REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENT LAWS AMENDMENT BILL

(As amended by the Select Committee on Land and Environmental Affairs)
(National Council of Provinces)
(The English text is the official text of the Bill)

[B 66D—2008] ISBN 978-1-77037-564-2

GENERAL EXPLANATORY NOTE:

[]	Words in bold type in square brackets indicate omissions from existing enactments.
		Words underlined with a solid line indicate insertions in existing enactments.

BILL

To amend the-

- Atmospheric Pollution Prevention Act, 1965, so as to adjust the penalties provided for in the said Act;
- Environment Conservation Act, 1989, so as to adjust the penalties provided for in the said Act; and to remove the need to publish directions in the *Gazette*;
- National Environmental Management Act, 1998, so as to delete certain definitions; to provide for the establishment of fora or advisory committees; to make provision for increased powers of the courts; to remove the requirement that Environmental Management Inspectors must carry notices of designation with them; to extend the scope of routine inspections to the search of vehicles; and to regulate the jurisdiction of magistrate's courts in instances where the maximum fines have been increased:
- National Environmental Management: Protected Areas Act, 2003, so as to provide for increased measures of control over escaped animals; and to adjust the penalties provided for in the said Act;
- National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, so as to provide for general surveillance monitoring; to provide further considerations for a biodiversity management plan; to provide that an environment impact assessment must be obtained when genetically modified organisms are involved; to introduce notification requirements in the discovery phase of a bioprospecting project; to take into consideration knowledge of specific individuals when issuing specific bioprospecting permits; to allow the Director-General or a trustee to manage the Bioprospecting Fund; to allow for the renewal or amendment of a permit; to amend the regulations to allow for hunting; and to effect certain textual alterations;
- National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 2004, so as to provide for a processing fee to review a licence; and to include directors or senior managers in a juristic person for the criteria for a fit and proper person;

and to provide for matters connected therewith.

B^E IT ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:—

Substitution of section 46 of Act 45 of 1965, as substituted by section 20 of Act 17 of 1973

1. The following section is hereby substituted for section 46 of the Atmospheric Pollution Prevention Act, 1965:

"Penalties

46. Any person convicted of an offence under this Act shall be liable, in the case of a first conviction, to a fine not exceeding [five hundred] five million rand or imprisonment for a period not exceeding [six months] five years, and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding [two thousand] 10 million rand or imprisonment for a period not exceeding [one year] 10 years."

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Amendment of section 29 of Act 73 of 1989, as amended by section 18 of Act of 79 of 1992 and by Proclamation No. 29 of 1995

2. Section 29 of the Environment Conservation Act, 1989, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsections (4), (5) and (6) of the following subsections, respectively:

"(4) Any person who contravenes a provision of section 20(1), 20[(6)](9), 22(1) or 23(2) or a direction issued under section 20(5) or fails to comply with a condition of a permit, permission, authorisation or direction issued or granted under the said provisions shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding [R100 000] R5 million or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding [10] five years and in the case of second or subsequent conviction, to a fine not exceeding R10 million or imprisonment for a period not exceeding 10 years or in both instances to both such fine and such imprisonment, and in addition to a fine not exceeding three times the commercial value of any thing in respect of which the offence was committed.

(5) Any person convicted of an offence in terms of this Act for which no penalty is expressly provided, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding [R2 000] R500 000 or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

(6) Any person convicted of an offence in terms of this Act, and who after such conviction persists in the act or omission which constituted such offence, shall be guilty of a continuing offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding [R250] R1000 per day or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding [20 days] six months or to both such fine and such imprisonment in respect of every day on which he or she so persists with such act or omission."

Amendment of section 32 of Act 73 of 1989

3. Section 32 of the Environment Conservation Act, 1989, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (*a*) of the following paragraph:

"(a) issue a regulation [or a direction] in terms of the provisions of this Act;".

Amendment of section 1 of Act 107 of 1998, as amended by section 1 of Act 56 of 2002, section 1 of Act 46 of 2003, section 1 of Act 8 of 2004, section 60 of Act 39 of 2004 and section 1 of National Environment Laws Amendment Act, 2008, and section 1 of National Environmental Management Amendment Act, 2008

- **4.** Section 1 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by—
 - (a) the deletion of the definition of "Committee"; and
 - (b) the deletion of the definition of "Forum".

Repeal of Parts 1 and 2 of Chapter 2 of Act 107 of 1998

5. Parts 1 and 2 of Chapter 2 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, are hereby repealed.

Insertion of section 3A in Act 107 of 1998

6. The following section is hereby inserted in Chapter 2 of the National 5 Environmental Management Act, 1998, after section 3:

"Establishment of fora or advisory committees

- **3A.** The Minister may by notice in the *Gazette*—
- (a) establish any forum or advisory committee;
- (b) determine its composition and functions; and
- (c) determine, in consultation with the Minister of Finance, the basis and extent of the remuneration and payment of expenses of any member of such forum or committee.".

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Amendment of section 11 of Act 107 of 1998

- **7.** Section 11 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby 15 amended by the substitution in subsection (5) for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:
 - "(b) on application by any organ of state, or on his or her own initiative with the agreement of the relevant Minister where it concerns a national department, [and after consultation with the Committee,] amend Schedules 1 and 2.". 20

Amendment of section 13 of Act 107 of 1998

- **8.** Section 13 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:
 - "(2) The Minister may[, after consultation with the Committee,] make regulations for the purpose of giving effect to [subsections] subsection (1)(b) and 25 (c)."

Amendment of section 15 of Act 107 of 1998

- **9.** Section 15 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by—
 - (a) the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:
 - "(1) Every environmental implementation plan and every environmental management plan must be submitted [to the Committee by a date to be set by the Minister] for approval to the Minister or MEC, as the case may be.":
 - (b) the deletion of subsections (2), (3) and (4); and
 - (c) the deletion in subsection (6) of paragraphs (b) and (c).

Amendment of section 16 of Act 107 of 1998

- **10.** Section 16 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:
 - "(1) (a) Every organ of state must exercise every function it may have, or that 40 has been assigned or delegated to it, by or under any law, and that may significantly affect the protection of the environment, substantially in accordance with the environmental implementation plan or the environmental management plan prepared, submitted and adopted by that organ of state in accordance with this Chapter: Provided that any substantial deviation from an environmental management plan or environmental implementation plan must be reported forthwith to the Director-General [and the Committee].
 - (b) Every organ of state must report annually within four months of the end of its financial year on the implementation of its adopted environmental management

plan or environmental implementation plan to the Director-General [and the Committee].

(c) The Minister may [, after consultation with the Committee,] recommend to any organ of state which has not submitted and adopted an environmental implementation plan or environmental management plan, that it comply with a specified provision of an adopted environmental implementation plan or submitted environmental management plan.".

Amendment of section 22 of Act 107 of 1998

11. Section 22 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by the deletion in subsection (2) of paragraph (a) and (b). 10

Amendment of section 28 of Act 107 of 1998

- 12. Section 28 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by-
 - (a) the insertion after subsection (1) of the following subsection:
 - "(1A) Subsection (1) also applies to a significant pollution or degradation that-
 - (a) occurred before the commencement of this Act;
 - (b) arises or is likely to arise at a different time from the actual activity that caused the contamination; or
 - (c) arises through an act or activity of a person that results in a change to 20 pre-existing contamination.".
 - (b) the substitution for subsection (7) of the following subsection:
 - "(7) Should a person fail to comply, or inadequately comply, with a directive under subsection (4), the Director-General or provincial head of department responsible for environmental affairs may take reasonable 25 measures to remedy the situation or apply to a competent court for appropriate relief.";
 - (c) the substitution in subsection (8) for the words preceding paragraph (a) of the following words:
 - "Subject to subsection (9), the Director-General or provincial head of 30 department may recover [all costs incurred as a result of it acting] costs for reasonable remedial measures to be undertaken under subsection (7), before such measures are taken and all costs incurred as a result of acting under subsection (7), from any or all of the following persons—";

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(d) the addition of the following subsections:

"(14) No person may-

- (a) unlawfully and intentionally or negligently commit any act or omission which causes significant or is likely to cause significant pollution or degradation of the environment;
- unlawfully and intentionally or negligently commit any act or omission which detrimentally affects or is likely to affect the environment in a significant manner; or
- refuse to comply with a directive issued under this section.
- (15) Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with subsection (14) is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding R1 million or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding 1 year or to both such a fine and such imprisonment.".

Amendment of section 30 of Act 107 of 1998

- 13. Section 30 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby 50 amended by the addition of the following subsection:
 - "(11) A person who contravenes or fails to comply with subsection (3), (4), (5) or (6) is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding R1 million or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding 1 year, or to both such a fine and such imprisonment.".

Amendment of section 31 of Act 107 of 1998

14. Section 31 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by the deletion of subsections (1), (2) and (3).

Amendment of heading to Part 2 of chapter 7 of Act 107 of 1998

- **15.** The following heading is hereby substituted for the heading to Part 2 of chapter 7 5 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998:
 - "Part 2: Application and enforcement of Act and <u>any</u> specific environmental management [Acts] Act".

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Amendment of section 31A of Act 107 of 1998, as inserted by section 4 of Act 46 of 2003

- **16.** Section 31A of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:
 - "(1) This Part applies to the enforcement of this Act and **[the]** <u>any</u> specific environmental management **[Acts]** Act.".

Amendment of section 31F of Act 107 of 1998, as inserted by section 4 of Act 46 of $\,$ 15 2003

- **17.** Section 31F of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:
 - "(2) When exercising any powers or performing any duties in terms of this Act or a specific environmental management Act, an environmental management 20 inspector must, on demand by a member of the public, produce the identity card [and the notice issued to the inspector in terms of section 31D(3)] referred to in subsection (1)."

Amendment of section 31H of Act 107 of 1998, as inserted by section 4 of Act 46 of 2003

- **18.** Section 31H of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (g) for the following paragraph:
 - (g) take photographs or make audio-visual recordings of anything or any person that is relevant for the purposes of an investigation or for a routine 30 inspection."

Amendment of section 31K of Act 107 of 1998, as inserted by section 4 of Act 46 of 2003

- **19.** Section 31K of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by—
 - (a) the substitution in subsection (1) for the words preceding paragraph (a) of the following words:
 - "An environmental management inspector, within his or her mandate in terms of section 31D, and subject to subsection (2), may[,] at any reasonable time[,] conduct routine inspections and, without a warrant, enter and inspect any building, land or premises or search, including but not limited to, any vehicle, vessel, aircraft, pack-animals, container, bag, box, or item for the purposes of ascertaining compliance with—";
 - (b) the substitution for subsection (5) of the following subsection:
 - "(5) While carrying out a routine inspection, an environmental 45 management inspector may seize anything in or on any, <u>including but not limited to</u>, business or residential premises, [or] land <u>or vehicle</u>, <u>vessel</u>, <u>aircraft</u>, <u>pack-animals</u>, <u>container</u>, <u>bag</u>, <u>box</u>, <u>or item</u> that may be used as evidence in the prosecution of any person for an offence in terms of this Act or a specific environmental management Act."; and
 - (c) the substitution for subsection (7) of the following subsection:

"(7) An environmental management inspector may exercise on such [business or residential premises or land] building, land, premises, vehicle, vessel, aircraft, pack-animals, container, bag, box, item and the like any of the powers mentioned in section 31H.".

Amendment of section 31N of Act 107 of 1998, as inserted by section 4 of Act 46 of

20. Section 31N of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by the deletion in subsection (2) of paragraph (c).

Amendment of section 31Q of Act 107 of 1998, as inserted by Act 46 of 2003

- 21. Section 31Q of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby 10 amended by the insertion after subsection (1) of the following subsection:
 - "(1A) Subsection (1) does not apply to information that pertains to—
 - (a) environmental quality or the state of the environment;
 - (b) any risks posed to the environment, public safety and the health and well-being of people; or
 - (c) compliance with or contraventions of any environmental legislation by any person.".

Amendment of section 34 of Act 107 of 1998

- 22. Section 34 of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (3) of the following subsection:
 - "(3) Whenever a person is convicted of an offence under any provision listed in Schedule 3 the court convicting such person may summarily enquire into and assess the monetary value of any advantage gained or likely to be gained by such person in consequence of that offence, and, in addition to any other punishment imposed in respect of that offence, the court may order—
 - (a) the award of damages or compensation or a fine equal to the amount so assessed; or
 - that such remedial measures as the court may determine must be undertaken by the convicted person.".

Amendment of section 34D of Act 107 of 1998, as inserted by section 7 of Act 46 of 30 2003.

- 23. Section 34D of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:
 - "(1) The court convicting a person of an offence in terms of this Act or any of the specific environmental Acts may declare any item including but not limited to any specimen, container, vehicle, vessel, aircraft or document that was used for the purpose of, or in connection with, the commission of the offence and was seized under the provisions of this Part, to be forfeited to the State.".

Insertion of section 34H in Act 107 of 1998

24. The following section is hereby inserted in the National Environmental 40 Management Act, 1998, after section 34G:

"Jurisdiction

34H. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any other law, a magistrate's court shall have jurisdiction to impose any penalty prescribed by this Act or any specific Environmental Management Acts.". 45

Amendment of Schedule 3 to Act 107 of 1998, as amended by section 8 of Act 8 of 2004

25. Part (a) and Part (b) of the Schedule to this Act are hereby substituted for Part (a) and Part (b) of Schedule 3 to the National Environmental Management Act, 1998.

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Amendment of section 82 of Act 57 of 2003

26. Section 82 of the National Environmental Management: Protected Areas Act, 2003, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (3) of the following subsection:

"(3) If the Minister or MEC fails to reach an agreement with the owner of the property in whose favour the servitude is registered or with the person holding the right, the Minister or MEC may expropriate the servitude or the privately held right in or to State land, in accordance with the Expropriation Act, 1975 (Act No. 63 of 1975), subject to section 25 of the Constitution.".

Amendment of section 88 of Act 57 of 2003

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- 27. Section 88 of the National Environmental Management: Protected Areas Act, 2003, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:
 - "(2) Regulations made under section 86 or 87 may provide that any person who contravenes or fails to comply with a provision thereof is guilty of an offence and 15 liable [on] in the case of a first conviction to a fine not exceeding R5 million or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding five years and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding R10 million or imprisonment for a period not exceeding 10 years or in both instances to both a fine and such imprisonment.".

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Amendment of section 89 of Act 57 of 2003

- 28. Section 89 of the National Environmental Management: Protected Areas Act, 2003, is hereby amended by-
 - (a) the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph: "(a) contravenes or fails to comply with a provision of section 45(1), 46(1), 47(2), **[or]** (3) or (3A), 48(1), **[or]** 49A(5)(b), 50(5) or 55(2)(fA).";
 - (b) the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:
 - "(2) A person convicted of an offence in terms of subsection (1) is liable, [on] in the case of a first conviction, to a fine not exceeding R5 million or imprisonment for a period not exceeding five years and, in the case of a second or subsequent conviction, to a fine not exceeding R10 million or imprisonment for a period not exceeding ten years or in both instances to both a fine and such imprisonment."; and

(c) the addition of the following subsections:

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- "(3) Contravention of or failure to comply with any provision of a regulation made under section 86 or 87 is an offence.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any other law, a magistrate's court shall have jurisdiction to impose any penalty prescribed by this Act.".

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Amendment of section 1 of Act 10 of 2004

- 29. Section 30 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by the insertion of the following definitions after the definition of "Board":
 - ""commercialisation", in relation to indigenous biological resources, includes 45 the following activities:
 - (a) the filing of any complete intellectual property application, whether in South Africa or elsewhere;
 - (b) obtaining or transferring any intellectual property rights or other rights;
 - (c) commencing clinical trials and product development, including the conducting of market research and seeking pre-market approval for the sale of resulting products; or

the multiplication of indigenous biological resources through cultivation, propagation, cloning or other means to develop and produce products, such as drugs, industrial enzymes, food flavours, fragrances, cosmetics, emulsifiers, oleoresins, colours and extracts;

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"commercialisation phase of bioprospecting" means any research on, or development or application of, indigenous biological resources where the nature and extent of any actual or potential commercial or industrial exploitation in relation to the project is sufficiently established to begin the process of commercialisation;".

by the insertion of the following definition after the definition of "Director-General":

"discovery phase of bioprospecting" means any research on, or development or application of, indigenous biological resources where the nature and extent of any actual or potential commercial or industrial exploitation in relation to the project is not sufficiently clear or known to begin the process of commercialisation;".

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Amendment of section 11 of Act 10 of 2004

30. Section 11 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (*b*) of the 15 following paragraph:

"must monitor and report regularly to the Minister on the environmental impacts of [any] all categories of genetically modified organism [that has been released into the environment, including the impact on non-target organisms and ecological processes, indigenous biological resources and the biological diversity of 20 species used for agriculture], post commercial release, based on research that identifies and evaluates risk;".

Amendment of section 33 of Act 10 of 2004

- **31.** Section 33 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by—
 - (a) the substitution for subsection (3) of the following subsection:
 - "(3) A notice in terms of subsection (1)(a) or (2)(a) must assign a name to the national botanical garden, and Schedule 1 must be amended accordingly."
 - (b) the substitution for subsection (4) of the following subsection:
 - "(4) All notices in terms of sections (1), (2) and (3) must be included in Schedule 1 to this Act, which will contain the name and definition of the land in question, of all proclaimed national botanical gardens.".

Amendment of section 34 of Act 10 of 2004

32. Section 34 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for the words preceding 35 paragraph (a) of the following words:

"The Minister may, by notice in the Gazette amend Schedule 1 in order to—".

Insertion of section 36A in Act 10 of 2004

33. The following section is hereby inserted in the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, after section 36:

"Winding up or dissolution of Institute

36A(1) The Institute may not be wound up or dissolved except by or in terms of an Act of Parliament.

(2) Upon its winding-up or dissolution the South African Biodiversity Institute must transfer its remaining assets or the proceeds of those assets, after satisfaction of its liabilities, to the State or to an equivalent Schedule 3A Public Entity which has the same objectives as the South African Biodiversity Institute and which itself is exempt from income tax in terms of section 10 (1)(cA) of the Income Tax Act, 1962 (Act No. 58 of 1962).".

Amendment of section 45 of Act 10 of 2004

- **34.** Section 45 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by—
 - (a) the deletion of the word "and" at the end of paragraph (b);
 - (b) the deletion in paragraph (c) of subparagraph (v), (vi) and (vii);
 - (c) the insertion of the word "and" at the end of paragraph (c); and
 - (d) the addition of the following paragraph:
 - "(d) take into consideration—
 - (i) any plans issued in terms of Chapter 3 of the National Environmental Management Act;

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- (ii) any municipal integrated development plan; and
- (iii) any other plans prepared in terms of national or provincial legislation that is affected.".

Amendment of section 57 of Act 10 of 2004

- **35.** Section 57 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, 15 is hereby amended by the addition of the following subsection:
 - "(4)(a) The Minister may, by notice in the *Gazette*, exempt a person from a restriction contemplated in subsection (1)." and
 - (b) Before granting an exemption in terms of paragraph (a), the Minister must follow a consultative process in accordance with sections 99 and 100.".

Substitution of section 58 of Act 10 of 2004

36. The following section is hereby substituted for section 58 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004:

"Amendment of notices

58. The Minister may by notice in the *Gazette* amend or repeal any notice 25 published in terms of section [**55**] <u>56(1)</u>, [**or**] 56(2) <u>or</u> 57(4).".

Amendment of section 78 of Act 10 of 2004

- **37.** Section 78 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:
 - "(1) If the Minister has reason to believe that the release of a genetically 30 modified organism into the environment under a permit applied for in terms of the Genetically Modified Organisms Act, 1997 (Act No. 15 of 1997), may pose a threat to any indigenous species or the environment, no permit for such release may be issued in terms of that Act unless an environmental <u>impact</u> assessment has been conducted in accordance with Chapter 5 of the National Environmental Management Act as if such release were a listed activity contemplated in that Chapter."

Amendment of section 81 of Act 10 of 2004

- **38.** Section 81 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (*a*) of the following paragraph:
 - "(a) engage in the commercialisation phase of bioprospecting involving any indigenous biological resources; or".

Insertion of section 81A in Act 10 of 2004

39. The following section is hereby inserted in the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, after section 81:

"Notification requirements			
81A. (1) No person may, without first notifying the Minister, engage in the discovery phase of bioprospecting involving any indigenous biological resources. (2) A notice referred to in subsection (1) must be in such form and must contain such other particulars as may be prescribed. (3) A person involved in the discovery phase of bioprospecting must sign a prescribed commitment to comply with the requirements at the commercialisation phase of bioprospecting.".	5		
Amendment of section 82 of Act 10 of 2004	10		
40. Section 82 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1)(b) for the words preceding subparagraph (i) of the following words: "an indigenous community or a specific individual—".			
Amendment of section 85 of Act 10 of 2004	15		
41. Section 85 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (3) for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph: "(a) must manage the Fund in the prescribed manner or may appoint a trustee in terms of the Trust Property Control Act, 1988 (Act No. 57 of 1988), to administer the fund on the Director-General's behalf in the prescribed manner and under such terms as the Director-General may consider necessary; and".	20		
Amendment of section 86 of Act 10 of 2004			
 42. Section 86 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection: (1) The Minister may by notice in the <i>Gazette</i>— (a) declare that this Chapter does not apply to indigenous resources specified in the notice or to an activity relating to such indigenous biological resources; 	25		
 [and] or declare that this Chapter does not apply to certain categories of research involving indigenous biological resources or commercial exploitation of indigenous biological resources; and amend or withdraw a notice referred to in [paragraph] paragraphs (a) and (b).". 	30		
Amendment of section 92 of Act 10 of 2004	35		
43. Section 92 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for the words preceding paragraph (a) of the following words: "If the carrying out of an activity mentioned in section [90] <u>87</u> is also regulated in terms of other law, the authority empowered under that other law to authorize that			

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"If the activity and the issuing authority empowered under this Act to issue permits in respect of that activity may—".

Insertion of section 93A in Act 10 of 2004

44. The following section is hereby inserted in the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, after section 93:

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"Renewal and amendment of permits

- **93A.** (1) A permit holder may, before the expiry date of a permit, apply to an issuing authority for the renewal or amendment of such permit.
- (2) An application for the renewal or amendment of a permit must be in the form, contain such information and be accompanied by such processing fees as may be prescribed.

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- (3) In considering an application to renew or amend a permit, the issuing authority must have regard to the same matters which it was required to consider when deciding on the initial application for that permit.
- (4) A issuing authority may for good reason amend or substitute any condition attached to a permit and any new information at the time of the renewal application.".

Amendment of section 97 of Act 10 of 2004

- **45.** Section 97 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by—
 - (a) the substitution in subsection (1)(b) for subparagraph (iv) of the following subparagraph:
 - "(iv) the facilitation of the implementation and enforcement of an international agreement regulating international trade in specimens [of listed threatened or protected species] of species to which the agreement applies and which is binding on the Republic.";
 - (b) the deletion in subsection (1)(b) of the word "or" at the end of subparagraph (vii);
 - (c) the insertion in subsection (1)(b) of the word "or" at the end of subparagraph 25 (viii);
 - (d) the addition to subsection (1)(b) of the following subparagraph: "(ix) the hunting industry;";
 - (e) the substitution in subsection (1)(e) for subparagraph (ii) of the following subparagraph:
 - "(ii) the form and content of, and requirements and criteria for, notification requirements referred to in section 81A and benefit-sharing agreements and material transfer agreements."; and
 - (f) the substitution in subsection (1)(f) for subparagraph (i) of the following subparagraph:
 - "(i) the conditions subject to which issuing authorities may issue, renew or amend permits in terms of this Act;".

Amendment of section 98 of Act 10 of 2004

- **46.** Section 98 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (2) for paragraphs (*a*) and (*b*) of the 40 following paragraphs, respectively:
 - "(a) imprisonment for a period not exceeding five years;
 - (b) [an appropriate fine] a fine not exceeding five million rand, and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction, to a fine not exceeding R10 million or imprisonment for a period not exceeding 10 years or in both instances to both a fine and such imprisonment; or".

Amendment of section 102 of Act 10 of 2004

- **47.** Section 102 of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004, is hereby amended by—
 - (a) the substitution for subsections (1) and (2) of the following subsections, 50 respectively:
 - "(1) A person convicted of an offence in terms of section 101 is liable to a fine <u>not exceeding R10 million</u>, or an imprisonment for a period not exceeding [five] ten years, or to both such a fine and such imprisonment.
 - (2) [A fine in terms of subsection (1) may not exceed—

- (a) an amount prescribed in terms of the Adjustment of Fines Act, 1991 (Act No. 101 of 1991); or
- (b) if If a person is convicted of an offence involving a specimen of a listed threatened or protected species, [an amount] a fine may be determined, either in terms of [paragraph (a)] subsection (1) or [which is] equal to three times the commercial value of the specimen in respect of which the offence was committed, whichever is the greater."; and
- (b) the addition of the following subsection:
 - "(3) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any other law, a 10 magistrate's court shall have jurisdiction to impose any penalty prescribed by this Act.".

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Amendment of section 45 of Act 39 of 2004

- **48.** Section 45 of the National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 2004, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsections (1) and (2) of the following 15 subsections, respectively:
 - "(1) A licensing authority must review a provincial atmospheric emission licence or an atmospheric emission licence at intervals specified in the licence, or when circumstances demand that a review is necessary, on payment of the prescribed processing fee.
 - (2) The licensing authority must inform the licence holder and the relevant provincial air quality officer, in writing, of any proposed review, [and] the reason for such review and the cost of the prescribed processing fee.".

Amendment of section 49 of Act 39 of 2004

- **49.** Section 49 of the National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 2004, is 25 hereby amended by the substitution for paragraph (c) of the following paragraph:
 - "(c) that person has been a director or senior manager who is or was a director or manager of a company, a juristic person or firm to whom paragraph (a) or (b)applies; and".

Amendment of section 52 of Act 39 of 2004

- 50. Section 52 of the National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 2004, is hereby amended by-
 - (a) the substitution for subsections (1) and (2) of the following subsections, respectively:
 - "(1) A person convicted of an offence referred to in section 51 is liable 35 to a fine not exceeding five million rand, or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding [ten] five years and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction, to a fine not exceeding R10 million or imprisonment for a period not exceeding 10 years or in both instances to both a fine and such imprisonment.
 - (2) A fine contemplated in subsection (1)[—
 - (a) may not exceed an amount prescribed in terms of legislation regulating maximum fines for criminal offences; and
 - (b) must be determined with due consideration of-
 - [(i)](a) the severity of the offence in terms of its impact, or potential 45 impact, on health, well-being, safety and the environment;
 - [(ii)](b) the monetary or other benefits which accrued to the convicted person through the commission of the offence;
 - [(iii)](c)the extent of the convicted person's contribution to the 50 overall pollution load of the area under normal working conditions."; and
 - (b) the addition of the following subsection:
 - "(3) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any other law, a magistrate's court shall have jurisdiction to impose any penalty 55 prescribed by this Act.".

Short title and commencement

51. This Act is called the National Environment Laws Amendment Act, 2008, and comes into effect on a date fixed by the President by proclamation in the *Gazette*.

SCHEDULE

"Part (a): National Legislation

No and year of law	Short title	Relevant provisions
Act No. 36 of 1947	Fertilizers, Farm Feeds, Agricultural Remedies and Stock Remedies Act, 1947	Section 18(1)(i), in so far as it relates to contraventions of sections 7 and 7bis
Act No. 71 of 1962	Animals Protection Act, 1962	Sections 2(1) and 2A
Act No. 45 of 1965	Atmospheric Pollution Prevention Act, 1965	[Section 9] Sections 7(2)(a) to (d), 9(1)(a) to (c), 14A, 15(1)(a) and (b), 15(2), 17(4), 19(5), 20(11), 23(3), 24(2), 28(3), 29(4), 31(6) 32(2) 34 (4), 37(4), 40(4) and 41(2)
Act No. 63 of 1970	Mountain Catchment Areas Act, 1970	Section 14, in so far as it relates to contraventions of section 3
Act No. 15 of 1973	Hazardous Substances Act, 1973	Section 19(1)(a) and (b), in so far as it relates to contraventions of sections 3 and 3A
Act No. 63 of 1977	Health Act, 1977	Section 27
Act No. 73 of 1980	Dumping at Sea Control Act, 1980	Section 2(1)(a) and (b)
Act No. 6 of 1981	Marine Pollution (Control and Civil Liability) Act, 1981	Section 2(1)
Act No. 43 of 1983	Conservation of <u>Agricultural</u> Resources Act, 1983	Sections 6 and 7
Act No. 2 of 1986	Marine Pollution (Prevention of Pollution from Ships) Act, 1986	Section 3A
Act No. 73 of 1989	Environment Conservation Act, 1989	[Section] Sections 19(1) and 19A read with 29(3), 20(1) and (9) read with section 29(4), 29 (2)(a)[and (4)], 31A and 41A read with 29(3)
Act No. 18 of 1998	Marine Living Resources Act, 1998	Section 58(1), in so far as it relates to contraventions of sections 43(2), 45 and 47, and section 58(2), in so far as it relates to contraventions of international conservation and management measures
Act No. 36 of 1998	National Water Act, 1998	Section $151(1)(i)$ and (j)
Act No. 84 of 1998	National Forests Act	Sections 4(8), 7(1), 10(1), 11(2)(b), 15(1)(a) and (b). 17(3) and (4), 20(3), 21(2), 21(5), 24(8), 63(1)(a), (d), (e) and (f), 63(2)(a) and (b), 63(3) to (5), 64(1) and (2)
Act No. 101 of 1998	National Veld and Forest Fire Act	Sections 10(2), 12(1), 12(2)(b), 12(14)(a), (4), 17(1), 18(1)(a), 18(2), 18(3)(b), 18(4), 18(4)(b), (25(2)(a) to (e), 25(5), (6) and (7)

No and year of law	Short title	Relevant provisions
Act No. 107 of 1998	National Environment Management Act, 1998	Sections 24F(1) and (2), 24G(3), 28(14), 30(11), 31N(1) and 34A (a), (b) and (c)
Act No. 25 of 1999	National Heritage Resources Act	Sections 27(18) and (22), (23)(b),28(3), 29(10), 32(13), (15),(16), (17), (19) and (20) 33(1) and (2), 34(1), 35(3), (4), (6) and (7)(a) 36(3), 44(2) and (3), 50(5) and (12) and 51(8)
Act No. 57 of 2003	National Environmental Management: Protected Areas Act	Sections 45(1), 46(1), 47(2), 47(3), 48(1), 50(5), read with sections 89(1),89(1) (b), (c) and (d) and 50A
Act No. 10 of 2004	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act	Sections 57(1) read with 101(1)(a), 65(1) read with 101(1)(a), 67(2) read with 101(1)(a), 71(1) read with 101(1)(a), 81(1)
Act No. 39 of 2004	National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act	Sections $51(10(a) \text{ to } (h), 51(2) \text{ and } (3)$

Part (b): Provincial Legislation

No and year of law	Short title	Relevant provisions
Ordinance No. 8 of 1969	Orange Free State Conservation	Section $40(1)(a)$ in so far as it relates to contraventions of sections $2(3)$, $14(2)$, $15(a)$, $16(a)$ and 33
Ordinance No. 9 of 1969	Orange Free State Townships	Section 40(1)(<i>a</i>)(ii)
Ordinance No. 15 of 1974	Natal Nature Conservation	Section 55 in so far as it relates to section 37(1), to section 49 in respect of specially protected game and to section 51 in respect of specially protected game, section 109 in so far as it relates to section 101, to section 102 and to section 104, section 154 in so far as it relates to section 152, section 185 in so far as it relates to section 183, and section 208 in so far as it relates to section 194 and to section 200
Ordinance No. 19 of 1974	[Cape] Nature and Environmental Conservation Ordinance	Section 86(1) in so far as it relates to contraventions of sections [26,] $4[4] \ \underline{1}(1)(b)(ii)$ and (c) to (e) , $52(a)$, $57(a)$, $58(b)$ and $62(1)$
Ordinance No. 12 of 1983	[Transvaal] Gauteng Nature Conservation	Sections 16A, 17 to 45, [42] , 47, 48, 51, 52, 54, 66, 71 to 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85,87, 88 to 93, 95, 96 [and] 98, 99, 100 and 107
Ordinance No. 15 of 1985	Cape Land Use Planning	Section 46(1) in so far as it relates to sections 23(1) and 39(2)
Ordinance No. 15 of 1986	Transvaal Town Planning and Townships	Sections 42, 93 and 115
Act No. 29 of 1992	KwaZulu Nature Conservation	Section 67 in so far as it relates to sections 59(1), 59(2), 60(1) and 62(1); section 86 in so far as it relates to sections 76, 77 and 82; and section 110 in so far as it relates to section 109
Act No. 5 of 1998	KwaZulu-Natal Planning and Development	Section 48".

MEMORANDUM ON THE OBJECTS OF THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENT LAWS AMENDMENT BILL, 2008

1. INTRODUCTION

The Bill seeks to amend a number of laws. The proposed amendments are summarised in paragraphs 1.1 to 1.6 and explained in paragraphs 2.2.1 to 2.2.6.

- 1.1 The Bill provides for increased penalties in respect of the **Atmospheric Pollution Prevention Act, 1965 (Act No. 45 of 1965)**.
- 1.2 The Bill seeks to increase the penalty for offences and seeks to remove the need for the publishing in the *Gazette* of directions issued under the **Environment Conservation Act**, **1989** (**Act No. 73 of 1989**). Section 32 of the said Act is also amended by the correction of the reference to the Minister of Water Affairs and Forestry.
- 1.3 The Bill seeks to amend the National Environment Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998), so as to delete the definitions of "Committee" and "Forum"; to repeal the provisions relating to the National Environmental Advisory Forum and Committee for Environmental Co-ordination and replace it with a simpler procedure whereby the Minister may establish for or advisory committees and to provide for a person who has admitted to having committed an offence to be also subject to the directives of the Minister or the MEC. The Bill proposes new enabling provisions for new criminal offences and the increase of penalties and providing for the jurisdiction of the magistrate's court. The Bill also provides for the removal of the requirement that Environmental Management Inspectors must carry the notices of designation, as well as providing for their increased powers. Sections 31 and 31Q are amended to align their provisions with those of the Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 of 2000). The Bill also seeks to increase the number of Acts and Ordinances to which the powers of the court will apply upon conviction of an offence under these Acts and Ordinances, as well giving the court the power to order that the remediation should be undertaken by the convicted person instead of the state.
- 1.4 The Bill seeks to amend the National Environmental Management: Protected Area Act, 2003 (Act No. 57 of 2003), so as to provide for the ownership and control over animal species occurring in and escaping from protected areas; to extend the right to expropriate servitudes to privately held rights; to increase penalties; and to provide for increased fines.
- 1.5 In respect of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004), the Bill makes provision to allow for general surveillance; to align the factors to be taken into consideration with other Acts; that the release of genetically modified organism into the environment requires a full environmental impact assessment; to allow for notification requirements before engaging in the discovery phase of biosprospecting of indigenous biological resources; to expand the definition of "indigenous" to include "specific individuals"; for the Director-General to have the right to appoint a Trustee to administer the Biodiversity Trust fund; and to provide for the renewal and amendment of permits and to increase penalties.
- 1.6 The Bill provides, in respect of the **National Environmental Management:**Air Quality Act, 2004 (Act No. 39 of 2004), for the review of licences only on payment of processing fees; to include juristic persons when considering whether a director or manager is a fit and proper person; and to provide for increase penalties.

2. BACKGROUND AND DISCUSSION

2.1 Atmospheric Pollution Prevention Act, 1965

Clause 1: Amendment of section 46

To be consistent with all the other Acts forming part of the amendment, the amount of a fine or imprisonment has been increased.

2.2 Environment Conservation Act, 1989

Clause 2: Amendment of section 29

The amount of fines or imprisonment has been increased so as not to limit the penalty to the Adjustment of Fines Act, 1991 (Act No. 101 of 1991), which is not in line with inflation or the seriousness of the offence.

Clause 3: Amendment of section 32

At present all directions issued by the applicable Ministers must be published in the *Gazette*. This places an onerous burden on the State and if not carried out will result in the directive being invalid and as such could affect current directives. The amendment seeks to do away with this requirement.

2.3 National Environmental Management Act, 1998

Clause 4: Amendment of section 1

This amendment is consequential to the amendments proposed in clauses 5 and 6.

Clause 5: Repeal of Parts 1 and 2 of Chapter 2

The sections dealing with the National Environmental Advisory Forum and Committee for Environmental Co-ordination has been deleted to ensure alignment with the new section 3A.

Clause 6: New section 3A

The Bill now provides for an easier method for the Minister to establish fora and committees as the present set up is cumbersome.

Clauses 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11: Amendment of sections 11, 13, 15, 16 and 22

These sections of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (the Act), have been amended to delete all references to the Committee for Environmental Co-ordination as a result of the proposed amendments in clauses 4 and 5.

Clause 12: Amendment of section 28

This section requires the Director-General or the provincial head of a department to take remedial measures itself to remedy a situation where damage was caused to the environment by pollution or degradation and the person failed to do so. The section also applies to a significant pollution or degradation that occurred before the commencement of this Act. Previously the duty on the State to take remedial steps placed a heavy financial burden on the State or province to carry out the necessary remedial works. This has now been rectified by providing that the Director-General or province can apply to the courts for appropriate relief.

There was also no provision making the unlawful or intentional act or omission which caused, causes or likely to cause pollution or degradation of the environment an offence.

The proposed amendments seek to remedy the above and sets the penalty at 10 years or R10 million or both.

Clause 13: Amendment of section 30

As the Act reads at present, there was only a moral duty to report emergency incidents. This has now been rectified by making it a criminal offence, carrying a fine of one hundred thousand rand or imprisonment of up to 10 years upon conviction.

Clause 14: Amendment of section 31

The Bill seeks to delete certain provisions that now falls under the Promotion of Access to Information Act. 2000.

Clauses 15 and 16: Amendments to the heading to Part 2 and to section 31A

The application of Part 2 is expanded to any specific environmental Act.

Clause 17: Amendment of section 31F

An environment management inspector is presently required to carry with him or her at all times both his or her identity card, as well as the letter of designation. For practical reasons the amendment limits the requirement to the carrying of only the identity card.

Clause 18: Amendment of section 31H

Environment management inspectors do not have the right to take photographs or audio-visual recordings during routine investigations. This causes practical problems which the amendment seeks to remedy.

Clause 19: Amendment of section 31K

At present environmental management inspectors cannot conduct routine inspections or search a motor vehicle, containers, boxes and similar items during such an inspection. The amendment now gives them these powers.

Clause 20: Amendment of section 31N

At present non-compliance reports are reported to the Minister or the MEC. As this is a purely administrative rather than an executive function, this can be carried out by the Director-General or Head of Department concerned.

Clause 21: Amendment of section 31Q

In order to give some form of protection to persons who must disclose information on the environment, new provisions have been included to indicate the type of information that may be disclosed.

Clause 22: Amendment of section 34

The current section does not provide for the court to order the convicted person to undertake remedial action. This places a heavy financial burden on the Department if it undertakes the necessary measures, as the cost is invariably not budgeted for and the chances of recovery are sometimes at risk. The amendment seeks to rectify this.

Clause 23: Amendment of section 34D

The power of the court to declare any item used in the commission of an offence forfeited to the State is extended to all specific environmental management Acts.

Clause 24: Insertion of section 34H

Fines were previously limited to the Adjustment of Fines Act, 1991 (Act No. 101 of 1991), which translated to a maximum of R300 000. As the amount of fines under this Act has been increased, this amendment seeks to allow the magistrates' court to have jurisdiction instead of the High Court. The jurisdiction of magistrate's courts is also extended for penalties imposed under any specific environmental management Acts.

Clause 25: Amendment of Schedule 3

Schedule 3 to the Act relating to applicable offences has been updated and now includes other Acts and Ordinances.

2.4 National Environmental Management: Protected Areas Act, 2003

Clause 26: Insertion of section 49A

The National Environmental Management: Protected Areas Act, 2003 (in paragraph 2.4 referred to as "the Act") has no empowering section providing for animals occurring in protected areas where private ownership cannot be

proved. The proposed amendments now give ownership in trust to the State. It will also be the State's responsibility to manage escaped animals. This section further provides that a person who becomes aware of an escaped animal is obliged to report this. Further, the section allows a person to kill an animal if human life is at stake, while exempting the management of authority from liability, except if negligent or acted intentionally.

Clause 27: Amendment of section 82

Currently the Act only allows the Minister to expropriate a servitude but excludes a privately held right in State land. This is now rectified to include privately held rights to State land.

Clause 28: Amendment of section 88

The amount of fines or imprisonment for contravention of a regulation has been increased so as not to limit it to the Adjustment of Fines Act, 1991, which has not caught up with inflation or the seriousness of the offence.

Clause 29: Amendment of section 89

This section has been amended to provide for new offences and to increase the amount of fines or imprisonment so as not to limit it to the Adjustment of Fines Act, 1991, which has not caught up with inflation or the seriousness of the offence.

It is also proposed that a contravention of a regulation is an offence and that the magistrates court will have jurisdiction, instead of the High Court.

2.5 National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, 2004

Clause 30: Amendment of section 1

This section has been amended to insert new definitions.

Clause 31: Amendment of section 11

Monitoring by the South African National Biodiversity Institute should be such that it can identify unforeseen genetically modified organisms. In order to assist the Institute to exercise that function effectively it is proposed that this section be amended to allow for general surveillance and reporting on all categories of genetically modified organism.

Clauses 32 and 33: Amendment of sections 33 and 34

Sections 33 and 34 have been amended.

Clause 34: Insertion of section 36A

A new section 36A have been inserted in the bill.

Clause 35: Amendment of section 45

As this section presently reads, the National Environmental Management Act, 2004 (in paragraph 2.5 referred to as "the Act") is forced to be compliant to subordinate Acts. The proposed amendment seeks to corrects this.

Clause 36: Amendment of section 57

The section does not empower Minister to give exemption for any restricted activity. A new provision has been added to correct this.

Clause 37: Amendment of section 58

The purpose of this section is to allow for the amendment or repeal of certain notices. This has now been extended to include the new notice to be issued under section 57(4).

Clause 38: Amendment of section 78

It is essential that when genetically modified organisms are released into the environment that a full environmental impact assessment be carried out. The section has been amended to provide for this.

Clause 39: Amendment of section 81

The amendment to section 81 of the Act is necessitated by the insertion of a new section 81A (see clause 33 below).

Clause 40: Insertion of section 81A

At present the Act does not require notification requirements when a person engages in the discovery phase of bioprospecting indigenous biological resources. The present process results in unnecessary delays in the discovery phase and could create unjustified expectations. The amendment is to make provision for this by now providing for notification requirements.

Clause 41: Amendment of section 82

The present wording of this section does not take into account traditional knowledge of indigenous biological resources known only to specific individuals. This section has now been amended to provide for this.

Clause 42: Amendment of section 85

At present the Bioprospecting Trust Fund is administered by the Director-General. As this is an administrative burden, this could be managed by a trustee falling within the Trust Property Act, 1998 (Act No. 57 of 1998). An option is now provided for the Director-General to have this discretion. The Director-General still retains accountability for the money in the Fund.

Clause 43: Amendment of section 86

This section has been amended to give the Minister powers to exempt certain categories of research involving indigenous biological resources and commercial exploitation.

Clause 44: Amendment of section 92

The present cross-reference is incorrect and has been amended accordingly.

Clause 45: Insertion of section 93A

The Act does not provide for the renewal and amendment of permits. This has created administrative problems and the amendment seeks to address this shortcoming.

Clause 46: Amendment of section 97

This section is at present restrictive to the implementation and enforcement of an international agreement and has now been made applicable to all species to which the agreement applies.

Further, provision has been made that regulations relating to the "hunting industry" can be made and for the requirements of notification in respect of the new section 81A.

Clause 47: Amendment of section 98

In line with amendments proposed to other laws, the amount of a fine and period of imprisonment has been increased for contravention of a regulation.

Clause 48: Amendment of section 102

The amount of a fine (and period of imprisonment) has been amended so as not to limit it to the Adjustment of Fines Act, 1991, which is below this limit. The section has also been amended to allow the magistrates' court to have jurisdiction.

2.6 National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 2004

Clause 49: Amendment of section 45

At present there is no provision for the payment of a prescribed processing fee where a licence must undergo a periodic review. As this is the accepted norm, the amendment seeks to remedy this.

Clause 50: Amendment of section 49

The present wording of the section excludes reference to a "juristic person", which was excluded per error. It is important to have it included as its members may fall within the ambit of the section. This has now been remedied.

Clause 51: Amendment of section 52

The amount of a fine has been amended so as not to limit it to the Adjustment of Fines Act, 1991, which is below this limit. The section has also been amended to allow the magistrates' court to have jurisdiction.

3. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS FOR STATE

The Bill does not create further financial liabilities to the State.

5. PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE

- 5.1 The State Law Advisers and the Department of Environmental Affairs and Tourism are of the opinion that this Bill must be dealt with in accordance with the procedure prescribed by section 76(1) or (2) of the Constitution since it falls within functional areas listed in Schedule 4 to the Constitution, namely "Environment" and "Nature conservation".
- 5.2 The State Law Advisers are of the opinion that it is not necessary to refer the Bill to the National House of Traditional Leaders in terms of section 18(1)(a) of the Traditional Leadership and Governance Framework Act, 2003 (Act No. 41 of 2003), since it does not contain provisions pertaining to customary law or customs of traditional communities.