/ chief executive officer: permanent	1	0	0	0	0

Occupation	Employees on 1 April 2012	Promotions to another salary level	Salary level promotions as a % of employees by occupation	Progressions to another notch within a salary level	Notch progression as a % of employees by occupation
Human resources, organisational development and related professionals: permanent	7	1	14.3	6	85.7
Information technology related: permanent	2	0	0	2	100
Library, mail and related clerks: permanent	6	0	0	5	83.3
Logistical support personnel: permanent	7	0	0	6	85.7
Messengers, porters and delivery staff: permanent	6	0	0	1	16.7
Security officers: permanent	4	0	0	4	100
Senior managers: permanent	54	4	7.4	49	90.7
Total	166	10	6	139	83.7

Table 3.4.5 Promotions by salary band

Salary Band	Employees on 1 April 2012	Promotions to another salary level	Salary band promotions as a % of employees by salary level	Progressions to another notch within a salary level	Notch progression as a % of employees by salary bands
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled (levels 3-5)	9	0	0	9	100
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	52	2	3.8	40	76.9
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	51	4	7.8	41	80.4
Senior management (levels 13-16)	54	4	7.4	49	90.7
Total	166	10	6	139	83.7

3.5 Employment equity

Table 3.5.1 Total number of employees (including employees with disabilities) in each of the following occupational categories as at 31 March 2013

Occupational category	Male				Female				Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Legislators, senior officials and managers	32	4	3	2	20	2	3	3	69
Professionals	10	0	1	0	13	1	1	4	30
Technicians and associate professionals	10	1	0	0	7	1	0	2	21
Clerks	13	0	0	0	33	2	0	1	49
Service and sales workers	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
Skilled agriculture and fishery workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Craft and related trades workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elementary occupations	9	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	13
Total	74	5	4	2	80	6	4	10	185
Employees with disabilities	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	6

Table 3.5.2 Total number of employees (including employees with disabilities) in each of the following occupational bands on 31 March 2013

Occupational Band	Male				Female				Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Top management (levels 15-16)	3	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	7
Senior management (levels 13-14)	29	4	3	2	16	2	3	3	62
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management (levels 9-12)	20	1	1	0	20	2	1	6	51
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen and superintendents (levels 7-8)	13	0	0	0	33	2	0	1	49
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making (levels 4-6)	9	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	16
Unskilled and defined decision making (levels 1-3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	74	5	4	2	80	6	4	10	185

Table 3.5.3 Recruitment

Occupational Band	Male				Female				Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Top management (levels 15-16)	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Senior management (levels 13-14)	14	2	1	0	4	0	1	0	22
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management (levels 9-12)	3	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	9
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen and superintendents (levels 7-8)	5	0	0	0	7	0	0	1	13
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making (levels 4-6)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Unskilled and defined decision making (levels 1-3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	24	2	1	0	18	0	1	1	47
Employees with disabilities	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Table 3.5.4 Promotions

Occupational Band	Male				Female				Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Top management (levels 15-16)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senior management (levels 13-14)	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management (levels 9-12)	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen and superintendents (levels 7-8)	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making (levels 4-6)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unskilled and defined decision making (levels -3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	6	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	10
Employees with disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 3.5.5 Terminations

Occupational Band	Male				Female				Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Top management (levels 15-16)	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Senior management (levels 13-14)	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management (levels 9-12)	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen and superintendents (levels 7-8)	3	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	7
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making (levels 4-6)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unskilled and defined decision making (levels 1-3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	11	1	0	0	6	0	0	0	18
Employees with disabilities	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Table 3.5.6 Disciplinary action

Disciplinary action	Male				Female				Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provocation leading to un-procedural action. Late coming and assault 	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2

Table 3.5.7 Skills development

Occupational category	Male				Female				Total
	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	
Legislators, senior officials and managers	12	0	1	1	10	1	1	1	27
Professionals	5	0	1	0	5	0	1	1	13
Technicians and associate professionals	6	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	13
Clerks	6	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	22
Service and sales workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled agriculture and fishery workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Craft and related trades workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elementary occupations	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4
Total	31	0	2	1	39	2	2	2	79
Employees with disabilities	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2

3.6 Performance rewards

Table 3.6.1 Performance rewards by race, gender and disability

Race and gender	Beneficiary profile			Cost	
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within group	Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee
African male	62	64	98.41	2986	48 161
Asian male	3	3	100	298	99 333
Coloured male	4	4	100	418	104 500
White male	2	2	100	136	68 000
African female	69	75	92	2655	38 478
Asian female	4	4	100	381	95 250

Race and gender	Beneficiary profile			Cost	
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within group	Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee
Coloured female	4	4	80	177	44 250
White female	8	8	100	562	70 250
Total	156	165	95	7613	568 222

Table 3.6.2 Performance rewards by salary band for personnel below senior management service

Salary band	Beneficiary profile			Cost		Total cost as a % of the total personnel expenditure
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within salary bands	Total Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee	
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled (levels 3-5)	9	9	100	108	12 000	7
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	49	52	94	879	17 939	6.10
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	49	50	96	2170	44 286	8.442
Total	107	111	95	3157	74 225	21.54

Table 3.6.3 Performance rewards by critical occupation

Critical occupation	Beneficiary profile			Cost	
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within occupation	Total Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee
Administration-related	51	53	96	1500	29 412
Client information clerks (switchboard, reception, information clerks)	3	3	100	40	13 333
Communication and information related	2	3	67	70	35 000
Finance and related professionals	11	11	100	387	35 181
Financial clerks and credit controllers	10	10	100	300	30 000
Food services aids and waiters	3	3	100	40	13 333

Critical occupation	Beneficiary profile			Cost	
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within occupation	Total Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee
Head of department/ chief executive officer	0	1	0	0	0
Human resources, organisational development and related professionals	7	7	100	330	47 143
Information technology related	2	2	100	60	30 000
Library, mail and related clerks	6	6	100	175	29 167
Logistical support personnel	2	2	100	55	27 500
Messengers, porters and delivery staff	6	6	100	100	16 667
Security officers	4	4	100	100	25 000
Senior managers	49	54	92.4	4456	90 939
Total	156	165	94.5	7613	422 675

Table 3.6.4 Performance related rewards (cash bonus) by salary band for senior management service

Salary band	Beneficiary profile			Cost		Total cost as a % of the total personnel expenditure
	Number of beneficiaries	Number of employees	% of total within salary bands	Total Cost (R'000)	Average cost per employee	
Band A	29	31	93.5	2297	79 206	3.83
Band B	17	18	94.4	1668	98 117	2.78
Band C	3	5	60	491	163 666	0.81
Band D	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total	49	54	92.4	4456	340 989	7.42

3.7 Foreign workers

Table 3.7.1 Foreign workers by salary band

Salary Band	01 April 2012		31 March 2013		Change	
	Number	% of total	Number	% of total	Number	% Change
Lower skilled (levels 1-5)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled production (Levels 6-8)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled supervision (Levels 9-12)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (levels 9-12)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contract (levels 13-16)	3	100	3	100	0	0
Total	3	100	3	100	0	0

Table 3.7.2 Foreign workers by major occupation

Major occupation	01 April 2012		31 March 2013		Change	
	Number	% of total	Number	% of total	Number	% Change
Professionals and managers	3	100	3	100	0	0
Total	3	100	3	100	0	0

3.8 Leave Utilisation

Table 3.8.1 Sick leave

Salary band	Total days	% Days with medical certificate	Number of employees using sick leave	% of total employees using sick leave	Average days per employee	Estimated cost (R'000)
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)						
Skilled (levels 3-5)	39	100	5	4.3	8	14
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	298	80.5	41	35.7	7	187
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9 -12)	226	81.4	35	30.4	6	354
Top and senior management (levels 13-16)	187	10.7	34	29.6	6	580
Total	750	81.7	115	100	7	1135

Table 3.8.2 Disability leave (temporary and permanent)

Salary band	Total days	% Days with medical certificate	Number of employees using disability leave	% of total employees using disability leave	Average days per employee	Estimated cost (R'000)
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled (levels 3-5)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Senior management (levels 13-16)	40	100	1	100	40	126
Total	40	100	1	100	40	126

Table 3.8.3 Annual Leave

Salary band	Total days taken	Number of employees using annual leave	Average per employee
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	-	-	-
Skilled (levels 3-5)	203	23	9
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	1105	19	58
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	1028	18	57
Senior management (levels 13-16)	1094	15	73
Total	3430	75	46

Table 3.8.4 Capped leave

Salary band	Total days of capped leave taken	Number of employees using capped leave	Average number of days taken per employee	Average capped leave per employee as at 31 March
Lower skilled (levels 1-2)	0	0	0	0
Skilled (levels 3-5)	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled production (levels 6-8)	0	0	0	0
Highly skilled supervision (levels 9-12)	0	0	0	0
Senior management (levels 13-16)	2	1	2	50
Total	2	1	2	50

Table 3.8.5 Leave pay-outs

Reason	Total amount (R'000)	Number of employees	Average per employee (R'000)
Leave pay-out for 2011/12 due to non-utilisation of leave in the previous cycle	0	0	0
Capped leave pay-outs on termination of service for 2012/13	0	0	0
Current leave pay-out on termination of service for 2012/13	220 993.76	7	31 570.53
Total	220 993.76	7	31 570.53

3.9 HIV/Aids and health promotion programmes

Table 3.9.1 Steps taken to reduce the risk of occupational exposure

Units/categories of employees identified to be at high risk of contracting HIV and related diseases (if any)	Key steps taken to reduce the risk
No units/categories of employees identified as at high risk of contracting HIV and related diseases due to the mandate of the department and its related work	NA

Table 3.9.2 Details of health promotion and HIV/Aids programmes (tick the applicable boxes and provide the required information)

Question	Yes	No	Details, if yes
1. Has the department designated a member of the SMS to implement the provisions contained in Part VI E of Chapter 1 of the Public Service Regulations, 2001? If so, provide her/his name and position.	x		Noluthando Mpondo
2. Does the department have a dedicated unit or has it designated specific staff members to promote the health and wellbeing of its employees? If so, indicate the number of employees who are involved in this task and the annual budget that is available for this purpose.	X		Noluthando Mpondo Anneline Stroebele (R374 000)
3. Has the department introduced an employee assistance or health promotion programme for its employees? If so, indicate the key elements/services of this programme.	X		HIV, TB,
4. Has the department established (a) committee(s) as contemplated in Part VI E.5 (e) of Chapter 1 of the Public Service Regulations, 2001? If so, please provide the names of the members of the committee and the stakeholder(s) that they represent.		X	
5. Has the department reviewed its employment policies and practices to ensure that these do not unfairly discriminate against employees on the basis of their HIV status? If so, list the employment policies/practices so reviewed.	X		Gender & Disability Policy

Question	Yes	No	Details, if yes
6. Has the department introduced measures to protect HIV-positive employees or those perceived to be HIV-positive from discrimination? If so, list the key elements of these measures.	X		A service provider has been appointed to assist patient
7. Does the department encourage its employees to undergo voluntary counselling and testing? If so, list the results that you have achieved.	X		VCT is done by independent bodies and kept confidential
8. Has the department developed measures/ indicators to monitor & evaluate the impact of its health promotion programme? If so, list these measures/ indicators.	X		GEMS provides this service

3.10 Labour relations

Table 3.10.1 Collective agreements

Subject Matter	Date
None	

Table 3.10.2 Misconduct and disciplinary hearings finalised

Outcomes of disciplinary hearings	Number	% of total
Correctional counselling	0	0
Verbal warning	1	0.5
Written warning	1	0.5
Final written warning	1	0.5
Suspended without pay	0	0
Fine	0	0
Demotion	0	0
Dismissal	0	0
Not guilty	0	0
Case withdrawn	0	0
Total	3	1.5

Table 3.10.3 Types of misconduct addressed at disciplinary hearings

Type of misconduct (based on annexure A)	Number	% of total
Late coming	1	0.5
Incitement into un-procedural conduct	1	0.5
Assault	1	0.5
Total	3	1.5

Table 3.10.4 Grievances lodged

	Number	% of Total
Number of grievances resolved	1	0.5
Number of grievances not resolved	0	0
Total number of grievances lodged	1	0.5

Table 3.10.5 Disputes lodged

	Number	% of Total
Number of disputes upheld	2	100
Number of disputes dismissed	0	0
Total number of disputes lodged	2	100

Table 3.10.6 Strike action

Total number of persons working days lost	0
Total cost of working days lost	0
Amount (R'000) recovered as a result of no work no pay	0

Table 3.10.7 Precautionary suspensions

Number of people suspended	0
Number of people whose suspension exceeded 30 days	0
Average number of days suspended	0
Cost (R'000) of suspension	0

3.11 Skills development

Table 3.11.1 Training needs identified

Occupational category	Gender	Number of employees as at 1 April 2012	Training needs identified at start of the reporting period			
			Learnerships	Skills programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total
Legislators, senior officials and managers	Female	29	0	11	45	56
	Male	40	0	7	38	45
Professionals	Female	20	0	8	21	29
	Male	12	0	6	12	18
Technicians and associate professionals	Female	10	0	10	14	24
	Male	13	0	7	16	23
Clerks	Female	31	0	43	36	79
	Male	14	0	8	12	20
Service and sales workers	Female	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled agriculture and fishery workers	Female	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Craft and related trades workers	Female	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	3	6	9
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	Female	0	0	1	2	3
	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Elementary occupations	Female	7	0	0	0	0
	Male	9	0	0	0	0
Sub-total	Female	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Total		185	0	104	202	306

Table 3.11.2 Training provided for the period

Occupational category	Gender	Number of employees as at 1 April 2012	Training provided within the reporting period			
			Learnerships	Skills programmes & other short courses	Other forms of training	Total
Legislators, senior officials and managers	Female	29	0	25	11	36
	Male	40	0	15	30	45
Professionals	Female	20	0	6	11	17
	Male	12	0	4	7	11
Technicians and associate professionals	Female	10	0	19	4	23
	Male	13	0	7	1	8
Clerks	Female	31	0	30	50	80
	Male	14	0	15	35	50
Service and sales workers	Female	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Skilled agriculture and fishery workers	Female	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Craft and related trades workers	Female	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	Female	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0
Elementary occupations	Female	7	0	10	3	13
	Male	9	0	1	2	3
Sub-total	Female	0	0	90	79	169
	Male	0	0	42	75	117
Total		185	0	264	308	572

3.12 Injury on duty

The following table provides basic information on injuries on duty.

Table 3.12.1 Injury on duty

Nature of injury on duty	Number	% of total
Required basic medical attention only	3	100
Temporary total disablement	0	0
Permanent disablement	0	0
Fatal	0	0
Total	3	100

3.13 Use of consultants

Table 3.13.1: Report on consultant appointments using appropriated funds

Project Title	Total number of consultants that worked on the project	Duration: work days	Contract value in Rand
High-level retrospective review of the Pebble Bed Modular Reactor Project	5	60	660 361
Eskom's Build Programme Practices	4	60	279 984
National Corridor Performance Measurement	5	264	5 220 631
Ports and Rail Freight Operational Benchmark Indicators	3	264	612 864
Freight Rail Reforms Phase II	3	264	604 913
SAA diagnostic study	5	150	1 674 098
DPE Transformation Dialogue	1	25	58 083
SOC learner profile	4	150	915 677
YEP strategy and action plan	3	100	318 060
Manual on Promotion of Access to Information Act	2	26	54 567
Remuneration standards	2	182	967 231
Corporate Governance Protocol	3	91	186 905
Role profiles and performance management auditing	1	120	34 536
Job evaluations	3	30	296 682
Skills audit	2	60	13 798
Employee survey	2	35	103 283
Independent performance assessment of the Department	1	10	103 270
Development and enhancement of Isibuko/Smartclient dashboard	3	160	1 208 302

Project Title	Total number of consultants that worked on the project	Duration: work days	Contract value in Rand
Developing a strategy for SAFCOL in terms of its future role within a developmental state and institutional form in the forestry industry	6	153	430 920
Audit of the Denel SAAB Indemnity Claim	5	14	390 365
Total	63	2218	14 134 530

Table 3.13.2: Analysis of consultant appointments using appropriated funds, in terms of historically disadvantaged individuals (HDIs)

Project title	Percentage ownership by HDI groups	Percentage management by HDI groups	Number of consultants from HDI groups that worked on the project
Hig- level retrospective review of the Pebble Bed Modular Reactor Project	6.5	6.5	3
Eskom;s Build Programme Practices (Aecom Davis Langdon SA (Pty) Ltd)	20	40.74	1
National Corridor Performance Measurement	.05	.05	0
Ports and Rail Freight Operational Benchmark Indicators	.05	.05	0
Freight Rail Reforms Phase II	UNIVERSITY	UNIVERSITY	UNIVERSITY
SAA diagnostic study	International company	International company	1
Space planning and project management	16	16	1
DPE Transformation Dialogue	100	100	1
SOC learner profile	100	100	3
YEP strategy and action plan	100	100	3
Manual on Promotion of Access to Information Act	.05	.05	2
Remuneration standards	24.18	24.18	1
The Protocol	0	0	0
Role profiles and performance management auditing	100	100	1
Job evaluations	80	80	0
Skills audit	0	0	1
Employee survey	5	5	0
Independent performance assessment of the Department	0	0	0
Development and enhancement of Isibuko/Smartclient dashboard	40	4	0

Project title	Percentage ownership by HDI groups	Percentage management by HDI groups	Number of consultants from HDI groups that worked on the project
Developing and formulating a strategy for SAFCOL in terms of its future role within a developmental state and institutional form in the forestry industry	UNIVERSITY	UNIVERSITY	UNIVERSITY
Audit of the Denel SAAB Indemnity Claim	.05	.05	2

PART E: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR DEPARTMENT OF
PUBLIC ENTERPRISES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013



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1. REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

Introduction

We are pleased to present our report for the financial year ended 31 March 2013.

Membership and Attendance:

The Audit Committee consists of the members listed below. All the Audit Committee members are independent, which is in line with the industry corporate governance practice. During the year under review, the Audit committee held four (4) meetings as per approved terms of reference.

Name of Member	Number of Meetings Attended
Zienzile Musamirapamwe (Chairperson)	4/4
Mattie Joubert	3/4
Jerry Sithole	4/4

Audit Committee Responsibility

The Audit Committee do hereby reports that it has complied with its responsibilities arising from Section 38 (1) (a) (ii) of the Public Finance Management Act and Treasury Regulation 3.1.13. The Audit Committee also reports that it has adopted appropriate formal terms of reference as its Audit Committee Charter, has regulated its affairs in compliance with this charter and has discharged all its responsibilities as contained therein.

The Effectiveness of Internal Control

The review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Audit Committee is informed by reports submitted by Internal Audit and Management, which are responsible for the development and maintenance of the internal control system. Internal Audit provides the Audit Committee and Management with assurance that the internal controls are adequate and effective and that key control deficiencies are adequately and timeously addressed. This is achieved through review and challenge of audit reports, management controls self-assessment (Auditor-General Dashboard), combined assurance reports which are submitted to the Audit Committee quarterly.

The strength of the control environment is further evidenced by the clean audit award from the Auditor-General received during 2011/2012 financial year. The Department has for eight years consistently achieved clean audits.

The Audit Committee approved the risk-based Internal Audit three year rolling plan and one year operational plan. Below are reviews which were completed, in line with the approved operational plan:

- Review of the Department's quarterly performance assessment reports;
- Tracking of management's action plans;
- Review of internal controls and processes over financial Statements Closure;
- Review of the adequacy and effectiveness of controls over financial management processes;
- Review of the accuracy, completeness and reliability of unaudited Annual Financial Statements and the annual report;
- Review of supply chain and asset management processes;
- Review of the adequacy and effectiveness of controls over shareholder oversight processes;
- Information Technology General Controls review;
- Review of controls over administration of recruitment agencies; and
- Ad-hoc management requests.

The Committee does not have major concerns to report; all reported control weaknesses, within the scope of the Committee's responsibility as outlined in the approved Charter, received proper attention. Control deficiencies are continuously being addressed by Management through detailed action plans, which are monitored by Internal Audit and the Audit Committee, for effective and timely implementation, through an issue tracking system. The Committee continued to monitor progress on the implementation plan for the internal risk management and compliance functions to ensure effective oversight of the Department's risk profile.

In-Year Management and Monthly/Quarterly Reports

The department has been reporting monthly and quarterly to the Treasury as is required by the PFMA. The Audit Committee is satisfied with the content and quality of quarterly reports prepared and issued by the Accounting Officer of the Department during the year under review.

Evaluation of Financial Statements

The Committee has reviewed the annual financial statements prepared by the department.

Auditor General's Report

The Audit Committee has reviewed the Auditor General's Report including the Management Report and we concur with the audit opinion expressed. All the control deficiencies in the Auditor General's Report have been noted. A risk mitigation plan is being developed and all issues will be tracked by the Audit Committee through the issue tracking reporting process.



Ms Zienzile Musamirapamwe
Chairperson: Audit Committee
Department of Public Enterprises

2. REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

Report by the Accounting Officer to the Executive Authority and Parliament/Provincial Legislature of the Republic of South Africa.

1. General review of the state of financial affairs

The Department of Public Enterprises provides shareholder oversight to nine State Owned Companies (SOC): Alexkor SOC Limited, Aventura SOC Limited, Broadband Infraco SOC Limited, Denel SOC Limited, Eskom SOC Limited, the South African Forestry SOC Limited, South African Airways SOC Limited, South African Express SOC Limited and Transnet SOC Limited. The Department's primary objective is to ensure that the State's shareholdings in these companies are financially sustainable and deliver on Government's strategic objectives.

The table below reflects the Key Performance Indicators for the Department for the year under review:

	Programme	Target	Achieved
		2012/13	2012/13
Number of shareholder compacts signed	Energy & Broadband Enterprises; Legal & Governance Manufacturing Enterprises; Transport Enterprises	9	7*
Number of new corporate plans reviewed	Energy & Broadband Enterprises; Legal & Governance Manufacturing Enterprises; Transport Enterprises	8	5**
Number of quarterly financial reviews	Energy & Broadband Enterprises; Legal & Governance Manufacturing Enterprises; Transport Enterprises	32	32

Variations: Targets were not achieved in the following areas:

***Shareholder Compacts:** SAA shareholder's compact targets for the 2012/13 financial year could not be agreed at the beginning of the financial year due to the Department not accepting SAA's proposal to budget for a loss. SAX requested a revision of the 2012/13 shareholder's compact targets downwards from the targets that were agreed earlier as the basis for the fleet renewal programme due to changes in the operating economic environment. The target for 2012/13 was increased to 9 as the Broadband Infraco Shareholder Compact 2011/12 was signed in April 2012 due to appointment of new board.

****Corporate Plans: Alexkor:** the corporate plan was not assessed due to the Board being given an opportunity to revise KPIs in line with the Shareholder Compact took longer than anticipated.

SAX: Corporate Plan was not signed due to the withdrawal of financial statements for 2010/11 which had an effect on the setting of targets.

Transnet: Corporate Plan was not signed by the Department due to the need for further engagement on the Market Demand Strategy (MDS) which was a completely new strategy.

The Presidential Review Committee (PRC) on state owned companies was established by the President in May 2010 to review the role of the companies. During 2012, the Committee presented its report and recommendations to the President. The report was subsequently presented to the Cabinet through the Minister in the Presidency, responsible for Performance Monitoring and Evaluation. It is anticipated that an announcement will be made in this regard. The Department will take the recommendations into consideration in its oversight function.

The launch of the National Development Plan in the 2012/13 financial year required the Department to assess its strategic priorities and ensure their alignment to the overarching vision outlined in the Plan. In this regard, the Department completed the alignment process which showed that the Departments objectives are aligned to the National vision.

Further to the launch of the Presidential Infrastructure Coordination Commission and its governance structures in 2011/12 financial year, the Department has worked with its SOC to develop the Business Plans for the Strategic Integrated Projects (SIPs). The launch of the SIPs has increased the need for the Department to improved its capacity to oversee large infrastructure projects.

Significant events that have taken place and projects undertaken during the year

SOC Supplier Development Summit

The DPE held a Supplier Development, Localisation and Transformation Summit on 14 and 15 March 2013. This was attended by Eskom and Transnet suppliers, customers and other key stakeholders. Eskom and Transnet launched their next generation Supplier Development Plans and communicated those products and services that have been prioritised for investment by industry in their supplier development, localisation and transformation strategies as well as giving suppliers insight into how these products and services will be procured to realise these objectives. The Summit also explored how the SOC and large companies (in sectors such as mining) can collaborate around supplier development, localisation and transformation to create a consolidated and sustained demand requirement against which national industry can invest and develop.

SOC Automotive Industry Competitiveness Forum

The automotive sector is one of the priority sectors in the Industrial Policy Action Plan. The sector forms the core part of productive sectors in the economy. There are a range of challenges relating to economic infrastructure provision which impacts the competitiveness of the sector. There is scope to improve the services provided by SOC (Eskom and Transnet). Consequently, the Minister of Public Enterprises launched an SOC Automotive Industry Competitiveness Forum on 20 September 2012 with three key objectives in mind:

- ✓ To promote collaboration between SOC and the automotive industry to ensure that infrastructure capacity and service delivery enhances competitiveness and to enable increased investment in both infrastructure and in the cluster as a whole.
- ✓ To send a clear signal to investors that SOC will be responsive to their needs within sensible commercial constraints.
- ✓ To enable the identification of priority automotive cluster infrastructure related projects that will be overseen by the Minister of Public Enterprises.

The Forum is chaired by the DPE and has as its core members, the Departments' of Public Enterprises and Trade and Industry, Eskom, Transnet and the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers of South Africa (NAAMSA) and its affiliates. The DPE is the facilitator of a partnership building process between the SOC and the automotive industry as well as providing support for removing bottlenecks through mobilising broader government resources.

Executive Leadership Programme

The DPE hosted the second Executive Leadership Programme in South Africa from 9 to 10 September 2012 with the theme “State Owned Companies and Industrial Policy in the Context of the Global Financial Crisis”.

Stakeholder Engagement

Provincial/ Stakeholder Engagements:

Six provinces have been engaged (Gauteng, Northern Cape, Eastern Cape, North West, Free State and KwaZulu-Natal) and the remaining three provinces will be engaged in the new financial year. Four of the six provinces have set up teams led by the Deputy Minister to ensure alignment of economic plans of the SOC and Provinces and in the new financial year projects will be announced.

SIP Provincial Engagements

Stakeholder engagement for SIP2 to define the objectives, funding requirements and priority projects were undertaken with business, provincial and local Governments as well as communities in Free State and KwaZulu Natal. Gauteng will take place in June 2013. The stakeholder engagement for SIP1 will commence in June 2013.

Minister’s intervention to address industrial action at Medupi and Kusile

The Minister intervened to address the industrial action which led to 10 weeks of no productivity at the Medupi construction site. The intervention led to an agreement and commitment from all stakeholders to return to work immediately and ensure stability on the site. The parties also agreed to review the agreement that governs the employer and employee relations on site to address concerns that were raised.

Youth Development Programme

Three youth engagement platforms were held in partnership with provincial economic development departments in Kwa-Zulu Natal, Free State and Eastern Cape between October and November 2012. SOC presented their job-creation, skills development, procurement and CSI opportunities to young entrepreneurs, unemployed graduates and unemployed and school-going youth.

Engagements were held with SOC to secure their support of the department’s youth programme. This included consultation with Transnet, Denel and Eskom Foundation to understand their Corporate Social Investment and its impact on youth.

Transformation Dialogue

A Transformation Dialogue was convened on 11 October 2012, to provide a platform for a strategic discussion with SOC and relevant stakeholders on the role of SOC towards socio-economic development, transformation and the advancement of national objectives.

Climate Change Policy Framework

The Climate Change Policy Framework for SOC was launched in June 2012 by the Minister and SOC symbolically signed onto the United Nations Global Compact demonstrating leadership and commitment to sustainable growth and development. The aim of the Climate Change Policy is to guide the SOC towards a transition to a low carbon economy.

Launch of the Transnet Market Demand Strategy (MDS)

The President of the Republic of South Africa, His Excellency Jacob G Zuma introduced the Market Demand Strategy (MDS) in his State of the Nation address. The president emphasised the R300billion capital investment programme as an essential component of the country's growth and development strategy which must contribute towards, job creation, skills development and industrialisation. In response to this call, the Department initiated an analysis of what would be required to support the Planning and implementation of the MDS. Through its oversight function the Department monitors the implementation of the strategy on a quarterly basis.

Facilitation of R5 billion SAA Guarantee

The Department reviewed the financial requirements for SAA and consequently issued a R5 billion guarantee in order for SAA to finalise the preparation and submission of the 2011/12 Annual Financial Statements as a going concern as well as assist SAA with working capital requirements.

Shareholder Management

Guarantee and share office guidelines were developed, outlining a framework for issuing government guarantees, adequate monitoring and reporting on government guarantees, shareholder agreements, shareholder loans and share subscriptions, and provision of administrative practices for effective management of these instruments. In November 2012 the Cabinet considered the new SOC Remuneration and Incentive Standards for Non-Executive Directors, Executive Directors and Prescribed Officers. This was followed by consultations with national government departments to ensure that the Standards are able to address many of the challenges encountered in the current model. To this end, the views and concerns expressed have been taken into consideration and the Department is in the process of finalising the revised Remuneration Standards to Cabinet for approval. The new Standards will require increased accountability and transparency in respect of remuneration and incentives.

Since the coming into effect of the Companies Act, 71 of 2008 in May 2011, the Department has developed a framework for the Memorandum of Incorporation (MOI) of each SOC. The MOI, previously known as the Memorandum and Articles of Association has been harmonised with the Companies Act and the various tools and frameworks of the Department to enhance shareholder management and oversight of the SOCs.

Diabo Share Trust

As at 4 June 2012, the Department was left with approximately 5847 beneficiaries of the Diabo Share Trust to pay out. As at 5 March 2013 when the contract with the Service Provider expired, 1000 of the 5847 had been paid out. The Department has extended the contract with the Service Provider for up to three months to pay the remaining beneficiaries. The notice to wind up the trust will be advertised nationwide to inform the beneficiaries.

Aventura

The liquidator for Aventura has been appointed by the Master of the High Court and, Aventura is currently placed under liquidation. Once the liquidation is finalized, the Department will proceed to repeal the Overvaal Resorts Act of 1993, which is the legislation through which Aventura was established.

Eskom

In order to ensure Eskom's long term financial sustainability, the Department supported Eskom with its Multi Year Price Determination (MYPD3) which determines Eskom's revenue for the next five years.

The Department continues to monitor and support Eskom which has so far succeeded in managing the national supply/demand ensuring that the lights are kept on, including during the African Cup of Nations hosted in 2013. The Department granted approval for Eskom to enter into power purchase agreements with 28 Renewable Energy Independent Power Producers (IPPs) which will generate a combined 1 415.5 MW and the Department of Energy Peaker Project which will add another 1000 MW once operational.

Broadband Infraco

As part of the effort to make government a key tenant on the infrastructure of Broadband Infraco, the Department assisted Broadband Infraco to engage with key government departments and SOC for potential collaboration. After an open tendering process, Broadband Infraco was awarded tender by the State Information Technology Agency (SITA) to directly provide services eliminating intermediaries which will ensure overall reduction of the broadband costs to the State. The Department oversaw timely commissioning of the West African Cable System (WACS) which will enhance international connectivity linking Africa with Europe through the United Kingdom. In order to align the shareholder objectives with policy and regulatory objectives, the Department made extensive input on the draft Broadband Policy which is currently being developed by the Department of Communications.

The Department has continued to support the Broadband Infraco to implement a revenue diversification initiative to address the current losses.

Alexkor

The Department continued to monitor and oversee the execution of the activities linked to the Deed of Settlement (DOS). Amongst these were:

- upgrade of Alexander Bay. The infrastructure upgrade was completed in March 2013 and the warranty period, which provides for repairing of defects identified, runs for twelve (12) months.
- capacitation of the Pooling and Sharing Joint Venture. Alexkor's core focus going forward is to ensure the Pooling and Sharing Joint Venture (PSJV), which is a joint venture with the Richtersveld Mining Corporation (RMC) is brought to a sustainable carat production level.
- facilitation for transfer of residential properties to the Richtersveld Community, which is planned for Quarter 2 of 2013/14.

In the current reporting period, the Department submitted a request for R350 million to National Treasury which was approved, to address the following obligations and liabilities: an environmental rehabilitation liability at Alexander Bay; the Richtersveld Property Holding Company to secure Alexkor's right of occupation of the transferred residential properties for a period of ten (10) years; and post-retirement medical aid liability.

Denel

The Department monitored and had oversight of the development and Cabinet approval of the turnaround plan for the SOC. The turnaround plan implementation has improved financial performance of the company in the past two financial years. The current projection is that the positive trend will be maintained going forward.

In addition, as a result of the R700 million recapitalisation allocated in 2012/13 the company anticipates improvement in its gearing ratio.

The Department has directed the SOC to improve investment in technology development or research and development (R&D), in order to ensure sustainable product portfolio going into the future. The expenditure will further enable Denel to attract bright young minds, which is critical to the sustainability of the business, as the core technical expertise is ageing due to lack of investment in talent development.

SAFCOL

The Department finalised the new role for the SOC which is due to be presented to Cabinet during Quarter 1 of 2013/14. In order to enable execution of the new role, the Board of Directors of the SOC has been augmented with requisite skills to enable effective oversight. The SOC will be positioned to be an agent for rural economic development in the Limpopo, Mpumalanga and Northern Kwazulu Natal regions where it has its operations.

The Department continued to engage the Department of Rural Development and Land Reform (DRDLR) to ensure the resolution of land claims on SAFCOL land (61% of the forestry plantations are subject to land claims) which is hampering the long-term planning of the SOC. In the interim SAFCOL is positioning itself as a preferred development partner for claimant communities. Forestry needs to be promoted with the communities to ensure the land is not lost to other forms of agriculture, as sawlogs security of supply to aid economic development is critical for the regions and the country.

In addition, the Department continued to engage with DRDLR with respect to the transfer from SAFCOL of minority shareholdings. DRDLR remains the destination of the shareholding and the capacitation of the Department to warehouse the shares is expected to be concluded during 2013/14 financial year. Furthermore, the Department has engaged with other stakeholders to ensure that an interim solution is found, as the shareholding is proving to be a liability for SAFCOL.

Transnet

The Department's oversight responsibilities intensified as Transnet ramped up its capital expansion programme from R110 billion to R301 billion through the introduction of the Market Demand Strategy (MDS). In line with Government objectives, the MDS planned capital programme presents Transnet with opportunities to drive job creation, localisation, skills development and economic transformation in our country.

The Department has completed the roll out of the National Corridor Performance Measurement (NCPM) project, 100% system acceptance was achieved and stakeholders will have access to the system in 2013/14.

The Department had further engagements with Transnet on the enhanced model for the concessioning of the three identified branch lines and it has been agreed that each branch line will be assessed on a case by case basis. It is expected that the Section 54 approval process in terms of the PFMA Section 54 will be undertaken during the 2013/14 financial year to expedite the concessioning.

South African Airways

The Department was instrumental in setting out the parameters for the development of SAA's Long Term Turnaround Strategy based on the diagnostic review conducted by the Department in August 2012, to establish the root causes of SAA's inability to operate on a sustainable basis, as the Company is currently making a loss. This was submitted to the Minister on 2 April 2013. The strategy is currently being reviewed by the Department in consultation with other stakeholders.

South African Express Airways

The Department moved swiftly to address the deficiencies in corporate governance within the SOC. This included the removal of the Board and appointment of the new board as well as requesting the Auditor General to take over the audit function for this entity. The audit of the 2011/12 Annual Financial Statements is expected to be completed by 31 May 2013.

Cross Cutting initiatives

The Department conducted a parliamentary learning programme for the Portfolio Committee on Public Enterprises in September 2012.

Litigation

Nabera v Government of RSA & Alexkor

Nabera instituted legal action against Alexkor and the National Government in 2004 for alleged amounts resultant from a contract in terms of which Nabera managed Alexkor's mining assets and operations for a period of two years 1999 - 2001. Claims were instituted by Nabera, namely a claim for management fees alleged to be due in terms of the contract, as well as alleged value added to the mining assets over the management period. Alexkor and the National Government opposed the claims and to date Nabera has not set the matter down for hearing. Therefore, the matter is still pending.

Aventura and the State v Mikanto Properties

Mikanto Properties launched application proceedings in the High Court of South Africa in October 2002 seeking to interdict Aventura from effecting transfer of eight (8) properties to Forever Resorts. The Department and Aventura lodged opposing affidavits. Mikanto did not take the matter any further more so that Mikanto's attorney of record withdrew.

Paharpur/Londoloza Consortium v SAFCOL and the Department.

This is a claim that arose in March 2009 for damages against Government and SAFCOL by the Consortium for out-of-pocket expenses in the preparation of the tender which was subsequently withdrawn by Government. The parties are in discussion for an out of court settlement.

Equity Alliance (Pty) Ltd vs Government of RSA

This is a claim that was instituted in April 2009 by Equity Alliance against the Government for the purchase of shares from Transnet in June 2002. The claim is based on an alleged oral assurance and guarantee given by the former officials of the Department stating that, the ramp handling agreement between Equity Alliance and the Airports Company of South Africa (ACSA) will on termination be extended. ACSA did not extend the agreement and consequently, Equity Alliance and the Serco Group instituted a legal action claiming to have

suffered damages as a result of the termination of the ramp handling agreement. Pleadings have closed and Equity Alliance is currently trying to set the matter down.

Sable Hills vs Aventura and the Minister of Public Enterprises

Sable Hills (Pty) Ltd instituted action against Aventura, Mikanto (Mzingiza) Trading and the Minister. Summons were received on 28 June 2011. The claim is for rectification of the sale agreement and transfer of properties allegedly sold by Government and Aventura to Sable Hills in 2002 but later transferred to Mikanto (Mzingiza.) The relief that Sable Hills seeks is that Mikanto (Mzingiza), the Minister and Aventura should be ordered to transfer the properties claimed to Sable Hills. The matter is still pending.

Comair vs SAA

Comair has brought an application against SAA, Ministers of Public Enterprises, Finance, Transport and Government of South Africa challenging the granting of the R5 billion Guarantee issued by Government on behalf of SAA. Comair is contending that the granting of such Guarantee was both unconstitutional and unlawful and should therefore be reviewed and set aside. Government and SAA are opposing the matter.

Thompson vs Transnet, Transnet Pension Funds, National Treasury, Public Enterprises and others

Mr Thompson a former employee of Transnet, has brought an application on the inadequacy of pension benefits received from the Transnet Pension Funds. Transnet, the Transnet Pension Funds and Government are opposing the matter.

Ronny Mohapi vs Public Enterprises, Trade and Industry and National Treasury

Mr Mohapi approached the equality court to complain that Government (represented by Public Enterprises, Trade and Industry and National Treasury) discriminated against him in his endeavour to join Government's internship programme. He sought to be placed on internship programme of either National Treasury, Trade and Industry alternatively compensation by Public Enterprises for an amount of R800 000.00. The Department has filed an opposing affidavit with the Equality Court in the matter.

Vuyisile Kona vs Public Enterprises, SAA and Trade and Industry

Mr Kona is a former Non-Executive Director and Chairperson of SAA whose services were terminated in February 2013. Mr Kona is challenging the validity of the termination of his services and he seeks that the decision should be reviewed and set aside. The Department is opposing the matter.

Messrs Pretorius and Kruger vs Transnet, Transnet Pension Funds, Ministers of Public Enterprises and Finance and Government of RSA

Messrs Pretorius and Kruger, pensioners of the Transnet Pension Funds have served the Department with court papers, regarding their intention to bring class action against Transnet Pension Funds. The applicants are contesting the adequacy of benefits received by pensioners from the Transnet Pension Funds. They attribute the alleged inadequacy to mismanagement of such Pension Funds by Transnet, Transnet Pension Funds and Government. The Department is opposing the matter.

Mr Vermooten vs Public Enterprises

Mr Vermooten, a former consultant to the Department engaged on contractual basis instituted proceedings against the Department in the GPSSBC in 2011 claiming unfair dismissal when his contract expired and was not renewed. The Department contended that Mr Vermooten was not an employee of the Department and could not claim unfair dismissal. The GPSSBC found in favour of Mr Vermooten on the issue and the Department took it on review with the labour court. Mr Vermooten is not pursuing the matter any further.

By Choice Catering CC v Department of Public Enterprises

Plaintiff claims damages against the Department of R119 574.60 for alleged breach of contract alternatively, R75 245.70 for alleged loss of profit on the 18 November 2009. The Department is defending the matter. An assessment was carried out to identify contingent liabilities that could arise out of the above litigation. Refer to Annexure 3B of the Annexures to the Annual Financial Statements.

Spending trends

Departmental Revenue and Expenditure

Collection of Departmental revenue

Revenue collection is not a core function of the Department and therefore there is no specific plan in place in this regard. However, any revenue collected by the Department, and reported under Note 2 of the Financial Statements, is of an incidental nature such as parking fees, interest received on debts, sale of redundant capital assets and interest on bank accounts. Capital assets such as computers are initially offered to schools, and in the event that they are not required are auctioned to staff.

Expenditure per Department and Programme

The Department of Public Enterprises' voted budget for 2012/13 amounted to R1.377 billion, which was allocated to the following Programmes

- Programme 1: Administration
- Programme 2: Legal and Governance
- Programme 3: Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships

The following table provides a summary of actual expenditure incurred vs budget appropriated per programme for the 2012/3 and 2011/12 financial years:

Programme	2012/13			2011/2012	
	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000
1: Administration	117 096	115 367	98.5%	110 181	108 635
2. Legal and Governance	24 237	23 477	96.9%	22 779	19 518
3: Portfolio Management Strategic Partnerships	1 235 425	1 228 205	99.4%	220 382	217 962
Total	1 376 758	1 367 049	99.3%	353 342	346 115

The increase of R1.023 billion in the annual appropriation from R353.342 million to R1.377 billion is mainly as a result of an increase in payments for financial assets and a transfer payment to State Owned Companies.

Underspending amounting to R9.7 million was recorded in the 2012/13 financial year. This amount is mainly made up of current expenditure in the operational budget was under Compensation of Employees amounting to R6 million (5.36% of budget) as a result of some posts not having been filled due to scarcity of specialist skills in the market, as well as Goods and Services amounting to R3.7 million (3.91% of budget) which arose due to some projects having been delayed due to capacity constraints. The Department has requested rollovers from the 2012/13 Goods and Services budget from National Treasury for three projects amounting to R1.8 million in order for them to be completed in the new financial year. The Department spent 99.3% of its budget which was within its 2% spending target.

Programme 1: Administration: Provides overarching management and key supporting functions and processes in order for the Department to achieve its strategic objectives. The programme consists of the Ministry, Management (Office of the Director-General and the Deputy Director-General Corporate Management), Corporate Services (Information Management and Technology and Security and Facilities Management), Human Resources, Communications, Office of the Chief Financial Officer, Intergovernmental and International Relations, Strategic Planning Monitoring and Evaluation, Internal Audit and Office Accommodation.

Expenditure in this programme amounted to R115.367 million in 2012/13 compared to R108.635 million in 2011/12. This increase is mainly due to the establishment of two additional sub-programmes, Strategic Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation and Intergovernmental and International Relations as well as, among others, audit fees, office accommodation, alterations to office premises as well as furniture and equipment to accommodate the increased staff complement and travel costs for provincial engagements.

Programme 2: Legal and Governance: Provides systems that align state owned enterprises with corporate governance best practice and Government's strategic intent.

Expenditure for the programme amounted to R23.477 million in 2012/13 compared to R19.518 million in 2011/12. This increase is mainly due to the strengthening of the Governance unit in respect of the Risk and Compliance components in this sub-programme. However this unit did not achieve the 2 per cent underspending target due to a number of projects been delayed.

Programme 3: Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships:

Expenditure for the programme amounted to R1.228 billion in 2012/13 compared to R217.962 million in 2011/12. This increase is mainly due to the payment for financial assets disbursed to Alexkor and Denel amounting to R1.050 billion, as well as an amount of R118.313 million to Denel in respect of an indemnity claim to Denel/ SAAB Aerostructures.

A breakdown of expenditure per sub-programme is provided below.

Sub-Programme: Energy and Broadband Enterprises: Aligns the corporate strategies and performance of Eskom, Pebble Bed Modular Reactor (PBMR) and Broadband Infracore with Government's strategic intent and performance targets.

Expenditure in this programme amounted to R13.944 million in 2012/13 compared to R56.488 million in 2011/12. The decrease in expenditure in this sub-programme is mainly due to the final transfer payment to

the Pebble Bed Modular Reactor (PBMR) in 2011/12 amounting to R40 million for the statutory dismantling, decommissioning and care and maintenance programme, as well as the transfer of the legal component from this unit to Programme 2: Legal and Governance.

Sub-Programme: Manufacturing Enterprises: Aligns the corporate strategies and performance of Denel, SAFCOL and Alexkor with Government's strategic intent and performance targets. It develops proposals for the State Owned Companies role in advanced manufacturing.

Expenditure for the sub-programme amounted to R1.178 billion in 2012/13 compared to R123.423 million in 2011/12. The increase in expenditure in this sub-programme is mainly due to the payment for financial assets disbursed to Alexkor and Denel amounting to R1.050 billion, as well as an amount of R118.313 million to Denel in respect of an indemnity claim to Denel/SAAB Aerostructures.

Sub-Programme: Transport Enterprises: Aligns the corporate strategies and performance of South African Airways (SAA), South African Express (SAX) and Transnet with Government's strategic intent and performance targets.

Expenditure for the sub-programme amounted to R20.030 million in 2012/13 compared to R18.752 million in 2011/12. The slight increase in expenditure in this sub-programme is attributed to normal inflation related increases.

Sub-Programme: Economic Impact and Policy Alignment: aligns Shareholder oversight of SOC in relation to overarching government economic, social and environmental policies, and implements strategic interventions to contribute towards achievement of national objectives in support of economic growth and transformation.

Expenditure for the sub-programme amounted to R9.990 million in 2012/13 compared to R11.744 million in 2011/12. The decrease in expenditure in this sub-programme is mainly due to the conversion of the sub-programme in 2012/13 from the former Joint Project Facility which was project based, the programme is now structured according to the functions it is designed to carry out.

Sub-Programme: Strategic Partnerships: Establishes and builds focused strategic partnerships between the state owned companies, strategic customers, suppliers and financial institutions.

Expenditure for the sub-programme amounted to R5.973 million in 2012/13 compared to R7.555 million in 2011/12. The sub-programme was established in the 2012/13 financial year. The decrease in expenditure is due to historical figures drawn from the Office of the Chief Investment Portfolio Management (CIPM) in Programme 1 where a number of functions were allocated to this unit. In 2011/12 over expenditure is reflected against these historical figures due to the fact that the CIPM was a sub-sub-programme in the sub programme: management in programme 1 and the overall expenditure in that sub programme was not compromised.

Virements per programme

Programme	Adjusted Appropriation R'000	Virements R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	Variance R'000
1: Administration	108 546	8 550	117 096	115 367	1 729
2. Legal and Governance	26 237	(2 000)	24 237	23 477	760
3: Portfolio Management Strategic Partnerships	1 241 975	(6 550)	1 235 425	1 228 205	7 220
Total	1 376 758	-	1 376 758	1 367 049	9 709

Financial implications**Per Programme**

- R8 550 200 has been **added** to Programme 1 Administration;
- R2 000 000 has been **deducted** from Programme 2 Legal and Governance; and
- R6 550 200 has been **deducted** from Programme 3 Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships.

Economic classification

- R159 500 has been deducted from Compensation of Employees;
- R159 500 has been added to Transfer Payments;
- R688 700 has been deducted from Goods and Services;
- R680 700 has been added to Capital Assets;
- R8000 has been added to Financial Assets and Liabilities.

The virements between the programmes (main divisions of the Vote) were necessary to accommodate additional expenditure in Programme 1 mainly due to the establishment of two additional sub-programmes, Strategic Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation and Intergovernmental and International Relations as well as, among others, audit fees, office accommodation, alterations to office premises as well as furniture and equipment to accommodate the increased staff complement and travel costs for provincial engagements.

The virements do not exceed 8% as specified in section 43 (2) of the PFMA.

The virements were approved by the Accounting Officer.

2. Services Rendered by the Department**2.1 The nature of the Department is such that no specific services are rendered.****2.2 Tariff policy**

The Department does not render services for which a tariff can be charged.

2.3 Free Services

The Department does not render any free services.

2.4 Inventories

This is disclosed under Annexure 6 of the Annual Financial Statements.

3. Capacity constraints

In the 2011/12 financial year, the Department conducted an organisational review which intended to ensure that the Department was appropriately structured and capacitated to deliver on its Strategic Plan and meaningfully contribute to the achievement of outcomes. The outcomes of the review, which included the re-organisation of existing units and creation of new units was implemented in the year under review. As a result of this, the Department has expanded the number of posts in its establishment which provides the required capacity in order for the Department to deliver on its mandate. The establishment will increase to 220 in 2013/14 and further increase to 227 posts for the outer years of the MTEF.

The Department is still challenged by the high turnover of its critical and core staff as a result of highly competitive remuneration packages offered by the private sector and the SOC. Advanced strategies on the attraction and retention of critical talents are currently explored including, considering a new model, which will reposition and enable the Department to effectively fulfil the oversight role in line with best practices.

The Department continues to create a talent pool for its critical and scarce skills by means of its Graduate Development and Internship Programmes, as well as the training and development of existing employees at middle management and lower levels.

4. Utilisation of donor funds

The Department did not make use of any donor funding.

5. Trading entities and public entities

This is reported in the main body of the Annual Report under the overview of the Portfolio of Entities reporting to the Minister. Financial information, which includes profits and losses, is reported under Annexures 2A and 2B of the Annual Financial Statements. Guarantees are reported under Annexure 3A of the Annual Financial Statements.

6. Organisations to whom payments for financial assets and transfer payments have been made

Entity	Total Budget R'000	Expenditure R'000	Remaining Budget R'000	% of Total Budget Used
Alexkor (payment for financial assets)	350 000	350 000	-	100
Denel (payment for financial assets)	700 000	700 000	-	100
Denel (indemnity claim)	118 313	118 313	-	100

- The transfer to Denel amounting to R118 312 954 in respect of Denel's indemnity claim was disbursed in November 2012. Refer Annexure 1A of the Annual Financial Statements.
- The payment for financial assets (transfer) to Denel amounting to R700 million was disbursed in two tranches, R400 million in December 2012 and the remaining R300 million in March 2013.
- The payment for financial assets (transfer) to Alexkor amounting R350 million was disbursed in December 2012.

Refer Note 6 of the Annual Financial Statements – Payments for Financial Assets.

The Department does not exercise control over accounting arrangements in respect of the SOC within its portfolio save and except for the approval of the appointment of external auditors.

7. Public private partnerships (PPP)

The Department did not enter into any Public Private Partnership agreements during the 2012/13 financial year.

8. Corporate Governance arrangements

Risk Management approach

The Department continued its implementation of an integrated system of risk management in accordance with its Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) Framework to enable it to effectively manage key risks that could prevent it from achieving its objectives. The Department's EXCO, chaired by the Director-General, fulfilled the role of the Risk Management Committee and was supported by the Audit Committee in effectively overseeing the management of key risks.

The ERM Framework, the Risk Management Strategy, Policy and Compliance Policy were reviewed and approved. The Department's legislative universe has been established and is being monitored on an ongoing basis, thereby ensuring compliance to relevant legislation, policies and regulations. Business unit risks were assessed and a register for each unit is maintained. In addition, shareholder risks were identified, monitored and mitigated on an ongoing basis. The Department continued to conduct assessments on SOC PFMA applications, quarterly reports and corporate plans in order to identify and mitigate risks that government is exposed to as a result of activities undertaken by the SOC. EXCO is satisfied that the Department maintained an effective, efficient and transparent system of risk management that is consistent with the requirements of the PFMA and the Public Sector Risk Management Maturity Model as issued by the National Treasury.

Fraud Prevention Initiatives

The Department's fraud and prevention plan (integrated fraud and anti-corruption strategy) was reviewed in the financial year under review. Approval and implementation of the reviewed policy will take effect in the 2013/14 financial year.

Internal audit is the custodian of the whistle-blowing policy and is also responsible for the administration of the internal confidentiality reporting box. Internal Audit in consultation with the Accounting Officer oversees resolutions of all whistle-blowing cases.

All cases reported through the confidential reporting box, in the current financial year, have been effectively resolved. Internal Audit also reports on whistle blow logs and the resolution thereof, every quarter to the Audit Committee.

During the year under review, the Department did not receive cases from the fraud and anti-corruption hotline and there has not been any forensic investigation.

Internal Audit, Audit Committee and Internal controls

Internal Audit

The Department has an Internal Audit Unit, which reports administratively to the Accounting Officer and functionally to the Audit Committee. The Internal Audit unit consists of a Chief Audit Executive, Audit Manager and a co-sourcing arrangement with a registered firm accountants and auditors. The strategic objective of the unit is to provide an objective assurance to the Management and Audit Committee that internal controls, risk management and governance processes are adequate and effective. Internal Audit also provides consulting services to the Department as and when necessary.

During the year under review the Internal Audit unit executed its risk based operational plan and issued reports to Management with recommendations to address identified weaknesses. The unit has also tracked implementation of management actions quarterly and reported results to the Executive Committee and the Audit Committee.

A concerted effort was made to ensure proper co-ordination of work with other assurance providers. This was achieved by the ensuring that quarterly reporting on combined assurance is adequate and effective and also managing the Internal Control Dashboard. Reporting on both the combined assurance and the implementation of management commitments on the Internal Control dashboard was done quarterly to Audit Committee after rigorously engaging with Management.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee complies with its responsibilities arising from Section 38 (1) (a) (ii) of the Public Finance Management Act and Treasury Regulation 3.1.13. The Audit Committee adopted appropriate formal terms of reference as its Audit Committee Charter and has regulated its affairs in compliance with this charter and discharged all its responsibilities as contained therein. All the Audit Committee members are independent, including the Chairperson.

Internal controls and In-year Management and Monthly/Quarterly Reporting are reported in the Audit Report.

Requirements listed in S38 and 40 of the Public Finance Management Act as well as principle 2.17 of the King III report.

The Accounting Officer of the Department has complied with all the applicable requirements listed in Sections 38 and 40 of the PFMA which is indicative by the Department having received 9 consecutive clean audits, as well as applying the general principles in clauses 51 to 60 of principle 2.17 of the King III Report (where applicable in the public sector).

Information Management

The Department commenced with the development of an IT Governance Framework in 2012/13, however, completion of the framework was delayed as DPSA issued a national ICT Governance Framework to be implemented by all departments. Accordingly, the Department's Framework will be finalised in 2013/14 financial year.

Other Governance Structures

The Department has the following internal governance structures which meet fortnightly, monthly or quarterly depending on the Committees terms of reference:

- Strategic Management Committee, chaired by the Minister
- Executive Committee (institutional and strategic) chaired by the Director-General
- Operations Committee, chaired by the Chief Financial Officer
- Operations Sub-Committee, chaired by the Director: Administration and Facilities
- Human Resources Development Committee, chaired by the Head: Human Resources
- Bid Adjudication Committee, chaired by Director: Legal Counsel
- Budget Committee, chaired by the Director: Financial Management

All members of the above committees, with the exception of the Human Resources Development Committee and the Budget Committee, are required to declare their interests prior to proceeding with the meeting agenda. In the event of any conflict being identified, the member will be excused for the relevant part of the meeting or the entire meeting whichever is applicable, depending on the nature of the issue being discussed.

These committees meet on a regular basis throughout the year which deal with the Department's internal governance, strategic and operational matters, e.g. policies, budget, supply chain management and compliance issues.

In addition the Department has established the following fora with the SOC:

- Chairpersons' Forum (including CEOs)
- Governance and Risk Forum
- Isibuko Dashboard user Forum

These fora meet on a regular basis throughout the year for strategic and operational oversight of SOC governance and performance.

The Department operates within an approved delegation of authority framework. All SMS members are required on an annual basis to declare and complete their financial disclosure forms for reporting to the DPSA. The Department has extended the requirement for declaration of interests to all employees below SMS level as a governance mechanism to allow for management of all potential conflicts of interests among public servants.

All employees are required to sign confidentiality agreements and are vetted for security clearance by the State Security Agency.

Occupational Health and Safety

The Department is committed to the health and safety of its employees and the public. The approved Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) policy is currently under implementation.

The Department embarked on the following initiatives in 2012/13 to enhance the overall health, safety and environmental issues facing the organization:

- A joint Security & OHS Committee with newly approved terms of reference has been established.
- Members of the Committee have been formally appointed and were issued with appointment letters.
- Training on Health & Safety compliance has been provided.
- Safety equipment has been procured.
- Emergency Evacuation drills have been conducted.
- Health & Safety inspections are conducted on an ongoing basis.
- All new employees are inducted on departmental Health & Safety matters including Emergency Evacuation Procedures.

9. Activities to be discontinued

None

10. New activities

Two new sub-programmes were established in Programme 1 in 2012/13 namely:

Strategic Planning Monitoring and Evaluation

The Department identified the need to establish a unit dedicated to the facilitation and management of the strategic planning process and the annual performance plan based on the requirements of the Framework for Strategic Plan and Annual Performance Plans from National Treasury, as this process evolved and reporting requirements intensified. The unit is responsible for coordination, management and oversight of outcomes based performance reporting of the department; implementation of performance monitoring and evaluation processes for individual programmes and business units as a mechanism for measuring delivery of our strategic objectives; and reporting to various stakeholders.

Intergovernmental and International Relations:

This unit was established to improve engagement between the Department and its stakeholders in particular provincial governments. It is responsible for coordination, support and provision of advice to the Minister, Deputy Minister, Director-General and the department on matters related to the Inter-Governmental, International and Stakeholder Relations.

The funding for these activities were re-aligned within the budget of the revised establishment.

In the 2013/14 financial year, Human Resources will facilitate training and awareness on the Government code of conduct and integrity management framework, which will address incidents of corruption, management of conflict of interest, public servants undertaking additional employment and receiving remuneration without prior approval and public servants doing business with the State.

11. Asset management

- The Department conducted two full asset counts, one of which was conducted by independent officials, during the period under review.
- All assets are captured on LOGIS on a personnel inventory basis to ensure control of assets.
- All assets in the department are purchased and accounted for on LOGIS.
- The department has complied with the Asset Management Reform milestones.

Capital Assets:

- During the year under review the Department disposed of unserviceable and redundant assets as well as writing off thefts and losses (R125 941.16) at original cost value as per the asset register amounting to R621 930.96. Refer notes 29.2 and 29.5 respectively to the Annual Financial Statements for disposals of Capital Assets.

Minor Assets:

- During the year under review the Department disposed of unserviceable and redundant assets as well as writing off thefts and losses (R4 131.07) at original cost value as per the asset register amounting to R73 087. Refer note 29.4 to the Annual Financial Statements for disposals of Minor Assets.

12. Inventories

The department has one store that consists mainly of stationery. The inventories on hand as at 31 March 2013 are valued at the weighted cost price amounting to R23 012.94.

During the year under review the department continued to implement its strategy of procuring consumables and stationery on a needs basis. The amount reflected at year end has decreased relative to the previous year's closing balance of R33 920.33 due to the distribution to units on receipt of stationery and consumables. Refer Annexure 6 of the Annual Financial Statements.

13. Events after the reporting date

The Department incurred Fruitless Expenditure amounting to R55 863.81 in respect of cancellation fees for a venue that was booked for a Senior Officials Dialogue Forum on SOC which was to have been hosted by the Department on 25 March 2013 preceding the BRICS Summit on 26 and 27 March 2013. The event was cancelled based on a directive from the Department of International Relations and Co-operation. Refer note 28 of the Annual Financial Statements

14. Information on predetermined objectives

The Department has a Performance Management Policy in place to regulate the performance management process. The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines and standards on which the performance of DPE can be measured and managed towards the achievement of its strategic objectives. The policy is explicit with regard to the performance cycle, accountability documents and performance information as well as the processes to be followed within the Department.

This policy is in line with the Framework for Managing Performance Information provided by the National Treasury, and is currently being aligned to the new Framework for Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans issued by National Treasury in August 2010. This framework for strategic plans and annual performance plans outlines key concepts that should guide institutions when developing strategic plans and annual performance plans and provides timeframes for submission, tabling and reporting on these documents; clarifies the relationship between institutions, policy developments and budgets; details and defines key concepts and information to be reported on in specific sections of the plans.

To improve performance monitoring and reporting within the Department, workshops have been organised to train senior management on SMART principles and outcomes based planning. The development of the 2013/14 Annual Performance Plan (APP) has been approved and presented to the Portfolio Committee of Public Enterprises. The Department will monitor progress on the implementation of the APP on a quarterly basis.

Process and timelines for Managing Programme Performance

- Annual Strategic Planning Workshop and development of framework for annual Business Plan – December/January
- Strategic Plan and Annual Performance Plan printed and tabled in Parliament – March
- Quarterly reporting per programme and consolidated quarterly report for the Department within 30 days of the end of each quarter – approved by the Accounting Officer and submitted to the Minister, Audit Committee, National Treasury and Department of Performance Monitoring and Evaluation
- Mid-term Review Workshop to assess performance against targets and where necessary re-prioritise – October/November
- Department's performance reported in Annual Report – August

Programme performance linked to employee performance

- The performance of programmes is linked to employee performance by means of signed performance agreements with balanced scorecards which tie in with the Department's Annual Performance Plan – April/May annually
- Mid-year reviews are conducted with each employee where their delivery against KPI's are evaluated – September/October
- Year end appraisals are conducted with all employees – April/May

Financial reporting is provided on a monthly basis to the Executive Authority and the Accounting Officer. This includes the overall financial status of the Department as well as the individual programmes, which enables the Department to closely monitor the expenditure trends in the units and to implement corrective action where necessary.

Performance Oversight - State Owned Companies

The Department has an obligation to review the performance of SOC. In terms of Treasury Regulation 29.3, procedures for quarterly reporting to the executive authority in order to facilitate effective performance monitoring, evaluation and corrective action must be established. This includes setting up reporting systems allowing regular monitoring and assessment of SOC performance. To review performance effectively, the Department must first ensure that it has access to accurate and relevant information on a timely basis to enable continuous performance evaluation and, when necessary, communicate its concerns to the SOC.

An electronic business intelligence dashboard system, the Isibuko Dashboard has been implemented to allow for timely reporting by SOC, to monitor trends in financial and operational performance, capital investment programme, environmental impact assessments, socio-economic issues, governance and skills development to enhance detection, mitigation and monitoring of enterprise and cross-cutting shareholder risks on an ongoing basis. Ongoing monitoring ensures early identification of problems and opportunities. It allows the Department to react promptly on underperformance or on significant changes in the SOC environment that may impact its performance. It also allows a focus on priorities.

The Minister issues investor briefs to the SOC Boards on a quarterly basis on emerging SOC performance trends and, in particular, highlights the required corrective action in the event of any deviation from the agreed key performance areas and indicators. A response to the investor brief is required from the Board within a month indicating measures to address highlighted concerns or mitigate emerging risks. If no response is received, this will be indicated at the AGM.

15. SCOPA resolutions

The Department did not have any resolutions issued by SCOPA.

16. Prior modifications to audit reports

There were no findings in the Auditor General's Report of 2011/12.

17. Exemptions and deviations received from the National Treasury

None

18. Interim Financial Statements

The Department submits its Interim Financial Statements to the Office of the Accountant General on a quarterly basis as required by National Treasury. The Department did not receive any queries from National Treasury on these for the period under review.

19. Other

There are no material circumstances to be reported that will have an effect on the understanding of the financial state of affairs of the Department.

20. Approval

The Annual Financial Statements set out on pages 127 to 182 have been approved by the Accounting Officer.



Tshediso Matona
Director-General
Date: 31 July 2013

3. ACCOUNTING OFFICERS STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

Statement of Responsibility for the Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2013

The Accounting Officer is responsible for the preparation of the department's annual financial statements and for the judgements made in this information.

The Accounting Officer is responsible for establishing, and implementing a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the annual financial statements.

In my opinion, the financial statements fairly reflect the operations of the department for the financial year ended 31 March 2013.

The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the Annual financial Statements of the Department.

The Department of Public Enterprises Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 have been examined by the external auditors and their report is presented on page 33.

The Annual Financial Statements of the Department set out on page 127 to page 182 have been approved.



Mr Tshediso Matona
ACCOUNTING OFFICER
Department of Public Enterprises
Date: 31 July 2013

4. REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL TO PARLIAMENT ON VOTE NO. 11: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC ENTERPRISES REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Introduction

1. I have audited the financial statements of Department of Public Enterprises set out on pages 138 to 202, which comprise the appropriation statement, the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2013, the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets and the cash flow statement for the year then ended, and the notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Accounting officer

2. The accounting officer is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements in accordance with the Departmental Financial Reporting Framework prescribed by the National Treasury with the requirements of the Public Finance Management Act of South Africa, 1999 (Act No.1 of 1999) (PFMA) and for such internal control as the accounting officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

Auditor-General's responsibility

3. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with the Public Audit Act of South Africa, 2004 (Act No. 25 of 2004) (PAA), the General Notice issued in terms thereof and International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.
4. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.
5. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

6. In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Department of Public Enterprises as at 31 March 2013 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Departmental Financial Reporting Framework prescribed by the National Treasury and the requirements of the PFMA.

Emphasis of matter

7. I draw attention to the matter below. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter:
Restatement of corresponding figures
8. As disclosed in note 12 and 27 to the financial statements, the corresponding figures for the prior year balance sheet date have been restated as a result of an error discovered during the 2012/2013 in the financial statements of the Department of Public Enterprises and for the year ended 2011/2012

Additional matters**Financial reporting framework**

9. The financial reporting framework prescribed by the National Treasury and applied by the department is a compliance framework. Thus my opinion would have reflected that the financial statements had been properly prepared instead of fairly presented as required by section 20(2)(a) of the PAA, which requires me to express an opinion on the fair presentation of the financial statements of the department.

Unaudited supplementary schedules

10. The supplementary information set out on pages 76 to 100 does not form part of the financial statements and is presented as additional information. I have not audited this schedule and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion thereon.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

11. In accordance with the PAA and the General Notice issued in terms thereof, I report the following findings relevant to performance against predetermined objectives, compliance with laws and regulations and internal control, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion

Predetermined objectives

12. I performed procedures to obtain evidence about the usefulness and reliability of the information in the report on predetermined information as set out on pages 23 to 69 of the annual report.
13. The reported performance against predetermined objectives was evaluated against the overall criteria of usefulness and reliability. The usefulness of information in the annual performance report relates to whether it is presented in accordance with the National Treasury annual reporting principles and whether the reported performance is consistent with the planned objectives. The usefulness of information further relates to whether indicators and targets are measurable (i.e. well defined, verifiable, specific, measurable and time bound) and relevant as required by the National Treasury Framework for managing programme performance information.

The reliability of the information in respect of the selected programmes is assessed to determine whether it adequately reflects the facts (i.e. whether it is valid, accurate and complete).

14. There were no material findings on the information on predetermined objectives concerning the usefulness and reliability of the information.

Additional matter

15. Although no material findings concerning the usefulness and reliability of the performance information was identified in the information on predetermined objectives, I draw attention to the following matter:

Achievement of planned targets

16. Of the 81 planned targets, 26 were not achieved during the year under review. This represents 32% (>20%) of total planned targets that were not achieved during the year. This was as a result of the institution not considering relevant systems and evidential requirements during the annual strategic planning process.

Compliance with laws and regulations

17. I performed procedures to obtain evidence that the entity has complied with applicable laws and regulations regarding financial matters, financial management and other related matters. My findings on material non-compliance with specific matters in key applicable laws and regulations as set out in the General Notice issued in terms of the PAA are as follows:

Financial management

18. The financial statements submitted for auditing were not prepared in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework and/or supported by full and proper records as required by section 40(1) (a) of the Public Finance Management Act. Material misstatements on key management personnel, impairments, investments and litigations were identified by the auditors in the submitted financial statement and were subsequently corrected, resulting in the financial statements receiving an unqualified audit opinion.

Internal control

19. I considered internal control relevant to my audit of the financial statements, information on predetermined objectives and compliance with laws and regulations. The matters reported below under the fundamentals of internal control are limited to the significant deficiencies that resulted in the findings on compliance with laws and regulations included in this report.

Financial management

20. The financial statements submitted for auditing were not fully prepared in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework and/or supported by full and proper records as required by section 40(1) (a) of the Public Finance Management Act. Material misstatement on impairments was identified by the auditors in the submitted financial statement and were subsequently corrected, resulting in the financial statements receiving an unqualified audit opinion

Regular, accurate and complete financial reports

21. The DPE did not fully prepare regular, accurate and complete financial reports that are supported and evidenced in reliable information. This lead to an understatement of key management personnel, contingent liabilities and investments.



AUDITOR - GENERAL
SOUTH AFRICA

Auditing to build public confidence

Pretoria
31 July 2013

5. APPROPRIATION STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

Appropriation per programme									
APPROPRIATION STATEMENT	2012/13					2011/12			
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
1. ADMINISTRATION									
Current payment	106 301	(178)	7 957	114 080	112 390	1 690	98.5%	105 324	103 835
Transfers and subsidies	152	-	83	235	227	8	96.6%	753	723
Payment for capital assets	2 093	170	510	2 773	2 742	31	98.9%	4 071	4 071
Payment for financial assets	-	8	-	8	8	-	100.0%	33	6
	108 546	-	8 550	117 096	115 367	1 729		110 181	108 635
2. LEGAL AND GOVERNANCE									
Current payment	26 237	-	(2 028)	24 209	23 450	759	96.9%	22 779	19 518
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	28	28	27	1	96.4%	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	26 237	-	(2 000)	24 237	23 477	760		22 779	19 518
3. PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT AND STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP									
Current payment	73 638	-	(6 598)	67 040	59 821	7 219	89.3%	64 127	61 707
Transfers and subsidies	118 337	-	48	118 385	118 384	1	100.0%	156 255	156 255
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	1 050 000	-	-	1 050 000	1 050 000	-	100.0%	-	-
	1 241 975	-	(6 550)	1 235 425	1 228 205	7 220		220 382	217 962
TOTAL	1 376 758	-	-	1 376 758	1 367 049	9 709	99.3%	353 342	346 115

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	2012/13		2011/12	
	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure
TOTAL (brought forward)	1 376 758	1 367 049	9 709	99.3%
Reconciliation with statement of financial performance				
ADD				
Departmental receipts	537		66	
Aid assistance	5 937		13 471	
Actual amounts per statement of financial performance (total revenue)	1 383 232		366 879	
ADD				
Aid assistance		11 135		7 185
Actual amounts per statement of financial performance (total expenditure)		1 378 184		353 300

Appropriation per economic classification									
2012/13	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments									
Compensation of employees	111 475	-	(159)	111 316	105 327	5 989	94.6%	100 017	96 158
Goods and services	94 701	(179)	(510)	94 012	90 334	3 678	96.1%	92 213	88 902
Transfers and subsidies									
Public corporations and private enterprises	118 313	-	-	118 313	118 313	-	100.0%	156 255	156 255
Households	76	-	159	235	232	3	98.7%	-	-
Gifts and donations	100	-	-	100	93	7	93.0%	753	723
Payments for capital assets									
Machinery and equipment	2 061	109	510	2 680	2 649	31	98.8%	3 921	3 922
Software and other intangible assets	32	62	-	94	93	1	98.9%	150	149
Payments for financial assets	1 050 000	8	-	1 050 008	1 050 008	-	100.0%	33	6
Total	1 376 758	-	-	1 376 758	1 367 049	9 709	99.3%	353 342	346 115

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Detail per programme 1: Administration	2012/13					2011/12			
	Adjusted Appropriation R'000	Shifting of Funds R'000	Virement R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	Variance R'000	Expenditure as % of final appropriation %	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual expenditure R'000
1.1 MINISTRY									
Current payment	28 654	711	880	30 245	30 017	228	99.2%	31 373	30 450
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	5	5	5	-	100.0%	-	-
Payment for capital assets	7	7	-	14	14	-	100.0%	1 411	1 411
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2 MANAGEMENT (PROG 1)									
Current payment	6 520	(2 161)	(5)	4 354	4 121	233	94.6	8 102	8 082
Transfers and subsidies	44	-	-	44	44	-	100.0%	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	8	-	8	8	-	100.0%	158	158
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3 INTERNAL AUDIT									
Current payment	3 677	(730)	340	3 287	3 276	11	99.7%	4 336	4 285
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4 CORPORATE SERVICES									
Current payment	22 544	940	3 035	26 519	25 967	552	97.9%	21 696	21 418
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for capital assets	1 911	120	365	2 396	2 367	29	98.8%	2 502	2 502
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Detail per programme 1: Administration (Cont.)	2012/13				2011/12				
	Adjusted Appropriation R'000	Shifting of Funds R'000	Virement R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	Variance R'000	Expenditure as % of final appropriation %	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual expenditure R'000
1.5 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER									
Current payment	8 777	-	1 500	10 277	10 047	230	97.8%	11 242	11 165
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	8	8	8	-	100.0%	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	11	-	11	11	-	100.0%	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	8	-	8	8	-	100.0%	33	6
1.6 COMMUNICATION									
Current payment	11 327	875	290	12 492	12 346	146	98.9%	12 210	12 327
Transfers and subsidies	108	-	70	178	170	8	95.5%	753	723
Payment for capital assets	175	6	145	326	324	2	99.4%	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.7 OFFICE ACCOMMODATION									
Current payment	7 354	905	527	8 786	8 785	1	100.0%	6 758	6 609
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.8 HUMAN RESOURCES									
Current payment	12 020	-	880	12 900	12 698	202	98.4%	9 607	9 499
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Detail per programme 1: Administration (Cont.)	2012/13						2011/12		
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
1.9 STRATEGIC PLANNING, MONITORING AND EVALUATION									
Current payment	3 846	(668)	220	3 398	3 361	37	98.9%	-	-
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	18	-	18	18	-	100.0%	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.10 INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS									
Current payment	1 582	(50)	290	1 822	1 772	50	97.3%	-	-
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	108 546	-	8 550	117 096	115 367	1 729	98.5%	110 181	108 635

Economic classification	2012/13						2011/12		
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments									
Compensation of employees	54 490	-	3 585	58 075	56 714	1 361	97.7%	51 279	51 287
Goods and services	51 811	(179)	4 372	56 004	55 676	328	94.4%	54 045	52 548
Transfers and subsidies to: Public corporations and private enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	52	-	83	135	134	1	99.3%	-	-
Gifts and donations	100	-	-	100	93	7	93.0%	753	723
Payment for capital assets									
Machinery and equipment	2 061	109	510	2 680	2 649	31	98.8%	3 921	3 922
Software and other intangible assets	32	62	-	94	93	1	98.3%	150	149
Payments for financial assets	-	8	-	8	8	-	100.0%	33	6
Total	108 546	-	8 550	117 096	115 367	1 729	98.5%	110 181	108 635

Detail per sub-programme 2: Legal and Governance	2012/13						2011/12		
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
2.1 MANAGEMENT (PROG 2)									
Current payment	2 315	31	-	2 346	2 252	94	96.0%	1 873	1 822
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 LEGAL									
Current payment	15 893	(330)	(2 000)	13 563	13 348	215	98.4%	14 486	12 775
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	23	23	22	1	95.7%	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.3 GOVERNANCE									
Current payment	8 029	229	(28)	8 300	7 850	450	94.6%	6 420	4 921
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	5	5	5	-	100.0%	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	26 237	-	(2 000)	24 237	23 477	760	96.9%	22 779	19 518

Economic classification	2012/13					2011/12			
	Adjusted Appropriation R'000	Shifting of Funds R'000	Virement R'000	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual Expenditure R'000	Variance R'000	Expenditure as % of final appropriation %	Final Appropriation R'000	Actual expenditure R'000
Current payments									
Compensation of employees	14 393	-	(28)	14 365	14 111	254	98.2%	15 801	13 206
Goods and services	11 844	-	(2 000)	9 844	9 339	505	94.9%	6 978	6 312
Transfers and subsidies to: Public corporations and private enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households	-	-	28	28	27	1	96.4%	-	-
Gifts and donations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Machinery and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Software and other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	26 237	-	(2 000)	24 237	23 477	760	96.9%	22 779	19 518

Detail per sub-programme 3: Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships	2012/13						2011/12		
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
3.1 Energy and Broadband Enterprises									
Current payment	16 766	-	(890)	15 876	13 873	2 003	87.4%	16 678	16 488
Transfers and subsidies	24	-	48	72	71	1	98.6%	40 000	40 000
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2 Manufacturing Enterprises									
Current payment	14 178	(1 700)	(640)	11 838	9 955	1 883	84.1%	7 296	7 168
Transfers and subsidies	118 313	-	-	118 313	118 313	-	100.0%	116 525	116 255
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	1 050 000	-	-	1 050 000	1 050 000	-	100.0%	-	-
3.3 Transport Enterprises									
Current payment	19 787	3 000	(738)	22 049	20 030	2 019	90.8%	21 066	18 752
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.4 Economic Impact and Policy Alignment									
Current payment	15 052	(1 000)	(3 330)	10 722	9 990	732	93.2%	12 084	11 744
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.5 Strategic Partnerships									
Current payment	7 855	(300)	(1 000)	6 555	5 973	582	91.2%	6 463	7 555
Transfers and subsidies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1 241 975	-	(6 550)	1 235 425	1 228 205	7 220	99.4%	220 382	217 962

Economic classification	2012/13					2011/12			
	Adjusted Appropriation	Shifting of Funds	Virement	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Expenditure as % of final appropriation	Final Appropriation	Actual expenditure
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	%	R'000	R'000
Current payments									
Compensation of employees	42 592	-	(3 716)	38 876	34 502	4 374	88.8%	32 937	31 665
Goods and services	31 046	-	(2 882)	28 164	25 319	2 845	89.9%	31 190	30 042
Transfers and subsidies to: Public corporations and private enterprises	118 313	-	-	118 313	118 313	-	100.0%	156 255	156 255
Households	24	-	48	72	71	1	98.6%	-	-
Gifts and donations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for capital assets									
Machinery and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Software and other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments for financial assets	1 050 000	-	-	1 050 000	1 050 000	-	100.0%	-	-
Total	1 241 975	-	(6 550)	1 235 425	1 228 205	7 220	99.4%	220 382	217 962

6. NOTES TO THE APPROPRIATION STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1. Detail of transfers and subsidies as per Appropriation Act (after Virement):

Detail of these transactions can be viewed in the note on Transfers and subsidies, disclosure notes and Annexure 1 (A-D) to the Annual Financial Statements.

2. Detail of specifically and exclusively appropriated amounts voted (after Virement):

Detail of these transactions can be viewed in note 1 (Annual Appropriation) to the Annual Financial Statements.

3. Detail on payments for financial assets

Detail of these transactions per programme can be viewed in the note 6 on Payments for financial assets to the Annual Financial Statements.

4. Explanations of material variances from Amounts Voted (after Virement):

4.1 Per programme	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance R'000	Variance as a % of Final Appropriation
Administration	117 096	115 367	1 729	1.5%
Legal and Governance	24 237	23 477	760	3.1%
Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships	1 235 425	1 228 205	7 220	0.6%
	1 376 758	1 367 049	9 709	0.7%

Underspending amounting to R9.7 million was recorded in the 2012/13 financial year. This amount is mainly made up of current expenditure in the operational budget was under Compensation of Employees amounting to R6 million (5.36% of budget) as a result of some posts not having been filled due to scarcity of specialist skills in the market, as well as Goods and Services amounting to R3.7 million (3.91% of budget) which arose due to some projects having been delayed due to capacity constraints. The Department has requested rollovers from the 2012/13 Goods and Services budget from National Treasury for three projects amounting to R1.8 million in order for them to be completed in the new financial year. The Department spent 99.3% of its budget which was within its 2% spending target.

Programme 2: Legal and Governance:

The underspending was mainly on Goods and services, due to some projects been delayed.

4.2 Per economic classification	Final Appropriation	Actual Expenditure	Variance	Variance as a % of Final Appropriation
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Current payments				
Compensation of employees	111 316	105 327	5 989	5.4%
Goods and services	94 012	90 334	3 678	3.9%
Transfers and subsidies				
Public corporations and private enterprises	118 313	118 313	-	-
Households	235	232	3	1.3%
Gifts and donations	100	93	7	7.0%
Payments for capital assets				
Machinery and equipment	2 680	2 649	31	1.2%
Software and other intangible assets	94	93	1	1.1%
Payments for financial assets	1 050 008	1 050 008	-	-
	1 376 758	1 367 049	9 709	0.7%

Compensation of employees' underspending is as a result of some posts not having been filled due to scarcity of specialist skills in the market, as well as under-spending under goods and services which arose due to some projects having been delayed due to capacity constraints.

7. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

PERFORMANCE	Note	2012/13 R'000	2011/12 R'000
REVENUE			
Annual appropriation	1	1 376 758	353 342
Departmental revenue	2	537	66
Aid assistance	3	5 937	13 471
TOTAL REVENUE		1 383 232	366 879
EXPENDITURE			
Current expenditure			
Compensation of employees	4	105 327	96 158
Goods and services	5	90 334	88 902
Aid assistance	3	11 135	7 185
Total current expenditure		206 796	192 245
Transfers and subsidies			
Transfers and subsidies	7	118 638	156 978
Total transfers and subsidies		118 638	156 978
Expenditure for capital assets			
Tangible capital assets	8	2 649	3 922
Software and other intangible assets	8	93	149
Total expenditure for capital assets		2 742	4 071
Payments for financial assets	6	1 050 008	6
TOTAL EXPENDITURE		1 378 184	353 300
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		5 048	13 579
Reconciliation of Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year			
Voted funds		9 709	7 227
Annual appropriation	14	9 709	7 227
Departmental revenue and NRF Receipts	15	537	66
Aid assistance	3	(5 198)	6 286
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		5 048	13 579

8. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2013

POSITION	Note	2012/13 R'000	2011/12 R'000
ASSETS			
Current assets		126 999	129 963
Cash and cash equivalents	9	126 370	128 876
Prepayments and advances	10	35	752
Receivables	11	594	335
Non-current assets		24 799 585	24 099 585
Investments	12	23 448 455	22 748 455
Loans	13	1 351 130	1 351 130
TOTAL ASSETS		24 926 584	24 229 548
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities		126 999	129 963
Voted funds to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund	14	9 709	7 227
Departmental revenue and NRF Receipts to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund	15	10	(52)
Payables	16	1 491	1 801
Aid assistance unutilised	3	115 789	120 987
TOTAL LIABILITIES		126 999	129 963
NET ASSETS		24 799 585	24 099 585
Represented by:			
Capitalisation reserve		24 799 585	24 099 585
TOTAL		24 799 585	24 099 585

9. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

NET ASSETS	Note	2012/13 R'000	2011/12 R'000
Capitalisation Reserves			
Opening balance		24 099 585	24 099 585
Transfers:			
Movement in Equity		700 000	-
Closing balance		<u>24 799 585</u>	<u>24 099 585</u>
TOTAL	12	<u>24 799 585</u>	<u>24 099 585</u>

The movement in equity reflects R700 million, notwithstanding the payment of financial assets being R 1.050 million. The difference arises from the fact that Alexkor received a payment for the purchase of equity amounting to R350 million, as no shares had been issued as at 31 March 2013. It is anticipated that these shares will be issued in 2013/14.

10. CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

CASH FLOW	Note	2012/13 R'000	2011/12 R'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts		1 383 232	366 871
Annual appropriated funds received	1.1	1 376 758	353 342
Departmental revenue received	2	537	58
Aid assistance received	3	5 937	13 471
Net (increase)/decrease in working capital		148	1 085
Surrendered to Revenue Fund		(7 702)	(15 682)
Surrendered to RDP Fund/Donor		-	(4 774)
Current payments		(206 796)	(192 245)
Payments for financial assets		(1 050 008)	(6)
Transfers and subsidies paid		(118 638)	(156 978)
Net cash flow available from operating activities	17	236	(1 729)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for capital assets	8	(2 742)	(4 071)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2.3	-	8
(Increase)/decrease in investments		(700 000)	-
Net cash flows from investing activities		(702 742)	(4 063)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase/(decrease) in net assets		700 000	-
Net cash flows from financing activities		700 000	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2 506)	(5 792)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		128 876	134 668
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	18	126 370	128 876

11. NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the following policies, which have been applied consistently in all material aspects, unless otherwise indicated. However, where appropriate and meaningful, additional information has been disclosed to enhance the usefulness of the Financial Statements and to comply with the statutory requirements of the Public Finance Management Act, Act 1 of 1999 (as amended by Act 29 of 1999), and the Treasury Regulations issued in terms of the Act and the Division of Revenue Act, Act 1 of 2010.

1. Presentation of the Financial Statements

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting.

Under this basis, the effects of transactions and other events are recognised in the financial records when the resulting cash is received or paid. The “modification” results from the recognition of certain near-cash balances in the financial statements as well as the revaluation of foreign investments and loans and the recognition of resulting revaluation gains and losses.

In addition supplementary information is provided in the disclosure notes to the financial statements where it is deemed to be useful to the users of the financial statements.

1.1 Presentation currency

All amounts have been presented in the currency of the South African Rand (R) which is also the functional currency of the department.

1.2 Rounding

Unless otherwise stated all financial figures have been rounded to the nearest one thousand Rand (R'000).

1.3 Comparative figures

Prior period comparative information has been presented in the current year's financial statements. Where necessary figures included in the prior period financial statements have been reclassified to ensure that the format in which the information is presented is consistent with the format of the current year's financial statements.

1.4 Comparative figures - Appropriation Statement

A comparison between actual amounts and final appropriation per major classification of expenditure is included in the Appropriation Statement.

2. Revenue

2.1 Appropriated funds

Appropriated funds comprises of departmental allocations as well as direct charges against revenue fund (i.e. statutory appropriation).

Appropriated funds are recognised in the financial records on the date the appropriation becomes effective. Adjustments made in terms of the adjustments budget process are recognised in the financial records on the date the adjustments become effective.

Unexpended appropriated funds are surrendered to the National/Provincial Revenue Fund. Any amounts owing to the National/Provincial Revenue Fund at the end of the financial year are recognised as payable in the statement of financial position.

Any amount due from the National/Provincial Revenue Fund at the end of the financial year is recognised as a receivable in the statement of financial position.

2.2 Departmental revenue

All departmental revenue is recognised in the statement of financial performance when received and is subsequently paid into the National/Provincial Revenue Fund, unless stated otherwise.

Any amount owing to the National/Provincial Revenue Fund at the end of the financial year is recognised as a payable in the statement of financial position.

No accrual is made for amounts receivable from the last receipt date to the end of the reporting period. These amounts are however disclosed in the disclosure notes to the annual financial statements.

2.3 Direct Exchequer receipts

All direct exchequer receipts are recognised in the statement of financial performance when the cash is received and is subsequently paid into the National/Provincial Revenue Fund, unless stated otherwise.

Any amount owing to the National/Provincial Revenue Funds at the end of the financial year is recognised as a payable in the statement of financial position.

2.4 Direct Exchequer payments

All direct exchequer payments are recognised in the statement of financial performance when final authorisation for payment is effected on the system (by no later than 31 March of each year).

2.5 Aid assistance

Aids assistance is recognised as revenue when received

All in-kind aid assistance is disclosed at fair value on the date of receipt in the annexures to the Annual Financial Statements

The cash payments made during the year relating to aid assistance projects are recognised as expenditure in the statement of financial performance when final authorisation for payments is effected on the system (by no later than 31 March of each year)

The value of the assistance expensed prior to the receipt of funds is recognised as a receivable in the statement of financial position.

Inappropriately expensed amounts using aid assistance and any unutilised amounts are recognised as payables in the statement of financial position.

All CARA funds received must be recorded as revenue when funds are received. The cash payments made during the year relating to CARA earmarked projects are recognised as expenditure in the statement of financial performance when final authorisation for payments effected on the system (by no later than 31 March of each year)

Inappropriately expensed amounts using CARA funds are recognised as payables in the statement of financial position. Any unutilised amounts are transferred to retained funds as they are not surrendered to the revenue fund.

3. Expenditure**3.1 Compensation of employees****3.1.1 Salaries and wages**

Salaries and wages are expensed in the statement of financial performance when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system (by no later than 31 March of each year).

Other employee benefits that give rise to a present legal or constructive obligation are disclosed in the disclosure notes to the financial statements at its face value and are not recognised in the statement of financial performance or position.

Employee costs are capitalised to the cost of a capital project when an employee spends more than 50% of his/her time on the project. These payments form part of expenditure for capital assets in the statement of financial performance.

3.1.2 Social contributions

Employer contributions to post employment benefit plans in respect of current employees are expensed in the statement of financial performance when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system (by no later than 31 March of each year).

No provision is made for retirement benefits in the financial statements of the department. Any potential liabilities are disclosed in the financial statements of the National Revenue Fund and not in the financial statements of the employer department.

Employer contributions made by the department for certain of its ex-employees (such as medical benefits) are classified as transfers to households in the statement of financial performance.

3.2 Goods and services

Payments made during the year for goods and/or services are recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system (by no later than 31 March of each year).

The expense is classified as capital if the goods and/or services were acquired for a capital project or if the total purchase price exceeds the capitalisation threshold (currently R5, 000). All other expenditures are classified as current.

Rental paid for the use of buildings or other fixed structures is classified as goods and services and not as rent on land.

3.3 Interest and rent on land

Interest and rental payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system (by no later than 31 March of each year). This item excludes rental for the use of buildings or other fixed structures. If it is not possible to distinguish between payment for the use of land and the fixed structures on it, the whole amount should be recorded under goods and services.

3.4 Payments for financial assets

Debts are written off when identified as irrecoverable. Debts written-off are limited to the amount of savings and/or underspending of appropriated funds. The write off occurs at year-end or when funds are available. No provision is made for irrecoverable amounts but an estimate is included in the disclosure notes to the financial statements.

All other losses are recognised when authorisation has been granted for the recognition thereof.

3.5 Transfers and subsidies

Transfers and subsidies are recognised as an expense when the final authorisation for payment is effected on the system (by no later than 31 March of each year).

3.6 Unauthorised expenditure

When confirmed unauthorised expenditure is recognised as an asset in the statement of financial position until such time as the expenditure is either approved by the relevant authority, recovered from the responsible person or written off as irrecoverable in the statement of financial performance.

Unauthorised expenditure approved with funding is derecognised from the statement of financial position when the unauthorised expenditure is approved and the related funds are received.

Where the amount is approved without funding it is recognised as expenditure in the statement of financial performance on the date stipulated in the Act.

3.7 Fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is recognised as expenditure in the statement of financial performance according to the nature of the payment and not as a separate line item on the face of the statement. If the expenditure is recoverable it is treated as an asset until it is recovered from the responsible person or written off as irrecoverable in the statement of financial performance.

3.8 Irregular expenditure

Irregular expenditure is recognised as expenditure in the statement of financial performance. If the expenditure is not condoned by the relevant authority it is treated as an asset until it is recovered or written off as irrecoverable.

4. Assets**4.1 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost.

Bank overdrafts are shown separately on the face of the statement of financial position.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held, other short-term highly liquid investments and bank overdrafts.

4.2 Other financial assets

Other financial assets are carried in the statement of financial position at cost.

4.3 Prepayments and advances

Amounts prepaid or advanced are recognised in the statement of financial position when the payments are made and are derecognised as and when the goods/services are received or the funds are utilised.

Prepayments and advances outstanding at the end of the year are carried in the statement of financial position at cost.

4.4 Receivables

Receivables included in the statement of financial position arise from cash payments made that are recoverable from another party (including departmental employees) and are derecognised upon recovery or write-off.

Receivables outstanding at year-end are carried in the statement of financial position at cost plus any accrued interest. Amounts that are potentially irrecoverable are included in the disclosure notes.

4.5 Investments

Capitalised investments are shown at cost in the statement of financial position.

Investments are tested for an impairment loss whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the investment may be impaired. Any impairment loss is included in the disclosure notes.

4.6 Loans

Loans are recognised in the statement of financial position when the cash is paid to the beneficiary. Loans that are outstanding at year-end are carried in the statement of financial position at cost plus accrued interest.

Amounts that are potentially irrecoverable are included in the disclosure notes.

4.7 Inventory

Inventories that qualify for recognition must be initially reflected at cost. Where inventories are acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, their cost shall be their fair value at the date of acquisition.

All inventory items at year-end are reflected using the weighted average cost or FIFO cost formula.

4.8 Capital assets

4.8.1 Movable assets

Initial recognition

A capital asset is recorded in the asset register on receipt of the item at cost. Cost of an asset is defined as the total cost of acquisition. Where the cost cannot be determined accurately, the movable capital asset is stated at fair value. Where fair value cannot be determined, the capital asset is included in the asset register at R1.

All assets acquired prior to 1 April 2002 are included in the register at R1.

Subsequent recognition

Subsequent expenditure of a capital nature is recorded in the statement of financial performance as “expenditure for capital assets” and is capitalised in the asset register of the department on completion of the project.

Repairs and maintenance is expensed as current “goods and services” in the statement of financial performance.

4.8.2 Immovable assets

Initial recognition

A capital asset is recorded on receipt of the item at cost. Cost of an asset is defined as the total cost of acquisition. Where the cost cannot be determined accurately, the immovable capital asset is stated at R1 unless the fair value for the asset has been reliably estimated.

Subsequent recognition

Work-in-progress of a capital nature is recorded in the statement of financial performance as “expenditure for capital assets”. On completion, the total cost of the project is included in the asset register of the department that is accountable for the asset.

Repairs and maintenance is expensed as current “goods and services” in the statement of financial performance.

4.8.3 Intangible assets

Initial recognition

An intangible asset is recorded in the asset register on receipt of the item at cost. Cost of an intangible asset is defined as the total cost of acquisition. Where the cost cannot be determined accurately, the intangible asset is stated at fair value. Where fair value cannot be determined, the intangible asset is included in the asset register at R1.

All intangible assets acquired prior to 1 April 2002 can be included in the asset register at R1.*

Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure of a capital nature is recorded in the statement of financial performance as “expenditure for capital asset” and is capitalised in the asset register of the department.

Maintenance is expensed as current “goods and services” in the statement of financial performance.

5. Liabilities

5.1 Payables

Recognised payables mainly comprise of amounts owing to other governmental entities. These payables are carried at cost in the statement of financial position.

5.2 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are included in the disclosure notes to the financial statements when it is possible that economic benefits will flow from the department, or when an outflow of economic benefits or service potential is probable but cannot be measured reliably.

5.3 Contingent assets

Contingent assets are included in the disclosure notes to the financial statements when it is probable that an inflow of economic benefits will flow to the entity.

5.4 Commitments

Commitments are not recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability or as expenditure in the statement of financial performance but are included in the disclosure notes.

5.5 Accruals

Accruals are not recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability or as expenditure in the statement of financial performance but are included in the disclosure notes.

5.6 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits that give rise to a present legal or constructive obligation are disclosed in the disclosure notes to the financial statements. These amounts are not recognised in the statement of financial performance or the statement of financial position.

5.7 Lease commitments**Finance lease**

Finance leases are not recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position. Finance lease payments are recognised as a capital expense in the statement of financial performance and are not apportioned between the capital and the interest portions. The total finance lease payment is disclosed in the disclosure notes to the financial statements.

Operating lease

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance. The operating lease commitments are disclosed in the disclosure notes to the financial statement.

5.8 Impairment

The department tests for impairment where there is an indication that a receivable, loan or investment may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date. An estimate is made for doubtful loans and receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at year-end. Impairments on investments are calculated as being the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the expected future cash flows / service potential flowing from the instrument.

5.9 Provisions

Provisions are disclosed when there is a present legal or constructive obligation to forfeit economic benefits as a result of events in the past and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

6. Receivables for departmental revenue

Receivables for departmental revenue are disclosed in the disclosure notes to the annual financial statements. These receivables are written off when identified as irrecoverable and are disclosed separately.

7. Net Assets

7.1 Capitalisation reserve

The capitalisation reserve comprises of financial assets and/or liabilities originating in a prior reporting period but which are recognised in the statement of financial position for the first time in the current reporting period. Amounts are recognised in the capitalisation reserves when identified in the current period and are transferred to the National/Provincial Revenue Fund when the underlying asset is disposed and the related funds are received.

7.2 Recoverable revenue

Amounts are recognised as recoverable revenue when a payment made in a previous financial year becomes recoverable from a debtor in the current financial year. Amounts are either transferred to the National/Provincial Revenue Fund when recovered or are transferred to the statement of financial performance when written-off.

8. Related party transactions

Specific information with regards to related party transactions is included in the disclosure notes.

9. Key management personnel

Compensation paid to key management personnel including their family members where relevant, is included in the disclosure notes.

10. Public private partnerships

A description of the PPP arrangement, the contract fees and current and capital expenditure relating to the PPP arrangement is included in the disclosure notes.

11. NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1. Annual Appropriation

1.1 Annual Appropriation

Included are funds appropriated in terms of the Appropriation Act (and the Adjustments Appropriation Act) for National Departments (Voted funds) and Provincial Departments:

	Final Appropriation	2012/13 Actual Funds Received	Funds not requested/ not received	2011/12 Appropriation received
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Administration	117 096	117 096	-	110 181
Legal and Governance	24 237	24 237	-	22 779
Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships	1 235 425	1 235 425	-	220 382
Total	1 376 758	1 376 758	-	353 342

2. Departmental Revenue

	Note	2012/13 R'000	2011/12 R'000
Sales of goods and services other than capital assets	2.1	58	53
Interest, dividends and rent on land	2.2	12	5
Sales of capital assets	2.3	-	8
Transactions in financial assets and liabilities	2.4	467	-
Departmental revenue collected		537	66

2.1 Sales of goods and services other than capital assets

Sales of goods and services produced by the department		58	51
Sales by market establishment		37	35
Other sales		21	16
Sales of scrap, waste and other used current goods		-	2
Total	2	58	53

2.2 Interest, dividends and rent on land

	<i>Note</i>	2012/13 R'000	2011/12 R'000
Interest		12	5
Total	2	12	5

2.3 Sale of capital assets

Tangible assets

Machinery and equipment	28	-	8
Total	2	-	8

2.4 Transactions in financial assets and liabilities

Receivables		16	-
Other Receipts including Recoverable Revenue		451	-
Total	2	467	-

3. Aid assistance

3.1 Aid assistance received in cash from RDP

Foreign

Opening Balance		-	4 774
Surrendered to the RDP		-	(4 774)
Closing Balance		-	-

3.2 Funds received in cash from Diabo Trust

Local

Opening Balance		120 987	114 701
Revenue		5 937	13 471
Expenditure		(11 135)	(7 185)
Current		(11 135)	(7 185)
Closing Balance		115 789	120 987

In 2010/11 an amount of R117 423 358.41 was received from the Diabo Share Trust which was carried over into the 2011/12 and 2012/13 financial year. A further amount of R 7 328 827.00 was received from the Trustees in December 2011. A portion of these funds was transferred to the Corporation for Public Deposits and the balance retained in the DPE account for disbursements to identify beneficiaries as well as to service providers in respect of administrative costs relating to the tracing of beneficiaries as well as the administration of the claims. Interest amounting to R 6 141 739.10 was received during 2011/12 and R5 937 488.92 in 2012/13 on the account at the Corporation for Public Deposits.

3.3 Total assistance

	2012/13	2011/12
	R'000	R'000
Opening Balance	120 987	119 475
Revenue	5 937	13 471
Expenditure	(11 135)	(7 185)
Current	<u>(11 135)</u>	<u>(7 185)</u>
Surrendered / Transferred to retained funds	-	(4 774)
Closing Balance	<u>115 789</u>	<u>120 987</u>

3.4 Analysis of balance

Aid assistance unutilised	115 789	120 987
Other sources	<u>115 789</u>	<u>120 987</u>
Closing balance	<u>115 789</u>	<u>120 987</u>

4. Compensation of employees**4.1 Salaries and Wages**

Basic salary	61 742	58 345
Performance award	7 584	6 952
Service Based	29	123
Compensative/circumstantial	2 711	2 076
Periodic payments	2 159	575
Other non-pensionable allowances	23 035	21 537
Total	<u>97 260</u>	<u>89 608</u>

4.2 Social contributions**Employer contributions**

Pension	6 013	4 703
Medical	2 045	1 772
Bargaining council	9	75
Total	<u>8 067</u>	<u>6 550</u>

Total compensation of employees

<u>105 327</u>	<u>96 158</u>
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Average number of employees

<u>185</u>	<u>168</u>
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5. Goods and services

	Note	2012/13 R'000	2011/12 R'000
Administrative fees		866	130
Advertising		1 962	1779
Assets less than R5,000	5.1	444	363
Bursaries (employees)		393	629
Catering		1 341	1135
Communication		3 741	3 286
Computer services	5.2	3 078	2 726
Consultants, contractors and agency/outsourced services	5.3	29 785	32 764
Entertainment		32	62
Audit cost – external	5.4	1 908	4 117
Fleet services		805	765
Inventory	5.5	2 960	2 238
Operating leases		1 814	1 720
Property payments	5.6	9 137	6 884
Travel and subsistence	5.7	23 499	24 328
Venues and facilities		3 327	1 937
Training and staff development		1 624	2 396
Other operating expenditure	5.8	3 618	1 643
Total		90 334	88 902

5.1 Assets less than R5,000

Tangible assets		438	349
Machinery and equipment		438	349
Intangible assets		6	14
Total	5	444	363

5.2 Computer services

SITA computer services		1 497	1 077
External computer service providers		1 581	1 649
Total	5	3 078	2 726

5.3 Consultants, contractors and agency/outsourced services

	<i>Note</i>	2012/13 R'000	2011/12 R'000
Business and advisory services		22 901	26 814
Legal costs		522	2 397
Contractors		2 252	1 011
Agency and support/outsourced services		4 110	2 542
Total	5	29 785	32 764

5.4 Audit cost – External

Regularity audits		1 908	2 126
Performance audits		-	1 991
Total	5	1 908	4 117

5.5 Inventory

Food and food supplies		112	122
Fuel, oil and gas		20	-
Other consumables		58	25
Materials and supplies		65	61
Stationery and printing		2 693	2 028
Medical supplies		-	2
Medicine		12	-
Total	5	2 960	2 238

5.6 Property payments

Municipal services		3 049	1 417
Property management fees		5 735	5 192
Other		353	275
Total	5	9 137	6 884

5.7 Travel and subsistence

Local		22 903	24 328
Foreign		596	-
Total	5	23 499	24 328

5.8 Other operating expenditure

	<i>Note</i>	2012/13	2011/12
		R'000	R'000
Learnerships		2 005	967
Professional bodies, membership and subscription fees		500	349
Resettlement costs		174	17
Other		939	310
Total	5	3 618	1 643

6. Payments for financial assets

Purchase of equity		1 050 000	-
Debts written off	6.1	8	6
Total		1 050 008	6

6.1 Debts written off

Nature of debts written off

Staff Debt		8	6
Total		8	6
Total debt written off	6	8	6

7. Transfers and subsidies

	<i>Note</i>		
Public corporations and private enterprises	<i>Annex 1A</i>	118 313	156 255
Households	<i>Annex 1B</i>	232	-
Gifts, donations and sponsorships made	<i>Annex 1D</i>	93	723
Total		118 638	156 978

8. Expenditure for capital assets

Tangible assets		2 649	3 922
Machinery and equipment	29	2 649	3 922
Software and other intangible assets		93	149
Computer software	30	93	149
Total		2 742	4 071

8.1 Analysis of funds utilised to acquire capital assets – 2012/13

	Voted funds R'000	Total R'000
Tangible assets	2 649	2 649
Machinery and equipment	2 649	2 649
Software and other intangible assets	93	93
Computer software	93	93
Total	2 742	2 742

8.2 Analysis of funds utilised to acquire capital assets – 2011/12

	Voted funds R'000	Total R'000
Tangible assets	3 922	3 922
Machinery and equipment	3 922	3 922
Software and other intangible assets	149	149
Computer software	149	149
Total	4 071	4 071

9. Cash and cash equivalents

	<i>Note</i>	2012/13 R'000	2011/12 R'000
Consolidated Paymaster General Account		10 475	15 896
Disbursements		79	3
Cash on hand		61	59
Investments (Domestic)		115 755	112 918
Total		126 370	128 876

10. Prepayments and advances

Staff advances	-	72
Travel and subsistence	29	-
Advances paid to other entities	6	680
Total	35	752

10.1 Advances paid

	<i>Note</i>	2012/13	2011/12
		R'000	R'000
National departments	<i>Annex 7A</i>	6	680
Total	11	6	680

11. Receivables

	<i>Note</i>	2012/13				2011/12
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
		Less than one year	One to three years	Older than three years	Total	Total
Claims recoverable	<i>11.1 Annex 4</i>	176	36	-	212	36
Recoverable expenditure	<i>11.2</i>	111	-	15	126	59
Staff debt	<i>11.3</i>	121	75	60	256	225
Other debtors	<i>11.4</i>	-	-	-	-	15
Total		408	111	75	594	335

11.1 Claims recoverable

	<i>Note</i>	2012/13	2011/12
		R'000	R'000
National departments		212	36
Total	11	212	36

11.2 Recoverable expenditure (disallowance accounts)

Diners Club		106	42
Cellphone Expenditure		15	15
Other		5	2
Total	11	126	59

11.3 Staff debt

Bursaries		51	110
Other		205	115
Total	11	256	225

11.4 Other debtors

	<i>Note</i>	2012/13	2011/12
		R'000	R'000
Pension reversal		-	6
Medical aid reversal		-	9
Total	11	-	15

12. Investments

Non-Current			
Shares and other equity			
Alexkor Limited		50 000	50 000
Aventura Limited		60 000	60 000
Broadband Infraco (Pty) Limited ^		-	-
Denel (Pty)Lit		6 176 376	5 476 376
Eskom Limited *		-	-
Safcol Limited		318 013	318 013
South African Airways (Pty) Ltd		3 598 080	3 598 080
Transnet Limited		12 660 986	12 660 986
South African Express (Pty) Ltd		585 000	585 000
Total	<i>Annex 2A</i>	23 448 455	22 748 455

Analysis of non current investments

Opening balance	22 748 455	22 748 455
Additions in cash	700 000	-
Closing balance	23 448 455	22 748 455

* Eskom shareholding is comprised of one share @R1.00

^ Broadband Infraco SOC (Pty) Limited shareholding is comprised of 74 shares @R1.00

13. Loans

Public corporations	1 351 130	1 351 130
Total	1 351 130	1 351 130

Analysis of Balance

Opening balance	1 351 130	1 351 130
Closing balance	1 351 130	1 351 130

Due to reclassification Broadband Infraco has been restated from Investments to Loans in the 2011/12 financial year.

14. Voted funds to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund

	<i>Note</i>	2012/13	2011/12
		R'000	R'000
Opening balance		7 227	15 548
Transfer from statement of financial performance		9 709	7 227
Paid during the year		(7 227)	(15 548)
Closing balance		9 709	7 227

15. Departmental revenue and NRF Receipts to be surrendered to the Revenue Fund

Opening balance		(52)	16
Transfer from Statement of Financial Performance		537	66
Paid during the year		(475)	(134)
Closing balance		10	(52)

16. Payables – current

Advances received	<i>16.1</i>	1 446	1 446
Clearing accounts	<i>16.2</i>	45	31
Other payables	<i>16.3</i>	-	324
Total		1 491	1 801

16.1 Advances received

Description			
Public Entities	<i>Annex 7B</i>	1 446	1 446
Total	<i>16</i>	1 446	1 446

16.2 Clearing accounts

Description			
SARS		45	31
Total	<i>16</i>	45	31

16.3 Other payables

Description			
Intervista – foreign payment returned by SARB		-	324
Total	<i>16</i>	-	324

17. Net cash flow available from operating activities

	<i>Note</i>	2012/13	2011/12
		R'000	R'000
Net surplus/(deficit) as per Statement of Financial Performance		5 048	13 579
Add back non cash/cash movements not deemed operating activities		(4 812)	(15 308)
(Increase)/decrease in receivables – current		(259)	1 190
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments and advances		717	(340)
Increase/(decrease) in payables – current		(310)	235
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	(8)
Expenditure on capital assets		2 742	4 071
Surrenders to Revenue Fund		(7 702)	(15 682)
Surrenders to RDP Fund/Donor		-	(4 774)
Net cash flow generated by operating activities		236	(1 729)

18. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents for cash flow purposes

Consolidated Paymaster General account	10 475	15 896
Disbursements	79	3
Cash on hand	61	59
Cash with commercial banks (Local)	115 755	112 918
Total	126 370	128 876

12. DISCLOSURE NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

These amounts are not recognised in the Annual Financial Statements and are disclosed to enhance the usefulness of the Annual Financial Statements.

19. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

19.1 Contingent liabilities

		Note	2012/13 R'000	2011/12 R'000
Liable to	Nature			
Housing loan guarantees	Employees	Annex 3A	52	52
Other guarantees		Annex 3A	111 938 382	84 359 171
Claims against the department		Annex 3B	5 276 757	5 276 638
Other departments (interdepartmental unconfirmed balances)		Annex 5	119	7 972
Total			117 215 310	89 643 833

According to section 70 of the PFMA, Act 1 of 1999 (as amended by Act 29 of 1999) the Department is responsible for the reporting on all guarantees that were issued to Public Entities under its control. Any payment under a guarantee will be a direct charge against the National Revenue fund via the Department.

20. Commitments

	Note	2012/13 R'000	2011/12 R'000
Current expenditure			
Approved and contracted		17 890	12 589
Approved but not contracted		3 480	-
Total Commitments		21 370	12 589

An amount of R 5 732 880 is included in the above for commitments longer than one year.

21. Accruals

	2012/13			2011/12
	R'000			R'000
Listed by economic classification				
	30 Days	30+ Days	Total	Total
Goods and services	575	59	634	1 121
Total	575	59	634	1 121
Listed by programme level				
Administration			588	1 106
Legal and Governance			1	6
Portfolio Management and Strategic Partnerships			45	9
Total			634	1 121
Confirmed balances with other departments		<i>Annex 5</i>	412	408
Total			412	408

22. Employee benefits

Leave entitlement	2 679	2 096
Service bonus (Thirteenth cheque)	1 739	1 389
Performance awards	2 182	1 770
Capped leave commitments	1 904	2 111
Total	8 504	7 366

23. Lease commitments

23.1 Operating leases expenditure

	Machinery and equipment	Total
2012/13		
Not later than 1 year	466	466
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	489	489
Total lease commitments	955	955

	Machinery and equipment	Total
2011/12		
Not later than 1 year	861	861
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	40	40
Total lease commitments	901	901

24. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure

24.1 Reconciliation of fruitless and wasteful expenditure

	Note	2012/13 R'000	2011/12 R'000
Opening balance		-	4
Fruitless and wasteful expenditure relating to current year		4	-
Less: Amounts resolved		(4)	-
Less: Amounts transferred to receivables for recovery		-	(4)
Fruitless and wasteful expenditure awaiting resolution		-	-

24.2 Analysis of Current year's fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Incident	Disciplinary steps taken/ criminal proceedings	2012/13 R'000
No show bookings for accommodation with valid reasons provided by officials.	None	4
Total		4

25. Related party transactions

Payments made	<i>Note</i>	2012/13	2011/12
		R'000	R'000
Transactions in financial assets and liabilities		1 050 000	-
Transfers		118 313	156 255
Total		1 168 313	156 255
Other			
Guarantees issued/received		28 593 940	11 342 432
Total		28 593 940	11 342 432

*Related parties are considered to be all the State Owned Companies under the Department's control.
Transfers consist of transfers and subsidies and payment for financial assets.*

26. Key management personnel

	No. of Individuals	2012/13	2011/12
		R'000	R'000
Political office bearers (provide detail below)	2	5 554	3 337
Officials: (Minister and two Dep. Ministers)			
Level 15 to 16	12	6 799	11 460
Level 14 (incl. level 13 that were acting at level 14)	26	21 467	13 554
Total	40	33 820	28 351

27. Impairment

Impairment			
Investments		1 224 659	2 458 286
Total		1 224 659	2 458 286

The impairments are estimates as these figures are based on provisional amounts and are still subject to the SOE External Audit Process and may change during this process.

At the beginning of 2008/09, the Aventura investment was fully impaired to R60 million.

The Alexkor investment was fully impaired to R50 million in 2008/09.

In the current Financial year the Denel impairment was decreased from R4.783 billion to R4.715 billion, being the difference between the cost of investment of R6.176 billion (2011/12: R5.576 billion) and the net asset value of the investment of R1.460 million (R2009/10: 694 million).

No impairment for the current year for South African Express (SAX) has been provided as the current year net asset value is not available.

In the current financial year the South African Airways (SAA) impairment was increased from R3.155 billion to R4.447 billion.

The historical figures were restated from nil to R 2.5 billion.

28. Non-adjusting events after reporting date

	2012/13 R'000
Include an estimate of the financial effect of the subsequent non-adjusting events or a statement that such an estimate cannot be made.	
Cancelation fees for venue for a Senior Officials Dialogue Forum on SOC	56
Total	56

29. Movable Tangible Capital Assets

MOVEMENT IN MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	Opening balance	Curr Year Adjust- ments to prior year balances	Additions	Disposals	Closing Balance
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	16 683	-	2 649	622	18 710
Transport assets	4 430	-	-	460	3 970
Computer equipment	6 661	-	1 569	126	8 104
Furniture and office equipment	2 590	-	530	10	3 110
Other machinery and equipment	3 002	-	550	26	3 526
TOTAL MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	16 683	-	2 649	622	18 710

29.1 Additions

ADDITIONS TO MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	Cash	Non-cash	(Capital Work in Progress current costs and finance lease payments)	Received current, not paid (Paid current year, received prior year)	Total
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	2 649	-	-	-	2 649
Transport assets	-	-	-	-	-
Computer equipment	1 569	-	-	-	1 569
Furniture and office equipment	530	-	-	-	530
Other machinery and equipment	550	-	-	-	550
TOTAL ADDITIONS TO MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	2 649	-	-	-	2 649

29.2 Disposals

DISPOSALS OF MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	Sold for cash	Transfer out or destroyed or scrapped	Total disposals	Cash Received Actual
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	-	622	622	-
Transport assets	-	460	460	-
Computer equipment	-	126	126	-
Furniture and office equipment	-	10	10	-
Other machinery and equipment	-	26	26	-
TOTAL DISPOSAL OF MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	-	622	622	-

29.3 Movement for 2011/12

MOVEMENT IN MOVABLE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

	Opening balance R'000	Additions R'000	Disposals R'000	Closing balance R'000
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	14 734	3 922	1 973	16 683
Transport assets	3 253	1 569	392	4 430
Computer equipment	6 354	1 672	1 365	6 661
Furniture and office equipment	2 486	181	77	2 590
Other machinery and equipment	2 641	500	139	3 002
TOTAL MOVABLE TANGIBLE ASSETS	14 734	3 922	1 973	16 683

29.4 Minor assets

MOVEMENT IN MINOR ASSETS PER THE ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED AS AT 31 MARCH 2013

	Intangible assets R'000	Machinery and equipment R'000	Total R'000
Opening balance	36	3 433	3 469
Additions	6	656	662
Disposals	-	73	73
TOTAL MINOR ASSETS	42	4 016	4 058

	Intangible assets	Machinery and equipment	Total
Number of R1 minor assets	-	183	183
Number of minor assets at cost	13	3 083	3 096
TOTAL NUMBER OF MINOR ASSETS	13	3 266	3 279

MOVEMENT IN MINOR ASSETS PER THE ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED AS AT 31 MARCH 2012

	Intangible assets	Machinery and equipment	Total
	R'000	R'000	R'000
Opening balance	22	3 301	3 323
Additions	14	351	365
Disposals	-	219	219
TOTAL MINOR ASSETS	36	3 433	3 469

	Intangible assets	Machinery and equipment	Total
Number of R1 minor assets	-	176	176
Number of minor assets at cost	11	2 250	2 261
TOTAL NUMBER OF MINOR ASSETS	11	2 426	2 437

29.5 Movable assets written off

MOVABLE ASSETS WRITTEN OFF FOR THE YEAR ENDED AS AT 31 MARCH 2013

	Intangible assets	Machinery and equipment	Total
	R'000	R'000	R'000
Assets written off	-	126	126
TOTAL MOVABLE ASSETS WRITTEN OFF	-	126	126

MOVABLE ASSETS WRITTEN OFF FOR THE YEAR ENDED AS AT 31 MARCH 2012

	Intangible assets	Machinery and equipment	Total
	R'000	R'000	R'000
Assets written off	-	193	193
TOTAL MOVABLE ASSETS WRITTEN OFF	-	193	193

30. Intangible Capital Assets

MOVEMENT IN INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	Opening balance	Current Year Adjust- ments to prior year balances	Additions	Disposals	Closing Balance
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
COMPUTER SOFTWARE	1 615	-	93	-	1 708
TOTAL INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	1 615	-	93	-	1 708

30.1 Additions

ADDITIONS TO INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	Cash	Non-Cash	(Develop- ment work in progress – current costs)	Received current year, not paid (Paid current year, received prior year)	Total
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
COMPUTER SOFTWARE	93	-	-	-	93
TOTAL ADDITIONS TO INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	93	-	-	-	93

30.2 Disposals

DISPOSALS OF INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	Sold for cash	Transfer out or destroyed or scrapped	Total disposals	Cash Received Actual
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
COMPUTER SOFTWARE	-	-	-	-
TOTAL DISPOSALS OF INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	-	-	-	-

30.3 Movement for 2011/12

MOVEMENT IN INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PER ASSET REGISTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

	Opening balance	Additions	Disposals	Closing balance
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
COMPUTER SOFTWARE	1 466	149	-	1 615
TOTAL INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	1 466	149	-	1 615

**ANNEXURE 1A
STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS/SUBSIDIES TO PUBLIC CORPORATIONS AND PRIVATE
ENTERPRISES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013**

NAME OF PUBLIC CORPORATION/ PRIVATE ENTERPRISE	TRANSFER ALLOCATION				EXPENDITURE			2011/12	
	Adjusted Appropriation Act R'000	Roll Overs R'000	Adjustments R'000	Total Available R'000	Actual Transfer R'000	% of Available funds Transferred	Capital R'000		Current R'000
Public Corporations									
Transfers									
Denel	118 313	-	-	118 313	118 313	100.0%	-	118 313	116 255
Pebble Bed Modular Reactor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40 000
TOTAL	118 313	-	-	118 313	118 313		-	118 313	156 255

**ANNEXURE 1B
STATEMENT OF TRANSFERS TO HOUSEHOLDS**

HOUSEHOLDS	TRANSFER ALLOCATION				EXPENDITURE			2011/12
	Adjusted Appropriation Act R'000	Roll Overs R'000	Adjust-ments R'000	Total Available R'000	Actual Transfer R'000	% of Available funds Transferred	Appropriation Act R'000	
Transfers								
Leave Gratuity	76	-	159	235	232	99.0%	-	-
Total	76	-	159	235	232	99.0%	-	-

ANNEXURE 1C STATEMENT OF GIFTS, DONATIONS AND SPONSORSHIPS RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

NAME OF ORGANISATION	NATURE OF GIFT, DONATION OR SPONSORSHIP		2012/13	2011/12
			R'000	R'000

Received in kind

Deloitte.	Sponsorship for the Department's Budget Vote Cocktail Event and Business Breakfast		462	-
TOTAL			462	-

ANNEXURE 1D STATEMENT OF GIFTS, DONATIONS AND SPONSORSHIPS MADE AND REMISSIONS, REFUNDS AND PAYMENTS MADE AS AN ACT OF GRACE

NATURE OF GIFT, DONATION OR SPONSORSHIP (Group major categories but list material items including name of organisation)	2012/13	2011/12
	R'000	R'000

Paid in cash

16 days of activism against women and child abuse	-	630
Pretoria Care for the Aged	-	31
South African National Council for the Blind	-	31
Food and Trees for Africa	31	-
Blind SA	31	-
Tshwane School of Music	31	-
Other	-	31
TOTAL	93	723

**ANNEXURE 2A
STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS IN AND AMOUNTS OWING BY/TO NATIONAL/PROVINCIAL
PUBLIC ENTITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013**

Name of Public Entity	State Entity's PFMA Schedule type (state year end if not 31 March)	% Held 12/13	% Held 11/12	Number of shares held		Cost of investment R'000		Net Asset value of investment R'000		Profit/(Loss) for the year R'000		Losses guaranteed Yes/No
				2012/13	2011/12	2012/13	2011/12	2012/13	2011/12	2012/13	2011/12	
National/Provincial Public Entity												
Alexkor Limited	II	100%	100%	50 000 000	50 000 000	50 000	50 000	403 800	20 200	33 600	(16 700)	No
Aventura Limited	IIIB	100%	100%	60 000 000	60 000 000	60 000	60 000	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	No
Broadband Infraco (Pty) Limited	II	74%	74%	74	74	-	-	992 654	1 126 646	(181 071)	(95 222)	No
Denel (Pty) Ltd	II	100%	100%	1 225 056 663	1 225 049 663	6 176 376	5 476 376	1 460 868	693 527	59 000	41 000	No
Eskom Limited	II	100%	100%	1	1	-	-	109 139 000	103 103 000	5 183 000	13 248 000	No
Safcol Limited	II	100%	100%	318 013 254	318 013 254	318 013	318 013	3 095 876	3 023 845	63 584	209 926	No
South African Airways (Pty) Ltd	II	100%	100%	13 008 758 154	13 008 758 154	3 598 080	3 598 080	(849 000)	443 000	(1 168 000)	(843 000)	No
South African Express Airways (Pty)Ltd	II	100%	100%	452	452	585 000	585 000	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	No
Transnet Limited	II	100%	100%	12 660 986 310	12 660 986 310	12 660 986	12 660 986	84 681 000	79 421 000	4 068 000	4 119 000	No
TOTAL				27 322 814 908	27 322 807 908	23 448 455	22 748 455	198 924 198	187 831 218	8 058 113	16 663 004	

The movement in equity reflects R700 million, notwithstanding the payment of financial assets being R 1.050 million. The difference arises from the fact that Alexkor received a payment for the purchase of equity amounting to R350 million, as no shares had been issued as at 31 March 2013. It is anticipated that these shares will be issued in 2013/14.

The amount reflected in Department's financial statements differs from the amount reflected in South African Express Airways' financial statements due to using different accounting frameworks. The State Owned Companies report in terms of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and The Department uses Modified Cash Basis of Accounting in terms of the Financial Reporting Framework.

Department's Financial Statements		SAX' Financial Statements		
Modified Cash Basis of Accounting		IFRS Accounting		
			Shares valued @	Convertible loan
Paid	R140 million	to acquire SAX shares	R57 million	-
		and acquire loan	-	R357 million
Transferred	R445 million	Recapitalize SAX	R445 million	-
Total	R585 million		R502 million	R357 million

Due to reclassification Broadband Infracore has been restated from Investments to Loans in the 2011/12 financial year.

The net asset value of investment and profit/loss for the year ended 31 March 2012 is based on provisional amounts and is still subject to the SOCs External Audit Processes, and may change during the process.

**ANNEXURE 2B
STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS IN AND AMOUNTS OWING BY/TO ENTITIES (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013**

Name of Public Entity	Nature of business	Cost of investment R'000		Net Asset value of Investment R'000		Amounts owing to Entities R'000		Amounts owing by Entities R'000	
		2012/13	2011/12	2012/13	2011/12	2012/13	2011/12	2012/13	2011/12
Controlled entities									
Alexkor Limited	Mining	50 000	50 000	403 800	20 200	-	-	-	-
Aventura Limited	Leisure	60 000	60 000	Not Available	Not Available	-	-	-	-
Broadband Infraco (Pty) Limited	ICT Sector	-	-	992 654	1 126 646	-	-	1 351 130	1 351 130
Denel (Pty) Ltd	Manufacturing of Arms	6 176 376	5 476 376	1 460 868	693 527	-	-	-	-
Eskom Limited	Energy	-	-	109 139 000	103 103 000	-	-	-	-
Safcol Limited	Forestry	318 013	318 013	3 095 876	3 023 845	-	-	-	-
South African Airways (Pty) Ltd	Transport	3 598 080	3 598 080	(849 000)	443 000	-	-	62 708	62 708
South African Express Airways (Pty)Ltd	Transport	585 000	585 000	Not Available	Not Available	-	-	-	-
Transnet Limited	Transport	12 660 986	12 660 986	84 681 000	79 421 000	-	-	-	-
TOTAL		23 448 455	22 748 455	198 924 198	187 831 218	-	-	1 413 838	1 413 838

ANNEXURE 3A STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL GUARANTEES ISSUED AS AT 31 MARCH 2013 – LOCAL

Guarantor institution	Guarantee in respect of	Original guaranteed capital amount	Opening balance 1 April 2012	Guarantees draw downs during the year	Guarantees repayments/cancelled/reduced/released during the year	Revaluations	Closing balance 31 March 2013	Guaranteed interest for year ended 31 March 2013	Realised losses not recoverable i.e. claims paid out	
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Housing										
First National Bank	Employees	62	15	-	-	-	15	-	-	
NEDCOR	Employees	90	37	-	-	-	37	-	-	
	Subtotal	152	52	-	-	-	52	-	-	
Other										
SAA	SAA recapitalisation	1 300 000	1 300 000	-	-	-	1 300 000	-	-	
	Financial sustainability [^]	1 600 000	-	388 000	-	-	388 000	-	-	
	Going Concern	5 006 000	-	550 000	-	-	550 000	-	-	
SAX	Convenants breached	439 000	-	439 000	-	-	439 000	-	-	
	Working Capital	100 000	-	100 000	-	-	100 000	-	-	
Denel	DNG 04 Bond	420 000	420 000	-	420 000	-	-	-	-	
	DNG 02 Bond	880 000	880 000	-	880 000	-	-	-	-	
	DNG R550m Bond	550 000	550 000	-	550 000	-	-	-	-	
	Note Programme	1 850 000	-	1 850 000	-	-	1 850 000	-	-	
Eskom	Eskom bonds – ES33	Note 1	14 202 874	9 112 367	-	-	23 315 241	-	-	
	Eskom bonds – ES26	Note 1	16 014 034	448 454	125 472	-	16 337 016	-	-	
	Eskom bonds – ES23	Note 1	11 863 398	86 693	207 424	-	11 742 667	-	-	
	Eskom bonds – ES18	Note 1	9 834 332	143 462	397 727	-	9 580 067	-	-	
	Eskom bonds – ES15	Note 1	4 652 197	154 007	101 330	-	4 704 874	-	-	
	Eskom bonds – EL15	Note 1	5 000 000	-	-	-	5 000 000	-	-	
	Eskom bonds – EL28	Note 1	-	3 000 000	-	-	3 000 000	-	-	

ANNEXURE 3A STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL GUARANTEES ISSUED AS AT 31 MARCH 2013 – LOCAL

Guarantor institution	Guarantee in respect of	Original guaranteed capital amount	Opening balance 1 April 2012	Guarantees draw downs during the year	Guarantees repayments/cancelled/reduced/released during the year	Revaluations	Closing balance 31 March 2013	Guaranteed interest for year ended 31 March 2013	Realised losses not recoverable i.e. claims paid out
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Eskom bonds – EL29		Note 1	-	1 751 000	-	-	1 751 000		
Issue Floating Rate Notes		Note 1	3 800 000	-	-	-	3 800 000		
Eskom DMTN Programme		100 000 000	-	-	-	-	-		
Subtotal		112 145 000	68 516 835	18 022 983	2 681 953	-	83 857 865		
TOTAL		112 145 152	68 516 887	18 022 983	26 81 953	-	83 857 917		

Note 1 DMTN is R 100 billion – the total of all the Eskom bonds.

^ This guarantee assures the going concern and financial sustainability of SAA due to the volatility of input costs and the markets in which it operates.

ANNEXURE 3A (continued)
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL GUARANTEES ISSUED
AS AT 31 MARCH 2013 – FOREIGN

Guarantor institution	Guarantee in respect of	Original guaranteed capital amount	Opening balance 1 April 2012	Guarantees draw downs during the year	Guarantees repayments/cancelled/reduced/released during the year	Revaluations	Closing balance 31 March 2013	Guaranteed interest for year ended 31 March 2013	Realised losses not recoverable i.e. claims paid out
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Other									
Transnet	Euro-Rand medium term note (Tranche 1) #	2 000 000	2 000 000	-	-	-	2 000 000	-	-
	Euro-Rand medium term note (Tranche 2) #	1 500 000	1 500 000	-	-	-	1 500 000	-	-
Eskom	AFDB Loan (Euro)	10 262 457	579 220	2 868 092	-	403 911	3 851 223	-	-
	AFDB Loan (ZAR)	10 630 000	5 315 398	4 616 704	-	-	9 932 102	-	-
	Worldbank loan	27 770 625	5 972 748	3 086 161	-	1 481 187	10 540 096	-	-
	AFDB USD Renewables	2 145 202	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	AFDB USD Renewables	809 510	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	USD Renewables	1 992 925	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		57 110 719	15 367 366	10 570 957	-	1 885 098	27 823 421	257 096	-

The Euro-Rand medium term notes (Transnet) are Rand denominated foreign loans and therefore not subjected to currency revaluations.

**ANNEXURE 3B
STATEMENT OF CONTINGENT LIABILITIES
AS AT 31 MARCH 2012**

Nature of Liability	Opening Balance 1 April 2012	Liabilities incurred during the year	Liabilities paid/ cancelled/ reduced during the year	Liabilities recoverable (Provide details hereunder)	Closing Balance 31 March 2013
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Claims against the department					
Paharpur/Londoloza Consortium vs SAFCOL and the Department	4 686 638	-	-	-	4 686 638
Equity Alliance (Pty) Ltd vs Government of RSA	572 000	-	-	-	572 000
Sable Hills vs Aventura and the Minister of Public Enterprises	18 000	-	-	-	18 000
By Choice Catering CC vs Department of Public Enterprises	-	119	-	-	119
TOTAL	5 276 638	119	-	-	5 276 757

**ANNEXURE 4
CLAIMS RECOVERABLE**

Government Entity	Confirmed balance outstanding		Unconfirmed balance outstanding		Total	
	31/03/2013	31/03/2012	31/03/2013	31/03/2012	31/03/2013	31/03/2012
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Department						
South African Police Service	123	36	-	-	123	36
Department of Transport	67	-	-	-	67	-
Department of Economic Development	22	-	-	-	22	-
TOTAL	212	36	-	-	212	36

ANNEXURE 5 INTER-GOVERNMENT PAYABLES

GOVERNMENT ENTITY	Confirmed balance outstanding		Unconfirmed balance outstanding		TOTAL	
	31/03/2013	31/03/2012	31/03/2013	31/03/2012	31/03/2013	31/03/2012
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
DEPARTMENTS						
Current						
Department of Science and Technology	-	-	2	-	2	-
Department of Rural Development and Land Reform	-	-	-	5 906	-	5 906
Department of Justice and Constitutional Development	-	250	-	-	-	250
Department of Public Works	-	129	-	2 066	-	2 195
Department of Economic Development	-	29	-	-	-	29
Department of Water Affairs	-	-	6	-	6	-
Government Printing Works	-	-	111	-	111	-
Department of International Relations and Cooperation	412	-	-	-	412	-
Total	412	408	119	7 972	531	8 380

ANNEXURE 6 INVENTORY

Inventory	Note	Quantity	2012/13	Quantity	2011/12
			R'000		R'000
Opening balance		180	34	67	10
Add/(Less): Adjustments to prior year balance		-	-	-	16
Add: Additions/Purchases - Cash		20 863	1 003	30 529	768
(Less): Issues		(20 859)	(1 010)	(30 416)	(761)
Add/(Less): Adjustments		-	(4)	-	1
Closing balance		184	23	180	34

ANNEXURE 7A INTER-ENTITY ADVANCES (note 10)

GOVERNMENT ENTITY	Confirmed balance outstanding		Unconfirmed balance outstanding		TOTAL	
	31/03/2013	31/03/2012	31/03/2013	31/03/2012	31/03/2013	31/03/2012
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000

DEPARTMENTS

Current

Department of International Relations and Cooperation	6	680	-	-	6	680
Total	6	680	-	-	6	680

ANNEXURE 7B INTER-ENTITY ADVANCES RECEIVED (note 15)

GOVERNMENT ENTITY	Confirmed balance outstanding		Unconfirmed balance outstanding		TOTAL	
	31/03/2013	31/03/2012	31/03/2013	31/03/2012	31/03/2013	31/03/2012
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000

PUBLIC ENTITIES

Current

16 Days activism against women and child abuse	1 446	1 446	-	-	1 446	1 446
Total	1 446	1 446	-	-	1 446	1 446



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Suite 301, Infotech Building, 1090 Arcadia Street, 0083
Private bag X 15
Hatfield
0028

Pretoria Tel: 012 431 1000
Fax: 086 501 2624

Cape Town Tel: 021 469 6760
Fax: 021 461 1741

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