REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

DIVISION OF REVENUE BILL

(As introduced in the National Assembly (proposed section 76); explanatory summary of Bill published in Government Gazette No. 36180 of 22 February 2013) (The English text is the official text of the Bill)

(MINISTER OF FINANCE)



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BILL

To provide for the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government for the 2013/14 financial year and the responsibilities of all three spheres pursuant to such division; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS section 214(1) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, requires an Act of Parliament to provide for—

- (*a*) the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government;
- (b) the determination of each province's equitable share of the provincial share of that revenue; and
- (c) any other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue, and any conditions on which those allocations may be made;

WHEREAS section 7(3) of the Money Bills Amendment Procedure and Related Matters Act, 2009 (Act No. 9 of 2009), requires the introduction of the Division of Revenue Bill at the same time as the Appropriation Bill is introduced,

B^E IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:—

ARRANGEMENT OF PROVISIONS OF ACT

Sections

3.

CHAPTER 1

5

INTERPRETATION AND OBJECTS OF ACT

- 1. Interpretation
- 2. Objects of Act

CHAPTER 2

EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS

- Equitable division of revenue raised nationally among spheres of government
- 4. Equitable division of provincial share among provinces
- 5. Equitable division of local government share among municipalities
- 6. Shortfalls and excess revenue

CHAPTER 3

CONDITIONAL ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES AND MUNICIPALITIES

Part 1

Conditional allocations

- 7. Conditional allocations to provinces
- 8. Conditional allocations to municipalities

Part 2

Duties of accounting officers in respect of Schedule 4 to 7 allocations

- 9. Duties of transferring national officer in respect of Schedule 4 allocations
- 10. Duties of transferring national officer in respect of Schedule 5 and 6 allocations 10
- 11. Duties of receiving officer in respect of Schedule 4 allocations
- 12. Duties of receiving officer in respect of Schedule 5 or 7 allocations
- 13. Duties of receiving officer in respect of infrastructure conditional allocations to provinces
- 14. Duties in respect of annual financial statements and annual reports for 2013/14 15

Part 3

Matters relating to Schedule 4 to 7 allocations

- 15. Publication of allocations and frameworks
- 16. Expenditure in terms of purpose and subject to conditions
- 17. Withholding of allocation
- 18. Stopping of allocation
- 19. Re-allocation of funds
- 20. Conversion of allocations
- 21. Unspent conditional allocations

Part 4

Matters relating to Schedule 1 to 7 allocations

- 22. Payment schedule
- 23. Amendment of payment schedule

CHAPTER 4

MATTERS RELATING TO ALL ALLOCATIONS

- 24. Transfers made in error or fraudulently
- 25. New allocations during financial year and Schedule 7 allocations
- 26. Preparations for next financial year and 2015/16 financial year
- 27. Transfers before commencement of Division of Revenue Acts for 2013 and 2014 35

CHAPTER 5

DUTIES AND POWERS OF MUNICIPALITIES, PROVINCIAL TREASURIES AND NATIONAL TREASURY

- 28. Duties of municipalities
- 29. Duties and powers of provincial treasuries
- 30. Duties and powers of National Treasury

40

5

20

25

CHAPTER 6

GENERAL

Allocations by public entities to provinces or municipalities
Liability for costs incurred in violation of principles of cooperative governance
and intergovernmental relations
Irregular expenditure
Financial misconduct
Delegations and assignments
Exemptions

37. Regulations

31. 32.

33. 34. 35. 36.

- 38. Repeal of laws
- 39. Short title and commencement

SCHEDULE 1

Equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the three spheres of government

SCHEDULE 2

Determination of each province's equitable share of the provincial sphere's share of revenue raised nationally (as a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund)

SCHEDULE 3

Determination of each municipality's equitable share of the local government sphere's share of revenue raised nationally 20

SCHEDULE 4

Part A

Allocations to provinces to supplement the funding of programmes or functions funded from provincial budgets

Part B

25

Allocations to municipalities to supplement the funding of programmes or functions funded from municipal budgets

SCHEDULE 5

Part A

Specific purpose allocations to provinces

30

Part B

Specific purpose allocations to municipalities

SCHEDULE 6

Part A

Allocations-in-kind to provinces for designated special programmes 35

Part B

Allocations-in-kind to municipalities for designated special programmes

10

15

Part A

Provision to specifically cater for immediate release of funds to provinces for disaster response

Part B

Provision to specifically cater for immediate release of funds to municipalities for disaster response

CHAPTER 1

INTERPRETATION AND OBJECTS OF ACT

Interpretation

1. (1) In this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise, any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Public Finance Management Act or the Municipal Finance Management Act has the meaning assigned to it in the Act in question, and—

"accreditation" means accreditation of a municipality, in terms of section 10(2) of 15 the Housing Act, 1997 (Act No. 107 of 1997), to administer national housing programmes, read with Part 3 of the National Housing Code, 2009 (Financial Interventions: Accreditation of Municipalities);

"allocation" means the equitable share allocation to the national sphere of government in Schedule 1, a province in Schedule 2 or a municipality in Schedule 20 3, or a conditional allocation;

"category A, B or C municipality" means a category A, B or C municipality envisaged in section 155(1) of the Constitution;

"conditional allocation" means an allocation to a province or municipality from the national government's share of revenue raised nationally, envisaged in section 25 214(1)(c) of the Constitution, as set out in Schedule 4, 5, 6 or 7;

"Constitution" means the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996; **"corporation for public deposits account"** means a bank account of the Provincial Revenue Fund held with the Corporation for Public Deposits, established by the Corporation for Public Deposits Act, 1984 (Act No. 46 of 1984); 30 **"Education Infrastructure Grant"** means the Education Infrastructure Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 4;

"financial year" means, in relation to-

(a) a national or provincial department, the year ending 31 March 2014; or

(b) a municipality, the year ending 30 June 2014;

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"framework" means the conditions and other information in respect of a conditional allocation published by the National Treasury in terms of section 15 or 25;

"Health Facility Revitalisation Grant" means the Health Facility Revitalisation Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 5;

"Human Settlements Development Grant" means the Human Settlements Infrastructure Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 5;

"legislation" means national legislation or provincial legislation as defined in section 239 of the Constitution;

"level one accreditation" means accreditation to render beneficiary management, 45 subsidy budget planning and allocation, and priority programme management and administration, of national housing programmes;

"level three accreditation" means an executive assignment to administer all aspects, including financial administration, of national housing programmes;

"level two accreditation" means accreditation to render full programme 50 management and administration of all housing instruments and national housing programmes in addition to the responsibilities under a level one accreditation;

"Municipal Finance Management Act" means the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003);

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(b) a municipality, the year ending 30 June 2015; "organ of state" means an organ of state as defined in section 239 of the Constitution; "overpayment" means the transfer of more than the allocated amount of an allocation or the transfer of an allocation not in accordance with a payment schedule; "Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant" means the Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 4; "payment schedule" means a schedule which sets out-(a) the amount of each transfer of an equitable share or any conditional allocation in terms of this Act to be transferred to a province or municipality in the financial year; (b) the date on which each transfer must be paid; and (c) to whom, and to which bank account, each transfer must be paid; "prescribe" means prescribe by regulation in terms of section 37; "primary bank account" in relation to-(a) a province, means a bank account of the Provincial Revenue Fund, envisaged accounting officer of the provincial treasury has certified to the National Treasury; and (b) a municipality, means the bank account of the municipality as determined in terms of section 8 of the Municipal Finance Management Act; "Public Finance Management Act" means the Public Finance Management Act, 25 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999); "Public Transport Operations Grant" means the Public Transport Operations Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 4; "quarter" means, in relation to-(a) a national or provincial department, the period from— (i) 1 April to 30 June; (ii) 1 July to 30 September; (iii) 1 October to 31 December; or (iv) 1 January to 31 March; or (b) a municipality-(i) 1 July to 30 September; (ii) 1 October to 31 December; (iii) 1 January to 31 March; or (iv) 1 April to 30 June; "receiving officer" means, in relation to-(a) a Schedule 4, 5, 6 or 7 allocation transferred to a province, the accounting officer of the provincial department which receives that allocation or a portion thereof for expenditure via an appropriation from its Provincial Revenue Fund; or (b) a Schedule 4, 5, 6 or 7 allocation transferred or provided in kind to a 45 municipality, the accounting officer of the municipality; "receiving provincial department" in relation to a Schedule 4, 5, 6 or 7 allocation transferred to a province, means the provincial department which receives that allocation or a portion thereof for expenditure via an appropriation from its Provincial Revenue Fund; "School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant" means the School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 6; "Technical Secondary Schools Recapitalisation Grant" means the Technical Secondary Schools Recapitalisation Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 5; "this Act" includes any framework or allocation published, or any regulation 55 made in terms of this Act; "transferring national officer" means the accounting officer of a national department that transfers a Schedule 4, 5 or 7 allocation to a province or municipality or spends a Schedule 6 allocation on behalf of a province or municipality;

"Urban Settlements Development Grant" means the Urban Settlements Development Grant referred to in Part B of Schedule 4.

(a) a national or provincial department, the year ending 31 March 2015; or

"next financial year" means, in relation to-

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in section 21(2) of the Public Finance Management Act and which the 20

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(2) Any approval, certification, decision, determination, instruction, notification or request in terms of this Act must be in writing.

Objects of Act

2. The objects of this Act are to—

- (*a*) provide for the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the three 5 spheres of government;
- (*b*) promote predictability and certainty in respect of all allocations to provinces and municipalities, in order that provinces and municipalities may plan their budgets over a multi-year period and thereby promote better coordination between policy, planning and budgeting;
- (c) promote transparency and accountability in the resource allocation process, by ensuring that all allocations are reflected on the budgets of provinces and municipalities and by ensuring that the expenditure of conditional allocations is reported on by the receiving provincial departments and municipalities.

CHAPTER 2

EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS

Equitable division of revenue raised nationally among spheres of government

3. (1) Revenue raised nationally in respect of the financial year must be divided among the national, provincial and local spheres of government for their equitable share allocations as set out in Column A of Schedule 1.

(2) An envisaged division of revenue anticipated to be raised in respect of the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year, and which is subject to the provisions of the annual Division of Revenue Acts for those financial years, is set out in Column B of Schedule 1.

Equitable division of provincial share among provinces

4. (1) Each province's equitable share of the provincial share of revenue raised nationally in respect of the financial year is set out in Column A of Schedule 2.

(2) An envisaged division for each province of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally in respect of the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year, and which is subject to the annual Division of Revenue Acts for those financial years, is set out in 30 Column B of Schedule 2.

(3) The National Treasury must transfer each province's equitable share allocation referred to in subsection (1) to the corporation for public deposits account of the province, in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of section 22.

Equitable division of local government share among municipalities

5. (1) Each municipality's share of local government's equitable share of revenue raised nationally in respect of the financial year is set out in Column A of Schedule 3.

(2) An envisaged division between municipalities of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally in respect of the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year, and which is subject to the annual Division of Revenue Acts for those financial years, is set out in 40 Column B of Schedule 3.

(3) The National Treasury must transfer each municipality's equitable share referred to in subsection (1) to the primary bank account of the municipality in three transfers on 5 July 2013, 29 November 2013 and 21 March 2014, in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of section 22.

Shortfalls and excess revenue

6. (1) If the actual revenue raised nationally in respect of the financial year falls short of the anticipated revenue set out in Column A of Schedule 1, the national government bears the shortfall.

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(2) If the actual revenue raised nationally in respect of the financial year exceeds the anticipated revenue set out in Column A of Schedule 1, the excess accrues to the national government, and may be used to reduce borrowing or pay debt as part of its share of revenue raised nationally.

(3) A portion of national government's equitable share or excess revenue envisaged in 5 subsection (2), may be appropriated through the applicable legislation envisaged in section 12 of the Money Bills Amendment Procedure and Related Matters Act, 2009 (Act No. 9 of 2009), to make further allocations to—

(a) national departments; or

(b) provinces or municipalities, as a conditional or an unconditional allocation. 10

CHAPTER 3

CONDITIONAL ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES AND MUNICIPALITIES

Part 1

Conditional allocations

Conditional allocations to provinces

7. (1) Conditional allocations to provinces for the financial year from the national government's share of revenue raised nationally are set out in—

- (*a*) Part A of Schedule 4, specifying allocations to provinces to supplement the funding of programmes or functions funded from provincial budgets;
- (b) Part A of Schedule 5, specifying specific-purpose allocations to provinces; 20(c) Part A of Schedule 6, specifying allocations-in-kind to provinces for
- designated special programmes; and
- (d) Part A of Schedule 7, specifying funds that are not allocated to specific provinces, that may be released to provinces to fund disaster response within a period from three days up to three months following a declared disaster in 25 terms of the conditions of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002).

(2) An envisaged division of conditional allocations to provinces from the national government's share of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally for the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year, which is subject to the annual Division of Revenue 30 Acts for those years, is set out in Column B of the Schedules referred to in subsection (1).

(3) (*a*) The Health Facility Revitalisation Grant consists of the Health Infrastructure Grant Component, the Hospital Revitalisation Grant Component and Nursing Colleges and Schools Grant Component.

(b) The national transferring officer must submit proposed allocations per grant component for each province to the National Treasury for approval and publication in terms of paragraph (c).

(c) The National Treasury must, within 14 days after this Act takes effect, publish by notice in the *Gazette* the allocations per grant component for every province.

(d) Subject to such conditions as the National Treasury may determine, the National Treasury may, on request of the national transferring officer, or in its discretion after consultation with the national transferring officer, approve amendments to the allocations for a grant component for a province.

(e) The approval of an amendment in terms of paragraph (d) takes effect on the date 45 of the notification conveying the approval to the national transferring officer.

(f) The national transferring officer must, within 7 days after receipt of the notification referred to in paragraph (e), notify the affected receiving officer of the approval of an amendment in terms of paragraph (d).

(g) The National Treasury must, within 14 days after each quarter, publish by notice 50 in the *Gazette* all amendments approved in terms of paragraph (d) during that quarter.

Conditional allocations to municipalities

8. (1) Conditional allocations to local government in respect of the financial year from the national government's share of revenue raised nationally are set out in—

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- (*a*) Part B of Schedule 4, specifying allocations to municipalities to supplement the funding of functions funded from municipal budgets;
- (b) Part B of Schedule 5, specifying specific-purpose allocations to municipalities;
- (c) Part B of Schedule 6, specifying allocations-in-kind to municipalities for 5 designated special programmes; and
- (d) Part B of Schedule 7, specifying funds that are not allocated to specific municipalities, that may be released to local government or municipalities to fund disaster response within a period from three days up to three months following a declared disaster in terms of the conditions of the Disaster 10 Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002).

(2) An envisaged division of conditional allocations to local government from the national government's share of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally for the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year, which is subject to the annual Division of Revenue Acts for those years, is set out in Column B of the Schedules referred to in 15 subsection (1).

(3) Funding approved by the National Treasury for specific transport contracts for capital projects from the indicative allocations for the Public Transport Infrastructure Grant listed in Column B of Part B of Schedule 5, may not be altered downwards in the Division of Revenue Acts for the next financial and 2015/16 financial year.

(4) (*a*) A municipality may only with the approval of the National Treasury pledge, offer as security or commit to a person or institution any envisaged conditional allocation to the municipality for the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year, for the purpose of securing a loan or any other form of financial or other support from that person or institution. 25

(b) Before making a decision, the National Treasury must-

- (i) notify the relevant transferring national officer of the approval sought by a municipality and that the officer may submit comment to the National Treasury regarding the approval sought, within five working days after notification or such longer period as the National Treasury may approve; and
- (ii) consider any comment so submitted by the officer.

Part 2

Duties of accounting officers in respect of Schedule 4 to 7 allocations

Duties of transferring national officer in respect of Schedule 4 allocations

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9. (1) The transferring national officer of a Schedule 4 allocation is responsible for—

- (a) ensuring that transfers to all provinces and municipalities are-
 - (i) deposited only into the primary bank account of a province or municipality; and
 - (ii) made in accordance with the payment schedule approved in terms of 40 section 22, unless allocations are withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18;
- (b) monitoring financial and non-financial performance information on programmes partially or fully funded by an allocation, other than the Urban Settlements Development Grant, in accordance with subsection (2) and the requirements of the applicable framework;
- (c) complying with the requirements of the applicable framework;
- (*d*) submitting a monthly provincial report on infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by the allocation within 30 days after the end of each month to the National Treasury, in the format determined by the National Treasury;
- (e) submitting a quarterly non-financial performance report within 45 days after the end of each quarter to the National Treasury in terms of the relevant framework; and
- (f) evaluating the performance of programmes funded or partially funded by the allocation and the submission of such evaluations to the National Treasury, 55 within four months in respect of a provincial department, and six months in respect of a municipality, after the end of the financial year.

(2) Any monitoring programme or system that is utilised to monitor financial and non-financial performance information on a programme partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation must-

- (i) be approved by the National Treasury;
- (ii) not impose any excessive administrative responsibility on receiving officers 5 beyond the provision of standard management information;
- be compatible and integrated with and not unnecessarily duplicate other relevant (iii) national, provincial and local systems; and
- (iv) support compliance with section 11(2).

Duties of transferring national officer in respect of Schedules 5 and 6 allocations 10

10. (1) A transferring national officer of a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation must—

- (a) not later than 14 days after this Act takes effect, certify to the National Treasury that-
 - (i) frameworks are reasonable and do not impose excessive administrative responsibility on receiving provincial departments and municipalities 15 beyond the provision of standard management information;
 - (ii) monitoring provisions are compatible and integrated with and do not duplicate other relevant national, provincial and local systems; and
 - (iii) in respect of a Schedule 5 allocation, any business plans requested in respect of how allocations will be utilised by a province or municipality, 20 as the case may be, have been approved before the start of the financial year.
- (b) in respect of Schedule 5 allocations-
 - (i) transfer funds only after receipt of all information required in terms of this Act and submission of all relevant information to the National 25 Treasury:
 - (ii) transfer funds only in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of section 22; and
 - (iii) deposit funds only into the primary bank account of a province or municipality; and
- (c) ensure that all other provisions of this Act and the relevant framework for the particular allocation necessary for the transfer of an allocation are complied with

(2) The transferring national officer must submit all relevant information and documentation referred to in subsection (1)(a) to the National Treasury within 14 days 35 after this Act takes effect.

(3) A transferring national officer who has not complied with subsection (1), must transfer the allocation in the manner instructed by the National Treasury, including transferring the allocation as an unconditional allocation.

(4) Before making the first transfer of any allocation in terms of subsection (1)(b), the 40 transferring national officer must take note of any notice in terms of section 30(1)containing the details of the relevant primary bank accounts.

(5) The transferring national officer of a Schedule 5 allocation to a municipality is responsible for monitoring financial and non-financial performance information on programmes funded by the allocation.

(6) Any transferring national officer of a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation must, as part of the reporting envisaged in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, submit information, in the format determined by the National Treasury, for the month in question, and for the financial year up to the end of that month, on-

- (a) the amount of funds transferred to a province or municipality;
- (b) the amount of funds withheld or stopped from any province or municipality, the reasons for the withholding or stopping and the steps taken by the transferring national officer and the receiving officer to deal with the matters or causes that necessitated the withholding or stopping of the payment;
- (c) the actual expenditure incurred by the province or municipality in respect of 55 a Schedule 5 allocation;
- (d) the actual expenditure incurred by the transferring national officer in respect of a Schedule 6 allocation;
- (e) any matter or information that may be required by the relevant framework for the particular allocation; and
- (f) such other matters as the National Treasury may determine.

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(7) A transferring national officer must submit to the National Treasury—

- (*a*) a monthly provincial report on infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by the Health Facility Revitalisation Grant or Technical Secondary Schools Recapitalisation Grant within 30 days after the end of each month, in the format determined by the National Treasury; and
- (*b*) a quarterly performance report of all programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation within 45 days after the end of each quarter, in accordance with the requirements of the relevant framework.

(8) The transferring national officer must evaluate the performance of all programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation and submit such evaluations to 10 the National Treasury, within four months in respect of a provincial department, and six months in respect of a municipality, after the end of the financial year.

(9) The transferring national officer for the Human Settlements Development Grant must—

- (a) in consultation with the receiving officer and the National Treasury, determine 15 the allocations for the financial year and the indicative allocations for the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year from the Human Settlements Development Grant for each municipality that has level one or two accreditation;
- (*b*) submit the allocations and indicative allocations to the National Treasury not 20 later than 28 days after this Act takes effect; and
- (c) publish by notice in the *Gazette* the allocations and indicative allocations within 14 days after the submission thereof to the National Treasury.

Duties of receiving officer in respect of Schedule 4 allocations

- **11.** (1) The receiving officer of a Schedule 4 allocation is responsible for— 25
 - (a) complying with the relevant framework for the Schedule 4 allocation; and (b) the manner in which the Schedule 4 allocation received from a national
 - (b) the manner in which the Schedule 4 allocation received from a national transferring officer is allocated and spent.
- (2) The receiving officer of a municipality must—
 - (a) ensure and certify to the National Treasury that the municipality—
 (i) indicates each programme partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation in its annual budget and that the Schedule 4 allocation is specifically and exclusively appropriated in that budget according to the purpose of the allocation; and
 - (ii) makes public, in terms of section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act, the 35 conditions and other information in respect of the allocation, to facilitate performance measurement and the use of required inputs and outputs; and
 - (b) when submitting the municipality's statements in terms of section 71 of the Municipal Finance Management Act for September 2013, December 2013, 40 March 2014 and June 2014, report to the transferring national officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury—
 - (i) in respect of the Urban Settlements Development Grant, on financial performance against the measures defined in its service delivery and budget implementation plan; and
 - (ii) in respect of any other Schedule 4 allocation, on financial performance of programmes partially or fully funded by the allocation; and
 - (c) within 30 days after the end of each quarter, report to the transferring national officer and the National Treasury—
 - (i) in respect of the Urban Settlements Development Grant, on non-financial 50 performance for that quarter against the measures defined in its service delivery and budget implementation plan; and
 - (ii) in respect of any other Schedule 4 allocation, on non-financial performance of programmes partially or fully funded by the allocation.

(3) The National Treasury must make the report submitted to it in terms of subsection 55 (2)(b) or (c) available to any other national departments that have responsibilities relating to the allocation.

(4) The receiving officer in a province must submit to the relevant provincial treasury and the transferring national officer—

(a) as part of the report required in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance 60 Management Act, reports on financial and non-financial performance of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation;

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- (b) a quarterly non-financial performance report of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation within 30 days after the end of each quarter; and
- (c) a monthly provincial report on infrastructure programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation within 15 days after the end of each month, 5 in the format determined by the National Treasury.

(5) The receiving officer must report on programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation against the relevant framework in its annual financial statements and annual report.

(6) (*a*) The receiving officer must, within two months after the end of the financial 10 year, evaluate the financial and non-financial performance of the province or municipality, as the case may be, in respect of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation and submit such evaluation to the transferring national officer and the relevant provincial treasury.

(b) A municipality that receives the Urban Settlements Development Grant must 15 report financial and non-financial performance information against its capital budget in terms of section 71 of the Municipal Finance Management Act.

(c) The reporting on performance with respect to the Urban Settlements Development Grant must be based on the infrastructure budget and service delivery and budget implementation plan of the municipality concerned.

Duties of receiving officer in respect of Schedule 5 or 7 allocations

12. (1) The receiving officer of a Schedule 5 or 7 allocation must ensure compliance with the relevant framework.

(2) The relevant receiving officer must, in respect of a Schedule 5 or 7 allocation transferred to—

- (a) a province, as part of the report required in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, report on the matters referred to in subsection (3) and submit a copy of that report to the relevant provincial treasury and the transferring national officer;
- (b) a municipality, as part of the report required in terms of section 71 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, report on the matters referred to in subsection (4) and submit a copy of that report to the relevant provincial treasury, the National Treasury and the relevant transferring national officer; and
- (c) a province or a municipality, submit a quarterly non-financial performance report within 30 days after the end of each quarter to the transferring national officer and the relevant provincial treasury.

(3) A report for a province in terms of subsection (2)(a) must set out for that month and for the financial year up to the end of that month—

- (a) the amount received by the province;
- (b) the amount of funds stopped or withheld from the province;
- (c) the actual expenditure by the province in respect of Schedule 5 and 7 allocations;
- (d) the amount transferred to any national or provincial public entity to implement a programme funded by a Schedule 5 allocation on behalf of a province or to assist the province in implementing such a programme;45
- (e) the available figures regarding the expenditure by a public entity referred to in paragraph (d);
- (f) the extent of compliance with this Act and with the conditions of an allocation provided for in a framework, based on the available information at the time of reporting;
- (g) an explanation of any material problems experienced by the province regarding an allocation which has been received and a summary of the steps taken to deal with such problems;
- (*h*) any matter or information that may be prescribed in the relevant framework for the particular allocation; and
- (*i*) such other issues and information as the National Treasury may determine.

(4) A report for a municipality in terms of subsection (2)(b) must set out for that month and for the financial year up to the end of that month—

- (a) the amount received by the municipality;
- (b) the amount of funds stopped or withheld from the municipality;

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- (c) the extent of compliance with this Act and with the conditions of an allocation or part of an allocation provided for in a framework;
- (*d*) an explanation of any material problems experienced by the municipality regarding an allocation which has been received and a summary of the steps taken to deal with such problems;
- (e) any matter or information that may be determined in the relevant framework for the particular allocation; and
- (f) such other matter and information as the National Treasury may determine.

(5) A receiving officer must, within two months after the end of the financial year, evaluate the performance in respect of programmes or functions partially or fully funded 10 by an allocation and submit such evaluation to the transferring national officer and the relevant provincial treasury.

(6) The receiving officer of the Human Settlements Development Grant must, in consultation with the transferring national officer, publish in the *Gazette* within 14 days after this Act takes effect, the planned expenditure from the Human Settlements 15 Development Grant, for the financial year, the next financial and the 2015/16 financial year per municipality with level one or level two accreditation, separately indicating the expenditure to be undertaken directly by the province, and transfers to each municipality.

Duties of receiving officer in respect of infrastructure conditional allocations to 20 provinces

13. (1) The receiving officer of the Education Infrastructure Grant, Health Facility Revitalisation Grant or Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant must—

- (a) within 14 days after this Act takes effect, publish in the provincial *Gazette* a list of infrastructure projects for education, health and roads that will require 25 full or partial funding from conditional allocations from the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year, in the format determined by the National Treasury;
- (b) within seven days after the publication, submit the published list to the national transferring officer and the National Treasury; and
- (c) publish in the provincial *Gazette* any amendment to the list and submit it to the national transferring officer, the provincial treasury and the National Treasury.

(2) The receiving officer of the Education Infrastructure Grant, Health Facility Revitalisation Grant or Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant must—

- (a) within 14 days after this Act takes effect or another date approved by the 35 National Treasury, submit to the transferring national officer and the National Treasury, the approved organisational structure of the affected provincial department that—
 - (i) complies with the Public Service Act, 1994 (Proclamation No. 103 of 1994), applicable to infrastructure delivery in the sector; and
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 - (ii) includes an indication of the number of—
 (aa) posts per profession and the highest educational qualifications of
 the incumbent and ware of averaging in the monocement on
 - (a) possible projection and the inglish educational qualifications of the incumbent and years of experience in the management or operationalisation of infrastructure in the public sector; and
 (bb) vacancies and existing positions filled;
- (b) report on all infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by the grant to the transferring national officer and the National Treasury in the format determined by the National Treasury;
- (c) maintain a database of every contract that is fully or partially funded by the grant and, if the contract is above the prescribed tender value, ensure that it is 50 recorded in the register of projects in terms of section 22(3) of the Construction Industry Development Board Act, 2000 (Act No. 38 of 2000);
- (d) ensure that infrastructure projects comply with construction industry best practise standards and guidelines, as identified and approved by the National Treasury; and
- (e) within two months after the end of the financial year—
 - (i) evaluate the financial and non-financial performance of the province in respect of programmes partially or fully funded by the grant based on the infrastructure budget of the province; and
 - (ii) submit the evaluation to the transferring national officer, the relevant 60 provincial treasury and the National Treasury.

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Duties in respect of annual financial statements and annual reports for 2013/14

14. (1) The 2013/14 financial statements of a national department responsible for transferring an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation—

- (a) indicate the total amount of that allocation transferred to a province or 5 municipality;
- (b) indicate any transfer withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18 in respect of each province or municipality;
- (c) indicate any reallocations by the National Treasury in terms of section 19;
- (*d*) certify that all transfers to a province or municipality were deposited into the 10 primary bank account of a province or municipality; and
- (e) indicate the funds, if any, utilised for the administration of the allocation by the receiving officer.

(2) The 2013/14 annual report of a national department responsible for transferring an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other 15 legislation indicate—

- (*a*) the reasons for the withholding or stopping of any transfers to a province or municipality in terms of section 17 or 18;
- (b) to what extent provinces or municipalities were monitored for compliance with this Act;

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- (c) to what extent the allocation achieved its objectives and outputs; and
- (d) any non-compliance with this Act, and the steps taken to address such non-compliance.

(3) The 2013/14 financial statements of a provincial department responsible for receiving an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any 25 other legislation—

- (a) indicate the total amount of all allocations received;
- (b) indicate the total amount of actual expenditure on all allocations except Schedule 4 allocations; and
- (c) certify that all transfers of allocations in Schedule 4, 5 and 7 to the province 30 were deposited into the primary bank account of the province.

(4) The 2013/14 annual report of a provincial department receiving an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation—

- (a) indicate to what extent the provincial department complied with this Act;
- (b) indicate the steps taken to address non-compliance with this Act;
- (c) indicate the extent to which the objectives and outputs of the allocation were achieved;
- (*d*) contain any other information that may be specified in the relevant framework for the allocation; and
- (e) contain such other information as the National Treasury may determine.

(5) The 2013/14 financial statements and annual report of a municipality receiving an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must be prepared in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act.

(6) The National Treasury may determine how transferring departments and receiving municipalities report on allocations to municipalities on a quarterly basis, to facilitate 45 the audit of allocations for the financial year.

Part 3

Matters relating to Schedule 4 to 7 allocations

Publication of allocations and frameworks

15. (1) The National Treasury must, within 14 days after this Act takes effect, publish 50 by notice in the *Gazette*—

- (a) the allocations per municipality for Part B of Schedule 5 allocations;
- (b) the indicative allocations per municipality for Part B of Schedule 6 allocations; and
- (c) the framework for each allocation in Schedules 4 to 7.

(2) For purposes of correcting an error or omission in an allocation or framework published in terms of subsection (1), the National Treasury must—

- (a) after consultation with or at the written request of a transferring national officer; and
- (b) in the case of a proposed amendment of a framework, after submitting the proposed amendment to Parliament for comment for a period of 14 days when Parliament is in session,

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by notice in the Gazette amend the affected allocation or framework.

(3) An amendment in terms of subsection (2) takes effect on the date of publication of the notice in the Gazette.

Expenditure in terms of purpose and subject to conditions

16. (1) Despite anything to the contrary in any other legislation, an allocation referred 10 to in Schedules 4 to 7 may only be utilised for the purpose stipulated in the Schedule concerned and in accordance with the applicable framework.

(2) A receiving officer may not transfer any Schedule 5 allocation thereof to any other entity or other sphere of government for the performance of a function envisaged in terms of the allocation, unless the receiving officer and that entity or other sphere of 15 government, with the approval of the National Treasury, agreed to a payment schedule and-

- (a) it is a transfer that is approved in the budget of the receiving provincial department or municipality or the applicable framework;
- (b) it is a payment for services rendered or goods received, which services or 20 goods were procured in accordance with the supply chain management policy or procurement policy of the relevant province or municipality and for which adequate documentation for payment has been received; or
- (c) in the case of an advance payment or a transfer which is not consistent with the budget of the receiving provincial department or municipality-
 - (i) the receiving officer has certified to the National Treasury that the transfer is not an attempt to artificially inflate its expenditure estimates and that there are good reasons for the advance payment or transfer; and

(ii) the National Treasury has approved the advance payment or transfer.

(3) For purposes of the implementation of a Schedule 6 allocation to a municipality— 30

- (a) Eskom Holdings Limited may receive funds directly from the transferring national officer of the Department of Energy;
- (b) a water board, as defined in section 1 of the Water Services Act, 1997 (Act No. 108 of 1997), may receive funds directly from the transferring national officer of the Department of Water Affairs or the Department of Human Settlements. 35

(4) (a) For purposes of the Human Settlements Development Grant, a receiving officer and a municipality with level one, two or three accreditation as at 1 April 2013, must, by the date determined by the National Treasury, comply with subsection (2) by-

(i) entering into a payment schedule; and

(ii) submitting the payment schedule to the National Treasury for approval. (b) If a municipality receives accreditation after 1 April 2013, the National Treasury

may approve that paragraph (a) applies.

(c) If the transfer of the Human Settlements Development Grant to a municipality with level three accreditation is withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18, the receiving officer must request the National Treasury to amend the payment schedule in 45 terms of section 23.

(5) If a function fully or partially funded by the Human Settlements Development Grant is assigned by a province to a municipality having a level 3 accreditation, as envisaged in section 10 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000)-

- (a) funds from that Grant for the province for the function must be stopped in terms of section 18 and reallocated in terms of section 19 to the municipality which has been assigned the function;
- (b) any project or contract regarding the function must, if possible, be finalised by the province before the date the function is assigned and, if not finalised, the 55 province must notify the relevant municipality and the National Treasury;
- (c) any project or contract regarding the function not finalised at the date at which the function is assigned, must be subjected to an external audit and the province and the municipality must enter into an agreement to cede to the municipality all contracts related to the function;

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- (d) money that is retained by the province for any contract related to the function that is not ceded to the municipality must be spent by 31 March 2014 and will not be available in terms of section 30 of the Public Finance Management Act or section 28(6)(c); and
- (e) the receiving officer of the province must submit to the national transferring 5 officer and the National Treasury a list of liabilities attached to the function, that were not transferred to the municipality within seven days after the function is assigned to provide for the adjustment of the applicable allocations.

(6) Subsection (5) applies, with the necessary changes, if a function that is fully or 10 partially funded by the Public Transport Operations Grant, is assigned by a province to a municipality, as envisaged in section 10 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000.

(7) A project funded by the Human Settlements Development Grant that is initiated after 1 April 2013, must be done in terms of an agreement with the municipality and 15 aligned to the allocations for the municipality in the applicable framework.

Withholding of allocation

17. (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), a transferring national officer may withhold the transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or any portion thereof, for a period not exceeding 30 days, if-

- (a) the province or municipality does not comply with any provision of this Act;
- (b) roll-overs of conditional allocations approved by the National Treasury in terms of section 21 have not been spent; or
- (c) expenditure on previous transfers during the financial year reflects significant under-expenditure, for which no satisfactory explanation is given.

(2) If an allocation is withheld in terms of subsection (1), it suspends the applicable payment schedule approved in terms of section 22(3) until it is amended in terms of section 23(1).

(3) The amount withheld in terms of this section in the case of the Health Professions Training and Development Grant and the National Tertiary Services Grant listed in 30 Part A of Schedule 4 may not exceed five per cent of the next transfer as contained in the relevant payment schedule.

(4) A transferring national officer must, at least seven working days before withholding an allocation in terms of subsection (1)-

- (a) give the relevant receiving officer-
 - (i) notice of the intention to withhold the allocation; and
 - (ii) an opportunity to submit written representations as to why the allocation should not be withheld; and
- (b) inform the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury, and in respect of any conditional allocation to a municipality, also the provincial 40 department responsible for local government.

(5) A notice envisaged in subsection (4) must include the reasons for withholding the allocation and the intended duration of the withholding to inform the amendment of the payment schedule in terms of section 23.

(6) (a) The National Treasury may instruct, or approve a request from, the transferring 45national officer to withhold an allocation in terms of subsection (1) for a period longer than 30 days, but not exceeding 120 days, if the withholding will-

- facilitate compliance with this Act; or (i)
- minimise the risk of under-spending. (ii)

(b) When requesting the withholding of an allocation in terms of this subsection, a 50 transferring national officer must submit to the National Treasury proof of compliance with subsection (4) and any representations received from the receiving officer.

(c) The transferring national officer must again comply with subsection (4) when the National Treasury instructs or approves a request by the transferring national officer in terms of paragraph (a).

Stopping of allocation

18. (1) Despite section 17, the National Treasury may, in its discretion or at the request of a transferring national officer, or a receiving officer, stop the transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or a portion thereof, to a province or municipality-

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- (a) on the grounds of persistent and material non-compliance with this Act;
- (b) if the National Treasury anticipates that a province or municipality will substantially under-spend on that programme or allocation in the financial year;
- (c) if a function is assigned from a province to a municipality, as envisaged in 5 section 10 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000; or
- (d) if a province implementing an infrastructure project does not comply with construction industry best practise standards and guidelines, as identified and approved by the National Treasury.

(2) Except where a function is assigned from a province to a municipality, the 10 National Treasury must, before stopping an allocation in terms of this section—

(a) comply with section 17(4)(a), and in respect of a municipality, also with section 38 of the Municipal Finance Management Act; and

(b) inform the relevant provincial treasury of its intention to stop the allocation.

(3) The National Treasury must give notice in the *Gazette* of the stopping of an 15 allocation in terms of this section and include in the notice the effective date of, and reason for, the stopping.

(4) (a) The National Treasury may, by notice in the *Gazette*, approve that an allocation or any portion of such allocation stopped in terms of this section, be utilised to meet any outstanding statutory or contractual financial commitment of the province or municipality in question.

(b) The utilisation of funds envisaged in this subsection is a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund.

Reallocation of funds

19. (1) (*a*) When a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation or a portion thereof is stopped in terms 25 of section 18, the National Treasury may, after consultation with the transferring national officer and the relevant provincial treasury, determine that the allocation or a portion thereof be reallocated, as the same type of allocation as it was allocated originally, to one or more provinces or municipalities, on condition that the allocation must be spent in the financial year or the next financial year. 30

- (b) The National Treasury must-
- (i) give notice in the *Gazette* of a reallocation; and
- (ii) provide a copy of the notice to the transferring national officer and each affected receiving officer.

(c) The reallocation of an allocation or a portion thereof on condition that it must be 35 spent in the next financial year, must be regarded as a roll-over approved by the National Treasury in terms of section 21(2), and any regulations regarding the process for roll-overs, made in terms of section 76 of the Public Finance Management Act, do not apply.

(2) (a) When an intervention in terms of section 100 or 139 of the Constitution or 40 section 137, 139 or 150 of the Municipal Finance Management Act takes place, the National Treasury may, despite subsection (1) and on such conditions as it may determine, authorise, in relation to—

- (i) section 100 of the Constitution, the transferring national officer to spend an allocation stopped in terms of section 18 on behalf of the relevant province;
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- section 139 of the Constitution or sections 137 and 139 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the intervening province to spend an allocation stopped in terms of section 18 on behalf of the relevant municipality; or
- section 150 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the relevant transferring national officer to spend an allocation stopped in terms of section 18 on behalf of 50 the relevant municipality.

(b) An allocation that is spent by the transferring national officer or intervening province referred to in paragraph (a) must, for the purposes of this Act, be regarded as a Schedule 6 allocation from the date on which the authorisation is given.

(3) When a function is assigned by a province to a municipality, as envisaged in 55 section 10 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000), the National Treasury must, after consultation with the transferring national officer, determine the portion of the allocation to be reallocated in terms of subsection (1).

(4) (*a*) If it is unlikely that a conditional allocation related to infrastructure in 60 Schedule 4, 5 or 6, or a portion thereof, will be spent by the end of the financial year, the

National Treasury may, after consultation with the national transferring officer and the national department responsible for local government, authorise that any part of the likely unspent portion of the allocation be reallocated to pay for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of infrastructure damage caused by a disaster.

(*b*) The reallocated funds must be utilised in the financial year and for the same 5 conditional allocation and the same province or municipality to which the allocation was originally made.

(c) The national transferring officer must determine the conditions for spending the reallocated funds, after consultation with the national department responsible for local government and with the approval of the National Treasury.

Conversion of allocations

20. (1) If satisfied that—

- (*a*) the conversion will prevent under-expenditure or improve the level of service delivery on the allocation in question; and
- (b) the affected national or provincial department or municipality has demon- 15 strated the capacity to implement projects,

the National Treasury may, in its discretion or at the request of the transferring national officer and the affected receiving officer, convert any portion of—

- (i) an allocation listed in Part B of Schedule 5 to one listed in Part B of Schedule 6;
- (ii) an allocation listed in Part B of Schedule 6 to one listed in Part B of Schedule 5; 20
 (iii) the School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant to the Education Infrastructure Grant; or
- (iv) the National Health Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 6 to the relevant component of the Health Facility Revitalisation Grant or the National Health Insurance Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 5.

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(2) Any portion of an allocation converted in terms of subsection (1) must be utilised for the same province or municipality to which the allocation was originally made.

(3) The National Treasury must—

- (a) give notice in the Gazette of a conversion in terms of subsection (1); and
- (b) provide a copy of the notice to the transferring national officer and each 30 affected receiving officer.

(4) A conversion in terms of subsection (1) takes effect on the date of publication of the notice in terms of subsection (3)(a).

Unspent conditional allocations

21. (1) Despite anything to the contrary in the Public Finance Management Act or the 35 Municipal Finance Management Act, any conditional allocation, or a portion thereof, that is not spent at the end of the financial year reverts to the National Revenue Fund, unless the roll-over of the allocation is approved in terms of subsection (2).

(2) The National Treasury may, at the request of a transferring national officer, receiving officer or provincial treasury, approve a roll-over of a conditional allocation to 40 the next financial year if the unspent funds are committed to identifiable projects.

(3) (a) The receiving officer must ensure that any funds that must revert to the National Revenue Fund in terms of subsection (1), are paid into that Fund.

- (b) The receiving officer must—
- (i) in the case of a provincial department, request the rollover of unspent funds 45 through its provincial treasury; and
- (ii) inform the transferring national officer of all processes regarding the request.

(4) The National Treasury may, in accordance with subsection (5), offset any funds which must revert to the National Revenue Fund in terms of subsection (1), but which have not yet been paid into that Fund—

- (a) in the case of a province, against future advances for conditional allocations to that province; or
- (*b*) in the case of a municipality, against future advances for the equitable share or conditional allocations to that municipality.

(5) Before any funds are offset in terms of subsection (4), the National Treasury must 55 give the relevant transferring national officer, province or municipality—

(a) notice of the intention to offset amounts against future advances for allocations; and

- (b) an opportunity, within 14 days of receipt of the notice, to—
 - (i) submit written representations and other written proof that the allocation, or a portion thereof, was either spent in terms of the relevant framework or is committed to identifiable projects;
 - (ii) propose alternative means acceptable to the National Treasury by which 5 the unspent allocations can be paid into the National Revenue Fund; and
 - (iii) propose an alternative payment schedule in terms of which the unspent allocations will be paid into the National Revenue Fund.

(6) A notice referred to in subsection (5) must include the intended amount to be offset against allocations and the reasons for offsetting the amounts.

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Part 4

Matters relating to Schedule 1 to 7 allocations

Payment schedule

22. (1) (*a*) The National Treasury must, after consultation with the accounting officer of the provincial treasury, determine the payment schedule for the transfer of a 15 province's equitable share allocation.

(b) In determining the payment schedule, the National Treasury must take into account the monthly expenditure commitments of provinces and seek to minimise risk and debt servicing costs for national and provincial government.

(c) Despite paragraph (a), the National Treasury may, for cash management purposes 20 relating to the corporation for public deposits account or when an intervention in terms of section 100 of the Constitution takes place, on such conditions as it may determine, advance funds to a province in respect of its equitable share or a portion of it which has not yet fallen due for transfer in terms of the payment schedule.

(d) Any advances in terms of paragraph (c) must be offset against transfers to the 25 province which would otherwise become due in terms of the payment schedule.

(2) (a) The National Treasury must, after consultation with the accounting officer of the national department responsible for local government, determine the payment schedule for the transfer of a municipality's equitable share allocation.

(b) Despite paragraph (a), National Treasury may approve a request or direct that the 30 equitable share or a portion of the equitable share which has not yet fallen due for transfer in terms of the payment schedule, be advanced to a municipality—

- (i) after consultation with the accounting officer of the national department responsible for local government;
- (ii) for purposes of cash management in the municipality or an intervention in terms 35 of section 139 of the Constitution or section 137, 139 or 150 of the Municipal Finance Management Act; and

(iii) on such conditions as it may determine.

(c) Any advances in terms of paragraph (b) must be offset against transfers to the municipality which would otherwise become due in terms of the payment schedule.

(3) (a) Subject to section 27(1), the National Treasury must, within 14 days after this Act takes effect, approve the payment schedule for the transfer of an allocation listed in Schedule 4 or 5 to a province or municipality.

(b) The transferring national officer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation must submit a payment schedule to the National Treasury for approval before the first transfer is made. 45

(c) Before the submission of a payment schedule in terms of paragraph (b), the transferring national officer must, in relation to—

(i) a Schedule 4 allocation, consult the relevant receiving officer; and

(ii) a Schedule 5 allocation, consult the relevant province or municipality.

(d) The National Treasury must determine the requirements regarding payment 50 schedules for the transfer of allocations listed in Schedule 6.

(4) The transferring national officer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation must provide the receiving officer and the relevant provincial treasury with a copy of the approved payment schedule before making the first transfer in terms thereof.

(5) The transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation to a municipality must accord with the 55 financial year.

Amendment of payment schedule

23. (1) (*a*) Subject to subsection (2), a transferring national officer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation must, within seven days of the withholding or stopping of an allocation in terms of section 17 or 18, submit an amended payment schedule to the National Treasury for approval.

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(b) No transfers may be made until the National Treasury has approved the amended payment schedule.

(2) For purposes of better debt and cash-flow management or addressing financial mismanagement or financial misconduct or slow or accelerated expenditure, the National Treasury may amend any payment schedule for an allocation listed in Schedule 10 2, 3, 4 or 5, after notifying, in the case of—

- (*a*) an allocation to a province, the accounting officer of the provincial treasury in question;
- (b) an allocation to a municipality, the accounting officer of the national department responsible for local government;
- (c) a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, the relevant transferring national officer.

(3) A payment schedule amended in terms of subsection (1) or (2) must take into account—

- (a) the monthly expenditure commitments of provinces or municipalities;
- (b) the revenue at the disposal of provinces or municipalities; and
- (c) the minimisation of risk and debt servicing costs for all three spheres of government.

(4) The transferring national officer must immediately inform the receiving officer of any amendment to a payment schedule in accordance with subsection (1) or (2).

CHAPTER 4

MATTERS RELATING TO ALL ALLOCATIONS

Transfers made in error or fraudulently

24. (1) Despite anything to the contrary in any legislation, the transfer of an allocation that is an overpayment to a province, municipality or public entity, made in error or fraudulently, is regarded as not legally due to that province, municipality or public 30 entity, as the case may be.

(2) The responsible transferring national officer must, without delay, recover an overpayment referred to subsection (1), unless an instruction has been issued in terms of subsection (3).

(3) The National Treasury may instruct that the recovery referred to in subsection (2) 35 be effected by set-off against future transfers to the affected province, municipality or public entity in terms of a payment schedule.

New allocations during financial year and Schedule 7 allocations

25. (1) If further allocations are made to provinces or municipalities, as envisaged in terms of section 6(3), the National Treasury must, before the transfer of any funds to a 40 province or municipality, by notice in the *Gazette* and as applicable—

- (a) amend any allocation or framework published in terms of section 15(1), as amended in terms of section 15(2);
- (b) publish the allocation per municipality for any new Part B of Schedule 5 allocation or the indicative allocation per municipality for any new Part B of 45 Schedule 6 allocation; or

(c) publish a framework for any new Schedule 4, 5, 6 or 7 allocation.

(2) Section 15(2) and (3) applies with the necessary changes to allocations and frameworks published in terms of subsection (1).

(3) (*a*) The transferring national officer may, with the approval of the National 50 Treasury, transfer a Schedule 7 allocation to a province or municipality.

(b) The transferring national officer must notify the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury within 14 days of a transfer of a Schedule 7 allocation to a province or municipality.

(c) The National Treasury must publish a Schedule 7 allocation by notice in the 55 Gazette within 21 days after being notified in terms of paragraph (b).

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(d) Schedule 7 allocations must be appropriated either in the provincial adjustments appropriation legislation, municipal adjustments budgets or other appropriation legislation.

Preparations for next financial year and 2015/16 financial year

26. (1) (*a*) A category C municipality that receives a conditional allocation in terms of 5 this Act must, using the indicative conditional allocations to that municipality for the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year as set out in Column B of the Schedules to this Act, by 2 October 2013—

- (i) agree on the provisional allocations and the projects to be funded from those allocations in the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year with each 10 category B municipality within the category C municipality's area of jurisdiction; and
- (ii) submit to the transferring national officer-
 - (aa) the provisional allocations referred to in subparagraph (i); and
 - *(bb)* the projects referred to in subparagraph (i), listed per municipality to be 15 funded from the allocations for the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year.

(b) If a category C municipality and a category B municipality cannot agree on the
allocations and projects referred to in paragraph (a), the category C municipality must
request the relevant transferring national officer to facilitate agreement.20

(c) The transferring national officer must take all necessary steps to facilitate agreement as soon as possible, but no later than 60 days after receiving a request referred to in paragraph (b).

(d) Any proposed amendment or adjustment of the allocations that is intended to be published in terms of section 29(3)(b) must be agreed with the relevant category B 25 municipality, the transferring national officer and the National Treasury, before publication and the submission of the allocations referred to in paragraph (a)(ii).

(e) If agreement is not reached between the category C municipality and the category B municipality on the provisional allocations and projects referred to in paragraph (a) before 2 October 2013, the National Treasury may determine the provisional allocations 30 and provide those provisional allocations to the municipalities concerned and the transferring national officer.

(f) (i) The final allocations based on the provisional allocations referred to in paragraph (a)(i) and (ii) and (e) must be submitted to the National Treasury by 6 December 2013.

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(ii) If the transferring national officer fails to submit the allocations referred to in subparagraph (i) by 6 December 2013, the National Treasury may determine the appropriate allocations, taking into consideration the indicative allocations for the next financial year.

(2) (*a*) The transferring national officer of a conditional allocation, using the 40 indicative conditional allocations for the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year as set out in Column B of the Schedules to this Act, must, by 2 October 2013, submit to the National Treasury for approval—

- (i) the provisional allocations to each province or municipality in respect of new conditional allocations to be made in the next financial year;
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- (ii) any amendments to the indicative allocations for each province or municipality set out in Column B of the Schedules in respect of existing conditional allocations; and
- (iii) the draft frameworks for the allocations referred to in subparagraphs (i) and (ii) in the format to be determined by the National Treasury.

(b) Any proposed amendment or adjustment for the next financial year of the allocation criteria of an existing conditional allocation must be agreed with the National Treasury before the submission of the provisional allocations and draft frameworks referred to in paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii).

(c) If the transferring national officer fails to comply with paragraph (a) by 2 October 55 2013, the National Treasury may determine—

- (i) the provisional allocations in paragraph (a)(i);
- (ii) any amendments to the indicative allocations contemplated in paragraph (a)(ii); and
- (iii) the draft frameworks for the allocations referred to in paragraph (a)(iii), and 60 submit that information to the relevant provinces or municipalities.

(d) (i) The final allocations based on the provisional allocations referred to in paragraph (a)(i) and (ii) must be submitted to the National Treasury by 6 December 2013.

(ii) If the transferring national officer fails to submit the allocations referred to in subparagraph (i) by 6 December 2013, the National Treasury may determine the 5 appropriate allocations, taking into consideration the indicative allocations for the next financial year.

(3) The National Treasury may, in preparation for the next financial year, instruct transferring national officers and receiving officers to submit to it such plans and information for any conditional allocation as it may determine at specified times before 10 the start of the next financial year.

(4) (a) For purposes of the Education Infrastructure or Health Facility Revitalisation Grant in the 2015/16 financial year, the accounting officer of the relevant provincial department must, in the format determined by the National Treasury, submit to the national transferring officer and the National Treasury, by—

 (i) 5 July 2013, a document setting out the roles and responsibilities of the relevant provincial departments regarding infrastructure delivery, approved by the Executive Council of the province;

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- (ii) 26 July 2013, a user asset management plan for all infrastructure programmes for the financial, next financial and 2015/16 financial years; and 20
- (iii) 20 September 2013, an infrastructure programme management plan and construction procurement strategy for infrastructure programmes envisaged to commence in the 2015/16 financial year.

(*b*) The National Treasury must, by 6 December 2013, notify the national transferring officer and the affected provincial departments which infrastructure programmes and 25 projects it will propose for full or partial funding through the grant in the financial years in question.

Transfers before commencement of Division of Revenue Acts for 2013 and 2014

27. (1) If an amount of an allocation is transferred in terms of section 27 of the Division of Revenue Act, 2012, before this Act takes effect, the amount is, with the 30 changes required by the context, subject to the applicable framework for the 2012/13 financial year and the other requirements of the Division of Revenue Act, 2012, as if it is an amount of an allocation for the 2012/13 financial year.

(2) Despite sections 3(2), 7(2) and 8(2), if the annual Division of Revenue Act for the next financial year has not commenced before or on 1 April 2014, the National Treasury 35 may determine that an amount not exceeding 45 per cent of the total amount of each allocation made in terms of section 3(1), 7(1) or 8(1) be transferred to the relevant province or municipality as a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund.

(3) If an amount of an allocation, made in terms of section 7(1) or 8(1), is transferred in terms of subsection (2), the amount is, with the changes required by the context, 40 subject to the applicable framework for the 2013/14 financial year and the other requirements of this Act as if it is an amount of an allocation for the 2013/14 financial year.

CHAPTER 5

DUTIES AND POWERS OF MUNICIPALITIES, PROVINCIAL TREASURIES 45 AND NATIONAL TREASURY

Duties of municipalities

28. (1) (*a*) In addition to the requirements of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the accounting officer of a category C municipality must, within 14 days after this Act takes effect, submit to the National Treasury and all category B municipalities within 50 that municipality's area of jurisdiction, the budget, as tabled in accordance with section 16 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, for the 2013/14 financial year and the two following financial years.

(*b*) The budget must indicate all allocations from its equitable share and conditional allocations to be transferred to each category B municipality within the category C 55 municipality's area of jurisdiction and disclose the criteria for allocating funds between the category B municipalities.

(2) A category C municipality that is providing a municipal service must, before implementing any capital project for water, electricity, roads or any other municipal service, consult the category B municipalities within whose area of jurisdiction the project will be implemented, and agree in writing which municipality is responsible for the operational costs and the collection of user fees.

(3) A category C municipality must ensure that it does not duplicate a function currently performed by a category B municipality and must transfer funds for the provision of services, including basic services, to the relevant category B municipality that is providing municipal services, despite the fact that—

(a) the category C municipality retains the power or function in terms of the 10 Municipal Structures Act; and

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(b) a service delivery agreement for the provision of services by the category B municipality on behalf of the category C municipality has not been concluded.

(4) A category B municipality which is not authorised to perform a function in terms of the Municipal Structures Act may not extend the scope or type of services that it 15 currently provides, without—

- (*a*) entering into a service delivery agreement with the category C municipality which is authorised to perform the function in terms of the Municipal Structures Act; or
- (b) obtaining authorisation to perform the function in terms of the Municipal 20 Structures Act.

(5) (a) A category C municipality and a category B municipality must, before the commencement of a financial year, agree to a payment schedule in respect of the allocations referred to in subsection (1)(b) to be transferred to the category B municipality in that financial year, and the category C municipality must submit that 25 payment schedule to the National Treasury before the commencement of the financial year.

(b) A category C municipality must make transfers in accordance with the payment schedule submitted in terms of paragraph (a).

(6) (*a*) The National Treasury may withhold or stop any allocation to the category C 30 municipality and reallocate the allocation to the relevant category B municipalities if a category C municipality fails to—

- (i) make allocations referred to in subsection (1)(b);
- (ii) reach an agreement envisaged in subsection (2); or

(iii) submit a payment schedule in accordance with subsection (5)(a).

(b) Sections 17(3) and 18(3) and (4) of this Act and section 216 of the Constitution apply, with the necessary changes, to the withholding or stopping of an allocation in accordance with paragraph (a).

(c) The National Treasury may, where it stops an allocation in terms of this section, after consultation with the transferring national officer, determine that a portion of the 40 allocation that will not be spent, be reallocated to one or more municipalities, on condition that the allocation will be spent in the financial year or the next financial year.

(7) A municipality must ensure that any allocation made to it in terms of this Act, or by a province or another municipality, that is not reflected in its budget as tabled in accordance with section 16 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, is reflected in its budget to be considered for approval in accordance with section 24 of the Municipal Finance Management Act.

(8) A municipality with a level three accreditation for the Human Settlements Development Grant must—

- (*a*) ensure that it reports on financial and non-financial performance related to the 50 requirements specified in the relevant framework; and
- (*b*) submit the reports to the receiving officer, the transferring national officer and the National Treasury.

Duties and powers of provincial treasuries

29. (1) The provincial treasury must reflect allocations in Part A of Schedule 5 to the 55 province separately in the appropriation Bill of the province.

(2) (a) The provincial treasury must, on the same day that its budget is tabled in the provincial legislature, or a later date approved by the National Treasury, but not later than 14 days after this Act takes effect, publish by notice in the Gazette—

(i) the indicative allocation per municipality for every allocation to be made by the 60 province to municipalities from the province's own funds;

- (ii) the indicative allocation to be made per school and per hospital in the province;
- (iii) the indicative allocation to any national or provincial public entity for the implementation of a programme funded by an allocation in Part A of Schedule 5 on behalf of a province or for assistance provided to the province in implementing such a programme;
- (iv) the envisaged division of the allocation envisaged in subparagraphs (i) and (ii), in respect of each municipality, school and hospital, for the next financial year and the 2015/16 financial year;
- (v) the conditions and other information in respect of the allocations referred to in subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) to facilitate performance measurement and the 10 use of required inputs and outputs; and
- (vi) the budget of each school and each hospital in a format determined by the National Treasury.

(b) The allocations and budgets referred to in paragraph (a) must be regarded as final when the appropriation Act takes effect.

(c) If the provincial legislature amends its appropriation Bill, the provincial treasury must publish amended allocations and budgets by notice in the *Gazette* within 14 days after the appropriation Act takes effect, and those allocations and budget must be regarded as final.

(3) (a) Despite subsection (2) or any other legislation, a provincial treasury may, in 20 accordance with a framework determined by the National Treasury, amend the allocations referred to in subsection (2) or make additional allocations to municipalities that were not published in terms of subsection (1) or (2).

(b) Any amendments to the allocations published in terms of subsection (2)(a) or (c) must be published by notice in the *Gazette* not later than 14 February 2014 and takes 25 effect on the date of the publication.

(4) A provincial treasury must, as part of its report in terms of section 32(2) of the Public Finance Management Act, in the format determined by the National Treasury, report on—

- (a) actual transfers received by the province from national departments;
- (b) actual expenditure on such allocations, excluding Schedule 4 allocations, up to the end of that month;
- (c) actual transfers made by the province to municipalities or public entities, and actual expenditure by municipalities or public entities on such allocations, based on the latest information available from municipalities or public entities 35 at the time of reporting; and
- (*d*) financial and non-financial performance regarding the Education Infrastructure, Health Facility Revitalisation and Provincial Roads Maintenance Grants, received by the province, against its infrastructure budget.
- (5) (a) A provincial treasury must—
- (i) ensure that a payment schedule is agreed between each provincial department and receiving institution envisaged in subsection (2)(a);
- (ii) ensure that transfers are made promptly to the relevant receiving officer in terms of the agreed payment schedule; and
- (iii) submit the payment schedules to the National Treasury within 14 days after this 45 Act takes effect.

(b) If a provincial department and receiving institution do not agree to a payment schedule in time for submission to the National Treasury, the provincial treasury must, after consultation with the national transferring officer, determine the payment schedule.

(6) If a provincial treasury fails to make a transfer in terms of subsection (5)(b), the 50 relevant receiving officer may request the provincial treasury to immediately make the transfer or to provide written reasons within three working days as to why the transfer has not been made.

(7) If a provincial treasury fails to make the transfer requested by the receiving officer or provide reasons in terms of subsection (6), or the receiving officer disputes the 55 reasons provided by the provincial treasury as to why the transfer has not been made, the receiving officer may request the National Treasury to investigate the matter.

- (8) Upon a request in terms of subsection (7), the National Treasury must-
 - (a) consult the national transferring officer on the matter;
 - (b) investigate the matter, assess any reasons given by the provincial treasury as 60 to why the transfer was not made;

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- (c) direct the provincial treasury to immediately effect the transfer or provide reasons to the receiving officer confirming why the provincial treasury was correct in not making the transfer; and
- (d) advise the provincial treasury and the receiving officer as to what steps must be taken to ensure the transfer.

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Duties and powers of National Treasury

30. (1) The National Treasury must, within 14 days after this Act takes effect, submit a notice to all transferring national officers containing the details of the primary bank accounts of each province and municipality.

(2) The National Treasury must, together with the statement envisaged in section 10 32(2) of the Public Finance Management Act, publish a report on actual transfers of all allocations listed in Schedules 4, 5, 6 and 7 or made in terms of section 25.

(3) The National Treasury may, in any report it publishes that aggregates statements published by provincial treasuries envisaged in section 71(7) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, and in any report in respect of municipal finances, include a report on 15 the equitable share and conditional allocations provided for in this Act.

CHAPTER 6

GENERAL

Allocations by public entities to provinces or municipalities

31. The accounting officer of a provincial department or municipality that receives 20 funds from a public entity as a grant, sponsorship or donation must disclose in its financial statements the purpose and amount of such grant, sponsorship or donation received.

Liability for costs incurred in violation of principles of cooperative governance and intergovernmental relations 25

32. (1) An organ of state involved in an intergovernmental dispute regarding any provision of this Act or any division of revenue matter or allocation must, before approaching a court to resolve such dispute, make every effort to settle the dispute with the other organ of state concerned, including exhausting all mechanisms provided for the settlement of disputes in relevant legislation.

(2) If a dispute is referred back by a court in accordance with section 41(4) of the Constitution, due to the court not being satisfied that the organ of state approaching the court has complied with subsection (1), the expenditure incurred by that organ of state in approaching the court must be regarded as fruitless and wasteful.

(3) The amount of any such fruitless and wasteful expenditure must, in terms of the 35 prescribed procedure, be recovered without delay from the person who caused the organ of state not to comply with the requirements of subsection (1).

Irregular expenditure

33. The following transfers constitute irregular expenditure in terms of the Public Finance Management Act or the Municipal Finance Management Act, as the case may 40 be:

- (a) A transfer prohibited in terms of section 16(2);
- (*b*) a transfer by a transferring national officer to a bank account of a province or municipality that is not the primary bank account;
- (c) a transfer envisaged in section 24(1); or
- (d) a transfer made or expenditure of an allocation in contravention of this Act.

Financial misconduct

34. (1) Despite anything to the contrary in any other legislation, any wilful or negligent non-compliance with a provision of this Act constitutes financial misconduct.

(2) Section 84 of the Public Finance Management Act or section 171 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, as the case may be, applies in respect of financial misconduct envisaged in subsection (1).

Delegations and assignments

35. (1) The Minister may, in writing, delegate any of the powers entrusted to the 5 National Treasury in terms of this Act and assign any of the duties imposed on the National Treasury in terms of this Act, to an official of the National Treasury.

(2) A delegation or assignment in terms of subsection (1) to an official of the National Treasury—

- (a) is subject to any limitations or conditions that the Minister may impose;
- (b) may authorise that official to subdelegate, in writing, the delegated power or assigned duty to another National Treasury official; and
- (c) does not divest the National Treasury of the responsibility concerning the exercise of the delegated power or the performance of the assigned duty.

(3) The Minister may vary or revoke any decision taken by an official as a result of a 15 delegation, subject to any rights that may have vested as a consequence of the decision.

(4) A Member of the Executive Council responsible for finance in a province may, in writing, delegate any of the powers entrusted to the Provincial Treasury of that province in terms of this Act and assign any of the duties imposed on the Provincial Treasury in terms of this Act, to an official of the Provincial Treasury.20

(5) Subsections (2) and (3) apply with the necessary changes to a delegation or assignment in terms of subsection (4).

Exemptions

36. (1) If a good ground exists, the National Treasury may, on request or in its own discretion and on good grounds, approve a departure from a provision of a framework, 25 a regulation made under section 37 or a condition imposed in terms of this Act.

(2) For purposes of subsection (1), good grounds include the fact that the provision of the framework, regulation or condition—

- (a) cannot be implemented in practice;
- (b) impede the achievement of any object of this Act; or
- (c) undermines the financial viability of the affected national or provincial department or municipality.

(3) Any departure approved in terms of subsection (1) must set out the period and conditions of the departure, if any, and must be published in the *Gazette*.

Regulations

37. The Minister may, by notice in the Gazette, make regulations regarding—

- (a) anything which must or may be prescribed in terms of this Act; and
- (b) any ancillary or incidental administrative or procedural matter that it is necessary to prescribe for the proper implementation or administration of this Act.
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Repeal of laws

38. (1) Subject to section 27(1) and subsection (2), the Division of Revenue Act, 2012 (Act No. 5 of 2012), except sections 15 and 25, is hereby repealed.

(2) The repeal of the Division of Revenue Act, 2012 (Act No. 5 of 2012), does not affect any obligation set out in that Act, the execution of which is still outstanding. 45

Short title and commencement

39. This Act is called the Division of Revenue Act, 2013, and takes effect on 1 April 2013 or the date of publication in the *Gazette*, whichever is the later date.

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EQUITABLE DIVISION OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY AMONG THE THREE SPHERES OF GOVERNMENT

	Column A	Column B		
Spheres of Government	2013/14	Forward Estimates		
	Allocation	2014/15	2015/16	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	
National ^{1,2}	676 920 412	733 566 388	791 822 019	
Provincial	337 572 412	359 924 199	383 697 159	
Local	40 581 787	44 490 145	50 207 698	
TOTAL	1 055 074 611	1 137 980 732	1 225 726 876	

1. National share includes conditional allocations to provincial and local spheres, general fuel levy sharing with metropolitan municipalities, debt service cost and the contingency reserve.

2. The direct charges for the provincial equitable share are netted out.

SCHEDULE 2

DETERMINATION OF EACH PROVINCE'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE PROVINCIAL SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY (as a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund)

	Column A	Colur	nn B	
Province	2013/14	Forward Estimates		
	Allocation	2014/15	2015/16	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Eastern Cape	50 164 506	52 337 533	54 611 258	
Free State	20 000 325	20 905 461	21 897 266	
Gauteng	61 374 917	67 431 166	74 049 582	
KwaZulu-Natal	73 509 972	77 812 867	82 110 075	
Limpopo	41 361 830	43 264 039	45 268 523	
Mpumalanga	27 210 543	29 079 599	31 092 725	
Northern Cape	9 021 508	9 620 556	10 264 595	
North West	22 754 264	24 419 406	26 216 949	
Western Cape	32 174 547	35 053 572	38 186 186	
TOTAL	337 572 412	359 924 199	383 697 159	

		National Financial Year		
		Column A Column B		
		2013/14	Forward E	stimates
Numbe	er Municipality	Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
		R'000	R'000	R'000
EASTERN	N CAPE			
A BU	UF Buffalo City	653 660	656 856	654 044
A NN	MA Nelson Mandela Bay	743 325	761 940	772 901
B EC	101 Camdeboo	39 006	40 943	43 371
	102 Blue Crane Route	40 796	42 411	44 60'
B EC	103 Ikwezi	16 860	18 186	20 653
B EC	104 Makana	69 044	72 174	75 66
B EC	105 Ndlambe	59 738	64 879	72 949
B EC	106 Sundays River Valley	40 404	46 337	55 159
	107 Baviaans	18 694	20 459	23 484
	108 Kouga	54 165	66 128	81 674
	109 Kou-Kamma	31 384	33 881	37 571
	C10 Cacadu District Municipality	75 091	80 338	86 781
Total: Cac	adu Municipalities	445 182	485 736	541 910
B EC	121 Mbhashe	136 195	163 002	211 166
B EC	122 Mnquma	168 933	191 570	236 239
B EC	123 Great Kei	34 158	36 790	42 494
B EC	124 Amahlathi	96 720	105 532	124 944
	126 Ngqushwa	66 451	71 882	83 511
	127 Nkonkobe	94 338	106 634	131 252
	128 Nxuba	22 307	23 804	26 694
	C12 Amathole District Municipality	621 631	662 019	694 475
Total: Am	atole Municipalities	1 240 733	1 361 233	1 550 775
B EC	131 Inxuba Yethemba	40 356	40 656	41 139
B EC	132 Tsolwana	27 463	31 354	39 001
	133 Inkwanca	19 355	21 252	25 206
	134 Lukhanji	112 656	118 544	128 228
	135 Intsika Yethu	99 780	116 201	147 419
	136 Emalahleni	78 749	92 189	117 658
	137 Engcobo	86 604	104 165	135 276
	138 Sakhisizwe	42 714	48 690	59 939
	C13 Chris Hani District Municipality	385 035	412 881	441 527
Total: Chr	is Hani Municipalities	892 712	985 932	1 135 393
B EC	141 Elundini	84 626	102 081	133 357
B EC	1	98 133	111 140	136 991
	143 Maletswai	24 074	25 448	27 642
	144 Gariep	25 608	26 340	27 760
	14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality	178 958	194 392	211 537
Total: Joe	Gqabi Municipalities	411 399	459 401	537 287
B EC	153 Ngquza Hill	126 980	153 791	201 492
	154 Port St Johns	78 040	93 591	121 664
	155 Nyandeni	143 347	169 814	218 287
	156 Mhlontlo	110 614	128 084	160 508
B EC	157 King Sabata Dalindyebo	184 567	206 947	253 784
	C15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality	493 970	550 599	614 106
Total: O.R	a. Tambo Municipalities	1 137 518	1 302 826	1 569 84
B EC	441 Matatiele	118 249	139 223	177 399
	442 Umzimvubu	117 834	136 376	170 92
	443 Mbizana	126 027	145 455	183 14
	444 Ntabankulu	69 894	80 014	99 57
	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	319 703	344 069	368 52
	red Nzo Municipalities	751 707	845 137	999 56
Total: Far	tarn Cana Municipalitics	6 276 226	6 850 041	7 761 71
iotai: Eas	tern Cape Municipalities	6 276 236	6 859 061	7 761 71

			Natio	onal Financial Yea	r
			Column A	Colum	n B
		N 40000	2013/14	Forward Estimates	
r	Number	Municipality	Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
			R'000	R'000	R'000
FRE	E STATE				
A	MAN	Mangaung	605 072	602 710	591 487
в	FS161	Letsemeng	50 434	50 100	49 583
в	FS162	Kopanong	85 634	82 382	78 029
в	FS163	Mohokare	51 873	52 865	54 514
В	FS164	Naledi	38 200	39 235	40 703
С	DC16	Xhariep District Municipality	25 535	29 343	35 005
Tota	l: Xhariep	Municipalities	251 676	253 925	257 834
В	FS181	Masilonyana	82 581	84 684	87 776
В	FS182	Tokologo	43 518	43 813	44 497
В	FS183	Tswelopele	61 909	61 962	62 134
В	FS184	Matjhabeng	424 920	415 397	399 963
В	FS185	Nala	130 670	126 013	120 179
С	DC18	Lejweleputswa District Municipality	100 936	105 052	111 194
Tota	l: Lejwelep	putswa Municipalities	844 534	836 921	825 743
В	FS191	Setsoto	165 019	165 090	165 262
В	FS192	Dihlabeng	129 734	131 161	131 457
В	FS193	Nketoana	78 119	78 872	80 004
В	FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung	361 770	390 798	446 530
В	FS195	Phumelela	56 906	58 214	59 911
В	FS196	Mantsopa	67 071	67 801	68 729
С	DC19	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	81 281	87 537	98 062
Tota	l: Thabo N	Iofutsanyana Municipalities	939 900	979 473	1 049 955
L.	Econ			1 005	
B	FS201	Moqhaka	164 486	167 008	168 900
B	FS203	Ngwathe	156 191	159 928	165 001
B	FS204	Metsimaholo	101 698	107 333	114 374
B	FS205	Mafube	75 544	76 538	78 085
C	DC20	Fezile Dabi District Municipality	134 501	137 635	140 289
Tota	I: Fezile D	abi Municipalities	632 420	648 442	666 649
Tota	I. Fuon Cta	to Municipalities	3 273 602	3 321 471	3 391 668
1008	ii: r ree sta	te Municipalities	3 2 / 3 602	3 321 4/1	2 221 009

			Natio	onal Financial Yea	r	
			Column A	Column A Column		
	NT	Manual aliana 1944	2013/14	Forward Es	stimates	
	Number	Municipality	Allocation	2014/15	2015/16	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
GAU	UTENG					
А	EKU	Ekurhuleni	1 917 953	2 039 212	2 161 058	
А	JHB	City of Johannesburg	2 293 212	2 527 926	2 822 727	
А	TSH	City of Tshwane	1 166 964	1 371 322	1 628 130	
в	GT421	Emfuleni	598 857	601 209	596 178	
В	GT422	Midvaal	54 673	60 571	67 337	
В	GT423	Lesedi	64 253	71 468	81 742	
С	DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	232 785	239 720	246 087	
Tota	al: Sedibeng	g Municipalities	950 568	972 968	991 344	
в	GT481	Mogale City	222 291	238 193	255 661	
В	GT482	Randfontein	95 880	100 241	102 691	
В	GT483	Westonaria	104 957	113 478	125 673	
В	GT484	Merafong City	181 074	175 743	167 138	
С	DC48	West Rand District Municipality	172 587	178 648	185 485	
Tota	al: West Ra	nd Municipalities	776 789	806 303	836 648	
					0.400.557	
Tota	al: Gauteng	Municipalities	7 105 486	7 717 731	8 439 907	

			National Financial Year		
			Column A	Colum	n B
			2013/14	Forward Es	stimates
	Number	Municipality	Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
			R'000	R'000	R'000
кw	AZULU-NA	ATAL			
А	ETH	eThekwini	1 869 806	1 990 981	2 101 119
В	K7N211	Vulamehlo	40 580	48 709	62 702
B		uMmdoni	40 380 33 387	43 748	60 726
B		Umzumbe	94 545	105 482	128 104
Б В		uMuziwabantu	94 343 49 397	59 169	76 423
Б В		Ezingoleni	29 480	34 540	43 567
		1			
B		Hibiscus Coast	92 600	103 875	126 653
C	DC21	Ugu District Municipality	287 183	323 621	366 670
100	al: Ugu Mu	ncipanties	627 172	719 144	864 845
D	1/7/1001		(1.102	60.540	05 220
B		uMshwathi	61 423	69 540	85 328
B		uMngeni	37 208	40 399	44 603
B		Mpofana	23 278	24 858	27 700
B		Impendle	25 741	28 098	33 000
В		Msunduzi	354 313	373 677	393 300
В		Mkhambathini	32 583	39 486	51 522
В		Richmond	33 881	41 323	54 362
С	DC22	Umgungundlovu District Municipality	338 828	366 437	394 877
Tota	al: Umgung	undlovu Municipalities	907 255	983 818	1 084 692
В	KZN232	Emnambithi/Ladysmith	111 249	118 704	130 197
В	KZN233	Indaka	63 187	67 334	76 123
В	KZN234	Umtshezi	33 196	39 403	50 245
В	KZN235	Okhahlamba	69 121	79 386	98 688
В	KZN236	Imbabazane	68 921	73 945	85 171
С	DC23	Uthukela District Municipality	269 199	286 424	302 679
Tota	al: Uthukela	a Municipalities	614 873	665 196	743 103
В	K7N2/1	Endumeni	34 084	37 113	41 381
B	KZN241 KZN242		79 597	92 273	116 168
ь В	KZN242 KZN244	-	81 641	100 938	134 802
в В	KZN244 KZN245		49 358	62 719	85 376
в С	DC24		192 952	212 794	236 226
		thi Municipalities	437 632	505 837	<u>613 953</u>
100	an Uniziliya	an municipantics	437 032	303 037	013 755
в	K2N1252	Newcastle	276 638	284 723	296 857
в В		Emadlangeni	276 638	17 485	296 857
	KZN255 KZ254	Dannhauser		60 196	
B			52 872		74 526
C	DC25	Amajuba District Municipality	104 535	112 431	120 442
Tota	ai: Amajuba	a Municipalities	449 552	474 835	512 941

		Nati	National Financial Year		
		Column A	Colum	n B	
		2013/14	Forward E	stimates	
Number	Municipality	Allocation	2014/15	2015/16	
		R'000	R'000	R'000	
B KZN261	eDumbe	40 352	46 464	57 714	
	uPhongolo	66 389	77 124	97 092	
	Abaqulusi	85 565	95 691	115 029	
	Nongoma	81 160	96 329	124 159	
B KZN266		87 088	101 357	128 392	
C DC26	Zululand District Municipality	276 930	296 860	317 554	
	d Municipalities	637 484	713 825	839 940	
	Umhlabuyalingana	68 319	87 853	121 580	
B KZN272		85 485	103 831	137 040	
	The Big Five False Bay	17 275	22 514	31 093	
	Hlabisa	30 174	37 140	49 351	
	Mtubatuba	60 744	81 486	116 884	
C DC27	Umkhanyakude District Municipality	196 603	225 596	260 529	
Total: Umkhar	nyakude Municipalities	458 600	558 420	716 477	
	Mfolozi	52 392	67 506	93 955	
B KZN282	uMhlathuze	190 384	204 798	228 096	
	Ntambanana	24 403	30 928	42 504	
	uMlalazi	91 327	111 120	145 753	
	Mthonjaneni	27 730	31 711	38 882	
B KZN286	Nkandla	57 099	66 041	82 996	
C DC28	uThungulu District Municipality	353 909	381 498	406 383	
Total: Uthung	ılu Municipalities	797 244	893 602	1 038 569	
B KZN291	Mandeni	74 289	90 610	119 571	
	KwaDukuza	78 566	88 242	106 084	
	Ndwedwe	67 373	82 895	110 018	
	Maphumulo	54 076	61 172	75 028	
C DC29	iLembe District Municipality	253 386	289 560	332 346	
Total: iLembe		527 690	<u>612 479</u>	743 047	
B KZN431	-	57 002	66 137	83 272	
	Kwa Sani	12 846	13 634	15 188	
	Greater Kokstad	47 950	47 712	47 669	
	Ubuhlebezwe	57 039	67 075	85 602	
	Umzimkhulu	96 838	116 362	151 506	
C DC43	Sisonke District Municipality	216 056	230 220	243 065	
Total: Sisonke	Municipalities	487 731	541 140	626 302	
Total: KwaZul	u-Natal Municipalities	7 815 039	8 659 277	9 884 988	

			National Financial Year		
			Column A	Colum	n B
	N 1	Mana internetia	2013/14	Forward Estimates	
	Number	Municipality	Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
			R'000	R'000	R'000
LIN	ИРОРО				
В	LIM331	Greater Giyani	148 104	173 860	222 511
В	LIM332	-	146 418	167 647	209 454
В		Greater Tzaneen	211 762	236 039	289 971
B		Ba-Phalaborwa	69 433	83 307	108 033
B	LIM335		60 742	71 900	92 865
C	DC33	Mopani District Municipality	504 909	558 369	620 072
		Municipalities	1 141 368	1 291 122	1 542 906
	•	2			
В	LIM341	Musina	34 393	39 062	48 052
В	LIM342	Mutale	51 174	64 959	88 990
В	LIM343	Thulamela	290 472	338 870	434 680
В	LIM344	Makhado	256 239	288 042	356 332
С	DC34	Vhembe District Municipality	524 104	589 779	668 296
Tot	al: Vhembe	Municipalities	1 156 382	1 320 712	1 596 350
В	LIM351	Blouberg	100 568	117 100	147 981
В	LIM352	Aganang	84 880	98 117	123 471
В	LIM353	Molemole	80 861	89 040	106 885
В	LIM354	Polokwane	415 990	454 995	518 016
В	LIM355	Lepelle-Nkumpi	138 190	161 220	205 236
С	DC35	Capricorn District Municipality	431 845	464 522	496 617
Tot	al: Capricor	n Municipalities	1 252 334	1 384 994	1 598 206
В	LIM361	Thabazimbi	60 129	60 696	59 712
B		Lephalale	83 078	86 772	91 274
B		Mookgopong	29 014	33 863	41 179
B		Modimolle	57 283	58 581	59 493
B		Bela-Bela	48 639	54 226	62 905
ь В				292 559	339 353
в С		Mogalakwena Watarkang District Municipality	267 909		
	DC36 al: Waterbe	Waterberg District Municipality rg Municipalities	94 609 640 661	99 446 686 143	106 745 760 661
100				000 110	100 001
В	LIM471	Ephraim Mogale	77 149	91 627	118 772
В	LIM472	Elias Motsoaledi	143 438	166 928	213 459
В	LIM473	Makhuduthamaga	157 863	181 822	229 192
В	LIM474	Fetakgomo	52 946	63 595	83 250
В		Greater Tubatse	148 455	182 718	246 541
С	DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	406 157	464 938	536 183
		une Municipalities	986 008	1 151 628	1 427 397
Tot	al: Limpopo	Municipalities	5 176 753	5 834 599	6 925 520

			Nati	National Financial Year		
			Column A	Colum	n B	
	James Is a se	Municipality	2013/14	Forward Estimates		
r	Number	Municipality	Allocation	2014/15	2015/16	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
MPU	JMALANG	SA				
В	MP301	Albert Luthuli	171 462	188 811	218 671	
В	MP302	Msukaligwa	108 953	114 918	121 221	
В	MP303	Mkhondo	110 712	127 217	152 657	
в	MP304	Pixley Ka Seme	85 631	87 919	91 094	
В	MP305	Lekwa	81 428	85 036	88 237	
В	MP306	Dipaleseng	46 059	48 593	52 440	
В	MP307	Govan Mbeki	191 144	193 630	194 469	
С	DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality	259 860	266 056	271 180	
Tota	l: Gert Sib	ande Municipalities	1 055 249	1 112 180	1 189 969	
В	MP311	Victor Khanye	54 204	59 124	67 126	
В	MP312	Emalahleni	192 475	207 818	228 491	
В	MP313	Steve Tshwete	92 630	103 593	119 269	
В	MP314	Emakhazeni	38 535	42 256	48 318	
В	MP315	Thembisile Hani	237 008	259 757	299 541	
В	MP316	Dr JS Moroka	248 190	270 519	314 317	
С	DC31	Nkangala District Municipality	308 850	318 220	326 609	
Tota	l: Nkangal	a Municipalities	1 171 892	1 261 287	1 403 671	
В	MP321	Thaba Chweu	81 198	90 471	104 348	
B	MP 321 MP 322	Mbombela	342 190	388 559	460 251	
в В	MP322 MP323	Umjindi	52 284	57 371	460 231 65 417	
в	MP323 MP324	Nkomazi	290 822	340 862	424 283	
в	MP324 MP325	Bushbuckridge	485 251	544 632	424 283 648 039	
Б С	DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municipality	188 227	200 664	219 306	
-		ni Municipalities	1 439 972	1 622 559	1 921 644	
1018		in municipatites	1 737 772	1 022 337	1 721 044	
Tota	l: Mpumal	anga Municipalities	3 667 113	3 996 026	4 515 284	

			Nati	National Financial Year		
			Column A	Colum	n B	
			2013/14	Forward Es	stimates	
1	Number	Municipality	Allocation	2014/15	2015/16	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
NOF	RTHERN (CAPE				
В	NC061	Richtersveld	12 338	12 808	13 35	
B	NC062	Nama Khoi	33 821	35 283	36 68	
B	NC064	Kamiesberg	13 681	15 124	17 56	
B	NC065	Hantam	20 312	20 560	20 59	
B	NC066	Karoo Hoogland	13 898	14 659	15 75	
B	NC067	Khâi-Ma	13 134	13 810	14 83	
C	DC6	Namakwa District Municipality	33 148	34 529	35 58	
		va Municipalities	140 332	146 773	154 37	
		•				
В	NC071	Ubuntu	19 400	21 585	25 11	
В	NC072	Umsobomvu	30 684	32 357	34 83	
В	NC073	Emthanjeni	34 820	35 326	35 82	
В	NC074	Kareeberg	13 268	15 069	17 91	
В	NC075	Renosterberg	15 574	16 502	18 10	
В	NC076	Thembelihle	15 650	16 718	18 58	
В	NC077	Siyathemba	21 171	22 427	24 14	
В	NC078	Siyancuma	36 842	37 997	39 44	
С	DC7	Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	29 375	32 277	36 46	
Tota	ıl: Pixley K	a Seme Municipalities	216 784	230 258	250 44	
ъ	NG001	NC .	11.016	10.000	14.40	
B	NC081	Mier	11 016	12 293	14 48	
B	NC082	!Kai !Garib	48 286	50 278	51 97	
B	NC083	//Khara Hais	53 914	56 126	57 39	
B	NC084	!Kheis	16 899	17 946	19 61	
B	NC085	Tsantsabane	26 145	27 060	28 09	
В	NC086	Kgatelopele	15 302	16 086	17 04	
Toto	DC8	Siyanda District Municipality Municipalities	<u>44 983</u> 216 545	47 834 227 623	51 24 239 84	
1018	n. Siyanua	Municipanties	210 343	227 023	237 04	
В	NC091	Sol Plaatje	145 905	145 433	142 82	
B	NC091 NC092	Dikgatlong	48 022	51 624	57 94	
B	NC092 NC093	Magareng	30 294	32 056	34 68	
B	NC093 NC094	Phokwane	67 054	71 291	77 12	
C	DC9	Frances Baard District Municipality	89 990	97 520	103 97	
		Baard Municipalities	381 265	397 924	416 55	
		*				
В	NC451	Joe Morolong	80 780	93 120	114 53	
В	NC452	Ga-Segonyana	73 591	86 859	108 89	
В	NC453	Gamagara	21 203	22 045	22 92	
С	DC45	John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	58 112	61 492	65 09	
	ıl: John Ta	olo Gaetsewe Municipalities	233 686	263 516	311 44	
T . 4	1. N 4	Cons Maria in 114	1 100 /14	1 200 00 4	1 250	
Tota	a: Northern	n Cape Municipalities	1 188 612	1 266 094	1 372 66	

			Natio	onal Financial Yea	r
			Column A	Colum	n B
	James b an	Municipalita	2013/14	Forward Es	stimates
	Number	Municipality	Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
			R'000	R'000	R'000
NOF	RTH WEST	,			
В	NW371	Moretele	177 267	210 187	264 075
B	NW372	Madibeng	308 470	369 058	462 097
B		Rustenburg	285 427	335 130	402 097
B	NW374	Kgetlengrivier	46 026	50 590	58 162
В	NW375	Moses Kotane	248 277	276 647	326 102
C	DC37	Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	250 823	266 080	286 552
		Platinum Municipalities	1 316 290	1 507 692	1 799 716
В	NW381	Ratlou	73 777	82 797	101 553
В	NW382	Tswaing	68 209	74 607	87 950
В	NW383	Mafikeng	131 186	145 926	177 871
В	NW384	Ditsobotla	83 079	88 952	98 143
В	NW385	Ramotshere Moiloa	88 637	102 746	129 720
С	DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	426 496	465 909	509 322
Tota	l: Ngaka M	lodiri Molema Municipalities	871 384	960 937	1 104 559
_					
В	NW392	Naledi	34 611	36 879	40 154
В		Mamusa	34 309	37 316	43 987
В		Greater Taung	114 303	135 395	175 070
В		Lekwa-Teemane	30 312	32 859	38 172
В	NW397		73 389	83 818	104 492
C	DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	225 666 512 590	223 722 549 989	260 966
1018	n: Dr Kuth	Segomotsi Mompati Municipanties	512 590	549 989	662 841
в	NW401	Ventersdorp	49 829	55 159	64 103
B	NW401	Tlokwe	92 603	104 399	120 781
В	NW402	City of Matlosana	337 085	340 138	342 031
В	NW404	Maquassi Hills	81 259	85 989	92 525
c	DC40	Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	155 482	160 721	166 170
-		eth Kaunda Municipalities	716 258	746 406	785 610
		•			
Tota	l: North W	est Municipalities	3 416 522	3 765 024	4 352 726

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Nati	onal Financial Yea	r
			Column A	Colum	n B
		1 7 • • • • •	2013/14	Forward E	stimates
	lumber	Municipality	Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
			R'000	R'000	R'000
WES	TERN CA	PE			
А	CPT	City of Cape Town	1 243 293	1 502 066	1 815 088
В	WC011	Matzikama	37 874	40 003	41 516
В	WC012		28 188	30 873	34 375
В	WC013	Bergrivier	24 815	27 571	30 689
В	WC014	Saldanha Bay	38 632	46 557	55 610
В	WC015	Swartland	32 506	43 233	56 007
С	DC1	West Coast District Municipality	72 626	76 206	80 912
		ast Municipalities	234 641	264 443	299 109
Б	WC022	Witnesshare	40.552	54 284	50 252
B B	WC022 WC023	Witzenberg Drakenstein	49 553 75 995	54 284 85 596	59 253 97 233
в В	WC023 WC024	Stellenbosch	50 157	65 832	97 255 85 118
			67 964		
В	WC025	Breede Valley	53 158	74 468 55 865	82 030
B C	WC026 DC2	Langeberg Cape Winelands District Municipality	209 436	213 628	57 518 217 049
		nelands Municipalities	506 263	549 673	598 201
Tota	I: Cape wi	netands Municipanties	500 203	549 0/5	598 201
В	WC031	Theewaterskloof	57 262	62 652	68 737
В	WC032	Overstrand	41 949	52 164	64 741
В	WC033	Cape Agulhas	18 057	19 424	20 744
В	WC034	Swellendam	19 857	20 979	21 979
С	DC3	Overberg District Municipality	46 637	50 646	55 626
Tota	l: Overberg	g Municipalities	183 762	205 865	231 827
В	WC041	Kannaland	20 051	21 162	22 445
B	WC042	Hessequa	28 189	30 054	31 606
В	WC043	Mossel Bay	47 196	54 855	63 858
B	WC044	George	85 716	92 615	101 174
В	WC045	Oudtshoorn	45 958	49 992	54 609
В	WC047	Bitou	29 614	41 028	57 552
В	WC048		35 982	44 920	56 304
C	DC4	Eden District Municipality	129 669	134 265	139 387
Tota		inicipalities	422 375	468 891	526 935
В	WC051	Laingsburg	10 224	10 911	12 132
в		Prince Albert	10 224	13 057	15 372
в В		Beaufort West	35 567	39 061	44 355
ь С	DC5	Central Karoo District Municipality	14 638	16 895	44 333 20 204
		Karoo Municipalities	72 090	79 924	<u> </u>
		<u> </u>			
Tota	I: Western	Cape Municipalities	2 662 424	3 070 862	3 563 223
Natio	onal Total		40 581 787	44 490 145	50 207 698

SCHEDULE

ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES TO SUPPLEMENT THE FUNDING OF PROGRAMMES OR FUNCTIONS FUNDED FROM PROVINCIAL BUDGETS

					Column A	Column B	m B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2013/14	Forward Estimates	Stimates
					Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Agriculture,	Comprehensive Agricultural Support	To provide effective agricultural support	General conditional allocation to	Eastern Cape	219 055	230 292	240 859
Forestry and	Programme Grant	services, promote and facilitate agricultural	provinces	Free State	140 274	146478	152 226
Fisheries		development by targeting beneficiaries of		Gauteng	55 880	63 205	66 125
(Vote 26)		land reform's restitution and redistribution;		KwaZulu-Natal	202 522	212 632	222 405
		and other black producers who have		Limpopo	205 545	215 473	225 593
		acquired land through private means and		Mpumalanga	130 683	134 547	140 719
		are engaged in value-adding enterprises		Northern Cape	371 539	374 686	391 923
		domestically, or involved in exports.		North West	169 663	179 384	188 458
				Western Cape	104 859	108 394	113 376
				TOTAL	$1 \ 600 \ 020$	1 665 091	1 741 684
Basic Education	Basic Education Education Infrastructure Grant	To help accelerate construction,	General conditional allocation to	Eastern Cape	1 010 870	1 217 318	1 710 084
(Vote 15)		maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation	provinces	Free State	468 931	572 856	804 746
		of new and existing infrastructure in		Gauteng	537 892	644 463	905 339
		education; to enhance capacity to deliver		KwaZulu-Natal	$1\ 298\ 847$	1 432 140	2 011 863
		infrastructure in education; to address		Limpopo	983 599	1 145 712	$1 \ 609 \ 491$
		damage to infrastructure caused by floods		Mpumalanga	531 504	644 463	905 339
		in January and February 2011.		Northern Cape	316 934	358 035	502 966
				North West	521 622	644 463	905 339
				Western Cape	960 465	501 249	704 153
				TOTAL	6 630 664	7 160 699	10 059 320
Health	(a) Health Professions Training and	Support provinces to fund service costs	Nationally assigned function to	Eastern Cape	188 560	199 874	209 068
(Vote 16)	Development Grant	associated with training of health science	provinces	Free State	138 131	146419	153 154
		trainees on the public service platform; co-		Gauteng	765 202	811 114	848 425
		funding of the national human resource		KwaZulu-Natal	276 262	292 837	306 308
		plan for health in expanding undergraduate		Limpopo	109 628	116 206	121 552
		medical education for 2013 and beyond		Mpumalanga	89 894	95 288	99 671
		(2025).		Northern Cape	72 356	76 697	80 225
				North West	98 666	104 586	109 397
				Western Cape	451 667	478 767	500 790
				TOTAL	2 190 366	2 321 788	2 428 590

SCHEDULE 4A

ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES TO SUPPLEMENT THE FUNDING OF PROGRAMMES OR FUNCTIONS FUNDED FROM PROVINCIAL BUDGETS

					Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2013/14	Forward Estimates	stimates
					Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Health	(b) National Tertiary Services Grant	Ensure provision of tertiary health services Nationally assigned function to		Eastern Cape	743 621	786 007	822 163
(Vote 16)		for all South African citizens; to	provinces	Free State	849 661	898 091	939 403
		compensate tertiary facilities for the costs		Gauteng	3 305 931	3 493 891	3 654 610
		associated with provision of these services		KwaZulu-Natal	1 415 731	1 496 427	1 565 263
		including cross boundary patients.		Limpopo	305 732	323 158	338 024
				Mpumalanga	91 879	97 116	101 584
				Northern Cape	282 618	298 727	312 468
				North West	224 470	237 264	248 178
				Western Cape	2 400 714	2 537 554	2 654 281
				TOTAL	9 620 357	10 168 235	10 635 974
Higher	Further Education and Training Colleges	To ensure the successful transfer of the	General conditional allocation to	Eastern Cape	296 421	315 761	335 551
Education and	Grant	Further Education and Training College	provinces	Free State	172 068	183 137	194 212
Training		function to the Department of Higher		Gauteng	673 887	716971	759 663
(Vote 17)		Education and Training.		KwaZulu-Natal	325 736	347 178	369 399
				Limpopo	375 709	399 560	422 922
				Mpumalanga	130 670	139 270	148 181
				Northern Cape	40 519	43 130	45 749
				North West	76 232	81 369	86 877
				Western Cape	351 437	373 920	396 219
				TOTAL	2 442 679	2 600 296	2 758 773

SCHEDULE 4A

ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES TO SUPPLEMENT THE FUNDING OF PROGRAMMES OR FUNCTIONS FUNDED FROM PROVINCIAL BUDGETS

					Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2013/14	Forward Estimates	stimates
					Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Transport	(a) Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant	To supplement provincial investments for	General conditional allocation to	Eastern Cape	1 102 836	1 190 337	1 207 966
(Vote 37)		preventative, routine, emergency maintenance and road rehabilitation of movincial road networks:	provinces	Free State	1 130 462	1 179 270	1 456 183
		ensure all roads are classified as per Road		Gauteng	433 048	468 838	536 257
		Infrastructure Strategic Framework of South Africa		KwaZulu-Natal	1 678 920	1 751 593	2 167 940
		and the Koad Classification and Access Management guidelines by end of 2013/14; and		Limpopo	990 578	1 071 819	1 152 561
		implement and maintain road asset management		Mpumalanga	1 487 722	1 513 010	902 196
		systems; to supplement provincial projects for the		Northern Cape	659 484	684 484	751 328
		repairs to roads and bridges damaged by a natural disaster as assessed by the National Disaster		North West	639 923	668 058	838 630
		Management Centre; to improve the state of the		Western Cape	573 237	598 781	760 859
		coal haulage network.		TOTAL	8 696 210	9 126 190	9 773 920
	(b) Public Transport Operations Grant	To provide supplementary funding towards Nationally assigned function to	Nationally assigned function to	Eastern Cape	183 960	193 258	202 148
		public transport services provided by	provinces	Free State	203 382	213 663	223 491
		provincial departments of transport.		Gauteng	1 714 344	1 801 078	1 883 928
				KwaZulu-Natal	852 325	895 350	936 536
				Limpopo	274 932	288 840	302 126
				Mpumalanga	462 926	486 340	508 712
				Northern Cape	41 390	43 480	45 481
				North West	85 082	89 380	93 491
				Western Cape	734 180	771 320	806 801
				TOTAL	4 552 521	4 782 709	5 002 714

LITIES TO SUPPLEMENT THE FUNDING OF FUNCTIONS FUNDED FROM MUNICIPAL BUDGETS	
ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES TO SUPPLEM	

SCHEDULE 4B

				Column A	Column R	B
			-			
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	City	2013/14	Forward Estimates	stimates
				Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
				R'000	R'000	R'000
Human	Urban Settlements Development Grant	Urban Settlements Development Grant Supplements the capital revenues of metropolitan municipalities in order	Buffalo City	613 305	698 290	722 958
Settlements		to support the national human settlements development programme,	City of Cape Town	1 193 497	1 358 879	1 406 882
(Vote 31)		focusing on poor households.	City of Johannesburg	1 488 877	1 695 189	1 755 074
		-	City of Tshwane	1 290 611	$1\ 469\ 450$	1 521 361
			Ekurhuleni	1 584 912	1 804 532	1 868 280
			eThekwini	1 580 999	1 800 075	1 863 667
			Mangaung	596 719	679 406	703 407
			Nelson Mandela Bay	727 986	828 863	858 144
			TOTAL	9 076 906	10 334 684	10 699 773

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					Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2013/14	Forward Estimates	stimates
					Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Agriculture,	(a) Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant	To assist vulnerable South African farming	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	43 845	46 062	47 700
Forestry and		communities to achieve an increase in		Free State	57 999	60 802	62 877
Fisheries		agricultural production and invest in		Gauteng	17 538	20 126	24 234
(Vote 26)		infrastructure that unlocks agricultural		KwaZulu-Natal	65 768	69 093	71 549
		production.		Limpopo	43 845	46 062	47 940
				Mpumalanga	43 845	46 062	47 702
				Northern Cape	70 034	72 003	75 500
				North West	43 845	46 062	47 940
				Western Cape	51 737	54 353	56 372
				TOTAL	438 456	460 625	481 814
	(b) Land Care Programme Grant: Poverty	To promote sustainable development and use	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	15 866	10 853	11 178
	Relief and Infrastructure Development	of natural resources by engaging in initiatives		Free State	8 571	5 427	5 787
		that support the pillars of sustainability		Gauteng	6 1 6 3	4 748	5 112
		(social, economic and environmental) leading		KwaZulu-Natal	18 746	10 854	11 179
		to greater productivity, food security, job		Limpopo	19 562	10 178	10512
		creation and better well-being for all.		Mpumalanga	10 249	6 105	6 460
				Northern Cape	12 055	7 462	7 809
				North West	10 552	8 140	8 482
				Western Cape	7 233	4 070	4 439
				TOTAL	108 997	67 837	70 958
Arts and Culture	Arts and Culture Community Library Services Grant	To transform urban and rural community	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	72 492	109 418	145 934
(Vote 14)		library infrastructure, facilities and services		Free State	62 918	119 013	156 114
		(primarily targeting previously disadvantaged		Gauteng	63 470	125 608	163 039
		communities) through a recapitalised		KwaZulu-Natal	63 145	122 754	160 042
		programme at provincial level in support of		Limpopo	56 528	81 010	111 502
		local government and national initiatives.		Mpumalanga	72 521	114 781	151 671
				Northern Cape	75 596	118 396	154 467
				North West	64 058	98 883	133 978
				Western Cape	67 058	126 347	163 815
				TOTAL	597 786	$1\ 016\ 210$	1 340 562

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					Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2013/14	Forward Estimates	stimates
					Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Basic Education	(a) Dinaledi Schools Grant	To improve the quality of learner	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	12 620	13 342	13 956
(Vote 15)		performance in Mathematics, Physical		Free State	7 573	8 006	8 374
		Sciences, Life Sciences and First Additional		Gauteng	21 244	22 458	23 491
		Language English, in line with the Action		KwaZulu-Natal	18 509	19 568	20 468
		Plan for 2014; to improve the content		Limpopo	10 727	11 340	11 862
		knowledge, pedagogies and didactic skills of		Mpumalanga	9 675	10 228	10 698
		mathematics, physical sciences and life		Northern Cape	3 577	3 782	3 956
		sciences teachers.		North West	11 147	11 785	12 327
				Western Cape	10 096	10 673	11 164
				TOTAL	105 168	111 182	116 296
	(b) HIV and Aids (Life Skills Education)	To support South Africa's HIV prevention strategy Conditional allocation	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	34 895	37 023	37 753
	Grant	by increasing sexual and reproductive health knowledges skills and annownigte devision making		Free State	12 135	11 570	11 129
		among learners and educators; to mitigate the		Gauteng	30 012	30 195	30 611
		impact of HIV and TB by providing a caring,		KwaZulu-Natal	48 634	52 261	51 255
		supportive and enabling environment for learners		Limpopo	30 852	31 085	31 542
		and educators, to ensure the provision of a safe, rights-based environment in schools that is free of		Mpumalanga	18 015	19 404	20 297
		discrimination, stigma and any form of sexual		Northern Cape	5 205	5 059	5 281
				North West	16 122	17 388	18 198
		children to HIV, TB and STI infections, with a		Western Cape	17 637	17 077	20 297
		particular rocus on orphaned and vumerance children.		TOTAL	213 507	221 062	226 363
	(c) National School Nutrition Programme	To provide nutritious meals to targeted	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	949 162	984 548	$1\ 020\ 116$
	Grant	learners.		Free State	274 552	299 205	317 157
				Gauteng	585 157	640 541	678 974
				KwaZulu-Natal	1 206 190	1 237 534	1 287 034
				Limpopo	932 050	991 153	$1\ 030\ 799$
				Mpumalanga	496 661	524 913	545 910
				Northern Cape	119 859	134 645	142 724
				North West	348 912	366 890	381 566
				Western Cape	260 538	282 486	299 435
				TOTAL	5 173 081	5 461 915	5 703 715

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					Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2013/14	Forward Estimates	stimates
					Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Basic Education	(d) Technical Secondary Schools	To recapitalise up to 200 technical schools to	technical schools to Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	31 648	32 928	34 541
(Vote 15)	Recapitalisation Grant	improve their capacity to contribute to skills		Free State	20 963	22 219	23 309
		development and training in the country.		Gauteng	26 375	27 958	28 627
				KwaZulu-Natal	42 717	45 280	47 499
				Limpopo	28 169	29 859	31 322
				Mpumalanga	27 058	28 682	30 087
				Northern Cape	13 188	13 978	14 663
				North West	18 850	19 981	20 960
				Western Cape	11 884	12 597	13 214
				TOTAL	220 852	233 482	244 222
Health	(a) Comprehensive HIV and Aids Grant		Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	1 273 296	1 485 116	1 683 639
(Vote 16)		effective response to HIV and Aids including		Free State	742 984	868 770	984 903
		universal access to HIV counselling and		Gauteng	2 258 483	2 640 825	2 993 839
		testing; to support the implementation of the		KwaZulu-Natal	2 652 072	3 098 705	3 512 927
		national operational plan for comprehensive		Limpopo	861 143	$1\ 009\ 007$	1 143 886
		HIV and Aids treatment and care; to		Mpumalanga	690 591	806 706	914 542
		subsidise in-part funding for the antiretroviral		Northern Cape	302 468	352 864	400 033
		treatment programme.		North West	825 302	966 043	1 095 179
				Western Cape	927 547	$1\ 083\ 286$	1 228 095
				TOTAL	10 533 886	12 311 322	13 957 043
	(b) Health Facility Revitalisation Grant	To help accelerate construction, maintenance, Conditional allocation	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	562 792	292 930	337 106
		upgrading and rehabilitation of new and		Free State	538 962	554 950	589 840
		existing infrastructure in health including		Gauteng	771 033	742 475	747 961
		health technology, organisational systems and		KwaZulu-Natal	962 469	$1\ 090\ 431$	1 139 972
		quality assurance; supplement expenditure on		Limpopo	457 442	170 673	203 824
		health infrastructure delivered through public-		Mpumalanga	283 509	313 885	341 706
		private partnerships; to enhance capacity to		Northern Cape	421 428	419 572	439 264
		deliver infrastructure in health.		North West	496 121	508 721	513 664
				Western Cape	629 786	645 200	674 582
				TOTAL	5 123 542	4 738 837	4 987 919

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					Column A	Column B	m B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2013/14	Forward Estimates	stimates
					Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Health	(c) National Health Insurance Grant	-	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	4 850	7 000	7 397
(Vote 16)		for implementing National Health Insurance,		Free State	4 850	7 000	7 397
		allowing for each district to interpret and	-	Gauteng	4 850	7 000	7 397
		design innovations relevant to its specific		KwaZulu-Natal	9 700	14 000	14 793
		context, to undertake nearth system strengthening initiatives: to assess the		Limpopo	4 850	7 000	7 397
		feasibility, acceptability, effectiveness and		Mpumalanga	4 850	7 000	7 397
		affordability of innovative ways of engaging		Northern Cape	4 850	7 000	7 397
		private sector resources for public purpose.		North West	4 850	7 000	7 396
				Western Cape	4 850	7 000	7 396
				TOTAL	48 500	70 000	73 967
Human	Human Settlements Development Grant	To provide funding for the creation of	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	2 523 803	1 314 985	1 306 773
Settlements		sustainable human settlements.		Free State	1 120 936	584 045	580 398
(Vote 31)				Gauteng	4 108 399	2 140 611	2 127 244
				KwaZulu-Natal	3 235 428	1 685 764	1 675 237
				Limpopo	1 324 742	690 235	685 925
				Mpumalanga	1 124 332	585 815	582 157
				Northern Cape	395 724	206 186	204 899
				North West	1 224 537	638 025	634 040
			-	Western Cape	1 925 971	$1\ 003\ 495$	997 229
				Unallocated	I	$9\ 069\ 160$	10 873 303
			_	TOTAL	16 983 872	17 918 321	19 667 205
Public Works	(a) Expanded Public Works Programme	To incentivise provincial departments to	Incentive allocation to provinces	Eastern Cape	79 577	I	ı
(Vote 7)	Integrated Grant for Provinces	expand work creation efforts through the use		Free State	18 001	ı	ı
			_	Gauteng	15 606	I	I
		following identified focus areas, in		KwaZulu-Natal	102 137	I	I
		compliance with the EPWP guidelines: road	<u> </u>	Limpopo	49 370	I	I
		maintenance and the maintenance of		Mpumalanga	34 291	I	I
		buildings; low traffic volume roads and rural		Northern Cape	14 045	ı	1
		roads; other economic and social		North West	17 266	I	•
		infrastructure; tourism and cultural industries;	-	Western Cape	25 621	1	1
		and sustainable land based livelihoods.		Unallocated	'	370 947	381 574
			-	TOTAL	355 914	370 947	381 574

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					Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2013/14	Forward Estimates	stimates
					Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Public Works	(b) Social Sector Expanded Public Works To incentivise provincial social sector	To incentivise provincial social sector	Incentive allocation to provinces	Eastern Cape	49 728	I	
(Vote 7)	Programme Incentive Grant for Provinces	departments identified in the 2012 Social		Free State	8 545	'	
		Sector EPWP log-frame to increase job		Gauteng	27 652	ı	'
		creation by focusing on the strengthening and		KwaZulu-Natal	24 306	ı	
		expansion of social service programmes that		Limpopo	57 717	ı	ı
		have employment potential.		Mpumalanga	1 961	I	ı
				Northern Cape	19 879	ı	
				North West	50 870	'	'
				Western Cape	16 906	'	'
				Unallocated		272 972	285 529
				TOTAL	257 564	272 972	285 529
Sport and	Mass Participation and Sport Development	Mass Participation and Sport Development To facilitate sport and recreation participation Conditional allocation	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	61 334	65 401	68 671
Recreation South Grant	Grant	and empowerment in partnership with		Free State	38 832	41 774	43 863
Africa		relevant stakeholders.		Gauteng	88 269	92 683	95 214
(Vote 20)				KwaZulu-Natal	79 883	83 877	88 071
				Limpopo	56 529	59 355	62 323
				Mpumalanga	44 772	47 011	49 362
				Northern Cape	30 806	33 506	35 181
				North West	41 596	43 676	45 860
				Western Cape	55 570	58 349	61 266
				TOTAL	497 591	525 632	549 811

			Column A	Column B	2
				COM	a 11
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2013/14	Forward Estimates	stimates
			Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
			R'000	R'000	R'000
RECURRENT GRANTS	RANTS				
Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	To assist municipalities to perform their functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems as required in the Municipal Systems Act and related legislation.	240 307	252 152	261 060
Public Works (Vote 7)	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	To incentivise municipalities to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the EPWP guidelines: road maintenance and the maintenance of buildings; low traffic volume roads and rural roads; basic services infrastructure, including water and sewer reticulation, sanitation, pipelines (excluding bulk infrastructure); other economic and social infrastructure; tourism and cultural industries; waste management; parks and beautification; sustainable land-based livelihoods; social services programmes; health service programmes; and community safety programmes.	610 674	632 325	660 966
National Treasury (Vote 10)	(a) Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	To strengthen capacity of local government, to effectively and efficiently deliver quality infrastructure, by increasing the pool of skills available; to facilitate lifelong learning and the transfer of knowledge and skills to municipalities; to sustain infrastructure related management capacity in local government.	98 500	154 425	179 226
	(b) Local Government Financial Management Grant	To promote and support reforms in financial management by building capacity in municipalities to implement the Municipal Finance Management Act.	424 798	449 138	469 799
	(c) Integrated City Development Grant	To provide a financial incentive for metropolitan municipalities to integrate and focus their use of available infrastructure investment and regulatory instruments to achieve a more compact urban spatial form.	40 000	150 000	150 000
Sport and Recreation SA (Vote 20)	2014 African Nations Championship Host City Operating Grant	To assist host cities with the operational responsibilities associated with the hosting of the 2014 African Nations Championship.	120 000		1
Energy (Vote 29)	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant	To provide subsidies to municipalities to implement Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management initiatives within municipal infrastructure in order to reduce electricity consumption and improve energy efficiency.	180 722	155 415	202 005
Transport (Vote 37)	Public Transport Network Operations Grant	To provide supplementary operational funding to municipalities operating approved Integrated Rapid Public Transport Network/Integrated Public Transport Network services.	881 305	744 817	862 024
Water Affairs (Vote 38)	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant	To subsidise and build capacity in water schemes owned and/or operated by the Department of Water Affairs or by other agencies on behalf of the department.	420 945	449 558	470 239
		TOTAL	3 017 251	2 987 830	3 255 319

SCHEDULE 5B SPECIFIC-PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

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SPECIFIC-PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			Column A	Column R	n R
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2013/14	Forward Estimates	Estimates
			Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
			R'000	R'000	R'000
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANTS	TURE GRANTS				
Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	To provide specific capital finance for basic municipal infrastructure backlogs for poor households, micro enterprises and social institutions servicing poor communities.	14 352 060	14 683 835	15 448 070
Energy (Vote 29)	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme by providing capital subsidies to municipalities to address the electrification backlog of occupied residential dwellings, and the installation of bulk infrastructure and rehabilitation and refurbishment of electricity infrastructure in order to improve quality of supply.	1 634 772	1 564 658	2 056 090
National Treasury (Vote 10)	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant	To support and facilitate the planning and development of neighbourhood development programmes and projects that provide catalytic infrastructure to leverage third party public and private sector development towards improving the quality of life of residents in targeted underserved neighbourhoods (generally townships).	598 041	591 179	600 000
Human Settlements (Vote 31)	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	To provide specific capital funding for the reduction of rural water and sanitation backlogs and to target existing households where bulk-dependent services are not viable.	106 721	113 124	118 328
Transport (Vote 37)	(a) Public Transport Infrastructure Grant	To provide for accelerated planning, construction and improvement of public and non-motorised transport infrastructure.	4 668 676	5 126 029	5 278 881
	(b) Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	To assist rural district municipalities to set up rural Road Asset Management Systems, and collect road and traffic data in line with the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa.	52 205	75 223	97 763
Water Affairs (Vote 38)	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	To facilitate the planning, acceleration and implementation of various projects that will ensure water supply to communities identified as not receiving a basic water supply service.	602 965	1 058 976	2 671 934
		TOTAL	22 015 440	23 213 024	26 271 066

48

SCHEDULE 6A

ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO PROVINCES FOR DESIGNATED SPECIAL PROGRAMMES

				Column A	Column B	an B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Province	2013/14	Forward Estimates	Istimates
				Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
				R'000	R'000	R'000
Basic Education	Basic Education School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant	Eradication of entire inappropriate school infrastructure; provision of water,	Eastern Cape	824 085	2 025 542	2 772 301
(Vote 15)		sanitation and electricity to schools.	Free State	717 299	613 161	40 000
			Gauteng	13 060	16800	I
			KwaZulu-Natal	224 433	38 096	I
			Limpopo	71 267	$20\ 000$	I
			Mpumalanga	64 104	4 700	I
			Northern Cape	25 189	18 200	I
			North West	16 544	14 400	8 009
		_	Western Cape		418 604	92 000
			TOTAL	1 955 981	3 169 503	2 912 310
Health	(a) 2014 African Nations Championship:	Ith and medical services for the 2014 African Nations	Eastern Cape	I	I	I
(Vote 16)	Health and Medical Services Grant	Championship.	Free State	ı	ı	ı
			Gauteng	ı	1	I
			KwaZulu-Natal	I	I	I
			Limpopo	ı	'	I
			Mpumalanga	ı		ı
			Northern Cape	ı	'	I
			North West	1	'	I
			Western Cape	1 00	I	I
			Unallocated	0000	1	'
		-	TOTAL	6 000		•
	(b) National Health Grant	ate track		135 000	484 000	484 000
		ice,	Free State	94 000	92 000	95 000
		tion on National Health Insurance pilots and	Gauteng	102 000	247 000	247 000
		infrastructure projects.	KwaZulu-Natal	58 000	32 000	32 000
			Limpopo	$155\ 000$	$550\ 000$	550 000
			Mpumalanga	106 123	116 100	107 682
			Northern Cape	44 816	47 142	47 839
			North West	85 086	94 620	95 431
			Western Cape	27 000	17 000	17 000
			Unallocated	291 000	420 000	443 803
			TOTAL	1 098 025	2 099 862	2 119 755

49

SCHEDULE 6B

ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES FOR DESIGNATED SPECIAL PROGRAMMES

			Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2013/14	Forward Estimates	stimates
			Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
			R'000	R'000	R'000
National Treasury (Vote 10)	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant	To support and facilitate the planning and development of neighbourhood development programmes and projects that provide catalytic infrastructure to leverage third party public and private sector development towards improving the quality of life of residents in targeted underserved neighbourhoods (generally townships).	55 000	58 300	65 000
Energy (Vote 29)	(a) Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme by providing capital subsidies to Eskom to address the electrification backlog of occupied residential dwellings, the installation of bulk infrastructure and rehabilitation and refurbishment of electricity infrastructure in order to improve quality of supply.	2 141 027	2 488 037	3 680 043
Water Affairs (Vote 38)	(a) Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant	To subsidise and build capacity in water schemes owned and/or operated by the Department of Water Affairs or by other agencies on behalf of the department.	138 894	142 013	151 185
	(b) Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	To develop infrastructure that connects water resources, to infrastructure serving extensive areas across municipal boundaries or large regional bulk infrastructure serving numerous communities over a large area within a municipality; in the case of sanitation, to supplement regional bulk collection as well as regional waste water treatment works.	3 203 397	4 482 896	4 871 654
		TOTAL	5 538 318	7 171 246	8 767 882

SCHEDULE 7A

UNALLOCATED PROVISIONS FOR PROVINCES FOR DISASTER RESPONSE

				Column A	Column B	nn B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Province	2013/14	Forward Estimates	Estimates
				Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
				R'000	R'000	R'000
Cooperative	Provincial Disaster Grant	To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response.	Eastern Cape	I	ı	ı
Governance and			Free State	I	ı	I
Traditional			Gauteng	I	ı	I
Affairs			KwaZulu-Natal	I	ı	I
(Vote 3)			Limpopo	I	I	I
			Mpumalanga	I	ı	I
			Northern Cape	I	1	I
			North West	ı	'	ı
			Western Cape			
			Unallocated	188 100	197 372	204 344
			TOTAL	188 100	197 372	204 344

SCHEDULE 7B

UNALLOCATED PROVISIONS FOR MUNICIPALITIES FOR DISASTER RESPONSE

				Column A	Column B	n B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose		2013/14	Forward Estimates	stimates
				Allocation	2014/15	2015/16
				R'000	R'000	R'000
Cooperative	Cooperative Municipal Disaster Grant	To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response.				
Governance and	1	1		346 500	363 580	376 424
Traditional						
Affairs						
(Vote 3)						
		TOTAL	L	346 500	363 580	376 424

MEMORANDUM ON THE OBJECTS OF THE DIVISION OF REVENUE BILL, 2013

1. BACKGROUND

- 1.1 Section 214(1) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, ("the Constitution") requires that an Act of Parliament must provide for—
 - 1.1.1 the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government;
 - 1.1.2 the determination of each province's equitable share of the provincial share of that revenue; and
 - 1.1.3 any other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue, and for any conditions on which those allocations may be made.
- 1.2 Section 10 of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997 (Act No. 97 of 1997), requires that, as part of the process of the enactment of the Act of Parliament referred to in paragraph 1.1, each year when the annual budget is introduced, the Minister of Finance must introduce in the National Assembly a Division of Revenue Bill ("the Bill") for the financial year to which that budget relates.
- 1.3 The Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997, requires that the Bill be accompanied by a memorandum explaining—
 - 1.3.1 how the Bill takes account of each of the matters listed in section 214(2)(a) to (*j*) of the Constitution;
 - 1.3.2 the extent to which account was taken of any recommendations of the Financial and Fiscal Commission ("the FFC") that were submitted to the Minister of Finance in relation to matters listed in section 214(2) of the Constitution; and
 - 1.3.3 any assumptions or formulae used in arriving at the respective shares of the three spheres of government and the division of the provincial share between the nine provinces.
- 1.4 In terms of section 7(4) of the Money Bills Amendment Procedure and Related Matters Act, 2009 (Act No. 9 of 2009), when tabling the budget, a report must also be tabled that responds to the recommendations made in the reports by the Parliamentary Committees on Finance on the proposed fiscal framework in the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement and the reports by the Committees on Appropriations regarding the proposed division of revenue and the conditional grant allocations to provinces and local government as contained in the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement. The report must explain how the Bill and the national budget give effect to, or the reasons for not taking into account, the recommendations contained in the Committee reports.
- 1.5 The memorandum referred to in paragraph 1.3 is attached to this Memorandum and will also be attached as "Annexure W1" to the Budget Review, and the report referred to in paragraph 1.4 will be tabled with the budget.
- 1.6 The Bill is introduced in compliance with the Constitution, the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997, and the Money Bills Amendment Procedure and Related Matters Act, 2009, as set out in paragraphs 1.1 to 1.4.

- *Schedule 1* contains the equitable shares of the three spheres of government;
- Schedule 2 sets out provincial equitable share allocations;
- *Schedule 3* sets out local government equitable share allocations per municipality;
- *Schedules 4-7* deal with grant allocations for provinces and municipalities, including allocations to supplement funding of functions funded from provincial and municipal budgets, specific purpose allocations, allocations-in-kind (indirect transfers to provinces and local government) and the release of funds to provinces and municipalities for disaster response.

2. SUMMARY OF BILL

The following is a brief summary of the Bill:

- Clause 1 contains definitions;
- *Clause 2* sets out the objects of the Bill, which is to provide for the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the three spheres and to promote predictability and certainty in respect of allocations to provinces and municipalities as well as transparency and accountability in the resource allocation process;
- *Clause 3* provides for the equitable division of anticipated revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government, which is set out in Schedule 1;
- *Clause 4* provides for each province's equitable share, which is set out in Schedule 2, and that it must be transferred in terms of a payment schedule;
- *Clause 5* provides for each municipality's equitable share of revenue, which is set out in Schedule 3 and that it must be transferred in terms of a payment schedule;
- *Clause 6* determines what must happen if actual revenue raised falls short or is in excess of anticipated revenue for the financial year, and allows for additional conditional and unconditional allocations from the national government's portion of the equitable share or excess revenue;
- *Clause* 7 provides for conditional allocations to provinces in Part A of Schedules 4 to 7;
- *Clause 8* provides for conditional allocations to municipalities in Part B of Schedules 4 to 7;
- *Clauses 9 and 10* set out the duties of a transferring national officer in respect of Schedules 4 to 6 allocations;
- *Clauses 11 to 12* set out the duties of a receiving officer in respect of Schedules 4, 5 and 7 allocations;
- *Clause 13* sets out the additional duties of a receiving officer in respect of infrastructure conditional allocations to provinces;
- *Clause 14* prescribes the duties in respect of annual financial statements and annual reports for 2013/14;

- *Clause 15* requires the publication of certain allocations and all conditional grant frameworks in the *Government Gazette*;
- *Clause 16* requires that spending must only be in accordance with the purpose and subject to the conditions set out in the grant frameworks for Schedule 4 to 7 allocations, and sets out funding related arrangements if the a function funded by the Human Settlements Development or Public Transport Operations Grant is assigned by a province to a municipality;
- Clauses 17 and 18 provide for the withholding and stopping of allocations;
- *Clause 19* provides for the re-allocation of funds;
- *Clause 20* provides for the possible conversion of Schedule 5B and 6 allocations, the School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant and the National Health Grant in order to prevent under-spending on the allocation, if the affected national or provincial department has demonstrated the capacity to implement projects;
- Clause 21 provides for the management of unspent conditional allocations;
- Clauses 22 and 23 provide for payment schedules and their amendment;
- *Clause 24* provides for the recovery of any allocation transferred in error or fraudulently;
- *Clause 25* provides for new allocations during the financial year and Schedule 7 allocations;
- *Clause 26* provide for preparations for the next financial year and 2015/16 financial year;
- *Clause* 27 deals with transfers before the commencement of the Division of Revenue Act for 2013 and 2014 and the conditions attached to such transfers;
- Clause 28 sets out the duties of municipalities;
- Clause 29 sets out the duties and powers of provincial treasuries;
- Clause 30 sets out the duties and powers of the National Treasury;
- *Clauses 31 to 37* provide for general treasury matters such as allocations by public entities to provinces or municipalities, liability for costs incurred in violation of principles of co-operative governance and intergovernmental relations, irregular expenditure, financial misconduct, delegations and assignments, exemptions and the power of the Minister of Finance to make regulations;
- *Clauses 38 to 39* provide for the repeal of laws and the short title and commencement.

3. ORGANISATIONS AND INSTITUTIONS CONSULTED

The following institutions were consulted on the Bill-

- Financial and Fiscal Commission;
- South African Local Government Association; and
- National and provincial departments.

4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS TO THE STATE

This memorandum outlines the proposed division of revenue between the three spheres of government, and the financial implications to government are limited to the total transfers to provinces and local government as indicated in the Schedules to the Bill.

5. CONSTITUTIONAL IMPLICATIONS

This Bill gives effect to section 214 of the Constitution.

6. PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE

- 6.1 The State Law Advisers and the National Treasury are of the opinion that this Bill must be dealt with in accordance with the procedure prescribed by section 76(1) of the Constitution, since it provides for legislation envisaged in Chapter 13 of the Constitution, and it includes provisions affecting the financial interests of the provincial sphere of government, as contemplated in section 76(4)(b) of the Constitution.
- 6.2 The State Law Advisers are of the opinion that it is not necessary to refer this Bill to the National House of Traditional Leaders in terms of section 18(1)(a)of the Traditional Leadership and Governance Framework Act, 2003 (Act No. 41 of 2003), since it does not contain provisions pertaining to customary law or the customs of traditional communities.

DIVISION OF REVENUE ATTACHMENTS

Page

1.	Website "Annexure W1" to the 2013 Budget Review: Explanatory Memorandum to the Division of Revenue	57
2.	Annexure W2: Frameworks for Conditional Grants to Provinces	110
3.	Annexure W3: Frameworks for Conditional Grants to Municipalities	170
4.	Annexure W4: Specific Purpose Allocations to Municipalities (Schedules 5B and 7B): Current Grants	205
5.	Annexure W5: Infrastructure Grant Allocations to Municipalities (Schedules 4B and 5B)	224
6.	Annexure W6: Allocations-In-Kind to Municipalities (Schedule 6B)	243
7.	Annexure W7: Equitable Share and Total Allocations to Municipalities by National and Municipal Financial Years	253
8.	Appendix W1: Equitable Share Allocations to Municipalities (Equitable Share Formula Allocations + RSC Levies Replacement + Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees + Breakdown of Equitable Share Allocations per Local Municipality per Service for District Municipalities authorised for Services)	261
9.	Appendix W2: Breakdown of MIG and MWIG Allocations per Loca Municipality for District Municipalities authorised for Services	
10	Appendix W3: Targets for EPWP Integrated Grant for Municipalities	277
11	Appendix W4: Breakdown of Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Allocations per Local Municipality per Project	287
12	. Appendix W5: Breakdown of EPWP Integrated Grant for Provinces: Targets and Allocations per Provincial Department	293
13	. Appendix W6: Breakdown of Social Sector EPWP Incentive Grant for Provinces: Allocations per Provincial Department	296
14	Appendix W7: Breakdown of Health Facility Revitalisation Grant: Allocations per Grant Component per Province	298
15	. Appendix W8: Breakdown of National Health Grant: Allocations per Grant Component per Province	300

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM TO THE DIVISION OF REVENUE

(Website "Annexure W1" to the 2013 Budget Review)

W1

Explanatory memorandum to the division of revenue

Background

Section 214(1) of the Constitution requires that every year a Division of Revenue Act determine the equitable division of nationally raised revenue between national government, the nine provinces and 278 municipalities. This process takes into account the powers and functions assigned to each sphere of government. The division of revenue process fosters transparency and is at the heart of constitutional cooperative governance.

The Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act (1997) prescribes the process for determining the equitable sharing and allocation of nationally raised revenue. Sections 9 and 10(4) of the act set out the consultation process to be followed with the Financial and Fiscal Commission (FFC), including considering recommendations made regarding the division of revenue.

This explanatory memorandum to the 2013 Division of Revenue Bill fulfils the requirement set out in section 10(5) of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act that the bill be accompanied by an explanatory memorandum detailing how it takes account of the matters listed in sections 214(2)(a) to (j) of the Constitution, government's response to the FFC's recommendations, and any assumptions and formulas used in arriving at the respective divisions among provinces and municipalities. This explanatory memorandum has six sections:

- Part 1 lists the factors that inform the division of resources between national, provincial and local government.
- Part 2 describes the 2013 division of revenue.
- Part 3 sets out how the FFC's recommendations on the 2013 division of revenue have been taken into account.
- Part 4 explains the formula and criteria for the division of the provincial equitable share and conditional grants between provinces.
- Part 5 sets out the formula and criteria for the division of the local government equitable share and conditional grants between municipalities.

• Part 6 summarises issues that will form part of subsequent reviews of provincial and local government fiscal frameworks.

The Division of Revenue Bill and its underlying allocations are the result of extensive consultation between national, provincial and local government. The Budget Council deliberated on the matters discussed in this memorandum at several meetings during the year. The approach to local government allocations was discussed with organised local government at technical meetings with the South African Local Government Association (SALGA), culminating in meetings of the Budget Forum (Budget Council plus SALGA). An extended Cabinet meeting involving ministers, provincial premiers and the SALGA chairperson was held on 10 October 2012. The division of revenue – and the government priorities that underpin it – was agreed for the next three years.

Part 1: Constitutional considerations

Section 214 of the Constitution requires that the annual Division of Revenue Act be enacted only after factors in sub-sections (2)(a) to (j) of the Constitution are taken into account. These include national interest, debt provision, needs of national government and emergencies, the resource allocation for basic services and developmental needs, fiscal capacity and efficiency of the provincial and local spheres, reduction of economic disparities, and promotion of stability and predictability. The constitutional principles taken into account in deciding on the division of revenue are briefly noted below.

National interest and the division of resources

The national interest is encapsulated by those governance goals that benefit the nation as a whole. The National Development Plan, endorsed by Cabinet in November 2012, sets out a long-term vision for the country's development. This is complemented by the strategic integrated projects (SIPs) overseen by the Presidential Infrastructure Coordinating Council and the 12 priority outcomes adopted by Cabinet in 2010. In the 2012 *Medium Term Budget Policy Statement*, the Minister of Finance outlined how the resources available to government over the 2013 medium-term expenditure framework (MTEF) would be allocated to help achieve these goals. A detailed analysis of how funds have been allocated based on these priorities can be found in Chapter 4 of the 2012 *Medium Term Budget Policy Statement* and Chapter 8 of the 2013 *Budget Review*. The frameworks for each conditional grant allocated as part of the division of revenue also note how the grant is linked to the 12 priority outcomes.

Provision for debt costs

The resources shared between national, provincial and local government include proceeds from national government borrowing used to fund spending by all spheres. National government provides for the resulting debt costs to protect the country's integrity and credit reputation. A more detailed discussion can be found in Chapter 5 of the 2013 *Budget Review*.

National government's needs and interests

The Constitution assigns exclusive and concurrent powers and functions to each sphere of government. National government is exclusively responsible for functions that serve the national interest and are best centralised. National and provincial government have concurrent responsibility for a range of functions. Provincial and local government receive equitable shares and conditional grants to enable them to provide basic services and perform their functions. Changes have been made to a number of national transfers to provincial and local government to improve their efficiency, effectiveness and alignment with national strategic objectives.

Provincial and local government basic services

Provinces and municipalities are assigned key service-delivery functions such as education, health, social development, housing, roads, and provision of electricity, water and municipal infrastructure. They have significant autonomy to allocate resources to meet basic needs and respond to provincial and local priorities, while giving effect to national priorities. The division of revenue provides equitable shares to provinces and local government. This year's division of revenue allocates additional resources to provinces to provide for the effects of the 2012 public-sector wage agreements, repair infrastructure damaged by floods, extend and improve school facilities, expand library services, improve health services and increase social welfare services. Transfers to local government have grown significantly in recent years, providing municipalities with greater resources to deliver basic services. This is in addition to the substantial own-revenue-raising powers available to local government. In the 2013 division of revenue, additional resources have been made available to compensate for the rising costs of providing free basic water and electricity, accelerate access to these services and ensure their sustainability.

Fiscal capacity and efficiency

National government has primary revenue-raising powers. Provinces have limited revenue-raising capacity and the resources required to deliver provincial functions do not lend themselves to self-funding or cost recovery. Municipalities finance most of their expenditure through property rates, user charges and fees. However, rural municipalities raise significantly less revenue than larger urban and metropolitan municipalities. Due to their limited revenue-raising potential and their responsibility to implement government priorities, provinces receive a larger share of nationally raised revenue than local government. Local government's portion has significantly increased over the last few years and will continue to grow over the medium term. The provincial equitable share formula was reviewed in 2010 and the recommendations were implemented in 2011. In the 2013 MTEF, the formula is updated with 2011 Census data. Over this period, a new approach to the funding of provincial infrastructure will be implemented to promote better planning and implementation (details of this new approach are provided in part 6 of this annexure). A review of the local government equitable share was completed during 2012 and a new formula will be phased in from 2013/14 (details of the formula review and the new formulas are provided in part 5 of this annexure). These reviews are part of wider, ongoing reviews of provincial and local government functions and the funding thereof to ensure efficient and effective resource allocations.

Developmental needs

Developmental needs are accounted for at two levels: first, in the determination of the division of revenue, which explains the continued commitment to grow provincial and local government shares of nationally raised revenue, and second, in the determination of the division within each sphere through the formulas used for dividing national transfers among municipalities and provinces. Developmental needs are encapsulated in the equitable share formulas for provincial and local government and in specific conditional grants. In particular, various infrastructure grants and growing capital budgets aim to boost the economic and social development of provinces and municipalities.

Economic disparities

Both the equitable share and infrastructure grant formulas are redistributive towards poorer provinces and municipalities. Government is investing in economic infrastructure (roads) and social infrastructure (schools, hospitals and clinics) to stimulate economic development and job creation, and address economic and social disparities.

Obligations in terms of national legislation

The Constitution confers autonomy on provincial governments and municipalities to determine priorities and allocate budgets. National government is responsible for policy development, national mandates, setting national norms and standards for provincial and municipal functions and monitoring implementation for concurrent functions. The 2013 MTEF and division of revenue provide additional funding for the 2012 wage agreements, which were higher than expected. Additions to conditional grants address the demand for HIV and Aids prevention and treatment programmes, and access to housing and basic services. The local government equitable share has been increased to address the rising costs of providing free basic services to poor households. These allocations are in addition to obligations funded through existing provincial and local government baseline allocations.

Predictability and stability

Provincial and local government equitable share allocations are based on estimates of nationally raised revenue. If nationally raised revenue falls short of the estimates within a given year, the equitable shares of provinces and local government will not be adjusted downwards. Allocations are assured (voted, legislated and guaranteed) for the first year and are transferred according to a payment schedule. To contribute to longer-term predictability and stability, estimates for a further two years are published with the annual proposal for appropriations. Adjusted estimates as a result of changes to data underpinning the equitable share formulas and revisions to the formulas are phased in to ensure minimal disruption.

Flexibility in responding to emergencies

Government has a contingency reserve that provides a cushion for emergencies and unforeseeable events. In addition, two conditional grants for disasters allow for the swift allocation and transfer of funds to affected provinces and municipalities. Sections 16 and 25 of the Public Finance Management Act (1999) make specific provision for the allocation of funds to deal with emergency situations. Section 30(2) deals with adjustment allocations for unforeseeable and unavoidable expenditure. Section 29 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (2003) allows a municipal mayor to authorise unforeseeable and unavoidable expenditure in an emergency.

Part 2: The 2013 division of revenue

Expenditure in the 2013 MTEF will remain within the bounds set out in the 2012 Budget. National and provincial departments implemented savings measures and reprioritised spending to make additional resources available to fund government priorities in the 2013 Budget.

Excluding debt-service costs and the contingency reserve, allocated expenditure shared between the three spheres amounts to R951.3 billion, R1 trillion and R1.1 trillion over each of the MTEF years. These allocations take into account government's spending priorities, the revenue-raising capacity and responsibilities of each sphere, and input from various intergovernmental forums and the FFC. The provincial and local equitable share formulas are designed to ensure desirable, stable and predictable revenue shares, and to address economic and fiscal disparities.

Government's policy priorities for the 2013 MTEF

Government has adopted a policy of changing the composition of spending to focus on promoting economic support and development, investing in infrastructure, creating jobs and enhancing local government capacity.

Following the saving exercise mentioned above, additional resources are allocated to provinces to cover the following:

- The 2012 wage agreements
- Cushioning the impact of the phasing in of the 2011 Census data in the provincial equitable share formula
- Increased numbers of teachers for poor schools and Grade R
- Improved diagnostics for tuberculosis
- Increased assistance to non-governmental organisations providing social development services

- Absorption of social work graduates
- Continued expansion of HIV and Aids prevention and treatment programmes
- Investment in provincial roads
- Upgrade of informal settlements in mining towns
- Improvements in community library services
- School infrastructure.

Local government allocations receive additional funds to:

- Compensate for the rising costs of providing free basic water and electricity to poor households
- Accelerate provision of access to clean water through bulk and reticulation projects
- Accelerate provision of access to electricity and improving the sustainability of access through the refurbishment of key infrastructure
- Expand the collection and use of data on the condition of municipal roads
- Increasing the number of interns with infrastructure-related skills working in municipalities
- Host the 2014 African Nations Championship
- Promote more integrated and efficient cities.

Table W1.1 shows additional allocations for major infrastructure projects.

Table W1.1 Infrastructure project proposals

R million	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Total
Local government, housing and community amenities	1 321	2 134	5 652	9 108
Interim bulk water supply	311	585	1 400	2 296
Indirect grant: Regional bulk water infrastructure	269	954	1 953	3 176
Pilanesberg (Magalies water)	200	-	-	200
Human settlements development (informal settlements upgrading)	-	110	830	940
Social housing	160	90	435	686
Municipal infrastructure supports agency	60	60	60	180
De Hoop dam	171	335	974	1 480
Acid mine drainage	150	-	-	150
Transport, energy and communication	1 193	1 596	3 284	6 073
Sentech	277	-	-	277
SANEDI: ¹ Research and development	71	111	35	217
Integrated national electrification programme	320	77	500	897
South African National Roads Agency (SANRAL)	275	-	1 126	1 401
Passenger Rail Agency of South Africa (PRASA)	250	1 408	1 623	3 281
Education and related functions	150	500	1 000	1 650
New universities in Northern Cape and Mpumalanga	150	500	1 000	1 650
Health	30	30	30	90
Infrastructure unit systems support programme	30	30	30	90
Transport, energy and communication	191	195	1 922	2 309
Indirect grant: Integrated national electrification programme: Eskom	191	195	1 522	1 909
Provincial roads maintenance	-	-	400	400
Total	2 886	4 455	11 888	19 229

1. South African National Energy Development Institute

The fiscal framework

Table W1.2 presents medium-term macroeconomic forecasts for the 2013 Budget. It sets out the growth assumptions and fiscal policy targets on which the fiscal framework is based.

	2012	2012/13 2013/14		3/14	14 2014/15		2015/16	
	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2013	
R billion	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	
Gross domestic product	3 301.4	3 209.1	3 622.2	3 520.3	3 997.0	3 880.4	4 270.8	
Real GDP growth	3.0%	2.5%	3.8%	3.0%	4.3%	3.6%	3.8%	
GDP inflation	7.0%	5.4%	5.7%	5.3%	5.8%	6.5%	6.4%	
National budget framework								
Revenue	799.3	782.5	894.3	873.0	997.2	967.9	1 070.7	
Percentage of GDP	24.2%	24.4%	24.7%	24.8%	24.9%	24.9%	25.1%	
Expenditure	969.4	967.0	1 053.8	1 055.1	1 139.6	1 138.0	1 225.7	
Percentage of GDP	29.4%	30.1%	29.1%	30.0%	28.5%	29.3%	28.7%	
Main budget balance ¹	-170.0	-184.5	-159.5	-182.1	-142.4	-170.1	-155.0	
Percentage of GDP	-5.2%	-5.7%	-4.4%	-5.2%	-3.6%	-4.4%	-3.6%	

Table W1.2 Medium-term macroeconomic assumptions, 2012/13 – 2015/16

1. A positive number reflects a surplus and a negative number a deficit

Table W1.3 sets out the division of revenue for the 2013 MTEF after accounting for new policy priorities.

	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
		Outcome		Revised	Mediu	m-term esti	nates
R million				estimate			
Debt-service costs	57 129	66 227	76 460	88 325	99 741	108 718	118 163
Non-interest expenditure	690 068	738 914	812 063	878 642	955 333	1 029 262	1 107 564
Percentage increase	18.7%	7.1%	9.9%	8.2%	8.7%	7.7%	7.6%
Total expenditure	747 197	805 141	888 523	966 967	1 055 075	1 137 981	1 225 727
Percentage increase	17.5%	7.8%	10.4%	8.8%	9.1%	7.9%	7.7%
Contingency reserve	_	-	-	_	4 000	6 500	10 000
Division of available funds							
National departments	345 366	355 188	381 324	413 098	452 530	489 456	521 706
Provinces	293 164	322 822	362 488	388 516	414 152	441 727	474 389
Equitable share	236 891	265 139	291 736	313 016	337 572	359 924	383 697
Conditional grants	56 273	57 682	70 753	75 500	76 580	81 803	90 692
Local government	51 537	60 904	68 251	77 028	84 651	91 579	101 469
Equitable share ¹	23 845	30 541	33 173	37 373	40 582	44 490	50 208
General fuel levy sharing with metropolitan municipalities	6 800	7 542	8 573	9 040	9 613	10 190	10 659
Conditional grants	20 892	22 821	26 505	30 615	34 456	36 899	40 603
Total	690 068	738 914	812 063	878 642	951 333	1 022 762	1 097 564
Percentage shares							
National departments	50.0%	48.1%	47.0%	47.0%	47.6%	47.9%	47.5%
Provinces	42.5%	43.7%	44.6%	44.2%	43.5%	43.2%	43.2%
Local government	7.5%	8.2%	8.4%	8.8%	8.9%	9.0%	9.2%

Table W1.3 Division of nationally raised revenue, 2009/10 - 2015/16

1. With effect from 2006/07, the local government equitable share includes compensation for the termination of Regional Services Council (RSC) and Joint Services Board levies for metros and district municipalities From 2009/10 the RSC levies replacement grant is only allocated to district municipalities

Table W1.4 shows how additional resources are divided. The new focus areas and additional allocations are accommodated through shifting savings towards priorities.

Table W1.4 Changes o	ver baseline, 20	13/14 – 2015/10	6
R million	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
National departments	6 310	10 628	24 752
Provinces	3 060	4 723	17 283
Local government	793	873	6 608
Allocated expenditure	10 164	16 223	48 643

Table W1.5 sets out schedule 1 of the Division of Revenue Bill, which reflects the legal division of revenue between national, local and provincial government. In this division, the national share includes all conditional grants to provinces and local government in line with section 214(1) of the Constitution, and their allocations reflect equitable shares only.

	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	
	Column A	Column B		
R million	Allocation	Forward estimates		
National ^{1, 2}	676 920	733 566	791 822	
Provincial	337 572	359 924	383 697	
Local	40 582	44 490	50 208	
Total	1 055 075	1 137 981	1 225 727	

Table W1 5 Schedule 1 of the Division of Revenue Bill 2013/14 – 2015/16

1. National share includes conditional grants to provinces and local government, general fuel

levy sharing with metropolitan municipalities, debt-service costs and the contingency reserve

2. Direct charges for the provincial equitable share are netted out

The 2013 Budget Review sets out in detail how constitutional issues and government's priorities are taken into account in the 2013 division of revenue. It focuses on the economic and fiscal policy considerations, revenue issues, debt and financing considerations, and expenditure plans. Aspects of national, provincial and local government financing are discussed in detail in Chapter 8 of the 2013 Budget Review.

Part 3: Response to the recommendations of the FFC

Section 9 of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act (1997) requires the FFC to make recommendations regarding:

- a) "An equitable division of revenue raised nationally, among the national, provincial and local spheres of government;
- b) the determination of each province's equitable share in the provincial share of that revenue; and
- c) any other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue, and any conditions on which those allocations should be made."

The act requires that the FFC table these recommendations at least 10 months before the start of each financial year. The FFC tabled its Submission for the Division of Revenue 2013/14 to Parliament in May 2012. These recommendations are divided into 10 chapters, which cover three main areas: supporting inclusive growth (jobs, knowledge and regional development); climate change and environmental sustainability (opportunities and risks for inclusive growth and innovation); and institutional development for inclusive growth and innovation.

Section 214 of the Constitution requires that the FFC's recommendations be considered before tabling the division of revenue. Section 10 of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act requires that the Minister of Finance table a Division of Revenue Bill with the annual budget in the National Assembly. The bill must be accompanied by an explanatory memorandum setting out how government has taken into account the

FFC's recommendations when determining the division of revenue. This part of the explanatory memorandum complies with this requirement.

The FFC's recommendations can be divided into three categories:

- Recommendations that apply directly to the division of revenue
- · Recommendations that indirectly apply to issues related to the division of revenue
- Recommendations that do not relate to the division of revenue.

Government responses to the first and second categories are provided below. Recommendations that do not apply to the division of revenue are being considered and dealt with through alternative processes.

Recommendations that apply directly to the division of revenue

Chapter 1: Perspectives and prospects for job creation and the intergovernmental fiscal relations system

Impact of government spending on unemployment

The FFC recommends that, "Government should re-direct government spending towards those activities that directly or indirectly create jobs through enhancing productivity performance. Activities such as health care, durable goods manufacturing, agriculture, community services, and hospitality and food service should also form the basis of much of the expanded infrastructure expenditure plan which traditionally have gone chiefly to construction activities (e.g. building highways and bridges, dams and flood control structures)."

Government response

Job creation is a key priority of government. The 2011 *Budget Review* discussed proposals to stimulate job creation based on government's position that job creation is an outcome of business investment and a thriving economy, as well as government's activities and the regulatory environment. These strategies include promoting education and skills development, the manufacturing competitiveness enhancement programme, the Jobs Fund, a youth wage subsidy, the community work and expanded public works programmes, and government's infrastructure investment programmes. The 2012 *Budget Review* highlighted that productivity gains are essential to improved growth and rising incomes. Wage settlements that increase real wages at a pace higher than labour productivity gains threaten the labour market's recovery and are a key impediment to growth throughout the economy.

Chapter 2: Financing e-education and achieving policy goals in public ordinary schools

Finance e-education and achieve policy goals in public ordinary schools

The FFC recommends that, "E-education policy should be funded as a part of government's operating budget for the programme, just like teacher salaries, school buildings and other teaching aids."

Government response

Government supports the FFC's recommendation that an e-education policy should be funded and implemented, and that provinces should report on the implementation of and spending on e-education policy initiatives. This can be achieved by amending provincial performance indicators so that they include e-education in their annual performance plans and report against it in their annual reports.

Chapter 4: The impact of climate change on South Africa's rural areas

Adjust the objectives, terms and conditions and procedures of the municipal infrastructure grant The FFC recommends that, "The Department of Cooperative Governance should adjust the objectives, terms and conditions, and procedures of the *municipal infrastructure grant* to: (a) permit municipalities to use grant funds for climate adaptation and mitigation investments that involve creating, rehabilitating or modifying municipal infrastructure; and (b) ensure that these investments prioritise and directly address the vulnerabilities faced by poor households."

Government response

Government, through the Department of Cooperative Governance and the National Treasury, is reviewing the local government functional and fiscal framework, including local government conditional grants. The FFC's concerns will be taken into account during this review. Possible reforms to the grants could include ensuring that infrastructure development (energy, water and transport sectors) is aligned with South Africa's broader sustainable development and climate-change objectives.

Special municipal infrastructure grant component

The FFC recommends that, "The Department of Cooperative Governance should restructure the special municipal infrastructure grant component of the *municipal infrastructure grant* in order to (a) allow municipalities to acquire or rehabilitate ecological infrastructure, provided that the return on investment is greater than a comparable engineering solution; and (b) provide a funding window for rural municipalities to receive resources from the Green Fund and similar global resources in accordance with their terms and conditions."

Government response

This issue will be addressed as part of the local government functional and fiscal framework review process discussed above.

Chapter 5: Alternative financing mechanisms for disaster management in South Africa

The design of existing key municipal conditional grant programmes

The FFC recommends that, "National Treasury should require that environmental management and vulnerability objectives are explicitly incorporated into the design of existing key municipal grant programmes. These objectives should promote disaster risk-reduction methods (ex ante approach) and enhance municipal resilience to climate change through mitigation and adaptation methods. They should: (a) include the *integrated housing and human settlement development grant*, the *urban settlements development grant*, the *municipal infrastructure grant*, the *national electrification grant*, the *public transport infrastructure and systems grant* and the *regional bulk infrastructure grant*; (b) incorporate a statement of environmental and climate-change resilience objectives in each grant programme, together with measurable indicators; (c) prioritise the most vulnerable municipalities when determining the horizontal division of available resources in each programme; (d) provide for beneficiary municipalities to conduct appropriate climate-resilience evaluations on existing infrastructure over the medium term, subject to disaster risk-reduction methods being incorporated in respective integrated development plans; and (e) be accompanied by capacity support to and engagement with the most vulnerable municipalities to ensure that they are able to identify and address disaster risk comprehensively."

Government response

Government has developed a planning toolkit for climate-change response to help municipalities incorporate mitigation, adaptation and response strategies into their integrated development plans and other planning processes. In the horizontal division of available resources, several factors are considered to promote equity, including the fiscal capacity and efficiency of municipalities. Vulnerability to climate-change impacts does not necessarily translate into a lack of fiscal capacity. As a result, using climate-change vulnerability as a key indicator of determining the municipalities' equitable share or other grant allocations may compromise the principle of equity.

Chapter 6: Financing of waste management in South Africa

Job creation in the waste management sector

The FFC recommends that, "Government should take greater advantage of the opportunities for job creation in the solid waste sector, by incentivising municipalities to create 'green' jobs through labourintensive service delivery. In particular: (a) the Department of Public Works should review the expanded public works programme, which may negatively impact on the ability of municipalities to support job creation in the sector due to the comparatively higher capital costs associated with solid waste collection and recycling activities; (b) the Department of Cooperative Governance should review the funding conditions of the *municipal infrastructure grant* to ensure that local-level municipal waste management assets are eligible for financing; (c) a portion of resources from the recently established Green Fund should provide transitional financial support to municipalities that introduce innovative, labour-intensive waste collection, reduction and recycling mechanisms to areas where services are currently inadequate. These might include developing small waste collection and recycling contractors or community cooperatives to manage waste buy-back centres and materials recovery facilities; and (d) the Department of Environmental Affairs should develop municipal guidelines and regulations that support community involvement in waste management activities through community-based trusts and partnerships."

Government response

Government, being conscious of the potential economic and social returns, is committed to investing in a green economy. The green economy is one of the New Growth Path's ten "job drivers". These interventions will accelerate and sustain economic growth in a more labour-absorbing, value-adding and environmentally sustainable manner.

Government will review the local government infrastructure conditional grants (including the *municipal infrastructure grant* and other infrastructure grants) during 2013/14. The FFC's proposals will be considered as part of this review.

Expand access to solid waste services to poor households

The FFC recommends that, "Government should emphasise the expansion of access to solid waste services to poor communities, while strengthening the policy framework for the provision of refuse removal free basic services. In particular: (a) the Department of Cooperative Governance should review the *municipal infrastructure grant* guidelines to ensure that (i) adequate funding for solid waste assets is available to municipalities with weaker fiscal capacity; and (ii) expenditures on specialised vehicles and equipment required for solid waste management services are eligible for financing; (b) the Department of Environmental Affairs should prioritise support to municipalities seeking to expand services to poor communities using labour-intensive service delivery, including investigating potential fiscal instruments that might be incorporated with the expanded public works programme or Green Fund; and (c) the Department of Environmental Affairs should commission a review of the refuse removal free basic services policy, with a specific focus on its impacts on (i) expanding and sustaining services to poor households; (ii) the affordability and quality of service to poor households; and (iii) environmental impacts, such as the extent of reduction in illegal dumping."

Government response

Government acknowledges the importance of promoting sustainable access to solid waste services. Conditional grants and the local government equitable share already provide funding for access to services for poor households. The primary capital grants available for municipal solid waste facilities are the *municipal infrastructure grant* and the *urban settlements development grant*. The *municipal infrastructure grant* and the *urban settlements development grant*. The *municipal infrastructure grant* provides basic residential infrastructure for poor households. The grant can be used for new infrastructure, upgrading bulk and connector infrastructure, or the rehabilitation of existing infrastructure. The *urban settlements development grant* replaced the *municipal infrastructure grant* in metropolitan municipalities. The local government equitable share includes funds for the operational costs of providing solid waste services. The equitable share formula was reviewed during 2012 (in partnership with the FFC)

and the infrastructure grants will be reviewed during 2013/14. The FFC's proposals will be taken into account as part of this process.

The National Policy for the Provision of Basic Refuse Removal Services to Indigent Households was gazetted in June 2011 and should be given time to be implemented before it is reviewed. The Department of Environmental Affairs provides support to municipalities through a range of measures that are being continually strengthened.

Chapter 7: The impact of aggregate revenue and expenditure assignments on economic growth – the case of provinces and municipalities in South African intergovernmental relations

The role of non-metropolitan municipalities in economic growth

The FFC proposes that, "Municipalities, and particularly non-metropolitan municipalities, should be encouraged to play a more direct role in economic growth. This can be achieved by (a) national government assigning greater revenue and tax handles to the municipalities than is presently the case; and (b) reassessing all elements to support the growth-enhancing role of municipalities, when reviewing the fiscal framework. These elements would include local government equitable share, local own-revenue sources (e.g. local business taxes) and conditional grants. Such reassessment should ensure a better balance between equity and growth objectives in the local government fiscal framework."

Government response

Government agrees that municipalities have an important role to play in supporting economic growth and that their ability to raise their own revenue creates both a source of funding for this objective and a positive incentive to promote economic activity in their municipal area. Government also agrees that potential impacts on economic growth should be considered in any review of local government funding. However, the fiscal framework also has to balance the need to ensure that government is able to meet its social and other objectives with the need to promote economic growth. Municipalities must ensure that they are making full use of their existing revenue-raising powers and that they spend their budgets efficiently.

Chapter 9: Understanding the dynamics of the capacity challenge at local government level

Environmental constraints

The FFC is of the view that, "Environmental constraints, specifically with respect to the allocation of powers and functions and the formulation of conditional grants, may need to be simultaneously adjusted."

Government response

Government agrees that funding and capacity should be based on the assignment of powers and functions. Any change in these responsibilities should be accompanied by an assessment of whether changes are needed in the conditional grant and capacity-support systems.

Capacity-related conditional grants

The FFC recommends that, "The grants' conditionality must commit municipalities to specific, independently verifiable capacity and performance improvements. Grants should be redesigned to consider the quality of capacity-building interventions, instead of having a narrow quantitative focus; and an external, objective evaluation dimension should also be included in capacity grant requirements."

Government response

National government took steps in 2010/11 to streamline and focus capacity-building support efforts. The *financial management grant* and *municipal systems improvement grant* frameworks have been improved to remove overlaps and include conditionalities. Commitments and their deliverables are being audited in line with the accountability arrangements in the Division of Revenue Act.

Recommendations that indirectly apply to the division of revenue

Chapter 2: Financing e-education and achieving policy goals in public ordinary schools

Finance e-education and achieve policy goals in public ordinary schools in South Africa

The FFC recommends that, "A well-structured, inter-governmental financing mechanism should be established with explicit guidelines to provincial departments of education regarding the budget line items that must be prioritised in their annual budget allocations, as well as those budget line items that will be contained in the national budget allocation. Decisions on the particular line items can be informed by a review of policy documents and various studies conducted on e-education over several years and by a broader review of the available knowledge of e-education financing across the globe.

"The impact of e-education policy and financing should be continuously assessed, taking into account cross-departmental issues and supporting measures from a range of government departments and relevant public-sector bodies (Department of Basic Education, Department of Higher Education and Training, Department of Labour, Department of Science and Technology, Department of Communications, metropolitan municipalities, the Independent Communications Authority of South Africa and others). Such assessment would consider both school-level and economy-wide impacts. From an analytical perspective, the requirements would be twofold: (a) to understand how e-education affects students' decisions about acquiring ongoing skills in the education system (econometric analysis coupled with case studies, repeated over time); and (b) to consider interactions between e-education and the rest of the economy. Quantifying these interactions allows the value of various policy and financing options to be compared."

Government response

Government agrees that successful e-education requires both content and technology. Education departments will need to allocate resources for infrastructure, hard and software, and training for the implementation of e-education policies. These must be integrated with and support the delivery of the curriculum. E-education should be factored into existing norms and standards and be included in routine budgeting, monitoring and evaluation.

Chapter 6: Financing of waste management in South Africa

Full cost accounting

The FFC proposes that, "By the end of the 2015/16 financial year, government should phase in full cost accounting for solid waste management within municipalities. To achieve this goal, (a) government should develop specific (full cost accounting) guidelines for integrated municipal solid waste management that addresses the specific and interrelated environmental and service delivery needs of the sector, within the framework of activity-based costing that the National Treasury is introducing; and (b) government should develop a capacity-support programme to implement the guidelines that allows a phased introduction of full cost accounting starting with high-capacity municipalities that face major solid waste management."

Government response

Government agrees that full cost accounting for solid waste should be phased in within municipalities. This will help determine the full costs of solid waste management as well as its component costs, which will allow municipalities to identify the service's key cost drivers. Government has introduced many initiatives to support municipalities, such as the successful training of waste officers on waste-related issues. The Department of Environmental Affairs has also produced a costing tool to help municipalities cost their waste management service and set appropriate tariffs. Government will continue to encourage municipalities to use these tools.

Chapter 7: The impact of aggregate revenue and expenditure assignments on economic growth – the case of provinces and municipalities in South African intergovernmental relations

Alternative aggregate revenue and expenditure assignment for provinces and municipalities

The FFC recommends that, "The key principles of national strategies such as the New Growth Path document and the National Planning Commission's Vision for 2030 need to permeate provincial and local strategies. This can be achieved by translating these principles into complete sub-national strategies with full details on sustained implementation, followed by provincial and local governments' commitment to achieve the goals identified in the strategies. Key components for sub-national government to consider are capital and labour inputs, and multifactor productivity. Provincial and municipal governments should continue to invest in physical and human capital, focusing specifically on issues such as lack of adequate skills and physical infrastructure needs (maintenance, better location, etc). In addition, effective management and accountability mechanisms should be aimed at increasing multifactor productivity."

Government response

Government agrees that provinces and municipalities should continue to invest in physical and human capital. These investments should be consistent with the policy direction set out in the New Growth Path, the National Development Plan and other policies adopted by Cabinet.

Municipal revenue-collection efforts

The FFC is of the view that, "Municipalities are not necessarily doing a good job of collecting revenue from the public. Hence, municipalities need to improve their revenue-collection efforts, as these can positively contribute towards economic growth. It is well known that in South Africa some municipalities (for example, metropolitan municipalities) are raising substantial revenues, while other municipalities are still very dependent on transfers from national government. Issues that need to be addressed include weak capacity within local administrations, small tax bases, delivery of free basic services requiring high municipal expenditures (that can only be financed through national transfers), and a lack of 'payment culture' for services."

Government response

Government acknowledges that revenue-collecting performance varies widely among municipalities. Not all municipalities have the potential to collect the same proportion of income from own revenue, but they all need to make the necessary effort to collect what they can. Failure to do so leaves municipalities with fewer resources to invest in service delivery, including services that support economic growth. While national government agrees that weak capacity within municipalities and a "lack of payment culture" are important issues to address, the costs of free basic services for poor households are already funded by transfers through the local government equitable share. Municipalities with small tax bases are still responsible for collecting revenue due to them and should be able to fund their operations with a combination of transfers and own revenues if they spend efficiently.

Government is addressing the quality of municipalities' revenue-management capabilities through an indepth analysis of the revenue value chain, considering all variables that constitute effective and efficient revenue management. Government agrees that the municipal administrative capabilities should be enhanced by building institutional knowledge and improving their ability to enforce by-laws.

Chapter 9: Understanding the dynamics of the capacity challenge at local government level

Capacity-building interventions

The FFC recommends that, "Capacity-building interventions should holistically coordinate individual, organisational and institutional level dimensions of capacity building in a particular municipality over the medium term. Instead of focusing disproportionately on training, support programmes should include technical support for new systems, business process redesign and change management, based on an assessment of the relevant municipality. The level dimensions have been summarised as follows:

"Individual: officials must have the necessary technical skills, knowledge, experience and competencies to fulfil their particular functions. This means appointing the correct person to the correct post (adherence to recruitment, selection and any minimum competency requirements) and ensuring that officials then receive training (both accredited and non-accredited) relevant to their areas of responsibilities, to ensure continued workplace effectiveness.

"Organisational: municipalities should be supported in compiling realistic integrated development plans, implementing functional and effective performance management systems and knowledge management policies, to enhance organisational memory and data management, and to ensure accurate and relevant reporting. Critical vacancies must also be filled and workable staff-retention strategies implemented. Skilled individuals must be appointed to vacant positions for which affirmative action candidates cannot be found, and audits should be conducted of municipal positions that fall outside the approved organisational structures.

"Institutional: greater differentiation and flexibility is required in the design of the local government fiscal framework. A differentiated approach is needed for the assignment of functions to municipalities, based on their capacity to effectively manage them. Once a municipality has proved its ability to provide a specific basket of services, decisions can be made regarding expanding the range of services provided by such a municipality. Where service delivery failures persist, such services should be removed from municipalities. Furthermore, the establishment of a coordinated capacity-building function across all local government departments is recommended. These actions must be complemented by simplified, streamlined and coordinated reporting requirements for local government and clearly defined roles and responsibilities for national and provincial departments. To assist rural municipalities, the value and practicality of an assistance programme should be explored, aimed at attracting and retaining scarce skills in these areas (similar to the scarce skills payments made to doctors in rural areas)."

Government response

Government supports the recommendations relating to the different dimensions of capacity building. The National Treasury has developed a strategy for capacity building that incorporates these dimensions to deal with financial management disciplines in national, provincial and local government. Government also agrees that minimum standards should be set for the sectors identified in the recommendations. The sector departments, with legislated responsibilities in their respective areas, have also been encouraged to address capacity building in a holistic manner. For the recommendation to be effective, all sectors and spheres of government need to implement systems that ensure the appointment of suitably skilled and qualified officials.

Minimum competencies entrenched in the Municipal Finance Management Act

The FFC recommends that, "Minimum competencies as entrenched in the Municipal Finance Management Act should be enforced so as to ensure that appropriate technical skills are in place. Based on field work conducted by the Commission, the following functions require particular attention: revenue management, supply chain management, sewerage and water treatment plant operators, road maintenance supervisors, health inspectors and planning and project managers."

Government response

Government agrees with the recommendations. The National Treasury set out the compliance process for minimum competency requirements in regulations promulgated in 2007, which came into effect on 1 January 2013. The regulations cover a wide range of financial management disciplines, including revenue management, supply chain management and project management. To facilitate the process and improve communication and compliance, the National Treasury has issued Municipal Finance Management Act circulars, most recently in April 2012. This circular addressed the support measures in place, recognition of prior learning, non-compliance and consideration of special merit cases, reporting requirements, accountability arrangements for municipal managers, and requirements to include these arrangements in performance agreements of senior managers.

Chapter 10: Assessing gender-responsive budgeting in local government

Assess gender-responsive budgeting in local government

The FFC recommends that, "National and provincial governments should (a) run gender budgeting pilots in a few municipalities first and evaluate results before wider application. These pilots could be linked to ensuring gender disaggregated data for key conditional grants as part of the grant framework in the Division of Revenue Act; (b) ensure municipal integrated development plans institutionalise gender planning by sector (e.g. water and sanitation, local economic development etc.) and include gender disaggregated performance indicators and targets; (c) provide gender budgeting good practice guides and toolkits; and (d) provide guidelines for collecting sex-disaggregated data for budgeting processes and ensure that municipalities have the capacity to analyse budgets from a gender perspective."

The FFC also proposes that, "Local government should (a) institutionalise gender-responsive budgeting process linked to integrated development plans; (b) build capacity for gender mainstreaming and gender-responsive budgeting at local level; (c) ensure gender-responsive appropriations and budget allocations; and (d) ensure gender-sensitive public participation and consultations at local level."

Government response

Government supports the proposals, which will help ensure that the collection and allocation of public resources is effectively carried out and contributes to advancing gender equality and women's empowerment. It will provide tools to assess the different needs and contributions of men, women, boys and girls within existing revenues, expenditures and allocations, and will call for adjusted budget policies to benefit all groups.

Gender-responsive budget analysis, along with legislation and other practical policy measures, can address gender bias and discrimination. It is a step towards increased accountability and public transparency, and it can shift economic policies leading to gains across society. However, the proposals' implementation may be hindered by capacity constraints in municipalities.

Part 4: Provincial allocations

Sections 214 and 227 of the Constitution require that an equitable share of nationally raised revenue be allocated to provincial government to enable it to provide basic services and perform its allocated functions.

Of the R44.3 billion added to the provincial baseline over the next three years, the provincial equitable share baselines are revised upwards by R36.1 billion and conditional grants are increased by R8.2 billion. National transfers to provinces increase from R388.7 billion in 2012/13 to R414.2 billion in 2013/14. Over the MTEF period, provincial transfers will grow at an average annual rate of 6.9 per cent to R474.4 billion in 2015/16.

Table W1.6 sets out the total transfers to provinces for 2013/14, which amount to R414.2 billion, with R337.6 billion allocated to the provincial equitable share and R76.6 billion to conditional grants, which includes an unallocated R188 million for the *provincial disaster grant*, but excludes indirect transfers of R13.4 billion.

R million	Equitable share	Conditional grants	Total transfers
Eastern Cape	50 165	9 466	59 631
Free State	20 000	6 021	26 021
Gauteng	61 375	15 510	76 885
KwaZulu-Natal	73 510	14 575	88 085
Limpopo	41 362	7 179	48 541
Mpumalanga	27 211	5 788	32 998
Northern Cape	9 022	3 274	12 295
North West	22 754	4 990	27 744
Western Cape	32 175	9 589	41 764
Unallocated	_	188	188
Total	337 572	76 580	414 152

Table W1.6 Total transfers to provinces, 2013/14

Provincial equitable share

The equitable share constitutes the main source of revenue for meeting provincial expenditure responsibilities. The proposed revisions of R7.4 billion, R10.1 billion and R18.6 billion bring the equitable share allocations to R337.6 billion in 2013/14, R359.9 billion in 2014/15 and R383.7 billion in 2015/16. These revisions result in the provincial equitable share increasing by 7.2 per cent between 2012/13 and 2013/14, and growing at an average annual rate of 6.8 per cent over the MTEF. These equitable share amounts include R2 billion in 2013/14, R2.2 billion in 2014/15 and R2.3 billion in 2015/16, which were previously part of the *devolution of property rate funds grant*. This grant is being phased into the provincial equitable share in the 2013 MTEF. The phase-in process is discussed in more detail later.

Policy priorities underpinning equitable share revisions

The revisions to baseline equitable share allocations provide for personnel and policy adjustments for funding of urgent government priorities identified in education, health and social development. The personnel adjustments provide for the impact of the 2012 wage agreements on personnel budgets in all sectors. Policy-related adjustments to the provincial equitable share provide for an increased number of teachers in Quintile 1 schools and in Grade R, improved diagnostic tests for tuberculosis, absorption of social work graduates, and support to non-governmental organisations for the provision of social welfare services.

The equitable share formula

The provincial equitable share formula is reviewed and updated with new data annually. For the 2013 MTEF, the formula has been updated with data from the 2011 Census on the population and the school-age cohort (5 to 17 year olds); data from the 2012 School Realities Survey conducted by the Department of Basic Education on school enrolment; data from the 2011 General Household Survey for medical aid coverage; data from the health sector and the Risk Equalisation Fund for the risk-adjusted capitation index; and data from the 2010 gross domestic product by region (GDP-R) survey and the 2010 Income and Expenditure Survey for poverty. The impact of these updates on the provincial equitable share is phased in over three years (2013/14 to 2015/16).

Because the formula is largely population-driven, the allocations capture shifts in population across provinces, which leads to changes in the relative demand for public services across these areas. This can be seen in the changes in the equitable shares of different provinces after updating the formula with population data from the 2011 Census.

Population shifts in 2011 Census data

Over 60 per cent of the formula uses population data and the new census reveals larger changes in the population of some provinces than anticipated in the mid-year population estimates (used to update the formula in previous years). Table W1.7 below shows population changes between the 2011 mid-year estimates used in the 2012 formula and the 2011 Census data. Some provinces recorded significantly smaller populations in the 2011 Census than had been estimated, including KwaZulu-Natal, the Eastern Cape, Limpopo and the Free State. Gauteng has the highest population increase of close to 1 million people.

	2011 mid- year estimates	2011 Census	Population shifts	Percentage shares (mid-year 2011)	Percentage shares (2011 Census)	Population shifts
Eastern Cape	6 829 958	6 562 053	-267 905	13.5%	12.7%	-0.83%
Free State	2 759 644	2 745 590	-14 054	5.5%	5.3%	-0.15%
Gauteng	11 328 203	12 272 263	944 060	22.4%	23.7%	1.31%
KwaZulu-Natal	10 819 130	10 267 300	-551 830	21.4%	19.8%	-1.55%
Limpopo	5 554 657	5 404 868	-149 789	11.0%	10.4%	-0.54%
Mpumalanga	3 657 181	4 039 939	382 758	7.2%	7.8%	0.57%
Northern Cape	1 096 731	1 145 861	49 130	2.2%	2.2%	0.05%
North West	3 253 390	3 509 953	256 563	6.4%	6.8%	0.35%
Western Cape	5 287 863	5 822 734	534 871	10.5%	11.2%	0.79%
Total	50 586 757	51 770 561	1 183 804	100.0%	100.0%	_

Table W1.7 2011 mid-year estimates vs 2011 Census

Provision for 2011 Census impact

Total

The formula has been updated to reflect these shifts in provincial populations. As a result, provinces with increased populations received additional resources for their growing service-delivery responsibilities, while those with decreasing populations receive reduced allocations. Sufficient time will be given to provinces with reduced populations to adjust to smaller budgets. An addition of R6.3 billion is made available over the MTEF to cushion the impact of the new census data. An amount of R4.2 billion is added as a "top-up" for provinces with declining shares over the MTEF, and R2.1 billion is extended to all nine provinces and allocated through the formula in 2015/16. The R4.2 billion top-up for the four provinces with declining shares is shown in Table W1.8.

Table W1.8 Provincial equitable share: Cushioning for 2011									
Census impact on provinces with declining shares									
	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16						
R thousand Medium-term estimates									
Eastern Cape	185 962	421 166	685 628						
Free State	34 594	78 350	171 261						
Gauteng	-	-	_						
KwaZulu-Natal	289 915	656 600	773 075						
Limpopo	131 193	297 127	487 036						
Mpumalanga	-	_	_						
Northern Cape	_	_	_						
North West	_	_	-						
Western Cape	_	_	-						

This allocation will only provide relief in the 2013 MTEF. From 2016/17, the provincial equitable share will be allocated solely through the formula with no additions to support provinces with declining shares. Provinces must use the three years of support provided to adjust to their new baselines.

Phasing in the formula

To mitigate the impact of data updates on provincial equitable shares, the new shares are phased in over the MTEF. The data is updated each year and a new target share is calculated, which is shown in Table W1.9. The table shows the revised weighted provincial equitable shares for the period 2013/14 to 2015/16.

2013	/14 – 2015/16			
	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
	Weighted			
	shares	2013 MTE	F weighted sh	ares 3-year
Percentage			phasing	
Eastern Cape	15.2%	14.9%	14.5%	14.2%
Free State	6.0%	5.9%	5.8%	5.6%
Gauteng	17.6%	18.2%	18.8%	19.4%
KwaZulu-Natal	21.9%	21.7%	21.5%	21.3%
Limpopo	12.6%	12.3%	12.0%	11.8%
Mpumalanga	8.1%	8.1%	8.1%	8.2%
Northern Cape	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%
North West	6.7%	6.7%	6.8%	6.9%
Western Cape	9.3%	9.5%	9.7%	10.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table W1.9 Implementation of the equitable share weights,

Summary of the formula's structure

The formula, shown in Table W1.10 below, consists of six components that capture the relative demand for services between provinces and take into account specific provincial circumstances. The formula's components are neither indicative budgets nor guidelines as to how much should be spent on functions in each province or by provinces collectively. Rather, the education and health components are weighted broadly in line with historical expenditure patterns to indicate relative need. Provincial executive councils have discretion regarding the determination of departmental allocations for each function, taking into account the priorities that underpin the division of revenue.

Table W1.10 Distributing the equitable shares by province, 2013 MTE	Table W1.10	Distributing the	equitable shares	by province,	2013 MTEF
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	Education	Health	Basic share	Poverty	Economic activity	Institu- tional	Weighted average
	48%	27%	16%	3%	1%	5%	100%
Eastern Cape	15.3%	13.5%	12.7%	16.3%	7.7%	11.1%	14.2%
Free State	5.3%	5.4%	5.3%	5.4%	5.5%	11.1%	5.6%
Gauteng	17.3%	21.9%	23.7%	16.9%	33.7%	11.1%	19.4%
KwaZulu-Natal	22.7%	21.7%	19.8%	22.2%	15.8%	11.1%	21.3%
Limpopo	13.1%	10.3%	10.4%	13.6%	7.2%	11.1%	11.8%
Mpumalanga	8.5%	7.2%	7.8%	9.1%	7.0%	11.1%	8.2%
Northern Cape	2.3%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.3%	11.1%	2.7%
North West	6.5%	6.7%	6.8%	8.0%	6.7%	11.1%	6.9%
Western Cape	8.9%	11.1%	11.2%	6.1%	14.1%	11.1%	10.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Full impact of data updates on the provincial equitable share

Table W1.11 shows the full impact of the data updates on the provincial equitable share per province. The provinces with negative shifts in population according to the 2011 Census experienced a declining trend in their equitable shares, with significant upward revisions in the shares of provinces with increased population numbers. This table compares the target shares for the 2012 and 2013 MTEF.

sha	are		
	2012 MTEF	2013 MTEF	Difference
Eastern Cape	14.9%	14.2%	-0.79%
Free State	5.8%	5.6%	-0.20%
Gauteng	18.0%	19.4%	1.44%
KwaZulu-Natal	22.2%	21.3%	-0.89%
Limpopo	12.4%	11.8%	-0.56%
Mpumalanga	7.9%	8.2%	0.24%
Northern Cape	2.6%	2.7%	0.05%
North West	6.6%	6.9%	0.21%
Western Cape	9.4%	10.0%	0.51%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	_

 Table W1.11 Full impact on data updates on the equitable

For the 2013 Budget, the formula components are set out as follows:

- An *education component* (48 per cent) based on the size of the school-age population (ages 5 to 17) and the number of learners (Grade R to 12) enrolled in public ordinary schools.
- A *health component* (27 per cent) based on a combination of a risk-adjusted capitation index for the population, which takes into account the health risks associated with the demographic profile of the population and the relative share of case-loads in hospitals. The risk-adjusted capitation index is given a 75 per cent weighting and the case-load (output component) has a 25 per cent weighting.
- A basic component (16 per cent) derived from each province's share of the national population.
- An institutional component (5 per cent) divided equally between the provinces.
- A poverty component (3 per cent) reinforcing the redistributive bias of the formula.
- An economic output component (1 per cent) based on GDP-R data.

Education component (48 per cent)

The education component uses the school-age population (5 to 17 years), based on the 2011 Census, and enrolment data drawn from the 2012 School Realities Survey conducted by the Department of Basic Education. Each of these elements is assigned a weight of 50 per cent.

Table W1.12 shows the changes in the school-going age population between the census of 2001 and 2011.

	share						
	Age cohort	School e	nrolment	Changes in	Weighted	l average	Difference
	5 – 17	2011	2012	enrolment			in weighted
					2012 MTEF	2013 MTEF	average
Footorn Cono							
Eastern Cape	1 856 317	1 963 578	1 938 837	-24 741	16.3%	15.3%	-0.99%
Free State	657 489	658 010	660 966	2 956	5.6%	5.3%	-0.29%
Gauteng	2 231 793	2 017 931	2 062 526	44 595	15.7%	17.3%	1.66%
KwaZulu-Natal	2 758 594	2 847 378	2 866 369	18 991	23.2%	22.7%	-0.52%
Limpopo	1 536 294	1 695 524	1 714 518	18 994	13.9%	13.1%	-0.73%
Mpumalanga	1 053 846	1 046 551	1 051 356	4 805	8.4%	8.5%	0.09%
Northern Cape	288 839	274 745	276 420	1 675	2.2%	2.3%	0.08%
North West	824 724	765 120	774 615	9 495	6.3%	6.5%	0.15%
Western Cape	1 174 625	1 015 038	1 034 392	19 354	8.4%	8.9%	0.56%
Total	12 382 521	12 283 875	12 379 999	96 124	100.0%	100.0%	-

 Table W1.12 Impact of changes in school enrolment on the education component

 share

Table W1.13 shows the impact of the changes in school-age cohort (5 to 17 years) and new enrolment data on the education component shares.

Province	Person age	Person age	Population	Percentage	Percentage	Population
	5 – 17	5 – 17	shifts	shares (2001)	shares (2011)	shifts
	(Census 2001)	(Census 2011)				
Eastern Cape	2 151 992	1 856 317	-295 675	16.6%	15.0%	-1.65%
Free State	760 486	657 489	-102 997	5.9%	5.3%	-0.57%
Gauteng	1 931 719	2 231 793	300 074	14.9%	18.0%	3.09%
KwaZulu-Natal	3 013 243	2 758 594	-254 649	23.3%	22.3%	-1.02%
Limpopo	1 798 862	1 536 294	-262 568	13.9%	12.4%	-1.50%
Mpumalanga	1 074 972	1 053 846	-21 126	8.3%	8.5%	0.20%
Northern Cape	280 975	288 839	7 864	2.2%	2.3%	0.16%
North West	826 218	824 724	-1 494	6.4%	6.7%	0.27%
Western Cape	1 094 565	1 174 625	80 060	8.5%	9.5%	1.02%
Total	12 933 032	12 382 521	-550 511	100.0%	100.0%	_

Table W1.13 School-age cohort, 5 – 17 years (2001 Census versus 2011 Census)

Health component (27 per cent)

A new health component for the provincial equitable share formula was adopted in 2010 and implemented in the 2011 Budget. The 2011 Annexure W1 explained how the new health component is calculated and the rationale behind it. The component uses a risk-adjusted capitation index based on the Risk Equalisation Fund and output data from public hospitals to estimate each province's share of the health component. These two methods work together to balance needs (risk-adjusted capitation) and demands (output component).

The health component is presented in three parts below. Table W1.14 shows the shares of the risk-adjusted component, which accounts for 75 per cent of the health component.

	Population Census	Insured population	Risk- adjusted index	Weighted population	Risk-adju	sted shares	Change
Thousand	2011	2011	2012		2012	2013	
Eastern Cape	6 562	11.1%	96.9%	5 650	14.0%	13.0%	-0.94%
Free State	2 746	17.0%	103.3%	2 353	5.6%	5.4%	-0.20%
Gauteng	12 272	23.9%	105.4%	9 845	21.0%	22.7%	1.72%
KwaZulu-Natal	10 267	12.3%	98.9%	8 906	22.0%	20.6%	-1.45%
Limpopo	5 405	7.2%	91.6%	4 596	11.1%	10.6%	-0.52%
Mpumalanga	4 040	14.4%	95.7%	3 310	7.2%	7.6%	0.43%
Northern Cape	1 146	13.0%	100.7%	1 004	2.3%	2.3%	0.06%
North West	3 510	13.6%	102.2%	3 100	6.8%	7.2%	0.32%
Western Cape	5 823	25.1%	104.0%	4 537	9.9%	10.5%	0.59%
Total	51 771			43 301	100.0%	100.0%	_

Table W1.14 Risk-adjusted sub-component shares

The risk-adjusted sub-component estimates a weighted population in each province using the risk-adjusted capitation index, which is calculated using data from the Council for Medical Aids Scheme's Risk Equalisation Fund. The percentage of the population with medical aid insurance, based on the 2011 General Household Survey, is deducted from the 2011 Census population data to estimate the uninsured population per province. The risk-adjusted index, which is an index of the health risk profile of each province, is applied to this uninsured population to estimate the weighted population. Each province's share of this weighted population is used to estimate their share of the risk-adjusted sub-component. Table W1.14 shows the change in this sub-component between 2012 and 2013. In total, the risk-adjusted component is weighted at 75 per cent of the health component.

The output sub-component, which is updated with 2010/11 and 2011/12 data obtained from the District Health Information Services, is shown in Table W1.15 below.

	Primary health care					Hospital	workload	
		vis	its		patient-day equivalents			5
	2010/11	2011/12	Average	Share	2010/11	2011/12	Average	Share
Eastern Cape	17 667	18 269	17 968	14.6%	4 666	4 747	4 707	15.0%
Free State	6 596	7 194	6 895	5.6%	1 644	1 751	1 698	5.4%
Gauteng	20 011	22 318	21 164	17.1%	6 007	6 572	6 289	20.1%
KwaZulu-Natal	26 191	29 197	27 694	22.4%	7 886	8 167	8 026	25.6%
Limpopo	13 941	14 696	14 319	11.6%	2 710	2 869	2 789	8.9%
Mpumalanga	8 031	8 769	8 400	6.8%	1 726	1 715	1 720	5.5%
Northern Cape	3 473	3 340	3 407	2.8%	532	520	526	1.7%
North West	8 043	7 889	7 966	6.5%	1 545	1 563	1 554	5.0%
Western Cape	15 671	15 537	15 604	12.6%	3 980	4 112	4 046	12.9%
Total	119 626	127 209	123 417	100.0%	30 695	32 017	31 356	100.0%

	Table W1.15	Output sub-component	shares
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In the 2011 division of revenue, normative costings derived from government's Basic Accounting System and the District Health Information Services were used to weight primary health care visits and patient-day equivalents. The weighted visits were combined to estimate the output component. For the 2013 division of revenue, the output sub-component still uses patient load data from the District Health Information Services. The average number of clinic visits at primary health care clinics in 2010/11 and 2011/12 is calculated. Each province's average is used to estimate their share of this part of the output component, making up 5 per cent of the health component. For hospitals, each province's share of the total patient-day equivalents from public hospitals in 2010/11 and 2011/12 are used to estimate their share of this part of the output sub-component, making up 20 per cent of the health component. In total, the output component is 25 per cent of the health component. This new approach still applies a ratio to weight primary health care visits to patient-day equivalents, but it is simpler and more transparent than the method used in 2011.

Table W1.16 shows the updated health component shares for 2013.

	Risk- adjusted	Primary health care	Hospital component	Weighted	l shares	Change
Weight	75%	5%	20%	2012	2013	
Eastern Cape	13.0%	14.6%	15.0%	14.2%	13.5%	-0.64%
Free State	5.4%	5.6%	5.4%	5.5%	5.4%	-0.09%
Gauteng	22.7%	17.1%	20.1%	20.5%	21.9%	1.46%
KwaZulu-Natal	20.6%	22.4%	25.6%	23.0%	21.7%	-1.36%
Limpopo	10.6%	11.6%	8.9%	10.7%	10.3%	-0.39%
Mpumalanga	7.6%	6.8%	5.5%	6.8%	7.2%	0.32%
Northern Cape	2.3%	2.8%	1.7%	2.2%	2.2%	0.04%
North West	7.2%	6.5%	5.0%	6.5%	6.7%	0.23%
Western Cape	10.5%	12.6%	12.9%	10.6%	11.1%	0.43%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	-

Table W1.16 Health component weighted shares

Basic component (16 per cent)

The basic component is derived from the proportion of each province's share of the national population. This component constitutes 16 per cent of the total equitable share. For the 2013 MTEF, population data is drawn from the 2011 Census. Table W1.17 shows the impact on the basic component's revised weighted shares.

	Mid-year population	Population Census	Population change	% population	Basic component shares		Change
	estimates			change			
	2011	2011			2012 MTEF	2013 MTEF	
Eastern Cape	6 829 958	6 562 053	-267 905	-3.9%	13.5%	12.7%	-0.83%
Free State	2 759 644	2 745 590	-14 054	-0.5%	5.5%	5.3%	-0.15%
Gauteng	11 328 203	12 272 263	944 060	8.3%	22.4%	23.7%	1.31%
KwaZulu-Natal	10 819 130	10 267 300	-551 830	-5.1%	21.4%	19.8%	-1.55%
Limpopo	5 554 657	5 404 868	-149 789	-2.7%	11.0%	10.4%	-0.54%
Mpumalanga	3 657 181	4 039 939	382 758	10.5%	7.2%	7.8%	0.57%
Northern Cape	1 096 731	1 145 861	49 130	4.5%	2.2%	2.2%	0.05%
North West	3 253 390	3 509 953	256 563	7.9%	6.4%	6.8%	0.35%
Western Cape	5 287 863	5 822 734	534 871	10.1%	10.5%	11.2%	0.79%
Total	50 586 757	51 770 561	1 183 804	2.3%	100.0%	100.0%	-

Table W1.17 Impact of the changes in population on the basic component shares

Institutional component (5 per cent)

The institutional component recognises that some costs associated with running a provincial government and providing services are not directly related to the size of a province's population or the other factors included in other components. It is therefore distributed equally between provinces. It constitutes 5 per cent of the total equitable share, of which each province receives 11.1 per cent. This component benefits provinces with smaller populations, especially the Northern Cape and the North West, as the allocation per person for these provinces is much higher in this component.

Poverty component (3 per cent)

The poverty component introduces a redistributive element to the formula and is assigned a weight of 3 per cent. The poor population includes people who fall in the first two quintiles of household incomes in the 2010 Income and Expenditure Survey. The estimated size of the poor population in each province is calculated by multiplying the proportion in that province from the survey by the population figure from the 2011 Census. Table W1.18 shows the poverty quintiles of the Income and Expenditure Survey, the 2011 Census data and the weighted share of the poverty component per province.

	Income	Curr	ent (2012 M	TEF)	Ne	Difference		
	and Expendi- ture Survey 2010/11	Basic compo- nent value	Poor popula- tion	Weighted shares	Basic compo- nent value	Poor popula- tion	Weighted shares	in weighted shares
Eastern Cape	52.0%	6 830	3 404	16.7%	6 562	3 414	16.3%	-0.43%
Free State	41.4%	2 760	1 151	5.7%	2 746	1 137	5.4%	-0.23%
Gauteng	28.9%	11 328	3 186	15.7%	12 272	3 543	16.9%	1.26%
KwaZulu-Natal	45.3%	10 819	4 671	23.0%	10 267	4 652	22.2%	-0.75%
Limpopo	52.9%	5 555	2 936	14.4%	5 405	2 857	13.6%	-0.79%
Mpumalanga	47.3%	3 657	1 744	8.6%	4 040	1 909	9.1%	0.54%
Northern Cape	40.8%	1 097	493	2.4%	1 146	467	2.2%	-0.19%
North West	47.9%	3 253	1 527	7.5%	3 510	1 681	8.0%	0.52%
Western Cape	21.9%	5 288	1 221	6.0%	5 823	1 273	6.1%	0.08%
Total		50 587	20 332	100.0%	51 771	20 933	100.0%	-

Table W1.18	Comparison of	current and new pov	verty component weight	ghted shares
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Economic activity component (1 per cent)

The economic activity component is a proxy for provincial tax capacity and expenditure assignments. Given that these assignments are a relatively small proportion of provincial budgets, the component is assigned a weight of 1 per cent. For the 2013 MTEF, 2010 GDP-R data is used. Table W1.19 shows the impact of the revised weighted shares of the economic activity component. The right-hand column shows changes as a result of the relative growth of provincial contributions to GDP.

	Current (20)12 MTEF)	New (201	New (2013 MTEF)		
	GDP-R, 2009 (R million)	Weighted shares	GDP-R, 2010 (R million)	Weighted shares	weighted shares	
Eastern Cape	182 147	7.6%	203 993	7.7%	0.06%	
Free State	130 973	5.5%	145 405	5.5%	-0.00%	
Gauteng	811 907	33.9%	897 553	33.7%	-0.16%	
KwaZulu-Natal	384 937	16.1%	420 647	15.8%	-0.26%	
Limpopo	168 506	7.0%	191 934	7.2%	0.18%	
Mpumalanga	169 973	7.1%	187 367	7.0%	-0.05%	
Northern Cape	54 917	2.3%	61 175	2.3%	0.01%	
North West	156 374	6.5%	177 075	6.7%	0.13%	
Western Cape	336 234	14.0%	376 284	14.1%	0.11%	
Total	2 395 967	100.0%	2 661 433	100.0%	_	

Phasing of conditional grant into the provincial equitable share

The *devolution of property rate funds grant* will be phased into the provincial equitable share over the 2013 MTEF. The grant enables provinces to take over the responsibility of paying rates and municipal

charges on properties that were administered by national government on their behalf. Progress has been made in ensuring that all provinces have records of their properties and liabilities for municipal rates. Over the 2013 MTEF period, provinces will continue to receive the same amounts they would have received from the grant, but these will be transferred as part of the equitable share and not as a separate conditional grant. From 2016/17, these funds will be allocated through the provincial equitable share formula.

Conditional grants to provinces

There are four types of provincial conditional grants. Schedule 4A sets out general grants that supplement various programmes partly funded by provinces, such as infrastructure and central hospitals. Transfer and spending accountability arrangements differ, as more than one national or provincial department may be responsible for different outputs. Schedule 5A grants fund-specific responsibilities for both the transferring and receiving of provincial accounting officers. A schedule 6A grant provides allocations-in-kind through which a national department implements projects in provinces. A schedule 7A grant provides for the swift allocation and transfer of funds to a province to help it deal with a disaster.

Changes to conditional grants

Given the challenging economic environment and fiscal constraints, government decided to find savings from existing baselines to fund key priorities. As a result, the baselines of some conditional grants have been revised downward. Table W1.20 shows the savings made on provincial conditional grants to make resources available for government priorities.

• •				
R million	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	MTEF total
Basic Education	-113	-324	-639	-1 075
Education infrastructure	-100	-300	-600	-1 000
HIV and Aids (life skills education)	-7	-12	-17	-35
National school nutrition programme	-6	-12	-22	-40
Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs	-2	-4	-6	-12
Provincial disaster	-2	-4	-6	-12
Health	-135	-184	-237	-556
Health facility revitalisation	-125	-174	-232	-531
National health insurance	-11	-10	-5	-26
Public Works	-6	-12	-19	-37
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for				
provinces	-6	-12	-19	-37
Transport	-13	-14	-14	-41
Provincial roads maintenance	-13	-14	-14	-41
Total	-268	-538	-916	-1 722

Table W1.20 Savings effected on provincial conditional grants

Table W1.21 shows the revisions to provincial conditional grants, which provide for technical, policy and inflation adjustments. After accounting for the savings shown in Table W1.20 and shifts from provincial conditional grants, net revisions to conditional grant baseline allocations (a reduction of R8.6 million in 2013/14 and increases of R1.5 billion in 2014/15 and R6.6 billion in 2015/16, or a net increase of R8.2 billion over the MTEF) bring the new conditional grant baselines to R76.6 billion in 2013/14, R81.8 billion in 2014/15 and R90.7 billion in 2015/16.

R million	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013 MTE
Technical revisions	-5 583	-7 396	-7 635	-20 614
Basic Education	533	-	-	533
Education infrastructure ¹	533	-	-	533
Health	-1 098	-2 100	-2 120	-5 318
Health infrastructure	-1 296	-1 219	-1 326	-3 84
Hospital revitalisation	-3 752	-3 424	-3 564	-10 74
Nursing colleges and schools	-76	-95	-98	-26
Rescheduled to:				
Health facility revitalisation	5 124	4 739	4 988	14 85
Health infrastructure ²	-401	-563	-563	-1 52
Hospital revitalisation ²	-332	-1 012	-1 002	-2 34
National health insurance ²	-291	-420	-444	-1 15
Nursing colleges and schools ²	-74	-105	-111	-29
Higher Education and Training	-2 966	-3 128	-3 248	-9 34
Further education and training colleges ³	-2 966	-3 128	-3 248	-9 34
Public Works	-2 052	-2 168	-2 267	-6 48
Devolution of property rate funds ⁴	-2 052	-2 168	-2 267	-6 48
Additions to baseline ⁵	260	2 083	7 558	9 90
Arts and Culture	-	385	680	1 06
Community library services	-	385	680	1 06
Basic Education	-	1 191	4 101	5 29
Education infrastructure	-	1 191	4 101	5 29
Health	-	100	1 184	1 28
Comprehensive HIV and Aids	_	100	1 184	1 28
Higher Education and Training	91	110	130	33
Further education and training colleges	91	110	130	33
Human Settlements	_	110	1 040	1 15
Human settlements development	_	110	1 040	1 15
Transport	169	187	424	78
Provincial roads maintenance	169	187	424	78
Total additions to baseline	260	2 083	7 558	9 90 [.]
Less: Savings effected on conditional grants	-268	-538	-916	-1 72
Net additions to baselines	-9	1 545	6 642	8 17

Table W1.21 Revisions to conditional grant baseline allocations, 2013/14 – 2015/16

1. Conversion from school backlogs grant

2. Rescheduled to national health grant (indirect grant)

3. Subsidy portion transferred to national department

4. Rescheduled to provincial equitable share

5. Additions come from reprioritisation and policy reserve

Table W1.22 provides a summary of conditional grants by sector for the 2013 MTEF. More detailed information, including the framework and allocation criteria for each grant, is provided in Annexure W2 of the 2013 Division of Revenue Bill. The frameworks provide the conditions for each grant, the outputs expected, the allocation criteria used for dividing each grant between provinces, a summary of the grant's audited outcomes for 2011/12 and any other material issues to be addressed.

Table W1.22 Conditional grants to provinces, 2012/13 – 2015/16

R million	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	MTEF tot
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries	1 925	2 147	2 194	2 294	6 63
Comprehensive agricultural support programme	1 393	1 600	1 665	1 742	5 007
Ilima/Letsema projects	416	438	461	482	1 38
Land care programme: poverty relief and infrastructure development	116	109	68	71	248
Arts and Culture	565	598	1 016	1 341	2 95
Community library services	565	598	1 016	1 341	2 95
Basic Education	10 990	12 343	13 188	16 350	41 88
Dinaledi schools	100	105	111	116	33
Education infrastructure	5 587	6 631	7 161	10 059	23 85
HIV and Aids (life skills education)	203	214	221	226	66
National school nutrition programme	4 906	5 173	5 462	5 704	16 33
Technical secondary schools recapitalisation	194	221	233	244	69
Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs	180	188	197	204	59
Provincial disaster	180	188	197	204	59
Health	26 073	27 517	29 610	32 083	89 21
Africa Cup of Nations 2013: medical services	15	-	_	-	
Comprehensive HIV and Aids	8 763	10 534	12 311	13 957	36 80
Health facility revitalisation	6 191	5 124	4 739	4 988	14 85
Health professions training and development	2 076	2 190	2 322	2 429	6 94
National tertiary services	8 878	9 620	10 168	10 636	30 42
National health insurance	150	49	70	74	19
Higher Education and Training	4 845	2 443	2 600	2 759	7 80
Further education and training colleges	4 845	2 443	2 600	2 759	7 80
Human Settlements	15 726	16 984	17 918	19 667	54 56
Human settlements development	15 726	16 984	17 918	19 667	54 56
Public Works	2 429	613	644	667	1 92
Devolution of property rate funds	1 919	-	_	-	
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for provinces	293	356	371	382	1 10
Social sector expanded public works programme incentive for provinces	217	258	273	286	81
Sport and Recreation South Africa	470	498	526	550	1 57
Mass participation and sport development	470	498	526	550	1 57
Transport	12 299	13 249	13 909	14 777	41 93
Provincial roads maintenance	7 982	8 696	9 126	9 774	27 59
Public transport operations	4 317	4 553	4 783	5 003	14 33
Total	75 500	76 580	81 803	90 692	249 07
Indirect transfers	1 277	3 060	5 269	5 032	13 36
Basic Education	1 277	1 956	3 170	2 912	8 03
	1 277	1 956	3 170	2 912	8 03
School infrastructure backlogs	1 211		-		
School infrastructure backlogs Health	-	1 104	2 100	2 120	5 32
•	-	1 104 6	2 100 _	2 120 _	5 32

Agriculture grants

The *comprehensive agricultural support programme* aims to support newly established and emerging farmers. This grant includes the extension recovery programme, which focuses on improving extension services through training programmes and providing equipment for extension officers. The grant also aims to expand farm infrastructure and provide support for dipping, fencing and rehabilitation of viable irrigation schemes. The 2012 Budget allocated a total of R995 million to this conditional grant over the MTEF to repair flood damage to agricultural infrastructure in January and February 2011. The remaining allocations of R299 million and R298 million are already within the baselines for 2013/14 and 2014/15 and provinces are expected to continue allocating the funds towards these disaster recovery projects. The grant amounts to R5 billion over the 2013 MTEF.

The *land care programme grant: poverty relief and infrastructure development* aims to improve productivity and sustainable use of natural resources. Provinces are encouraged to use this grant to create jobs through the expanded public works programme. Over the medium term, R248 million is allocated to this grant.

The *Ilima/Letsema projects grant* is intended to boost food production by assisting previously disadvantaged farming communities. After the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries has tested the new approach, it will make this grant subject to the standard operating procedure for farmer support. This grant is allocated R1.4 billion over the MTEF.

Arts and culture grant

The *community library services grant*, administered by the Department of Arts and Culture, aims to help South Africans access knowledge and information, so that their socioeconomic situation can be improved. The grant is allocated to the relevant provincial department and either administered by that department or through a service-level agreement with municipalities. This grant will receive additions of R385 million in 2014/15 and R680 million in 2015/16 to enhance capacity in the sector, address issues arising from the function shift and provide for dual-purpose libraries where needed. The total grant amounts to R3 billion over the next three years.

Basic education grants

The *education infrastructure grant* is used by provinces for maintenance, refurbishment and the construction of new education infrastructure and schools. This grant will receive additions of R1.2 billion in 2014/15 and R4.1 billion in 2015/16 to improve the delivery of school infrastructure in provinces. This brings the grant total to R23.9 billion over the MTEF, which includes R159 million previously allocated for 2013/14 to repair school infrastructure damaged by floods in 2011. The infrastructure conditional grants are being reformed and incentives will be introduced to promote improved performance. This grant, together with the *health facility revitalisation grant*, will be the first grants to form part of this new approach. These reforms are discussed in more detail in part 6 of this annexure.

The *national school nutrition programme* seeks to improve the nutrition of poor school children, enhance active learning capacity and improve attendance in schools. This grant is allocated R16.3 billion over the MTEF.

The *technical secondary schools recapitalisation grant* provides for equipment and facilities in technical high schools. Provision is made for this grant to extend to 2015/16 in response to the growing need to recapitalise technical schools identified in provincial needs assessments. This grant is allocated R699 million over the MTEF.

The *Dinaledi schools grant*, started in 2011/12, supports Dinaledi schools to improve the quality of learner performance in mathematics, physical science, life sciences and first additional language English, in line with the Action Plan to 2014. Dinaledi schools are schools in disadvantaged communities that perform well in mathematics and physical science. The grant is allocated R333 million over the MTEF.

The *HIV and Aids (life skills) programme grant* provides for life skills training, sexuality and HIV and Aids education in primary and secondary schools. It is fully integrated into the school system, with learner and teacher support material provided for Grade 1 to 9. This grant is allocated R661 million over the MTEF.

The schools infrastructure backlogs grant is an indirect grant to provinces introduced in 2011 as a shortterm, high-impact grant to address backlogs in inappropriate structures and access to basic services. The grant's funds have been rescheduled to align the baseline with capacity to spend. An amount of R2.5 billion is shifted from 2013/14 to 2015/16. A reprioritisation of R1.7 billion over the MTEF is also effected to make resources available for the construction of new universities in Mpumalanga and the Northern Cape as part of the SIPs identified by the Presidential Infrastructure Coordinating Committee; the *community library services grant*, which provides a complementary service to education; and the *education infrastructure grant*. The grant now amounts to R8 billion over the 2013 MTEF.

Cooperative governance grant

The *provincial disaster grant* is administered by the National Disaster Management Centre in the Department of Cooperative Governance as an unallocated grant to provincial government at the start of the financial year. The grant allows for an immediate (in-year) release of funds to be disbursed by the National Disaster Management Centre after a disaster is declared, without the need for the transfers to first be gazetted. Over the MTEF, R590 million is available for disbursement through this grant.

Health grants

The *national tertiary services grant* provides strategic funding to enable provinces to plan, modernise and transform tertiary hospital service delivery in line with national policy objectives. The grant operates in 26 hospitals across the nine provinces, concentrated in urban Gauteng and the Western Cape. These provinces receive the largest shares of the grant as they provide the largest proportion of these high-level, sophisticated services for the benefit of the health sector countrywide. This grant is allocated R30.4 billion over the MTEF.

The *health facility revitalisation grant* funds the construction and maintenance of health infrastructure. This grant has been created through the merger of three previous grants: the *health infrastructure grant*, the *hospital revitalisation grant* and the *nursing colleges and schools grant*, which are now three components within the merged grant. The combination gives greater flexibility to the Department of Health to shift funds between the three grant components, with the approval of the National Treasury, so that they can avoid under- or overspending in any one area of health infrastructure. This grant is supported by the *national health grant*. The three components of the grant are:

- Health infrastructure Funds general maintenance and infrastructure needs at smaller hospitals and clinics. The National Treasury and the Department of Health have joint capacity-building programmes funded through this grant to support provinces' best-practice planning and project implementation. The grant will be part of the first phase of infrastructure reforms (discussed in part 6 of this annexure), which will introduce incentives in the funding and delivery of infrastructure to improve planning and procurement practices in line with the infrastructure delivery management system and best practices by the Construction Industry Development Board. This component is allocated R3.8 billion over the MTEF.
- Hospital revitalisation Supports large projects that modernise hospital infrastructure and equipment. It is allocated R10.7 billion over the MTEF.
- Nursing colleges and schools Funds the refurbishment and upgrading of nursing colleges and schools. The Department of Health will play a more active role in the planning, packaging and procurement of projects funded through this window than it does in other infrastructure grants. It is allocated R269 million over the next three years.

The *health professions training and development grant* funds the training of health professionals, and the development and recruitment of medical specialists. It enables the shifting of teaching activities from central to regional and district hospitals. It is allocated R6.9 billion over the medium term.

The *comprehensive HIV and Aids grant* enables the health sector to develop a response to HIV and Aids. The grant supports prevention programmes and specific interventions, including voluntary counselling and testing, prevention of mother-to-child transmission, post-exposure prophylaxis, antiretroviral treatment and home-based care. In addition to substantial increases to this grant and the provincial equitable share over the previous three MTEF periods for HIV and Aids programmes, the grant is allocated an additional R100 million in 2014/15 and R1.2 billion in 2015/16 to cover the increased antiretroviral treatment take-up rate and the impact of the withdrawal of the Presidential Emergency Plan for Aids Relief donor funding used for HIV and Aids programmes within this grant. This brings the baseline over the MTEF to R36.8 billion.

The *national health insurance grant* funds national health insurance pilots introduced in 2012/13. These projects aim to strengthen primary health care for the implementation of national health insurance. Ten districts have been selected as pilot sites to test interventions that aim to strengthen health systems and improve performance. Over the 2013 MTEF, the grant has been allocated R192 million. This grant is complemented by the national health insurance window within the *national health grant*.

The *national health grant* is a new indirect grant introduced in 2013/14 that will be spent by the Department of Health on behalf of provinces. The grant has two components, one to support infrastructure projects and the second to support the national health insurance scheme pilot sites. The infrastructure component will be used to accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existing health infrastructure and to supplement expenditure on infrastructure delivered through public-private partnerships. The second component will be used to contract general practitioners from the private sector for national health insurance sites. It will also support 10 central hospitals to strengthen their patient information systems and develop and pilot alternative hospital reimbursement tools. The grant is allocated R5.3 billion over the MTEF.

The 2014 African Nations Championship health and medical services grant will be introduced as an indirect grant for 2013/14 only, to support provinces hosting the 2014 African Nations Championship. This grant will be spent by the Department of Health in support of provinces providing medical services for the tournament. The grant has a value of R6 million in 2013/14.

Higher education and training grant

The *further education and training colleges grant* was introduced in 2010/11 to protect provincial spending on these colleges while the legislative processes required to shift this function to national government are completed. From 2013/14, a portion of the grant will be transferred directly to colleges as a subsidy, which will now flow from the Department of Higher Education and Training. The grant baselines over the MTEF have also been revised to accommodate this decision. In addition, an amount of R138 million in 2013/14, R178 million in 2014/15 and R243 million in 2015/16 is added to the grant to cover the cost of wage agreements, bringing the total value of this grant to R7.8 billion.

Human settlements grant

The *human settlements development grant* seeks to establish habitable, stable and sustainable human settlements in which all citizens have access to social and economic amenities. The human settlements function will be assigned to six metropolitan municipalities, with the assignment target date being the start of the municipal financial year (1 July 2013). From the date of assignment, funds for the *human settlement development grant* for these municipalities will be transferred directly to them. As the function has not yet been assigned, the funds for these cities are still reflected in the allocations to provinces. However, provisions in the 2013 Division of Revenue Bill will allow these funds to be transferred directly to cities once assignment takes place. Additional funding of R110 million in 2014/15 and R1 billion in 2015/16 is allocated to upgrade informal settlements in rapidly urbanising mining towns, in support of the SIPs. An

amount of R299 million is included in the existing baseline, added in the previous MTEF for the repair of infrastructure damaged by floods. The grant amounts to R54.6 billion over the MTEF.

The formula used to allocate the *human settlements development grant* will be reviewed during 2013, resulting in new allocations. To provide scope for this change, while still providing some degree of planning certainty over the MTEF, only half of the funds for 2014/15 and 2015/16 have been indicatively allocated among provinces in the schedules of the Division of Revenue Bill. The remaining funds will be allocated once the revised formula is in place.

Public works grants

The *expanded public works programme integrated grant for provinces* was revised last year to be a schedule 5A grant. Allocations are now made available upfront based on meeting job targets in the preceding financial year rather than the in-year performance measures used previously. Transfers depend on provincial departments reporting on jobs created through the expanded public works programme and implementing labour-intensive projects. This grant is allocated R1.1 billion over the MTEF.

The *social sector expanded public works programme incentive grant for provinces* rewards provinces for creating jobs in the preceding financial year in the areas of home-based care and early childhood development, adult literacy and numeracy, community safety and security, and sports programme services. This grant is allocated R816 million over the MTEF.

Sport and recreation South Africa grant

The *mass participation and sport development grant* aims to increase and sustain mass participation in sport and recreational activities in provinces. This grant is allocated R1.6 billion over the MTEF.

Transport grants

The *public transport operations grant* subsidises commuter bus services. It allows national government to ensure that contractual obligations are met and services are efficiently provided. The public transport contracting and regulatory functions may be assigned to certain metropolitan municipalities during 2013/14. If this takes place, funds for this grant will be transferred directly to the assigned municipality. The grant is allocated R14.3 billion over the MTEF.

The provincial roads maintenance grant consists of three components. The largest component enables provinces to expand their maintenance activities. The other components allow provinces to repair roads damaged by floods and cover the cost of rehabilitation work created by coal haulage activities in Mpumalanga and Gauteng. Allocations for this grant are determined through a new formula based on provincial road networks, road traffic and weather conditions. These factors reflect the different costs of maintaining road networks in each province. Allocations will also depend on satisfactory use of the road asset management systems from 2013/14. The grant requires provinces to follow best practices for planning and to use and regularly update road asset management systems. From 2015/16, the grant will be based on performance. During 2013/14, the Department of Transport will finalise the indicators – probably vehicle operating costs and remaining asset lifespan - and the performance component to inform grant allocations. Additional allocations of R169 million in 2013/14, R187 million in 2014/15 and R424 million in 2015/16 are added to the grant for road maintenance, bringing the total allocation to R27.6 billion over the MTEF. This includes amounts of R368 million and R367 million in the first two years of the 2013 MTEF allocated in the 2012 Budget for the repair of infrastructure damaged by floods in January and February 2011. Amounts of R809 million in 2013/14, R803 million in 2014/15 and R840 million in 2015/16 are allocated to repair roads damaged by coal haulage.

In addition to these grants, R450 million was allocated in the 2012 Adjustment Appropriation Act to provide for the upgrading of the Mthatha airport. The Department of Transport paid for the upgrade, but as the airport is an asset of the Eastern Cape provincial government, the province will benefit from this expenditure once the work is completed in 2013/14.

Part 5: Local government fiscal framework and allocations

The local government fiscal framework responds to the constitutional assignment of powers and functions to this sphere of government. The framework refers to all resources available to municipalities to meet their expenditure responsibilities. National transfers account for a relatively small proportion of the local government fiscal framework, with the majority of local government revenues being raised by municipalities themselves through their substantial revenue-raising powers, including property rates and service charges. However, the proportion of revenue coming from transfers and own revenues varies dramatically across municipalities, with poor rural municipalities receiving most of their revenue from transfers, while urban municipalities raise the majority of their own revenues. This differentiation in the way municipalities are funded will continue in the period ahead.

In the 2013 MTEF, a number of significant changes are being introduced to the way funds are allocated among municipalities. The two largest transfers to municipalities, the equitable share and the *municipal infrastructure grant*, are allocated among municipalities based on census data. The release of the 2011 Census results means that the formulas used for both these allocations have been updated. In addition, the formula used to allocate the local government equitable share has been reviewed and redesigned. Four new conditional grants are also being introduced to:

- Increase access to clean water
- Help cities develop more integrated and efficient patterns of urban development
- Subsidise the operating costs of cities running new public transport networks
- Support the host cities of the 2014 African Nations Championship (this is a once-off grant).

It is also likely that human settlements and public transport functions will be assigned to selected metropolitan municipalities during 2013/14. This will result in the funds for these functions – currently allocated to provinces and described in part 4 of this annexure – being transferred directly to municipalities.

This section outlines the transfers made to local government and how these funds are distributed between municipalities. Funds raised by national government are transferred to municipalities through conditional and unconditional grants. National transfers to municipalities are published to enable them to plan fully for their 2013/14 budgets, and to promote better accountability and transparency by ensuring that all national allocations are included in municipal budgets.

Changes to local government allocations

Given the constrained and uncertain economic outlook, government will use savings from existing baselines to fund government priorities. As a result, the baselines of most conditional grants have been revised downward. Table W1.23 shows the savings made on local government conditional grants to make resources available. No savings were made on the local government equitable share.

	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013 MTEF Total
R million				revisions
Direct conditional grants	-36	-292	-414	-742
Infrastructure transfers	_	-211	-349	-560
Urban settlements development grant	_	-211	-331	-542
Neighbourhood development partnership grant	_	_	-18	-18
Recurrent transfers	-36	-81	-64	-182
Energy efficiency and demand-side management grant	-19	-45	-7	-71
Municipal disaster grant	-4	-7	-12	-23
Municipal systems improvement grant	-2	-5	-8	-16
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for municipalities	-11	-24	-37	-72
Indirect conditional grants	-489	-221	-229	-939
Integrated national electrification programme	-33	-36	-38	-106
Rural households infrastructure grant	-282	-	_	-282
Water services operating subsidy	-174	-186	-192	-551
Total	-525	-513	-643	-1 681

Table W1.23 Savings effected on direct and indirect transfers to local government,2013/14 – 2015/16

Table W1.24 outlines all of the technical revisions and additions to local government allocations for the 2013 MTEF.

2013/14 – 2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013 MTEF
R million				Total revisions
Technical adjustments	-82	-289	37	-334
Direct transfers	25	-289	37	-227
Municipal infrastructure grant	-291	-1 259	-1 273	-2 823
Municipal water infrastructure grant	291	946	1 273	2 510
Public transport infrastructure grant	-881	-745	-862	-2 488
Public transport network operations grant	881	745	862	2 488
Infrastructure skills development grant	-2	-2	-2	-5
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for municipalities	-80	-88	-80	-248
Rural households infrastructure grant	107	113	118	338
Indirect transfers	-107	-	_	-107
Rural households infrastructure grant	-107	_	-	-107
Additions to baselines	1 278	3 010	9 859	14 147
Direct transfers	805	1 454	6 966	9 225
Equitable share	-	851	4 561	5 413
Municipal water infrastructure grant	312	113	1 399	1 824
Municipal infrastructure grant	-	179	231	410
Integrated national electrification programme	320	77	500	897
Infrastructure skills development grant	-	50	70	120
Integrated city development grant	40	150	150	340
2014 African Nations Championship host city operating grant	120	-	-	120
Rural roads asset management systems grant	13	34	54	101
Indirect transfers	473	1 556	2 892	4 922
Neighbourhood development partnership grant	_	_	4	4
Integrated national electrification programme	191	425	1 522	2 139
Regional bulk infrastructure grant	282	1 131	1 366	2 779

Table W1.24 Revisions to direct and indirect transfers to local government,

Due to the cumulative effect of the savings to fund national priorities, technical revisions and additions to baselines, the value of transfers to local government increases by R12.1 billion over the MTEF. Of this, R8.2 billion is added to direct transfers and R3.9 billion will be spent by national departments as indirect transfers.

Table W1.25 Net changes to direct and indirect transfers to local government, 2013/14 – 2015/16

2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013 MTEF total revisions
1 196	2 721	9 896	13 813
830	1 165	7 003	8 998
366	1 556	2 892	4 815
-525	-513	-643	-1 681
-36	-292	-414	-742
-489	-221	-229	-939
671	2 208	9 253	12 131
793	873	6 590	8 256
-123	1 335	2 663	3 875
	1 196 830 366 - 525 -36 -489 671 793	1 196 2 721 830 1 165 366 1 556 -525 -513 -36 -292 -489 -221 671 2 208 793 873 <td>1 196 2 721 9 896 830 1 165 7 003 366 1 556 2 892 -525 -513 -643 -36 -292 -414 -489 -221 -229 671 2 208 9 253 793 873 6 590</td>	1 196 2 721 9 896 830 1 165 7 003 366 1 556 2 892 -525 -513 -643 -36 -292 -414 -489 -221 -229 671 2 208 9 253 793 873 6 590

Transfers to local government

Over the 2013 MTEF, R277.7 billion will be transferred directly to local government and a further R21.5 billion has been allocated to indirect grants. Direct transfers to local government in 2013/14 account for 8.9 per cent of national government's non-interest expenditure. When indirect transfers are added to this, total spending on local government rises to 9.5 per cent of national non-interest expenditure. The value of direct transfers to local government grows at an average annual rate of 9.9 per cent over the MTEF. This is significantly above projected inflation, but lower than the rapid growth in transfers between 2001/02 and 2011/12 – when the value of direct transfers to local government grew from R6.5 billion to R68.3 billion, with an average annual growth rate of 27.2 per cent.

	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
		Outcome		Revised	Mediur	n-term estir	nates
R million				estimate			
Direct transfers	51 537	60 904	68 251	77 028	84 651	91 579	101 469
Equitable share and related	23 845	30 541	33 173	37 373	40 582	44 490	50 208
Equitable share formula ¹	20 281	26 761	29 289	32 981	35 886	39 409	44 900
RSC levy replacement	3 306	3 492	3 544	3 733	3 930	4 146	4 337
Support for councillor remuneration and ward committees	258	288	340	659	766	935	971
General fuel levy sharing with metros	6 800	7 542	8 573	9 040	9 613	10 190	10 659
Conditional grants	20 893	22 822	26 505	30 615	34 456	36 899	40 603
Infrastructure	18 699	20 871	24 643	28 029	31 092	33 548	36 971
Capacity building and other	2 194	1 951	1 862	2 586	3 364	3 351	3 632
Indirect transfers	3 081	2 939	2 770	4 956	5 538	7 171	8 768
Infrastructure	2 763	2 682	2 553	4 823	5 399	7 029	8 617
Capacity building and other	318	257	217	133	139	142	151
Total	54 618	63 843	71 021	81 984	90 190	98 751	110 237

Table W1 26	Transfers to loca	l aovernment	2009/10 - 2015/16
	Transfers to loca	i dovernment.	2009/10 - 2013/10

1. Outcome figures for the equitable share reflect amounts transferred after funds have been withheld to offset underspending by municipalities on conditional grants

The local government equitable share

In terms of section 227 of the Constitution, local government is entitled to an equitable share of nationally raised revenue to enable it to provide basic services and perform its allocated functions. The local government equitable share is an unconditional transfer that supplements the income that municipalities can raise from the sources of own revenues available to them (including property rates and service charges). The equitable share provides funding for municipalities to deliver free basic services to poor households and subsidises the cost of administration and other core services for those municipalities that have the least potential to cover these costs from their own revenues.

Over the 2013 MTEF, the local government equitable share, including the RSC/JSB levies replacement grant and special support for councillor remuneration and ward committees, is worth R135.3 billion -R40.6 billion in 2013/14, R44.5 billion in 2014/15 and R50.2 billion in 2015/16.

Review of the equitable share formula

The share of national revenue allocated to local government through the equitable share is determined in the national budget process and endorsed by Cabinet (the vertical division). Local government's equitable share is divided among the country's 278 municipalities using a formula (the horizontal division).

During 2012, the National Treasury, the Department of Cooperative Governance and SALGA, in partnership with the FFC and Statistics South Africa, reviewed the local government equitable share formula. The review did not include a review of the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* or the *special support for councillor remuneration and ward committees*, both of which are transferred with the equitable share, but calculated separately. The review proposed an improved structure for the formula, but did not make recommendations about the vertical division of revenue (total transfers to local government), as this is a decision made separately as part of the budget process.

The review was conducted in three phases. In the first phase, the formula's principles and objectives were reviewed and proposed revisions were presented to, and broadly welcomed by, municipalities during a series of consultations in May and June 2012. In the second phase, these revised principles and objectives (following the consultations) were used to formulate a proposal for a new structure for the formula. This was presented to municipalities in a discussion paper and at a workshop held in September 2012. The proposed structure was generally accepted by municipalities and was endorsed by the Budget Forum in October 2012. In the third phase, the review team constructed the new formula using data from the 2011 Census results, taking into account comments and proposals from municipalities where possible. The new formula and allocations were endorsed by the Budget Forum on 7 February 2013 and by Cabinet on 13 February 2013.

Principles of the local government equitable share formula

Following the first round of consultations with municipalities, it was agreed that the following principles should underpin the new local government equitable share formula. These principles were endorsed at a meeting of the Budget Forum on 8 October 2012.

The local government equitable share formula must:

- 1. *Be objective and fair* Municipalities with similar characteristics must be treated in the same way by the formula and the formula design must be immune to subjective adjustments to favour a particular municipality.
- 2. *Be dynamic and able to respond to changes* The formula must be capable of taking account of significant changes in the objective circumstances of municipalities, enable the smooth updating of data and be able to respond to policy changes.
- 3. *Recognise diversity among municipalities* The formula should take account of the different characteristics of municipalities and funds allocated for a particular function must go to the municipality officially authorised to perform that function (the local government equitable share will not fund municipalities for services that are the competency of other spheres).
- 4. *Only use high-quality, verifiable and credible data* Official, up-to-date data should be used wherever possible. Data must not be manipulated (this does not preclude the use of credible estimates and projections) and fair average cost estimates for basic services should be used (including maintenance costs).
- 5. *Be transparent and simple* The formula and information about how allocations are derived must be transparent and available to municipalities and the general public. The simpler the formula is, the more people will be able to engage with it. Local municipalities must remain accountable to their residents for resources they use, including transfers received.
- 6. *Provide for predictability and stability* Municipalities should be provided with a degree of certainty about their future allocations to enable them to plan and budget effectively.

Objectives of the local government equitable share formula

The following objectives of the new local government equitable share formula were agreed upon following the first round of consultations with municipalities. These objectives were also endorsed at a meeting of the Budget Forum on 8 October 2012:

1. Enable municipalities to provide basic services to poor households

The local government equitable share should:

- Supplement municipal budgets so that an efficient municipality will be able to progressively provide free basic services to its poor households in line with national policy norms and standards.
- Assist with the operational costs (including maintenance costs) of basic services for poor households. Capital costs should be funded through conditional grants, own revenues and borrowing.
- Support municipalities to create the foundation for economic growth through the sustainable provision of municipal functions.
- Reflect that maintenance should be budgeted for as part of the operational costs of service delivery.
- Promote the efficient delivery of services and not penalise efficient alternative modes of service delivery.
- Create positive incentives for municipalities that roll out services to reach more households.
- 2. Enable municipalities with limited own resources to afford basic administrative and governance capacity and perform core municipal functions

The local government equitable share should:

- Provide funding to enable resource-poor municipalities to afford a basic level of administrative and governance capacity.
- Provide funding towards the cost of performing essential functions in municipalities with limited own-revenue bases.
- Recognise the ability of certain municipalities to cross-subsidise the delivery of administrative and other essential municipal services from their own revenue.
- Take account of the different levels of fiscal capacity in municipalities, without rewarding inefficiency.
- Ensure that allocations do not crowd out municipal own-revenue-raising efforts and the revenue-accountability link that the collection of these revenues creates.

Structure of the local government equitable share formula

The formula uses demographics and other data to determine each municipality's share of the local government equitable share. It has three parts, made up of five components:

- The first part of the formula consists of the *basic services component*, which provides for the cost of free basic services for poor households.
- The second part enables municipalities with limited own resources to afford basic administrative and governance capacity and perform core municipal functions. It does this through three components:
 - The *institutional component* provides a subsidy for basic municipal administrative costs.
 - The *community services component* provides funds towards the provision of core municipal services not included under basic services.
 - The revenue adjustment factor ensures that funds from this part of the formula are only provided to municipalities with limited potential to raise own revenues. Municipalities the least able to fund these costs from their own revenues should receive the most funding.
- The third part of the formula provides predictability and stability through a *correction and stabilisation factor*, which ensures that all of the formula's guarantees can be met.

Each of these components is described in detail in the subsections that follow, while the structure of the formula is summarised in the box below.

Structure of the local government equitable share formula

LGES = BS + (I + CS)xRA ± C where LGES is the local government equitable share BS is the basic services component I is the institutional component CS is the community services component RA is the revenue adjustment factor C is the correction and stabilisation factor

The basic services component

This component helps municipalities provide free basic water, sanitation, electricity and refuse removal services to households that fall below an affordability threshold. During the consultation process it emerged that municipalities would prefer the formula's affordability measure (used to determine how many households should be targeted for free basic services) to be based on the level of two state old age pensions. When the 2011 Census was conducted, the state old age pension was worth R1 140 per month, two old age pensions were therefore worth R2 280 per month. A monthly household income of R2 300 per month has therefore been used to define the formula's affordability threshold. Statistics South Africa has calculated the number of households in each municipality that fall below this income level in the 2011 Census. The basic services to each of these households. The allocation to each municipality is calculated by multiplying this monthly subsidy by the number of households below the affordability threshold in each municipal area.

The free basic services subsidy includes funding for the provision of free basic water (6 kilolitres per poor household per month), energy (50 kilowatt-hours per month) and sanitation and refuse (based on service levels defined by national policy). The monthly amount provided for each service is detailed in Table W1.27 and includes an allocation of 10 per cent towards the maintenance costs of providing the service.

	Allocation per ho	Allocation per household below affordability threshold (Rands)				
	Operations	Maintenance	Total	(R millions)		
Energy	50.66	5.63	56.29	5 719		
Water	77.80	8.64	86.45	8 783		
Sanitation	64.84	7.20	72.04	7 319		
Refuse	54.35	6.04	60.39	6 136		
Total basic services	247.65	27.52	275.17	27 957		

Table W1.27	Amounts per	[·] basic service	allocated t	through the local
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overnment equitable abore

The formula uses the fairest estimates of the average costs of providing each service that could be derived from available information. These cost estimates do not account for municipalities' different circumstances as there are no credible ways of estimating the cost pressures in each municipality. By using generous estimates for each of the four services, municipalities should receive sufficient funds to provide the full basket of free basic services to their poor households. More details of how the cost estimates were arrived at can be found in the discussion paper on the proposed structure of the new local government equitable share formula (available at the following address: http://mfma.treasury.gov.za/Media_Releases/LGESDiscussions/Pages/default.aspx).

Unlike the previous formula, which provided a lower subsidy for households without access to services, this formula provides the same basic services subsidy for all poor households. Funding for each basic service is allocated to the municipality (metro, district or local) that is authorised to provide that service. If

another municipality provides a service on behalf of the authorised municipality, it should transfer funds to the provider in terms of section 28 of the Division of Revenue Act.

The previous local government equitable share formula used a household income level of R800 per month in terms of the 2001 Census to define the affordability threshold for funding free basic services. About 47 per cent of all households were below this threshold in 2001. Adjusting for the effects of inflation between 2001 and 2011, an income of R800 per month in 2001 would be worth about R1 500 in 2011. The new affordability threshold of R2 300 per month is substantially higher in real terms. As a result, more households (59 per cent) fall below this threshold in the new formula. This threshold is based on inputs from municipalities and should not be taken as an official poverty line or as a required level to be used by municipalities in their own indigence policies. However, if municipalities choose to provide fewer households with free basic services than they are funded for through the local government equitable share, then their budget documentation should clearly set out why they have made this choice and how it has been consulted on with their community during their budget process.

The basic services component BS = basic services subsidy x number of poor households

The basic services component is worth R28 billion in 2013/14 and accounts for 77.9 per cent of the value of the local government equitable share.

The institutional component

To provide basic services to households, municipalities need to be able to run a basic administration. Most municipalities should be able to fund the majority of their administration costs through own revenues, but because poor households will not be able to contribute, the equitable share includes an institutional support component to help meet some of these costs. As this component is intended to assist municipalities with limited own-revenue-raising abilities, a revenue adjustment factor is applied to ensure that a larger proportion of the allocation is received by municipalities with less potential to raise own revenue. The revenue adjustment factor is described in more detail later in this annexure.

This component consists of a base allocation of R5 million that goes to every municipality and an additional amount that is based on the number of council seats in each municipality. This reflects the relative size of a municipality's administration and is not intended to fund the costs of councillors only (the number of seats recognised for the formula is determined by the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs for elections and composition). The base component acknowledges that there are some fixed costs that all municipalities face.

The institutional component

I = base allocation + [allocation per councillor * number of council seats]

The institutional component accounts for 8.8 per cent of the equitable share formula and is worth R3.2 billion in 2013/14. This component is also complemented by the special support for councillor remuneration to poor municipalities provided outside of the equitable share formula (described in more detail later).

The community services component

This new component funds services for communities rather than households (which are provided for in the basic services component). It includes funding for municipal health services, fire services, municipal roads, cemeteries, planning, storm water, street lighting, parks and so on. As this component is intended to assist municipalities with limited own-revenue-raising abilities, a revenue adjustment factor is applied to ensure

that a larger proportion of the allocation is received by municipalities with less potential to raise own revenue. The revenue adjustment factor is described in more detail later in this annexure.

The allocation for this component is split between district and local municipalities, as both provide community services. In 2013/14, the allocation to district and metropolitan municipalities for municipal health and related services is R7 per household per month. The component's remaining funds are allocated to local and metropolitan municipalities based on the number of households in each municipality.

The community services component

CS = [municipal health and related services allocation x number of households] + [other services allocation x number of households]

The community services component accounts for 13.3 per cent of the equitable share formula and is worth R4.8 billion in 2013/14.

The revenue adjustment factor

The Constitution gives local government substantial own-revenue-raising powers (particularly through property rates and surcharges on services). Municipalities are expected to fund much of their own administrative costs and cross-subsidise some services for indigent residents. Given the different levels of poverty across South Africa, the formula does not expect all municipalities to be able to generate similar amounts of own revenue. A revenue adjustment factor is applied to the institutional and non-trading services components of the formula to ensure that these funds assist municipalities that are least likely to be able to fund these functions from their own revenues.

To account for the varying fiscal capacities of municipalities, this component is based on a per capita index using the following factors from the 2011 Census:

- Total income of all individuals/households residing in a municipality (as a measure of economic activity and earning)
- Reported property values
- Number of households on traditional land
- Unemployment rate
- Proportion of poor households as percentage of total number of households in the municipality.

To create an index from these factors, a regression was run to determine to what extent each of these factors correlated with the ability of municipalities to collect own revenue from property rates in 2009/10 and 2010/11 (recorded in their audited budget figures). Based on this analysis, each factor was given a weighting and an index was calculated based on what these factors predict about the potential for municipalities to collect own revenue in future. Based on this index, municipalities were ranked from highest per capita revenue-raising potential to the lowest. The top 10 per cent of municipalities on this list have a revenue adjustment factor of zero, meaning that they will receive no allocation from the institutional and non-trading services components when the factor of 100 per cent, which means that they will receive their full allocation from the institutional and non-trading services components. Municipalities between the bottom 25 per cent and top 10 per cent have a revenue adjustment factor applied on a sliding scale so that those with higher per capita revenue-raising potential receive a larger revenue adjustment factor.

The revenue adjustment factor is not based on the actual revenues municipalities collect. This component therefore does not create any perverse incentive for municipalities to under-collect potential own revenues to receive a higher equitable share.

As district municipalities do not collect own revenues from property rates, the revenue adjustment factor applied to these municipalities is based on the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocations. This grant

replaces a source of own revenues previously collected by district municipalities. It is still treated as an own-revenue source in many respects. Similar to the revenue adjustment factor for local and metropolitan municipalities, the factor applied to district municipalities is based on their per capita *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocations. The 10 per cent of municipalities with the highest per capita scores receive a revenue adjustment factor of zero, while those with the lowest 10 per cent receive a factor of 100 per cent. District municipalities in between are given revenue adjustment factors on a sliding scale – those with a higher per capita *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocation receive a lower revenue adjustment factor and those with lower allocations receive a larger revenue adjustment factor.

Correction and stabilisation factor

Providing municipalities with predictable and stable equitable share allocations is one of the principles of the equitable share formula. To ensure predictability, indicative allocations are published for the second and third years of the MTEF period. To provide stability for municipal planning, while giving national government flexibility to account for overall budget constraints and the need to amend the formula, municipalities are guaranteed to receive at least 90 per cent of the indicative allocation for the middle year of the MTEF.

With the introduction of the new equitable share formula and the updated 2011 Census data used in the formula, some municipalities will experience large changes in their equitable share allocations. To smooth the impact of these changes and give municipalities time to adjust (both for municipalities with increasing and decreasing allocations), the new allocations will be phased in over five years. For municipalities with smaller allocations under the new formula, the phase-in mechanism will measure the difference between the municipality's old and new allocations and will close this gap by 20 per cent each year. This means that in the first year, a municipality will only experience a change equivalent to 20 per cent of the gap between their allocations under the old and the new formulas, in the second year they will experience a 40 per cent change, and so on until in the fifth year their allocation is determined entirely through the new formula.

To provide for this phase-in, while staying within the limits of the equitable share envelope, municipalities with larger allocations will also have their increases phased in over five years. The total top-up amount needed to fund the phase-in for municipalities with declining allocations is calculated and deducted from those that do not require a top-up in proportion to their "surplus." This means that municipalities with larger allocations will have some of those gains delayed over the phase-in period.

Ensuring the formula balances

The formula is structured to ensure that all of the available funds are allocated. The formula automatically determines the value of the allocation per council seat in the institutional component and the allocation per household for other services in the community services component to ensure that it balances. The basic services component is determined by the number of poor households per municipality and the estimated cost of free basic services, so this component cannot be manipulated. This means that the balancing of the formula to the available envelope of resources must take place in the second part of the formula, which includes the institutional and community services components.

Structure of the previous local government equitable share formula

The previous local government equitable share formula is shown below. Like the new formula described above, it has basic services and institutional and correction components. But while the previous formula subtracts a revenue-raising capacity correction from the whole formula, the proposed new formula applies a revenue adjustment factor to the institutional and community services components only. The community services component is a new addition to the formula. The development component in the previous formula has never been activated.

 $Grant = BS + D + I - R \pm C$ where BS is the basic services component
D is the development component
I is the institutional support component
R is the revenue-raising capacity correction
C is a correction and stabilisation factor

Updating the formula for future years

One of the major changes introduced in the new formula is that the data underpinning each of the components will be updated annually to reflect changes or estimated changes. The previous formula's demographic information was still based on the 2001 Census and cost of services was based on estimates from the mid-1990s.

In future, the following factors will be updated in the formula:

- The electricity cost estimate is made up of bulk and other costs. Bulk costs will be updated based on the multi-year price determination approved by the National Energy Regulator of South Africa and other costs will be updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections.
- The water cost estimate is also made up of bulk and other costs. Bulk costs will be updated based on the weighted average increase in bulk tariffs charged by water boards (although not all municipalities purchase bulk water from water boards, their price increases serve as a proxy for the cost increases faced by all municipalities). Other components will be updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections.
- The cost estimates for other services will be updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections.
- The base amount for municipal health and related services and the base allocation in the institutional component will also be updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections.
- The number of households and those falling below the affordability threshold per municipality will be updated each year using average annual household growth in each municipality between the 2001 and 2011 Census. This data will be used to estimate future growth. The estimated total number of households reflected in the formula will be adjusted each year to balance with Statistics South Africa's mid-year population estimate (for the purposes of calculating these estimates, it will be assumed that average household size remains constant in future years). It is assumed that municipalities that experienced negative household growth between 2001 and 2011 will have zero growth in future. The credibility of estimates will be constantly reviewed and this methodology will be updated to reflect any municipal-level population estimates endorsed by Statistics South Africa or any municipal-level survey or census.

For the 2013 MTEF, the indicative allocations for 2014/15 and 2015/16 have been calculated assuming electricity bulk price increases of 16 per cent, water bulk increases of 7.2 per cent, inflation of 5.1 per cent in 2014/15 and 4.9 per cent in 2015/16 and household growth in line with the period between 2001 and 2011. These variables will be updated in future budgets to reflect any changes in the growth in prices or estimates of population growth. Such updates will result in changes to the allocations to municipalities, and indicative allocations for future years will change to reflect adjustments in these variables.

The need to introduce the new formula over a five-year period means that the full impact of the annual updates will be moderated by the phasing-in effect, which will slow the pace of both increases and decreases in the allocations to individual municipalities. This is necessary to avoid any sudden and potentially destabilising changes in allocations.

Potential refinements to the formula

Although the new local government equitable share formula has been through extensive consultations and much technical work, national government is still open to improving the formula's functioning in terms of the agreed principles and objectives. Areas for possible refinement include the introduction of factors to account for the land area and settlement types of municipalities within the community services component (this was an option many municipalities were strongly in favour of during the consultations, but it was not technically feasible for the 2013 formula). The proposal for the new local government equitable share formula included a specific sub-component for fire services within the community services component. These funds were to be allocated to the municipality (district, local or metropolitan) authorised to perform the function. Unfortunately, implementation will have to be delayed as there is no credible and comprehensive database available on this function's assignment.

While national government is committed to considering all proposed refinements to the formula, another full review is not envisaged until it has been fully phased in.

Impact of the new formula

The new local government equitable share formula has many advantages. The structure responds directly to the formula's objectives; cost estimates for basic services are more realistic; the broadly accepted poverty measure covers nearly 60 per cent of households in South Africa; institutional funding for poor municipalities is better targeted; there is funding for community services; and the data used to calculate allocations is updated annually.

The new formula also changes the allocations to municipalities. As Figure W1.1 below demonstrates, under the previous equitable share formula the allocations for rural municipalities were the lowest when considered per poor household (comparison is made after adding all funds allocated to district and local municipalities to serve the same area). In the new formula, rural municipalities receive the largest allocations on a per-poor-household basis. As rural municipalities generally struggle to fund their costs from own revenues it is appropriate that they receive stronger support from transfers.

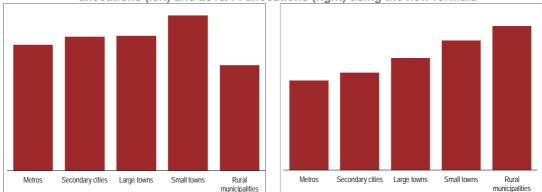


Figure W1.1 Equitable share allocations per poor household for different types of municipalities, 2012/13 allocations (left) and 2013/14 allocations (right) using the new formula

Note: Allocations reflect all funds allocated for services in the area of a municipality, whether those funds are transferred to a district or local municipality. Allocations for 2013/14 are determined through the new formula before the correction and stabilisation component is applied.

The full impact of these changes will not be felt in 2013/14 as the guarantees and phase-in process will keep the new formula's allocations to some municipalities above the determined amount, and funds will be subtracted from allocations to other municipalities to fund these guarantees. The full impact of the new formula will therefore not be felt until 2017/18 when it is fully phased in.

The addition of R5.4 billion to the equitable share over the 2013 MTEF (R851 million in 2014/15 and R4.6 billion in 2015/16) will cover the expected increases in the costs of basic services and provide for additional funds to flow through the institutional and community services components in 2015/16. These additions will further increase the allocations to municipalities with low own-revenue-raising potential.

Details of new allocations

In addition to the three-year formula allocations published in the Division of Revenue Bill, estimates of municipal allocations over the full five years of the phase-in period will be provided on the National Treasury's website. This will enable municipalities to see what the full impact of the new formula will be once it is fully phased in. To promote transparency (in line with principle 5 of the formula), details of each component's allocation and a summary version of the formula will also be published (available at: http://mfma.treasury.gov.za/Media_Releases/LGESDiscussions/Pages/default.aspx).

Other unconditional allocations

RSC/JSB levies replacement grant

Before 2006, district municipalities raised levies on local businesses through an RSC or JSB levy. This source of revenue was replaced in 2006/07 with the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant*, which was allocated to all district and metropolitan municipalities based on the amounts they had previously collected through the levies (the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* for metropolitan municipalities has since been replaced by the sharing of the general fuel levy). The value of the grant increases every year. In 2013/14, the grant increases by 9 per cent a year for district municipalities authorised for water and sanitation and 3 per cent for unauthorised district municipalities. The different rates recognise the various service-delivery responsibilities of these district municipalities.

Special support for councillor remuneration and ward committees

Councillors' salaries are subsidised in poor municipalities. This support is calculated separately to the local government equitable share and is in addition to the funding for governance costs provided in the institutional component. The level of support for each municipality is determined by the classification system used in the Government Gazette, which determines the upper limits of salaries, allowances and benefits of different members of municipal councils. The gazette, published annually by the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, classifies municipal councils into six grades based on their total income and population size. Special support is provided to the lowest three grades of municipal councils (the smallest and poorest municipalities). Funds were added in the 2012 MTEF to increase the support for councillor remuneration. These additions are still being phased in during 2013/14 and 2014/15. The proportion of councillors' salaries subsidised through this allocation for different grades of municipalities is shown in Table W1.28. All subsidy levels are based on the gazetted upper maximum levels for part-time councillors. In addition, each municipality in grades 1 to 3 receives an allocation to provide stipends of R500 per month to 10 members of each ward committee in their municipality. Each municipality's allocation for this special support is published in the appendices to the Division of Revenue Bill.

Table W1.28	Subsidy levels provided for councillor

remune	remuneration				
Municipal grade	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		
1	90.0%	90.0%	90.0%		
2	70.0%	80.0%	80.0%		
3	55.0%	70.0%	70.0%		

Conditional grants to local government

National government allocates funds to local government through a variety of conditional grants. These grants fall into two main groups: infrastructure and capacity building. The total value of conditional grants directly transferred to local government increases from R34.5 billion in 2013/14 to R36.9 billion in 2014/15 and R40.6 billion in 2015/16.

Infrastructure conditional grants to local government

National transfers for infrastructure, including indirect or in-kind allocations to entities executing specific projects in municipalities, amount to R122.7 billion over the 2013 MTEF.

	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
		Outcome		Revised	Mediu	m-term esti	nates
R million				estimate			
Direct transfers	18 699	20 871	24 643	28 029	31 092	33 548	36 971
Municipal infrastructure grant	8 728	9 704	11 443	13 882	14 352	14 684	15 448
Municipal water infrastructure grant	-	-	-	-	603	1 059	2 672
Urban settlements development grant	4 418	4 968	6 267	7 392	9 077	10 335	10 700
Integrated national electrification programme	900	1 033	1 097	1 151	1 635	1 565	2 056
Public transport infrastructure grant	2 421	3 700	4 612	4 988	4 669	5 126	5 279
Neighbourhood development partnership grant	508	832	738	578	598	591	600
2010 FIFA World Cup stadiums development grant	1 661	302	-	-	-	-	-
Rural roads asset management systems grant	10	10	35	37	52	75	98
Rural households infrastructure grant	-	-	-	_	107	113	118
Municipal drought relief grant	54	320	450	-	-	-	-
Indirect transfers	2 763	2 682	2 553	4 823	5 399	7 029	8 617
Integrated national electrification programme	1 616	1 720	1 165	1 879	2 141	2 488	3 680
Neighbourhood development partnership grant	70	50	50	80	55	58	65
Regional bulk infrastructure grant	577	851	1 260	2 523	3 203	4 483	4 872
Backlogs in water and sanitation at clinics and schools	350	-	-	_	-	-	-
Backlogs in the electrification of clinics and schools	149	-	-	_	-	-	-
Rural households infrastructure grant	-	62	78	341	-	-	-
Total	21 462	23 553	27 196	32 852	36 492	40 577	45 588

Table W1.29 Infrastructure transfers to local government, 2009/10 – 2015/16

Municipal infrastructure grant

The largest infrastructure transfer is made through the *municipal infrastructure grant*, which supports government's aim to expand service delivery and alleviate poverty. The grant funds the provision of infrastructure for basic services, roads and social infrastructure for poor households in all non-metropolitan municipalities. The total allocations for this grant grow to R14.4 billion, R14.7 billion and R15.5 billion over the 2013 MTEF.

The *municipal infrastructure grant* is allocated through a formula with a vertical and horizontal division. The vertical division allocates resources between sectors and the horizontal division takes account of poverty, backlogs, and municipal powers and functions in allocating funds to municipalities. The five main

components of the formula are described in the box below. A minimum allocation of R5 million ensures that a reasonable minimum allocation is made to small municipalities.

Municipal infrastructure grant = C + B + P + E + N C Constant to ensure increased minimum allocation for small municipalities (this allocation is made to all municipalities) B Basic residential infrastructure (new and rehabilitation of existing infrastructure) Proportional allocations for water supply and sanitation, roads and other (street lighting and solid waste removal) P Public municipal service infrastructure (ring-fenced for municipal sport infrastructure) E Allocation for social institutions and micro-enterprises infrastructure N Allocation to the 23 priority districts identified by government

For the 2013 MTEF, the *municipal infrastructure grant* allocation formula has been updated with data from the 2011 Census. Allocations for basic services sub-components are based on the proportion of the national backlog for that basic service in each municipality. Other components are based on the proportion of the country's poor households located in each municipality. Table W1.30 sets out the proportion of the grant accounted for by each component of the *municipal infrastructure grant* formula. The C-component provides a R5 million base to all municipalities.

In the 2011 division of revenue, the P-component (15 per cent of the grant) was ring-fenced for municipal sport and recreation infrastructure. This ring-fencing continues in the 2013 MTEF.

Amounts of R291.4 million in 2013/14, R946 million in 2014/15 and R1.2 billion in 2015/16 have been shifted from the *municipal infrastructure grant* to the new *municipal water infrastructure grant* described below. In the 2012 Division of Revenue Bill, the *rural households infrastructure grant* was to be phased into the *municipal infrastructure grant*. This decision has been reversed and amounts of R113.1 million in 2014/15 and R118.3 million in 2015/16 have been shifted from the *municipal infrastructure grant* to restore the *rural households infrastructure grant*.

per secto	or		
Municipal infrastructure grant (formula)	Component weights	Proportion of MIG per sector	Value of component 2013/14 (R millions)
B-component	75.0%		9 838
Water and sanitation	72.0%	54.00%	7 083
Roads	23.0%	17.25%	2 263
Other	5.0%	3.75%	492
P-component	15.0%		1 968
Sports	100.0%	15.00%	1 968
E-component	5.0%	5.00%	656
N-component	5.0%	5.00%	656
Constant			1 235
Total			14 352

Table W1.30 Municipal infrastructure grant allocations

Urban settlements development grant

In 2011/12, the *urban settlements development grant* was introduced for the eight metropolitan municipalities as an integrated source of infrastructure funding to upgrade urban informal settlements. The grant combines basic services funding (previously allocated through the *municipal infrastructure grant*) with part of the basic services portion of the *human settlements development grant* (previously allocated to provinces). This shift reflects the importance of upgrading informal settlements and coordinating housing and basic services projects, and perhaps most significantly, government's policy to devolve more housing authority to cities. The *urban settlements development grant* is allocated a total of R30.1 billion in the 2013 MTEF.

Municipal water infrastructure grant

This is a new grant, administered by the Department of Water Affairs, to accelerate the delivery of clean water to communities that do not have access to basic water services. The grant provides funding for municipalities to plan and implement various projects, including the construction of new infrastructure and the refurbishment and extension of existing water schemes. The grant has an allocation of R4.3 billion over the 2013 MTEF.

The public transport infrastructure grant

The *public transport infrastructure grant* is administered by the Department of Transport. This grant was previously the *public transport infrastructure and systems grant*. The operational portion of the previous grant has been separated as the *public transport network operations grant* from 2013/14, meaning that the infrastructure grant will only fund capital expenditure. The grant aims to help cities create new and improve existing public transport and non-motorised transport infrastructure. This includes the provision of infrastructure for bus rapid transit systems. The grant has an allocation of R15.1 billion over the 2013 MTEF.

The rural roads asset management systems grant

The *rural roads asset management systems grant* is administered by the Department of Transport to improve rural roads infrastructure. The grant funds the collection of accurate data on the condition and usage of rural roads in line with the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa. This data will guide investments to maintain and improve these roads. Rural district municipalities are funded to collect data on the condition and usage of all the municipal roads in their area so that the spending of infrastructure funds (from the *municipal infrastructure grant* and elsewhere) can be properly planned to

maximise their impact. Over the 2013 MTEF, this grant will be extended to more municipalities. The grant has an allocation of R225.2 million over the MTEF.

The rural households infrastructure grant

The *rural households infrastructure grant* funds the provision of on-site solutions for water and sanitation services for rural households where piped infrastructure is not feasible. The grant will become a direct grant to municipalities in 2013/14. It was previously an indirect grant through which the Department of Human Settlements provided on-site infrastructure for water and sanitation in rural areas. From 2013/14, funds will be transferred directly to municipalities for these projects. This will allow municipalities to manage community consultation processes. The municipality will also be responsible for ensuring the infrastructure is maintained, providing a much greater incentive for maintenance planning to be included in projects from the beginning. The grant has an allocation of R338.2 million over the MTEF.

The neighbourhood development partnership grant

The *neighbourhood development partnership grant* seeks to develop community infrastructure and create a platform for private investment to improve the quality of life in townships. The grant is administered by the National Treasury and has an allocation of R2 billion over the MTEF for both the technical assistance (indirect) and capital (direct) grant.

The integrated national electrification programme

To sustain progress in connecting poor households to electricity, government will spend about R13.6 billion over the next three years on the national electrification programme. Of this, municipalities will spend R5.3 billion and Eskom will spend R8.3 billion on behalf of municipalities. This includes an additional R2.9 billion over the 2013 MTEF. This programme was instrumental in ensuring 85 per cent of all households have access to electricity, as reported in the 2011 Census.

The regional bulk infrastructure grant

This grant supplements the financing of the social component of regional bulk water and sanitation. It targets projects that cut across several municipalities or are large bulk projects within one municipality. The grant supplements regional bulk collection and wastewater treatment works. It may also be used to appoint service providers to carry out feasibility studies, related planning or management studies for infrastructure projects. The grant has additional funding of R2.8 billion over the 2013 MTEF, bringing the total value of the grant to R12.6 billion over the MTEF.

Capacity-building grants and other current transfers

Capacity-building grants boost municipalities' building management, planning, technical, budgeting and financial management skills. The *expanded public works programme integrated grant for municipalities* promotes increased labour intensity in municipalities and the *water services operating subsidy grant* supports particular national water schemes that are being transferred to municipalities.

2009/10 - 2015/16	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
R million				Revised estimate			
Direct transfers	2 194	1 951	1 862	2 586	3 364	3 351	3 632
Municipal systems improvement grant	200	212	220	230	240	252	26'
Local government financial management grant	300	365	385	403	425	449	470
Public transport network operations grant	_	_	-	-	881	745	86
Integrated city development grant	-	-	-	-	40	150	15
2010 FIFA World Cup host city operating grant	508	210	-	-	-	-	
2013 African Cup of Nations host city operating grant	-	_	-	123	_	-	
2014 African Nations Championship host city operating grant	-	-	-	-	120	-	
Water services operating subsidy grant	849	664	542	562	421	450	47
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for municipalities	101	280	364	662	611	632	66
Infrastructure skills development grant	-	-	39	75	99	154	17
Energy efficiency and demand-side	175	220	280	200	181	155	20
Municipal disaster grant	61	_	32	330	347	364	37
Indirect transfers	318	257	217	133	139	142	15
Energy efficiency and demand-side	75	109	119	-	_	_	
Water services operating subsidy	243	148	98	133	139	142	15
Total	2 512	2 208	2 079	2 719	3 503	3 493	3 78

 Table W1.31 Capacity building and other current transfers to local government,

 2009/10 – 2015/16

Local government financial management grant

The *local government financial management grant*, under the National Treasury vote, funds the modernisation of financial management, including building in-house municipal capacity to implement multi-year budgeting, linking integrated development plans to budgets, producing quality and timely in-year and annual reports, and generally supporting municipalities in the implementation of the Municipal Finance Management Act. Total allocations for the *local government financial management grant* amount to R1.3 billion over the 2013 MTEF.

The public transport network operations grant

The *public transport network operations grant* subsidises the operational costs of public transport systems built through the *public transport infrastructure grant*. Previously, both grants formed part of the *public transport infrastructure and systems grant*. This grant has been split into separate infrastructure and operational grants to provide more transparency on what is being funded and to provide cites with greater certainty about the levels of operational funding they can expect to receive to support the new public transport networks they are running. The public transport network operations grant is allocated R2.5 billion over the 2013 MTEF.

Integrated city development grant

This is a new grant that provides a financial incentive for metropolitan municipalities to integrate and focus their use of all available infrastructure investment and regulatory instruments to achieve a more compact urban spatial form. The grant has an allocation of R340 million over the MTEF.

Infrastructure skills development grant

This grant, introduced in 2012, places interns with technical skills in municipalities. These interns spend two years in a well-capacitated municipality or entity gaining skills and experience, and are then transferred to a rural municipality with poor capacity to complete their internship. This programme will increase the pool of qualified engineers and scientists working in municipalities and will give rural municipalities the opportunity to hire these skilled personnel when they have completed their internships. The first cohort of interns in this programme began working in 2012. The grant has an allocation of R432.2 million over the MTEF.

Municipal systems improvement grant

The *municipal systems improvement grant* provides funding to non-metropolitan municipalities to help them implement their local government turnaround strategies. The grant is administered by the Department of Cooperative Governance and is allocated R753.5 million over the MTEF.

Expanded public works programme integrated grant for municipalities

This grant promotes the use of labour-intensive methods in delivering municipal infrastructure and services. The grant is allocated through a formula based on past performance – creating an incentive effect – with a bonus to give bigger allocations to poor, rural municipalities. The grant has an allocation of R1.9 billion over the MTEF.

The energy efficiency and demand-side management grant

The *energy efficiency and demand-side management grant* was introduced following load shedding in 2008. It funds selected municipalities to implement demand-side management projects, with a focus on public lighting and energy-efficient municipal infrastructure. The grant has an allocation of R538.1 million over the MTEF.

The water services operating subsidy

The *water services operating subsidy* is a grant with schedule 5B (direct) and schedule 6B (in-kind) components to fund water schemes. The grant covers staff-related costs, direct operating and maintenance costs, and infrastructure refurbishment. Allocations per municipality are based on the operational budget for each scheme and the funding requirements identified in the transfer agreement. Before 1994, the Department of Water Affairs administered these schemes, which are now being transferred to municipalities. At the end of 2011/12, 59 agreements had been signed, 5 524 staff transferred and 1 655 schemes (including rudimentary schemes) with a total asset value of about R6.6 billion transferred to municipalities. In the 2013 MTEF, R1.8 billion is allocated for the *water services operating subsidy* (direct and indirect transfers). This grant enables the transfer of staff operating water schemes from national government to municipalities. It is a transitional grant that is expected to be phased out over time.

2014 African Nations Championship host city operating grant

Following the successful hosting of the African Cup of Nations in January/February 2013, South Africa will host the African Nations Championship tournament in January 2014. An allocation of R120 million in 2013/14 is provided to support the cities hosting the tournament.

Municipal disaster grant

The *municipal disaster grant* was introduced in the 2011 MTEF. This grant is administered by the National Disaster Management Centre in the Department of Cooperative Governance as an unallocated grant to local government. The centre is able to disburse disaster-response funds immediately – without the need for the transfers to be gazetted first. Over the 2013 MTEF, R1.1 billion is available through this grant.

Part 6: Future work on provincial and municipal fiscal frameworks

Provincial infrastructure transfers

Infrastructure conditional grants to provinces will be reformed during the 2013 MTEF to introduce incentives in existing grant structures, which will promote good infrastructure delivery management system practices and complement existing capacity support programmes. These incentives will aim to address infrastructure planning and procurement failures in infrastructure delivery.

From 2015/16, provinces will only be eligible to receive allocations for the *health facility revitalisation grant* and the *education infrastructure grant* if they meet certain planning criteria. Provinces will be required to bid for their infrastructure grant allocations two years in advance (during 2013/14, provinces will bid for their 2015/16 allocations). A set of bidding prerequisites and criteria will be used to evaluate bids. Unsuccessful bids will not be funded and those allocations will be pooled in an unallocated fund, which provinces with successful bids can apply for. The 2013 Division of Revenue Bill requires provinces to complete and submit plans and bids for these grants during 2013/14.

Prerequisites

Provinces will only be entitled to bid for funds if they have the following in place:

- An agreed framework outlining the roles and responsibilities within a provincial infrastructure delivery management system, which has been adopted and signed off by the Provincial Cabinet. This framework must also be supported by the appropriate capacity.
- Long-term infrastructure plans (a user asset management plan) for each sector, aligning a department's strategic objectives and infrastructure needs.
- Appropriate monitoring systems and contract management systems that enable filing, record-keeping and tracking project expenditure.

Approval processes

After the prerequisites have been met, there will be two approval processes. First, provinces will be required to bid for their allocations using a signed-off infrastructure programme management plan and supporting construction procurement strategy. In the second process, successful departments will have to prepare and define the project/programme packages that are to be implemented. These will be assessed to confirm each province's allocation (confirmed by an allocation letter from the National Treasury). The province will be instructed to proceed with tender procedures. These two approval processes will be finalised during the two years before projects/packages are implemented.

After the second approval, the process is closed and the application process for the year is complete. But there will still be a possibility that allocations will be withdrawn if there is non-compliance, irregularities or material deviation from original submissions. Funds that remain unallocated at the end of this approval process can be allocated to provinces that are ready to implement additional projects. These projects, which would already be in the approval process but proposed for subsequent years, will be brought forward.

During the year in which funds are spent, measures will be put in place to ensure that if a province is not spending at the planned rate, they do not receive further transfers until they have spent the funds already transferred. Options will also be explored to shift unspent funds to projects where they can be spent during the year.

Local government infrastructure transfers

In the 14 years since the first Division of Revenue Act was first introduced in 1998, more than R165 billion in infrastructure grants have been made available to municipalities or to national departments

to spend on their behalf. Of this amount, just over R134 billion was allocated in the last six years (2007/08 to 2012/13). The impact of this massive amount of funding on levels of access to service is revealed in the results of the 2011 Census. A preliminary analysis of these results reveals a mixed picture in which some municipalities have managed to make impressive inroads in providing access to basic services while in other areas progress has been very limited.

The 2011 Census results reveal where infrastructure spending has achieved results, and where it has been less effective. This will allow government to draw lessons from these successes and failures and examine how the grant system can be most effective in delivering infrastructure. The Budget Forum has recommended that the 2011 Census data should form the basis of a thorough review of the local government conditional grant system in the period leading up to the 2014 Budget. This review will be coordinated by the National Treasury, using a collaborative process that will include national departments, SALGA and the FFC, and extensive consultation with municipalities. Obtaining input from as many stakeholders as possible will enhance the analysis in the review and help to build consensus about the system's challenges and potential solutions.

Municipal taxation

The national framework for municipal taxation powers is determined by section 229 of the Constitution, which empowers municipalities to impose a property tax and surcharges on fees for municipal services, subject to national regulation. However, in exercising their revenue-raising powers, it is important that municipalities do not materially or unreasonably prejudice national economic policies and economic activities across municipal boundaries.

The Municipal Property Rates Act (2004) and the Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Act (2007) regulate municipal fiscal powers and functions as provided for in section 229 of the Constitution.

Municipal Property Rates Act

The Municipal Property Rates Act regulates the power of municipalities to impose rates on properties. The act is administered by the Department of Cooperative Governance. The department proposed amendments to the act in 2011/12 to improve its implementation and minimise legal ambiguities. The Municipal Property Rates Amendment Bill was published on 9 June 2011 for public comment. The department has considered all inputs from the public and intends to resubmit the bill to Cabinet during 2013, following which the bill will be introduced to Parliament.

Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Act

The Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Act, which came into effect on 7 September 2007, deals with the regulation of all municipal taxes other than property rates. The act aims to promote predictability, certainty and transparency of municipal fiscal powers and functions, and to ensure that these powers and functions are exercised in line with the provisions of section 229 of the Constitution. The National Treasury intends to amend the act to improve its implementation.

Application for a new municipal tax

Section 5 of the Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Act provides for a municipality, a group of municipalities or organised local government to apply to the Minister of Finance for the authorisation of a new municipal tax. A new municipal tax may not be imposed without prior approval by the minister. Any application for a new tax must set out the reasons for the proposed tax and the manner in which the revenue from the tax will be used.

To date, two applications that comply with the requirements of section 5 of the Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Act have been received by the National Treasury: (a) an application for the introduction of a rural-based development levy in areas where municipalities struggle to implement valuation rolls for the purposes of imposing property rates; and (b) an application for the introduction of a local business tax for businesses operating within the jurisdiction of metropolitan municipalities. The Minister of Finance did not approve the proposal for a local business tax. His ruling was informed by the following:

- New taxes or increases in existing taxes during periods of slow growth would be unwise, as it could bankrupt businesses that are already struggling.
- Although metropolitan municipalities are relatively well equipped to exploit their existing own-revenue base, such as property rates, service charges and other own-revenue sources, there is still room to further improve own-revenue collections.

Municipalities are encouraged to further improve their debt management and eliminate non-priority expenditure. This could raise significant additional funds for municipal priorities.

Sharing of the general fuel levy

The sharing of the general fuel levy was introduced in 2009/10 as a permanent replacement to the former RSC and JSB levies for metropolitan municipalities. This was done in addition to the VAT reforms introduced in 2006. District municipalities still receive the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant*.

The transition from the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* system to the sharing of the general fuel levy has been phased in over three years to ensure a smooth transition. The final year of this phase-in process was 2011/12. From 2012/13, the sharing of the general fuel levy is based on fuel sales.

To determine the actual fuel sales in a metropolitan municipality, the fuel sales figures from the Department of Energy have been adjusted using population statistics to account for overlapping magisterial district boundaries, based on the 2011 Census.

The sharing of the general fuel levy is a direct charge and is formalised annually through the Government Gazette under schedule 1 of the Taxation Laws Amendment Act (2009).

ANNEXURE W2:

FRAMEWORKS FOR CONDITIONAL GRANTS TO PROVINCES

Annexure W2: Frameworks for Conditional Grants to Provinces

Detailed frameworks on Schedules 4A, 5A, 6A and 7A grants to provinces

Introduction

This annexure provides a brief description of the framework for the grants set out in Schedules 4A, 5A, 6A and 7A of the 2013 Division of Revenue Bill. The following are key areas considered for each grant:

- Strategic goal and purpose of the grant
- Outcome statements and outputs of the grant
- Priority outcome(s) of government that the grant primarily contributes to
- Conditions of the grant (additional to what is required in the Bill)
- Criteria for allocation between provinces
- Rationale for funding through a conditional grant
- Past performance
- The projected life of the grant
- 2013 MTEF allocations
- The payment schedule
- Responsibilities of transferring national department and receiving provincial departments
- Process for approval of business plans for 2014/15

The attached frameworks are not part of the Division of Revenue Bill, but are published in order to provide more information on each grant to parliament, legislatures, municipal councils, officials in all three spheres of government and the public. Once the 2013 Division of Revenue Bill is enacted, these frameworks will be gazetted in terms of the Act.

The financial statements and annual reports for 2013/14 will report against the Division of Revenue Act, Division of Revenue Amendment Act and their schedules, and the grant frameworks as gazetted in terms of the Act. Such reports must cover both financial and non-financial performance, focusing on the outputs achieved.

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES GRANTS

Transferring department	Comprehensive Agriculture Support Programme Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (Vote 26)
Strategic goal	 Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheres (Voie 20) To create a favourable and supportive agricultural services environment for the farming community, in particular subsistence, smallholder and black commercial farmers
Grant purpose	 To provide effective agricultural support services, promote and facilitate agricultural development by targeting beneficiaries of land reform's restitution and redistribution; and other black producers who have acquired land through private means and are engaged in value-adding enterprises domestically, or involved in exports
Outcome statements	 Broadened access to agricultural support for subsistence, smallholder and previously disadvantaged commercial farmers On-off farm infrastructure provided Identified markets for beneficiaries of the comprehensive agricultural support programme (CASP) Improved knowledge and information on farming of CASP beneficiaries
	Improved and effective extension and advisory services for farmers
Outputs	 Number of subsistence, smallholder and commercial farmers supported through CASP Number of youth and women farmers supported through CASP Number of on-off farm infrastructure provided Number of beneficiaries of CASP trained on farming methods Number of beneficiaries of CASP with markets identified Number of jobs created
	 Number of extension personnel recruited and maintained in the system Number of extension officers upgrading qualifications in various institutions Successful partnerships created to support farmers
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	 Outcome 5: Skills and capacity development Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth Outcome indicators
Details contained in the business plan	 Output indicators Inputs Key activities Monitoring and evaluation
Conditions	 Provinces to approve a Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) informed by the national SOP Framework by end March 2013 Decision to fund projects or farmers should be guided by the provincial SOP, or if not in place, the national SOP framework Only business plans approved by established committees and authorities should receive the CASP grant All assisted farmers should be listed in the provincial and national farm registers The provincial department to confirm human resources capacity to implement CASP business plan by 2 April 2013 All receiving departments must abide by section 11 of 2013 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) Funds will be transferred as per the disbursement schedule for 2013/14 Provinces to inform the national transferring officer of any changes from plans and allocations approved within 30 days of such change, failure to comply will lead to section 17 of 2013 DoRA being effected The business plans must be signed off by the Head of Department (HOD) of the provincial agriculture department in collaboration with the Chief Finance Officer (CFO) or his/her representative
Allocation criteria	• The formula used to allocate funds is a weighted average of the following variables: competitive CASP performance, land area (ha), restituted land delivered, redistributed land delivered and current benchmarks on production and national policy imperatives
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	 The funding originated with the special poverty allocations made by national government for a specific purpose The responsibility for the programme rests with Department of Agriculture Forestry and Fisheries (DAFF) while provincial Departments of Agriculture are implementing agents
Past performance	 2011/12 audited financial outcomes Allocated and transferred R1 029 million to provinces R1 049 million available (including provincial roll-overs), 93.8 per cent was spent
	 2011/12 service delivery performance 36 504 beneficiaries were supported 6 303 jobs created

	Comprehensive Agriculture Support Programme
	• 16 181 farmers trained in targeted training programmes
	• A total of 95 extension officers were recruited nationally
	• A total of 828 extension officers registered for qualification upgrading
Projected life	Grant continues until 2015/16
MTEF allocations	 2013/14: R1 600 million, 2014/15: R1 665 million and 2015/16: R1 742 million
Payment schedule	 2019/14: R1 000 minion, 2014/15: R1 005 minion and 2019/10: R1 742 minion 20 per cent: 24 April 2013, 30 per cent: 21 August 2013, 30 per cent: 23 October 2013 and
	20 per cent: 24 April 2013, 50 per cent: 21 August 2013, 50 per cent: 25 October 2013 and 20 per cent: 22 January 2014
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer and receiving officer	• Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives for 2013/14
	• Set norms and standards for the implementation of the grant during Intergovernmental Technical Committee on Agriculture and Land Affairs – Quarterly Review Meetings (ITCAL-QRM) workshops held quarterly
	Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans
	• Monitor implementation through project site visits and provide support on monthly and quarterly basis
	• Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	• Submit the allocation criteria, 2014 MTEF provincial allocations and the final conditional grant framework to National Treasury by 6 December 2013 or as requested by National Treasury
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Provinces to report monthly (financial) and quarterly (non-financial) reports on the progress of the programme
	Provinces to implement the SOP as approved
	• Provinces to implement CASP pillars on the approved business plans; otherwise DAFF should be notified in writing about deviations before implementation can take place
	• Monitor and evaluate the impact of the implementation of the CASP in achieving the programme goals
Process for approval of the 2014/15 business plans	• Provide the provincial departments with business plan format guidelines, criteria and outputs as prescribed by National Treasury by 31 May 2013
	Submission of provincial business plans by 29 November 2013
	• Engagement with provinces on submitted business plans during December 2013 – February 2014 through the National Assessment Panel (NAP)
	• Evaluation and recommendation of business plans by NAP during December 2013 - February 2014
	• Send funding agreement to provinces by February 2014 to be signed by HODs, Chief Financial Officers and CASP coordinators
	• Approval of business plans by DAFF Director-General (DG) before 31 March 2014
	Inform provinces of approval of business plans by March or April 2014
	• Approval by the DG regarding 2014 DoRA business planning process compliance during April 2014 and send to National Treasury DG by April 2014

	Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant
Transferring department	Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (Vote 26)
Strategic goal	To reduce poverty through increased food production initiatives
Grant purpose	• To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production
Outcome statements	Increased production efficiency
	• Increased agricultural production at both household and national level
	Improved farm income
	 Maximised job opportunities and reduced poverty Increased number of households assisted to cope with the escalating food prices
Outputs	 Increased number of nouscholds assisted to cope with the escalating rood prices Number of hectares (ha) planted
outputs	 Number of tonnes produced within agricultural development corridors, e.g. maize
	• Number of beneficiaries/entrepreneurs supported by the grant
	Number of newly established infrastructure plants through the grant
	Number of hectares (ha) of rehabilitated and expanded irrigation schemes
Details contained in the	• Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all
business plan	Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth
	Outcome 5: Skills and capacity development Outcome indicators
Priority outcome(s) of	Outputs indicatorsInputs
government that this grant primarily contributes to	Key activities
primarily contributes to	 Monitoring and evaluation
	Risks and mitigation strategies
	• Exit strategies (especially for projects in completion)
Conditions	• Ilima/Letsema grant should be allocated in terms of the approved provincial Land and Agrarian
	Reform Programme (LARP) business plans
	• The provincial authorities must ensure that the fund supports Strategic Integrated Projects (SIP)
	 11 interventions of government Provincial departments to confirm human resources capacity to implement Ilima/Letsema
	business plans on or before 2 April 2013
	 All receiving departments must abide by sections 12 of 2013 Division of Revenue Act
	• Funds will be transferred as per the disbursement schedule for 2013/14
	• Provinces to inform the national transferring officer of any changes from plans and allocations
	approved by Minister within 30 days of such change
	• The business plans must be signed off by Head of Department (HoD) of the provincial
	agriculture department in collaboration with the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) or his/her representative
Allocation criteria	 The formula used to allocate funds is a weighted average of the LARP priority areas and targeted
	areas of increased food production
Reasons not incorporated in	• The funding originated with the special poverty allocations made by national government for a
equitable share	specific purpose
	• The responsibility for the programme rests with Department of Agriculture, Forestry and
Past performance	Fisheries (DAFF) while provincial departments of agriculture are implementing agents 2011/12 financial outcomes
r ast performance	 Allocated R400 million and transferred R400 million in 2011/12
	 Anocated R400 minion and transferred R400 minion in 2011/12 A total of R405.4 million (including provincial roll-overs), 97.7 per cent was spent
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	8 698 jobs were created
	 110 834 beneficiaries were supported by the programme
	 87 889 households were supported with starter packs and production inputs
	86 778.06 hectares of land planted
	• 371 542 tons of maize produced
	2 655 hectares of irrigation schemes were rehabilitated
Projected life	Grant continues until 2015/16 financial year
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R438 million, 2014/15: R461 million and 2015/16: R482 million
Payment schedule	• 20 per cent: 24 April 2013, 20 per cent: 21 August 2013, 40 per cent: 23 October 2013, 20 per cent: 22 January 2014
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	• Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives for
and receiving officer	2013/14
	• Set norms and standards for the implementation of the grant during Intergovernmental

Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant	
	Technical Committee on Agriculture and Land Affairs – quarterly review meetings
	 Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans
	 Monitor implementation through project site visits and provide support on monthly and
	quarterly basis
	 Submit monthly financial reports to National Treasury 15 days after the end of the month
	 Submit monthly inflatent reports to National Treasury is adjy after the end of the monthly Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each
	quarter
	Submit the allocation criteria, 2014 MTEF provincial allocations and the final conditional grant framework to National Treasury by 6 December 2013 or as requested by National Treasury
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Provinces to report monthly (financial) and quarterly (non-financial) on the progress of the projects
	• Provinces to implement the projects according to the approved business plans; any changes to the business plans should be communicated to DAFF in writing before implementation of projects can take place
	Monitor project implementation and evaluate the impacts of projects in achieving Ilima/Letsema goals
Process for approval of the 2014/15 business plans	• Provide provincial departments with business plan format guidelines, criteria and outputs as prescribed by National Treasury by 31 May 2013
	• Submission of provincial and individual Ilima/Letsema business plans by provinces on 30 September 2013
	• Engagement with provinces on submitted business plans during October 2013 prior to National Assessment Panel (NAP)
	• Evaluation and recommendation of business plans by NAP during December 2013 – February 2014
	Send Funding Agreements to provinces by February/March 2014 to be signed by the HoDs, Chief Financial Officers, and CASP/Ilima/Letsema coordinators
	• Approval of business plans by the DAFF Director-General (DG) before 31 March 2014
	 Inform provinces of approval of the business plan in March/April 2014
	 Approval by the DG regarding DoRA 2014 business planning process compliance during April
	2014 and sent to National Treasury DG by April 2014

	Care Programme Grant: Poverty Relief and Infrastructure Development
Transferring department	Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (Vote 26)
Strategic goal	• To optimise productivity and sustainable use in community based natural resources management leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better quality of life for all
Grant purpose	• To promote sustainable development and use of natural resources by engaging in the initiatives
	that supports the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental) leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all
Outcome statements	Improved veld carrying capacity and livestock productivity
	Improved production potential of cultivated land leading to more yield
	• Improved quantity and quality of South Africa's water resources mitigating disaster risk for the sector
	Improved youth participation in agricultural sector and intergenerational skills
	• Improved custodianship of natural resources with community based ownership
	Improved livelihoods of rural communities within the ambit of the green economy
	• Improved partnerships and institutions by private, public and community sectors that are responsible for the care of natural resources
	 Improved knowledge and skill base in the sustainable use and management of natural resources
	 Enhanced ecosystem services for current and future generations
Outputs	Hectares of rangeland protected and rehabilitated
	Hectares of soil cultivated land protected and rehabilitated
	Number of junior LandCare participants involved in the programme
	Number and hectares of water resources protected and rehabilitated
	Number of capacity building initiatives conducted for JuniorCare
	Number of capacity building initiatives conducted and LandCarers attended
	Number of awareness campaigns conducted and LandCarers attended
	Number of LandCare committees/LandCare groups established
	Hectares of land where weeds and invader plants are under control
	Kilometres of fence erected
Priority outcome(s) of	• Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities and food security for all
government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Outcome 10: Environmental assets and natural resources that are well protected and continually enhanced
	Outcome indicators
Details contained in the business plan	Outputs indicators
business plan	Inputs
	 Cash flow projections and statement of work
	Key activities/implementation plan
	Monitoring and evaluation
	Risk and mitigation
	Exit strategy
Conditions	 Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects and operational funding by March 2013 Provincial departments Annual Performance Plans for 2013/14 must clearly indicate measurable objectives and performance targets as per approved business plans with the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (DAFF). The impact of the LandCare programme should also
	be quantified (the before and after)
	Provinces must report performance on fencing projects
	Provinces should report their financial performance per project on a monthly basis
	• Provinces should on a monthly basis report on the number of jobs created. The report should, amongst others, indicate the name, surname and identity number, gender, project name, wage
	and duration of employment
	• Projects should adhere to the reporting dates as stipulated in the 2013 Division of Revenue Act (DORA) and furthermore adhere to the agreed dates as approved by the Natural Resource
	Management Working Group (NRMWG)
Allocation criteria	Allocations are based on an index comprising of nodes, land capability, poverty, degradation and lond size derived from the following sources:
	 land size derived from the following sources: nodes are the most deprived wards in Comprehensive Rural Development Programme
	 land capability = total ha class I, II and III (spatial analysis - land capability data)
	- size = ha - (new boundaries from Municipal Demarcation Board)
	- poverty = poverty gap based on food poverty line (StatsSA Living Conditions Survey
	2008/09)
<u> </u>	– degradation = ha (national land cover 2000)
Reasons not incorporated in	• The funding originated with the special poverty allocations made by national government for a
equitable share	specific purpose 2011/12 audited financial autoenes
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	 Allocated and transferred R57.7 million to provinces Of the total available of R60.1 million (including provincial roll overs). R56.0 million
	• Of the total available of R60.1 million (including provincial roll-overs), R56.9 million
	(94.8 per cent) was spent

Land	Care Programme Grant: Poverty Relief and Infrastructure Development
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	 12 280 JuniorCare management sub-programme implemented 2 018 work opportunities created on LandCare projects 16 276.2 ha of land on which alien invasive plants eradicated
	 3 313 ha of grazing area improved 153 wetlands protected 34 water sources developed or protected against over-utilisation
	 798 gabion structures constructed 15 049 of farm land hectares improved through conservation measures in all nine provinces
	 356 km of fence erected 11 315 beneficiaries have improved capacity and skill levels as benefited from capacity building initiatives
Projected life	 2 083 work opportunities created through LandCare programme This grant will be reviewed when and if the need arises to align it with changes in the Expanded Public Works Programme, outcome approach, national planning report and any policy
	development within government
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R109 million, 2014/15: R68 million and 2015/16: R71 million
Payment schedule	• 10 per cent: 24 April 2013, 35 per cent: 21 August 2013, 35 per cent: 23 October 2013 and 20 per cent: 22 January 2014
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer and receiving officer	 Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives for 2013/14 Review norms and standards for the implementation of the grant during the NRMWG held quarterly
	 Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans Monitor implementation through project site visits and provide support to provinces that need assistance
	 Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter Submit evaluation reports to National Treasury 90 days after the end of the financial year
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	 Provincial departments to report monthly (financial) and quarterly (non-financial) on the progress of the projects. Provinces should further adhere to agreements approved by the NRMWG on performance reporting and any other matter related natural resource management
	 Provincial departments to report monthly jobs created as part of the Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP). These reports should be submitted to the Department of Public Works (DPW) using the approved reporting system and to the DAFF using the correct reporting template/format
	 Provincial departments to implement the projects according to the approved business plans. Any deviation should first be communicated to DAFF in writing and approved by DAFF before implementation
	 Provinces should constitute provincial assessment panels and assess all business plans submitted before end of September Provincial departments should monitor project implementation and evaluate the impacts of
	projects in achieving LandCare goals
Process for approval of the 2014/15 business plans	• Provide provincial departments with business plan format guidelines, criteria and outputs as prescribed by National Treasury and DAFF by 28 June 2013
	Submission of provincial and individual LandCare business plans by provinces on 30 September 2013
	 Engagement by DAFF with provinces on business plans submitted during provincial assessment panel and during October 2013 prior to National Assessment Panel (NAP) Evaluation and recommendation of business plans by NAP during November 2013
	• Interactions with provinces requested by NAP to correct their business plans accordingly prior to approval by the Director General by November 2013
	 Approval of business plans by the Director-General before 29 March 2014 Notify provinces of the approval of business plan by 29 March 2014
	 Send funding agreements to provinces by January-March 2014 to be signed by the Heads of Departments, Chief Financial Officers and LandCare Coordinators

ARTS AND CULTURE GRANT

	Community Library Services Grant
Transferring department	• Arts and Culture (Vote 14)
Strategic goal	• To enable the South African society to gain access to knowledge and information that will improve their socio-economic status
Grant purpose	• To transform urban and rural community library infrastructure, facilities and services (primarily targeting previously disadvantaged communities) through a recapitalised programme at provincial level in support of local government and national initiatives
Outcome statements	• Improved coordination and collaboration between national, provincial and local government on library services
	 Transformed and equitable library and information services delivered to all rural and urban communities Improved library infrastructure and services that reflect the specific needs of the communities
	 they serve Improved staff capacity at urban and rural libraries to respond appropriately to community knowledge and information needs
Outracta	Improved culture of reading
Outputs	• Signed agreements between national, provincial and local governments on the planning, management and maintenance of community libraries
	 350 000 items of library materials (books, periodicals, toys etc) purchased Library Information and Communication Technology (ICT) infrastructure and systems using open source software in all provinces
	Library material and services for the visually impaired at community libraries in three provinces (Eastern Cape, Mpumalanga and North West)
	 16 new library structures 40 upgraded and maintained library structures
	Additional community library staff appointed in all provinces
	Capacity building programmes
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Outcome 12: An efficient, effective and development oriented public service and an empowered, fair and inclusive citizenship
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
Conditions	Key activities
Conditions	 The provincial business plans must be developed in accordance with identified priority areas The funding must not be used as a replacement funding that provinces have to allocate to community libraries
	 Provinces may use a maximum of 5 per cent of the total amount allocated to them for capacity building and provincial management of the grant. The detail of how these funds will be used must be included in the respective business plans
	• Provinces may use a maximum of 10 per cent of the total amount allocated to them in the 2013/14 financial year to address the accounting of library assets. The detail of how these funds will be used must be included in the respective business plans
	 Service level agreements determining reporting protocols must be signed with receiving municipalities within two months after the 2013 Division of Revenue Act takes effect The service level agreements must include payments schedules to municipalities and reporting protocols which outlines measurable performance targets for each municipality
Allocation criteria	 The distribution formula is based on an evaluation report for 2010/11 conducted by the department which identified community library needs and priorities
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	This funding is intended to address backlogs and disparities in the ongoing provision and maintenance of community library services across provinces and enable national departments to provide strategic guidance and alignment with national priorities
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	 Allocated R543.4 million and R570 million transferred to provinces Of the total allocation of R616.7 million (including provincial roll-overs), R537.5 million (87.2 per cent) was spent
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	 51 libraries upgraded 13 libraries built
Projected life	 Ongoing, the projected life will be informed by evaluation reports
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R598 million, 2014/15: R1 016 million and 2015/16: R1 341 million

	Community Library Services Grant	
Payment schedule	• Four instalments (17 May 2013, 19 July 2013, 18 October 2013 and 31 January 2014)	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department	
transferring national officer and receiving officer	• Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community libraries	
	• Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities	
	 Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies 	
	Monitor and evaluate implementation	
	• Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the 2012/13 financial year, for submission to National Treasury	
	Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to National Treasury	
	Determine outputs and targets for 2014/15 with provincial departments	
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments	
	• Provinces must establish intergovernmental forums with municipalities in their province that are funded through this grant that meet at least three times a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services	
	• Provincial departments must establish capacity to monitor and evaluate service level agreements with municipalities	
	• Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports including quarterly expenditure reports of municipalities to Department of Arts and Culture (DAC)	
Process for approval of the	 Provinces to submit draft business plans to DAC by 30 September 2013 	
2014/15 business plans	• DAC to evaluate provincial business plans and provide feedback to provinces by	
	29 November 2013	
	Provinces to submit final provincial business plans to DAC by 17 January 2014	
	DAC approves business plans and submits them to National Treasury by 14 March 2014	

BASIC EDUCATION GRANTS

	Dinaledi Schools Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 15)
Strategic goal	• To increase the number of learners taking mathematics and physical science to grade 12, with a particular focus on female learners, in line with the National Strategy for Mathematics, Science and Technology Education (NSMSTE 2002)
Grant purpose	 To improve the quality of learner performance in Mathematics, Physical Sciences, Life Sciences and First Additional Language (FAL) English, in line with the Action Plan for 2014 To improve the content knowledge, pedagogies and didactic skills of mathematics, physical sciences and life sciences teachers
Outcome statements	• Continually increased performance of learners and teachers in underprivileged schools presenting candidates in Grade 12 for the subjects mathematics, physical sciences and life sciences
Outputs	 Based on a needs analysis at each Dinaledi school, and where lacking provide: apparatus and consumables to schools that lack a functional sciences laboratory and assist schools with the acquisition of an appropriate, dedicated physical structure where needed geometry sets and calculators information and Communications Technology (ICT) hardware, software, internet connectivity and a dedicated physical structure access to appropriate educational television broadcasts, including but not limited to the provision of TV sets, decoders and receiving dishes content, didactic and pedagogic programmes to improve teacher effectiveness in mathematics, physical sciences, life sciences and English FAL management training and/or mentoring for principals and school management teams co-curricular, additional preparation of Grade 8 -11 learners for participation in olympiads and increased access to science clubs, science fairs and competitions clearly defined incentives for learners, teachers and/or schools that achieve or exceed agreed
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	upon performance targets Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	 Output indicators Inputs Key activities Risk management plan Procurement plan Monitoring plan
Conditions	 The Department of Basic Education (DBE) will identify service providers and advise provinces to ensure benefits of economies of scale, including facilitation of transversal tenders Provinces may, on condition of proven capacity from the previous financial year, provide resources by applying their own procurement processes Provinces may distribute budget allocations to schools in terms of the needs analysis contained in the provincial business plans on condition that schools display capacity according to predetermined criteria Provinces must prove to the national department (DBE) that they have the necessary capacity to implement the grant effectively DBE will appoint dedicated provincial project managers to support provincial administration in Dinaledi schools who will also be responsible for district development and School Management Teams (SMT) mentoring support Provinces may conduct a tutor programme where tutors will be incentivised
Allocation criteria	 Provinces may conduct a tutor programme where tutors will be incentivised Dinaledi schools will have to satisfy the following criteria: at least 50 learners per grade must be enrolled for mathematics in Grades 10-12. Schools with less than this number may nevertheless be eligible for inclusion, (such as newly established schools/special schools) at least 60 per cent of learners in grades 10-12 must be enrolled for mathematics at least 60 per cent of learners in grades 10-12 must be enrolled for mathematics at least 60 per cent of learners in grades 10-12 must have achieved a promotion mark for mathematics of 50 per cent or higher in the preceding year. Marks achieved in the final grade 9 promotion mark or end of year examination/assessment must be used to select grade 10 learners at least 40 per cent of Grade 11 and 12 learners must have achieved a promotion mark for physical sciences and/or life sciences of 50 per cent or higher in the preceding year there is a minimum 5 per cent year-on-year increase in enrolment numbers for mathematics,

	Dinaledi Schools Grant
	physical and life sciences in grades 10-12
	 no-fee schools or schools where more than 50 per cent of parents are formally fee exempt The criteria for inclusion in the Dinaledi Programme must be complied with. Non-compliant schools may be replaced with other qualifying schools in consultation with provincial Dinaledi
	project managers
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• The Dinaledi Schools Project is a pilot project and will be used as a model for other schools to improve performance in mathematics, physical and life sciences
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
F	 Allocated R70 million and transferred R67.8 million to provinces
	• Of the R67.8 million R61.6 million was spent (88 per cent was spent)
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• 1 Textbook for each all 7 subjects per learner in Grades 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 learners were provided
	• 42 mobile science laboratories and 35 full laboratories equipped
	Mathematics kits were procured for 51 Dinaledi Schools
	3 Dinaledi Schools received ICT laboratories (Repholositswe, Tsolo, Teto) and computers
	 124 schools received televisions
	Provided 105 computers in each of the 500 Dinaledi Schools
	• A total of 602 teachers were trained on content knowledge in mathematics, physical science and
	English FAL
Projected life	410 principals were capacitated
MTEF allocations	 Continues until 2015/16, subject to review 2013/14: R105 million, 2014/15: R111 million and 2015/16: R116 million
Payment schedule	 2013/14: R105 million, 2014/15: R111 million and 2015/16: R116 million Four instalments (2 April 2013, 1 August 2013, 1 November 2013 and 31 January 2014)
Responsibilities of the	Four instalments (2 April 2013, 1 August 2013, 1 November 2013 and 31 January 2014) Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	 The DBE will monitor the performance of the provincial departments quarterly and will evaluate
and receiving officer	in June 2013 and in November 2013
	 Develop, implement and manage a monitoring and evaluation plan
	 Develop and submit approved national business plans to National Treasury
	• Evaluate, approve/amend where appropriate, and submit provincial business plans to National
	Treasury
	• Manage, monitor and support the programme implementation in provinces and evaluate
	provincial capacity to implement the grant
	• Consolidate and submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	• Evaluate performance of the conditional grant and submit an annual evaluation report to National Treasury by 31 July 2013
	Enter into agreements with suppliers of materials and services to Dinaledi schools
	Specify the competencies and appoint project managers for each province
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Comply with the minimum requirements of the national transferring officer's (DBE) monitoring and evaluation plan
	Develop and submit approved business plans to the DBE
	• Consult with the grant manager regarding the appointment of competent project managers to monitor and provide support to districts/regions and schools
	 Submit approved quarterly financial and narrative reports to the DBE
	 Submit approved quarterly manetal and narrative reports to the DBE Report to the DBE on the human resource capacity available in the province to implement the
	grant
	 Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant annually and submit evaluation reports to the DBE
	 Submit a quarterly performance report to DBE within 30 days after the end of each quarter Compile and submit a provincial evaluation report to the DBE by 31 May 2013
Process for approval of the 2014/15 business plans	Consultation with provincial Dinaledi project managers, finance sections of provincial treasuries and National Treasury
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• Provinces submit first draft business plans and report on capacity to implement the grant to the DBE by 30 October 2013
	 The DBE evaluates draft business plans and sends comments to provinces by 13 December 2013 Provinces submit final business plans to the DBE by 28 January 2014
	• Director-General approves national and provincial business plans by 1 April 2014

	Education Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 15)
Strategic goal	To supplement provinces to fund provincial education infrastructure
Grant purpose	• To help accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existing
	infrastructure in education
	• To enhance capacity to deliver infrastructure in education
Outcomo statomento	To address damage to infrastructure caused by floods in January and February 2011
Outcome statements	• Improved service delivery by provincial departments as a result of an improved and increased stock of schools infrastructure
	 Aligned and coordinated approach to infrastructure development at the provincial level
	• Improved education infrastructure expenditure patterns
	Improved response to the rehabilitation of school infrastructure affected by disasters
	Improved rates of employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure
Outputs	• Number of new schools and additional education spaces, education support spaces,
	administration as well as equipment and furniture
	Number of existing school infrastructure upgraded and rehabilitated
	 Number of new and existing schools maintained Number of work opportunities created
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
government that this grant	
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	• This grant uses an User-Asset Management Plan (U-AMP) which contains the following:
business plan	 demand and need determination duration infractructure improvement priorities and targets
	 education infrastructure improvement priorities and targets current performance of education infrastructure
	 project portfolio
	– U-AMP improvement plan
	 project lists for 2014/15 and 2015/16
	– financial summary
Conditions	 organisational and support plan Provinces must indicate the number of vacancies and positions filled and report expenditure for
Conditions	• Provinces must indicate the number of vacancies and positions fined and report expenditure for all posts funded fully or partially by this conditional allocation. This fund is allocated until
	2014/15 financial year
	• Provinces must report all infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by this grant through the Project and Asset Segment in the Standard Chart of Accounts
	 Provinces must maintain up to date databases of all contracts that are fully or partially funded by
	this grant that is compliant with the Register of Projects and i-Tender system. Non-compliance
	with this requirement may result in the withholding of this grant
	• The flow of the first instalment of the grant depends upon receipt of the approved and signed off
	tabled U-AMPs with prioritised project lists for the 2013 MTEF not later than 10 April 2013 to Department of Basic Education (DBE) and the relevant provincial treasuries
	 The flow of the second instalment depends upon receipt, by DBE, of the approved and signed
	off:
	- 2012/13 fourth quarter infrastructure reports captured on the Infrastructure Reporting
	Management (IRM)
	- National Education Infrastructure Management System (NEIMS) assessment forms for the fourth querter of 2012/12 financial year, not later than 10 April 2012
	 fourth quarter of 2012/13 financial year not later than 19 April 2013 The flow of the third instalment is dependent upon receipt by DBE of the approved and signed
	off:
	- draft U-AMP for 2014/15 including the initial list of prioritised projects. The 2014/15 project
	list must be drawn from the prioritised project list for the MTEF tabled in 2013/14. Changes
	to the MTEF prioritised list of projects must be motivated to the DBE
	 quarterly infrastructure reports for the first quarter of 2013/14 financial year captured on the IRM
	 NEIMS assessment forms for the first quarter of 2013/14 not later than 26 July 2013
	• The flow of the fourth instalment is conditional upon the submission of the approved and signed
	off:
	- quarterly infrastructure reports for the second quarter of 2013/14 financial year captured on the IBM
	 the IRM NEIMS assessment forms for the second quarter of 2013/14
	 submission of the Infrastructure Programme Management Plan (IPMP) accompanied by the
	comprehensive maintenance plan to be implemented in 2014/15 financial year not later than
	25 October 2013
	- submission to DBE of the implementation plans for schools affected by disasters in the
	2011/12 financial year by 6 November 2013 • The flow of the fifth instalment is conditional upon the submission of the approved and signed
	• The flow of the fifth instalment is conditional upon the submission of the approved and signed off :

	Education Infrastructure Grant
	Education Infrastructure Grant – quarterly infrastructure reports for the third quarter of 2013/14 financial year
	- NEIMS assessment forms for the third quarter of 2013/14. The submission is to be made to
	DBE not later than 24 January 2014
	 the progress reports on the implementation of the programme for the schools affected by disasters in 2011/12 should be submitted to DBE not later than 17 January 2014
	Client departments must enter into Service Delivery Agreements (SDAs) with their
	Implementing Agents. The development or review of the SDA should continue in parallel with
	the development of the IPMP
	• Provincial Education Capacity Plans aligned to the Infrastructure Delivery Improvement Plan
	(IDIP) human resources strategy must be approved by the DBE
	• All immovable asset management and maintenance responsibilities as prescribed by the Government Immovable Asset Management Act of 2007 (GIAMA) and the Infrastructure
	Delivery Management Toolkit must be adhered to
	• Provincial education departments (PEDs) must provide school governing bodies with
	maintenance guidelines to conduct minor maintenance
	PEDs must establish and maintain updated immovable asset registers
	 PEDs must provide all the necessary equipment and furniture in the spaces provided Minor maintenance function must be budgeted and planned for at the provincial level and carried
	out through the district offices for non section 21 schools. A monitoring and evaluation tool must
	be developed by PEDs for maintenance in section 21 schools that receive a budget through the
	section 21school's allocation for maintenance
	• Funds have been added to this grant for the repair of infrastructure damaged by floods in January
	and February 2011. Provisional allocations have been made for 2013/14 for the same purpose in the provinces listed below. Should the cost of repairing the affected infrastructure exceed the
	amounts earmarked below provinces may not fund this shortfall out of their remaining allocation
	of this conditional grant. The following amounts per province must be used for the repair of
	infrastructure damaged by the natural disaster declared in Government Gazette 33949 and as
	assessed by the National Disaster Management Centre:
	 Eastern Cape R110 million Free State R6 million
	– KwaZulu-Natal R16 million
	– Limpopo R20 million
	– Mpumalanga R2 million
	- North West R4 million
	• R533 million is earmarked for projects in the Western Cape that were funded through the Schools Infrastructure Backlogs Grant. These funds must be used to meet the objectives of the
	Schools Infrastructure Backlogs Grant
Allocation criteria	• Allocations for 2013/14 are based on historical division within the previous infrastructure grant
	for provinces
	• Allocation criteria for 2014/15 will change as new allocation criteria will be developed during 2013/14 and therefore the allocations for 2014/15 and 2015/16 are subject to revision
Reasons not incorporated in	 Funding infrastructure through a conditional grant enables the national department to ensure the
equitable share	delivery and maintenance of education infrastructure in a coordinated and efficient manner and
-	consistent with national norms and standards for school building
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	Allocated R5 498 million
	• The allocation was adjusted by R180 million for schools affected by disasters in 2010/11 financial year
	 Of the total R5 678 million adjusted budget, R5 361 million was transferred to provinces with
	R367 million withheld from the Eastern Cape
	• The spending was R5 254 million or 93 per cent of the adjusted allocation
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• 3308 teaching spaces provided, 2521 admin spaces, 163 water, 475 sanitation, 204 energy, 227
Duciested life	fencing, 924 maintenance and upgrades and 24 sports facilities
Projected life	• Education is a key government priority and given the need to continually maintain school infrastructure and ensure that norms and standards are maintained the grant will remain in place
	until at least the end of the 2013 MTEF
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R6 631 million, 2014/15: R7 161 million and 2015/16: R10 059 million
Payment schedule	• 12.5 per cent: 19 April 2013, 12.5 per cent: 24 May 2013, 25 per cent: 23 August 2013,
Deeponeihilting of the	25 per cent: 8 November 2013, and 25 per cent: 31 January 2014
Responsibilities of the transferring national officer	Responsibilities of the national department
and receiving officer	 DBE will visit selected infrastructure sites in provinces DBE and National Treasury will support provinces to improve infrastructure delivery capacity
	and systems
	• DBE must provide guidance to provinces in planning and prioritisation and evaluate
	Infrastructure Plans and prioritised projects that provinces develop and submit
	• DBE to report on quarterly performance on infrastructure delivery to the Council of Education

	Education Infrastructure Grant	
	 Ministers (CEM) and to National Treasury Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury and National Council of Provinces within 45 days after the end of each quarter Responsibilities of the provincial departments 	
	 Provincial departments must establish committees with the relevant implementing agents and hold monthly meetings that are minuted to review progress on the IPMP and Infrastructure Programme Implementation Plans (IPIP). Consult with the relevant municipality on the development of the Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) to ensure integrated planning of basic services and school sporting facilities Compile and submit comprehensive projects progress report to DBE, Provincial Treasury and National Treasury PEDs must table infrastructure plans together with draft strategic and annual performance plans PEDs must submit to DBE and National Treasury prior to 3 September 2013 or another day agreed in writing by DBE and National Treasury, approved organisational structures which are in 	
	compliance with any directives by the Minister for the Public Service and Administration relevant to infrastructure delivery in the sector	
Process for approval of the 2014/15 business plans	 Submission of draft U-AMPs and prioritised list of projects for 2014/15 by PEDs to DBE by 26 July 2013, or a later date as may be determined by DBE Submission of IPMPs for 2014/15 by client departments to implementing agents by 3 September 2013 Implementing department(s) or agent(s) must submit the IPIP for 2014/15 to client departments 	
	 by 29 November 2013 Submission of progress report on implementation of programme for schools affected by disaster by 17 January 2014 	

	HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education) Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 15)
Strategic goal	• To enhance awareness programmes offered by schools to prevent and mitigate the impact of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and tuberculosis (TB)
	• To increase knowledge, skills and confidence amongst learners and educators to take
	self-appropriate sexual and reproductive health decisions
	• To increase access to sexual and reproductive health services including HIV as well as TB
	services for learners and educators
Grant purpose	• To support South Africa's HIV prevention strategy by increasing sexual and reproductive health
	knowledge, skills and appropriate decision making among learners and educators
	• To mitigate the impact of HIV and TB by providing a caring, supportive and enabling
	 environment for learners and educators To ensure the provision of a safe, rights-based environment in schools that is free of
	discrimination, stigma and any form of sexual harassment/abuse
	 To reduce the vulnerability of children to HIV, TB and Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs),
	with a particular focus on orphaned and vulnerable children
Outcome statements	Increased HIV, STI and TB knowledge and skills amongst learners, educators and officials
	Decrease in higher risk sexual behaviour among learners, educators and officials
	Decreased barriers to retention in schools, in particular for vulnerable learners
Outputs	• Master trainers trained in the integration of sexual and reproductive health (SRH) and TB
	programmes into the school curriculum
	• Educators trained to implement SRH and TB programmes for learners to be able protect
	themselves from HIV and TB
	• School Management Teams (SMT) and School Governing Bodies (SGBs) trained to develop school implementation plans focusing on keeping young people in school; ensuring that SRH
	and TB education is implemented for all learners in schools; and ensuring access to SRH and TB
	services
	Co-curricular activities on SRH and TB implemented in schools
	Care and support programmes implemented for learners and educators
	• Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement (CAPS) compliant material including material for
	learners with barriers to learning printed and distributed to schools
	• Advocacy and social mobilisation events hosted with learners, educators and school
	communities to review and change societal norms and values on SRH and TB, to advocate for the integrated school health programmes including HIV testing and improved understanding of
	the transformative nature of education
	 Monitoring and support visits conducted at district and school levels
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
government that this grant	
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	InputsKey activities
Conditions	 Each provincial department must distribute the grant allocation in accordance with the following
Conditions	weights for the key performance areas:
	- training and development (20 per cent)
	- co-curricular activities (20 per cent)
	- care and support (20 per cent)
	- learning and teaching support material (15 per cent)
	 advocacy and social mobilisation (10 per cent) monitoring and support (8 per cent)
	- management and administration (7 per cent)
	 Provinces must report on expenditure according to the above six key performance areas per
	quarter. Instalments are dependent on the national department receiving these reports, adherence
	to approved business plans and attendance at the biannual interprovincial meetings
	• The above percentages are guidelines and may be deviated in accordance with provincial needs
	with the approval of the national transferring officer. These deviations should be informed and
	motivated by achievements and/or critical challenges relating to the trends in the epidemic as relevant to respective provinces and provincial departments.
	 relevant to respective provinces and provincial departments Provincial education departments must ensure that they have the necessary capacity and skills to
	• Provincial education departments must ensure that mey have the necessary capacity and skins to manage the implementation of the grant
Allocation criteria	 The shares of the education component of the equitable share formula as explained in Annexure
	W1 of the 2013 Division of Revenue Bill are used to allocate the grant amongst provinces
Reason not incorporated in	• To enable the DBE to provide overall guidance, to ensure congruency, coherence and alignment
equitable share	with the government's National Strategic Plan for HIV and Aids, STIs and TB, 2012 - 2016 and

	HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education) Grant
	the Department of Basic Education's Integrated Strategy on HIV, STIs and TB, 2012 - 2016. This enables DBE to exercise an oversight role in the implementation of the HIV and AIDS Life Skills Education Programme in schools
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
i ust perior munee	 From the total allocation of R215.3 million (including provincial roll-overs), provinces spent R193.9 million (90.04 per cent)
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• 2 796 master trainers, 18 039 life orientation educators and 11 388 educators trained in the integration of life skills in the curriculum
	• Functional peer education programmes (13 210); teenage pregnancy person programme (10 250); drugs and substance use programme (74 317 learners) and 7100 educators trained to mentor peer education in primary schools
	6 400 School based support teams established; 19 296 school management teams trained to develop policy implementation plans and 101 140 vulnerable learners identified and referred for services
	 1 230 691 sets of learning and teaching support material delivered to 13 480 schools Advocacy reached 291 582 learners and educators as well as 462 108 members of the school communities
	8 168 schools reached through monitoring and support visits and 165 meetings held
Projected life	The grant will be reviewed on an ongoing basis to respond to the nature and trends in the HIV and TB epidemics
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R214 million, 2014/15: R221 million and 2015/16: R226 million
Payment schedule	• Four installments: 12 April 2013, 26 July 2013, 31 October 2013 and 31 January 2014
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	Identify risks and challenges impacting on provincial implementation
and receiving officer	Develop risk management strategies to address the risks
	• Ensure synergy with national strategies and processes aimed at reducing HIVand the related
	 chronic illnesses such as TB infection in the country Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives and national imperatives for 2014/15 by 30 September 2013
	• Provide evidence-based guidance for the development of business plans based on monitoring and findings from international and national research
	 Monitor implementation of the programme and provide support to provinces Develop partnerships with key stakeholders
	• Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Ensure synergy with national strategies and processes aimed at reducing HIV and TB infection and all other related issues
	Identify risks and challenges impacting on implementation
	 Develop risk management strategies and implementation plans to address the risks Submit monthly, quarterly and annual performance reports to DBE in line with DoRA and PFMA
	 Agree with the DBE on outputs and targets to ensure effective implementation of the programme
	 Monitor implementation of the programme and provide support to districts and schools Evaluate and submit a provincial evaluation report on the performance of conditional grant to the DBE by 31 May 2013
Process for approval of 2014/15 business plans	• Communication and meeting with provinces to inform targets for the next financial year by 27 September 2013
	Provinces submit draft business plans to DBE for evaluation by 29 November 2013
	• The DBE evaluates provincial business plans from 6 December 2013
	• Comments sent to provinces to amend the plans by 6 January 2014
	• Provinces submit amended, signed plans to DBE by 28 February 2014
	DBE secures the Director-General's approval of provincial business plans by 31 March 2014

	National School Nutrition Programme Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 15)
Strategic goal	To enhance learning capacity and improve access to education
Grant purpose	To provide nutritious meals to targeted learners
Outcome statements	Enhanced learning capacity and improved access to education
Outputs	Nutritious meals served to learners
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
government that this grant	
primarily contributes to	Output indicators
Details contained in the business plan	Inputs
business plan	Key activities
	Risk Management Plan
Conditions	Develop national and provincial business plans
	• The budget allocation must be distributed in terms of the following weightings for both
	secondary and primary schools:
	- school feeding (inclusive of cooking utensils): minimum of 96 per cent
	 administration: maximum of 3.5 per cent nutrition education and food production activities: minimum of 0.5 per cent
	 nutrition education and food production activities: minimum of 0.5 per cent Minimum feeding requirements:
	 provide nutritious meals to all learners in quintile 1 to 3 primary and secondary schools (as
	per gazetted national quintiles) as well as identified special schools on all school days
	- cost per meal per learner in primary schools as well as identified special schools at an
	average of R2.60 and in secondary schools at an average R3.46, inclusive of cooking fuel
	and honorarium
	 honorarium of a minimum of R840 per person per month, in line with a food handler to learner ratio of 1:200. A ratio of 1:120 is recommended for schools where learner enrolment
	is 250 or fewer
	 comply with recommended food specifications and approved menu
	- fresh fruit/vegetables should be served daily and vary between green and yellow/red on a
	weekly basis
	- a variety of protein food should be served per week in line with approved menu options.
	Soya should not be served more than twice a week
	- pilchard should be served at least once a week. High quality protein products can replace
	 pilchard in areas where it is not socially acceptable in areas where fresh milk/maas is unavailable, only whole powdered milk may be used
	 provinces should promote sustainable food production and nutrition education
	• Provinces that are transferring funds to schools are required to reconcile expenditure by schools
	against budget transfers on a quarterly basis
	• The 08 May 2013 budget transfer (as per payment schedule) is for cooking facilities, equipment
	and utensils for quintile 1-3 primary schools as per equipment specifications provided by the
	Department of Basic Education (DBE)
	• Provincial business plans will be approved in line with the above minimum requirements and available resources. The following variations may be approved by the transferring national
	officer based on achievements and/or critical challenges in each province:
	 feeding days reduced to a minimum of 196 days
	- feeding cost below the above stated minimum requirements, which provide meals
	with maximum nutritional value as per menu specifications
	 number of learners that exceed the gazetted quintiles
	 serving of processed vegetables or fruit in remote areas Quintile 1 to 3 schools that do not feed all learners (Gauteng and Western Cape). Letters
	from schools requesting a deviation from whole school feeding must be provided to the
	provincial office for record keeping
Allocation criteria	• The distribution formula is poverty based in accordance with the poverty distribution table used
	in the National Norms and Standards for School Funding as gazetted by the Minister of
	Education on 17 October 2008
Reasons not incorporated in	• The National School Nutrition Programme (NSNP) is a government programme for poverty
equitable share	alleviation, specifically initiated to uphold the rights of children to basic food and education.
	The conditional grant framework enables the DBE to play an oversight role in the implementation of all NSNP activities in schools
Past performance	implementation of all NSNP activities in schools 2011/12 audited financial outcomes
Past performance	
	• Allocated and transferred R4 578.8 million to provinces
	• Of the total available R 4 751 million (including provincial roll-overs), R 4 543.2 (96 per cent)
	was spent
	I

National School Nutrition Programme Grant	
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• The programme was extended to 889 498 quintile 3 (Q3) secondary school learners from April 2011
	• The programme provided meals to 6 186 711 learners in primary schools, 2 634 681 in secondary schools and 28 816 in special schools
	• 30 workshops were conducted in 28 districts on financial management, programme implementation, meal planning and preparation, food and gas safety as well as sustainable food production in schools to improve programme implementation
Projected life	• It is envisaged that, given the levels of poverty in the country and the impact of various health conditions such as HIV and Aids, diabetes and debilitating chronic conditions, the need for such a grant will persist for at least another 10 years. The programme ensures learners from the poorest communities have decent opportunities to learn
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R5 173.1 million, 2014/15: R5 461.9 million and 2015/16: R5 703.7 million
Payment schedule	 The payment schedule will be in line with respective provincial procurement models as follows: provinces that transfer funds directly to all schools (Eastern Cape, Free State, North West and Northern Cape) five instalments: (10 April 2013, 08 May 2013, 13 June 2013, 05 September 2013 and 05 December 2013) provinces that procure from service providers on behalf of schools five instalments: (10 April 2013, 08 May 2013, 15 August 2013, 24 October 2013 and 09 January 2014)
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer and receiving officer	• Develop and submit approved national business plans to National Treasury
and receiving officer	Evaluate, approve and submit provincial business plans to National Treasury
	Manage, monitor and support programme implementation in provinces
	• Ensure compliance with reporting requirements and NSNP guidelines
	Consolidate and submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after
	the end of each quarter Evolute performance of the conditional grant and submit on evolution report to National
	• Evaluate performance of the conditional grant and submit an evaluation report to National Treasury annually by 31 July
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	 Develop and submit approved business plans to DBE. The business plans should include databases reflecting distribution of volunteer food handlers and cooking fuel per school Monitor and provide support to districts/regions/Area Project Officers (APOs) and schools Manage and implement the programme in line with the Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) and the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA)
	• Implement monitoring and evaluation plans
	Provide human resource capacity at all relevant levels
	• Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant annually and submit evaluation reports to the DBE by 31 May
	• Submit quarterly financial and performance reports to DBE after the end of each quarter
	• Provinces that are transferring funds to schools are required to reconcile expenditure by schools against budget transfers on a quarterly basis. Reports on actual expenditure should be submitted a month after the quarter being reported upon
Process for approval of the	• Planning meeting by 30 July 2013
2014/15 business plans	• Consultation with district officials, provincial treasuries, provincial finance sections and National
	Treasury
	 Provinces submit first draft business plans to DBE by 31 October 2013 Inter-provincial meeting held in October 2013 to consult provinces on the 2014/15 conditional
	• Inter-provincial meeting field in October 2013 to consult provinces on the 2014/13 conditional grant framework
	 DBE evaluates first draft business plans and sends comments to provinces by 22 November 2013
	 Provinces submit final business plans to DBE by 31 January 2014
	• Director-General approves national and provincial business plans by 01 April 2014

Transforming dependences	School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant
Transferring department Strategic goal	 Basic Education (Vote 15) The eradication of inappropriate education structures and backlogs in basic services
Grant purpose	Eradication of entire inappropriate education structures and backlogs in basic services
Grant purpose	 Provision of water, sanitation and electricity to schools
Outcome statements	Improved access to enabling learning and teaching environments
Outputs	 Eradication and replacement of 496 entire inappropriate schools and provision of related school
output	furniture
	• 1 257 schools provided with water
	868 schools provided with sanitation
	• 878 schools provided with electricity
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
government that this grant	
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	• Institutional framework
Infrastructure Programme	Procurement and contract management plan
Management Plan	• Scope management
	• Time management plan
	Cost management plan
	Risk management plan
	Quality management plan Monitoring and reporting
	Monitoring and reporting
	Budgeting and programme accounting
	Performance management Communication management plan
Conditions	 Communication management plan This is a grant-in-kind administered by the national Department of Basic Education (DBE) that
Conditions	• This is a grant-in-kind administered by the national Department of Basic Education (DBE) that may be transferred to a province through the Education Infrastructure Grant if the province is
	able to demonstrate, through a proven track record, that it has the capacity to implement the
	projects
	 DBE must submit an infrastructure programme implementation plan
	• Programme governance will be conducted by various committees established to ensure that
	various processes are initiated within the programme
	 National Steering Committee
	- Technical Committee
	 Project Steering Committee
	- Provincial Planning and Monitoring Team (PPMT) or equivalent should meet monthly to
	ensure: information flows between the stakeholders, unblocking of processes, monitoring
	of progress; and cooperation
	 Infrastructure Bid Specification and Evaluation Committee
	 Infrastructure Bid Adjudication Committee
	• The DBE must submit monthly project reports with cash flow to National Treasury 15 days after
	the end of each month that show how actual payments and cash flow reconcile with the projected
	 cash flow schedule and explain any deviations from the original projected cash flow Assets will be transferred to custodians in respective provinces who must report in their annual
	• Assets will be transferred to custodians in respective provinces who must report in their annual report and describe how the schools have been considered in their future maintenance plans
Allocation criteria	 The grant allocation is based on the distribution of inappropriate structures, schools without
	access to water, sanitation and electricity across provinces
	• Final allocations will be based on the finalised Infrastructure Programme Management Plan of
	the DBE as approved by the Director-General
Reasons not incorporated in	• This is a specific purpose grant, to eradicate the basic safety norms backlog in schools without
equitable share	water, sanitation and electricity and to replace those schools constructed from inappropriate
	material including mud schools to contribute towards levels of optimum learning and teaching.
	The grant will be administered by the national department to achieve maximum impact in the
	shortest time possible
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	R700 million allocated and R76 million was spent (10.9 per cent)
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	Planning and construction progress at 49 schools
	Planning and progress in electrification of 168 schools
	• Planning and progress in the provision of sanitation to 214 schools
D 1 4 1116	Planning and progress in the provision of water to 161 schools
Projected life	• Backlogs should be dealt with by 2015/16

	School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R1 956 million, 2014/15: R3 170 million and 2015/16: R2 912 million
Payment schedule	• Payments will be made according to verified invoices or advance payments in line with approved Memorandum of Agreements and Implementation Programme Management Plans from implementing agents
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer and receiving officer	• Undertake planning of the processes, activities, and Accelerated School Infrastructure Delivery Initiative (ASIDI) programme policies required to realise the outputs and identify the resources that are required
	• Undertake the necessary procurement to secure the services of implementing agents, professional service providers, contractors and secondary procurement objectives to respond to the scope of work identified in the programme management plan
	 Actively manage the performance of personnel with expertise in the built environment, implementing agents, audit and/or verify the professional service providers and contractors to secure programme outputs and deliverables Harness the opportunities offered through the programme to contribute towards skills
	development
	 DBE will convene and chair meetings of the National Senior Certificate (NSC) which will Provide strategic direction to the ASIDI Programme Provide general oversight on the programme
	 Ensure that the management of the programme brings together those players responsible for different elements of project success and ensure a holistic approach in support of the programme
	 Ensure that standards are in line with different prescripts e.g. norms and standards for school infrastructure are adhered to
	 Facilitate the establishment of sub-programme management, their membership, reporting modalities and their interaction with the steering committee
	 Establish the modalities linking the targeted provincial education departments (PEDs) with DBE
	 Supervise the programme and ensure appropriate coordination and cooperation between different agencies and departments involved Exciting the bickness between actional transformed to be bickness.
	 Facilitate the linkages between national stakeholders such as the National Treasury, infrastructure delivery improvement plan (IDIP), Construction Industry Development Board (CIDB), Department of Human Settlements, Water Affairs, Energy and Public Works
	 Ensure ASIDI strategies and targets are in line with national goals and targets Monitor progress in terms of national goals and targets
	 Assist the management of the programme in solving particular issues that may arise and that may require the intervention of the committee
	 Report to the Minister of DBE, Council for Education Ministers (CEM), Head of Education Department Committee (HEDCOM) and senior management The DBE must agree in writing with the provinces on projects that the DBE will administer on
	 Develop a sector procurement strategy and procurement strategy for this grant in terms of the
	 practice guide prescribed by the infrastructure delivery management toolkit. The department will develop a procurement strategy for this grant that will lead to the quickest possible achievement of the grant objectives which may require the clustering of projects across provincial boundaries Submit approved infrastructure programme management plan including projects list to National
	 Submit approved infrastructure programme management plan including projects list to National Treasury Ensure compliance with reporting requirements and adherence to projected cash flow schedules
	• Consolidate and submit quarterly reports to National Treasury and National Council of Provinces (NCOP) within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	 Conduct site visits to selected projects to assess performance Create the necessary organisational structures and build capacity within the department to oversee and monitor the implementation of the grant
	• The DBE must ensure this committee meets at least once a month and is provided with sufficiently detailed reports to assess project implementation and projected cash flow schedules reconciled at the end of the month preceding the monthly meeting

	School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant	
	 Responsibilities of the provincial departments Provide the list of schools to be included in the ASIDI programme Ensure that the list of schools identified includes all the schools that are not constructed of appropriate materials in their entirety Ensure that the list of schools identified includes all the schools that never had basic sanitation, water and electricity Establish PPMTs that will provide support to the DBE when implementing projects funded by this grant Convene the PPMTs and report to the NSC 	
Process for approval of the 2014/15 infrastructure Programme Management Plan	Submission of Infrastructure Programme Management Plan for 2014/15 projects by 7 February 2014 by DBE to National Treasury	

	Technical Secondary Schools Recapitalisation Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 15)
Strategic goal	• To improve conditions of technical schools and modernise them to meet the teaching requirements of learners in the technical fields and increase the number of suitably qualified and technically skilled graduates from these schools
Grant purpose	• To recapitalise up to 200 technical schools to improve their capacity to contribute to skills development and training in the country
Outcome statements	• Implementation of the Skills Development Strategy III supported by training young people in relevant technical skills within the schooling system
Outputs	 31 new workshops to be built to support the technical subject offerings 228 existing workshops refurbished, upgraded and re-designed to comply with safety laws and regulations and minimum industry standards Equipment bought, delivered and installed at 267 workshops 1 538 technical schools teachers trained in practical skills of the subject content delivery
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 1: Improved quality of basic education
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Output indicators Inputs Key activities Risk management plan Annual budget and resource allocation
Conditions	 Implementation of the grant to be prioritised in the following order: (1) building of new workshops; (2) refurbishment, re-designing and upgrading of existing workshops; (3) buying, delivering and installing of equipment, machinery and tools as well as training of end-users by the suppliers; and (4) training of technical subjects teachers on new trends, practical skills and developments in their subjects Three year provincial recapitalisation plans for technical schools must be submitted to and be approved by the Department of Basic Education (DBE) Detailed procurement plans must accompany the business plans and these plans should be approved by the provincial department of education Technical schools should develop detailed yearly (operational) business plans that must demonstrate how the approved funding would be spent The grant outputs include: building of new workshops and the refurbishment of existing workshops in line with the approved technology subjects offered at the school the building of new workshops must take into consideration the capacity of the school to deliver the subject, the number of learners taking the subject, and the throughput rate of the school within the subject the design and structure of the new workshops must conform to the norms and standards for school infrastructure and may match the existing infrastructure (where applicable). The size
	 of a workshop for each subject must be between 120 – 480 square metres record of student enrolment and growth access, equity and redress Recapitalisation funds and implementation (procurement, delivery and payment) to be managed at provincial level unless provinces have assurance that individual schools have the capacity, systems and controls to receive the funds directly for procurement and payment purposes and the DBE must be informed in this regard The withdrawal of a participating school and inclusion of a new school is dependent on the complete recapitalisation of the withdrawn school and submission of a valid needs assessment of the new school. This must be approved by the head of the provincial department and the DBE must be informed of the action Deviations of between 2 per cent and 5 per cent from category allocations in business plans must be authorised by the Director-General of DBE Should the entire recapitalisation process not be completed within the stipulated timeframe, an additional six months will be added to complete the project. If the funds are not completely utilised they must be redirected to other schools within the same province
Allocation criteria	 utilised they must be redirected to other schools within the same province The distribution of funds is based on the needs identified in the 2009 capacity audit and a valid needs assessment made by the province for a new school

	Technical Secondary Schools Recapitalisation Grant
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	Technical schools are not proportionally distributed across the provinces
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	• Allocated R210.5 million and transferred R210.5 million to provinces, and R151.8 million
	(72 per cent) was spent
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• 23 of 42 new workshops built to support the technical subject offerings
	• 198 of 247 existing workshops refurbished, upgraded and re-designed to comply with safety laws
	and regulations and minimum industry standards
	• Equipment, machinery and tools bought, delivered and installed at 174 of 215 projected workshops
	• 554 technical school teachers trained in subject content delivery and new practical teaching
	methodologies
Projected life	• It is envisaged that the projects will be completed in three years (2013/14-2015/16)
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R221 million, 2014/15: R233 million and 2015/16: R244 million
Payment schedule	• Three instalments (31 May 2013, 29 October 2013 and 28 January 2014)
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	Develop and submit approved national business plans to National Treasury
and receiving officer	Evaluate, approve and submit provincial business plans to National Treasury
	• Provide the administrative services for the grant, manage, coordinate, monitor and support
	programme implementation
	• Develop and distribute planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation guidelines and/or templates
	templatesEnsure compliance with reporting requirements by providing consolidated monthly, quarterly
	and annual reports and other monitoring or diagnostic reports and reviews as required
	 Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant and submit an evaluation report to National
	Treasury by 31 July 2013
	Establish and strengthen partnerships with relevant stakeholders
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	Develop and submit approved business plans and procurement plans/schedules to DBE
	Assist schools in developing recapitalisation plans
	 Provide all relevant data required by the DBE such as supplier records, memoranda of understanding between schools and departments etc
	• Manage and implement the programme in line with the Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) and the Public Finance Management Act
	Monitor and provide support to districts/regions and schools
	Provide human resource capacity at all relevant levels
	• Evaluate the performance of the grant and submit evaluation reports to DBE by 31 May 2013
	Establish and strengthen partnerships with relevant stakeholders
Process for approval of the	• The first draft of the consolidated provincial business plans to be submitted to DBE for appraisal
2014/15 business plans	by 17 January 2014
	 The DBE team will meet to evaluate the consolidated business plans by 30 January 2014 The comments on the business plans will be sent to provinces for amendments by
	• The comments on the business plans will be sent to provinces for amendments by 13 February 2014
	 Provinces will be required to submit the provincially approved amended business plans to DBE
	by 7 March 2014
	 DBE will approve the final business plans by 24 March 2014
	• Director-General of DBE approves business plans to be submitted to the National Treasury by
	28 March 2014

COOPERATIVE GOVERNANCE AND TRADITIONAL AFFAIRS GRANT

	Provincial Disaster Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)
Strategic goal	To pro-actively respond to immediate needs after a disaster has occurred
Grant purpose	To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response
Outcome statements	Immediate consequences of disasters are a mitigated
Outputs	The impact of disasters is minimised
Priority outcome(s) of	• Outcome 12: An efficient, effective and development oriented public service and an empowered,
government that this grant	fair and inclusive citizenship
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	• This grant uses the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC) Provincial Disaster Grant Template which will include the following:
business plan	 copy of the classification letter in terms of the Disaster Management Act
	 copy of declaration of disaster in terms of the Disaster Management Act
	 number of people affected
	 items to be purchased
	 support received from Non-Government Organisations (NGOs) and business
	- funds required for disaster response
	- the Provincial Disaster Management Centre (PDMC) and the provincial sector department
Conditions	 must indicate funds spent or contributed towards dealing with the disaster This grant may only be used to fund the following expenditure as per written request for funding
Conditions	from the PDMCs:
	 temporary structures and/or shelters that can be fully assembled within three months which
	may be required to ensure continued services as a result of damage caused by a declared
	disaster to critical infrastructure that provinces are responsible for providing and
	maintaining
	- mobile classrooms or temporary structures during or after a declared disaster in the event
	that the Department of Education is unable to provide these
	 large scale humanitarian and other relief that the national departments of Social Development, Health, Agriculture Forestry and Fisheries are not responsible for providing
	or unable to provide. Proof must be obtained from the relevant department
	 temporary repairs to roads to ensure that communities are not cut off from services
	• Provinces must authorise expenditure on this grant through an adjustments budget if the
	expenditure occurs prior to the tabling of the province's adjustment budget or through a finance
	bill following the tabling of the annual report of the province for 2012/13
	• Funds can only be released after a disaster has been declared in terms of the Disaster
	Management Act
Allocation criteria	• The grant is allocated based on the location of the declared disasters and an assessment of
Reasons not incorporated in	 immediate needs This grant caters for response and emergency relief to unforeseen and unavoidable disasters
equitable share	• This grant caters for response and emergency refer to unforeseen and unavoidable disasters
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	New grant
	2011/12 service delivery performance
Projected life	New grant This grant is supported to continue grant the modium term but will be subject to main with the subject
MTEF allocations	 This grant is expected to continue over the medium term but will be subject to review 2013/14: R188 million, 2014/15: R197 million and 2015/16: R204 million
Payment schedule	 Transfers are made subject to approval by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	• Strengthen their operations and organisational capacity as required to prevent and mitigate the
and receiving officer	impact of disasters
C	• Advise PDMCs about the existence of the grant and how grant funding must be applied for
	• Perform assessments of disasters and verification of applications for funding as per the
	requirements of the Disaster Management Act
	• Seek approval from National Treasury for disbursement of funds to provinces and provide
	written advice on the timing of disbursements to provinces and transfer these funds to provinces
	within five days of drawing the funds from the National Revenue Fund
	 within five days of drawing the funds from the National Revenue Fund Notify the relevant provincial treasury of a transfer at least one day before transfer and transfer
	 within five days of drawing the funds from the National Revenue Fund Notify the relevant provincial treasury of a transfer at least one day before transfer and transfer the funds no later than five days after notification
	 within five days of drawing the funds from the National Revenue Fund Notify the relevant provincial treasury of a transfer at least one day before transfer and transfer the funds no later than five days after notification Notify the relevant PDMC of a transfer and reason for transfer within one day of the transfer of
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	 within five days of drawing the funds from the National Revenue Fund Notify the relevant provincial treasury of a transfer at least one day before transfer and transfer the funds no later than five days after notification Notify the relevant PDMC of a transfer and reason for transfer within one day of the transfer of funds to provinces Build relationships and establish the necessary communication channels with relevant national
	 within five days of drawing the funds from the National Revenue Fund Notify the relevant provincial treasury of a transfer at least one day before transfer and transfer the funds no later than five days after notification Notify the relevant PDMC of a transfer and reason for transfer within one day of the transfer of funds to provinces Build relationships and establish the necessary communication channels with relevant national departments to ensure the country has a coordinated disaster response approach
	 within five days of drawing the funds from the National Revenue Fund Notify the relevant provincial treasury of a transfer at least one day before transfer and transfer the funds no later than five days after notification Notify the relevant PDMC of a transfer and reason for transfer within one day of the transfer of funds to provinces Build relationships and establish the necessary communication channels with relevant national
	 within five days of drawing the funds from the National Revenue Fund Notify the relevant provincial treasury of a transfer at least one day before transfer and transfer the funds no later than five days after notification Notify the relevant PDMC of a transfer and reason for transfer within one day of the transfer of funds to provinces Build relationships and establish the necessary communication channels with relevant national departments to ensure the country has a coordinated disaster response approach Provide a performance report to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of the quarter

Provincial Disaster Grant	
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Provide a performance report, within 30 days after the end of the quarter during which funds are spent, to the NDMC and relevant PDMC
	Initiate requests for disaster funding when appropriate
Process for approval of the 2014/15 business plans	Not applicable

HEALTH GRANTS

	2014 African Nations Championship: Health and Medical Services Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	To meet the government guarantees for the 2014 African Nations Championship
Grant purpose	To provide health and medical services for the 2014 African Nations Championship
Outcome statements	 To create a safe health environment during the 2014 African Nations Championship football tournament To bring health awareness to the games for all teams, officials, spectators and vendors attending the event in line with negotiated service delivery agreement
Outputs	 Medical centres established with primary health care and emergency treatment capability at specific venues to provide medical services Provision of emergency medical services at international borders; motorcade routes; headquarters and team hotels; at stadia on match days; and during practice sessions Preparations for adequate forensic pathology services Preparations for mass gatherings and for the eventuality of mass casualties/deaths Command and control function provided
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
Details contained in the Service Level Agreement	 This grant will use a service level agreement (SLA) which is signed by national Department of Health (DoH) and the relevant provinces hosting the African Nations Championship games and contains the following: list of services to be provided monitoring and reporting requirements operational plan format key activities aiming to ensure adequate health and medical services at international borders; motorcade routes; headquarters and team hotels; within stadia on match days; during practice sessions; to ensure adequate forensic pathology services; and to ensure adequate preparations for the eventuality of mass casualties or mass death situations requirements for the provision of health awareness campaigns throughout the championship in line with the negotiated service delivery agreement
Conditions	 This is a grant-in-kind administered by the national Department of Health (DoH) allocated for the provision of health and medical services for the duration of the 2014 African Nations Championship Completion of the SLA in the prescribed format signed by each provincial department and DoH Provincial health departments must provide full and unrestricted access to DoH to all records and data relating to the championship
Allocation criteria	The amount will be allocated equally to all host provinces
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	The funding is earmarked for specific provinces hosting the 2014 African Nations Championship
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
-	• Not applicable
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• Not applicable
Projected life	Once off allocation for 2013/14 financial year
allocations	• 2013/14: R6 million
Payment schedule	 Payments will be made according to invoices submitted for the provision of the health and medical services during December 2013 and January 2014
Responsibilities of national	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and receiving officer	• Develop, in collaboration with relevant provincial health departments, a comprehensive operational plan on the provision of health and medical services for the tournament and submit to National Treasury
	 Coordinate activities (planning, preparation and execution) of the provinces Coordinate oversight of the event (daily reporting) Compile and submit monthly reports on financial and non-financial matters to National Treasury no later than 20 days after the end of the month Prepare a post tournament report for the National Health Council Responsibilities of the provincial departments Coordinate activities (planning, preparation and execution) within the provinces
Process for approval of 2014/15 Service Level Agreement	 Daily oversight of the event (daily reporting) and submit to DoH Not applicable

Transferring department	Comprehensive HIV and Aids Grant Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	 The implementation of the national strategic plan on HIV, sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and tuberculosis (TB) 2012 – 2016
Grant purpose	• To enable the health sector to develop an effective response to HIV and Aids including universal access to HIV counselling and testing (HCT)
	To support the implementation of the national operational plan for comprehensive HIV and Aids treatment and care To subsidies is used for the set interval (ADT) reserves to the set of the set interval (ADT) reserves to the set of the set interval (ADT) reserves to the set of the set interval (ADT) reserves to the set of the set interval (ADT) reserves to the set of the set interval (ADT) reserves to the set of the set interval (ADT) reserves to the set of the set of the set interval (ADT) reserves to the set of th
Outcome statements	 To subsidise in-part funding for the antiretroviral treatment (ART) programme Improved coordination and collaboration in the implementation of comprehensive HIV and Aids
Outcome statements	 Improved cooldination and conadoration in the implementation of complementsive HTV and Alds grant between national, provincial and local government Improved quality of HIV and Alds services including access to:
	 – HCT – ART
	 Home and community-based care (HCBC)
	 Prevention of TB in HIV positive people and prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT)
	 Medical male circumcision (MMC)
	• Improved health workers' capacity at the three levels of care to ensure quality service delivery to South Africans
	Reduced HIV incidence and prevalence
Outputs	Number of fixed public health facilities offering ART services
	Number of new patients that started on ART Tatal new here for efforts on ART
	Total number of patients on ART remaining in care
	 Number of beneficiaries served by home-based caregivers Number of active home-based carers receiving stipends
	 Number of male and female condoms distributed
	 Number of high transmission area (HTA) intervention sites
	 Number of antenatal care clients initiated on life-long ART
	 Number of babies' polymerase chain reaction tested at six weeks
	 Number of HIV positive clients screened for TB
	• Number of HIV positive patients that started on isoniazid preventive therapy
	Number of active lay counsellors on stipends
	• Number of clients pre-test counselled on HIV testing (including antenatal)
	Number of clients tested for HIV (including antenatal)
	Number of health facilities offering MMC services
	Number of MMCs performed
	Sexual assault cases offered antiretroviral prophylaxis
	• Step down care (SDC) facilities/units
	Doctors and professional nurses trained on HIV and Aids, STIs, TB and chronic diseases
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
primarily contributes to	Outcome indicators
Details contained in the business plan	Output indicators
business plan	Inputs
	Key activities
	Risk management plans
Conditions	• The following priority areas must be supported through the grant: 1. ART related interventions; 2. HCBC; 3. Condom distribution and HTA interventions; 4. Post exposure prophylaxis (PEP);
	5. PMTCT; 6. Programme management strengthening; 7. Regional training centres; 8. SDC; 9 HCT; 10. MMC; 11.TB/HIV
	• Provinces must submit monthly financial reports and the monthly break-down report per sub-
	programme to the national Department of Health (DoH) by the 15th of the following month
	using standard formats as determined by the national department. An electronic version and/or a faxed hard copy signed by the provincial grant receiving manager, chief financial officer and the
	 head of department must be submitted Provinces must indicate all sources of funding for the programme in their husiness plans
Allocation criteria	 Provinces must indicate all sources of funding for the programme in their business plans Allocations are based on antenatal HIV prevalence, estimated share of Aids cases, populations post-demarcation
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	 HIV and Aids is a key national priority and requires a coordinated response for the country as a whole and this is most effectively achieved through a conditional grant

	Comprehensive HIV and Aids Grant
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial performance
	 Allocated and transferred R6 051.8 million to provinces Of the total available of R6 128.4 million (including provincial roll-overs), R5 999.5 million (97.9 per cent) was spent
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	 9 672 lay counsellors trained and providing services at service points 100 per cent of facilities were providing HCT services 10 million people received counselling and 98 per cent were tested for HIV, including pregnant women 1.2 million beneficiaries had access to HCBC services by the end of March 2012 3 194 health facilities offering ART services 1.8 million patients were on ART 601 high transmission intervention sites in operation 98 per cent of new-born babies received Nevirapine 99.9 per cent of PHC facilities offer PMTCT services 371 756 MMCs performed
	• 392 million male condoms distributed
	6.3 million female condoms distributed
Projected life	Ongoing in line with National Strategic Plan on HIV and Aids
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R10 534 million, 2014/15: R12 311 million, and 2015/16: R13 957 million
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments based on the approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the transferring national officer and receiving officer	 Responsibilities of the national department Visit provinces twice a year to monitor implementation and provide support Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days of the end of the quarter Meet with National Treasury to review performance of the grant
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Quarterly performance output reports to be submitted within 30 days following the reporting period using standard formats as determined by the national department. Submit an electronic version and/or faxed hard copy signed by the provincial grant receiving manager and the chief financial officer
	 Clearly indicate measurable objectives and performance targets as agreed with the national department in provincial departmental plans for 2013/14 and over the MTEF Submit risk management plans with final business plans
Process for approval of the 2014/15 business plans	 Submit fisk management plans with final ousliess plans Provincial departments of health to sign and submit Business Plans to national DoH by 28 February 2014 DoH to sign and certify provincial business plans by 31 March 2014

To enable provinces to plan, manage, maintain and transform health infrastructure in line with hational and provincial policy objectives To help accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existin nfrastructure in health including: health technology, organisational design (OD) systems an quality assurance (QA) Supplement expenditure on health infrastructure delivered through public-private partnerships To enhance capacity to deliver health infrastructure The Hospital Revitalisation component funds construction, upgrading or replacement of hospitals The Nursing Colleges and Schools component funds the upgrading of nursing colleges and schools The Health Infrastructure component funds improvements in all health facilities Improved service delivery by provincial departments as a result of an improved quality of healt services Improved rates of employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure value for money and cost effectively designed facilities Number of health facilities, planned, designed, constructed, equipped , operationalised an naintained Dutcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans The business plan in this grant will be replaced by the Infrastructure Programme Management Pla (IPMP), the User Asset Management Plan (U-AMP), Annual Implementation Plan (AIP) an (IFIP) and will include the following: – projects funded in 2013/14, 2014/15 and 2015/16 – annual project milestones – quarterly cash flow projections per project for 2013/14 –
To help accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existin nfrastructure in health including: health technology, organisational design (OD) systems an quality assurance (QA) Supplement expenditure on health infrastructure delivered through public-private partnerships To enhance capacity to deliver health infrastructure The Hospital Revitalisation component funds construction, upgrading or replacement of hospitals The Nursing Colleges and Schools component funds the upgrading of nursing colleges and schools The Health Infrastructure component funds improvements in all health facilities Improved service delivery by provincial departments as a result of an improved quality of health services Improved quality and well maintained health infrastructure (backlog and preventative maintenance) improved rates of employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure Value for money and cost effectively designed facilities Number of health facilities, planned, designed, constructed, equipped, operationalised an naintained Dutcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans The business plan in this grant will be replaced by the Infrastructure Programme Management Pla IPMP), the User Asset Management Plan (U-AMP), Annual Implementation Plan (AIP) an infrastructure Programme Implementation Plan (IPIP) and will include the following: – projects funded in 2013/14, 2014/15 and 2015/16 – annual project milestones
 Improved service delivery by provincial departments as a result of an improved quality of healt services Improved quality and well maintained health infrastructure (backlog and preventative maintenance) Improved rates of employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure Value for money and cost effectively designed facilities Number of health facilities, planned, designed, constructed, equipped, operationalised an naintained Dutcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans The business plan in this grant will be replaced by the Infrastructure Programme Management Pla (IPMP), the User Asset Management Plan (U-AMP), Annual Implementation Plan (AIP) an infrastructure Programme Implementation Plan (IPIP) and will include the following: projects funded in 2013/14, 2014/15 and 2015/16 annual project milestones
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 (IPMP), the User Asset Management Plan (U-AMP), Annual Implementation Plan (AIP) an infrastructure Programme Implementation Plan (IPIP) and will include the following: projects funded in 2013/14, 2014/15 and 2015/16 annual project milestones
Colleges and Schools spital Revitalisation component: With the exception of funding for costs incurred for planning, all new projects commencir construction in 2013/14 must have business cases and Project Execution Plans (Project Brief approved before funds can be released for such projects All the new projects should follow peer review stages as per prescribed formats incorporated in th Project Implementation Manual (PIM) rsing Colleges and Schools component: With the exception of funding for costs incurred for planning, all new projects commencir construction in 2013/14 must have an IPIP approved before funds can be released for such projects neral conditions for all components: Provincial Departments of Health (PDH) must submit 2013/14 AIP signed-off by the head of lepartment (HOD) by 30 April 2013 to the national Department of Health (DDH) for approval Provinces must implement projects in line with the approved AIP, as guided by PIM The 2013/14 MTEF project list as captured in the IPMP and AIP should comply with the followir allocations: — minimum of 25 per cent of the grant allocation for maintenance of infrastructure — minimum of 25 per cent of the grant allocation for rehabilitation, refurbishment and repai upgrades and additions of infrastructure — maximum of 50 per cent of the grant allocation should be allocated for new and replaceme infrastructure Province may deviate from these allocation conditions if approval from DoH is obtained b 30 April 2013 Departments must submit the organisational structure of their infrastructure unit to DoH ar Vational Treasury within 14 days of the Act taking effect. This structure is subject to the writte proval of DoH and review Prior to 30 September 2013, provinces must appoint public servants to their infrastructure units Head Office or at maintenance hubs/workshops for facilities that are in line with the infrastructure lelivery functions of the sector. Up to a maximum of R16 million of this grant may be utilised for provinces must

	Health Facility Revitalisation Grant
	reports for the 2012/13 financial year captured on the IRM and the Planning IRM by 22 April 2013.
	These reports must be submitted to both Provincial Treasury and DoH
	• The flow of the third instalment is dependent upon receipt by DoH by 22 July 2013 of the:
	 draft 2014/15 U-AMP to be submitted to DoH and relevant Provincial Treasury by 28 June 2013
	 first draft 2014/15 IPMP including the initial list of prioritised projects captured as well as the first quarter 2013/14 quarterly infrastructure report
	 signed-off first quarter 2013/14 quarterly infrastructure report captured on IRM and PMIS; and a signed off report from the Construction Industry Development Board (CIDB) register of projects showing at least 50 per cent of contracted projects; and operational maintenance plans, including Heath Technology (HT), for every project reaching practical completion stage during quarter 2
	 2014/15 project list, which must be drawn from the prioritised project list for the MTEF tabled in 2013/14. Changes to the MTEF prioritised list of projects must be motivated to DoH The flow of the fourth instalment is conditional upon the receipt by DoH by 28 October 2013 of the:
	 signed off quarterly infrastructure reports for the second quarter captured on the IRM and the PMIS
	 operational maintenance plans including HT for every project, excluding maintenance projects, reaching practical completion stage during quarter 3 to DoH and relevant Provincial Treasury The flow of the fifth instalment is dependent upon receipt by DoH by 20 January 2014 of the: draft IPIPs from the relevant implementing agents for the 2014/15 projects
	 revised IPMP (second draft) incorporating the realistic cash flows for 2014 MTEF and detailed AIP Annual Implementation Plans for the 2014/15 financial year
	• In instances where the capacity of the Provincial Public Works Department is deemed insufficient, Provincial Health Departments will be entitled to engage alternative Implementing Agents, provided that Supply Chain Management processes as prescribed in the Treasury Regulations for appointment of Service Providers are followed and that the implementing agent is registered in the Public Finance Management Act as a Schedule 2 or 3 entity
	• Provincial Health departments must enter into Service Delivery Agreements (SDAs) with their implementing agents. The development or review of the SDA should continue in parallel with the development of the IPMP and IPIP
	• Appropriately qualified built environment representatives from the provincial departments' Infrastructure Units must assist in the procurement of professional service providers and contractors by its implementing agent, through representation as a member on the Specification, Evaluation and Adjudication Committees of the implementing agent
	 All PDH must submit a procurement plan as per Infrastructure Delivery Management System (IDMS) for infrastructure compiled by the implementing agent and for health technology projects and submit to Provincial Treasury and DoH by the 22 April 2013 for the 2013/14 financial year All the new Hospital Revitalisation projects for 2014/15 should follow Peer Review stages as per proceeding the DDM
Allocation criteria	 prescribed formats incorporated in the PIM Allocations for 2013/14 are project based, but will increasingly be based on performance over the MTEF
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	 Funding infrastructure through a conditional grant enables the national department to ensure the delivery and maintenance of health infrastructure in a coordinated and efficient manner, consistent with national norms, standards and guidelines for health facilities
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
_	• Hospital Revitalisation component: allocated and transferred R4 554 million (including rollovers). Of the total transferred, R4 194 million (92 per cent) was spent
	• Health Infrastructure component: Allocated and transferred R1 781 million (including rollovers). Of the total transferred, R1 654 million (93 per cent) was spent
	 Nursing Colleges and Schools component: no reporting information available as the grant started in 2012/13
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• Hospital Revitalisation component: The following facilities were completed: Germiston hospital; Moses Kotane hospital; Vryburg hospital and Khayelitsha hospital
	• Health Infrastructure component: A total of 266 projects were completed. These included new facilities, renovations, upgrading, additions and replacements at clinics, Community Health Centres and hospitals
	• Nursing Colleges and Schools component: no reporting information available as the grant started in 2012/13
Projected life	• Health is a key government priority and given the need to continually maintain health infrastructure
	and ensure that norms and standards are maintained, the grant will remain in place until at least the end of the 2013 MTEF
MTEF allocations	

	Health Facility Revitalisation Grant
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national	Conduct provincial site visits
officer and receiving	Attend provincial Infrastructure Progress Review Meetings
officer	• Provide guidance to provinces in planning and prioritisation and evaluate U-AMP, IPMP, AIP and prioritised projects that provinces develop and submit
	• Submit monthly infrastructure reports to the National Treasury within 30 days of the end of each month
	• Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury, National Council of Provinces (NCOP) and National Health Council (NHC) within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Updating project implementation manual
	• Peer review and feedback processes should be undertaken timeously and within acceptable turnaround times
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Provincial Departments must establish committees with the relevant IAs and hold monthly meetings (that are minuted) to review progress on the IPMP, IPIP and IDMS
	 Compile and submit comprehensive project progress reports to DoH, Provincial Treasury and National Treasury
	• Provinces must submit to DoH monthly and quarterly reports for all projects funded in the 2013/14 financial year in this grant through the PMIS and IRM. The total monthly expenditure on the PMIS and IRM must reconcile to the basic accounting system
	• Submit reports for each of the three grant components and for the total grant
	• Submit quarterly performance reports on approved template until such time the PMIS is up and running
	 PDHs must align infrastructure plans (U-AMP and IPMP) with their respective Service Transformation Plans, Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans
	• All projects in retention must be closed within 12 months of works completion
	• Adhered to all immovable asset management and maintenance responsibilities as prescribed by the Government Immovable Asset Management Act of 2007 and the Provincial IDMS
Process for approval of	Submission of draft 2014/15 UAMP to be submitted to DOH by 28 June 2013
the 2014/15 business plans	• Submission of first draft IPMPs for 2014/15 by PDH to Implementing Agents by 3 September 2013
	• Implementing Department(s) or Agent(s) must submit the first draft IPIP for 2014/15 to PDH by 29 November 2013
	• Submission of the first draft AIP by 20 January 2014
	 Submission of the final IPMP, U-AMP and IPIP for 2014/15 by PDHs to DoH by 28 February 2014 Submission of final budget allocations for 2014/15 by PDH to IAs by 28 February 2014
L	- Submission of this ouget anotations for 2014 15 by 1511 to 148 by 2014

	Health Professions Training and Development Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	• To contribute to the implementation of the national human resource plan for health through the clinical teaching and training of health professionals, in designated public health facilities in South Africa
Grant purpose	 Support provinces to fund service costs associated with training of health science trainees on the public service platform Co-funding of the national human resource plan for health in expanding undergraduate medical education for 2013 and beyond (2025)
Outcome statements	 Progressive realisation of the national human resource plan for health Clinical teaching and training capacity established in designated developmental provinces (Northern Cape, North West, Limpopo, Mpumalanga, Eastern Cape) Expanded provision of community service health professionals on the public service platform
Outputs	 All provinces must measure performance against the national human resource plan for health by monitoring the following categories of trainees on the health platform by their category, province and training institution: undergraduate health sciences trainees, postgraduate health sciences trainees (excluding registrars), registrars, community services health professionals and other health science trainees supervised on the public health service platform as per statutory requirements Provinces receiving a developmental portion (Northern Cape, North West, Limpopo, Mpumalanga and Eastern Cape) must also indicate the specific clinical teaching and clinical training personnel capacity established on the public health service platform by reporting on the number of health professionals recruited and retained for this function Clinical teaching and training capacity established as required on the public service platform in earmarked provinces (Northern Cape, North West, Limpopo, Mpumalanga, Eastern Cape)
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant	 Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Output indicators Inputs Key activities
Conditions	 A provincial business plan must have been submitted in the approved format by end February 2013 Provinces to submit quarterly performance reports 30 days after the end of each quarter The service platform and accessing thereof for training need to be developed after consultation with the appropriate institutes for higher education
Allocation criteria	Until further technical work is completed, allocations will be progressively recalibrated based on a uniform weighted cost per trainee per category, the historical approach derived from trainee distribution and funding towards approved developmental functions
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	 Provinces give effect to the national human resource strategy by training health science trainees on the public health service platform. This responsibility is for a national purpose. The service costs related to this function is influenced by the number of health science trainees and the nature of the health science programmes provided in each province. Coordination of the number of health science trainees to be trained and health trainee student programmes happens at a national level The clinical teaching and training capacity required differs across the various provinces The number and type of students trained for a national purpose differs across provinces
Past performance	 2011/12 audited financial outcomes Allocated and transferred R1 977 million to provinces plus R24.9 million of 2010/11 roll-over from Eastern Cape. Final total of R2 000 million Of the total available R2 003 million (including provincial roll-overs), 100.2 per cent was spent 2011/12 service delivery performance Provincial achievements in training and development by discipline: 29 640 medical students and professional nurse students 2 350 registrars 220 specialists 119 registrars/specialists involved in outreach services
Projected life	The grant will remain as long as health science trainees are trained on the public service health platform
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R2 190 million, 2014/15: R2 322 million and 2015/16: R 2 429 million
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments

Health Professions Training and Development Grant	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer and receiving officer	• Provide the guidelines, criteria and norms for the development, distribution and utilisation of the grant as well as approval of the provincial business plans
	 Monitor implementation and provide two support visits to provinces
	• Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days of the end of each quarter
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Submit monthly financial reports to the national Department of Health (DoH)
	• Quarterly reporting by provinces on the quarterly achievements against the outputs and targets as demonstrated in the business plan using the prescribed format must be submitted to DoH within 30 days of the end of each quarter
	• Annual evaluation performance report to contain details of outputs of this grant must be submitted to DoH by end of May 2013
	• The training platform and accessing thereof need to be developed after consultation with the appropriate institutes for higher education
Process for approval of the 2014/15 business plans	• Business plans signed by the provincial head of department and approved by DoH as per developed format by end of February 2014

National Health Grant	
Transferring department	• Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	 This grant has two components: (1) National Health Insurance (NHI) and (2) Health Facility Revitalisation To accelerate health sector improvement by strengthening the role of the National Department of Health in accelerating delivery of infrastructure particularly in order to assist provinces with weaker capacity and performance and in the preparatory phase of NHI As specified in the two component frameworks
Grant purpose	 To address capacity constraints in the provinces and to create an alternate track to speed up infrastructure delivery To improve spending, performance, monitoring and evaluation on NHI pilots and infrastructure projects
Outcome statements	As specified in the two component frameworks
Outputs	As specified in the two component frameworks
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
Details contained in the business plan	As specified in the two component frameworks
Conditions	As specified in the two component frameworks
Allocation criteria	As specified in the two component frameworks
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	 The provinces have not demonstrated capacity to deliver on these two components As specified in the two component frameworks
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial performance
	New grant
	2011/12 service delivery performance
Projected life	 New grant It is likely this will be a temporary grant. The NHI component will ultimately be phased into the NHI fund once established. The health facility revitalisation component will be progressively phased back to the provinces as provincial capacity improves
MTEF allocations	 2013/14: R1 098 million and 2014/15: R2 100 million; 2015/16: R2 120 million of which the two components are: National Health Insurance: 2013/14: R291 million, 2014/15: R420 million, 2015/16: R444 million Health Facility Revitalisation: 2013/14: R807 million, 2014/15: R1 680 million, 2015/16: R1 676 million
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments
Responsibilities of the national transferring officer and receiving officer	Responsibilities of the national department • As specified in the two component frameworks Responsibilities of the provincial departments • As specified in the two component frameworks
Process for approval of 2014/15 business plans	As specified in the two component frameworks

	National Health Grant: Health Facility Revitalisation Component
Transferring department	• Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	• To plan, manage, maintain and transform health infrastructure in line with national and provincial policy objectives
Grant purpose	 To help accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existing infrastructure in health including health technology, organisational systems (OD) and quality assurance (QA) Supplement expenditure on health infrastructure delivered through public-private partnerships To enhance capacity to deliver infrastructure in health
Outcome statements	 Improved service delivery by provincial departments as a result of an improved and increased quality of health services Improved quality and well maintained health infrastructure (backlog and preventative maintenance) Improved rates of employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure Value for money and cost effectively designed facilities
Outputs	• Number of health facilities, planned, designed, constructed, equipped , operationalised and maintained
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
Details contained in the business plan	 The business plan in this grant will be replaced by the Infrastructure Programme Management Plan (IPMP), Infrastructure Programme Implementation Plan (IPIP), Annual Implementation Plan (AIP) and Project Execution Plans (project briefs) which will include the following: costed project lists for 2013/14, 2014/15 and 2015/16 projected milestones quality Management Plan human Resource Plan
Conditions:	 This grant component has three sub-components: Hospital Revitalisation, Health Infrastructure and Nursing Colleges and Schools The national Department of Health (DoH) must, in consultation with the provinces, develop and submit within 30 days of the promulgation of the 2013 Division of Revenue Act, an intergovernmental agreement outlining how the new grant will operate and the responsibility and functions of each sphere, including a differential approach depending on provincial capacity and performance This is a schedule 6A allocation (in-kind grant) administered by the DoH and it may be converted into an allocation in the Health Facilities Revitalisation Grant (in terms of section 20 of the Division of Revenue Act) and transferred to a province if the province is able to demonstrate, through proven track record, that it has the capacity to implement. The DoH must submit such assessments to National Treasury by 1 July 2013 Before commencing planning, implementation or spending on any project, the national Department of Health must seek written approval from the relevant province and must sign an agreement with the province on the respective responsibilities of each party. All agreements must be submitted to National Treasury by 31 May 2013. The agreements should also include: an indication of how projects will support the achievement of sector priorities an indication of how projects must also take into consideration the grant components (i.e. Hospital Revitalisation, Health Infrastructure, and Nursing Colleges and Schools) that existed before grant reform as well as continuity of existing infrastructure projects DoH must prepare an IPMP and IPIP which must include, inter alia, procurement strategies and plans, project funded through this grant. These plans must be submitted to National Treasury by 31 May 2013 or a later date if approved by National Treasury For Hospital Revitalisation projects, with the execution of funding for

	National Health Grant: Health Facility Revitalisation Component
	• DoH must maintain up to date databases (Project Management Information System (PMIS),
	Infrastructure Reporting Model (IRM) and Register of Projects) of all contracts that are fully or
	partially funded by this grant and must comply with the Construction Industry Development Board requirements
	• DoH must convene monthly Progress Review Committee meetings with all Implementing Agents
	(IAs) and project managers for monitoring and oversight of the performance of all funded projects
	• All completed projects must have a close out report with a documented maintenance plan
	• All projects in retention must be closed within twelve months of practical completion
	• National Treasury may request copies of any documentation and may withhold grant funding if
	there is non-compliance with any of the conditions above
Allocation criteria	Allocations for 2013/14 are project and performance based
Reasons not incorporated in	• Funding infrastructure through an indirect conditional grant enables the national department to
equitable share	ensure the delivery and maintenance of health infrastructure in a coordinated and efficient manner
	that is consistent with national norms, standards and guidelines for health facilities
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	• New grant
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• New grant
Projected life	• Health is a key government priority and given the need to continually maintain health
	infrastructure and ensure that norms and standards are maintained, the grant will remain in place
	until at least the end of the 2013 MTEF
MTEF allocations	2013/14: R807 million, 2014/15: R1 680 million, 2015/16: R1 676 million
Payment schedule	• Monthly payments made according to verified invoices reconciled against projected schedule of cash flows
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	• Build and demonstrate the capacity necessary to manage this grant. This must be outlined the in
and receiving officer	Human Resource Plan
	• DoH must ensure that infrastructure plans are aligned to the respective Service Transformation
	Plans, Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans and must take cognisance of existing
	infrastructure projects in provinces
	• Undertake the full infrastructure development cycle for all the projects (or as otherwise agreed
	with provinces) under the grant and management thereof, with all the necessary planning and
	documentation required above
	• Appoint project level supervision via professional teams for level 2 and level 4 supervision on
	single or a cluster of projects depending on the nature and complexity of projects, for all projects
	under this grant as well as provincial direct grants
	• Implement and manage project management and progress review meetings and reporting
	• Submit all monthly and annual progress and performance reporting on infrastructure, HT, HR and
	QA in line with the above conditions
	• Collaboration and coordination with provincial departments for the full development cycle of
	infrastructure development in respect of projects funded by this grant
	• Quality assurance and organisational development aspects of Hospital Revitalisation must involve skilled professionals in these fields
	Responsibilities of the provincial departmentsProvinces will provide all the available information, data and other available and necessary
	documents in respect of the projects under this grant to DoH
	• Provinces should undertake life cycle maintenance as well as the full operation, staffing and
	management of the projects in facilities completed under this grant by the DoH
	• All immovable asset management and maintenance responsibilities of the completed projects
	under this grant as prescribed by the Government Immovable Asset Management Act of 2007
	rests with the Provinces
Process for approval of the	• Submission of the initial drafts of the IPMPs, IPIPs and AIP for the 2014 MTEF by 24 January
2014/15 Annual	2014
Implementation plans	
· · · · · · · · ·	1

	National Health Grant: National Health Insurance Component
Transferring department	Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	 To strengthen aspects of the public healthcare system in preparation for National Health Insurance (NHI) To strengthen the design of NHI based on innovating testing of new reforms in pilot sites
	A public health care system that is better prepared to implement reforms necessary for NHI
Grant purpose	• To develop and implement innovative models for contracting general practitioners within selected NHI pilot districts
	 To identify and test alternative reimbursement models for central hospitals in readiness for the phased implementation of NHI To support central hospitals in strangthening health information systems and revenue management.
Outcome statements	 To support central hospitals in strengthening health information systems and revenue management Appropriate and innovative models for contracting general practitioners (GPs) within selected NHI pilot districts identified and tested
	 Alternative reimbursement mechanism(s) for central hospitals identified
	• Strengthened information systems and revenue management at central hospitals
Outputs	 Innovative models for the contracting of general practitioners within selected NHI pilot districts Models for strengthening information, management systems, reimbursement mechanisms and revenue management in central hospitals
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
Details contained in the business plan	• The Service Level Agreements (SLAs) and the business plan for the NHI component will include information on the following:
	- outcome indicators
	 output indicators key activities and resource schedule
	 – Key activities and resource schedule – monitoring and evaluation plan
	- cash flow requirements for 2013/14
Conditions	 The national Department of Health (DoH) will establish two National Technical Task Teams (NTTT). The first will plan, implement, monitor and evaluate all projects for the contracting of general practitioners within selected NHI pilot districts. The second NTTT will coordinate and oversee the work on central hospitals Provincial Departments of Health must appoint one representative to each of the NTTTs DoH must, in consultation with the provinces, develop and submit by 30 May 2013, more detailed documentation outlining how the new grant will operate, its systems and rules and the responsibility
	 and functions of each sphere Implementation of, or spending on, any project in a provincial facility, may only take place if DoH has signed an SLA with the provincial Department of Health on the respective responsibilities of each party with respect to that project in accordance with section 238 of the Constitution and the allocation
	 of functions and powers in the National Health Act (2003) DoH must enter into a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with the relevant provincial Department of
	 Health regarding the contracting of general practitioners in accordance with the Public Service Act (1994) as amended, or the applicable procurement prescripts, as the case may be. The SLA must include information on the availability of facilities and equipment for general practitioners to deliver specified services, the recruitment and placement of general practitioners in facilities, contract management arrangements and the determination and piloting of reimbursement mechanisms for general practitioners. Any proposed changes to the SLA(s) must be formally approved by DoH Should any province opt to not enter into an SLA in order to undertake this work on their own, they must demonstrate, through a proven track record, that they have the capacity to implement the projects as determined by the relevant NTTT. Once requested in writing, DoH must undertake capacity assessments by 1 July 2013 and on the basis of this make the necessary decisions with measure the action of the Division of the Deutome Act (DeBA).
	 respect to Section 20 of the Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) Project level administrative expenditure must not exceed a maximum of 3 per cent of the total grant funding. No activity that is linked to the responsibility of DoH that falls outside this scope may be
	 funded through this grant The grant must be used to achieve the objectives of the following areas: development and testing of innovative models for contracting general practitioners within selected NHI pilot districts identification of the most appropriate alternative reinbursement mechanism/s for central hospitals
	 identification of the most appropriate alternative reimbursement mechanism/s for central hospitals strengthening information systems and revenue management at central hospitals other areas approved in consultation with the National Treasury
	 The 10 central hospitals included in this arrangement for 2013/14 are as follows: Charlotte Maxeke Academic Hospital (Gauteng)

National Health Grant: National Health Insurance Component	
- Steve Biko Academic Hospital (Gauteng)	
– Dr George Mukhari Academic Hospital (Gauteng)	
- Chris Hani Baragwanath Academic Hospital (Gauteng)	
– Universitas Academic Hospital (Free State)	
– Inkosi Albert Luthuli Academic Hospital (KwaZulu-Natal)	
– King Edward VIII (KwaZulu-Natal)	
- Groote Schuur Academic Hospital (Western Cape)	
– Tygerberg Hospital (Western Cape)	
 Nelson Mandela Academic Hospital (Eastern Cape) 	
• Final business plan for the grant for 2013/14 must be submitted to the National Treasury	within 14
days after the Act takes effect, incorporating operational plans for GP contracting an hospitals	
• Monthly and quarterly financial and performance reporting must be submitted to the	National
Treasury. Financial reporting must include spending per province. The Treasury may requir	
changes to the format and content of such reports and business plans	al avnarta
• The Department of Health must put in place an evaluation strategy using independent extern to evaluate the interventions funded through this grant	al experts
to evaluate the interventions funded through this grantThe National Treasury may, following written notice, withhold allocations if problems ident	ified with
• The National Treasury may, following written notice, withhold allocations if problems ident the grant are not satisfactorily addressed	med with
Allocation criteria • Central hospitals will be evaluated in terms of the capacity of their information systems and	readinass
Anocation criteria • Central hospitals will be evaluated in terms of the capacity of their morniation systems and to test alternative reimbursement mechanisms	reaumess
 Clinics with the greatest need for general practitioners and where general practitioners are 	willing to
• Chines with the greatest need for general practitioners and where general practitioners are work in the facility will be prioritised	winning to
Reason not incorporated in • The lack of sufficient capacity at provincial level to pilot GP contracting and revenue management.	gement in
equitable share central hospitals	5011101110111
• The importance of central coordination in development of models and the establishment of	of NHI to
inform ongoing NHI designs	
Past performance 2011/12 audited financial performance	
New grant	
2011/12 service delivery performance	
New grant	
Projected life • Subject to policy developments that will be finalised as part of the implementation of Nation	hal Health
Insurance	
MTEF allocations • 2013/14: R291 million, 2014/15: R420 million and 2015/16: R444 million	
Payment schedule • Payments will be made according to verified invoices or advance payments in line with	approved
Programme Implementation Plans from the service providers	
• Monthly instalments which may be altered at the discretion of the National Treasury	based on
invoices paid	
Responsibilities of the Responsibilities of the national department	
national transferring officer • Convene and chair all meetings of the NTTTs and provide meeting reports to National Treas	ury
and receiving officer • Submit approved SLAs, supporting project plans and lists to the National Treasury	
Create the necessary organisational structures and build capacity within the Department to in	nplement,
oversee and monitor the execution of all approved projects	
Provide the guidance and support for innovative arrangements of engaging public and priv	ate sector
providers, including methods of contracting (types of contracts and payment mechanisms)	
Manage, monitor and support programme implementation in provinces, selected pilot dis	tricts and
selected central hospitals including regular visits to project sites	
• Submit monthly financial and performance reports to National Treasury 22 days after the e	end of the
month	
• Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end	
and and and a second and a	d of each
quarter	
• Include in the Annual Performance Evaluation Report of the grant required by the Di	vision of
• Include in the Annual Performance Evaluation Report of the grant required by the Di Revenue Act the lessons learnt, including failures experienced and how these lessons will in	vision of
 Include in the Annual Performance Evaluation Report of the grant required by the Di Revenue Act the lessons learnt, including failures experienced and how these lessons will in design of future interventions 	vision of
 Include in the Annual Performance Evaluation Report of the grant required by the Di Revenue Act the lessons learnt, including failures experienced and how these lessons will in design of future interventions Responsibilities of the provincial departments 	vision of
 Include in the Annual Performance Evaluation Report of the grant required by the Direction Revenue Act the lessons learnt, including failures experienced and how these lessons will in design of future interventions Responsibilities of the provincial departments Ensure compliance with all reporting requirements and adherence to SLAs 	vision of nform the
 Include in the Annual Performance Evaluation Report of the grant required by the Direction Revenue Act the lessons learnt, including failures experienced and how these lessons will in design of future interventions Responsibilities of the provincial departments Ensure compliance with all reporting requirements and adherence to SLAs Process for approval of DoH to submit first draft SLAs and supporting project plans to National Treasury by 	vision of nform the
Include in the Annual Performance Evaluation Report of the grant required by the Di Revenue Act the lessons learnt, including failures experienced and how these lessons will in design of future interventions Responsibilities of the provincial departments Ensure compliance with all reporting requirements and adherence to SLAs	vision of nform the y end of

Transferring department	National Health Insurance Grant • Health (Vote 16)
Strategic goal	 Through the selected pilot sites in health districts: improve service delivery platform strengthen the performance of the public health system in readiness for the full roll-out of National Health Insurance (NHI)
Grant purpose	 A more viable NHI design based on experience at pilot sites Test innovations in health services provision for implementing NHI, allowing for each district to interpret and design innovations relevant to its specific context To undertake health system strengthening initiatives To assess the feasibility, acceptability, effectiveness and affordability of innovative ways of engaging private sector resources for public purposes
Outcome statements	 Strengthened resource and administrative management systems and capacity of the selected districts including enhanced managerial autonomy, delegation of functions and accountability in districts Strengthened coordination and integration of services within pilot districts, especially in the areas of planning, supply chain management, monitoring and evaluation and referral systems
Outputs	 New primary care delivery models including ward based teams, district specialists and school health services established and evaluated Improved supply chain management systems and processes to support efficient and effective provision of health services within the district Enhanced district capacity in the areas of district health planning and monitoring and evaluation A rational referral system based on a re-engineered primary health care platform with a particular focus in rural and previously disadvantaged areas
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Output indicators Key activities Monitoring and evaluation plan Cash flow requirements
Conditions	 Given the formation of the new NHI grant and amended allocations, National Department of Health (DoH) in consultation with the provinces, must within one month of enactment of the Division of Revenue Act (DoRA), review the focus areas, targets and business plans for this grant for 2013/14 and adjust these accordingly for submission to the National Treasury within 45 days after the Act takes effect For the purpose of district interventions, funding from this grant to provinces will be on the basis that DoH approves the business plans for each of the selected pilot districts The grant must be used to achieve the objectives of the following components as is relevant to the specific district: health systems strengthening and performance improvement enhanced service packages at the primary health care level and improved referral systems improved supply chain management systems and processes to support efficient and effective health services provision within the district enhanced district capacity in the areas of planning and monitoring and evaluation strengthened referral system based on a re-engineered primary health care platform with a particular focus in rural and previously disadvantaged areas DoH must commission independent external expert evaluation of the progress and effectiveness of interventions tested in the pilot districts The ten pilot district selected for 2013/14 are: OR Tambo (Eastern Cape) Thabo Mofutsanyana (Free State) Tshwane (Gauteng) uMzinyathi (KwaZulu-Natal) uMzinyathi (KwaZulu-Natal) Vhembe (Limpopo) Gert Sibande (Mpumalanga) Pixley ka Seme (Northern Cape) Dr Kenneth Kaunda (North West)

	National Health Insurance Grant
Allocation criteria	 Eden (Western Cape) The selected districts must comply with the stipulated provisions relating to monitoring and evaluation of progress in relation to agreed performance indicators as outlined in approved business plans The selected districts must allocate funding towards monitoring and evaluation, including research/impact assessment of selected interventions The selection of the pilot districts considers demography, population epidemiology, managerial
Reason not incorporated in	 capacity at district and facility level, and overall district health system performance Each district is allocated the same amount The implementation of NHI will be undertaken through a phased approach over a 14 year period.
equitable share	A conditional grant enables effective roll-out of the NHI pilots and allows the Department's direct oversight over the pilot sites and the activities thereof
Past performance	 2011/12 audited financial performance New grant
	2011/12 service delivery performance
D	New grant Subject to relian double ments that will be finalized as part of the implementation of NULL
Projected life	Subject to policy developments that will be finalised as part of the implementation of NHI
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R49 million and 2014/15: R70 million; 2015/16: R74 million
Payment schedule	Quarterly instalments
Responsibilities of the national transferring officer and receiving officer	 Responsibilities of the national department Provide the guidelines, criteria and norms for the development, distribution and utilisation of the grant as well as approval of the description of the interventions in the relevant business plans Provide the guidance and support to provinces and selected pilot districts on innovative arrangements of engaging public and private sector providers, including methods of contracting (types of contracts and payment mechanisms) Monitor implementation of pilot projects including visits to provinces and selected districts Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter Facilitate a partnership with the provinces in the selection of the pilot districts and monitoring and evaluation of interventions that will be implemented in each of the selected pilot districts Include in the annual performance evaluation of the grant required by the 2013 DoRA the lessons learnt, including failures experienced and how these lessons will inform the design of future interventions Present detailed progress report on the performance of all ten pilot districts at National Treasury quarterly conditional grants meetings
Process for approval of 2014/15 business plans	 Submit monthly financial reports to DoH within 20 days after the end of each month Quarterly reporting by provinces on the quarterly achievements of selected pilot districts against the outputs and targets as stipulated in the approved business plans using the prescribed format. Reports must be submitted to DoH within 30 days after the end of each quarter Annual Performance Evaluation Report containing details of outputs of this grant must be submitted to DoH by the end of May 2014 Each province must demonstrate evidence of the scalability of the interventions and frameworks developed from the interventions to other districts DoH will communicate to provinces in writing additional pilot districts by 1 October 2013 that will be funded through the grant in 2014/15, should a decision be reached to increase the number of pilot sites Provinces to submit first draft plans for selected pilot sites by the end of November 2013 Provinces must submit final business plans for selected pilot districts by 28 February 2014

and the standard standard the second terms from the tradition has stated as second
nces to plan, modernise, rationalise and transform the tertiary hospital service in line with a national tertiary services plan
of tertiary health services for all South African citizens
tertiary facilities for the costs associated with provision of these services oundary patients
transformed tertiary services that allow for improved access and equity to en of disease
esignated central and national tertiary services (T1, T2 and T3) in 26 xes as agreed between the province and the national Department of Health
ng and healthy life for all South Africans
a service level agreement (SLA) which is signed by each province and contains
delines on definitions of tertiary services that may be funded by the grant ertiary services funded by the grant, by facility in each province
batient separations, inpatient days, day patient separations, outpatient first visits, bollow up visits per facility per year
and reporting
nd revision of data or changes to tertiary services
onsibilities
n
LA in the prescribed format signed by each provincial department or receiving
ransferring national officer by 28 February 2013
ontribute a maximum of 85 per cent of each tertiary hospital/complex budget
gazette hospital/complex specific allocations to individual hospitals/complexes nd of 30 April 2013
ving the grant must report on expenditure and patient activity monthly, in the
t, to the provincial department naintain a separate budget for each of the 26 benefiting hospitals/complexes
get letters, in the approved format, must be provided by the province to the DoH
14 for inclusion in the SLA
inform DoH of each benefiting hospital/complex equitable share allocation by
cal allocation, spending patterns and motivations from facilities
ficant cross boundary flows associated with tertiary services due to their
re. Tertiary hospitals are a national asset requiring collective agreement and
ancial outcomes
insferred R8 048 million to provinces
able R8 092 million (including provincial roll-overs), 99.68 per cent was spent
ivery performance
ry services performance was measured against the Service Level Agreements
otal patient activity rendered is as follows: atient separations
inpatient days
patient separations
patient first visits
outpatient follow up visits
ary services will continue because of the need for sustaining and modernising
million, 2014/15: R10 168 million, and 2015/16: R10 636 million ents as per approved payment schedule
-

	National Tertiary Services Grant
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	Revise and assess framework for SLAs prior to transfer of funds
and receiving officer	Establish and maintain a national tertiary services plan
	Monitor expenditure and patient activity and provide on-site support to facilities and provinces
	Conduct two support visits to each province and hospitals/complexes
	• Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days of the end of each quarter
	• Establish a national strategic forum to discuss strategic matters related to the grant, including the
	development of a national tertiary services plan
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	Submit quarterly reports to DoH which must include the following:
	 cost of compensation of employees by staff category (Medical, Nursing, Allied and Other)
	 cost of goods and services
	 cost of capital
	 cost of Modernisation of Tertiary Services (MTS) where applicable
	 cost of Quality Improvement Plans (QIPs)
	 patient utilisation data (inpatient separations, inpatient days, day case separations, outpatient first visits, outpatient follow up visits) as per the prescribed format
Process for approval of the 2014/15 business plans	• Completion of SLA, in the prescribed format, signed by each receiving officer, and the transferring national officer by 28 February 2014
L.	• Provision of institutional budget letters, in the approved format, must be provided by the province to the DoH by 31 January 2014

HIGHER EDUCATION AND TRAINING GRANT

	Further Education and Training Colleges Grant
Transferring department	Department of Higher Education and Training (Vote 17)
Strategic goal	• The successful transfer of the Further Education and Training (FET) college functions to the Department of Higher Education and Training (DHET)
Grant purpose	To ensure the successful transfer of the FET college function to the DHET
Outcome statements	• FET Colleges offer approved programmes in support of skills development according to the norms and standards for funding FET colleges
Outputs	Transfer of FET colleges management staff to DHET finalised
	Transfer of non-management staff to DHET finalised
	• Secondment of Provincial Education Department (PED) Staff to DHET finalised
	Post provisioning model for FET colleges finalised
	• Implementation of the funding norms and standards for FET colleges
	 Implementation of the new programme cost for funding FET colleges Monitor the support of FET colleges by PEDs
	 Implementation of 37 per cent in lieu of benefits for FET colleges
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 5: A skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path
Details contained in the business plan	• This grant uses a provincial implementation protocol which is signed by the Minister of DHET and the MECs of the PEDs
P	Provincial implementation protocol signed by the Director-General and the heads of PEDs
Conditions	• The funding of some of the outputs of this grant will depend on the priority set for each college within available funding
	 The verified compensation of employees data (Persal) linked to the student enrolment plan of FET colleges will be used as a guideline for allocating the grant to each college. Any upward deviation from these enrolments must be funded by the college or entity causing such deviation A portion of the grant per province calculated on the basis of 5.3 per cent of the total Persal
	compensation of employees is to be withheld pending the finalisation of the labour negotiations in the Education Labour Relations Council (ELRC) and General Public Service Sector Bargaining Council (GPSSBC)
	Unspent compensation of employees at year end must be transferred to FET colleges
Allocation criteria	• The verified compensation of employees data will be the basis for allocating the grant allocation as per programme five in PEDs as set out in the revised 2013 Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF)
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• To prepare for the shifting of the FET College function to an exclusive national competence
Past performance	2011/12 Audited financial outcomes
	• Allocated and transferred R4 375 million to provinces. Of the total allocated, R4 615 million (105 per cent) was spent
	2011/12 Service delivery performance
	• 1 031 Management Staff trained towards improved management skills
	• 289 new classrooms built and 382 upgraded
	• 222 new workshops built and 168 upgraded
Ductootod life	• 332 admin/student support centres upgraded
Projected life	• The projected life will be determined by the legislative process that needs to take place to give effect to the shifting of the FET college function to the DHET
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R2 443 million, 2014/15: R2 600 million and 2015/16: R2 759 million
Payment schedule	• Eleven monthly instalments based on the programme allocation to each college less 5.3 per cent of the total compensation of employee costs per annum. The balance to be paid as soon as labour agreement for 2013/14 is signed
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	• Transfer the grant allocation to provincial treasuries as per the approved payment schedule
and receiving officer	 Convene the technical task team for funding norms to oversee the implementation of the grant Convene the national task team meetings to manage and monitor the transition of college
	 functions from provincial education departments to DHET Manage the FET conditional grant according to the implementation protocol training
	 Provide framework for the development of college operational and strategic plans Monitor the grant according to approved college operational plans and budgets
	• Consolidate and submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury 45 days after the end
	of the quarter being reported onTo monitor the utilisation of the grant against the set outcomes and to take appropriate action if
	 cases of non-compliance Establish provincial level institutional support to FET Colleges Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant for the 2012/13 financial year and submit an
	evaluation report to National Treasury by 31 July 2013

	Further Education and Training Colleges Grant
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Support the process of giving effect to the provincial implementation protocol with the DHET
	• Ensure provincial officials who are currently supporting FET college functions to continue such support
	• Confirm to DHET in writing the total of the unspent amount at the end of the financial year
	• Provide the DHET with the consolidated monthly financial report not later than the 15th of each month
	• Provide the DHET with the consolidated quarterly report within 20 days of the end of each quarter
Process for approval of the	• The implementation protocols between the minister and MECs, as well as the Director-General
2014/15 business plans	and heads of department will remain in effect until such time that all functions are transferred to
	DHET

HUMAN SETTLEMENTS GRANT

	Human Settlements Development Grant
Transferring	Human Settlements (Vote 31)
department	
Strategic goal	The creation of sustainable human settlements that enables an improved quality of household life
Grant purpose	To provide funding for the creation of sustainable human settlements
Outcome statements	 The facilitation and provision of access to basic infrastructure, top structures and basic social and economic amenities that contribute to the creation of sustainable human settlements Improved rates of employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure
Outputs	Number of residential units delivered in each housing programme
	Number of serviced sites delivered in each housing programme
	Number of finance linked subsidies approved and disbursed
	• Number of households in informal settlements provided with household access to services/upgraded services
	 Number of hectares of well located land acquired and/or released for residential development Number of work opportunities created through related programmes
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Outcome 8: Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Outputs
	• Cash flow (payment schedule)
a 114	Quarterly reporting
Conditions	• Funds for this grant will only be released upon sign off by the national department of provincial business plans consistent with local and provincial human settlements development plans, national human settlements development priorities and the national housing code
	• Provinces may, if a proven need exists, utilise up to 5 per cent of the provincial allocation for the Operational Capital Budget Programme (OPSCAP) to support the implementation of the projects as contained in the business plan
	 The Minister of Human Settlements may identify, approve and provide funding for a project as a priority project upon pronouncement by the President, Cabinet, the Minister and/or Human Settlements MinMEC
	• To expedite the completion and implementation of the priority projects, the provincial departments of Human Settlements must allocate the stipulated amounts from the provincial grant allocation per project as indicated below:
	 Eastern Cape: Duncan Village: R109.8 million
	- Gauteng: Khutsong: R96 million
	- Gauteng: R182.9 million
	- Gauteng: Diepsloot: R91.5 million
	- Gauteng: Sweet Waters: R45.7 million
	 KwaZulu-Natal: Cornubia: R120.7 million
	– Limpopo: Lephalale: R291.6million
	- Western Cape: Drommedaris: R62.7 million
	• The priority project allocation for Lephalale may, in consultation with the municipality, the national Department of Human Settlements and the National Treasury, provide for bulk and link infrastructure that supports human settlements development
	• Provinces must make budget allocations consistent with provincial and related municipal backlogs to the Informal Upgrading Support Programme, Rental Housing Programmes and the Finance Linked Individual Subsidy Programme
	• Where municipalities have been accredited with the housing functions at level 1 and 2, the provincial business plan must reflect relevant allocations and related targets and outputs for those municipalities which must be gazetted in terms of section 10(9) of the 2013 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)
	• Where targets are revised and/or budget shifted a revised business plan must be submitted to the national department, by the relevant provincial department, within 30 days of the tabling of the Provincial Adjustment Budget
	 Funds have been added to this grant for the repair of infrastructure damaged by floods in January and February 2011. The provisional allocations have been made for 2013/14 for the same purpose in the provinces listed below. Should the cost of repairing the affected infrastructure exceed the amounts earmarked below, provinces may not fund any such shortfalls out of the remaining allocation of this conditional grant. The following amounts per province must be used for the repair of infrastructure
	damaged by the natural disaster declared in Government Gazette 33949 and as assessed by the National Disaster Management Centre: – Eastern Cape: R94.1 million
	– Free State: R73.2 million
	– Gauteng: R0.06 million

Human Settlements Development Grant		
	– KwaZulu-Natal: R51.7 million	
	– Limpopo: R35.6 million	
	– Mpumalanga: R0.6 million	
	– Northern Cape: R17.1 million	
	– North West: R26.3 million	
	• In the event that the following metropolitan municipalities are assigned level 3 accreditation during	
	2013/14, the national department will be required to allocate funds to these municipalities based on the sector allocation formula used for the Human Settlements Development Grant. The national department will make provision to be able to transfer the following indicative amounts, depending on projects ceded by provinces, directly to the stated municipalities once the municipalities are assigned with the housing function in terms of Level 3 accreditation: - Nelson Mandela 2013/14: R206.9 million - Ekurhuleni 2013/14: R933.8 million - Johannesburg 2013/14: R1 314 million	
	– Tshwane 2013/14: R788.6 million	
	– eThekwini 2013/14: R878.4 million	
	– Cape Town 2013/14: R733.4 million	
Allocation criteria	The grant is apportioned into a 80/20 split as follows:	
	 80 per cent is allocated to provinces in terms of the sector approved formula 	
	- 20 per cent is allocated by the national department to supplement the funding of social and rental	
	housing, informal settlement upgrading, land and national priority programmes	
	- the provincial allocations to municipalities accredited to level one and level two accreditation	
	will be made on a basis that is consistent with the Accreditation Framework	
	– an interim allocation basis will consider the current approved projects budgets running in the	
	municipalities accredited to levels one and two	
	- funds for informal settlement upgrading in rapidly urbanising mining towns are not subject to the	
	allocation formula above, but subject to the planning process through the National Upgrading	
	Support Programme and approval of detailed settlement upgrading and transformational plans as	
	maybe agreed between the respective province and municipality by the national department	
Reasons not	• A conditional grant enables the national department to provide effective oversight, ensure compliance	
incorporated in	with the National Housing Code and Outcome 8	
equitable share		
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes	
	 Allocated and transferred R14 941.5 million to provinces 	
	R14 446.4 million (96.7 per cent) was spent	
	2011/12 service delivery performance	
	• 116 056 housing units completed	
	• 56 697 serviced sites completed	
Projected life	• It is a long term grant of which the exact life span cannot be stipulated as government has an	
	obligation to assist the poor with the provision of human settlements	
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R16 984 million, 2014/15: R17 918 million, and 2015/16: R19 667 million	
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments as per the approved payment schedule	
Responsibilities of the	Demonsibilities of the metional demonter and	
	Responsibilities of the national department	
transferring national		
officer and receiving	Approve the national and provincial business plans and compliance certificate	
8	 Approve the national and provincial business plans and compliance certificate Monitor provincial, financial and non-financial grant performance and control systems related to the 	
officer and receiving	 Approve the national and provincial business plans and compliance certificate Monitor provincial, financial and non-financial grant performance and control systems related to the human settlements conditional grant 	
officer and receiving	 Approve the national and provincial business plans and compliance certificate Monitor provincial, financial and non-financial grant performance and control systems related to the human settlements conditional grant Provide support to provinces with regards to human settlements delivery as may be required 	
officer and receiving	 Approve the national and provincial business plans and compliance certificate Monitor provincial, financial and non-financial grant performance and control systems related to the human settlements conditional grant Provide support to provinces with regards to human settlements delivery as may be required Undertake structured and other visits to provinces as is necessary 	
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officer and receiving	 Approve the national and provincial business plans and compliance certificate Monitor provincial, financial and non-financial grant performance and control systems related to the human settlements conditional grant Provide support to provinces with regards to human settlements delivery as may be required Undertake structured and other visits to provinces as is necessary Facilitate regular interaction between national and provincial departments of human settlements Submit an annual evaluation report for 2012/13 on the performance of the grant to National Treasury by 31 July 2013 Evaluate the audited provincial annual reports for submission to National Treasury by 13 December 2013 	
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	Human Settlements Development Grant
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	 Submit final provincial business plans, project lists including cash flow projections and compliance certificates to the national department by 14 February 2014 Submit 2012/13 annual evaluation reports on their performance to the national department by 31 May 2013
	 Submit 2012/13 audited annual reports to the national department by 27 September 2013
	• Support accredited municipalities in carrying out delegated functions as per the Accreditation Framework
	Provinces must utilise the Housing Subsidy System (HSS) for the administration and related performance reporting of all the human settlement delivery programme and processes
	 Ensure effective and efficient utilisation of the HSS by municipalities Comply with the responsibilities of the receiving officer outlined in the 2013 DoRA
	 Comply with the responsionness of the receiving officer outlined in the 2015 DokA Comply with the terms and conditions of the national performance agreements and provincial and local delivery agreements
	• The monthly expenditure report, as contemplated in section 12(3) of the 2013 DoRA and section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), must be submitted by the 15 th of every month for the preceding month
	• The monthly DoRA expenditure and quarterly reports must be signed by both the Head of Department and the relevant provincial treasury
Process for approval of	• First draft provincial business plans for 2014/15 financial year to be submitted to the national
the 2014/15 business	department by 29 November 2013
plans	• Submit final provincial business plans, project lists including cash flow projections and compliance certificates for 2014/15 financial year to the national department by 10 February 2014
	Submit approved 2014/15 provincial and national plan to National Treasury by 31 March 2014

PUBLIC WORKS GRANTS

	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Provinces	
Transferring department	Public Works (Vote 7)	
Strategic goal	• To provide Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) funding to expand job creation efforts in specific focus areas, where labour intensive delivery methods can be maximised	
Grant purpose	 To incentivise provincial departments to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the EPWP guidelines: road maintenance and the maintenance of buildings low traffic volume roads and rural roads 	
	 other economic and social infrastructure tourism and cultural industries sustainable land based livelihoods 	
Outcome statements	 Improved quality of life of poor people and increased social stability through engaging the previously unemployed in paid and productive activities Reduced levels of poverty Contribute towards increased levels of employment Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained 	
Outputs	 Increased number of people employed and receiving income through the EPWP Increased average duration of the work opportunities created 	
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to Details contained in the	Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth	
business plan	 The grant uses a national implementation plan which outlines the following: planned EPWP projects per sector and per province (including the project budgets, planned outputs and full-time equivalent jobs target) coordinating and/or governance structures that will support implementation 	
Conditions	 Eligible provincial departments must submit a final EPWP project list to the national Department of Public Works (DPW) by 30 April 2013 EPWP projects must comply with the project selection criteria determined in the EPWP grant manual, the EPWP guidelines set by DPW and the ministerial determination Eligible provincial departments must sign a funding agreement, with their final EPWP project list attached, with the DPW before the first grant disbursement Provincial departments must report quarterly on all EPWP projects via DPW's EPWP reporting system Reports must be loaded on the EPWP reporting system within 22 days of the end of every quarter in order for progress to be assessed Provincial departments must maintain beneficiary and payroll records as specified in the audit requirements in the EPWP grant manual The EPWP grant cannot be used for departmental personnel costs; however, a maximum of 5 per cent of the grant can be used to fund contract based capacity required to manage data capturing and on-site management costs related to the use of labour intensive methods The EPWP grant can only be utilised for EPWP purposes, for the projects approved in each provincial department's EPWP project list by 30 April 2013 submit a final EPWP project list by 30 April 2013 sign a grant agreement with DPW before the first grant disbursement Subsequent grant disbursements are conditional upon eligible provincial departments: reporting on EPWP performance quarterly within the required timeframes implementing their approved EPWP project list as planned towards the agreed job creation targets 	
Allocation criteria	 To be eligible for an EPWP grant allocation in the 2013/14, a provincial department must have reported EPWP performance (in either the infrastructure or environment and culture sector) by 22 October 2012 The EPWP grant allocations are based on: EPWP performance in the past 18 months; the potential of provincial departments to create work with their baseline budgets; the need for EPWP work in an area indicated by levels of unemployment, poverty and service backlogs; and a capacity allocation to support provincial departments to meet the EPWP reporting requirements 	
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	• This grant is intended to fund expansion in specific focus areas as well as incentivise increased EPWP performance. The grant is based on performance, the potential to expand and the need for EPWP work in key geographic regions	
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes • Payments on the EPWP infrastructure incentive grant was made to the following provinces in the 2011/12 financial year: - Eastern Cape: R20.7 million - Free State: R12 million - Gauteng: R0.435 million - KwaZulu-Natal: R149.5 million	

Payment schedule • Three instalments per annum (15 May 2013, 15 August 2013 and 15 November 2013) • 40 per cent of the allocation will be disbursed on 15 May 2013 • a further two payments of 30 per cent each are planned for 15 August 2013 and 15 November 2013 • a further two payments of 30 per cent each are planned for 15 August 2013 and 15 November 2013 • a further two payments of 30 per cent each are planned for 15 August 2013 and 15 November 2013 • Betermine eligibility and set grant allocations and FTE targets for eligible provincial departments • Publish on the EPWP website all documents relevant for provincial departments to understand and implement the grant, including a grant manual, the relevant EPWP guidelines and the ministerial determination • Support provincial departments, in the manner agreed to in the funding agreement to: identify suitable EPWP project selection criteria, apply the EPWP project selection criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design, report using the EPWP reporting system • Monitor the performance and spending of provincial departments and assess progress towards implementing their EPWP project lists • Disburse the grant to eligible provinces • Report quarterly to National Treasury on progress against FTE targets and spending against the grant allocation • Conduct data quality assessments on a continuous basis to support good governance and identify areas for administrative improvement • Manage the EPWP coordinating structures to support implementation, identify blockages and facilitate innovative solutions		Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Provinces
 Northern Cape R0.758 million Western Cape: R.1.1 million A total of R225.5 million was disbursed to eligible provincial departments 2011/12 service delivery performance 226 517 work opportunities were reported by provincial departments in the infrastructure, and environment and culture sectors. 66 584 full time equivalent (FTE) jobs were reported by provincial departments in these sectors Projected life Grant scheduled to continue until the end of the 2013/14 financial year, subject to review. The allocations for 2014/15 and 2015/16 ras22 million Payment schedule Three instalments per annum (15 May 2013, 15 August 2013 and 15 November 2013) A further two payments of 30 per cent each are planned for 15 August 2013 and 15 November 2013 a further two payments of 30 per cent each are planned for 15 August 2013 and 15 November 2013 Betornish on the EPWP versite allocations and FTE targets for eligible provincial departments Publish on the EPWP versite allocations and FTE targets for eligible provincial departments and insplement the grant, including a grant manual, the relevant EPWP guidelines and the ministerial determination Support provincial departments, in the manner agreed to in the funding agreement to: identify suitable EPWP project slettion criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design, report using the EPWP project slettion criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design, report using the EPWP project slettion criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design, report using the EPWP project slettion criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design, report using the EPWP project slettion criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design, report using the EPWP project slettion criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design, report using the EPWP project slettion criteria and EPWP guidelines		
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	Process for approval of	• Provincial departments must report on performance of EPWP projects for the 2012/13 financial year
for a smart all and in	2014/15 business plans	by 22 April 2013; or report on second quarter 2013/14 performance by 22 October 2013 to be eligible
for a grant allocation	_	for a grant allocation
• Provincial departments must submit draft 2014 EPWP project lists to DPW by the end of		
April 2014		
• Eligible provincial departments must sign the standard funding agreement with an approved 2014		• Eligible provincial departments must sign the standard funding agreement with an approved 2014
EPWP project list by the end of April 2014		

	ocial Sector Expanded Public Works Programme Grant for Provinces
Transferring department	Public Works (Vote 7)
Strategic goal	To increase job creation through the expansion of the Social Sector Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP)
Grant purpose	• To incentivise provincial social sector departments identified in the 2012 Social Sector EPWP log-frame to increase job creation by focusing on the strengthening and expansion of social service programmes that have employment potential
Outcome statements	 Improved service delivery to communities by expanding the reach and quality of social services Improved quality of life of unemployed people through employment creation and increased
	incomeReduced levels of poverty
	Contribute towards decreased levels of unemployment
	 Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained Strengthened capacity of non-government delivery partners through increased access to funds for training, wages and administration
Outputs	Increased number of people employed and receiving income through the EPWP
	 Increased duration of the work opportunities created Increased number of households and beneficiaries to which services are provided
	 Increased income per EPWP beneficiary
	Increased number of people with augmented wages
Priority outcome(s) of	Increased number of people who received training
government that this grant primarily contributes to	 Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth Outcome 5: A skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicatorsInputs
	Key activities
Conditions	• Provincial departments must submit to the national Department of Public Works (DPW) signed-
	off EPWP targets and budgets for the 2013/14 financial year as part of the EPWP annual log frame planning process by 26 April 2013
	 Provincial departments must submit to DPW signed-off business plans on how to achieve these
	EPWP targets by 15 April 2013
	• Provincial departments must report both conditional grant and equitable share EPWP expenditure on the monthly In-Year-Monitoring (IYM) tool in accordance with section 32 of the Public Finance Management Act
	 Provincial departments must sign an incentive agreement with DPW by 15 April 2013 to comply with the conditions and obligations of the grant
	• Reports must be loaded on the EPWP integrated reporting system within 22 days of the end of every quarter
	 Provincial departments must adhere to the audit requirements stipulated in the EPWP incentive manual The incentive grant allocation must be used to expand ich grantian programmes in the social
	 The incentive grant allocation must be used to expand job creation programmes in the social sector The incentive grant allocation must be used to fund the following priority areas:
	 The incentive grant anocation must be used to fund the following priority areas. to provide stipends to unpaid volunteers at R66.97 per day and further adjustments as per the ministerial determination for EPWP workers and the prescripts of the Department of Labour
	 to expand Social Sector EPWP programmes as identified in the EPWP Social Sector log- frame
	 to create additional work opportunities A minimum of 80 per cent of the incentive allocation must be used to per stinends or wases
	 A minimum of 80 per cent of the incentive allocation must be used to pay stipends or wages Of this 80 per cent, at least 35 per cent must be used for the creation of work opportunities for
	persons not previously employed in the relevant programme
	• The balance of the overall incentive allocation must be used for capacity-building at the implementation level or the standardisation of wages
Allocation criteria	• To be eligible for an incentive allocation in 2013/14, a provincial department must have:
	 reported EPWP performance by 22 April 2012 for an incentive allocation to be calculated based on 2011/12 performance
	 reported EPWP performance by 22 October 2012 for an incentive allocation to be
	calculated based on quarter 1 and quarter 2 performance in 2012/13
	 must have met at least 45 per cent of their full time equivalent (FTE) target for the 2011/12 financial year and quarter 1 and quarter 2 of the 2012/13 financial year
	 Each provincial department's performance is assessed against a set of EPWP performance
	indicators to determine the size of the incentive allocations for those years. These are:
	 targeted number of FTEs per provincial department beneficiary profile consisting of 2 per cent persons with disabilities
	- beneficiary profile consisting of 2 per cent persons with disabilities

Sc	arial Sastan Expanded Public Works Programma Crant for Provinces
	ocial Sector Expanded Public Works Programme Grant for Provinces – beneficiary profile consisting of 40 per cent youth
	 beneficiary profile consisting of 40 per cent youth beneficiary profile consisting of 55 per cent female beneficiaries
	 Denenciary profile consisting of 35 per cent remain beneficiaries 10 per cent of days worked spent in training
	 average duration of 100-day work opportunities
	 average duration of 100-day work opportunities minimum daily wage of R66. 97 per person's day of work
	 Incentive allocations to each provincial department are based on their past performance score
	[per cent] x the number of FTEs created x FTE Reward [R66.97 per day x 230 days]. These
	allocations are adjusted due to a shortfall in the total allocation for all the provincial departments,
	but are in line with the ministerial determination for EPWP workers
	 Provincial grant allocations for the two outer years are indicative and will be revised based on
	the performance of each province
Reasons not incorporated in	• The incentive allocation is based on the performance of programmes in a prior financial year and
equitable share	use of the allocation is specifically earmarked for EPWP programme expansion
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	R199.7 million (99.7 per cent) spent on overall allocation
	• 10 683 FTEs created
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• 91 873 households serviced
	• 1 838 not for profit organisations (NPOs) administratively supported
Projected life	Ongoing subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R257.6 million, 2014/15: R272.9 million and 2015/16: R285.5 million
Payment schedule	• Three instalments (6 May 2013, 12 July 2013 and 11 October 2013)
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department of public works
transferring national officer	• Determine the eligibility of provincial departments, set job creation targets and performance
and receiving officer	measures and calculate incentive allocations
	• Revise an incentive manual that will provide provincial departments with standard information
	on the rules of the incentive programme, its application, monitoring and evaluation information
	and audit regulations
	• Develop an incentive agreement outlining the requirements of the incentive grant and ensure that
	each provincial department signs the agreement by 15 April 2013
	• Reach agreement with national sector departments on their roles in ensuring effective
	implementation of the incentive grant by 15 April 2013
	• Support provincial departments to develop plans to meet job creation targets
	• Support the sector to collect the required data, align monitoring and reporting frameworks and to
	report on key outputs on the EPWP integrated reporting system
	• Monitor the performance of provincial departments and the use of the incentive grant against the
	conditions in the framework and report to National Treasury on monthly and quarterly progress
	• Audit the final performance of provincial departments after the end of the financial year
	• Report quarterly to provincial departments on projected eligibility for the incentive grant in the following year
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Identify the employment and expansion potential of departmental Social Sector EPWP
	programmes and develop plans for maximising job creation and service delivery expansion
	 Submit and obtain approval for the required programme expansion plans to DPW to show how
	targets will be achieved
	• Sign the standard incentive agreement with DPW agreeing to comply with the conditions and
	obligations of the incentive grant before receiving any incentive payment
	• Report EPWP performance onto the EPWP integrated reporting system and update progress
	monthly and quarterly in accordance with the reporting requirements in the incentive agreement
	• Provide data on the use of the incentive grant on a quarterly basis in the format and manner
	prescribed by DPW
	Maintain beneficiary and payroll records as specified in the audit requirements of the EPWP
Process for approval of the	• Provincial departments report performance on Social Sector EPWP programmes for the 2012/13
2014/15 business plans	financial year by 22 April 2013
_	• Provincial departments report performance on Social Sector EPWP programmes for quarter 1
	and quarter 2 of the 2012/13 financial year by 22 October 2013
	• Performance in 2011/12 and performance in quarter 1 and quarter 2 of 2012/13 will determine
	the targets and incentive allocations for 2014/15
	• Provincial departments participate in the planning exercise from December to January each year
	and submit their business plans and targets to DPW during this process in the format required
	• DPW to distribute the incentive agreements in May every year
	• Provincial departments sign the incentive agreement with DPW by 15 April 2014 and agree to
	comply with the conditions and obligations of the incentive grant

	Mass Participation and Sport Developme	nt Grant
Transferring department	Sport and Recreation South Africa (Vote 20)	
Strategic goal	 Increasing citizens' access to sport and recreation a 	activities
Grant purpose	• To facilitate sport and recreation participation stakeholders	
Outcome statements	 Increased and sustained participation in sport and r 	
	Improved sector capacity to deliver sport and recre	eation
Outputs	School sport supportedCommunity sport and recreation participation	
Priority outcome of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Outcome 12: An efficient, effective and develops fair and inclusive citizenship	ment oriented public service and an empowered,
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Output indicators Inputs Key activities 	
Conditions	 Provincial compliance: Provincial departments responsible for sport and re- ensure that the measureable objectives and pe agreed to by Sport and Recreation South Africa departments annual performance plan for 2013. submit a signed business plan to SRSA by 15 M enter into a formal agreement with SRSA afte start of the financial year by 28 March 2013 not use this grant on projects falling outside th and approval to such effect is granted by SRSA only procure equipment and attire from the conjunction with provinces procure, store, and maintain branding material including Division of Revenue Act (DORA) r per SRSA specifications submit monthly financial reports (IYM) and rn SRSA 15 days after the end of the month, using electronic version and faxed hard copy sign Department of the respective province must be appoint staff on a long-term or permanent bas grant allocated to the respective province) f academy and sport council programmes provinces will endeavour to create community contribute to seamless service delivery in SRSA ensure that all structures are aligned to the SRS adhere to all financial prescripts as contained in 	erformance indicators of the conditional grant (as a (SRSA) are reflected in the respective provincial /14 March 2013 er the approval of their business plans prior to the he scope of the grant unless prior written request A transversal contracts as determined by SRSA in for display by provinces at SRSA funded events – related activities – in the respective provinces, as nonthly breakdown reports per sub programme to g the standard format as determined by SRSA. An ed by the Chief Financial Officer and Head of submitted sis (at a cost not exceeding 6 per cent of the total for the coordination of school sport, club, hub, e structures within the same local municipalities to A priority codes Stablished must be from rural and farm areas
	 Financial allocation: The conditional grant must be utilised according to 	e
	 employment of permanent staff branding district and Provincial academies provincial Sports Councils school sport hubs club development provincial programmes School Sport: Provinces must ring fence R8 million to provide trafor the delivery of provincial teams to national spo The remaining school sport allocation must be allo 20 per cent to support the training of educators 	rt tournaments hosted by SRSA cated in the following proportions:
	 10 per cent to purchase equipment for disadva leagues 	schools identified through participation in leagues

SPORT AND RECREATION SOUTH AFRICA GRANT

	Mass Participation and Sport Development Grant
	 – 20 per cent to deliver district and provincial competitions
	- 10 per cent to support the implementation of sport focus schools
	- 15 per cent to remunerate circuit coordinators who coordinate and support the delivery of school
	sport programmes and monitor and evaluate at a local level
	 15 per cent to support school sport structures
	- 5 per cent for administration costs
	• provinces based on their provincial dynamics may apply to the Director-General to change the above sub-allocations
	Community sport and recreation
	Hubs:
	provinces must ring fence R3 million per province for Youth Camps
	• The remaining hubs allocation must be allocated in the following proportions:
	 35 per cent for sport and recreation promotion programmes
	 10 per cent to purchase equipment
	 20 per cent to purchase attire
	 5 per cent for Minister's outreach programmes
	- 20 per cent for training
	- 10 per cent for administration costs
	- provinces based on their provincial dynamics may apply to the Director-General to change the
	above sub-allocations
	Club development:The portion of the grant ring fenced for club development must be used in the following
	proportions:
	- 25 per cent for training in the following sport administration, coaching, technical officiating and
	team management
	 45 per cent for tournaments and league fixtures
	 15 per cent to purchase equipment
	 5 per cent to purchase attire
	 10 per cent for administration costs
	- provinces based on their provincial dynamics may apply to the Director-General to change the
	above sub-allocations
	District and provincial academies:3.5 per cent of the total conditional grant (allocated to the respective province) must be used for the
	establishment and development of academies in line with SRSA guidelines
	Transfers to sports councils and academies:
	• Provinces may transfer funds allocated for provincial sports councils and academies for purposes of
	implementation of work plans of such bodies
Allocation criteria	• Funds are distributed among provinces on the basis of a baseline allocation of R20 million, a needs
Decrement in compared a	analysis, and the provincial equitable share formula
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• A conditional grant is necessary to ensure national coordination, monitoring and facilitation
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	 Allocated and transferred R452 million to provinces
	 Of the total available of R466 million (including provincial roll-overs), R447.7 million (96 per cent)
	was spent
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• Number of people trained in sport and development: 7 836
	• Number of mass mobilisation campaigns held: 341
	• Number of people participating in the programme: 3 442 817 people participated in schools and
	community hubs and clubs
Projected life	Ongoing subject to review as agreed with National Treasury
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R498 million, 2014/15: R526 million and 2015/16: R550 million
Payment schedule	• Four instalments (30 April 2013, 30 August 2013, 29 November 2013 and 30 January 2014)
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer and receiving	• Submit the 2012/13 annual evaluation report to National Treasury by 30 July 2013
officer	• Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives for 2014/15
	by 13 September 2013
	Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans Monitor implementation and provide support
	 Monitor implementation and provide support Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days of the end of each quarter
	 Subilit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days of the end of each quarter Ensure that all the conditional grant practice notes issued by National Treasury are adhered to
	- Ensure that an the conditional grant practice noises issued by National Treasury are adhered to

	Mass Participation and Sport Development Grant
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Submit the 2012/13 annual evaluation report to SRSA by 31 May 2013
	• Submit monthly reports as per the requirements contained in the DORA
	• Submit quarterly performance reports (as per operational plans) to SRSA within 30 days of the end
	of each quarter
	 Monitor progress of the grant implementation
	• Ensure that provincial grant managers attend all the national conditional grant meetings
	• Ensure that capacity exists to manage the grant and that there is a grant manager responsible for the
	grant
	Ensure organisational capacity to deliver on the programme
Process for approval of	Provinces to provide draft business plans to SRSA by 8 November 2013
the 2014/15 business plans	SRSA evaluates draft business plans by 2 December 2013
-	Comments sent to provinces by 10 December 2013
	• Provinces to submit revised business plans to SRSA by 15 January 2014
	• SRSA to approve revised business plans by 13 February 2014
	• Heads of departments (HoDs) to submit signed business plans to SRSA by 14 March 2014
	• SRSA to sign project implementation agreements and business plans with Provincial HoDs by 4 April 2014
	SRSA to submit approved business plans to National Treasury by 11 April 2014

TRANSPORT GRANTS

Transferring department	Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant Transport (Vote 37)
Strategic goal	 To ensure efficient investment in provincial roads to implement the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework of South Africa (RISFSA) in line with the S'hamba Sonke Road Programme and other related road infrastructure asset management programmes
Grant purpose	 To supplement provincial investments for preventative, routine, emergency maintenance and road rehabilitation of provincial road networks; ensure all roads are classified as per RISFSA and the Road Classification and Access Management (RCAM) guidelines by end of 2013/14; and implement and maintain road asset management systems To supplement provincial projects for the repairs to roads and bridges damaged by the natural disaster; declared in Government Gazette 33949 and as assessed by the National Disaster Management Centre To improve the state of the coal haulage network
Outcome statements	 Provincial Road Asset Management System is utilised as the primary source for the planning (prioritisation and selection) of all road infrastructure projects submitted for Provincial Road Maintenance Grant (PRMG) funding; excluding the disaster response and coal haulage roads Improve the condition and lifespan of the assets (provincial roads), thereby reducing the vehicle operating costs on provincial road networks as well as time in transit Improved rates of employment and skills development through the delivery of road infrastructure projects
Outputs	 Road classification processes 100 per cent completed and geographical information systems (GIS) are updated (spatial maps and records) for all roads in South Africa by all provinces by the end of 2013/14 Extent of network serviced by Routine Road Maintenance Teams Number of lane-kilometres of surfaced roads rehabilitated Number of lane-kilometres of surfaced roads resealed Number of kilometres of gravel roads re-gravelled Number of kilometres of surfaced roads assessed (Visual Condition Index (VCI's) completed as per Technical Methods for Highways (TMH) 12) Number of kilometres of gravel roads assessed (VCI's completed as per TMH 9) Number of weighbridges maintained and calibrated to South African Bureau Standards (SABS) Number of youths (aged 18 – 35) employed Number of full time equivalents (FTEs) jobs created Number of graduates provided with experiential internships Number of graduates provided with experiential internships Number of graduates provided with experiential training and assisted to register with Engineering Council of South Africa (ECSA) Number of emerging contractor development opportunities created Rehabilitation and repair of roads and bridges damaged by floods
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Rehabilitation of coal haulage roads Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
Details contained in the business plan	 This grant uses a Road Asset Management Plan, which contains the following details: level of service network condition and traffic volumes project lists for 2014/15 to 2016/17 with a summary of targets as per Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for preventative, routine, emergency maintenance and road rehabilitation works financial summary organisational and support plan job creation emerging contractor opportunities linkages to socioeconomic activities and opportunities
Conditions	 Provinces may use a maximum of R10 million from the PRMG, subject to approval from the national Department of Transport (DoT), for: the completion of road classification and updating of the GIS spatial maps and records for all roads in South Africa by end of 2013/14 VCIs and ensuring that Provincial Road Asset Management Systems are kept up to date The funding (up to a maximum of R10 million) may be used for the appointment of mainly public servants to their infrastructure units and technical consultants for limited purposes to provide support to their infrastructure units. These appointments, including the formal

	Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant
	qualifications and relevant work experience of the public servants/technical consultants must be
	relevant to the full functioning of an infrastructure unit, with regards, the maintenance of provincial Road Asset Management Systems. This funding is allocated as part of a capacity
	support and is available until the 2014/15 financial year
	• Provinces must report all infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by this grant on the Infrastructure Reporting Model provided by the National Treasury
	 Provinces must maintain up to date databases of all contracts that are fully or partially funded by
	this grant that is compliant with the Register of Projects and i-Tender system
	• Provinces must submit visual condition inspection data to the national data repository as per format determined by the Committee of Transport Officials (COTO), Road Asset Management System (RAMS) Technical Sub-Committee and prescribed by the national DoT
	 For RISFSA Class R1, R2 and R3 data collection requirements are: visual condition data not older than two years for pavements and five years for bridges
	 instrumental pavement data for roughness, rut depth and macro texture not older than two years instrumental pavement data for structural strength not older than five years
	 Instantentar pavement data for structural strength not order than rive years traffic data not older than three years For RISFSA Class R4 and R5 data requirements are:
	 visual condition data not older than three years for pavements and five years for bridges instrumental pavement data for roughness, rut depth and macro texture not older than four years on paved roads traffic data not older than five years
	 Up to a maximum of R1000 per km per year for paved roads and R500 per km per year for gravel roads of the grant may be allocated towards the road classification and collection of data required by this grant. Provinces that lack the capacity to collect data must approach the DoT for assistance
	• The above condition data must be utilised according to applicable national COTO standards – Technical Recommendations for Highways/Technical Methods for Highways (TRH/TMH) – to identify and prioritise the maintenance requirements within the relevant budget limit, to improve condition of the roads and extend the lifespan of road infrastructure
	• A draft detailed Road Asset Management Plan (RAMP) for 2014/15 that is compliant with the requirements of the Government Immovable Assets Management Act (2007) and based on the COTO Road Asset Management Guidelines must be submitted by 29 August 2013 to DoT, relevant provincial treasury and National Treasury
	• Provincial departments must submit quarterly infrastructure reports to the DoT and the relevant provincial treasury that comply with the Infrastructure Reporting Model and S'hamba Sonke translater
	 templates Where applicable provincial departments must implement their projects in line with the S'hamba Sonke and Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) guidelines
	 Provincial departments should report on the EPWP work opportunities to the DoT and national Department of Public Works on the EPWP reporting system
	• The payment of the first installment is dependent upon submission to DoT and the relevant provincial treasury of the following:
	 receipt by DoT of all outstanding RAMS data, signed-off 2012/13 fourth quarter performance report, monthly Infrastructure Reporting Model (IRM) and signed-off budget sheet by the 15 April 2013
	 planning IRM for 2013 MTEF, final RAMP and signed-off project list for the 2013 MTEF in a Table B5 format by the 19 April 2013
	• The payment of the second installment of this grant is dependent on the first quarter performance report of 2013/14, updated monthly IRM and signed-off budget sheet by 15 July 2013
	• The third installment is dependent on receipt by DoT of the second quarter performance report of 2013/14, updated Infrastructure Reporting Model (IRM) and signed-off budget sheet for 2013/14 by the 15 October 2013
	 The fourth installment is dependent on receipt of the third quarter performance report of 2013/14, updated monthly IRM and signed-off budget sheet by reporting for 2013/14 by the 15 January 2014
Allocation criteria	• Allocation criteria is based on the PRMG formula, which takes into account the extent of the provincial road network, the traffic volumes, the visual condition indices on the network and geo-
	 climatic and topographic factors The funding for the coal haulage road network to Gauteng and Mpumalanga is subject to separate allocation criteria based on the programme schedule
	 The funding for rehabilitation and repair of roads and bridges that were assessed by the National Disaster Management Centre is subject to separate allocation criteria
	• From 2015/16 the grant will become performance based. The likely indicators are going to be vehicle operating costs and remaining asset lifespan. The DoT will finalise the indicators and performance component on the allocation in 2013/14
Reasons not incorporated in	• This grant is intended to ensure that provinces give priority to road infrastructure maintenance
equitable share	and promote efficiency in road investment

	Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	Allocated and transferred R6 457 million to provinces
	R5 522 million (86 per cent) was spent by provinces
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• 3.9 million m ² of re-sealing of paved roads
	• 2 700 km of re-gravelling
	• 593 942 m ² of black top patching of paved roads
	• 217 647 km of gravel roads bladed
	• 60 089 FTE jobs created
Projected life	The grant is ongoing, but will be subject to periodic review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R8 696 million, 2014/15: R9 126 million and 2015/16: R9 774 million, which includes
	earmarked funding for:
	 disaster response: 2013/14: R367.8 million and 2014/15: R366.9 million
	 coal haulage: 2013/14: R808.9 million, 2014/15: R803 million and 2015/16: R839.9 million
Payment schedule	Payment will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	• Assess and evaluate all provinces' road asset management plans and ensure these are used to plan
and receiving officer	and prioritize maintenance work according to RISFSA
	• The DoT in partnership with the national Department of Public Works will assess business plans
	to ensure compliance to the S'hamba Sonke and EPWP guidelines. In addition, the two
	departments will monitor and assess the performance on the S'hamba Sonke and EPWP by
	provincial departments
	• Provide support to provinces to enable them to report on asset management system data that is
	compatible with the national system
	• Updating the TMH, TRH and COTO technical specifications, manuals and guidelines for road
	construction and maintenance
	Monitor expenditure and performance in accordance with road asset management systems
	• Verify that primary data sources are updated
	• Approve the submissions from provinces regarding the use of the maximum of R10 million for RISFA Classification, RAMS and capacity building of their infrastructure units
	 Evaluate RAMPs and give feedback to provincial departments
	 Submit a consolidated monthly provincial infrastructure report to National Treasury within 30
	days after the end of the each month
	Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury and National Council of Provinces
	within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	• Ensure projects are selected using RAMS as the primary source
	• Ensure ongoing stakeholder communication and engagement, with regard to planning and
	implementation of road projects
	• Ensure that the approved PRMG funded projects are gazetted in a Government Gazette with 28
	days after the DORA of 2014 is enacted. The national Department of Transport's consent is
	needed on the project list before it is gazetted
	• Design and implement projects in compliance with the S'hamba Sonke and EPWP guidelines
	• Update monthly expenditure reporting in terms of Section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance
	Management Act and through the IRM
	Report on the EPWP work opportunities created by the projects
	• Submit quarterly performance reports within 30 days after the end of each quarter to DoT, the
	 relevant provincial treasury and National Treasury Provinces submit a business plan in the prescribed Road Asset Management Plan format, with
Process for approval of the	• Provinces submit a business plan in the prescribed Road Asset Management Plan format, with
2014/15 Road Asset	projects selected using RAMS as the primary source, by 30 August 2013
2014/15 Road Asset Management Plan	projects selected using RAMS as the primary source, by 30 August 2013Road Asset Management Plans and project lists are assessed and reviewed by DoT, Department
	 projects selected using RAMS as the primary source, by 30 August 2013 Road Asset Management Plans and project lists are assessed and reviewed by DoT, Department of Public Works and National Treasury and feedback is provided within 30 days
	projects selected using RAMS as the primary source, by 30 August 2013Road Asset Management Plans and project lists are assessed and reviewed by DoT, Department

	Public Transport Operations Grant	
Transferring department	Transport (Vote 37)	
Strategic goal	Subsidisation of road based public transport services	
Grant purpose	To provide supplementary funding towards public transport services provided by provincial departments of transport	
Outcome statements	• The provision of public transport services in terms of contracts which are kilometre based and affordable to the users of the services	
Outputs	• Subsidy per trip operated	
	• Subsidy per kilometre operated	
	• Subsidy per passenger	
	 Subsidy per vehicle Number of vehicles subsidised 	
	 Number of venicles subsidised Number of cumulative annual vehicles subsidised 	
	 Number of cumulative annual venicles subsidised Number of scheduled trips 	
	 Number of scheduled https Number of trips operated 	
	 Passengers per kilometre operated 	
	 Passengers per trip operated 	
	• Employees per vehicle	
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network	
government that this grant		
primarily contributes to	• Not amplicable	
Details contained in the business plan	Not applicable	
Conditions	• The conditional grant is a national contribution to subsidised service contracts entered into by the	
	provincial departments of transport and public transport operators for the provision of affordable subsidised services	
	• Supervision, monitoring and or verification must be done to certify the correctness of the	
	operators' claim in terms of kilometres of services provided and reported to Department of	
	Transport (DoT) monthly	
	• If the contracting function is devolved to any municipality before the 2013/14 adjustment budget,	
	the appropriate portion of the grant will also be devolved to the municipality. The devolution	
	must include all services in that city at once. To have the money devolved in the adjusted budget	
	the municipality will have to have received the function by 2 September 2013. Should the function be devolved later than that, the funds will only be shifted in 2014/15. The municipality,	
	province and operators will have to make transitional arrangements to ensure payments to	
	operators. Should contracts be devolved during 2013/14, a Service Level Agreement (SLA)	
	between the province and the municipality must be signed and funds must flow in line with	
	Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) requirements. Provinces must take all reasonable measures to	
	assist the transition within a framework to be prescribed by the DoT and National Treasury	
	• All new contracts concluded must be done as per relevant legislation and in compliance with the Public Transport Strategy	
	• Designs and operators' business plans detailing subsidised services will have to be approved by	
	the Public Transport Integration Committee comprising of the three spheres of government to	
	ensure alignment with Integrated Public Transport Network (IPTNs) plans. Where an Intermodal Planning Committee is established at municipal level, in terms of the National Land Transport	
	Act, the functions of the two committees must be consolidated to ensure integration of planning,	
	services and modes	
Allocation criteria	• The 2013/14 to 2015/16 allocations are based on 2009 DoRA allocation baseline plus a	
	percentage of additional budget per year as determined by National Treasury.	
	Provinces/contracting authorities should determine individual operator's budget and ensure that	
	the operation stays within the allocation	
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	Subsidies are earmarked for the provision of public transport services	
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes	
-	Allocated and transferred R4 153 million to provinces	
	• R4 148 million (99.9 per cent) was spent	
	2011/12 service delivery performance	
	• Summary of monthly averages for key outputs and performance for subsidised services 2011/12:	
	 number of vehicles subsidised: 6 548 	
	 total number of cumulative annual vehicles subsidised: 78 576 	
	- number of routes subsidised: 103 704	
	– number of vehicle kilometres subsidised: 262.5 million	

	Public Transport Operations Grant	
	- subsidy/vehicle:	R52 792.13
	 subsidy/passenger: 	R11.85
	 subsidy/kilometre operated: 	R15.80
	 kilometres operated/vehicle: 	3 341.4
	 passengers/vehicle: 	4 455.4
	 passengers/trip operated: 	50.8
	 passenger revenue/kilometre: 	R11.78
	 passenger revenue/trip operated: 	R449.21
	 staff/vehicle: 	2.1
	 number of subsidised passengers: 	350.1 million
	 number of unsubsidised passengers: 	44.9 million
	 number of trips subsidised: 	6.9 million
Projected life	• Subject to the devolution of funds to local gover	nment as part of the operationalisation of the
	National Land Transport Act (NLTA)	· ·
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R4 553 million, 2014/15: R4 783 million,	, and 2015/16: R5 003 million
Payment schedule	Twelve monthly instalments according to payment	schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department	
transferring national officer	• Improve efficiencies of public transport spending	
and receiving officer	Maintain national database with key performance	indicators of public transport services as per
	data received from contracting authorities	
	Develop and coordinate the necessary contracting	g documents to be used in subsidising public
	transport services	
	 Provide the guidelines and criteria for the devel subsidised 	opment of business plans for services to be
	 Develop norms and standards for the creation of th 	e IPTNs with all spheres of government
	 Advise contracting authorities regarding the design of contracted services 	
Responsibilities of the provincial department		
	Any contractual agreement entered into by a prov	incial department in relation to this grant will
	be the responsibility of the provincial department	1 0
	• Utilise supervision, monitoring and or verification to certify the correctness of the operator's	
	subsidy claims in terms of kilometre of services provided and report to DoT monthly	
	• Ensure that contracted operators' certified claims date of receipt	are paid within thirty calendar days from the
	• Submit monthly performance reports to DoT withi	
	operation and quarterly performance reports within the reporting format developed by DoT	n 30 days after the end of each quarter using
	• Ensure alignment of IPTNs with national poli	cy, legislation and other guidelines and/or
	standards	s of developing the contracting function of set
	Provinces must assist municipalities in the proces out in the NLTA	s of devolving the contracting function as set
Process for approval of the 2014/15 business plans	Not applicable	

ANNEXURE W3:

FRAMEWORKS FOR CONDITIONAL GRANTS TO MUNICIPALITIES

Annexure W3: Frameworks for Conditional Grants to Municipalities

Detailed frameworks on Schedules 4B, 5B, 6B and 7B grants to municipalities

Introduction

This annexure provides a brief description for each grant in Schedules 4B, 5B, 6B and 7B of the 2013 Division of Revenue Bill. The following are key areas considered for each grant:

- Strategic goal and purpose of the grant
- Outcome statements and outputs of the grant
- Priority outcome(s) of government that the grant primarily contributes to
- Conditions of the grant (additional to what is required in the Bill)
- Criteria for allocation between municipalities
- Rationale for funding through a conditional grant
- Past performance
- The projected life of the grant
- 2013 MTEF allocations
- The payment schedule
- Responsibilities of transferring national department and receiving municipalities
- Process for approval of business plans for 2014/15

The attached frameworks are not part of the Division of Revenue Bill, but are published in order to provide more information on each grant to parliament, legislatures, municipal councils, officials in all three spheres of government and the public. Once the 2013 Division of Revenue Bill is enacted, these frameworks will be gazetted in terms of the Act.

The financial statements and annual reports for 2013/14 will report against the Division of Revenue Act, Division of Revenue Amendment Act and their schedules, and the grant frameworks as gazetted in terms of the Act. Such reports must cover both financial and non-financial performance, focusing on the outputs achieved.

	Municipal Disaster Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)
Strategic goal	To enable a timely response to immediate needs after a disaster has occurred
Grant purpose	To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response
Outcome statements	Immediate consequences of disasters are mitigated
Outputs	Victims of disasters supplied with immediate relief
	The impact of disasters mitigated
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
government that this grant	
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the business plan	• This grant uses the template/framework developed by the National Disaster Management Centre
business plan	(NDMC) which must include a detailed disaster report highlighting:
	 number of people affected items to be purchased or that have already been purchased by municipalities with relevant proof
	 items to be purchased or that have already been purchased by municipalities with relevant proof support received from Non-Government Organisations (NGOs) and local businesses
	 – support received from Non-Government Organisations (NGOS) and local businesses – contribution by the municipality (both financially and in-kind)
	 – funds required for disaster response
	 plan on how the funds will be spent
Conditions	A copy of the classification letter and declaration of disaster in terms of the Disaster Management Act
Conditions	must be submitted to the NDMC
	• Funds from this grant must be used to repair infrastructure that supports the provision of basic services
	and environmental health services for six months after the disaster
	• Provide temporary shelter in the event that the Department of Human Settlements is unable to make
	provision for immediate housing, with evidence that they are unable to make such provisions
	• Provide humanitarian relief, in the event that the Department of Social Development is unable to make
	provision, with evidence that they are unable to make such provisions
	• Municipalities must fund a portion of the costs of the disaster response from their own budget or prove
Alle setion suiterie	that they are not able to do so
Allocation criteria	• The grant is allocated based on declared municipal disasters and assessment reports of immediate needs
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	This grant caters for response to unforeseen disasters
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	• R470 million was allocated to the Department of Cooperative Governance during the 2011/12 financial
	year and R32.1 million was transferred to Mpumalanga municipalities
	2011/12 municipal pre-audit outcome
	• R470 million was allocated, with R32.1 million (6 per cent) transferred to municipalities, of which R19.8
	million (62 per cent) was spent by the end of the municipal financial year
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• The impact of a disaster were mitigated as follows:
	 Mbombela Local Municipality: repairs to Kanyamazane water pump, emergency provision of water and antistical infractaneous (repairs to KCP) deals and provision of tailet).
	 and sanitation infrastructure (repairs to KSB drain and pipe and provision of toilets) Nkomazi Local Municipality: repairs to Langeloop, Sibande, Tunda and Masibekela water pump
	stations, emergency provision of sanitation infrastructure
	 Umjindi Local Municipality: repairs to two access bridges, emergency provision of sanitation
	infrastructure
	- Bushbuckridge Local Municipality: repairs to Mkhuhlu, Tintswalo, Dwaarsloop, Marite, Shatale
	and Agincot water pumps, Mkhuhlu sewerage works, repairs to 21 footbridges , emergency
	provision of sanitation infrastructure
	A total number of 245 households directly benefited from this grant
Projected life	This grant is expected to continue over the medium term and will be subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R346.5 million, 2014/15: R363.6 million and 2015/16: R376.4 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury

Municipal Disaster Grant	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of National Disaster Management Centre
transferring national	• Advise municipalities about the existence of the grant and how grant funding can be applied for
officer and receiving officer	Develop a guideline on the items that will qualify for funding through this grant
	Establish procedures for funding items already purchased by municipalities
	• Together with the affected municipalities and provinces, conduct preliminary assessments of disaster
	impacts to verify the applications for funding as per the requirements of the Disaster Management Act
	• Seek approval from National Treasury for disbursement of funds to municipalities and provide written
	advice on the timing of disbursements to municipalities and transfer these funds to municipalities within
	five days of drawing the funds from the National Revenue Fund
	• Notify the relevant municipality of a transfer at least one day before transfer and transfer the funds no
	later than five days after notification
	• Notify the relevant Provincial Disaster Management Centre (PDMC) of a transfer and reason for transfer
	within one day of the transfer of funds to municipalities
	• Build relationships and establish the necessary communication channels with relevant national
	departments to ensure the country has a coordinated disaster response approach
	• Provide a performance report to National Treasury within 45 days of the end of the quarter in which
	funds are spent
	• Provide National Treasury and the relevant Provincial Treasury with written notification of the transfer
	within 14 days of a transfer of this grant
	Responsibilities of Provincial Disaster Management Centres
	• Advise municipalities about the existence of the grant and how grant funding can be applied for
	• Together with the affected municipalities, conduct preliminary assessments of disaster impacts to verify
	the applications for funding as per the requirements of the Disaster Management Act
	• Assist municipalities with requests for disaster funding and monitor projects and provide reports to the
	NDMC
	• Provide a performance report to the NDMC within 30 days of the end of the quarter in which funds are
	spent Responsibilities of municipalities
	 Provide a performance report to the NDMC and relevant PDMC within 30 days of the end of the quarter
	in which funds are spent
	 Initiate requests for disaster funding and monitor projects and provide report to the NDMC
	 Municipalities must follow emergency procurement processes when expending the grant fund
Process for approval of	Not applicable
2014 MTEF allocations	

	Municipal Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)
Strategic goal	• Subsidise the capital costs of providing basic services to poor households
	 Priority must be given to meeting the basic infrastructure needs of poor households through the provision of appropriate municipal bulk, connector and internal infrastructure for key services
Grant purpose	 To provide specific capital finance for basic municipal infrastructure backlogs for poor households,
• •	micro enterprises and social institutions servicing poor communities
Outcome statements	Improved access to basic services infrastructure for poor communities
Outputs	Number of additional poor households receiving basic water and sanitation services
	Number of additional kilometres of municipal roads developed
	 Number of additional poor households serviced by solid waste disposal sites and transfer stations Number of additional poor households serviced by sport and recreation facilities
	 Number of additional poor households serviced by sport and recreation radiaties Number of additional poor households serviced by street/community lighting
	 Number of additional poor households serviced by public facilities
	• Number of work opportunities created using Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) guidelines for
	above outputs
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	• This grant uses the Municipal Infrastructure Grant-Management Information System (MIG-MIS)
business plan	registration requirements
Conditions	• Receiving officers must ensure appropriate programme and project planning and implementation
	readiness prior to the year of implementation and must be informed by the Integrated Development Plan
	 (IDP) (Chapter 5 of the Municipal Systems Act, 2000) and a three year capital plan Prioritise basic residential infrastructure for water, sanitation, roads, refuse removal, streets lighting,
	 Prioritise basic residential infrastructure for water, sanitation, roads, refuse removal, streets lighting, connector and internal bulk infrastructure, and other municipal infrastructure like sport and recreation
	and community facilities in line with the Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) 2004 policy framework
	and/or other government sector policies
	• Funds can be used for new or upgrading of municipal bulk and connector infrastructure as a result of the
	formalisation of settlements subject to compliance with sector policies and on condition that
	 pre-2001 backlogs have been addressed Municipalities must use labour-intensive construction methods in terms of EPWP guidelines
	 Municipalities must comply with sector norms, standards and legislation as confirmed by sectors
	through the project registration process
	• A municipality receiving MIG must table a three year capital budget as part of its budget for the 2013/14
	financial year in accordance with the MFMA, unless exempted in terms of that Act
	 A maximum of five per cent of a municipality's MIG allocation may be used for project management costs directly related to infrastructure projects
	 At least 95 per cent of a municipality's MIG allocation must be appropriated on the municipality's
	capital budget
	• The P-component of the MIG formula (described in part 5 of Annexure W1 to the Division of Revenue
	Bill) amounts to 15 per cent of the MIG and must be used for municipal sport facilities only
Allocation criteria	 Part 5 of Annexure W1 spells out the MIG formula in detail, showing how, the formula incorporates backlog and poverty data
	• The MIG must be transferred directly to a category B or C municipality that has the powers and
	functions referred to in section 84 of the Municipal Structures Act, to enable the municipality to provide
	municipal infrastructure
	• The MIG allocation for a category B municipality may be transferred to the category C municipality
	within whose jurisdiction the municipality is situated, if in the assessment of the transferring national officer in consultation with the National Treasury, the municipality does not:
	 have sufficient expenditure capacity to effectively carry out the infrastructure programmes
	- adhere to good financial governance practices
Reason not incorporated in	• This is a specific purpose grant with conditions, objectives and distribution criteria different from that of
equitable share	the equitable share
Past performance	 2011/12 audited financial outcome The MIG programme was allocated R11 400 million in the 2011/12 financial year. An amount of
	R11 400 million was transferred to municipalities and R9 200 million (81 per cent) was reported as spent
	by the end of municipal financial year
	2011/12 municipal pre-audit outcome
	R11 400 million was allocated and transferred to municipalities, of which R9 400 million (84 per cent of allocated and transferred amount) uses seent by the and of the municipal financial user.
	allocated and transferred amount) was spent by the end of the municipal financial year 2011/12 service delivery performance
	 Households benefiting from new connections in the 2011/12 financial year:
	- water: 98 394
	- sanitation: 217 349
	- street/community lighting: 4 430
	Number of additional kilometres of municipal roads developed: 1 841
	 Number of additional sport and recreation facilities servicing poor communities developed: 23 P5 100 million sport on EPW/P projects
	 R5 100 million spent on EPWP projects Number of work opportunities created using EPWP guidelines for above outputs: 125 926 work
	• Number of work opportunities created using Er wr guidennes for above outputs. 123 920 work opportunities

	Municipal Infrastructure Grant
Projected life	The programme will continue up to 2015/16 subject to review
MTEF allocations	2013/14: R14 352.1 million, 2014/15: R14 683.8 million, and 2015/16: R15 448.1 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of national departments
transferring national	• Department of Cooperative Governance (DCoG) administers the MIG and co-ordinates its activities
officer, national	with all stakeholders through appropriate structures:
departments, provincial	 DCoG must monitor expenditure and non-financial performance DCoG coordinates monitoring systems and the overall programme implementation
departments and receiving officer	Department of Water Affairs:
onicer	 support and monitor municipalities to prepare and implement Water Services Development Plans (WSDPs)
	 monitor and oversee progress on water and sanitation projects implemented through the MIG synchronise between the MIG programme, Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant and the Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant
	Department of Human Settlements:
	 support and monitor municipalities to prepare and implement rural sanitation component of the WSDPs
	 monitor and oversee progress on rural sanitation projects implemented through the MIG coordinate policy and planning of housing development and the provision of infrastructure through
	 the MIG programme, between the MIG programme and the housing programme Department of Public Works: monitor compliance with the EPWP guidelines and advise municipalities are below in the programme and the progra
	on labour intensive processes, systems, techniques and approaches; support municipalities with planning for public facilities; and monitor compliance to norms and standards applicable to this sector
	 Department of Environmental Affairs: support municipalities with planning for solid waste management and monitor their performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this sector Department of Energy: support municipalities with planning for public lighting and monitor their
	 Department of Energy: support multiplantes with planning for public lighting and monitor then performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this sector Sport and Recreation South Africa (SRSA): support municipalities with planning for municipal sport and
	recreation facilities and monitor their performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this sector
	• Department of Transport: support municipalities with planning for municipal roads and monitor the performance of municipalities in the provision of municipal roads
	Each national sector department will be expected to fulfil a monitoring role on the relevant sector outputs in collaboration with provinces and districts municipalities
	 Responsibilities of provincial departments Coordinate municipal reports and submit to national government
	 Coordinate district appraisal and progress meetings
	Provide and coordinate support and technical capacity to municipalities
	• Monitor project implementation in collaboration with sectors and submit site visit reports to DCoG
	Monitor compliance with provincial legislation and alignment to Provincial Growth and Development Strategies through project registration
	 Monitor performance of municipal Project Management Units and recommend relevant sanctions for under performance to DCoG
	 Final sign-off on registered projects on the MIG-MIS
	 Each provincial sector department will be expected to fulfil a sectoral monitoring role on relevant
	sectoral outputs
	 Responsibilities of municipalities Municipalities must ensure appropriate programme and project planning and implementation readiness
	• Municipanties must ensure appropriate programme and project planning and implementation readiness prior to the year of implementation and must be informed by the IDP, three year capital plan
	 Municipalities must monitor each project and ensure that the MIG funds are spent for the intended purpose as registered under the MIG
	• The municipality must report monthly (financial performance) and quarterly (non-financial performance) in the prescribed formats, signed by the municipal manager or the delegated official to national government via the provinces
Process for approval of	 Municipalities must submit all technical reports to the sector departments responsible for water services,
Process for approval of 2014 MTEF allocations	sanitation services, sport and recreation, roads and transport for all projects by 31 May 2013, to be implemented in 2014/15
	• The responsible sector department must evaluate reports and provide final recommendations to the municipality by 31 July 2013
	• The municipality must submit all the project registration forms by 1 August 2013, for the projects to be
	 implemented in 2014/15 to the provincial department responsible for local government The provincial departments must provide final recommendations to municipalities by 30 September 2013
	 2013 Municipalities must submit to the national department by 31 October 2013, detailed project
	 implementation plans for all the projects to be implemented in the 2014/15 and 2015/16 financial years Such plans should include timelines regarding project designs, initiation of procurement, and Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and/or relevant permit/license approvals in the prescribed
	format

	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (Vote 3)
Strategic goal	• An efficient and developmental sphere of government capable of delivering services to local communities
Grant purpose	• To assist municipalities to perform their functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems as required in the Municipal Systems Act (MSA) and related legislation
Outcome statements	A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Outputs	 Number of municipalities with information systems that support effective service delivery Number of municipalities with strengthened administrative systems enabling effective implementation of the ward participation system Number of municipalities developing by-laws, policies and systems that support local government legislation
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicatorsKey activities
	• Inputs
Conditions	• Municipalities must submit a signed activity plan in the prescribed format with detailed budgets and timeframes for the implementation of prioritised measurable outputs
Allocation criteria	• The grant is starting on a new base allocation and allocations are equally made to selected municipalities
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	The grant is conditional and aimed at building the capacity of municipalities to implement sound institutional and governance systems required in terms of local government Municipal Systems Act
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	• Allocated R220 million and R124 million (57 per cent) was spent by the end of the municipal financial
	year
	2011/12 municipal pre-audit outcome
	• R220 million was allocated and R219 million was transferred to municipalities, of which R219 million (100 per cent of transferred amount) was spent by the end of the municipal financial year
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• 148 municipalities were supported to implement various aspects of the municipal turnaround strategy
	• 124 municipalities were supported to strengthen systems for effective public participation
	• 139 municipalities were supported to implement or review by-laws and policies that support local
	governance
Projected life	The grant continues over the MTEF period subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R240.3 million, 2014/15: R252.2 million and 2015/16: R261.1 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of national department
transferring national officer	• Monitoring of expenditure on the grant and analysis of monthly expenditure reports from
and receiving officer	municipalities and where necessary engaging relevant provinces and/or municipalities
	Submit quarterly and annual performance reports to National Treasury
	Responsibilities of municipalities Comply with the duties of the receiving officer
Due and fair annual of	
Process for approval of 2014/15 business plans	• The department's business planning process is as follows:
2014/15 business plans	 activity plan format guidelines, criteria and outputs sent to municipalities by 30 September 2013 submission of business/activity plans by municipalities by 29 November 2013

ENERGY GRANTS

	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant
Transferring department	Energy (Vote 29)
Strategic goal	To reduce electricity consumption by promoting energy efficient practices
Grant purpose	To provide subsidies to municipalities to implement Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management
	(EEDSM) initiatives within municipal infrastructure in order to reduce electricity consumption and
	improve energy efficiency
Outcomes statements	Reduced demand for electricity
	Increased awareness of energy saving
	Skills development in energy efficiency
	Energy management capability enhanced
Outputs	Amount of electricity saved in MWh
	Number of energy efficient street lights retrofitted
	Number of energy efficient traffic lights retrofitted
Details contained in the	Number of buildings retrofitted
Details contained in the business plans	Outcome indicators
business plans	Output indicators Key activities
	• Key activities
Priority outcome(s) of	 Inputs Outcome 10: Environmental assets and natural resources that are well protected and continually enhanced
government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Outcome 10. Environmental assets and natural resources that are wen protected and continuary emianced
Conditions	Funds can only be used to implement electricity savings projects in municipal infrastructure
	• The focus for implementation of energy efficiency interventions shall be limited to buildings, streetlights,
	traffic lights, and waste water treatment and pumping plants
	• The municipality shall appoint the Measurement and Verification (M and V) protocol to determine the
	baseline and the savings achieved post implementation in line with standards set by the South African Bureau of Standards (SABS)
	 A maximum of five per cent of the grant may be used by municipalities towards the M and V costs for projects implemented
	Municipalities must respond to the Request For Proposal (RFP) issued by the Department of Energy (DoE)
	in the format provided
	Municipalities must sign a contractual agreement with the DoE
Allocation criteria	Because of limited budget the following criteria shall be used for selection of municipalities:
	- municipalities that have responded to the RFP as issued by the DoE and have shown a higher
	electricity savings potential in their proposal
	 municipalities that have shown readiness to implement past performance if previously participated in the programme
	 past performance in previously participated in the programme performance of other electrification programmes funded by the DoE
	 capacity to provide electricity reticulation
Reason not incorporated in	This is a specific conditional transfer in support of the EEDSM programme
equitable share	This is a specific conditional datisfer in support of the EEDOW programme
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
•	An amount of R280 million was allocated and was transferred in full to municipalities
	• An amount of R205.5 million (73 per cent of total allocation) in 2011/12 financial year was spent by
	municipalities
	2011/12 municipal pre-audit outcome
	• R280 million was allocated and transferred, of which R254.7 million (91 per cent) was spent by the end of
	the municipal financial year
	2011/12 service delivery performance
Decision of life	• A total electricity saving of 39.2GWh was achieved against a baseline of 84.6GWh
Projected life	• The grant will continue until 2015/16, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R180.7 million, 2014/15: R155.4 million and 2015/16: R202 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made according to a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the transferring national officer	 Responsibilities of the national department Monitoring and evaluation of the EEDSM programme
and receiving officer	 Monitoring and evaluation of the EEDSM programme Provide municipalities with guidance on best practices and pricing for EEDSM projects
and receiving onicer	 Provide municipalities with guidance on best practices and pricing for EEDSM projects Communicate to municipalities the process and requirements for obtaining EEDSM grant funds in 2014/15
	Communicate to municipalities in process and requirements for obtaining EEDSM grant funds in 2014/15 Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Submit the proposal as per the RFP issued by DoE
	 Submit the proposal as per the RFP issued by DoE Implement the EEDSM programme as per the framework and contractual agreement
	 Submit the proposal as per the RFP issued by DoE Implement the EEDSM programme as per the framework and contractual agreement Submit to the DoE the monthly and quarterly reports approved by the Municipal Manager
Process for approval of	 Submit the proposal as per the RFP issued by DoE Implement the EEDSM programme as per the framework and contractual agreement Submit to the DoE the monthly and quarterly reports approved by the Municipal Manager Appoint the M and V professional to develop baseline data and verify the electricity savings
Process for approval of 2014/15 business plan	 Submit the proposal as per the RFP issued by DoE Implement the EEDSM programme as per the framework and contractual agreement Submit to the DoE the monthly and quarterly reports approved by the Municipal Manager

	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant
Transferring department	• Energy (Vote 29)
Strategic goal	To reduce the backlogs of un-electrified households and funding of bulk infrastructure to ensure constant supply of electricity
Grant purpose	 To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme (INEP) by providing capital subsidies to Eskom to address the electrification backlog of occupied residential dwellings, the installation of bulk infrastructure and rehabilitation and refurbishment of electricity infrastructure in order to improve quality of supply
Outcome statements	 A reduction in household and clinic electrification backlogs Universal access to electricity and improvement in distribution infrastructure reliability
Outputs	The number of connections to households and clinics per annum
	• The number of bulk infrastructure installations
	• Implementation of labour intensive methods on electrification projects and the number of jobs created
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in business	Outcome indicators
plan	Output indicators
	Key activities
	• Inputs
Conditions	Plans need to have undergone pre-engineered project feasibility approval
	• Projects must be prioritised by municipalities in their Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) and supporting letters provided to demonstrate municipalities are in agreement with projects to be undertaken
	Eskom to comply with requirements to provide approved bulk project in their business plans
Allocation criteria	 Allocations to Eskom are made on behalf of municipalities based on applications from Eskom for non-licensed municipalities according to the following criteria: high backlogs rural bias
	 integration with other programmes such as Urban Renewal Programme, Integrated Sustainable Rural Development and other infrastructure programmes like Breaking New Ground (BNG), housing, etc ability to provide top-up or seed capital for project finance effective credit control policies
	- cost of project is contained and aligned with IDPs for a particular municipality
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	This is a specific conditional capital transfer for electrification of households and clinics
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	• R1 751 million was allocated, transferred R1 751 million to Eskom, of which R1 469 billion (84 per
	cent) was spend by the end of the 2011/12 financial year
	2011/12 service delivery performance
Drugia stadlife	106 061 connections were completed
Projected life	The grant will continue until 2015/16, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R2 141 million, 2014/15 R2 488 million, in 2015/16: R3 680 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	Agree with Eskom on outputs and targets Grating and target the second
and receiving officer	 Continuously monitor implementation Provide central coordination for bulk infrastructure
	Approve submissions for refurbishment of critical infrastructure Responsibilities of Eskom
	• Minimum size of supply of 1.2 KVA, ADMD, 20 Amp per household connection and applicable
	supply for clinic connections
	• Provide 20 Amp connections for households and applicable supply for clinic connections
	Report to Department of Energy and National Treasury on monthly expenditure for the grant
Process for approval of 2014	 Report to Department of Energy and National Treasury on monthly expenditure for the grant Ensure that all planned projects are in line with the municipal IDP and priority list Ensure that planned projects are feasible and went through the pre-engineering process

	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant
Transferring department	• Energy (Vote 29)
Strategic goal	• To reduce the backlogs of un-electrified households and funding of bulk infrastructure to ensure constant supply of electricity
Grant purpose	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme (INEP) by providing capital subsidies
	to municipalities to address the electrification backlog of occupied residential dwellings, and the
	installation of bulk infrastructure and rehabilitation and refurbishment of electricity infrastructure in
	order to improve quality of supply
Outcome statements	A reduction in household electrification backlogs
2	Universal access to electricity and improvement in distribution infrastructure reliability
Outputs	• The number of connections to households per annum
	 The number of bulk infrastructure installations Implementation of labour intensive methods on electrification projects and the number of jobs created
Priority outcome(s) of	 Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
government that this grant	 Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
primarily contributes to	Sutcome y. A responsive, accountable, creed ve and enreient rotal government system
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	Key activities
	• Inputs
Conditions	• Adhere to labour intensive construction methods in terms of the Expanded Public Works Programme
	 (EPWP) guidelines for activities such as trenching, planting of poles, etc Register master plans for bulk infrastructure with INEP and abide by the advice or guide of the
	• Register master plans for bulk infrastructure with INEP and ablue by the advice of guide of the Department of Energy (DoE) regarding the central planning and co-ordination for such bulk
	infrastructure
	• Use INEP funds for the refurbishment of critical infrastructure, only upon submission of a project plan
	which must be approved by DoE
	• Utilise own funding if subsidy is insufficient – top–up funding must be available
	Minimum size of supply of 1.2 KVA, ADMD, 20 Amp per household connection
Allocation criteria	Applications from licensed municipal distributors based on:
	- high backlogs
	 rural bias priority areas; 23 district municipalities
	 number of occupied households for connections projects
	- past performance
	- integration with other programmes such as Urban Renewal Programme, other infrastructure
	programmes like Breaking New Ground (BNG), housing, etc
	- the financial, technical and staff capabilities to distribute electricity and expand and maintain the
	 networks consultation with communities in terms of the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) process
	 ensuring that universal access objectives are fast tracked
	- new and upgrading of bulk infrastructure projects related to (i) future electrification and (ii) where
	distribution network reliability adversely impacts economic activity
	- infrastructure which is in a state of disrepair, is unsafe and which prohibits further connections
D (1)	- informal settlements where service delivery has been prioritised
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	• This is a specific conditional capital transfer for electrification of households and clinics
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcome
rust performunee	• R1 096 million was allocated and transferred to municipalities with (59 per cent) spent by the end of
	2011/12 financial year
	2011/12 municipal pre-audit outcome
	• R1 096 million was allocated and transferred to municipalities, of which R1 019 million (93 per cent)
	was spent by the end of the municipal financial year
	2011/12 service delivery performance
Projected life	 48 491 connections were achieved and 10 substations were completed Grant continues until 2015/16, subject to review
MTEF allocations	 Orant continues until 2015/16, subject to review 2013/14: R1 634.7 million, 2014/15: R1 564.7 million, and 2015/16: R2 056 million
Payment schedule	 Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	
transferring national	Responsibilities of national department
officer and receiving officer	 Agree with municipalities on outputs and targets Continuously monitor implementation and provide support to municipalities
	 Continuously monitor implementation and provide support to municipalities Verify reports from municipalities
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Ensure that projects are implemented in line with what is reflected in the IDP of the municipality
Duccoss for on	Report correctly on the management of this grant
Process for approval of 2014/15 business plans	• Application forms sent to municipalities and evaluation of all applications and business plan proposals from municipalities to be submitted by 29 August 2013
aor nito pusiticas pians	nom maneipanties to be submitted by 27 August 2015

HUMAN SETTLEMENTS GRANTS

	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 31)
Strategic goal	To reduce water and sanitation backlogs in rural households
Grant purpose	• To provide specific capital funding for the reduction of rural water and sanitation backlogs and to target existing households where bulk-dependent services are not viable
Outcome statements	Improved access to basic water and sanitation in rural areas
Outputs	Number of rural households provided with access to on-site sanitation
	Number of rural households provided with non-bulk-dependent water facilities
	Number of jobs created
	Number of households trained in on site technologies and maintenance of facilities
Drighty outcome(g) of	Number of households reached by health and hygiene awareness training
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant	 Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities and food security for all Outcome 8: Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life
primarily contributes to	 Outcome 8: Sustainable numan setuements and improved quarty of nousehold me Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	Key activities
	• Inputs
Conditions	• Municipalities must submit business plans approved by the Accounting Officer, in accordance with their
	Water Services Development Plans
	• Fund training for beneficiaries on health and hygiene practices and how to maintain the facilities
	provided
	• Target the provision of on-site sanitation and water facilities to rural households not intended for connector services
	 The design of sanitation facilities has to be consistent with South African National Standards norms and
	standards
	• The implementation of the programme must include training of communities on their responsibilities
	with regard to the outcomes of the programme and health and hygiene awareness training
Allocation criteria	• Allocations are based on the highest number of backlogs in each of the 23 priority district municipalities
	identified by government
Reason not incorporated in	This is a special purpose grant with specific objectives and distribution criteria
equitable share Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
T ast perior mance	 The indirect grant was allocated R258 million and expenditure was recorded at R77.8 million
	(31per cent)
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	Number of households served with sanitation facilities per province were:
	- Eastern Cape: 7 129
	- Free State: 936
	 KwaZulu-Natal: 5 920 Limpopo: 2 015
	- Mpumalanga: 372
	- Northern Cape: 320
	- North West: 2 533
	- Total: 19 225
Projected life	The grant will continue until 2015/16 and is subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R106.7 million, 2014/15: R113.1 million and 2015/16: R118.3 million
Payment schedule Responsibilities of the	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national	 To approve the business plans submitted by municipalities
officer and receiving officer	 Continuously monitor implementation and provide support to municipalities
6	Submit monthly financial reports and quarterly non-financial reports to National Treasury
	• Submit an annual evaluation report after the end of the financial year
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Municipalities are responsible for selection of the project areas that provide total coverage within
	available funds
	• Municipalities shall be responsible for maintenance of the installed infrastructure
	Submit monthly financial reports and quarterly non-financial reports
	• Municipalities to ansume afficient on 1 -fffine
	 Municipalities to ensure efficient and effective use of resources Municipalities will choose the appropriate technology to be implemented
	Municipalities will choose the appropriate technology to be implemented
	 Municipalities will choose the appropriate technology to be implemented Municipalities must ensure that groundwater protocols have been conducted to manage the potential of
Process for approval of	 Municipalities will choose the appropriate technology to be implemented Municipalities must ensure that groundwater protocols have been conducted to manage the potential of groundwater contamination from the on-site sanitation facilities
Process for approval of 2014/15 business plans	 Municipalities will choose the appropriate technology to be implemented Municipalities must ensure that groundwater protocols have been conducted to manage the potential of groundwater contamination from the on-site sanitation facilities

Turnefamine damastarant	Urban Settlements Development Grant
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 31)
Strategic goal	• To assist metropolitan municipalities to improve urban land production to the benefit of poor households, to improve spatial integration and densities by supplementing the budgets of metropolitan municipalities
Grant purpose	• Supplements the capital revenues of metropolitan municipalities in order to support the national human settlements development programme, focusing on poor households
Outcome statements	• The integrated sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life outcomes to be realised are:
	 reduction in the real average cost of urban land for integrated development
	 increase in the supply of well-located land for human settlements development
	 improve spatial densities by providing household access to public amenities and socio-economic services
	- household access to basic and reticulation services for poor communities and related infrastructure
	- incremental improvements in security of tenure
	 improved rates of household employment through skills development and transfer in the delivery of infrastructure
	 bridging the gap for infrastructure provisions within mixed income and mixed use development to support the leveraging of private and non-state sector grants and funding
	- improved spatial integration of poor and low income households for better access to socio-
	 economic opportunities improving the sustainable livelihoods of poor households within the municipal jurisdiction
Outputs	 Number of households in informal settlements provided with basic household and socio-economic
F	infrastructure, via:
	 in-situ upgrading or
	– relocation
	Number of additional households receiving support in the access of basic municipal services, including water and conjustion called water transport access and area lighting
	 water and sanitation, solid waste, transport access and area lighting The hectares of land identified, procured and proclaimed for informal settlements upgrading and/or
	mixed use development
	• Number of title deeds transferred to eligible households
	Number of work opportunities created through the overall capital programme of the municipality
	Number of households provided with access to public amenities and economic services within upgraded
	settlements
	Improved dwelling unit densities within an improved spatial integration framework
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	 Outcome 8: Sustainable human settlements and an improved quality of household life Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in business plan	• This grant uses the Urban Settlements Development Grant (USDG) performance matrix, that is consistent with the Integrated Development Plan (IDP), including the Human Settlements Chapter of the IDP, and the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plans (SDBIPs) of the receiving municipalities
Conditions	 The flow of the first instalment is subject to: the submission of the 2012/13 third quarter report, signed-off by the municipal Accounting Officer
	(AO)
	 the submission of the council approved Built Environment Performance Plan (BEPP) which must include the USDG performance matrix for 2013/14, that is aligned to the municipal IDP, SDBIP and municipal budget, by 15 May 2013
	 The flow of the second instalment will be conditional upon the:
	- submission of the 2012/13 fourth quarter report signed-off by the AO of the municipality
	- submission of the 2013/14 first quarter report signed-off by the AO of the municipality to the
	 transferring national officer and the National Treasury submission of the council approved SDBIP and IDP, the Outcome 8 delivery targets and the
	municipal human settlements development plan by 31 October 2013
	• Flow of the third instalment will be conditional upon submission and approval of signed-off second
Allocation criteria	 quarter report by the AO to the transferring national officer and the National Treasury The base allocation is derived from a Municipal Infrastructure Grant formula explained in part 5 of
instanton ti itti ia	• The base anocation is derived from a Municipal infrastructure Grant formula explained in part 5 of annexure W1 of the 2013 Division of Revenue Bill
	 The formula incorporates household backlogs in basic services and access to socio-economic services
	and poverty-weighted data
Reason not incorporated in	This is a supplementary capital infrastructure grant with conditions, objectives and distribution criteria
equitable share	including infrastructure backlogs aimed at improving the outcomes of the application of the equitable
Past performance	share 2011/12 audited financial outcomes
i usi pertormanee	• The grant was allocated R6 266 million and the full amount was transferred to municipalities.
	Expenditure by municipalities stood at R5 881 million (88 per cent of allocation) by the end of the
	municipal financial year
	2011/12 municipal pre-audit outcome
	Grant is reported as part of the overall capital budgets of municipalities

	Urban Settlements Development Grant
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• Delivery performance as indicated in the performance evaluation reports for 2011/12
Projected life	The programme will continue until 2015/16, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R9 077 million, 2014/15: R10 334.7 million, and 2015/16: R10 670 million
Payment schedule	Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of	Responsibilities of the national department
national transferring	Develop proper indicators for the outcomes
officer and receiving officer	Have a structured forum to meet with municipalities on a quarterly basis
	• Monitor and evaluate the municipal financial and non-financial performance of the grant, including
	quarterly summary reports on performance across municipalities
	 Provide support to municipalities with regards to human settlement programmes
	Undertake oversight visits to municipalities as may be necessary
	Facilitate strategic and spatial planning support related to human settlements development
	• Submit an evaluation report on the 2012/13 municipal grant to National Treasury by 30 September 2013
	Provide systems, including the Housing Subsidy System that supports the administration of the human statement delivery groups.
	settlement delivery process
	• Comply with the responsibilities of the transferring national officer outlined in the 2013 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)
	 Review and approve USDG performance matrix and integrated human settlements-implementation plans
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	 Submit 2012/13 evaluation reports in terms of the USDG performance matrix, as contained in the BEPP
	and SDBIP, to the transferring national officer on or before 30 August 2013
	• Ensure that the municipal planning of human settlements and the built environment development are
	consistent and aligned with national priorities and provincial human settlements plans
	Comply with the terms and conditions of the receiving officer outlined in the DoRA
	• Submit USDG performance matrix with the relevant extracts from the SDBIP on proposed targets,
	outputs and outcomes in the application of the USDG in the municipality
	• Ensure compliance with required intergovernmental forums reporting and accountability framework for
	human settlements
Process for approval of	• Municipalities must submit comprehensive USDG performance matrix as included in the BEPP which
2014/15 business plans	shall include the human settlements component of indicators and targets aligned to the IDP and SDBIP
	and a draft and/or approved municipal budget
	• Municipalities must submit their first draft of the BEPP including the USDG business plan by 28 March 2013 and the final BEPP including the USDG performance matrix should be submitted by 15 May 2013
	 Approved 2013/14 BEPP including the USDG performance matrix should be submitted by 15 May 2013 Approved 2013/14 BEPP including the USDG performance matrix to be submitted to National Treasury
	by 28 June 2013
	0y 20 June 2013

NATIONAL TREASURY GRANTS

	Local Government Financial Management Grant
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 10)
Strategic goal	To secure sound and sustainable management of the fiscal and financial affairs of municipalities
Grant purpose	• To promote and support reforms in financial management by building capacity in municipalities to implement the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA)
Outcome statements	Improved capacity in financial management of municipalities
	• Improved and sustained skills development including the appointment of at least five interns per
	municipality supporting the implementation of financial management reforms focusing on the gaps
	identified in MFMA support plans
	• Appropriately skilled financial officers appointed in municipalities consistent with the competency regulations
	 Improvement in budget practices consistent with the budget reforms
	 Improvement in budget practices consistent with the budget reforms Improvement in management of revenue and expenditure, assets and liabilities
	 Improvement in supply chain management practices
	Timely submission of financial statements and improved audit outcomes
	Improvement in municipal governance and oversight
Outputs	Number of municipal officials registered for financial management training
	Number of interns appointment per municipality
	Submission of the MFMA support plans
	Preparation and implementation of multi-year budgets
	Improved submission of financial management reports
	Improvement in supply chain management practices
	Number of internal audit units and audit committees established
	Preparation and implementation of financial recovery plans, where appropriate
Priority outcome(s) of	• Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
government that this grant	• Outcome 12: An efficient, effective and development oriented public service and empowered, fair and
primarily contributes to	inclusive citizenship
Details contained in the business plan	MFMA support plans containing key deliverables on relevant financial management disciplines to be addressed
Conditions	Establishment of a Budget and Treasury Office (BTO) with positions filled by appropriately qualified
	personnel
	Establishment of Supply Chain Management, Internal Audit unit and Audit Committees
	Appointment of at least five interns over a multi-year period
	Ongoing review, revision and submission of MFMA support plans to National Treasury that addresses
	weaknesses in financial management
	Acquisition, upgrade and maintenance of financial management systems to produce multi-year budgets,
	in-year reports, Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plans, annual financial statements, annual
	reports and automated financial management practices
	• Support the training of municipal officials in financial management towards attaining the minimum competencies, as regulated in Government Gazette 29967 of June 2007
	 Preparation and timely submission of annual financial statements for audits
	 Implement corrective actions to address audit findings
	• Technical support in financial management to municipalities must include the transfer of skills to
	municipal officials
	• The preparation of a financial recovery plan and the implementation thereof ,where appropriate
	• Funds allocated to municipalities to assist in support and implementation of the financial management
	reforms
	Non-compliance to the above conditions can result in the funds being withheld or re-allocated
Allocation criteria	• Priority allocations granted to municipalities with a low revenue base and weaker capacity to enable
	them to sustain the reforms
	• All municipalities benefit from allocations to augment own resources in support of implementation of the financial management reforms
	 Regular, timely submission of reports and maintenance of expenditure at appropriate levels
Reason not incorporated in	 Regular, thirty submission of reports and maintenance of experioritize a appropriate revers To provide direct support to municipalities to develop financial management and technical capacity for
equitable share	the implementation of the MFMA and its regulations
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
-	• Allocated and transferred R384.6 million to 278 municipalities of which municipalities reported
	pre audit spending at R360 million or 94 per cent at year end
	2011/12 municipal pre-audit outcome
	• R423.6 million (100 per cent) was allocated and transferred to municipalities, of which R422.8 million
	(99 per cent of allocated and transferred amount) was spent by the end of the municipal financial year

	Local Government Financial Management Grant
	^o
	 2011/12 service delivery performance Facilitation of accreditation for training providers with Local Government Sector Education and Training Authority (LGSETA) Over 1 500 graduate finance interns have been appointed in municipalities with the objective of increasing financial management capacity in municipalities Internship workshops to improve the programme and sustain the reforms, have been concluded in seven provinces on the following dates: North West – 11 August 2011 Western Cape – 01 September 2011 Limpopo – 15 and 16 September 2011 Free State – 29 September 2011 Morthern Cape – 15 and 16 November 2011 Gauteng – 29 and 30 November 2011 162 municipalities have submitted their Annual Reports for the 2010/11 financial year 251 municipalities submitted their 2012/13 approved budgets 251 municipalities have established Municipal Public Accounts Committees
	 258 municipalities have established Audit Committees 278 municipalities have submitted MFMA support plans
Projected life	
MTEF allocations	 Ongoing with periodic reviews as the financial reforms are still in progress 2013/14: R424.8 million, 2014/15: R449.1 million and 2015/16: R469.8 million
Payment schedule	 Z015/14. R424.8 minion, 2014/15: R449.1 minion and 2015/16. R409.8 minion Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer	 Management, monitoring and reporting of the programme
and receiving officer	 Transfer funds to municipalities in terms of the 2013 Division of Revenue Act
	 Undertake ongoing monitoring in municipalities
	Responsibilities of the municipalities
	Submit support plans consistent with conditions of the grant
	• Submit monthly reports consistent with the reporting requirements in the 2013 Division of Revenue Act
Process for approval of 2014 MTEF allocations	• Ongoing review, revision and submission of support plans to address weaknesses in financial management
	The programme is based on the MFMA implementation and support plans submitted by municipalities

	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 10)
Strategic goal	• Eradicating spatial inequality towards the creation of liveable, sustainable, resilient, efficient and integrated human settlements
Grant purpose	 To support and facilitate the planning and development of neighbourhood development programmes and projects that provide catalytic infrastructure to leverage third party public and private sector development towards improving the quality of life of residents in targeted under- served neighbourhoods (generally townships)
Outcome statements	 Targeted and sustainable capital improvements in strategic areas Leveraged private and public investments in strategic areas
	Spatial transformation of human settlements
Ortereste	Increase municipal/local capacity for ongoing township development
Outputs	Catalytic township development projects in primary and secondary nodes and linkages
	Leveraged third party partnership development in primary and secondary nodes and linkages
	Long term regeneration programme plans
D rianity outcome(g) of	Human settlement planning and development knowledge is generated and disseminated
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant	• Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth
primarily contributes to	Outcome 8: Create sustainable human settlements and improve the quality of household life
- ·	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the business	Outcome indicators
plan	Output indicators
	Key activities
	Inputs
Conditions	• Compliance with terms of funding agreement signed between municipality and national department
	• Approval by the transferring national officer of programme plans and project plans which are aligned with Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (NDPG) objectives and guides
	• Programmes are aligned to municipal Integrated Development Plans (IDPs), and there is council resolution supporting the award and/or programme to be implemented
	 Receiving officer must submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for programme implementation as requested by the Transferring National Officer
	Submission and approval of required monthly and quarterly reports
	 Evidence of partnerships and leveraged funding into programme/target area
	 Prioritisation of projects and approaches which align with the municipal segmentation categories
	of the grant and demonstrate explicit response to government-wide priorities, including the promotion of labour-absorbing investments, green technology and youth development
Allocation criteria	• Allocations have been made to municipalities that demonstrated the need for underserved neighbourhood/township development that catalyse commercial and social upliftment
	• Future Medium Term Expenditure Framework grant allocations will only focus on municipalities and projects that align with NDPG's prioritisation criteria (which includes: population densities, levels and diversity of economic activity, concentration of poverty and presence of connectivity
Dessen not income such a lin	networks i.e. transport
Reason not incorporated in	• To directly facilitate neighbourhood/township development in selected municipal areas. This grant
equitable share	has strong focus on nodal and linkage development as well as the catalytic role of public and private funding for spatially targeted development which is not the focus of the equitable share
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	• R750 million allocated in Schedule 5B direct transfers to municipalities, R738 million transferred, with R468 million spent by the end of the municipal financial year (63 per cent)
	 R100 million allocated in Schedule 6B indirect transfers to municipalities, R50 million transferred and spent
	2011/12 municipal pre-audit outcome
	 R750 million was allocated and R738.3 million was transferred (98 per cent of allocation), of which R710.6 million (96 per cent of transferred amount) was spent by the end of the municipal financial year

	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	 60 municipalities granted award status, 40 of which are in receipt of technical assistance funding for programme planning and preparation (Schedule 6B grant), and 36 have embarked on construction or implementation (Schedule 6 grant) to date 222 townships directly targeted by NDPG investment 18 municipalities meeting township regeneration strategy requirements
	 66 business plans approved for NDPG programme implementation 43 projects under construction Four projects in completion (exit and review) stage
	 Seven programmes with identified partnerships and funding leveraged One learning/training event delivered to township development stakeholders through the training for township renewal initiative Formulation of a new model for the training for townships renewal initiative
Projected life	• The projected life of the programme is being reviewed subject to the approval of the Neighbourhood Development Partnership's revised business plan
MTEF allocations	 Direct transfers (Schedule 5B) 2013/14: R598 million, 2014/15: R591.2 million, and 2015/16: R600 million Allocation-in-kind (Schedule 6B) 2013/14: R55 million, 2014/15: R58.3 million, and 2015/16: R65 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national officer and	Determine the criteria for evaluating requests for grants from municipalities
receiving officer	• Appropriate allocations for the grant and reporting in terms of the 2013 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)
	Determine the grant allocations for future Medium Term Expenditure Framework periods
	Monitor, manage and evaluate financial and non-financial performance
	Oversee and enforce objectives and conditions of this grant
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Compile and submit monthly and quarterly expenditure and progress reports in line with NDPG requirements and as stipulated in the DoRA
	• Provide adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG
	• Coordinate the development of programmes and plans aligned with the grant objectives against which performance will be assessed
	• Establish additional clear indicators for outputs and outcomes intended by the municipality against which performance may be further assessed
	Manage and monitor implementation of programmes according to the approved business and project plans, and ensuring sound financial management and value for money
	• Maintain accurate and current grant and performance information as specified in NDPG management information formats and systems
	• Engage stakeholders so as to develop partnerships and mainstream the township development agenda in municipal and other relevant growth and development plans
Process for approval of 2014/15	 NDPG business plans are typically approved on a multi-year basis. The process for approval of
business plans	 NDFG business plans are typicarly approved on a multi-year basis. The process for approval of business plans and annual allocations against these plans are based on: alignment with NDPG criteria for sustainable neighbourhoods, focusing on leveraged funds and job creation ongoing progress reporting and performance reviews where necessary
	• Municipal provisional allocations will be finalised by the Transferring National Officer by 31 October 2013

Transferring department	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant National Treasury (Vote 10)
Strategic goal	 Support municipalities to build long term and sustainable capacity by training a pool of young
Strategie goar	professionals in technical and project/operations management skills related to water, sanitation, electricity, town planning, Geographic Information system (GIS) and other built environment professions
Grant purpose	 To strengthen capacity of local government, to effectively and efficiently deliver quality infrastructure, by increasing the pool of skills available
	 To facilitate lifelong learning and the transfer of knowledge and skills to municipalities To sustain infrastructure related management capacity in local government
Outcome statements	 Improved technical and management capacity in infrastructure delivery and technical services in
	municipalities
	Qualified and professionally registered technical management experts appointed in municipalities to operate and sustain infrastructure assets
	Increased infrastructure delivery in municipalities
Outputs	Number of interns/graduates appointed in municipalities
	Number of interns/graduates in engineering, science, town planning, project management and other built environment professions registered as professionals
	 Training programme approved by Council or Statutory Bodies
	 Number of interns/graduates managed, mentored and coached by senior professionals in similar field
	Number of interns registered as candidate professionals
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 5: A skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path
government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
-	• Inputs
	Key activities
Conditions	• Training, mentoring and coaching must be provided by registered professionals in engineering
	(i.e. electrical, civil, mechanical, and chemical); the sciences (raw and waste water treatment, water quality monitoring); the built environment (town/development planning, land use management urban
	design); and project management
	 Training programmes must be approved by a professional and statutory body
	• Functional technical services departments must be established by municipalities, with positions filled
	by appropriately qualified personnel to support interns/graduates
	Interns must be registered with relevant institutions and paired with qualified mentors and coaches in the same field
	 Funding must be utilised exclusively for the costs associated with the internship programme
	 Where training is provided by a public entity, Service Level Agreements (SLAs) must be signed
	between the municipality and the public entity
	Municipalities and the water boards must adhere to the business plan
Allocation criteria	• Allocations are based on business plans submitted and demonstrated ability to host the programme
	Allocations are based on the demand for technical expertise given municipalities' infrastructure related aballances
Reason not incorporated in	 challenges This conditional grant aims to specifically develop scarce technical skills in municipalities, something
equitable share	not funded by the equitable share
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	Allocated R39 million and transferred R39 million to selected municipalities and water boards
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	 The grant has created employment and training opportunities to 154 graduates The following municipalities received the grant: Nelson Mandela Bay, eThekwini, Govan Mbeki,
	 The following multicipanties received the grant. Neison Mandela Bay, eThekwini, Govan Moeki, Ditsobotla, Westonaria, Polokwane, and eMfuleni
Projected life	 This grant is expected to continue until 2015/16, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R98.5 million, 2014/15: R154.4 million and 2015/16: R179.2 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of national department
transferring national officer	• Ensure roll out of programme in municipalities and public entities complies with the business plan
and receiving officer	 Ensure the programme is standardised and linked to the recognised statutory bodies/ institutions Ensure that SLAs are signed between beneficiary municipalities and National Treasury before transfers
	• Ensure that SLAs are signed between beneficiary municipalities and National Treasury before transfers are made
	 Monitor progress of the programme as per the business plan within a municipality or public entity
	 Ensure that the prescribed minimum number of interns over the MTEF period are trained
	Responsibilities of municipalities or public entities
	• Appoint interns, host, train and register them with statutory bodies
	• Expose interns to both on the job training and other related training as per statutory requirements
	• Description of montons in the identified energy of description of the identified energy of the identified of the ident
	 Recruit coaches and mentors in the identified areas and pair them with the relevant interns Manage the programme and provide progress reports as requested by National Treasury
Process for approval of	 Recruit coaches and mentors in the identified areas and pair them with the relevant interns Manage the programme and provide progress reports as requested by National Treasury Business plans submitted to be evaluated by a committee of stakeholders to be set up by National

	Integrated City Development Grant
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 10)
Strategic goal	• The development of more inclusive, liveable, productive and sustainable urban built environments in metropolitan municipalities
Grant purpose	• To provide a financial incentive for metropolitan municipalities to integrate and focus their use of available infrastructure investment and regulatory instruments to achieve a more compact urban spatial form
Outcome statements	• Improved spatial targeting and sequencing of public investments in the urban built environment to achieve a more compact urban spatial form
Outputs	 Number of sub-metropolitan spatial transformation zones identified and formalised in participating municipalities Number of spatial restructuring indicators, baselines and targets defined and agreed upon in participating municipalities Number of strategic/catalytic projects within sub-metropolitan spatial transformation zones identified and planned by participating municipalities
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 6: An effective, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
government that this grant	Outcome 8: Sustainable human settlements and an improved quality of household life
primarily contributes to	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Output indicators Inputs Key activities
Conditions	 Eligibility for the grant is reviewed annually and is restricted to metropolitan municipalities. For 2013/14 eligibility is restricted to metropolitan municipalities who must have: obtained a financially unqualified audit opinion from the Auditor General in the 2010/11 financial year achieved acceptable levels of capital expenditure performance (reported a variance between budgeted and adjusted budget actual expenditures of 35 per cent or lower to the National Treasury for the 2011/12 financial year) Submission of a formal council agreement on a memorandum of understanding regarding participation in the Cities Support Programme by 1 August 2013 The pre-specification by the city of no more than two sub-metropolitan spatial transformation zones by 1 November 2013. These zones must coincide with Social Housing Restructuring Zones, Urban Development Zones, and the Spatial Development Frameworks of the metro. National Development Plan precinct level investments must lie at the centre of these zones
Allocation criteria	 Allocations will be made to eligible metropolitan municipalities on a population weighted basis in order to account for the relatively greater planning complexity and investment needs in larger metropolitan municipalities
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	 The Integrated City Development Grant (ICDG) provides a specific financial incentive for metropolitan municipalities to enhance the performance of their urban built environments. It reflects commitments contained in the National Development Plan to streamline funding for urban public investments to support the restructuring of the urban built environment
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	Not applicable, new grant
	2011/12 service delivery performance
Dec. 1 4 . 4 196.	Not applicable, new grant
Projected life	 The restructuring of the urban built environment is a long term process, with significant improvements in developmental outcomes only likely over the medium term (five years). The first phase of the ICDG will last for one financial year (2013/14) and will provide planning support to metropolitan municipalities The second phase of the ICDG will last for three financial years (2014/15 to 2016/17) and will provide reward-based financial incentives to municipalities based on their progress in achieving pre-specified
	targets for built environment performance. A progress review of the ICDG programme will be conducted in 2016/17
MTEF allocations	

Integrated City Development Grant	
Responsibilities of	Responsibilities of National Department
transferring national officer	• National Treasury will advise participating municipalities on grant requirements and facilitate peer
and receiving officer	learning
	• National Treasury will review eligibility criteria and assessment compliance with grant conditions prior to
	the transfer of each grant instalment
Process for approval of	• Participating municipalities must submit a proposal for a sub-metropolitan restructuring plan by
2014/15 business plans	1 November 2013 in accordance with requirements outlined in the grant guidelines

PUBLIC WORKS GRANT

	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities
Transferring department	Public Works (Vote 7)
Strategic goal	• To provide Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) incentive funding to expand job creation efforts in specific focus areas, where labour intensive delivery methods can be maximised
Grant purpose	 To incentivise municipalities to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the EPWP Guidelines: road maintenance and the maintenance of buildings low traffic volume roads and rural roads basic services infrastructure, including water and sewer reticulation, sanitation and pipelines (excluding bulk infrastructure)
	 other economic and social infrastructure tourism and cultural industries waste management parks and beautification sustainable land-based livelihoods social services programmes health service programmes community safety programmes
Outcome statements	 Reduced levels of poverty through employment of beneficiaries in paid and productive activities Contribute to increased levels of employment Improved opportunities for sustainable employment due to the experience and learning gained
Outputs	 Increased number of people employed and receiving income through the EPWP Increased average duration of the work opportunities created Increased income per EPWP beneficiary
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive growth
government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the business plans	The programme is implemented through municipalities using Incentive Agreements, project list, creation of Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) and work opportunities
Conditions	 EPWP projects must comply with the project selection criteria determined in the 2012 EPWP Grant Manual; the EPWP guidelines set by the Department of Public Works (DPW) and the Ministerial Determination as updated annually on 1 November each year Eligible municipalities must sign a funding agreement with the DPW before the first grant disbursement,
	 with their final EPWP project list attached To receive the first planned grant disbursement, eligible municipalities must submit a signed Incentive Agreement with a project list by 7 June 2013 Municipalities must report quarterly on all EPWP projects via DPW's EPWP reporting system, within 22
	 days of the end of the quarter; subsequent funds are conditional upon meeting this timeframe Municipalities must maintain beneficiary and payroll records as specified in the audit requirements in the EPWP grant manual
	• The EPWP grant cannot be used to fund the costs of permanent municipal personnel; however, a maximum of five per cent of the grant can be used to fund contract based capacity required to manage data capturing and on-site management costs related to the use of labour intensive methods
	 The EPWP grant can only be utilised for EPWP purposes, for the projects approved in each municipality's EPWP project list Municipalities must implement their approved EPWP project list and meet their agreed job creation targets
Allocation criteria	 To be eligible for an EPWP grant allocation in 2013/14, a municipality must have reported EPWP performance by 22 October 2012. The EPWP grant allocations are based on: past EPWP performance; the number of full time equivalent jobs created in the prior municipal financial year the potential of each municipality to create work with their baseline budgets
	 the need for EPWP work in an area, indicated by levels of unemployment, poverty and service backlogs special consideration and additional funding support for capacity and planning to vulnerable, rural municipalities. These municipalities will also be prioritised in terms of technical support for implementation provided by DPW
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	• This grant is intended to fund expansion in specific focus areas as well as incentivise increased EPWP performance. The grant is based on performance, the potential to expand and the need for EPWP work in key geographic regions
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	• 170 of the 199 eligible municipalities earned the incentive grant and were paid a total of R364 million (54 per cent of the R679.6 million allocated) from the previous schedule 8 grant

	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	 160 937 work opportunities were reported by 253 municipalities and validated by the EPWP system 44 323 FTE jobs were reported by 253 municipalities and validated by the EPWP system
Projected life	Grant continues until 2015/16, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R610.7 million, 2014/15: R632.3 million, and 2015/16: R661 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national	• Determine eligibility and set grant allocations and FTE targets for eligible municipalities
officer and receiving officer	• Publish on the EPWP website all documents relevant for municipalities to understand and implement the grant, including a grant manual, the relevant EPWP guidelines and the Ministerial Determination
	 Support municipalities in the manner agreed to in the grant agreement, to: identify suitable EPWP projects and develop EPWP project lists in accordance with the EPWP project selection criteria
	 apply the EPWP project selection criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design report using the EPWP reporting system
	Monitor the performance and spending of municipalities according to Incentive Agreement signed
	Disburse the grant to eligible municipalities
	• Conduct data quality assessments on a continuous basis, to support good governance and identify areas for administrative improvement
	 Manage the EPWP coordinating structures to support implementation, identify blockages and facilitate innovative solutions
	Responsibilities of eligible municipalities
	• Develop and submit an EPWP project list to DPW by 7 June 2013
	• Sign the standard funding agreement with DPW agreeing to comply with the conditions of the grant before receiving any grant disbursement
	 Agree on the areas requiring technical support from DPW upon signing the grant agreement
	 Ensure that reporting is done within the timelines stipulated in the grant agreement and that information
	is captured in the EPWP reporting system
	 Municipalities must maintain beneficiary and payroll records as specified in the audit requirements in the 2013 EPWP grant manual, and make these available to DPW for data quality assessment tests
Process for approval of 2014 MTEF allocations	 Municipalities must report performance on EPWP projects for the 2012/13 financial year by 22 October 2013 to be eligible for a grant allocation
	 Municipalities must submit a signed Incentive Agreement with a project list by 7 June 2013

SPORT AND RECREATION SOUTH AFRICA GRANT

Transferring department	2014 African Nations Championship Host City Operating Grant Sport and Recreation South Africa (Vote 20)
Transferring department	 Sport and Recreation South Africa (Vote 20) Hosting a successful 2014 African Nations Championship in South Africa
Strategic goal	
Grant purpose	 To assist host cities with the operational responsibilities associated with the hosting of the 2014 Africar Nations Championship
Outcomes statements	Operational plans to address the needs of the 2014 African Nations Championship
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Outcome 12: Create a better South Africa and contribute to a better and safer Africa and World
Outputs	 Successful hosting of the 2014 African Nations Championship Utilise expertise in event management which was developed through the 2010 FIFA World Cup and 2013 African Cup of Nations championship Delivery of an efficient and successful championship
Details contained in	• The activities that each host city will carry out in order to ensure that the tournament is successful
business plan	Plans of events and how these are to be carried out
Conditions	 The project and funding must be approved by municipal council in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act The allocation must be used for the following, subject to the specific maximum amounts allocated for: the operations of the 2014 African Nations Championship all city-specific marketing expenses including promotions and advertising ahead of the tournament teams' accommodation and referees' accommodation on match day-1, local transport for teams and referees event security at the stadiums, training venues and venues within the stadium precinct VIP hospitality medical, disaster management and insurance tournament branding office equipment and competition equipment volunteer meals, stipend and transport the provision of ancillary event related overlay facilities the provision of ancillary event related overlay facilities the provision of ICT infrastructure required for broadcasting from stadiums The municipality must: ensure that the operational plan complies with the minimum requirements for the hosting of the 2014 African Nations Championship ensure that the operational plan is approved by the municipal council enter into contracts with qualified specialists (if required) in accordance with its supply chair management policy appoint and retain a dedicated operations manager for the duration of the project that is responsible for managing the performance of the volunteers and contracted specialists in accordance with the contracts
Allocation criteria	 submit a detailed operational plan to the transferring national officer by 31 October 2013 The allocation is made to assist host cities with specific operational expenses required in hosting th 2014 African National Championship
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	 2014 African Nations Championship The allocation is a grant to assist host cities with funding the operations of the 2014 African Nation Championship
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
-	New grant 2011/12 service delivery performance
	New grant
Projected life	Once-off allocation for 2013/14 financial year
2013 MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R120 million
Payment schedule	• Transfer will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the transferring national officer and receiving officer	 Responsibilities of the national department The transferring national officer is responsible for the application of oversight and monitoring provisions of the grant The transferring national officer must present a system to monitor this grant not later than thirty day after the 2013 Division of Revenue Act is enacted
-	after the 2015 Division of Revenue Act is enacted
Process for approval of 2014	 Responsibilities of municipalities Manage and monitor implementation of programmes according to the approved operational plan Compile and submit a post-championship report in line with the activities carried out in the grant within 45 days of the last game of the championship Not applicable

TRANSPORT GRANTS

Transforming danautmant	Public Transport Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department Strategic goal	 Transport (Vote 37) To support the National Land Transport Act (NLTA) and Public Transport Strategy (PTS) and Action Plan in promoting the provision of accessible, reliable and affordable integrated public transport
Grant purpose	 To provide for accelerated planning, construction and improvement of public and non-motorised transport infrastructure
Outcome statements	 Improved public transport network infrastructure that supports formal, scheduled and well managed services, which are accessible to an increasing percentage of the population of urban municipalities
Outputs	 Public transport infrastructure including the development, maintenance, and upgrading of dedicated lanes, routes, stations, depots, control centres and related information technology, fare systems and vehicles Non-Motorised Transport (NMT) infrastructure that supports network integration (e.g. sidewalks, cycle-ways and cycle storage at stations) Plans related to the above including: network operational plans including universal access design plans business and financial plans (including financial modelling, economic evaluation, and operator transition plans) institutional network management plan engineering and architectural preliminary and detailed designs public transport vehicle and technology plans marketing and communication plans
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive infrastructure network
government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the	• This grant uses Integrated (Rapid) Public Transport Network (IRPTN or IPTN) operational and related plans
business plans Conditions	 including financial modelling Projects must support an integrated network approach as defined in the PTS and in the NLTA
	 Integrated public transport solutions should incorporate: i) physical integration of public transport infrastructure, including non-motorised transport infrastructure; ii) fare collection infrastructure; iii) unified branding and information; and iv) unified institutional management of network infrastructure Infrastructure projects must be based upon a IRPTN/IPTN operational plan (including detailed financial modelling) approved by the municipal council For each phase, final network routing and related financial modelling will be agreed with Department of Transport (DoT) before municipalities are to proceed with detailed infrastructure design IRPTN/IPTN projects must meet the minimum requirements of the South African Bureau of Standards (including Part S of the Building Regulations) Contracted operators should finance and own vehicles unless the use of grant funds is approved by National Treasury and DoT, in which case the municipality must retain ownership for the useful life of the buses Municipalities are required to establish specialist capacity to manage infrastructure and to plan future expansions of the network Payments will be conditional on the attainment of milestones as agreed upon between DoT and municipalities, and communicated to National Treasury within two weeks of the enactment of the Division of Revenue Bill
Allocation criteria	• Budget requests will be evaluated in accordance with the outputs of a municipal plan which specifies the infrastructure costs of serving a defined number of passenger trips per average weekday
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	• Public transport investment has been prioritised in urban municipalities by national government through the approval by cabinet of the PTS in 2007
Past performance	 2011/12 audited financial outcomes Allocated R4 803 million, transferred R4 611 million to municipalities with R3 283 million (68 per cent) spent by the end of the 2011/12 municipal financial year 2011/12 municipal pre-audit outcome R4 803 million was allocated and R4 611 million (96 per cent of allocation) was transferred to municipalities, of which R2 341 million (51 per cent) was spent by the end of the municipal financial year 2011/12 service delivery performance Johannesburg Rea Vaya Phase 1b infrastructure was 90 per cent complete. Seven kilometres of Phase 1b
	 busway was constructed but not yet operational. Eight Stations were completed along the Phase 1b trunk route. A permanent depot at Dobsonville (for 270 buses) was 90 per cent complete Cape Town's My CiTi constructed seven kilometres of bi-directional dedicated lanes. One new trunk station was completed and five others were 90 per cent complete. Sidewalks at Milnerton and Table View completed. 434 feeder stops were under construction. Stables depot at DuNoon was completed In Nelson Mandela Bay a court mandated negotiator facilitated Taxi Cooperative elections which enabled planning and negotiations for a 25 bus pilot service to commence Rustenburg completed all IRPTN plans, infrastructure designs and first phase contract documents by June 2012. Construction of the first five kilometres of dedicated busway from CBD to Thlabane commenced in June 2012 eThekwini, Tshwane, Ekurhuleni completed all IRPTN Plans by June 2012. Preliminary infrastructure design plans are in progress Mbombela, Msunduzi and Polokwane completed operational plans and commenced with business, finance and

Public Transport Infrastructure Grant	
	marketing plans in 2011/12
	Buffalo City and Mangaung made no progress in 2011/12 due to procurement challenges
Projected life	Grant continues until 2015/16 subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R4 668.7 million, 2014/15: R5 126 million, and 2015/16: R5 278.9 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with an agreed payment schedule, approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring national	Disburse Public Transport Infrastructure Grant (PTIG) funds and monitor PTIG expenditure
officer and receiving	Monitor IRPTN implementation progress in line with the NLTA and the PTS
officer	Verify reports from municipalities by conducting at least one site visit per annum
	• Allocate the funds based on stated priorities through an allocation mechanism agreed to by the DoT and
	National Treasury
	Evaluate the performance of the grant annually
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Ensure that projects are implemented in line with what is reflected in the Integrated Development Plan of the municipality
	• Ensure that reporting is done correctly on the management of this grant and all relevant Division of Revenue Act requirements are adhered to
	Provide budget proposals for the PTIG funding that are based on sound operational plans
	Establish a dedicated project team to plan, manage and maintain network infrastructure
	• Compile and submit data that indicates the efficiency and effectiveness of planned and actual infrastructure investment including:
	 change, relative to the previous year, in the number and percentage of households within 500 metres of formal public transport access points
	 planned/actual capital expenditure for the relevant financial year
	 total capital expenditure per passenger kilometre for PTIG funded systems as at 28 June 2013
	 the actual total and unit costs (per km, per station etc.) of procuring infrastructure inputs (e.g. roadway, stations, depots, etc)
Process for approval of 2014/15 business plans	• Municipalities will be requested to submit budget proposals that are based on sound IRPTN operational plans by 15 July 2013
-	• These requests will be evaluated by the DoT and National Treasury
	Municipal provisional allocations will be finalised by 29 November 2013

	Public Transport Network Operations Grant
Transferring department	Transport (Vote 37)
Strategic goal	To support the National Land Transport Act (NLTA) and Public Transport Strategy (PTS) and Action Plan in promoting the provision of accessible, reliable and affordable integrated public transport
Grant purpose	• To provide supplementary operational funding to municipalities operating approved Integrated Rapid Public Transport Network/ Integrated Public Transport Network (IRPTN or IPTN) services
Outcome statements	• Improved public transport network services that are formal, scheduled and well managed and which are accessible to an increasing percentage of the population of urban municipalities
Outputs	Number of average weekday passenger trips carried on Public Transport Network Operations (PTNO) Grant (PTNOG) funded systems
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive infrastructure network
government that this grant primarily contributes to	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the business plans	• This grant uses IRPTN or IPTN operational and related plans including financial modelling
Conditions	Projects must support an integrated network approach as defined in the PTS and in the NLTA
	• Integrated public transport solutions should incorporate: i) integration between different public transport
	services; ii) fare integration between different services; iii) marketing integration with unified branding; and, iv) institutional integration between the cervices
	 iv) institutional integration between the services Projects must be based upon an IRPTN/IPTN operational plan (including detailed financial modelling)
	approved by the municipal council
	• The grant can be used to fund security, station management, ticketing services, control centre operations,
	information and marketing, network management, vehicle financing and compensation for the economic rights of existing operators
	 From the start of operations, IRPTN/IPTN systems must recover all the direct operating costs of contracted
	vehicle operators from fare revenue, other local funding sources and, if applicable, from any PTNO
	contributions. These direct operational costs consist of fuel, labour, operator administration and vehicle
	maintenance
	• If PTNO Grant funds are to be used to cover the costs of existing economic rights of affected operators,
	verified data on operator revenue must be provided to the Department of Transport (DoT) prior to entering into agreements on economic rights
	 The grant can be used in each Phase of the introduction of services to fund up to 70 per cent of any deficit
	relating to operating costs (but not direct operating costs) for two years after the municipal financial year in
	which operations start. Thereafter the grant can fund up to 50 per cent
	• Vehicle financing and compensation for the economic rights of existing operators can be funded up to 100
	per cent in each phase
	Municipalities are required to establish specialist capacity to manage and monitor public transport system contracts and operations supported by this grant
	 Payments will be conditional on the attainment of milestones specified in the grant allocation letter to each
	municipality
Allocation criteria	Budget requests will be evaluated in accordance with the outputs of a municipal plan which specifies operating and systems costs of serving a defined number of passenger trips per average weekday
Reason not incorporated in	• Operational costs associated with the implementation of the PTS and NLTA were not included in municipal
equitable share	budgets prior to the introduction of IRPTN services. These include station management and security,
	contracting and contract monitoring, operator compensation and transformation costs and electronic fare collection
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
-	The PTNO Grant will be introduced in 2013/14
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	The PTNO Grant will be introduced in 2013/14
Projected life	Grant continues till 2015/16 subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R881 million, 2014/15: R745 million and 2015/16: R862 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with an agreed payment schedule approved by National Treasury Begnangibilities of the national department
Responsibilities of the transferring national officer	 Responsibilities of the national department Disburse PTNO Grant funds and monitor PTNO Grant expenditure
and receiving officer	 Monitor IRPTN implementation progress in line with the NLTA and the PTS
Ū	 Verify reports from municipalities by conducting at least one site visit per annum
	• Allocate the funds based on stated priorities through an allocation mechanism agreed to by the DOT and
	National Treasury
	Evaluate the performance of the grant annually
	 Responsibilities of municipalities Ensure that projects are implemented in line with what is reflected in the Integrated Development Plan of the
	• Ensure that projects are implemented in line with what is reflected in the integrated Development Plan of the municipality
	 Reporting is done correctly on the management of this grant and all relevant Division of Revenue Act
	requirements are adhered to
	• Provide budget proposals for the PTNO funding that are based on sound operational plans
	• Establish a dedicated project team to institute specialist capacity to manage and monitor operations and to plan expensions
	plan expansions

Public Transport Network Operations Grant		
	Compile and submit data that indicates the efficiency and effectiveness of operational services including:	
	 number of weekday passenger trips on PTNO Grant funded systems 	
	 number of municipal operational staff employed per bus in service 	
	 number of staff employed by each bus operating company per bus in service 	
	– planned/actual operational expenditure per passenger kilometre in the PTNO Grant funded system	
	- the actual costs of procuring services and systems (security, station management, ticketing services,	
	control centre operations, information and marketing, network management etc)	
Process for approval of	• Municipalities will be requested to submit budget proposals that are based on sound IRPTN operational plans	
2014/15 business plans	by 15 July 2013	
	These requests will be evaluated by the DoT and National Treasury	
	Municipal provisional allocations will be finalised by 29 November 2013	

Transforming demonstration 4	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant
Transferring department Strategic goal	 Transport (Vote 37) Ensure efficient and effective investment in rural roads through development of Road Asset Management
	Systems (RAMS) and collection of data
Grant purpose	• To assist rural district municipalities to set up rural RAMS, and collect road and traffic data in line with
Outcome statements	 the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa (RISFSA) Improved data on rural roads to guide infrastructure investments
Outcome statements	 Reduced vehicle operating costs
Outputs	Road inventory data, including condition assessment and traffic data
	Pavement and bridge management systems compatible with national standards
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant	 Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities and food security for all
primarily contributes to	 Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the	This grant uses Road Asset Management Business Plans which contain the following details:
business plan	 network data collection plan network condition and traffic volumes
	 organisational and support plan
	– financial summary
Conditions	 For RISFSA Class R1, R2 and R3 roads, data collection requirements are: visual condition data not older than two years for pavements and five years for bridges
	 visual condition data not order than two years for pavenients and rive years for orders instrumental pavement data for roughness, rut depth and macro texture not older than two years
	 instrumental pavement data for structural strength not older than five years, and
	 traffic data not older than three years For RISFSA Class R4 and R5 roads, data requirements are:
	 For KISFSA Class R4 and R5 roads, data requirements are: visual condition data not older than three years for pavements and five years for bridges
	 traffic data not older than five years
	All condition data to be submitted to the national data repository as per agreed format by end of March of arch year
	each yearThe above condition data shall be utilised according to applicable national Committee of Transport
	Officials (COTO) standards, according to Technical Recommendations for Highways (TRH) and
	Technical Methods for Highways (TMH) to identify and prioritise the maintenance requirements within the relevant hydrat limit to improve and identify and and acted the lifeways of and information
	 the relevant budget limit, to improve condition of the roads and extend the lifespan of road infrastructure All data collected must be made available to the national Department of Transport (DoT), South African
	National Roads Agency Limited (SANRAL) and the relevant Provincial Roads Authorities
	Systems developed to record data must be compatible with DoT specifications
Allocation criteria	 R500/km rate based on the extent of network and number of local municipalities within a district municipality
	 28 district municipalities will benefit from this grant
Reason not incorporated in	• This is a specific purpose grant mainly for the provision of systems to collect rural road and traffic data
equitable share Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
i ust periormunee	• R35.4 million was allocated, and the entire R35.4 million (100 per cent of the allocation) was transferred
	to municipalities
	 2011/12 municipal pre-audit outcome R35.4 million was allocated and transferred to municipalities, of which R11.1 million (31 per cent was
	spent by the end of the municipal financial year
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	 All progress and up to date road inventory was collected per district Condition assessment is on schedule
	 Condition assessment is on schedule 118 young graduates have been recruited into the programme
Projected life	• The grant has a life span up to 2015/16, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R52.2 million, 2014/15: R75.2 million and 2015/16: R97.8 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the transferring national officer	 Responsibilities of national department Monitoring implementation of RAMS together with Provincial Road Authorities
and receiving officer	Data integrity will be checked by DoT and Provincial Road Authorities
U	Provide guidance on sustainable RAMS operations and standards
	 Facilitate training to municipalities and assist them to acquire RAMS from SANRAL Check the quality of data captured on municipalities' RAMS in collaboration with Provincial Road
	Authorities
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	Municipalities must make provision to maintain RAMS after the lifespan of the grant Date for all much reade to be undeted within two years
	 Data for all rural roads to be updated within two years Employ unemployed youth, S3 Experiential Training Students and young graduates
	 Ensure human capacity at municipalities for the operation of RAMS is built
	• Road quality data on RAMS must be used for planning Municipal Infrastructure Grant (Roads)
Process for approval of	 investments Municipalities must submit a progress report for every year to DoT by 15 March of that year or the next
2014/15 business plans	• Municipanties must submit a progress report for every year to Do1 by 15 March of that year or the next working day
	Progress reports must contain the following:
	- the extent of the road network in the municipality

Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant		
	 the condition of the network in the municipality 	
	 the status of the municipality's RAMS 	
	 the proportion of municipal roads with updated data captured on its RAMS 	
	• DoT together with Provincial Roads Authorities will evaluate the business plans and progress reports by	
	30 April or the next working day of every year	

WATER AFFAIRS GRANTS

	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Water Affairs (Vote 38)
Strategic goal	• Facilitate achievement of targets for access to clean water through successful execution and implementation of regional bulk infrastructure projects
Grant purpose	• To develop infrastructure that connects water resources to infrastructure serving extensive areas across
	municipal boundaries or large regional bulk infrastructure serving numerous communities over a large
	area within a municipality
	• In the case of sanitation, to supplement regional bulk collection as well as regional waste water treatment
	works
Outcome statements	 Access to water supply enabled through establishing regional bulk infrastructure
	• Proper waste water management and disposal enabled through establishing regional sanitation
	infrastructure (bulk sewer pipelines and waste water treatment works)
Outputs	Number of regional bulk projects initiated
	Number of projects completed
	Number of people or households impacted
	Number of municipalities benefiting
	Number of job opportunities created
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
government that this grant	Outcome 7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities and food security for all
primarily contributes to	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the	• This grant uses Implementation Readiness Studies (IRS) and funding agreements which contain the
business plan	following:
	 cash flow and implementation milestones
	 details of key stakeholders and main contractors
0 1141	 specific funding conditions related to the project
Conditions	• The Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant (RBIG) is intended to fund the social component of regional bulk
	water and sanitation services projects approved by the Department of Water Affairs (DWA), unless
	arguments for exemption based on affordability are accepted by DWA
	 This grant can be used to build enabling infrastructure required to connect water resources over significant distances with bulk and reticulation systems
	 The need for a bulk infrastructure solution must be confirmed and accepted by DWA through the regional
	• The need for a burk infrastructure solution must be commed and accepted by DWA through the regional bulk master planning process
	 A financing plan with associated co-funding options and agreements must be in place prior to
	implementation of RBIG funded projects
	 All sources of funding for the full cost of the project must be outlined in the IRS and the funding
	agreement
	• RBIG allocations will be paid based on proof of expenditure and achievement of outcomes to Water
	Services Authorities (WSAs) or institutions which have capacity to deliver the infrastructure
	• The transfer of infrastructure will be done on condition that the new owner has capacity to operate and
	maintain the schemes. All projects must be aligned with and referenced to municipalities' Integrated
	Development Plans (IDPs) and Water Services Development Plans as well as a detailed plan which
	shows alignment of RBIG and Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) projects
Allocation criteria	• Projects are assessed individually, and allocations are made on a project basis, taking into account the
	conditions listed above and considering that no blanket allocation method is used
Reason not incorporated in	Regional bulk projects are closely linked to water resource planning and development which is a DWA
equitable share	competency
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcome
	• Of an allocation of R1 686 million, R1 639 million (97 per cent of allocation) has been spent by
	implementing agents
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• Five projects were completed, benefitting the following local municipalities:
	 King Sabata Dalindyebo Local Municipality (LM) with 14 851 people benefitting
	 Ngwathe LM with 3 694 people benefitting Transtakana LM with 23 500 people banefitting
	- Tsantsabane LM with 23 590 people benefitting
	 - !Kai !Garib LM with 1 440 people benefitting George LM with 185 000 people benefitting
	 George LM with 185 000 people benefitting 54 Projects in construction phase 14 projects in design or tender phase and 40 projects in feasibility store
Ducioated life	• 54 Projects in construction phase, 14 projects in design or tender phase and 40 projects in feasibility stage
Projected life	The life span of the grant will continue until 2015/16 subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2013/14: R3 203.4 million, 2014/15: R4 482.9 million and 2015/16: R4 871.7 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury

	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of national department
transferring national officer and receiving officer	 Ensure every municipality benefiting from a specific project or scheme is invited to participate in the feasibility and IRS Enter into agreements with municipalities regarding the construction, ownership, funding arrangements and operation and maintenance of proposed infrastructure prior to the commencement of construction Ensure the necessary authorisations including environmental impact assessment and water use licences are obtained
	 Assess the implementing agent's progress quarterly Provide detailed information on the selection criteria and conditions for the grant (RBIG Programme Implementation Framework) Monitor implementation by the department's nominated implementing agents Implement projects directly where capacity gaps exist Ensure that Service Level Agreements as well as Memoranda of Understanding are in place between Witten Granism Provides and With Agreements
	Water Services Providers and WSAs
	Responsibilities of WSAs/Institutions which schemes will be transferred to
	Submission of quarterly reports and annual reports
	 Ensure that projects are appropriately linked to the municipalities' IDPs Ensure that once a project is completed the owner will adhere to an operations and maintenance plan or requirements agreed to as part of the funding agreement and will ensure that the infrastructure is operated and maintained efficiently and effectively Ensure that the municipalities are able to provide the reticulation services required to provide households with access to the water provided through the bulk infrastructure funded by this grant
Process for approval of 2014/15 business plans	 All proposed projects which comply with the RBIG criteria must be registered and listed with the DWA provincial bulk master plans Implementation readiness studies will be evaluated and approved if the feasibility studies comply with
	 the RBIG implementation framework and criteria At a regional level a co-ordination committee comprising of representatives from DWA, National Treasury, Department of Cooperative Governance, and the South African Local Government Association meets to assist with the planning of projects and co-ordination and alignment of the WSAs reticulation needs
	 At national level projects are allocated a budget by DWA based on the RBIG Programme Implementation Framework. National Treasury will be informed of the allocations Based on the outcome of the IRS, DWA will nominate the implementing agent for the construction phase and designate the owner of the infrastructure. National Treasury and benefitting municipalities will be informed of the decisions

	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Water Affairs (Vote 38)
Strategic goal	• To assist Water Services Authorities (WSAs) to provide water supply services to consumers currently without services, particularly those in rural areas
Grant purpose	To facilitate the planning, acceleration and implementation of various projects that will ensure water supply to communities identified as not receiving a basic water supply service
Outcome statements	 Increased households access to water supply enabled through, interim, and/or intermediate and/or localised water supply projects to communities identified as not receiving a basic water supply service Access to water supply enabled through the development of new infrastructure and/or refurbishing and/or upgrading of existing infrastructure to communities identified as not receiving a basic water supply service Reduction in water losses and non-revenue water Access to water supply which is implemented in an appropriate and sustainable manner and which culminates in effective asset management
Outputs	 Number of fully functional projects completed and signed off by the Mayor and Municipal Manager of the relevant WSA Number of people or households provided with a water supply service as a result of this grant Number of rural schemes that are functional in line with norms and standards as prescribed by the Water Services Act Number of communities benefiting Number of job opportunities created
Priority outcome(s) of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	Key activities
Conditions	 Inputs All receiving municipalities will be required to conclude formal agreements with the Department of Water Affairs
	 (DWA) prior to implementation of the project(s) Projects to be identified by municipalities and must form part of the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and Water Services Development Plan (WSDP) of the relevant municipality A technical team comprised of DWA, Department of Cooperative Governance (DCoG), Water Boards, WSA, and MISA must approve all designs and interventions of any project to be funded where the cost of the project is in excess of R20 million Projects must have suitably approved technical reports before funds can be transferred DWA must be part of the adjudication panel for the appointment of contractors If a WSA is deemed not to have adequate capacity, projects must be implemented and managed by Water Boards or through alternative service providers appointed after agreement with the National Treasury Where necessary DWA in consultation with the WSA must facilitate service level agreements for the appointment of Water Boards as service providers to operate and manage the water supply once the project is completed, on behalf of the WSA Ensure adequate consumer and community participation, involvement and education for each project If a project is to provide water services to rural communities consideration and priority must be given to establishing a Community Based Organisation (CBO) to manage or assist with the management of the water supply after the project is completed The WSA must ensure that the project is sustainable and remains functional after the project is completed and is supported by means of an asset management plan All projects having an impact on water resources must be aligned with any relevant water resource planning study and strategy developed or adopted by DWA
Allocation criteria	• Funding allocations have been prioritised within the 23 priority district municipalities (DMs) identified by
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	 government, based on backlogs for poor households in each municipality identified in the 2011 Census The grant is earmarked for specific projects aimed at eradicating backlogs in water and sanitation infrastructure
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcome
▲ ···	New grant
	2011/12 service delivery performance
D 1 (11)0	New grant
Projected life	The grant will continue until 2015/16, subject to review
MTEF allocations	2013/14: R603 million, 2014/15: R1 059 million and 2015/16: R2 672 million

	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of	Responsibilities of National Department
transferring national officer	Manage the overall grant
and receiving officer	• Facilitate the development of appropriate planning for each WSA and the development of a provincial plan to eradicate water supply backlogs
	Evaluate and approve the technical reports and business plans for each project
	Participate in the adjudication committee to appoint contractors of any project in excess of R20 million
	Ensure that the conditions of the grant are met
	Facilitate support to WSA when required to implement the projects
	Agree with WSAs on outputs and targets
	Submit quarterly progress and annual reports in a format agreed to the National Treasury
	Responsibilities of the Water Boards
	Assist the DWA in managing the implementation of the overall programme
	Carry out technical reports for some of the projects
	Manage the implementation of some of the projects
	Become Water Service Providers for the on-going management of water supply for projects where necessary
	Assist WSA where necessary in managing water supply infrastructure
	Develop adequate capacity, resources and skills to manage rural water supply schemes
	• Water Boards will submit monthly, quarterly and annual reports in the format prescribed by National Treasury and DWA
	Responsibilities of Water Services Authorities
	Develop adequate integrated planning for water services
	Compile an overall business plan for the entire WSA on how to address all water supply backlogs
	Compile and submit business plans for each project
	Manage the development and approve the technical reports for each project
	• Ensure adequate participation and involvement of the public in each of the projects, particularly in rural areas
	Manage the project implementation and facilitation
	Ensure on-going effective and efficient operations and maintenance of the projects once completed
	Comply with all the funding conditions agreed to
	Contribute to the financial costs of some of the projects
Process for approval of	WSA to submit business plan by 30 September 2013
2014/15 business plans	• DWA to evaluate and ask for any changes if required by 31 October 2013
	• 2013 business plan signed and formalised by 15 November 2013 must include:
	- specific support plans to enhance ability and capacity
	- a breakdown of the cost of projects to be implemented
	- clear time lines of when and where projects will be implemented

Transferring department	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant Water Affairs (Vote 38)
Strategic goal	 Water Atlan's (Vote 58) To ensure effective, efficient and sustainable service delivery by all Water Services Authorities (WSAs)
Grant purpose	 To subsidise and build capacity in water schemes owned and/or operated by the Department of Water
orane par pose	Affairs (DWA) or by other agencies on behalf of the department
Outcomes statements	• To ensure that transferred schemes are fully functional and operated by skilled personnel to ensure
	optimal service delivery by the Water Services Authority (WSA)
	 WSA/provider has developed sufficient capacity in line with funding requirements
	Cost recovery plan in place to support the sustainability of schemes
Outputs	• Operating outputs as defined in the business plan for each individual scheme:
	- number of schemes where capacity and skills to run schemes were built
	 Transfer outputs as outlined in the policy framework and business plan: schemes refurbished to standards outlined in terms of the agreed policy framework
	 sustainability assessments completed per scheme or group of schemes to be transferred
	 number of transferred schemes
Details contained in	Outcome indicators
business plans	Output indicators
	Key activities
	Inputs
Priority outcome(s) of	Outcome 9: A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system
government that this grant	
primarily contributes to	
Conditions	• To ensure that funds transferred to WSAs are utilised for the intended purpose and that there is proper
	accountability by both receiving and transferring institutions
	• The operating subsidy (grant-in-kind) will cover staff related costs (HR component), the direct operating
	 and maintenance costs (component), the refurbishment and will facilitate the transfer of schemes All receiving municipalities and providers will be required to conclude formal Transfer Agreements
	(TA) and subsequent addendums to the TA
	• The necessary capacity building plan related to the development, operation and maintenance of the
	infrastructure must be in place prior to the transfer of infrastructure to the relevant institution
	• Approval of allocations is conditional on a business plan that meets the requirements prescribed
	Reporting on the grant must be done on a monthly basis
	• The transferring national department may adjust the allocation to a municipality subject to approval from
	National Treasury in terms of the 2013 Division of Revenue Act to reflect:
	- the actual personnel allocation payable to a municipality as a result of the number of staff
	 transferred to the municipality the actual operating allocation payable to a municipality, as informed by the percentage or portion
	of assets transferred to a municipality in respect of assets shared across municipal boundaries
Allocation criteria	• Allocation as agreed in the transfer agreement, in line with a business plan for the project and agreed
	upon with National Treasury
	• Schedule 5B will cover provision for areas where refurbishment, human resource and operations and
	maintenance of schemes falls under a WSA
	Schedule 6B will cover provisions for staff not yet transferred to a WSA, and goods and services
Reason not incorporated in	• To ensure sustainability, functionality and proper working of water schemes in the country and to
equitable share	establish functional and sustainable capacity in municipalities to provide water services. Will be incorporated into the equitable share subject to an assessment of capacity and the timelines in business
	plans
Past performance	2011/12 audited financial outcomes
	• Direct transfers to municipalities: R542.3 million allocated, with R542.3 million transferred
	• Allocation in kind for municipalities: R128.4 million allocated of which R121.2 million was spent,
	which represents 95 per cent expenditure
	2011/12 municipal pre-audit outcome
	• Direct transfers to municipalities: R542.3 million was allocated and transferred to municipalities, of
	which R542.3 million was spent by the end of the municipal financial year
	2011/12 service delivery performance
	• Over the life of the grant 59 agreements have been signed, 5 524 staff transferred and 1 655 schemes transferred (including rudimentary schemes), the total value of schemes transferred amounts to
	R6 600 million
Projected life	The grant continues until 2015/16, subject to review
MTEF allocations	 Direct transfer to municipalities (Schedule 5B):
	- 2013/14: R420.9 million, 2014/15: R449.6 million and 2015/16: R470.2 million
	• Allocation in kind to municipalities (Schedule 6B):
	- 2013/14: R138.9 million, 2014/15: R142 million and 2015/16: R151.2 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury

	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibility of national department	
national department and municipalities and WSAs	 Agree with WSAs on outputs and targets Continuously monitor implementation and provide support to municipalities to enable independence in managing the schemes 	
	• Report to National Treasury on the grant performance (in the prescribed format) and ensure compliance with the grant conditions	
	 Implement the comprehensive Refurbishment Project Management System (RPMS) Conduct regular site inspections on projects implemented by WSAs 	
	 Submit monthly, quarterly progress and annual reports in a format agreed to with National Treasury Provide National Treasury with an assessment of the grant's performance since inception by 28 June 2013 	
	Responsibility of municipalities (WSAs)	
	• WSAs will submit monthly, quarterly and annual reports in the format prescribed by National Treasury and DWA	
	• Submission of operating and maintenance plans, and refurbishment plans by 31 May 2013 in compliance with standards set by DWA	
Process for approval of 2014/15 business plans	 2013 refurbishment project plans signed and formalised by June 2013 must include: specific support plans to enhance ability and capacity names of schemes to be refurbished a breakdown of the cost of refurbishment and its implications a signed transfer agreement/addendum which contains a comprehensive assessment of the status report on management of the WSAs 	
	 operations and maintenance plans for all the schemes to be covered by the allocation 	

ANNEXURE W4

SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULES 5B AND 7B): CURRENT GRANTS

,

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

ANNEXURE W4	SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULES 5B & 7B); CURRENT GRANTS 1 OF 2
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		Grant	Grant	D	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	VO LULIA ALIANA		Intergrated	Intergrated Grant for Municipalities	Intergrated Grant for Municipalities	Muni	Municipal Disaster Grant	irant	Grant	Grant	
		National and Municipal		Financial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year
Category	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)		2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE																
A BUF A NMA	Buffalo City Nelson Mandela Bay	1 500 1 250	1 500 1 250	1 500 1 250				2 705 20 885						100 000	130 000	150 000
EC101	Condeboo	1 750	1 800	1 850	008	03/1		1 000								
	Blue Crane Route	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934		1 000								
	Ikwezi	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	296	1 000								
B EC104	Makana Ndlamba	1 750	1 800	1 850	068 008	934		0001								
	Sundays River Valley	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934		1 000								
	Baviaans	1 400	1 600	1 700	890	934		1 045								
	Kouga	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934		1 330								
B EC109	Kou-Kamma Cacadu District Municinality	1 250	1 250	1 250	068	934 934		1 000								
Total: Cacadu Municipalities	contract restriction of the second	15 750	16 650	17 450	8 900	9 340	9 670	10 375								
	Mhhache	1 550	1 600	1 650	068	434		1 000								
	Mnquma	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934		1 000								
	Great Kei	1 650	1 800	1 950	890			1 000								
B EC124	Amahlathi	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934		1 000								
B EC126	Ngqushwa	1 650	1 800	1 950	068			1 000								
	INKUIKODE Nxuba	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934		1 000								
C DC12	C DC12 Amathole District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890		967	3 125								
Fotal: Amathole Mu	unicipalities	12 500	13 250	14 000	7 120	7 472	7 7 36	11 305								
B EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934		1 000								
	Tsolwana	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934		1 000								
B ECI33 B ECI34	Inkwanca Lukanii	1 550	1 800	1 650	890	934 934	796 796	1 515								
	Intsika Yethu	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934		1 000								
B EC136 B EC137	Emalahleni Engcobo	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934 930		1 000								
	Sakhisizwe	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934		1 000								
C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	1 500	1 500	1 500	890	934	967	8 445								
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities	lunicipalities	14 200	14 900	15 600	8 010	8 402	8 697	16 960								
	Elundini	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934		1 398								
	Senqu	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934		2 160								
B EC143 B EC144	Maletswai Garian	1 650	1 800	1 950	068	934 034		1 000								
	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities	micipalities	7 650	8 050	8 450	4 450	4 670	4	6 558								
B FC153	Noruza Hill	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	720		1 000								
	Port St Johns	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934		1 000								
B EC155	Nyandeni	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
B ECI56	Mhlontlo Ving Sabara Dalinduako	1 650	1 800	1 950	068	934 034		1 000								
	O.R. Tambo District Municipality	1 500	1 500	1 500	890	934		5 870								
Total: O.R.Tambo Municipalities	Aunicipalities	9 450	9 900	10 350	5 340	5 604	5 802	10 895								
B EC441	Matatiele	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934		3 946								
B EC442	Umzimvubu	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934		1 220								
B EC443	Mbizana	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934		1 000								
	Ntabankutu Alfred Nzo District Municipality	1 500	1 250	1 250	890	934 934	796	5 780								
Fotal: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	unicipalities	7 800	7 850	8 150	4 450	4 670	4	12 946								

ANNEXURE W4	CIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULES 5B & 7B); CURRENT GRANTS I
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		Local Government Financial Management Grant	Managemen	Municipal Sy	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	ment Grant	Interorated	Expanded Funde WOLKS Frogramme Intergrated Grant for Municinalities	nicinalities	Mun	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant		A upite A ransport receivers Operations	
	National an	d Municipal Fin	nancial Year	National and	Municipal Fin:	ancial Year	National and	1 Municipal Fi	nancial Year	National an	d Municipal 1	financial Year		nd Municipal F	nancial Year
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)		2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
FREE STATE															
A MAN Mangaung	1 500	1 500	1 500				3 896			T					
FS161	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	696	1 000								
B F5162 Kopanong B FS163 Mohokare	1 650		1 950	068 890	934	106	1 000								
FS164	1 650		1 950	890	934	67	1 000								
C DC16 Xhariep District Municipality	1 250		1 250 8 750	4 450	934	967	1 000								
	0011			1004 4	40/0	4 000	non c								
	1 650			890	934	67	1 000								
FS182 FS183	1 650			890	930	960	1 000								
FS184	1 550			890	934	2967	1 000			_					
B FS185 Nala C DC18 Lawalawaterus District Municipality	1 050	1 250	1 950	890	934 034	796 067	1 000								
otal: Lejweleputswa	9 400			5 340	5 600	5 795	000 9								
DE101 Second	0551			000	034	190	1 750								
	1 550			890	934	106	1 000								
FS193	1 550			890	934	296	1 000								
B FS194 Maluti-a-Phofung	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	10 210								
	1 550			068 890	934	706 796	1 000								
C DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality				890	934	967	1 000			1					
Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	10 650			6 230	6 538	6 7 6 9	16960								
FS201	1 550		1 650	890	934	2967	1 000			_					
	1 550		1 650	890	934	67	1 000								
FS204	1 550		1 650	890	934	2967	1 000								
B FSZ05 Matube C DC20 Fezile Dabi District Municipality	1 650	1 800	1 950	068	934	796	1 000			_					
otal: Fezile Dabi Mu	7 550		8 150	4 450	4 670	4 835	5 000								
Total: Free State Municipalities	36 850	38 700	40 550	20 470	21 478	22 234	36 856								
GAUTENG															
EKU	1 250		1 250				10 405								
A JHB City of Johannesburg	1 250	1 250	1 250				89 434						268 000	236 000	287 000
TICI	000 C						010 67								
B GT421 Emfuleni B GT427 Midvaal	1 300			890	934	967	4 885								
	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	67	1 000								
DC42 otal: Sedibeng Mun	5 150			3 560	3736	3868	7 885								
D CTTAD	1 200			000	100	120	1001								
B GT482 Randfontein	1 300			890	934	106	1 000								
GT483	1 300			890	934	967	1 000								
B GT484 Merafong City C DC48 West Rand District Municipality	1 550	1 600	1 650	068 068	934 934	967	1 520								
otal: West Rand Mu	6 700			4 450	4 670	4 835	6414								
Total: Gauteng Municipalities	19 350	20 300	20 350	8 010	8 406	8 703	143 808						268 000	236 000	287 000

		Local Govern	Local Government Financial Management Grant	Management	Municipal Sy:	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	nent Grant	Expanded I Intergrated	Expanded Public Works Programme Intergrated Grant for Municipalities	rogramme iicinalities	Muni	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant	Public Tran	Public Transport Network Operations Grant	Operations
		National and	1 Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and	Municinal Fina	mcial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	d Municipal F	inancial Year	National and	d Municipal Fi	nancial Year
Category	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
KWAZULU-NATAL	[AL															
A ETH	eThekwini	1 250	1 250	1 250				47 381						71 395	110 820	162 713
B KZN211	1 Vulamehlo	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	67									
		1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
B KZN213		1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967									
		1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
		1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
B KZN216	6 Hibiscus Coast IIm District Municipality	1 550	1 250	1 750	068	934 034	7967	1 000								
otal: Ugu	tipalities	11 050	11 950	12 750	6 230	6 538	6 7 69	5 000								
		1 650	1 800	1 950	068	934	796	1 000								
B KZN222 B KZN233	2 uMneeni 3 Mneeni	1 650	1 800	1 650	068	934	196	1 000								
		1 650	1 800	1 950	000	034	106	1 000								
		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 874								
		1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
Ŧ		1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 017								
C DC22	Umgungundlovu District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	897	934	967	1 000								
Total: Umgungu	Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities	12 600	13 450	14 300	7 127	7 472	7 7 36	8 891								
B KZN232	2 Emnambithi/Ladysmith	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	2 729								
B KZN233		1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
		1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
B KZN236 C DC23	6 Imbabazane Uthukela District Municipality	1 650	1 250	1 950	890	934 934	796 796	1 000								
Total:Uthukela Municipalities	funicipalities	9 300	9 850	10 400	5 340	5 604	5 802	7 7 29								
B KZN241	.1 Endumeni	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
	2 Nqutu	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	930	960	1 000								
B KZN244		1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1115								
т		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 660								
C DC24	Umzinyathi District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities	u Municipalities	7 650	8 050	8 450	4 450	4 666	4 828	5 775								
B KZN252		1 550	1 700	1 750	890	934	67	1 310								
B KZN253		1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
B KZN254	4 Dannhauser	1 650	1 \$00	1 950	890	934 034	296	1 000								
		1000	1 200	000 T	060	406 2020	106	1 000								
1 0tal: Amajuba Municipanues	Municipanues	NCC 0	1 0 UU	net /	Inge e	0C/ C	000 C	010.4		1]

		Local Govern	Local Government Financial Management Grant	Management	Municipal Sy	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	ment Grant	Expanded] Intergrated	Expanded Public Works Programme Intergrated Grant for Municipalities	² rogramme nicipalities	Muni	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant	Public Tra	Public Transport Network Operations Grant	k Operations
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National ar	National and Municipal Financial Year	inancial Year
Category	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
	eDumbe	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967									
KZN262	uPhongolo	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
	Abaqulusi	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
KZN265	Nongoma	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
	Ulundi	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
C DC26 Zulu	Zululand District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	2 942								
Total: Zululand Municipalities	alities	9 300	9 850	10 400	5 340	5 604	5 802	6 942								
		097.1	1 800	-	000	100	0	1 000								
	Uninaouyanngana	0.00 1	1 000		060	106	106	000 1								
KZNZ/Z		1 650	1 800		068	934	/96/	1 000 I								
KZN273	The Big 5 False Bay	1 650	1 800		890	934	796									
KZN274	Hlabisa	1 650	1 800		890	934	967	1 000								
0	Mtubatuba	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
C DC27 Um	Umkhanyakude District Municipality	1 250	1 250		890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Umkhanyakude Municipalities	Iunicipalities	9 500	10 250	11 000	5 340	5 604	5 802	5 000								
KZN281	Mfolozi	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
KZN282	uMhlathuze	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	930	960	1 000								
KZN283	Ntambanana	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
KZN284	uMIalazi	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
KZN285	Mthonjaneni	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
	Nkandla	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	2 830								
C DC28 Uth	Uthungulu District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	2840								
Total: Uthungulu Municipalities	ipalities	10 950	11 650	12 350	6 230	6 534	6 7 6 2	10 670								
	Mandeni	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
KZN292	KwaDukuza	1 550	1 700	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
KZN293	Ndwedwe	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
4	Maphumulo	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
C DC29 iLen	iLembe District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 000								
Total: iLembe Municipalities	lities	7 750	8 350	8 750	4 450	4 670	4 835	5 000								
R KZN431 Inowe	ve	1 650	1 800	1 950	068	934	67	1 000								
	Kwa Sani	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
KZN433	Greater Kokstad	1 550	1 700	1 650	890	034	067	1 000								
KZN434	I Ihuhlehezwe	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	034	067	1 000								
KZNA35	Timzimkhuh	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	034	067	1 000								
DC43	Sisonke District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	068	934	106	2 739								
inic	lities	9 400	10 150	10 700	5 340	5 604	5 802	7 739								
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	funicipalities	95 100	101 600	107 500	53 407	56 032	58 006	114 437						71 395	110 820	162 713

		Local Government Finar Grant	ment Financial Grant	ncial Management	Municipal Sy	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	ment Grant	Expanded Intergrated	Expanded Public Works Programme Intergrated Grant for Municipalities	ties	Municipal I	Municipal Disaster Grant	Ħ	Public Transport Network Operations Grant	port Network Grant	Operations
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	-	National and Municipal Financial Year	icipal Finan	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year
Category	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000)		14 20 0) (R	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
LIMPOPO																
R I IM331	Greater Givani	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	720	967	1 000								
	Greater U atobo	0551	1 600	1 650	000	034	107	1 106								
B LIM333	Greater Tzaneen	1 550	1 600	1 650	068	934	296	1 710								
	Ra-Dhalahorura	1 550	1 600	1 650	800	034	190	0001								
	Da-1 Hataool wa Manilang	1 650	1 800	1 950	800	034	107	1 000								
	Mopani District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	196	1 000								
Total: Mopani Municipalities	icipalities	9 100	9 450	9 800	5 340	5 604	5 802	6 908								
117741	Min.	0221	1 000	1 050	000	100	067	1 000								
1+CIVITI G	Musula	000 1	1 000	0261	000	100	106	0001								
	Thulane	1 550	1 600	1 650	069	1024	106	1 1000								
D LAND40	Makhado	1 550	1 000	1 650	069	034	106	1000								
	Vhembe District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	296	4 655								
Total: Vhembe Municipalities	icipalities	7 650	8 050	8 450	4 450	4 670	4 835	9 390								
E LIM361	Diotheree	1 650	1 200	1 050	000	034	190	0001								
	Account	1 650	1 900	0201	000	100	100	1 000								
	Ademole	1 550	1 600	1 650	068	426	100	1 000								
B LIM354	Polokwane	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	930	196	4 614								
	Lenele-Nkumpi	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 198								
C DC35	Capricorn District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	296	1 000								
Total: Capricorn Municipalities	unicipalities	9 300	9850	10 400	5 340	5 600	5 802	9812								
E 11M361	The other and set to be	1 550	1 200	1 650	000	1034	100	0001								
	Litabazili Di Lashafala	1 550	1 000	1 650	069	1034	106	1115								
	Lepitatate Mederatione	0591	1 200	1 950	069	034	104	0001								
B LIM365	Modimolle	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	2967	1 000								
	Bela-Bela	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
B LIM367	Mogalakwena	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 154								
C DC36	Waterberg District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Waterberg Municipalities	(unicipalities	10 650	11 050	11 450	6 230	6 538	6 7 6 9	7 269								
B LIM471	Ephraim Mogale	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
	Elias Motsoaledi	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
	Makhuduthamaga	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
	Fetakgomo	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
B LIM475	Greater Tubatse	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	67	1 000								
C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities	Municipalities	9100	9 450	9 800	5 340	5 604	5 802	9 000				+				
Total: Limpopo Municipalities	nicipalities	45 800	47 850	49 900	26 700	28 016	29 010	39 379								

		Local Govern	Local Government Financial Management Grant	Management	Municipal Sy	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	ment Grant	Expanded F Intergrated	Expanded Public Works Programme Intergrated Grant for Municipalities	rogramme nicipalities	Muni	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant	Public Tran	Public Transport Network Operations Grant	t Operations
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and Municipal	Municipal Fin	Financial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	inancial Year
Category	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
MPUMALANGA																
B MP301 Albert Luthuli		1 550	1 600	1 650	068	934	677	3 785								
MP302		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
MP303		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 954								
B MP304 Pixley Ka Seme	ne	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	3 072								
MP305		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 056								
		1 550	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
B MP307 Govan Mbeki		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	2 151								
C DC30 Gert Sibande I	Gert Sibande District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities		12 100	12 650	13 100	7 120	7 472	7 7 36	15 018								
B MP311 Victor Khanve		1550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 465								
		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 594								
B MP313 Steve Tshwete		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 639								
B MP314 Emakhazeni		1 550	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
B MP315 Thembisile Hani	mi	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	2842								
B MP316 Dr JS Moroka		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	3 096								
C DC31 Nkangala Distr	Nkangala District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Nkangala Municipalities		10 550	11 050	11 450	6 230	6 538	6 7 6 9	12 636								
B MP321 Thaha Chwen		1 550	1 600	1 650	068	934	967	1 000								
		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	67	1 695								
MP323		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 286								
MP324		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	6 044								
B MP325 Bushbuckridge		1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	2 596								
C DC32 Ehlanzeni Distr	Ehlanzeni District Municipality	1 500	1 500	1 500	890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities		9 250	9 500	9 750	5 340	5 604	5 802	13 621								
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities		31 900	33 200	34 300	18 690	19 614	20 307	41 275								

ANNEXURE W4	CIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULES 58 & 7B); CURRENT GRANTS 1 OF 2	
	SPECIFIC PURPOS	

		Local Government Financial Management	nent Financial	Management	Municinal Sv	Municinal Systems Immedaement Grant	ment Grant	Expanded F	Expanded Public Works Programme	rogramme	Munic	Municinal Disacter Grant	Frant	Public Tran	Public Transport Network Operations	c Operations
			Grant					Intergrated	Intergrated Grant for Municipalities	nicipalities		, manager males			Grant	
		National and Municipal	Municipal Fin	Financial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year
Category	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE	3															
D NC061	Distriction	1 250	0001	1 050	000	120	690	0001								
B NC062	Nucutersven Nama Khoi	1 550	1 600	1 650	068	934	106	1 000								
	Kamiesberg	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
	Hantam	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
		1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
B NC067		1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
C DC6	Namakwa District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Namakwa Municipalities	Aunicipalities	11 050	11 850	12 650	6 230	6 538	6 7 6 9	7 000								
D NC071	Thurster	1 650	1 000	1 050	000	034	100	1 000								
B NC071	Umitu	1 650	1 800		068	934	106	0001								
	Emborontya	0201	1 600		000	100	100	1 000								
	Kareehero	1 650	1 800		068	934	106	1 000								
	Renosterhero	1 650	1 800		890	934	967	1 000								
	Themhelihle	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
B NC077	Sivathemba	1 650	1 800		890	934	967	1 000								
B NC078	Sivancuma	1 650	1 800		890	934	967	1 000								
C DC7	Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	1 250	1 250		890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Pixley Ka Se	Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities	14 350	15 450	Ŧ	8 010	8 406	8 703	0006								
		-	1 000		000	100		1 000								
D NC087		000 1	1 600	1 050	060	406	106	0001								
	(Arbon Unit	000 1	1 600		060	406	106	0001								
	// Mulata fraus ftk/heis	1 650	1 800	1 950	060	934	106	1 000								
	-	1 650	1 800		890	934	100	1 000								
		1 650	1 800		890	934	967	1 000								
C DC8	-	1 250	1 250		890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Siyanda Municipalities	nicipalities	11 050	11 850	12 650	6 230	6 538	6 7 6 9	7 000								
LOODIN .		-	1 700	027 1	000	100		017.7								
D NC001	Sol Fladule	00271	000 1	050 1	060	+06	106	010.0								
	Dikgauong	0001	1 200	1 026	068	406	106	000 1								
B NC093	Magareng	1 550	1 600	066 1	068	934	106	0001								
	Frances Baard District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	034	040	1 000								
Total: Frances Baard Municipalities	rd Municipalities	7 650	8 050	8 450	4 450	4 670	4 837	10 618								
u a	- Weisher	022 1	1 200	007	000	100	0	1 000								
			1000	0.00 1	060	+04	106	1 000 1								
		1 550	1 600	1 650	068	934	196	1 000								
B NC453	Gamagara John Taolo Gaatsawa District Municinality	1 250	1 250	1 250	068	934	106	0001								
Total: Ishn Teals I	C DCT JOIN 1000 Castsewe District Municipality Datal: John Toolo Contraine Municipalities	007 1	027 1	007 1	2 560	2 726	3 969	1 000								
10(41. JUIL 14010	Dacbewe Municipantice	006 0	0000	0 200	nac c	0010	000 0	1000 +								
Total: Northern Cape Municipalities	ape Municipalities	50 000	53 250	56 500	28 480	29 888	30 946	37 618					_			

			Grant Grant	Local Government Financial Management Grant	Municipal Sys	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	nent Grant	Expanocu . Intergrated	Expanded Public Works Programme Intergrated Grant for Municipalities	Programme micipalities	Mun	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant	LUDIK 11 di	runne frausport retwork Operations Grant	ortona autore
		National and Municipal		Financial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	inancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	inancial Year
Category	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
NORTH WEST																
NW371	Moretele	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	696	1 175								
NW372	Madibeng	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	2 573								
B NW373 I	Rustenburg	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	7 990								
B NW374 I	Kgetlengrivier	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
B NW375 N	Moses Kotane	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	2 386								
C DC37 I	Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	num Municipalities	9 100	9 450	9 800	5 340	5 604	5 802	16 124								
NW381	Ratiou	1 650	1 800	1 950	068	934	796	1 080								
NW382	Tswaing	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
	Mafikeng	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	3 720								
B NW384 I	Ditsobotla	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	930	967	1 982								
B NW385 I	Ramotshere Moiloa	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 135								
C DC38 1	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 000								
Total: Ngaka Modiri	Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	9 200	9 650	10 100	5 340	5 600	5 802	9 917								
											_					
NW392	Naledi	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	67	1 000								
NW393	Mamusa	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
NW394	Greater Taung	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	934	967	1 000								
	Lekwa-Teemane	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	967	1 000								
	NW397	2 598	2 588	2 549	890	930	67	1 000								
C DC39 I	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 668								
Total: Dr Ruth Segon	Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	10 248	10 638	10 999	5 340	5 600	5 802	6 668								
B NW401	Vantaredorn	1 650	1 800	1 950	890	034	067	1 000								
CUT/MN	The two	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	034	100	1 000								
NW403	City of Marlosana	1 550	1 600	1 650	068	934	967	1 000			_					
NW404	Maquassi Hills	1 550	1 600	1 650	890	934	67	1 000								
DC40	Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 000			_					
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities	aunda Municipalities	7 550	7 850	8 150	4 450	4 670	4 835	5 000								
Total: North West Municinalities	micinalities	36.098	37 588	39.049	20.470	21 474	22.241	37 709								

Intergrated care Nutrengrated care Nutrengrated care 2013/14 2014/15 2013/16 2013/16 2013/14 2014/15 2013/16 2013/16 2013/14 2014/15 2013/16 2013/16 2013/14 2014/15 2013/16 2013/16 2013/14 2014/15 2013/16 2013/16 2013/16 2014/15 2013/16 2013/16 2013/16 2014/16 2014/16 2013/16 1 1000 (R 1000) (R 1000) (R 1000) 1 1000 1000 1000 1000 1 1000 1000 1000 1000 1 1000 1000 1000 1000 1 1000 1000 1000 1000 1 1000 12.315 1000 12.315 1 1000 1000 1000 12.315 1 1000 1000 1000 12.315 1 1000 <t< th=""><th></th><th>Local Goverm</th><th>Local Government Financial Management</th><th>Management</th><th>Municipal Sy</th><th>Municipal Systems Improvement Grant</th><th>ment Grant</th><th>Expanded F</th><th>Expanded Public Works Programme</th><th>ramme</th><th>Munic</th><th>Municipal Disaster Grant</th><th>Grant</th><th>Public Tra</th><th>Public Transport Network Operations</th><th>Operations</th></t<>		Local Goverm	Local Government Financial Management	Management	Municipal Sy	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	ment Grant	Expanded F	Expanded Public Works Programme	ramme	Munic	Municipal Disaster Grant	Grant	Public Tra	Public Transport Network Operations	Operations
Gangery Manufaulty 2013		National and	Grant Municinal Fin	ancial Vear	National and	Municinal Fin	ancial Year	Intergrated National and	Grant for Mumer	_	National and	Municinal Fi	nancial Vear	National an	Grant d Municinal Fi	nancial Vear
		2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 2 (R'000) ((2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
CIT Cyrol (Kincham) 120	WESTERN CAPE															
WOII Muchan WOI Muchan	CPT	1 250	1 250	1 250				32 080						352 521	217 548	218 000
W 0013 Current control 1 300 1 430 1 500 534 507 1 000 504 504 1 500 504 504 1 500 504 5	WC011	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	967	1 000								
WO13 Statistic Statistic 130 149 130 149 130 131 100 WO13 Statistic Statistic Model Statistic Model Statistic Model 130 <th< td=""><td>WC012</td><td>1 300</td><td>1 450</td><td>1 500</td><td>890</td><td>934</td><td>967</td><td>1 000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	WC012	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	967	1 000								
WOI3 Statiant, Big, DCI WOI3 Statiant, Big, WOI3 Total <	WC013	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	967	1 000								
	WC014	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	296	1 554								
One-solution constraints 730 870 870 540 560 <td>WC015</td> <td>1 300</td> <td>1 450</td> <td>1 250</td> <td>890</td> <td>934</td> <td>796</td> <td>1 000</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	WC015	1 300	1 450	1 250	890	934	796	1 000								
WOR2 Withole Word Withole With	otal: West Coast MI	7 750	8 500	8 750	5 340	5 604	5 802	6 554								
W CLD: Wateling W CLD: <thwateling< th=""> W CLD: <thw< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></thw<></thwateling<>					0											
W CO23 Statement 1 300 1 430 1 300	WC022	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	967	1 000								
W CU25 Rescher Mach W CU25 Rescher Mach I 700 I 430 I 700 930 934 967 I 700 W CU25 Rescher Math W CU25 Rescher Math M CU26	WC023	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	296	1 000								
W.CMD: Instance M.CMD: Instance M.CMD: <th< td=""><td>WC024</td><td>1 300</td><td>1 450</td><td>1 500</td><td>890</td><td>934</td><td>796</td><td>1 760</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	WC024	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	796	1 760								
TCC: Cap: Varietion Directed Municipality 1 2:0 2:0 2:0 2:0 1 2:0 1 2:0 1 2:0 2:0 2:0 2:0 2:0 2:0 1 2:0 1 2:0 2:0	WC026	1 300	1 450	1 500	068	934	106	0001								
Interfactor 7750 5700	DC2	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	296	1 000								
WC031 Therevareshof 150 160 1630 1630 934 966 1001 WC032 Overstand 1300 1430 1500 1530 890 934 966 1001 WC034 Sverleedam 1300 1430 1730 890 934 966 1000 MC041 Kannaladities 6759 750 890 934 966 1000 MC042 Hessquad 1400 1500 1240 1500 890 934 967 1000 MC044 Kanaladit 1400 1400 1500 890 934 967 1000 WC043 Montipulity 1300 1430 1500 890 934 967 1000 WC044 Korsel Montipulity 1300 1430 1400 1500 890 944 967 1000 WC044 Korsel Montipulity 1300 1430 1300 1430 1300 <td< td=""><td>Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities</td><td>7 750</td><td>8 500</td><td>8 750</td><td>5 340</td><td>5 604</td><td>5 802</td><td>6 7 60</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities	7 750	8 500	8 750	5 340	5 604	5 802	6 7 60								
W COS Terrent control Terret control	120021	1 500	1 600	1 650	000	100	000	0001								
WC033 Cape Agains wC033 Cape Agains wC034 VC03 Swellengian wC034 I	W C 031	1 300	1 450	1 500	068 890	934	906	1 244								
	WC033	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	996	1 000								
	WC034	1 400	1 600	1 750	890	934	966	1 000								
Interplaties 6 730 7 350 7 450 4 450 4 670 5 344 1 1 WC041 Kamaland 1 400 1 600 1 750 890 934 967 1 000 1	DC3	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	966	1 000								
	Total: Overberg Municipalities	6 750	7 350	7 650	4 450	4 670	4 830	5 244								
	WC041	1 400	1 600	1 750	890	934	967	1 000								
W Cut3 Mosel Bay 1 300 1 450 1 500 890 934 967 2 240 W Cut3 Outade George W Cut4 Outade George 3 28 9 7 2 328 W Cut4 Outade George 1 300 1 450 1 500 8 90 9 34 9 67 1 000 W Cut4 Ditation 1 300 1 450 1 200 8 90 9 34 9 67 1 000 W Cut4 Ditation 1 2 30 1 2 30 1 2 30 1 2 30 9 67 1 000 W Cut4 Ditation 1 2 30 1 2 30 1 2 30 9 67 1 000 W Cut4 Eden District Municipality 1 2 30 1 2 30 8 90 9 34 9 67 1 000 W Cut3 Eden Municipalities 1 4 30 1 6 00 1 7 30 9 67 1 000 W Cut3 Frinee Albert 1 4 30 1 6 00 1 7 30 9 67 1 0 00 0 W Cut3 Frinee Albert 1 4 30 1 6 00 1 2 30	WC042	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	967	1 000								
W CM4 George W CM4 George 3.335 S 3.255 S 3.25	WC043	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	67	2 240								
	WC044	1 300	1 450	1 500	068	934	796	3 285						89 389	50 449	44 311
	WC047	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	106	1 000								
Dc4 Elden District Municipality 1 230 1 230 1 230 1 230 1 230 1 000 1	WC048	1 300	1 450	1 500	890	934	967	1 000								
Independenties 10 450 11 550 12 00 7 120 7 472 7 736 12 325 1 WC051 Laingsburg 1 500 1 700 1 850 934 967 1 000 1 967 1 000 1 967 1 000 1 967 1 000 1 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000 967 1 000	C DC4 Eden District Municipality	1 250	1 250	1 250	890	934	967	1 000								
WC051 Laing-burg brine Albert 1 500 1 700 1 850 890 934 967 1 000 WC032 Brine Albert 1 430 1 600 1 750 890 934 967 1 000 WC033 Brine Albert 1 430 1 600 1 550 890 934 967 1 000 WC03 DC3 Central Karso District Municipality 1 240 1 250 890 934 967 1 000 MC3 Central Karso Municipalities 1 260 3 560 3 560 3 736 3 697 9 67 1 000 1 1 Mtal: Central Karso Municipalities 5 6 90 4 3 90 3 560 3 560 3 560 3 736 3 690 1	Total: Eden Municipalities	10 450	11 550	12 000	7 120	7 472	7736	12 325						89 389	50 449	44 311
WC032 Prince Albert 1430 1600 1750 890 934 967 1000 WC035 Decardor Weest 1430 1600 1650 890 934 967 1000 WC035 Decardor Weest 1250 1260 890 934 967 1000 VC035 Decardor Weest 1250 1260 3560 3736 368 4000 7 total 1250 6 500 3 560 3 563 3 600 7 967 1000 7 1 1 total: Central Kareo Municipalities 569 6 130 560 3 560 3 736 3 68 4000 7 1 <td< td=""><td>WC051</td><td>1 500</td><td>1 700</td><td>1 850</td><td>890</td><td>934</td><td>967</td><td>1 000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	WC051	1 500	1 700	1 850	890	934	967	1 000								
WC033 Beaufort West 1 450 1 600 1 450 1 600 934 967 1 000 DC5 Central Karoo District Municipality 1 250 1 250 1 250 394 967 1 000 DC5 Central Karoo District Municipality 5 660 6 130 6 500 3 766 3 868 4 000 atal: Central Karoo Municipalities 5 660 6 130 6 500 3 766 3 868 4 000	WC052	1 450	1 600	1 750	890	934	967	1 000								
Dec: Central Active Production 1 ± 200 1 ± 200 1 ± 200 1 ± 200 1 ± 200 1 ± 200 1 ± 200 1 ± 200 1 ± 200 1 ± 200 1 ± 200 1 ± 200 2 ± 200<	WC053	1 450	1 600	1 650	890	934	296	1 000								
ar Action Windepartices 2 to 2 t	Total: Control Vouco Municipalities	027 1	150	007 1	3 560	3572	2060	1 000								
ra Cape Municipalities 39 600 43 300 44 900 25 810 27 086 28 038 66 963 66 963 66 966 66 966 66 966 966	zotai. Central Axaroo Atunicipanues	000 0	ACT A	000 0	0000		000 0	r								
	Total: Wasteen Cone Municipalities	30 600		44 000	75 810	77.086	25.0.35	230 22						441 010	100 LYC	112 696
632.325 660 966		000 60		1	010 07	000 /7	000.07	000 000						016 144		TTC 707
	Unallocated								632 325	996 099	346 500	363 580	376 424			
National Total 449 138 469 799 240 307 252 152 261 060 610 674 632 325 660 966 345 50	National Total	424 798	449 138	469 799	240 307	252 152	261 060	610 674	632 325	996 099	346 500	363 580	376 424	881 305	744 817	862 024

		Water Service	Operating Su	ibsidy Grant	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	Skills Develop	nent Grant	Energy Effici Mans	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant		2014 African Nations Chapionship Host City Operating Grant	ican Nations Chapions City Operating Grant	iship Host t	Integrated C	Integrated City Development Grant	nent Grant	SUB-T	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	ENT
Munchality $200.4t$ ($evoti) 200.4t(evoti) 200.5t(evoti) 200.5t(evoti)$		National and	Municipal Fin	_	National and 1	Municipal Fina	-	Vational and N	1 unicipal Finar	-	Vational and N	funicipal Fina		Vational and I	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Hay 5 800 8 800 8 900 8 000 5		2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)		2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)		2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)		2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)		2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
	ŁN CAPE																		
Intercluit Intercl					5 800 8 200	8 480 12 932	8 989 13 708	8 000	5 000	10 000 10 000				3 193			10 005 141 528	9 980 149 182	20 489 174 958
Interception Interception<																	3 640	2 734	2 817
Outsign Municipatity Control Contro Control Control <td></td> <td>3 440</td> <td>2 534</td> <td>2 617</td>																	3 440	2 534	2 617
Municipality 6000 7000 6000 7000 8000																	3 540 3 440	2 734 2 534	2 917 2 617
Municipality Caliby C																	3 640	2 734	2 817
Municipality. Example																	3 540	2 734	2 917
Municipality 6 000 6 000 7 000 7 000 5 000																	3 335 3 770	2 534 2 534	2 667
Muncipality Commentation Commentation </td <td></td> <td>3 540</td> <td>2 734</td> <td>2 917</td>																	3 540	2 734	2 917
Interclution 6 000 6 000 7 000 5 000	DC10 Cacadu District Municipality																3 140	2 184	2 217
it Municipality 6 000 6 000 7 000 5 000	acadu Municipalities																35 025	25 990	27 120
Attracticitative 6 000 7 000 7 000 5 000																	3 440	2 534	2 617
Intercention 6 000 7 000 7 000 7 000 5 000										5 000							3 440	2 534	7 617
ter Municipality 6000 7000 7000 7000 7000 5000 5000 5000																	3 540	2 734	2 917
tet Municipality 6000 6000 7000 7000 5000 3371 6000 5000																	3 540	2 734	2 917
Intrincipality 6 000 6 000 7 000 7 000 7 000 7 000 8 000 8 000 8 000 8 000 8 000 8 000 9 000								5 000	5 000	5 000							9 720	7 734	7 917
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		000 2	000 2	000 5													3 540	2 734	2 917
Data 2300 3371 1 rict Municipality 10 000 10 000 15 000 3 371 1 rict Municipality 10 000 10 000 15 000 3 371 1 1 rict Municipality 10 000 10 000 10 000 3 180 3 371 1 1 rict Municipality 10 000 10 000 10 000 3 180 3 371 1 1 1 rict Municipality 10 000 10 000 10 000 10 000 10 000 3 180 5 000 5 000 5 000 1 <td>DC12 Analuole District Municipality mathole Municipalities</td> <td>000 9</td> <td>0009</td> <td>7 000</td> <td>T</td> <td>+</td> <td>$\left \right$</td> <td>5 000</td> <td>5 000</td> <td>10 000</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td>T</td> <td>T</td> <td></td> <td>41 925</td> <td>31 722</td> <td>38 736</td>	DC12 Analuole District Municipality mathole Municipalities	000 9	0009	7 000	T	+	$\left \right $	5 000	5 000	10 000	+	+	+	T	T		41 925	31 722	38 736
icit Municipality 10 000 10 000 15 000 3 180 3 371 icit Municipality 10 000 10 000 15 000 3 180 3 371 icit Municipality 10 000 10 000 10 000 10 000 10 000 icit Municipality 10 000 10 000 10 000 3 180 3 371 icit Municipality 10 000 10 000 10 000 10 000 3 180 3 000 indyclo 10 000 10 000 10 000 10 000 1 180 5 000 5 000 indyclo 10 000 10 000 1 0000 3 180 5 000 5 000 indyclo 10 000 1 0000 1 0000 3 180 5 000 5 000 indyclo 1 0000 1 0000 1 0000 3 180 5 000 5 000 interMunicipality 1 5 000 8 000 9 180 5 000 5 000 interMunicipality 1 5 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 5 000 interMunicipality 1 5 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 5 000 interMunicipality 1 5 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 5 000	EC131 Invulve Vadiaemba																3 440	2 53.0	2 617
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tict Municipality 10 000 10 000 15 000 2 300 3 371					2 300	3 180	3 371										6 255	5 714	5 988
ict Municipality 10 000 10 000 15 000 3 31 3 371 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 3 300 <td></td> <td>3 440</td> <td></td> <td>2 617</td>																	3 440		2 617
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rict Municipality 10 000 10 000 15 000 2 300 3 371 \sim \sim it Municipality 10 000 10 000 10 000 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 10 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 5 000																	3 440	2 534	2 617
it Municipality 10 000	DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality hris Hani Municinalities	10 000	10 000	15 000	3.300	3 180	3 371										20 835		17 467 42.668
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Indycko 3 000 3 180 5 000 5 000 trict Municipality 10 000 10 000 10 000 3 180 5 000 5 000 trict Municipality 10 000 10 000 10 000 3 180 5 000 5 000 rict Municipality 15 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 5 000 5 000 rict Municipality 15 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 5 000 5 000 rict Municipality 15 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 5 000 5 000	e Gqabi Municipalities	10 000	10 000	10 000													28 658		23 285
Indyction 10 000 10 000 10 000 10 000 5 000																	3 440	2 534	2 617
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$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$																	3 565	2 734	2 917
rtict Municipality 10 000 10 000 10 000 3 000 3 180 5 000 5 000 10 000 1						3 000	3 180	5 000	5 000	5 000							8 440	10 534	10 797
II 0 000	DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality	10 000	10 000	10 000													18 260	12 434	12 467
trict Municipality IS 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 IS 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 IS 000 8 000 9 754 5 000 3 180 IS 000 1 5 000 1 5 000 1 180 IS 000 1	.R.Tambo Municipalities	10 000	10 000	10 000	Ť	3 000	3 180	5 000	5 000	5 000	T	T	T	Ť	T		40 685	33 504	34 332
trict Municipality 15 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 15 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 15 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 15 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 15 000 1 5 000 1 5 000																	6 386	2 534	2 617
rict Municipality 15 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 3 180 4 754 5 000 3 180 5 1 2 000 5 754 5 000 3 180 5 1 2 000 5 1 2 0 000 5 1 0 000 5 1 2 0 000 5 1 0 0 000 5 1 0 000 5 0 000 5 1 0 000 5 0 000 5 0 000 5 0 000 5 0 000 5 0 000 5 0 000 5 0 000 5 0 000 5 0 0000 5 0 000 5																	3 660	2 534	2 617
rict Municipality 15 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 15 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 5 000 8 000 9 754 5 000 3 180 5 000 5 1 75 1 5 000 5 1 75 1 5 000 5 1 80 5 1 000 5 1 75 1 5 000 5 1 75 1 5 000 5 1 75 0 1 5 000 5 0 5																	3 540	2 734	2 917
IS 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 5 000 8 000 9 754 3 000 3 180 5 000 8 000 9 754 10 3 180	DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality	15 000	8 000	9 754		3 000	3 180										23 170	13 184	15 151
	lfred Nzo Municipalities	15 000	8 000	9 754		3 000	3 180										40 196	23 520	25 919
E1 ANA 11 ANA 21 52 12 22 120 18 ANA 15 ANA																			
21 000 21 000 22 22 22 200 20 20 292 22 22 22 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities	51 000	44 000	51 754	16 300	30 592	32 428	18 000	15 000	35 000				3 193			389 492	333 100	387 507

	Water Service	s Operating Su	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	infrastructure (škills Developr		Energy Efficie Manag	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant		2014 African Nations Chapionship Host City Onerating Grant	ican Nations Chapions City Onerating Grant		ntegrated Cit	Integrated City Development Grant	nt Grant	SUB-TC	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	ENT
	National and	Municipal Fin	_	National and N	Aunicipal Fina	_	ational and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	-	National and Municipal Financial Year	nicipal Financ	-	tional and M	unicipal Finar	ncial Year	National and	Municipal Fin	ancial Year
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)		2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)		2013/14 2013/14 2000)	2014/15 20 (R'000) (R	-	2013/14 2((R'000) (1	2014/15 2 (R'000) (i		2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
FREESTATE																		
A MAN Mangaung	6 900										_	_				12 296	1 500	1 500
FS161																3 540	2 734	2 917
B FS162 Kopanong D ES162 Metabore	2 712	2 645														6152	5 179	2 617
50164 FS164																3 540	4C1 2 2 73.4	1167
C DC16 Xharen District Municipality																3 140	2 184	2 217
Ē	2 712	2 645														19912	15 565	13 585
																3 540	2 734	2 0 17
FS182																3 540	2 730	2 910
FS183																3 540	2 734	2 917
B FS184 Matjhabeng																3 440	2 534	2 617
FS185																3 540	2 734	2 917
C DC18 Lejweleputswa District Municipality Total-1 ziwelemitswa Municipalities				+	+											5 140 20 740	15 650	16 405
10tai. Legueswa muurchantees																01/07	AGO CT	
B FS191 Setsoto																4 190	2 534	2 617
FS192	2 200	3 680	2 000													5 640	6 214	4 617
FS193	000 2	300 5	000 0					2000	10,000							3 440	2 534	2 617
	000 c	6/64	0667					000 c	000 OT							3 540	406 II	100 CT
FS196							5 000									8440	2 534	2 617
DC19									_				_	_		3 140	2 184	2 217
Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	7 200	8 055	4 990				5 000	5 000	10 000							46 040	30 643	33 209
																3 440	2 534	2 617
FS203																3 440	2 534	2 617
	2 712	2 983	3 500													6152	5 517	6 117
FS205							5000	5 000	5 000							8 540	7 734	7 917
C DCZ0 Fezile Dabi District Municipality Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	112 6	2.083	3 500	+	T		2000	2 000	5 000				T	T		3 140 24 712	20 503	2.21/
TOTAL FEEDE DAD FRUITCHAILIES	711 7	7007	00000				2000	000 0	000 0								000 07	CO+ 17
	;									+	-							
Total: Free State Municipalities	19 524	13 683	8 490				10 000	10 000	15 000							123 700	83 861	86 274
GAUTENG																		
							11 000	10.000	10,000				8.808			31.463	11 250	11 250
A JHB City of Johannesburg							000 11	5 000	10 000				00000			358 684	242 250	298 250
TSH	14 000	15 000						10 000	10 000		_		8 096			56766	30 000	14 700
R GT/01 Emérilani				30.000	33 070	35 055										37.075	36 304	28,477
				000.00	07/00	~~~~~	7 000	5 000	5 000							10 190	7 384	7 467
GT423																3 190	2 384	2 467
DC42																3 140	2 184	2 217
Total: Sedibeng Municipalities				30 000	33 920	35 955	7 000	5 000	5 000							53 595	48 256	50 573
GT481																4 084	2 384	2 467
B GT482 Randfontein							5 000	5 000	5 000							8 190	7 384	7 467
GT483				3 000	3 604	3 820										6 190	5 988	6 287
B GT484 Merafong City																3 960	2 534	2 617
ž				3 000	3 604	3 820	5 000	5 000	5 000							25 564	20.474	21 055
				000 7	,	040 0		000 0	2000									
	000 1	000		000 55	101 10	200	000 00	000 20	000.01				1001				000 000	200 000
1 0tat: Gauteng Municipanties	14 000	MM CT		000 00	47C /C	61160	000 07	nnn ec	40 000				10 M04			7/0 075	067 766	070 660

	Water Service	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	bsidy Grant I	ufrastructure	Skills Developi	ment Grant	Energy Effic Man	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant		2014 African City	2014 African Nations Chapionship Host City Onerating Grant	onship Host	Integrated (Integrated City Development Grant	nent Grant	SUB-1	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	RENT
	Notional and	Notional and Municipal Enough Voor	_	Notional and N	Notional and Municipal Financial Vaca	+	Notional Nation	Notional and Municipal Financial Veen	_	Notional and	Notional and Municipal Financial Vacu	and Vour	National and	Notional and Municipal Financial Vacu	under Vour	National and	Notional and Municipal Financial Vacu	non ol Voor
Category Municipality	2013/14	2014/15	-	2013/14	2014/15	-	2013/14	2014/15	-	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
	(000 V)	(000 V)	(000 V)	(000 V)	(000 V)	(000 V)	(000 V)	(000 V)	(non V)	(000 V)	(000 V)	(ana v)	(000 V)	(000 V)	(000 V)	(000 V)	(000 V)	(000 V)
A FTH A Theorem				33 000	55 473	222 17	000.01	2000					0 530			177 565	177 543	738 300
				000 00	01-00	ice ti	000 01	200					100 1			000 - 1		
KZN211																2 540	2 734	2 917
																3 540	2 734	2 91
KZN213																2 540	2 734	2 91
KZN214																3 540	2 734	2 917
KZN215																3 540	2 734	2 91
KZN216		0000	0000 1		000 5	001.0	5 000	5 000	5 000							8 440	7 634	717 T
	100 C	00/0	000 -		000 0	001 0	000	000 #	000							210.0	+00 11	10.39
Total: Ugu Municipalities	5 565	6 700	5 000		3 000	3 180	5 000	5 000	5 000							32 845	33 188	32 699
R KZN221 "Mshurathi																3 540	2 73A	2 017
LECUTA																0400	101 1	1167
																2 5 40	400 2 134	110 2
CZZNIZN																0400	40/ 7 70/ 0	1167
477NIZN							000.0	2 000	000.01							0+0 0 Fic Ci	101 1	167
C77N7N							2 UUU	000 C	000 0I							12 314	+cc /	10 71
KZN226																3 540	2 734	2 917
KZN227																3 557	2 734	2 917
C DC22 Umgundlovu District Municipality																3 147	2 184	2 217
Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities							8 000	5 000	10 000							36 618	25 922	32 036
KZN232																5 169	2 534	2 617
																3 540	2 734	2 91
KZN234																3 440	2 534	2 617
KZN235																3 540	2 734	2 91
B KZN236 Imbabazane																3 540	2 734	2 917
C DC23 Uthukela District Municipality	6 000	8 000	5 000													9 140	10 184	7 217
Total:Uthukela Municipalities	000 9	8 000	5 000	-	-			-				-				28 369	23 454	21 202
IFCN2.4																044.0	103 0	19 0
THOUSAN DATA																0 + + 0	+CC 7	710 7
																5 540	2 /30	16.7
KZN244																3 655	2 734	2 917
KZN245																4 100	2 534	2 617
C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality	7 500	7 500	5 000													10 640		7 217
Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities	7 500	7 500	5 000													25 375	20 216	18 278
B KZN252 Newcastle	9 682	10 000	5 000													13 432	12 634	717
																3 540	2 734	2 917
KZN254																3 540	2 734	2 917
DC25	1 500	1 500	5 000													4 890	3 934	7 467
Total: Amainha Municinalities	11 182	11 500	10 000													25 402	22 036	21 018

Category Municipality KZN261 eDumbe KZN261 eDumbe KZN262 abquibasi KZN265 boundubisi KZN265 abquibasi KZN265 boundubisi KZN265 abquibasi KZN265 boundubisi KZN276 Unduct DC265 Zaluband District Municipality DC265 Zaluband District Municipality DC27 Unhabuyatubana KZN271 Umhabuyatubana KZN271 Habisa KZN272 Unhabuyatubana KZN271 Habisa KZN271 Umhabuyatubana KZN271 Habisa KZN271 Umhabusatubanaa KZN271 Habisa KZN273 Unshabusatubanaa KZN273 Habisa KZN281 Wathoutiba KZN283 Naturbanaa KZN281 Municipalities KZN284 Malatrizi KZN283 Naturbanaa KZN284 Malatrizi KZN283 Naturbanaa KZN284 Malatrizi KZN284 Manaai KZN284 Ma	National and Municipal Financial Year 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16						Management Grant	-	CII	City Operating Grant	ant			•			
Category Municipality 20/3 KX2N261 eDunbe (R0) KX2N261 eDunbe (R0) KX2N261 eDunbe (R0) KX2N263 Abaquissi (R0) KX2N265 Abaquissi (R0) KX2N265 Original (R1) KX2N265 Unhlabuyalingana (K2) KX2N27 Unhlabuyalingana (K2) KX2N28 Mubaluka (K2) Milatizi (K2) (K2) KX2N28 Mubaluka (K2) KX2N28 Mubaluka (K2) KX2N28 Namdana (K2) Milatizi (K2) (K2) KX2N28 Namdana (K2) KX2N28 Namdana (K2) Milatizi (K2) (K2) KX2N28 Namdana (K2) Muncipality (K2) (K2) KX2N28	2014/15	nancial Year	National and Municipal Financial Year	Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and 1	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Yea
KZN261 eDunbe KZN262 uPhongolo KZN265 uahongolo KZN265 Nospona KZN265 Nospona KZN265 Nospona KZN265 Utudi XZN266 Utudi DC55 Zahland Municipatity AD1 Urabilities KZN271 Urahland Municipatity AD2 Zahland Municipatities KZN273 The Big 5 False Bay KZN273 Umbhayskude District Municipatity DC23 Unhaburate KZN273 Nambanan KZN28 Natohatwa	(R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
KZN261 6) unbe KZN262 Abaquhsi KZN263 Abaquhsi KZN266 Abaquhsi KZN266 Uluadi DC26 Zululand District Municipality DC26 Zululand District Municipality Municipalities KZN273 The Big 5 False Bay KZN273 Muthoution DC27 Unsharyskiete Municipalities KZN283 Muthoution KZN283 Muthoution KZN283 Muthoution KZN284 Muthoution KZN280 Mandenia KZN291 Mandenia KZN291 Mandenia KZN292 Mandenia KZN292 Mandenia KZN292 Mandenia KZN292 Mandenia KZN292 Mandenia KZN293 Mandenia KZN294 Mandenia KZN294 Mandenia KZN294 Mandenia KZN294 Mandenia KZN294 Mandenia KZN295 MANDANA KZN295 MANDANA KZN205 MANDANA KZN205 MANDANA KZN205 MANDANA KZN205 MANDANA KZN205 MANDANA KZN205 MANDANA KZN205 MANDANA KZN205																	
KZN265 Abaqubasi KZN265 Abaqubasi KZN265 Abaqubasi KZN265 Unadi DC256 Unadi RZN271 Urnhabuyalinguan KZN273 Draini KZN273 The Big 5 False Bay KZN273 The Big 5 False Bay KZN274 Hahsa KZN275 Mubauha KZN275 Mubauha KZN281 Mubauha KZN281 Mubauha KZN281 Mubauha DC27 Unahanyakue District Municipality DC28 Unahanan KZN283 Nanahanan KZN283 Nanahanan KZN283 Nanahanan KZN280 Nanaha KZN280 Nanaha KZN280 Nanaha KZN290 Manden KZN290 Manden															2 540	2 734	2 917
KZN265 Anequats KZN265 Nongoma KZN266 Ulundi DC26 Ulundi DC26 Ulundi KZN271 Umhlabyalingana KZN271 Umhlabyalingana KZN272 Umhlayalingana KZN275 Munbutha KZN275 Munbutha KZN275 Munbutha KZN275 Munbutha KZN275 Munbutha KZN275 Munbutha KZN285 Munbutha KZN288 Munbutha KZN288 Nanola KZN288 Nanola KZN288 Nanola KZN288 Nanola KZN288 Nanola KZN288 Nanola KZN288 Nanola KZN288 Nanola KZN288 Nanola KZN280 Nanola KZN280 Nanola KZN291 Mandeni KZN291 Mandeni KZN291 Mandeni KZN291 Mandeni															0400		10
KZN256 Ultania KZN256 Ultania DC26 Zaluland District Municipality atta: Zubland Mmricipality KZN271 Umhlabuyalingana KZN273 Dub Big 5 False Bay KZN273 The Big 5 False Bay KZN238 Mutholingan KZN238 Mutholingan KZN238 Mutholingan KZN230 Mandan KZN230 Mandein KZN291 Mandein KZN291 Mandein KZN291 Mandein KZN291 Mandein KZN291 Mandein															3 440		2 617
NEXNESS Unundi NEXNESS Unundi Attal: Zubuland Municipalities KZN271 Urhhlabuyalingaaa KZN272 Dorini KZN272 Dorini KZN272 Dorini KZN273 Desini KZN274 Desini KZN275 Desini KZN275 Muthabuyalingaaa KZN275 Muthabuba KZN275 Muthabuba DC27 Urhkhunyakude District Municipality DC27 Urhkhunyakude District Municipality DC27 Urhkhunyakude District Municipality DC28 Nanahanna KZN285 Nanahanna KZN285 Nanahanna KZN286 Nanahanna KZN286 Nanahanna KZN288 Nanahanna KZN288 Nanahanna KZN288 Nanahanna KZN288 Nanahanna KZN288 Nanahanna KZN289 Nanahanna KZN291 Mancipality Data: Uthmicipality Data: Uthmicipality Data: KZN291 Mancin KZN291 Mancin KZN291															5 240		116.7
atal: Zahland Municipattics municipatity KZN271 Urahlabuyalingana KZN272 Urahlabuyalingana KZN273 The Big 5 False Bay KZN273 The Big 5 False Bay KZN275 Muhautha KZN275 Muhautha KZN275 Muhautha KZN281 Mufolozi KZN281 Mufolozi KZN283 Mufolozi KZN283 Mutolozi KZN283 Mutolozi KZN291 Mandeni KZN291 Mandeni															3 440	2 534	2 617
atal: Zahuland Municipalities KZN271 Urnhlabuyalingana KZN273 Jozini KZN273 Jozini KZN275 Josini KZN275 Mubauba KZN275 Mubauba DC275 Mubauba KZN281 Urnhanyakudo District Municipality DC275 Urnhanyakudo District Municipality KZN281 Wildouzi KZN284 Minduzi KZN284 Minduzi KZN284 Muhatuze KZN284 Muhatuze KZN294 Muhatuze KZN292 Kwubkuza															13 903		1.7
KZN271 Umhlabuyalingana KZN272 Jozini KZN272 Jozini KZN273 The Big 5 False Bay KZN275 Mutbauta KZN275 Mutbauta KZN275 Mutbauta DC27 Umhlanusa KZN281 Molozi KZN281 Molozi KZN282 Nambanana KZN282 Nambanana KZN282 Nambanana KZN280 Nambanana KZN280 Nambanana KZN280 Nambanana KZN280 Nambanana KZN280 Nambanana KZN280 Nambanana KZN291 Mundepaltes DC28 Vandeba	1 7 230	5 000													30 403	22 684	21 202
KZN273 Jozin KZN273 Jozin KZN273 The Big 5 False Bay KZN273 The Big 5 False Bay KZN275 Huhoka KZN275 Unshinyashade District Municipality DC27 Unshinyashade District Municipality KZN283 Mufolozi KZN283 Nutholities KZN283 Nutholities KZN283 Nutholities KZN285 Nutholitien KZN286 Nutholitien KZN286 Nutholitien KZN286 Nutholitien KZN280 Nutholitien KZN280 Nutholitien KZN291 Munden Matter District Municipality DC28 Vandla															0720		6
KZN221 DoZmi KZN273 DeZmi KZN274 Hlabisa 5 False Bay KZN274 Hlabisa KZN274 Hlabisa KZN281 Mubaurha KZN281 Umkhanyskade District Municipality Michanyskade District Municipality KZN284 Muhathuze KZN284 Muhathuze KZN284 Muhathuze KZN284 Muhathuze KZN284 Muhathuze KZN284 Muhathuze KZN284 Muhathuze KZN284 Muhathuze KZN284 Muhathuze KZN284 Muhathuze KZN285 Kuthakan KZN290 Muateh KZN292 Kwubhatra KZN292 Kwubhatra KZN292 Kwubhatra															0.5040		1167
KZN274 The Big 5 False Bay KZN274 Habian DC27 Umbauthe DC27 Umbauthe KZN281 Mfolozi KZN281 Mfolozi KZN281 Mfolozi KZN282 Nambanna KZN282 Nambanna KZN282 Nambanna KZN282 Nambanna KZN280 Nambana KZN280 Nambana KZN290 Manden KZN291 Manden KZN291 Manden KZN292 Kwubbara															3 540		2.917
KZN275 Mutahataka KZN275 Mutahataka DC27 Umkhanyakude District Municipality KZN281 Mufolozi KZN282 Nufnahme KZN283 Nutohimea KZN285 Nutohimea KZN286 Nutohimean KZN286 Nutohimean KZN286 Nutohimean KZN286 Nutohimean KZN286 Nutohimean KZN286 Nutohimean KZN286 Nutohimean KZN286 Nutohimean KZN280 Nutohimean KZN291 Mandein KZN291 Mandein KZN291 Kwulokuza															2 540	2 /34	116.7
NLZV2: Mutbaurda NLZV2: Mutbaurda Nutbaurda Nutbaurda KZN281 Midozi KZN282 uMhathuze KZN282 uMhathuze KZN284 Numbauran KZN284 Numbauran KZN285 Numbauran KZN286 Numbauran KZN286 Numbauran KZN286 Numbauran KZN286 Numbauran KZN287 Numbauran KZN286 Numbauran KZN287 Numbauran KZN288 Numbauran KZN290 Numbauran KZN291 Numbauran KZN292 Kwubbauran KZN292 Kwubbauran KZN292 Kwubbauran															0455		2 4
atal: Umkharyatatata matunayanane Danata yanun puny kutakanyatatata hanicipalities KZN381 Mfolozi KZN382 udhilathaza KZN383 Nanuhaman KZN383 Mfonjareni KZN384 Mflathazai KZN384 Mflathazai KZN393 Manda District Municipality Data: Uthungulu District Municipality Mundepalities KZN392 Kwubkaza	2 200	2000													5 240 12 167		1167
nai: Umkňaryakoue Municipalities KZN281 Mfolozi KZN283 Uuchlaituze KZN283 Uuchlaituze KZN284 UMlatári KZN285 Mitonjaiseni KZN286 Nikardá D2286 Uthangulu District Municipality D2286 Uthangulu Municipalities KZN291 Mandeni KZN292 KwaDukaza								Ť	Ť	T	Ť	T			201 21		
KZN281 Mfolozi KZN282 uMhlathuze KZN282 uMhlathuze KZN284 uMhlathuze KZN286 Mtholajaeni KZN286 Mtholajaeni KZN286 Mtanda DC28 Uthangulu District Municipality DC28 Uthangulu District Municipality Municipalities KZN292 KwuDokuza KZN392 KwuDokuza	2 5 900	5 000													28 862	21 754	21 802
KZN382 uMhidutze KZN382 uMhidutze KZN384 uMialazi KZN384 Muhalazi KZN286 Mthoganeni KZN286 Mthogalazi KZN280 Mtanda DC28 Uthungulu District Municipality DC28 Uthungulu District Municipality KZN39 Mtandeni KZN32 KwuDokuza															3 540		2.917
KZN355 Naturation KZN358 Naturation KZN358 Mthonjanan KZN358 Mthonjanen KZN356 Naturation KZN356 Naturation KZN356 Naturation humerin Manden KZN3291 Manden KZN322 KwuDokarati	6 800	\$ 000	1 000	1 150	1710			10.000							14 650	13 787	77 370
KZN384 uMidata KZN384 uMidata KZN285 Mikonjaneni KZN286 Nikandia DZ28 Uthungulu District Municipality Atal: Uthungulu Municipalities Marxis KZN291 Mandeni KZN292 KwaDukuza				101	-			000.01							3 540		C10 C
KZN385 Mthomani KZN385 Mthomani KZN385 Mthomani KZN385 Mthangatu Mtarki KZN39 Mtarki KZN39 Mtarki KZN392 KwaDikuza															3 440		2 617
KZN366 Nkanda KZN366 Uthmgulu District Municipality DC28 Uthmgulu District Municipalities It Uthungulu Municipalities KZN291 Mandeni KZN292 KwaDukuza															3 540		2 917
AZNOSO 1 reasonation DC280 Urbangiul District Municipality Atal: Uthungulu Municipalities KZN291 Mandeni KZN292 KwaDukuza															5 370		2 017
otal: Uthungulu Municipalities KZN391 Mandenia KZN392 Mandenia KZN392 Kwubbara	4 5 374	5 000													8104	7 558	7 217
oren, concegner orenec-pointes KZN292 KwaDukuza KZN292 KwaDukuza			4 000	4 457	4 710		T	10.000							421.04	ľ	13 831
KZN291 KZN292		000 0T	4 000	4 402	4/13			000 0T							1 01 7 1		40 G4
KZN292															3 540		2 917
						5 000	5 000	10 000							8 440	7 634	12 617
B KZN293 Ndwedwe															3 540		2 917
VOCNZA															3 5/10		2 017
LCD0	1 2 2 6 1	5 000 s													076.61		
nicinalities		5 000				5 000	5 000	10 000							33.330		28 585
															3 540		2 917
KZN432															3 540		2 917
KZN433															3 440	2 634	2 617
KZN434															3 540		2 917
B KZN435 Umzimkhulu															3 540		2 917
C DC43 Sisonke District Municipality	7 042					5 000									9 879		7 217
Total: Sisonke Municipalities	7 042	5 000				5000									27 479	22 796	21 502
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municinalities 60 563	3 73 007	55 000	37 000	50 075	87 736	13 000	20.000	35 000		t	T	9 530			483 441	475 784	500.455

	Water Servic	es Operating S	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant Infrastructure Skills	Infrastructur	e Skills Deve	Development Grant		Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant	emand Side ant	2014 Africat City	2014 African Nations Chapionship Host City Operating Grant	onship Host ant	Integrated	Integrated City Development Grant	nent Grant	SUB-	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	RENT
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	inancial Year	National and	1 Municipal 1	National and Municipal Financial Year	-	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	inancial Ye
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
LIMPOPO																		
																3 440		
LIM332				_												3 638		
		_		-			5 000	5 000	5 000							9 15(7 534	
LIM334		_		_					_							3440		2 617
LIM355 Maruleng DC33 Mopani District Municipality	20 000	39 868	44 867													23 140	7	
Total: Mopani Municipalities	20 000						5 000	5 000	5 000							46 348		
B LIM341 Musina																3.54(2 917
LIM342		_		-												3 540		
LIM343		_		-												4 175	2 534	
-+				_					_							3 440		
DC34 Vhembe District Municipality	57 219		62 130	-												64 014		64 347
Fotal: Vhembe Municipalities	57 219	61 272	62 130													78 709	73 992	75 415
LIM351 Blouberg																3 540		2 917
		_		_					_							3 540		
		_		-												3 440		
	10 000	_	6 000	3 200	4 240	0 4 494	4 10 000	5 000	_							30 354		
LIM355 Lepele-Nkumpi	00 660	002 21	30,000				2000 2	2 000	10.000							3 638	2 534	2 617
1Ē	30 669			3 200	4 240	0 4 494										73 321		
LIM361 Thabazimbi	000 ii		000 1													3 440	2 534	2 617
	000 C	_	000 C		_				_	_						0.000		
LINI264 MOOKgopong I IM365 Modimolla		_		_			2000	5 000	_							5 240 8 440		
		_		_					_							3440		
	5 000	_	5 000	_					_							8 594	2 534	
		_		-												3 140		
Total: Waterberg Municipalities	10 000		10 000				5 000	5 000								39 149	22 588	28 219
							5 000	5 000								8 440		
		_							_	_						3 44(
		_		-												3 440		2 617
		_		-												3 540		
B LIM475 Greater Tubatse	000 11				00 0				_							3 440	2 534	2 617
Cotal: Sekhukhune Municipalities	15 000	41 940	51 945		000 C	3 180	2000	5 000								40 440		
	000 001	000007	010100	0000														

	Water Service	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	osidy Grant In	frastructure S.	kills Developm		Energy Efficic Manag	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant		2014 African Nations Chapionship Host City Operating Grant	ican Nations Chapions City Operating Grant	ship Host	Integrated City Development Grant	ty Developme	nt Grant	T-BUB-T	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	ENT
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and M	unicipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	unicipal Finan		National and Municipal Financial Year	unicipal Finan		National and Municipal Financial Year	Iunicipal Fins	mcial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Cataonery Municipality	2013/14	2014/15		-	2014/15		_	-		2013/14	2014/15		2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
MPUMALANGA																		
MP301	12 260	9 007	7 899													18 485	11 541	10 516
B MP302 Msukaligwa																3 440	2 534	2 617
MP303																4 394	2 534	2 617
MP304																5 512	2 534	2 617
MP305																3 496	2 534	2 617
																3 440	2 734	2 917
																4 591	2 534	2 617
C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality																3 140	2 184	2 217
Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	12 260	9 007	7 899													46 498	29 129	28 735
MP311																3 905	2 534	2 617
MP312									5 000							4 034	2 534	7 617
MP313							5 000	5 000	5 000							9.079	7 534	7 617
																3 440	2 734	2 917
B MP315 Thembisile	5 000	5 000	5 000													10 282	7 534	7 617
	10 925	10 000	15 000													16 461	12 534	17 617
C DC31 Nkangala District Municipality																3 140	2 184	2 217
Total: Nkangala Municipalities	15 925	15 000	20 000				5 000	5 000	$10\ 000$							50 341	37 588	48 219
B MP321 Thaba Chweii	3 000	3 000	3 000													6 440	5 534	5 617
	9 180	10 630	10 455				5 000		2 005							18 315	13 164	15 077
MP323																3 726	2 534	2 617
MP324	8 493	4 000	4 127													16 977	6 534	6 744
B MP325 Bushbuckridge	10 522	25 000	30 000													15 558	27 534	32 617
C DC32 Ehlanzeni District Municipality							5 000									8 390	2 434	2 467
Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities	31 195	42 630	47 582				10 000		2 005							69 406	57 734	65 139
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	59 380	66 637	75 481				15 000	5 000	12 005							166 245	124 451	142 093

	Water Servic	s Operating (Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	Infrastructu	re Skills Dev	elopment Gra		Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant	Demand Side trant	2014 Afric C	ican Nations Chapions City Operating Grant	2014 African Nations Chapionship Host City Operating Grant	Integrate	l City Develo	Integrated City Development Grant	SUB-	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	RENT
	National and	Municipal F	National and Municipal Financial Year		d Municipal	Final		National and Municipal Financial Year	Financial Year		nd Municipal	Final		d Municipal	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)		2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE																		
NC061 Richtereveld																3 540	2 734	2 917
																3 440		2 617
																3 540		2 017
																3 540		210 2
																3 540	121 7 7 2 2	210 0
																3 540		2.917
																3 140		2 217
Total: Namakwa Municipalities																24 280	18 388	19419
																3 540	2 /34	2 917
							5 000	00 5 000	10 000	0						8 540		12 91
																3 440		2 617
																3 540		2 917
																3 540		2 917
																3 540		2 917
																3 540		2 917
~																3 540		2 917
DC7 Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality																3 140		2 217
Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities							5 000	5 000	00 10 000	9						36 360	28 856	35 253
NC081 Mier																3 540	2 734	2 917
																3 540		2.917
																3 440		2 617
																3 540		2 9 17
																3 540		2 917
																3 540	2 734	2 017
																3 140		2 217
Total: Siyanda Municipalities																24 280		19 419
				3 000	0 4452	52 4719	19 5 000	00 5 000	10 000	9						17 058		17 336
																3 540		2.91
																3 540		2 917
_	10 000	13 000	13 000													13 440		15 617
DC9 Frances Baard District Municipality	-															3 140		2 219
Total: Frances Baard Municipalities	10 000	13 000	13 000	3 000	9 452	52 4719	19 5 000	0 5 000	00 10 000	0						40 718	35 172	41 006
	8 000															11 440		2 617
	6 500	11 500	5 000													9 940		7 617
					000 0											3 440		2 617
C DC45 JOIN I aolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	00- 1	1 / 200			000 0		0									5 140	20.20	146.6
al: Jonn 1aolo Gaetsewe Municipanues	14 200	000 01	000 0		00	0.81 6 00	00	+								106 / 7		15 245
		000 00	00001															

								-	F									
	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant Infrastructure	Operating Su	bsidy Grant I	nfrastructure	Skills Development Grant	ment Grant	Energy Erner Man:	Energy Etriciency and Demand Side Management Grant		2014 AITICAN NAUONS CHAPIONSINP FIOSI City Operating Grant	can ivauons Chapions City Operating Grant	smp rrost t	Integrated Ci	Integrated City Development Grant	nt Grant	SUB-T	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	INS
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and	Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	funicipal Fina		Vational and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
NORTH WEST																		
B NW371 Moretele	3 000	4 500	5 000													6 615	7 034	7 617
NW372	8 650	11 000	8 525													13 663	13 534	11 142
NW373							5 722	5 000	5 000							16 152	7 534	7 617
NW374																3 540	2 734	2 917
B NW375 Moses Kotane C DC37 Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	5 300	5 500	16 000													10 126 3 140	8 034 2 184	18 617 2 217
Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	16 950	21 000	29 525				5 722	5 000	5 000							53 236	41 054	50 127
B NW381 Ratiou																3 620	2 734	2 917
																3 540	2 734	2 917
B NW383 Mafikeng							5 000	5 000	5 000							11 160	7 534	7 617
				3 000	4 240	4 494										7 422	6 770	7 111
B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa																3 575	2 534	2 617
C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	14 000	15 100	15 100													17 140	17 284	17 317
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	14 000	15 100	15 100	3000	4 240	4 494	5 000	5 000	5 000							46 457	39 590	40 496
B NW392 Naledi							5 000	5 000								8 440	7 534	2 617
NW/202							200	200								3 5 40	100 0	510 c
CCC M NI																0400	101 0	116.7
NW 394																5 540	2 /34	116 7
																3 440	2 534	7 01/
																4 488	3 518	3 516
C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	0006	6 278	10 200													12 808	8 462	12 417
Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	0006	6 278	10 200				5 000	5 000								36 256	27 516	27 001
TOPALL																e e		1000
104MN																040.0	2 /34	116.7
NW402																3 440	2 534	710 7
NW403																3 440	2 534	7 01/
																3 440	2 534	2 617
C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality																3 140	2 184	2 217
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities									_							17 000	12 520	12 985
Total: North West Municipalities	39 950	42 378	54 825	3 000	4 240	4 494	15 722	15 000	10 000							152 949	120 680	130 609

ANNEXURE W4	SPECIFIC PURPOSE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5B); CURRENT GRANTS 2 OF 2
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	Water Servic	ses Operating S	Water Services Operating Subsidy Grant Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	Infrastructure	e Skills Develo	pment Grant	Energy Effic Man	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant		2014 African N City O	2014 African Nations Chapionship Host City Operating Grant		Integrated City Development Grant	Developmen	t Grant	SUB-TG	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	ENT
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	-	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	-	National and Municipal Financial Year	nicipal Final	ncial Year	National and Municipal Financial Year	Municipal Fi	ancial Year
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)		2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 201 (R'000) (R'		2013/14 2((R'000) (I	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
WESTERN CAPE																		
A CPT City of Cape Town							11 000	5 415	10 000	63 000			10 364			470 215	224 213	229 250
B WC011 Matzikama	340															3 530	2 744	2 84
WC012	2 000	2 500	800													5 190	4 884	3 267
WC013																3 190	2 384	2 467
																3 744	2 384	2 467
WC015							5 000	5 000								8 190	7 384	2 467
C DCI West Coast District Municipanty	0100	2.070					000 -	000								0 140	2104	117 7
I otal: West Coast Municipancies	046.2		11//				nn c	000 0								106 07	71 904	7/ 51
B WC022 Witzenberg																3 190	2 384	2 46
WC023							5 000	5 000	5 000							8 190	7 384	7 46
																3 950	2 384	2 467
WC025																3 190	2 384	2 467
9																3 190	2 384	2 467
C DC2 Cape Winelands District Municipality												+				3 140	2 184	2 217
Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities							5 000	5 000	5 000							24 850	19 104	19 55
120031																000 0	1030	19 0
B WCU31 Incewaterskioof B WC032 Overstrand																3 430	2 384	2 010
WC032																t 9 - 6	2 384	2 466
WC034																3 290	2 534	2 71
DC3																3 140	2 184	2 216
Total: Overberg Municipalities																16 444	12 020	12 480
																000 0	101.0	
																3 290	2 534	2.117
WC042																061.5	2 384	99
B WC043 Mossel Bay				000 6	CSFF	012.4	2000 2	2000 2	2000							4 4.30	2 584	2 407
WC045	1 000	005	023	000 r	407	f f	000 0	000 0	0000 0							102 701	2 190	101 00
WC047																3 190	2 384	2 467
WC048																3 190	2 384	2 46
																3 140	2 184	2 217
Total: Eden Municipalities	7 800	805	570	3 000	4 452	4719	5 000	5 000	5 000							135 084	79 728	74 336
																3 390	2 634	2 817
WC052																3 340	2 534	2.71
3																	2 534	2 617
C DC5 Central Karoo District Municipality																3 140	2 184	2.21
Total: Central Karoo Municipalities							+		T			+		+		13 210	9 886	10 368
Total: Western Cane Municinalities	10 140	3 665	1 747	3 000	4 452	4719	26.000	20.415	20.000	63 000		+	10 364	+		686 787	366.915	361 715
				2000			000 07		0000	000 00						0.000		11 100
Unallocated										57 000				150 000	150 000	403 500	1 145 905	1 187 390
National Total	420 945	449 558	470 239	98 500	154 425	179 226	180 722	155 415	202 005	120 000			40 000	150 000	150 000	3 363 751	3 351 410	3 631 743

ANNEXURE W5

INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULES 4B AND 5B)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

.

Category EASTERN CAPE A BUF Buffalo A NMA Nelson J B EC101 Blue Cradeb B EC102 Blue Cradeb B EC103 Blandb B EC105 Nalambe B EC105 Nalambe B EC105 Nalambe B EC105 Nalambe	Municipality Buffalo City Noton Marchal Rav	National and Municipal Financial Year 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16	Municipal Fin		Notional and	Municipal Fin	ancial Year	Mational and	and Municinal Financ				Town Var	National and		
Category ASTERN CAPE BUF NMA EC101 EC103 EC103 EC103 EC103 EC103 EC104 EC105 EC106	dela Bay	2013/14		nancial Year	Nauonai anu.			National and	TALANTA AND A	ancial Year	National and	l Municipal Fi	Dalicial rear	A THE MAN AND A MAN AND A MAN	Municipal Fin	ancial y ear
ASTERN CAPE BUF NMA EC101 EC102 EC103 EC105 EC105 EC106 EC106	falo City com Mandola Rav	(R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
BUF NMA EC101 EC102 EC104 EC104 EC106 EC106 EC106	falo City son Mandela Rav															
EC101 EC102 EC103 EC103 EC104 EC106 EC106	fng monute not				613 305 727 986	698 290 828 863	722 958 858 144	10000 30000	10 000 30 000	10 000 30 000	70 000	170 000	250 000			
ECI02 ECI03 ECI04 ECI05 ECI06	Camdeboo	14 939		13 640												
EC103 EC104 EC105 EC105 EC106	Blue Crane Route	19 315		14 304												
EC105 EC106 EC106	eZi	9 725 77 008						2000								
EC106 FC107	Ndlambe	25 853						000 C								
FC107	Sundays River Valley	23 346														
FCIO	Baviaans	12 030														
EC108	1ga V	28 327	29 850					5 000								
DC10	rou-ramma Cacadu District Municipality	10 204														
otal: Cacadu Munic	lities	178 397	164 827	169 190				10 000								
	Mbhashe	47 214	54 066	58 175										4 500	4 500	4 3 2 8
EC122	Mnquma	56 046												4 000	4 500	4 000
EC123 EC124	Great Kei	13 696 20 110	12 821													
	Allallalla	2011 67	092 00													
EC127	Nkonkobe	29 147	32 228													
EC128	lba	11 136														
C DC12 Am	Amathole District Municipality	399 847	4	456 324				10 000								
Total: Amathole Municipalities	palities	607 689	648 719	693 687				10 000						8 500	000 6	8328
R EC131 Invi	Invulsa Vathamba	14 104	15 222	16.084												
EC131	Inaua i curenda Tsolwana	11 823	12 265	12 969												
EC133	Inkwanca	9 485	9 156													
EC134	Lukanji	34 537														
B ECI35 Ints B ECI36 Em	Intsika Yethu Emolohlani	35 042	38 883 30 001	41 631												
EC137	Engeobo	31 257												4 511	4 000	4 000
EC138	Sakhisizwe	16 596	17 474													
C DC13 Chri	Chris Hani District Municipality	327 771	277 975													
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities	sipalities	507 896	475 513	495 574										4 511	4 000	4000
EC141	Dundini	37 046												0001	1 500	0001
		31 953						5 000						000 t	0007 +	000+
EC143	Maletswai	14 526	12 033					2								
EC144	iep	11 434	10 981	11 411												
DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	165 792	151 566	160 521												
Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities	palities	255 753	246 954	261 966				5 000	Ť					4 000	4500	4000
EC153	Neguza Hill	44 591														
EC154	Port St Johns	28 366						5 000								
EC155	Nyandeni	48 566	56 367	60 740												
B ECI56 Mh	Mhlontlo	37 221	40 703					0000	000	2000				0001	1 500	000 P
DC15	Kung Sabata Dannuyeoo O R Tambo District Municinality	06 0/2	ou 133 604 768					000 0	000 0	000 0				4 000	00C +	1000+
otal: O.R.Tambo M	cipalities	875 750	864 621					10 000	5 000	5 000				4 000	4 500	4000
EC441	Matatiele	40 457	45 792	49 174										4 000	4 500	4 000
B EC442 Um: B EC442 Misi	Umzimvubu Mhizana	40 066	45 523 45 004	40 294												
EC444	Mabankulu	24 271	25 592	27 163												
DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	354 885	357 608	381 134												
Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	ipalities	499 976	517 339	552 047										4 000	4 500	4 0 0 0
Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities	nicipalities	2 925 461	2 917 973	3 093 818	1341 291	1527153	1 581 102	75000	45 000	45 000	70 000	170 000	250 000	25 011	26 500	24328

							-	(Pan)	(Srant (Canital (Srant)				-			
		National and	1 Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and	Municipal Fin.	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	Municipal Fi	nancial Year	National and N	Municipal Fina	uncial Year
Category	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
FREE STATE																
A MAN	Mangaung				596 719	679 406	703 407		5 000	5 000	20 000	T				
B FS161	Letsemeng	20 972	17 254	17 511												
	Kopanong	22 331		21 046												
B FS163 B FS164	Mohokare Molodi	1/ 88/	17471	18 338												
	Nateur Xharien District Municipality	C67 01		700 CT												
otal: Xha	icipalities	77 485	68 221	70 497												
4				001 10												
B FS181 B FS187	Masilonyana Tokolomo	34 921		24 402												
B FS183	Tswelopele	28 809	23 703	16 468												
	Matjhabeng	189 907		118 586												
B FS185	Vala 1. sirvelentereo Dieteiet Municipality	52 565	43 248	29 605												
otal: Lejv	Lejwereputswa District Municipanty a Municipalities	326 764	268 846	205 594						T						
	Setsoto	72 513		47 423												
	Dihlabeng	49 116		38 592												
	Nketoana	167.75	2/ 5 97	160 500										000 F	1 500	2000
B FS195	Matuti-a-ruotung Phumelela	25 277		21 021										1000 +	00C +	000 0
	Mantsopa	26 227	21 578	19 946												
C DC19	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality											-				
Total: Thabo Mofut	Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	402 753	335 063	314 822										4 000	4 500	5 000
	M - + - 1	103 11														
	Moqnaka Nowathe	47 889														
B FS204	Metsimaholo	44 734	42 165	44 584												
B FS205	Mafube	24 533														
C DC20 Totol: Fordlo Debi M	Fezile Dabi District Municipality	161 600	141 624	140.020												
	uncipatures	000 T0T	170 TLT	(70 CHT												
		000 000	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	C10 002	207 110	CT0 407	T01 10T		000	000	000.05			1 000	1 500	000
1 0tal: Free State M	uncipanues	700 006	+c/ c10	776 601	61/ 0/6	0/7 400	/02 40/		000 0	000 0	000 07			4 000	4 200	MAG
GAUTENG																
A EKU	Ekurhuleni				1 584 912		1 868 280	20 000	20 000	20 000	243 543					
JHB TSH	City of Johannesburg City of Tehwane				1 290 611	1 695 189	1 755 074	100 000	140 000	140 000	893 766 773 761	1 059 571	963 673			
	City 01 1311WallC				110 0/7 1		100 170 1	000001	000 04-1	000 04-1	101 011	110 000				
B GT421 B GT427	Emfuleni Midvaal	151 925 28 258	157 838 29 855	31 739					5 000	5 000						
	Lesedi	26 649														
C DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	000 700						5 000		1						
Total: Sedibeng Municipalities	ncipalities	206 832	212 744	226 786				2 000	2 000	2 000						
B GT481	Mogale City	94 096						10 000	10 000	10 000						
	Randfontein	35 064														
B GT483 B GT484	Westonaria Merafono City	62 402 70 410	51 342 57 929	47 855 57 838												
C DC48	West Rand District Municipality							10 000	10 000	10 000						
Total: West Rand Municipalities	unicipalities	261 972	240 804	245 634				20 000	20 000	20 000		-				
Total: Gauteng Municipalities	icinalities	468 804	453 548	472 420	4364400	4969171	5 144 715	245 000	325 000	325 000	1 911 070	2 055 142	2 063 673		+	

	Municipa	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Urban Settleı	Urban Settlements Development Grant	ment Grant	Neighbourhoo Grar	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Cabital Grant)	Partnership t)	Public Trans	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	icutre Grant	Rural House	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	icture Grant
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
KWAZULU-NATAL															
A ETH eThekwini				1 580 999	1 800 075	1 863 667	60 000	60 000	60 000	707 366	884 751	937 287			
B KZN211 Viilamehlo	16 959	18 009	19 047												
KZN212	17 547	19 379	20 601												
	31 189	33 392	35 581										4 000	4 500	5 000
KZN214	20 011	21 910													
KZN215	13 474	13 994													
9	40 173	47 929	51 741												
C DC21 Ugu District Municipality	275 304	245 345	259 725												
Total: Ugu Municipalities	414 657	399 958	424 704										4 000	4 500	5000
idioudaMu ICCNZX B	906 66	25 716													
177NIZN	067 77	01/ 77					0000								
777N/7N	716.91	11 006	202 77				000.7								
B KZN223 Mpotana B VZN234 Immandla	170 11	066 11													
477NIZN	154 001	74/ 11	110 21							100 046					
9CCNZN	120 101	1/7 01								04-0 001					
LUCINZA	124 41	17 503													
	040 010 040	2007 / 1 88 415	10 404												
l₿	348 703	356 332	379 018				2 000			100 846					
B KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith	36 025	40 979	43 998										4 000	4 124	5 000
B KZN233 Indaka	20 464	21 413	22 663												
B KZN234 Umtshezi	15 161	17 299	18 420				2000	$2\ 000$							
	24 610	26 554													
KZN236	21 523	22 800													
C DC23 Uthukela District Municipality	174 260	177 439	188 920												
Total:Uthukela Municipalities	292 043	306 484	326 443				2000	2000					4 000	4 124	5 000
B KZN241 Endumeni	13 311	14 391	15 194												
B KZN242 Ngutu	27 060	29 239	31 152												
	31 844	36 539													
B KZN245 Umvoti	21 976	25 514											4 000	4 000	5 000
C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality	186 505	179 132	190 254												
Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities	280 696	284 815	303 178										4 000	4 000	5 000
R K/ZN/55 Nawwella	CU8 70	107 300	115 760				5000								
KZND53	200 16	0.053	0 334				000 0								
	19 228	20 434	21 650										4 000	4 500	5 000
DC25	47 462	41 650	41 623												
Total: Amajuba Municipalities	174 424	178 536	187 876				5 0 00						4 000	4 500	5 0 0 0

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		Municipal	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Urban Settler	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Neighbourhood Development Partnership Cront (Conital Cront)	rthood Development P3 Cront (Conitel Cront)	t Partnership	Public Trans	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	cutre Grant	Rural Househ	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	ture Grant
		National and Municinal	i i i	nancial Vear	National and	National and Municinal Financial Vear	ancial Vear	Vational and Municipal Financial Vear	Municinal Fin	ancial Vear	National and	National and Municinal Financial Vear	nancial Vear	National and	National and Municinal Financial Vear	ncial Year
		2013/14		2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
Category	Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
		000 71	110 11	100.01												
107NIZN G		750 01	100 /1	120 01												
	ologion	C00 C7	100 07	7/0 07												
	Abaqulusi	29 982	34 182	36 663												
	Nongoma	27 343	29 831	31 820										4 500	4 000	5 000
B KZN266	Ulundi	27 381	29 019	30 853												
C DC26	Zululand District Municipality	261 545	221 622	230 566												
Total: Zululand Municipalities	micipalities	385 968	358 512	376 595										4 500	4 000	5 000
B KZN271	Umhlabuyalingana	28 502	32 513	34 861												
B KZN272	Jozini	31 891	34 940	37 333										4 000	4 000	5 000
	The Big 5 False Bay	10 925	11 161	11 649												
	Hlahisa	12.829	13 909	14 680												
	Multantes	007 SC	105 05	202 11												
	Muuuauua Umkhanvakuda Distriet Municinality	215 207	20 JH4 22	10/ 10												
		167 017	001 007	LOF 017	T	T	t	T	T	T	Ī			1 000	1 000	000
Total: Umkhanyakude Municipalities	ide Municipalities	324 942	228 225	349 18/										4 000	4 000	2 000 c
100/12/1		0100	104 00													
	MIOIOZI	0440 07	104 67	110 07												1
	uMhlathuze	86 733	90 894	97 110										4 000	4 500	5 000
	Ntambanana	13 412	14 604	15 434												
B KZN284	uMlalazi	32 567	37 523	40 313										4 000	4 000	5 000
B KZN285	Mthonjaneni	12 487	12 616	13 187												
B KZN286	Nkandla	21 081	21 595	22 805												
C DC28	uThungulu District Municipality	185 343	172 173	182 507												
Total: Uthungulu Municipalities	Iunicipalities	372 263	372 872	396 433										8 000	8 500	10 000
	Mandeni	29 347	32 980	35 313				5 000	5 000	5 000						
	KwaDukuza	41 841	47 976	51 598				5 000	5 000							
	Ndwedwe	25 918	27 954	29 765										4 000	4 000	5 000
B KZN294	Maphumulo	20 317	21 082	22 288												
C DC29	iLembe District Municipality	177 501	185 114	197 657												
Total: iLembe Municipalities	icipalities	294 924	315 106	336 621				10 000	10 000	5 000				4 000	4 000	5 000
		100 100	012.00	010 20	<u> </u>											
B KZNA37	liigwe Kura Sani	170 17	51C C7	710 07												
		COD 6	1 4/9	170 /												
	Greater Kokstad	18 342	16 552	17 293												
	Ubuhlebezwe	22 038	23 568	25 029												
B KZN435	Umzimkhulu	45 707	41 057	43 305				0006						4 000	4 500	5 000
C DC43	Sisonke District Municipality	173 618	187 163	200 550												
Total: Sisonke Municipalities	icipalities	290 409	299 331	318 810				9 0 0 0						4 000	4 500	5 0 0 0
							1									
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	tal Municipalities	3 179 029	3 200 169	3 398 865	1580999	1 800 075	1 863 667	88 000	72 000	65 000	808 212	884 751	937 287	40 500	42 124	50000

	;						Neighbourhood Development Partnership	1 Development	t Partnership				:		
	Municips	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Urban Settle	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Gran	Grant (Capital Grant)	unt)	Public Trans	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	icutre Grant	Rural House	Kural Households Infrastructure Grant	cture Grant
	National and	National and Municipal Fina	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
LIMPOPO	(000			(maxe)	(200 m)	(0 00 vel	(ana set	(pop set	(000 m)	(000 11)	(ana set	(000 11)	(an a w)	(000	(000
R 11M331 Greater Givani	47 115		60.585										4 500	4 000	5 000
	46 950	53 480	57 511										000 t	1	200
LIM333	73 247		94 284				5 000						4 000	4 500	4500
LIM334	25 614		31 978				5 000	5 000	5 000						
LIM335	28 647		26 578												
	375 582		463 658												
Total: Mopani Municipalities	597 155	681 658	734 594				10 000	5 000	5 000				8 500	8 500	9500
Contraction of the second seco	16 044	10 055	001.00												
	20.783		25 781												
LIM343	103 356		137 406										4 000	4 500	4500
LIM344	89 200		116 112												
C DC34 Vhembe District Municipality	424 565		525 337												
Total: Vhembe Municipalities	654 748	763 656	824 818										4 000	4 500	4500
B LIM351 Blouberg	34 565	38 434	41 156												
LIM352	29 138		34 389												
LIM353	26 301		30 915												
LIM354	242 188	(4	287 146							198 761					
	42 903		53 819										4 000	4 500	4500
C DC35 Capricorn District Municipality	229 146		270 624												
Total: Capricorn Municipalities	604 241	668 648	718 049							198 761			4 000	4 500	4500
D I M361 Thohoringhi	010.01	37 076	30.020												
	40.012		928 75												
LIM364	15 633		16 556												
LIM365	39 336		23 516												
B LIM366 Bela-Bela	20 365		23 616												
	134 309	138 944	148 198												
C DC36 Waterberg District Municipality															
Total: Waterberg Municipalities	291 015	278 228	279 814												
B LIM471 Ephraim Mogale	26 727	31 092	33 388												
LIM472	43 596		54 828												
	49 870	57 495	61 922												
LIM474	19 835		22 723												
B LIM475 Greater Tubatse	53 409	61 792	66 592				5 000						4 000	4 500	4500
C DC47 Sekhukhune District Municipality	425 416	451 447	483 408												
Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities	618 853	674 105	722 861				5 000						4 000	4 500	4500
Total: Limpopo Municipalities	2 766 012	3 066 295	3 280 136		ŀ		15 000	5 000	5 000	198 761			20 500	22 000	23 000
				1		1	-								

		Municipa	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	Grant	Urban Settler	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Capital Grant)	rhood Development Pa Grant (Capital Grant)	t Partnership mt)	Public Trans	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	icutre Grant	Rural House	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	ture Grant
		National and	National and Municipal Fina	inancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıcial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category M	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
MPUMALANGA																
B MP301 Albert Luthuli		77 543	81 462	86 929												
MP302		44 481	49 111	52 627												
B MP303 Mkhondo B MP304 Divlav V.o Sama		65 623 30 606	72 818	78 204												
MP305		41 318	33 994	28 803												
		20 593	17 994	18 793												
B MP307 Govan Mbeki C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality	Municipality	87 245	71 781	57 714												
de		367 409	352 393	349 455												
B MP311 Victor Khanve		23 633	23 583	24 877												
		102 098	111 559	119 771												
B MP313 Steve Tshwete		41 756	46 316	49 640				10 000								
		16 322	17 242	18 213												
B MP315 Thembisile Hani		109 275	115 365	123 234												
		111 244	116 956	124 905												
C DC31 Nkangala District Municipality	inicipality	000 101	100 101	100 010			+	00001	Ť							
Total: Nkangala Municipalities		404 328	431 021	460 640			T	10 000								
B MP321 Thaba Chweu		39 049	45 037	48 447												
B MP322 Mbombela		241 164	286 275	310 268				5 000			123 762	195 191	100 217			
MP323		28 052	29 843	31 749												
		176 421	210 460	227 953										4 500	4 500	4 000
B MP325 Bushbuckridge	nioimality	317 793	353 406	380 345												
	fundiam	807.470	0.02 0.01	006 763				2000			112 761	105 101	710 001	1 500	1 500	1000
		007 4/3	170 076	70/ 066				nnne			70/ 071	161 661	117 001	1000 +	000 +	4 000
Totol: Manmalance Municipalities		317 AT2 1	1 708 435	1 808 857				15 000			173 767	105 101	100 217	4 500	1 500	4000
T OTAL: INTOMINATION AT INTERIOR AND A DESCRIPTION A A DESCRIPTION AND A DESCRIPTION		017 4/C T	CC+ 00/ T	100 000 T				MAACT			70/ 071	161 661	117 001	nne t	0000 +	1000

	Municins	Municinal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Lichan Settle	Urban Settlements Develonment Grant	ment Grant	Neighbourhood Development Partnership	1 Development	t Partnership	Public Tran	Public Transnort Infrastrucutre Grant	cutre Grant	Rural House	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	cture Grant
	Fire Jone Holl	M. ioi of E.	Total Vac	Notion land	Ministra Bi	Total View	Grat Notional and	Grant (Capital Grant)	ant)	Notice Inc.	Mithelity	Total Vaca	No.45 and	M in the	Total Vacua
	2013/14	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16	ancial year 2015/16	2013/14	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16	2015/16	2013/14	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16	2015/16	2013/14	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16	2015/16	2013/14	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16	ancial Y ear 2015/16
Category Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE															
R NC061 Richnercoold	8 197	7 184	7 334												
	15 274		14 577												
NC064	11 095		7 548												
NC065	12 098		9 705												
NC066	10 805		8 113												
NC067	10 181		7 784												
DC6															
Total: Namakwa Municipalities	67 645	57 517	55 061												
	100 01	010 0	000												
	176 01		706.6												
NC072	13 550		11 478												
	15 324		12 145												
NC074	680 6	7 850	8 033												
NC075	9 409		7 476												
NC076	12 882		9 443												
NC077	11 800	9 708	9 821												
NC078	19 475	16 023	16 588												
C DC7 Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality															
Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities	102 456	85 334	84 946		T			T							
D NC081 Mise	10 000	000 0	6 944												
NC082	20 570		77 386												
NC083	27 586		23 211												
	13 168		10.682												
NC085	14 282	14 767	15 524												
NC086	8 8 8 8	7 846	8 036												
DC8															
Total: Siyanda Municipalities	90 312	85 573	86 683												
NC091	52 243	47 239	49 884				10 000	10 000	10 000						
NC092	24 321		19 333												
B NC093 Magareng	12 435	10 791	11 152												
NC094	25 032		26 222												
C DC9 Frances Baard District Municipality															
Total: Frances Baard Municipalities	114 031	102 890	106 591				10 000	10 000	10 000						
B NC451 Joe Momlong	55 253	57 095	60 739												
NC452	52 371		54 134				5 000						4 210	4 500	4 000
	11 023		12 210												
DC45															
Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	118 647	119 797	127 083				5 000						4 210	4 500	4000
Total. Monthem. Cone Municipal Rice	100 001	111 121	120.364				1 5 000	10.000	10.000				0101	1 500	1000
I отат: могшети саре минисираниеs	120 CK4	111 105	FUC 00+				IMAGT	IN NUV					4 410	INNC #	4 0 00

							Neighbouchood Development Partnershin	1 Development	Partnershin						
	Municip	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	Urban Settlei	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Gran	Grant (Capital Grant)	nt)	Public Trans	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	cutre Grant	Rural House	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	cture Grant
	National and	National and Municipal Fir	inancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Cataoow Municinality	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
-	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
TO AN UTAON															
B NW371 Moretele	98 713	609 601													
B NW372 Madibeng	220 456	244 878	263 411												
B NW373 Rustenburg	193 293	196 728								500 000	600 000	650 000			
B NW374 Kgetlengrivier	21 083	22 728													
B NW375 Moses Kotane	124 541	130 930													
C DC37 Bojanala Platinum District Municipality															
Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	658 086	694 871	743 176							500 000	600 000	650 000			
	24 671	27 482											4 000	4 500	4 000
	26 007	27 511	29 229												
	50 039	56 842													
B NW384 Ditsobotla	32 029	34 236													
B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa	30 995	34 648													
C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	245 317	284 074													
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	409 058	464 793	500 040										4 000	4 500	4000
B NIV/2007 Nicloshi	15 106	16.060	16 059												
	15 001														
POLININ	760 CT						00001	000 01	000 01				1000	1 500	4 000
	15 179	14 159	272 14				mmnt	nnn nT	000.01				4 000	4 200	4 000
NW397	28 346														
	120 739	132 737													
Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	233 957	250 578	267 398				10 000	10 000	10 000				4 000	4 500	4000
B NW401 Ventersdorn	23 087	21 916	23 045												
NW402	42 735	45 483					10.000	10 000	10 000						
NW403	115 870	95 331	87 345				10 000	9179	10 000						
NW404	32 726	26 925													
DC40															
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities	214 418	189 655	187 095				20 000	19 179	20 000						
Total: North West Municipalities	1 515 519	1 599 897	1 697 709				30 000	29 179	30 000	500 000	600 000	650 000	8 000	9 000	8 0 0 0

	Municipa	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Urban Settler	Urban Settlements Development Grant		Neighbourhoo Gran	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Capital Grant)	Partnership nt)	Public Trans	Public Transport Infrastrucutre Grant	cutre Grant	Rural House	Rural Households Infrastructure Grant	cture Grant
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and Municipal		Financial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)		2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
WESTERN CAPE															
A CPT City of Cape Town				1 193 497	1 358 879	1 406 882	100 000	100 000	100 000	946 241	1 159 140	1 222 015			
B WC011 Matzikama	19 022	20 101													
WC012	14 798	14 925													
WC013	12 703	13 771													
B WC014 Saldanha Bay	17 937	18 399	19 392												
DCI	CKC / I	166.61	C/7 17												
Total: West Coast Municipalities	81 855	87 127	92 124												
B WC02 Witzenhero	21 020	21.230													
W/C022	23.305	22 150													
WC023	CUE EE	8CI CC 33 336													
	30 960	32 373	34 401												
WC026		20 698													
C DC2 Cape Winelands District Municipality															
Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities	134 053	140 795	149 546												
R WC031 Theewaterskloof	078 840	04 Q77													
WC032	18 755	20 687													
	10 209	10 536													
WC034	11 042	11 404													
C DC3 Overberg District Municipality															
Total: Overberg Municipalities	64 855	67 599	71 291												
B WC041 Kannaland	10 934	0.69	10 264												
WC042	12 622	13 003													
WC043	19 940	22 545													
WC044	41 815	37 968					5 000		6 179	90 630	61 805	55 689			
	18 824	20 450					000 c								
B WC048 Knysna	23 245	23 662	24 996				5 041		8 821						
C DC4 Eden District Municipality															
Total: Eden Municipalities	144 225	146 484	154 869				15 041		15 000	90 630	61 805	55 689			
	7 780	6 524	6 618												
	8 125	7 379	7 554												
WC053	20 353	16 745	13 957												
C DC5 Central Karoo District Municipality															
Total: Central Karoo Municipalities	36 258	30 648	28 129												
Total: Western Cape Municipalities	461 246	472 653	495 959	1 193 497	1 358 879	1 406 882	115 041	100 000	115 000	1 036 871	1 220 945	1 277 704			
National Total	14 352 060	14 683 835	15 448 070	9 076 906	10 334 684	10 699 773	598041	591 179	600 000	4 668 676	5 126 029	5 278 881	106 721	113 124	118 328

		Rural Roads Ass	Rural Roads Assets Management Systems Grant	Systems Grant	Integrated Ivaue	Integrated National Electrification Programme Municipal) Grant	on Programme	Municipal W	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	ure Grant	SUB-TOTA	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	CTURE
		National and	and Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE													
A BUF A NMA	Buffalo City Nelson Mandela Bay				26 329 16 000	20 000 17 000	55 000 38 000				719 634 773 986	728 290 1 045 863	787 958 1 176 144
											14 939	13 130	13 640
B EC102 B FC103	Blue Crane Route Iteration				561						19 876 9 775	15891	14 304 7 934
											32 998	0 002 23 309	24 365
B EC105	Ndlambe Sundario Dirore Vollari				4 500	6 000	10 000				30 353	31814	37 258
					+						12 030	101 47	600 6
					4 200	3 000	4 000				37 527	32 850	35 725
B EC109	Kou-Kamma Cacadu District Municinality	1 902	2 110	2 200							16 864	14772 2110	15 379
otal: Caca	inicipalities	1 902	2110	2 200	9 705	9 000	14 000				200 004	175 937	185 390
	Mhhashe				20.000	20.000	20.000				71717	78 566	82 503
					20 000	25 000	30 000				80 046		98 219
											13 696		13 354
B ECI24 B ECI26	Amahiathi Ngqushwa										29 110 21 493	51 255 22 769	33 298 24 147
					3 625	7 000					32 772		34 446
B EC128		LPE C	2 708	2 778	1 620	10 000		12 300	28.850		12 756 424 494	7	9 724 547 952
otal: Ama	Aunicipalities	2 347	2 708	2 778	45 245	62 000	50 000	12 300	28 850	88 850	686 081		843 643
B EC131 B EC132	Inxuba Yethemba Tsolwana				3 000	5 000	20 000				14 104 14 823	25 222 17 365	36 084 12 969
											9 485	9156	9 470
B ECI34 B ECI35	Lukanji Intsika Yethu				15 232	20 000	25 000				34 537 50 274	37 617 58 883	40 190 66 631
					20 000	10 000	10 000				47 281	40.991	43 202
B EC137 R FC138						20 000	20 000				35 768	59830	62 463 18 455
C DCI3	Chris Hani District Municipality	2 589	2 980	3 060			000	29 372	48 528		359 732	329 483	428 778
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities	. Municipalities	2 589	2 980	3 060	38 232	65 000	75 000	29 372	48 528	140 608	582 600	596.021	718 242
	Elundini				5 778	10 000					41 826	51011	43 176
B EC142	Senqu Moleconi				2 076	000 0					36 953	35 863 14 022	38 420 12 428
B EC144	Gariep				2	1					11 434	186 01	11 411
C DC14 Total: Joe Gabi P	C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality Total: Toe Gaabi Municipalities	1 778	2 084	2 124	9 654	12 000		15 002	20 009	25 011 25 011	182 572 291 187	173 659 285 547	187 656 293 101
B EC153	Ngouza Hill				24 482	15 000	20.000				69 073	65 630	74 415
B EC154											33 366	32 020	34 293
B ECI55 B ECI56	Nyandeni Mhlontlo				19 673 20 484	15 000	30 000 25 000				68 239 57 705	71 367	90 740 68 528
			Lay C		35 000	10 000	20 000	1 4 00 4	00		112 872	99 633	115 487
otal: O.R.	o.x. i anno Disurci municipanty Municipalities	2 290	2 687	2 737	99 639	55 000	95 000	14 886	99 442	124 303	1 006 565	1 031 250	1 152 394
					35 000	30 000	25 000				79 457	80 292	78 174
B EC442					35 000	30 000	30.000				75 066	73 323	76 294
B EC443 B EC444	Mbizana Ntabankulu				35 000	30 000	25 000				192 CI 59 271	55 592	/8 282 52 163
C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	1 795	2104	2 144				15 218	54 857	91071	371 898	414569	474 349
Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	Municipalities	1 795	2104	2 144	140 000	120 000	110 000	15 218	54 857	91071	660 989	698 800	759 262
Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities	me Municinalities	12.701	14673	15 043	384 804	360.000	127 000	966 770	151 606	10010			

		Rural Roads Assets Management Systems Grant	ets Management	Systems Grant	Integrated Nation	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	a Programme	Municipal W	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	ure Grant	SUB-TOTA	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	ICTURE
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
REE STA													
A MAN	Mangaung				25 000	25 000	35 000				641 719	709 406	743 407
	Letsemeng Kopanong				1 050	2 000	8 000	13 334 2 602	40 000 10 410	66 668 13 012	34 306 25 983	57 254 32 500	84 179 42 058
	Mohokare							1 000	4 000	5 000	18 887	21471	23 338
C DC16	Naledi Xhariep District Municipality	1 269	1 484	1 514				3 859			20 154 1 269	13406 1484	13 602 1 514
Total: Xhariep Municipalities	nicipalities	1 269	1 484	1 514	1 050	2 000	8 000	20 795	54 410	84680	100 599	126115	164 691
B FS181	Masilonvana										34 921	28731	24 402
	Tokologo										20 562	16918	16 533
B FS183	Tswelopele				363 1	1 000	000				28 809	23 703	102 505
B FS184 B FS185	Malhabeng Nala				C/C 1	000 I	000 c				52 565	43 248	29 605
	Lejweleputswa District Municipality		1 919	2 265							000 40	1919	2 265
Total: Lejweleputswa Municipalities	wa Municipalities		1919	2 265	1 575	1 000	5 000				328 339	271765	212 859
R FS191	Servito										72 513	59.660	47 473
B FS192	Dihlabeng										49 116	40410	38 592
	Nketoana				5 012						37 309	26572	25 338
B FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung				30 000	25 000	20 000				231 323	195 547	187 502
B FS195 B FS195	Phumelela										75 25	20796	21 021
	Manusopa Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality		2 006	2 376							177 07	2 0 06	2 376
Total: Thabo Mofi	Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities		2 0 0 6	2 376	35 012	25 000	20 000				441 765	366569	342 198
B FS201	Moqhaka				16 050	6 000	15 000				60 574	44 145	55 115
	Ngwathe										47 889	39 903	41 916
B FS204	Metsimaholo				34 500	30 000	38 000				79 234	72 165	82 584
	Matube Fezile Dabi District Municipality		1 823	2 179		000 0	000.01				CCC +7	1823	22 414 2 179
Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	Municipalities		1823	2 179	50 550	41 000	63 000				212 230	184 447	214 208
Total: Free State Municipalities	Iunicipalities	1 269	7 232	8 334	113 187	94 000	131 000	20 795	54 410	84680	1 724 652	1 658 302	1 677 363
GAUTENG													
A EKU A IHR	Ekurhuleni Citv of Iohanneshure				35 000	50 000 40 000	70 000				1 863 455 2 517 643	1 874 532 2 934 760	1 958 280 7 973 747
	City of Tshwane				65 000	40 000	72 000				2 229 372	2 645 021	2 833 361
в СТАЛ	Emfilani				13 700	000.00	30.000				202 291	127 220	203 678
B GT422	Midvaal						10 000				28 258	29855	41 739
-	Lesedi			0100	6 150	10 000	10 000				32 799	35 051	36 369
C DC42 Sedibeng I Total: Sedibeng Municipalities	Settbeng District Municipality unicipalities			2 078	19 850	30.000	50.000				231 682	247.744	283 864
0							0						
	Mogale City					20 000	20 000				104 096	125944	132 218
B GT482 D GT482	Randfontein				8 000	10 000	20 000				43 064	45 5 89	57 723 67 955
	westonana Merafong City				22 835	25 000	25 000				93 245	82 929	82 838
C DC48	West Rand District Municipality			2 200							10 000	10 000	12 200
Total: West Rand Municipalities	Municipalities			2 200	43 835	65 000	85 000				325 807	325 804	352 834
Total: Gauteng Municipalities	micipalities			4 278	178 685	225 000	$342\ 000$				7 167 959	8 027 861	8 352 086

		Rural Roads Assets Management Systems Grant	ets Management	t Systems Grant	Integrated Natio (M	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	1 Programme	Municipal W	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	ture Grant	SUB-TOT	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	UCTURE
		National and	l and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National ar	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
KWAZULU-NATAL	TAL												
A ETH	eThekwini				35 000	35 000	40 000				2 383 365	2 779 826	2 900 954
					10 000						26 959		19 047
											17 547		20 601
B KZN213	1.3 Umzumbe				10 500						20 51 89	3/892	200 20
					000 01						113 474		14 703
		000 0	007.0	0.00	8 000	10 000	10 000	10 I C	002 50		48 173		61 741
otal: Ugu	∪gu District Municipanty icipalities	2 089	2430		28 500	10 000	10 000	21 257	27 500	123 808	470 503		566 002
D	-												
											22 296	25716	27 545
											20 912		22 868
B KZN223	23 Mpotana										11 621		12 557
					20.000	30.000	12 000				011 11 000		12 21
					2	200	1				14 427		17 276
B KZN227											16 645		18 484
C DC22	Umgungundlovu District Municipality	2 018	2 303					15 000	40 000		115 890		234 167
Total: Umgungu	Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities	2 018	2303	2 373	20 000	30 000	12 000	15 000	40 000	138413	488 567	428 635	531 804
R K7N737	23 Emnombithi/I adventith				10.000						50005	45 103	18 008
					10 000	15 000	10 000				30 464		32.663
					10 000						27 161		18 420
B KZN235					5 000						29 610		
B KZN236	36 Imbabazane 1. Ithukela District Municinality	000 1	2315	2355	7 500			14 575	20.000	50.000	29 023	22 800	
Total: Uthukela Municipalities	Municipalities	1 999	2315		42 500	15 000	10 000	14 525	20 000		357 067		393 798
B KZN241	11 Endumeni				5 000						18 311	14391	15 194
B KZN242	12 Ngutu				12 000						39 060		31 152
					15 000	15 000	15 000				46 844		54 234
			0010		14 000			010 1			39 976		32 344
C DC74	 Umzinyathi District Municipality 	1 900	21.28					0 0 0 1	C// 61	007.8/	175 107		2/0 0/2
Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities	hi Municipalities	1 966	2128	2 168	46 000	15 000	15 000	16 050	19 775	78 250	348 712	325718	403 596
	52 Newcastle				6 000	7 000	10 000				108 802	1	125 269
											9 932		9 334
B KZN254		200 1	1000	120 0				020 21	10.080	11/50	23 228	24 934	26 650
	Amajuba District Municipality	00/ 1	170.7	100.7	000 7	1	000 01	0/6 CI	19 080	54 020	00 138		/8 524
Total: Amajuba Municipalities	Municipalities	I 706	1707	160.2	000 9	000 /	T0 000	17 cl	19 080	34 650	20/ 100	21113/	115 657

		Rural Roads Asse	Assets Management Systems Grant	Systems Grant	Integrated Natio	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municinal) Grant	n Programme	Municipal Wa	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	are Grant	SUB-TOT.	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	UCTURE
		National and	and Municipal Final	Financial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and N	Municipal Finar	Financial Year	National and	d Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category	Municinality			2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2014/15	2015/16			2015/16
canegor j	£ moderne st	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
B KZN261	eDumbe				10 000		10 000				26 032	23 051	28 021
B KZN262	uPhongolo				20 000	000 6	12 000				43 685	35 807	40 672
	Abaqulusi				20 000		10 000				49 982	49182	46 663
B KZN265	Nongoma				20 000		15 000				51 843	53 831	51 820
B KZN266	Ulundi				5 000		10 000				32 381	34019	40 853
	Zululand District Municipality	1 866	2167	2 217				37 170	39 205	79 006	300 581	262 994	311 789
Total: Zululand Municipalities	nicipalities	1 866	2 167	2 217	75 000	55 000	57 000	37 170	39 205	79 006	504 504	458884	519 818
	Umhlabuyalingana				10 000	16 000	10 000				38 502		44 861
	Jozini				20 000	15 000	12 000				55 891		54 333
B KZN273	The Big 5 False Bay				5 000	10 000	10 000				15 925		21 649
B KZN274	Hlabisa				10 000	15 000	10 000				22 829		24 680
B KZN275	Mtubatuba				5 000	8 000	10 000				30 498		41 701
C DC27	Umkhanyakude District Municipality	2 101	2 4 40	2 491				27 074	27 020	53775	244 472		275 229
Total: Umkhanyakude Municipalities	de Municipalities	2 101	2 440	2 491	50 000	64 000	52 000	27 074	27 020	53775	408 117	425 683	462 453
B KZN281	Mfolozi				5 000	7 000	000 6				25 640	30467	34 077
	uMhlathuze				3 000						03 733	05 304	102 110
	uvimanuze Niambanana				000 01	20.000	22 000				25/ 56	34.604	37 434
	Mulaazi				00000	12 000	17 000				15 54	53 573	67 313
	umiaazi				000.6	17 000	1/ 000				700 04	57555	CIC 70
B KZN285	Mthonjaneni				000 00	000	000 01				12 48/	12010	15 18/
	inkandia urtimenti Dioriet Municipie lite	2121	3000	370 0	000.07	000 07	000.00	300 23	10010	276271	180 14	045355	CD8 7/
r 1028	u I nunguju Distinct Municipality	1 /40	CUC 2	COC 7				C70 / C	707 10	COC COT	744 114	04/ 027	107 000
Total: Uthungulu Municipalities	unicipalities	1 746	2 305	2 365	47 000	64 000	98 000	57 025	61 262	165 365	486 034	508939	672 163
B KZN291	Mandeni										34 347	37980	40 313
B KZN292	KwaDukuza				12 000		10 000				58 841	57976	61.598
	Ndwedwe				14 000		15 000				43 918	42 954	49 765
	Maphumulo				10 000	11 000	15 000				30 317	32 082	37 288
	iLembe District Municipality	1 807	2 1 2 0	2 160				49 692	44 000	219154	229 000	231 234	418 971
Total: iLembe Municipalities	cipalities	1 807	2120	2 160	36 000	27 000	40 000	49 692	44 000	219154	396 423	402 226	607 935
R KZN431	Inowe										21.621	23512	25 012
	Kwa Sani										9 083	7479	1 601
	Greater Kokstad										18 342	16552	17 293
	Thuhlebezwe										22 038	23568	25 029
	Umzimkhulu				10.000	15 000	20.000				68 707	60.557	68 305
	Sisonke District Municipality	1 814	2 044	2 084				13 700	22 800	43 500	189 132	212 007	246 134
Total: Sisonke Municipalities	cipalities	1 814	2 0 4 4	2 084	10 000	15 000	20 000	13 700	22 800	43500	328 923	343 675	389 394
						I							
Total: Kwa Zulu-Natal Municipalities	al Municinalitiae	10 112	11172	12 754	306.000	337 000	364 000	767 463	320.642	085 0 1	6 370 315	6 670 034	7 687 404
10tal. AWAZULU-114	dat intuinciparities	17 114	21444	FC1 44	ANA ALC		200 100	COL 107	110 07C	100 7 #4	010 CIC 0	TUU/2100	1 001

	Rural Roads Ass	Assets Management Systems Grant	Systems Grant	Integrated National Electrification Programme Municipal) Creat	tional Electrificati Municinal) Crant	on Programme	Municipal W	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	ure Grant	SUB-TOT	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	ICTURE
	National and	and Municinal Fina	Financial Year	ر National an	d Municinal Fin	ncial Vear	National and	and Municinal Financial Year	ncial Year	National an	d Municinal Fina	Einancial Vear
Category Municipality			2015/16	2013/14	2013/14 2014/15 2015/10	2015/16		2014/15	2015/16	2013/14		2015/16
	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
DAPPOPO												
B LIM331 Greater Giyani				12 000	10 000	10 000				63 615		75 585
										46 950		57 511
LIM333				20 000	25 000	25 000				102 247		123 784
LIM334										30 614		36 978
B LIM335 Maruleng		1001	100				1 1 000	120.04	001 001	28 647	25 322	26 578
Ē	1 726	1 995	2 045	32 000	35 000	35 000	16 906	43 071	102 532	594 214 666 287	775 224	888 671
										16 844	18955	20 182
LIM342										20 783	24075	25 781
LIM343				50 000	40 000	50 000				157 356	171 063	191 906
B LIM344 Makhado C DC34 Vhembe District Municinality	1 667	1 948	1 988	25 000	20 000	25 000	37 903	70,886	215232	114 200	559724	141 112
otal: Vhembe Muni	1 667	1 948	1 988	75 000	60.000	75 000	37 903	70.886	215 232	773 318	066 006	1 121 538
D I WASH Discharge	b b k	2		000 01	10,000			0		373 11	10 424	51 156
LCCIVIL I				000 0T		000 0T						001 10
L1M352										29 138	52.1.79	34 389
B LLIMIZE MOLEMOLE				000 20	000 20					20 301	796.87	CI6 05
1 TM355				000 5	000.00	15 000				51 903	719 100	041 /40 73 310
	1 880	2.184	2.234	200 0	000.01		9 464	27 379	51 698	240 490	281807	324 556
otal: Capricorn Mu	1 880	2184	2 234	50 000	55 000	85 000	9 464	27 379	51698	868 346	757 711	861 481
B LIM361 Thabazimbi										40 019	32926	30 039
70CIMIT										15 633	210.00	16 556
LIM365				7 300	7 000					46 636	39364	23 516
LIM366										20 365	22 207	23 616
LIM367				16 000	10 000	20 000				150 309	148944	168 198
C DC36 Waterberg District Municipality	1 571	1 779	1 839							1 571	1 7 79	1 839
Total: Waterberg Municipalities	1 571	1779	1 839	23 300	17 000	20 000				315 886	297 007	301 653
B LIM471 Ephraim Mogale										26 727	31 092	33 388
LIM472				10 000	10 000					53 596	60878	64 828
B LIM473 Makhuduthamaga				5 000	5 000	10 000				54 870		71 922
B LIM474 Fetakgomo										19 835		22 723
B LIM475 Greater Tubatse				7 000						69 409		71 092
C DC47 Sekhukhune District Municipality	1 781	2 0 6 3	2 113				29 200	86 514	150 502	456 397		636 023
Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities	1 781	2 0 6 3	2 113	22 000	15 000	20 000	29 200	86 514	150 502	680 834	782 182	899 976
Total: Limpopo Municipalities	8 625	6966	10 219	202 300	182 000	235 000	93 473	227 850	519964	3 304 671	3 513 114	4 073 319
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Numericality		Rural Roads Ass	Rural Roads Assets Management Systems Grant	Systems Grant	Integrated Natio	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	on Programme	Municipal W	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	ture Grant	SUB-TOT.	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	JCTURE
Cuency Municipality 20141 201415 20		National and	1 Municipal Fina	uncial Year	National and	d Municipal Fina	uncial Year	National and	I Municipal Fina	uncial Year	National an	d Municipal Fina	ncial Year
		2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
MF91 MF91 <th< td=""><td>MPUMALANGA</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	MPUMALANGA												
Miston					10 530	10 000	20.000				88 073	91462	106 929
	MP302 1				21 571	15 000	20 000				66 052	64111	72 627
activity 1 2 2 1 0 3 000 3 000 45 3 000 45 3 000 45 3 000 45 3 000 45 3 <td>MP303</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3 450</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>69 073</td> <td>72818</td> <td>78 204</td>	MP303				3 450						69 073	72818	78 204
Astrict Municipality 1 2 2 1 1 0 3	MP304										30 606	25 233	26 385
	MP305				2 201	1 000	3 000				43 519	34994	31 803
Instrict Municipality 1 822 2063 2133 37723 5000 1000 1000 1000 1000 2064 2133 37723 2064 2004											20 593	17 994	18 793
Survict Municipality 1 822 2 063 2 133 37 72 36 000 53 000 10 000 2 0063 2 133 37 75 36 000 53 000 10 000 2 0063 3 00 456 466 953 30 456 466 953 30 456 466 953 30 456 5 30 456 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>10 000</td><td>10 000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>87 245</td><td>81781</td><td>67 714</td></th<>						10 000	10 000				87 245	81781	67 714
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$ \math matrix $	Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	1 822	2 0 6 3	2 133	37 752	36 000	53 000				406 983	390456	404 588
ai $8 000$ $15 000$ $15 000$ $10 000$ $26 300$ $10 000$ $26 36 316$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 37 36$ $16 32 36$ $12 36 36$ $16 37 36$ $12 36 36$ $16 37 36$ $12 36 36$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$ $12 3 30$					1 260	5 000	10 000				24 893	28 5 83	34 877
ii (122) (122) (122) (122) (122) (122) (122) (122) (122) (122) (122) (121) $($	MP312					8 000	15 000				102 098	119559	134 771
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ii iii iiii iiii iiii iiii iiii iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiii iiiiii iiiii iiiii iiiiii iiiiiii iiiiii iiiiiii iiiiii iiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiiii iiiiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiiii iiiiii iiiiiii iiiiiii	MP314										16 322	17242	18 213
it Municipality 1602 1950 2010 1115 388 1000 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>5 000</td><td>10 000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>109 275</td><td>120365</td><td>133 234</td></t<>						5 000	10 000				109 275	120365	133 234
ict Municipality I 602 1 900 2 010 1145 38 000 65 000 14 341 23 000 76 0971 427 075 470 971 ict Municipality 1 0.02 1 950 2 010 11 145 38 000 65 000 14 341 23 000 76 075 470 971 427 075 470 971 ict Municipality 1 1 1822 3 000 15 000 19 650 2 000 13 706 2 302 35 542 71 037 ict Municipality 1 17 01 10 000 11 0000 11 0000 13 000 19 675 20 00 13 746 220 475 256 960 ict Municipality 1 1 19 675 10 000 13 000 19 879 32 000 131 740 220 475 256 960 ict Municipality 1 1 1843 14 663 16 000 10 000 16 62 00 18 41 51 220 475 256 960 ict Municipality 1 1 19 000 10 000 10 000 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>3 885</td><td>10 000</td><td>10 000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>115 129</td><td>126956</td><td>134 905</td></t<>					3 885	10 000	10 000				115 129	126956	134 905
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filt 8130 500 15 000 15 000 19 151 38 332 38 565 505 617 7701 10 000 11 000 17 196 23 000 113756 23 99 23 97 25 949 28 415 rict Municipality 1 710 18 43 19 675 10 000 13 000 13 000 13 756 23 90 11 740 28 948 415 406 rict Municipality 1 710 1 843 18 903 61 941 43 000 90 00 89 465 144 151 220 475 25 948 415 406 rict Municipality 1 710 1 843 61 941 43 000 60 000 89 465 144 151 220 475 10 13 13 706 1 162 266 13 13 706 1 13 746 rict Municipality 1 710 1 843 61 941 43 000 89 465 144 151 226 731 10 888 17 706 16 2669 13 13 766 1 13 750 16 766 13 13 766 14 151 226 731 1 92 957 1 93 776 1 13 776	MP321				1 852	3 000	6 000	14 341	23 000		55 242	71 037	131 150
Interfact Interfact <t< td=""><td>MP322</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>8 050</td><td>5 000</td><td>15 000</td><td>7 660</td><td>19 151</td><td>38 302</td><td>385 636</td><td>505 617</td><td>463 787</td></t<>	MP322				8 050	5 000	15 000	7 660	19 151	38 302	385 636	505 617	463 787
Interview Interview <t< td=""><td>MP323</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>17 701</td><td>10 000</td><td>11 000</td><td>17 196</td><td></td><td></td><td>62 949</td><td>62 843</td><td>156 475</td></t<>	MP323				17 701	10 000	11 000	17 196			62 949	62 843	156 475
Tet Municipality 1710 1843 1803 15 000 15 000 15 000 15 000 16 000 30 392 47 000 166 260 36 2848 415 406 116 1843 Title 1 843 1 893 61 941 43 000 60 000 89 468 144 151 526 731 1 088 860 1317 760 1 81 463 1 1 88 468 144 151 526 731 1 088 860 1317 760 1 89 468 144 151 526 731 1 088 860 1317 760 1 89 468 144 151 526 731 1 088 860 1317 760 1	MP324				19 675	10 000	13 000	19 879	32 000		220 475	256960	376 693
rict Municipality 1710 1 843 1 893 1 893 61 941 43 000 60 000 89 468 141 51 52 731 1 088 860 1 313 766 1 691					14 663	15 000	15 000	30 392	47 000		362 848	415406	561 605
1710 1843 1893 61941 43 000 60 000 89 468 144 151 52 731 1 088 860 1 313 706 1 5134 5856 6036 110 000 178 000 89 468 144 151 52 731 1 088 860 1 313 706 1 5134 5856 6036 110 838 117 000 178 000 89 468 144 151 52 731 1 922 918 2 175 133 2		1 710	1 843	1 893							1 710	1 843	1 893
5 134 5 856 6 036 117 000 178 000 89 468 144 151 526731 1 922 918 2 175 133	Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities	1 710	1843	1 893	61 941	43 000	60 000	89 468	144 151	526731	1 088 860	1 313 706	1 691 603
5 134 5856 6 036 110 838 117 000 178 000 89 468 144 151 526 731 1 922 918 2 175 133													
	Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	5 134	5 856	6 036	110 838	117 000	178 000	89 468	144 151	526731	1 922 918	2 175 133	2 623 841

Category Municipality Ma Extegory Municipality 201, 201, 201, 201, 201, 201, 201, 201,	National and Municipal 2013/14 2013/14 (R'000) (R'000)	and Municipal Financial Year 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000)	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year					National an		
Category Municipality ORTHERN CAFE Municipality NC061 Richnerseld NC061 Richnerseld NC064 Ramesherg NC064 Hantan NC065 Mario Hougland NC066 Kannesherg NC066 Kannesherg NC077 Uhuntu NC071 Uhuntu NC073 Emthanjeni NC074 Kaneberg NC075 Thembelihle NC076 Thembelihle NC077 Thembelihle NC078 Siyandma NC079 Siyandma NC077 Thembelihle NC078 Siyandma NC079 Netare NC079 Siyanda District Municipality NC071 Thembelihles <		2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14		ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	TAULULA AL	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
ORTHERN CAPE NC061 NC061 NC065 NC065 NC066 NC066 NC075 NC077 NC071 NC071 NC074 NC077 NC07			(R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
NC061 NC064 NC065 NC065 NC066 Jaal: Nam4kwa Mu NC071 NC071 NC073 NC075 N											
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DC6 D41: Namakwa Mu NC071 NC071 NC072 NC075 NC075 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC077 Mai: Pixley Ka Sem NC078 NC082 NC072 NC074 NC074 NC074 NC074 NC074 NC074 NC074 NC074 NC077 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC082 NC0			1 200						11 381	8 376	7 784
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tai: Pixley Ka Sem NC081 NC082 NC083 NC085 NC085 NC085 DC08 Dt08 Dt08 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 Dt08 Dt09 Dt09 Dt09 Dt09 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC082 Dt08 NC082 NC083 NC033 NC		2 657									2 657
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NC086 DC8 DC8 NC091 NC091 NC094 DC9 DC9 DC9 DC9 DC9 DC9 DC9 DC9 DC9 DC9									14 282		15 524
DC8 Atal: Siyanda Muni NC091 NC093 NC093 NC093 Atal: Frances Baard									8 898	7 846	8 036
Mai: Siyanda Muni NC091 NC093 NC093 NC094 DC094 Dtal: Frances Baard		2 394									2 394
NC091 NC092 NC093 NC093 DC9 DC9 NC9451 NC451		2 394	10 000	6 000	10 000				100 312	91573	770 66
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NC094 DC94 DC9 Dtal: Frances Baard NC451			7 750	-	000 0				20 185	10.791	11 152
DC9 Dtal: Frances Baard NC451									25 032	24850	26 222
Total: Frances Baard Municipalities B NC451 Joe Monlong		2 153									2 153
NC451		2 153	3 24 650	12 800	23 000				148 681	125 690	141 744
NICASO						7 036	15 000		62 289	72 095	62 739
NC432			2 000	2 000	3 000	3 543	14 170	17713	67 124		78 847
NC453			6 400	5 000	6 000	5 792			23 215		18 210
C DC45 John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality		1							1 465		1 755
Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	1 465 1	1725 1755	8 400	7 000	000 6	16 371	29 170	22713	154 093	162 192	164 551
Tetal: Northam Cone Municinalities	1 465	1 775 11 335	820 09	18 000	73 000	16 271	20.170	22713	200.005	544 506	581 412

ANNEXURE W5	INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5B) 2 OF 2
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	Rural Roads Assets Management Systems Grant	s Management	Systems Grant	Integrated Natic	Integrated National Electrification Programme	n Programme	Municipal W	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	ture Grant	SUB-TOT.	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	CTURE
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
Category Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
NORTH WEST												
B NW371 Moretele										98 713	99 607	105 899
				3 014	10 000	20 000				223 470	254878	283 411
B NW373 Rustenburg					15 000	20 000				693 293	811728	879 838
NW374										21 083	22 7 28	23 976
B NW375 Moses Kotane C DC37 Boianala Platinum District Municinality		1 936	2 010							124 541	130 930	140 052 2 010
lati		1936	2 010	3 014	25 000	40 000				1 161 100	1 321 807	1 435 186
NW381										28 671	31982	33 354
NW382				17 308	5 000	15 000				43 315	32511	44 229
										50 039	56842	61 128
NW384				420	5 000	15 000				32 449	39 236	51 482
				10 000	10 000	14 000				40 995	44 648	51 094
C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	1 985	2313	2 360				19 917	31 067		267 219	317 454	371 195
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	1 985	2313	2 360	27 728	20 000	44 000	19 917	31 067	62 082	462 688	522 673	612 482
B NW392 Naledi				20 000	15 000	10 000				35 106	31060	26 958
B NW393 Mamusa					5 000	5 000				15 892	19 998	20 676
NW394										52 695	58724	61 525
NW396					2 000	5 000				15 179	16159	19 775
										28 346	28400	30 021
C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	1 914	2 2 2 5	2 275				8 700			131 353	134962	144 718
Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	1 914	2 2 2 5	2 275	20 000	22 000	20 000	8 700			278 571	289 303	303 673
B NW401 Ventersdorn				13 550	10 000	5 000				36 637	31916	28 045
NW402					10 000	25 000				52 735	65 483	83 536
B NW403 City of Matlosana				6 500	10 000	15 000				132 370	114510	112 345
B NW404 Maquassi Hills					5 000	10 000				32 726	31925	38 169
C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality		1801	2 152								1801	2 152
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities		1801	2 152	20 050	35 000	55 000				254 468	245 635	264 247
Total: North West Municipalities	3 899	8 275	8 797	70 792	102 000	159 000	28 617	31 067	62 082	2 156 827	2 379 418	2 615 588

				-	(Municipal) Grant	(Municipal) Grant	Municipal vi	Municipal Water Infrastructure Grant	ture Grant	SUB-TOT	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	CIUKE
	National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National an	and Municipal Final	Financial Year
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)		2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
WESTERN CAPE												
A CPT City of Cape Town				25 000	18 000	50 000				2 264 738	2 636 019	2 778 897
B WC011 Matzikama				3 000	3 000					22 022	23 101	21 280
WC012				3 523	1 000	4 590				18 321	15 925	20 238
WC013										12 703	13771	14 531
WC014										17 937	18 399	19 392
C DCI West Coast District Municipality		1 680	2 419							C4C / I	1680	2 419
otal: West Coast Mi		1 680	2 419	6 523	4 000	4 590				88 378	92807	99 133
B WC022 Witzenberg				4 500	2 000					25 520	23 230	22 380
WC023				10 000	6 000	7 000				43 305		42 089
WC024										29 469		35 721
				2 541	10 000	10 000				33 501		44 401
B W CU 26 Langeberg C DC2 Cane Winelands District Municipality			2 317	000	7 000	4 500				66/ 61	860 77	20 455
otal: Cape Winelan			2 317	17 541	20 000	21 500				151 594	160 795	173 363
D WOO31 Theoremeters of the first set				000 0						049.20		25 20
				6 000	3 000	2 000				24 755	23 687	24 006
WC033				2 000						12 209		10 994
WC034										11 042	11404	11 924
otol. Owo			151 C	10.000	3 000	000 0	Ť			330 VL	70.500	2 134
			FCT 2		000 0	7 000 7	T			000 +/	660 01	0 4 01
				16 700	6 000	10 000				27 634		20 264
WC042				5 000	5 300	5 000				17 622		18 631
B WU045 MOSSELBAY				5 444 6 000	000 2	1 200				25 584	50 045	805 67
WC045				6 000	3 858	4 000				29 824		25 717
WC047					3 000	5 000				16 845		25 147
B WC048 Knysna C DC4 Edan District Municipality		1 262	2 262	2 000	4 000	5 000				35 286	27 662	38 817
otal: Eden Municip		1868	2 283	44 144	34 658	39 000				294 040	244815	266 841
B WC051 Lainesburg					6 000	5 000				7 780	12.524	11 618
										8 125	7 379	7 554
WC053		000	102.1	5 000	14 000	15 000				25 353	30745	28 957
C DCD Central Karoo District Municipality		7/01	1 /94	000 1	000 00	000 00				11 000	7/01	1 /94
10tai: Central Karoo Municipatities		10/2	1 /94	000 c	70 000	000 07				41 258	07970	49 925
Total: Western Cape Municipalities		5 220	10 967	108 208	99 658	137 090				2 914 863	3 257 355	3 443 602
National Total	52 205	75 223	97 763	1 634 772	1 564 658	2 056 090	602.965	1 058 976	2 671 934	31 092 346	33 547 708	36 970 839

ANNEXURE W6

ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6B)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

.

Category Municipality Ma EASTERN CAPE A BUF Buffalo City 201, 201, 201, 201, 201, 201, 201, 201,			D		Water Services Operating Subsidy	Subsidy	ALLEER AND ALLER ALLE	(Eskom) Grant		(Technical Assistance)	chnical Assistanc	(e)	-1700	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	17
Municipality 2 dela Bay dela Bay coure coure coure<	ational and Mu	micipal Financ	ial Year	National and	1 Municipal Finar	ncial Year	National an	d Municipal Fina	mcial Year	National an	d Municipal Fina	ncial Year	National an	d Municipal Fina	ncial Year
lefa Bay coute er Valley er Valley er Valley tic Municipality enba istrict Municipality istrict Municipality istrict Municipality	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R 000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
dela Bay coute er Valley er Valley ici Municipality icit Municipality ettha ettha a a bistrict Municipality istrict Municipality															
toute er Valley fer Municipality enba emba a mu striet Municipality istriet Municipality				300	300	300	31 014	40 000 10 000	45 000 20 000	1 500 3 500	1 500 3 500	1 500 3 500	32 814 3 500	41 800 13 500	46 800 23 500
er Valley in Municipality istrict Municipality emba u u datiet Municipality istrict Municipality	10 000	14 400							5 000				10 000	14 400	5 000 5 000
er Valley ic Municipality istrict Municipality emba u u district Municipality District Municipality							1 675	2000 2	10 000	0001	0001	000 1	269 6	9009	10 000
er Valley icit Municipality istrict Municipality emba u u u district Municipality istrict Municipality	50 000	113 464	80 000				C70 I	000 0	15 000		000 T	000 T	50 000	0 000	95 000
istrict Municipality istrict Municipality emba a a bistrict Municipality istrict Municipality	6 466	000 00	000 00				11 752	1 500	20 000				18 218	1 500	20 000
istrict Municipality istrict Municipality emba u datrict Municipality Sistrict Municipality	000 0T	000 07	QU0 C7						000 c	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000
istrict Municipality emba u datrict Municipality istrict Municipality							1 339	5 000	10 000				1 339	5 000	10 000
istrict Municipality emba u District Municipality Sitrict Municipality	76 466	147 864	103 808				14 716	11 500	80 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	93 182	161 364	185 808
istrict Municipality emba u District Municipality Sitrict Municipality							50 680	60 000	60 000				50 680	60 000	60 000
istrict Municipality emba u District Municipality Sitrict Municipality							64 000	55 000	70.000				64 000	55 000	70.000
istrict Municipality emba u District Municipality Sistrict Municipality							9 854	20 000	20 000				9 854	20 000	20 00(
strict Municipality emba a a a a b a a a b a b a b a b a b a							9 086	20 000	20 000				9 086	20 000	20 000
attrict Municipality emba a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a							9 036	9 563	15 000				9 036	9 563	10 000
emba. Jiatrict Municipality strict Municipality	56 504	209 400	410 000	300	300	300			000 0T	1 500	1 500	1 500	58 304	211 200	411 800
enba u Diatrict Municipality istrict Municipality	56 504	209 400	410 000	300	300	300	142 656	164 563	205 000	1500	1500	1 500	200 960	375 763	616 80
u District Municipality istrict Municipality							00000	000 \$	000 \$				00 <i>C</i> C	000 s	200 5
u District Municipality istrict Municipality							007 7	000 0					007 7	000 C	10 000
bistrict Municipulity bistrict Municipulity istrict Municipulity							1 300	10 000	15 000				1 300	10 000	15 000
District Municipulity istrict Municipulity							22 155						22 155		40 000
District Municipality							3 900						3 900		40 000
istrict Municipality	165 024	193 237	118 503	300	300	300	7 013						7 013	8 000 193 537	9000 118803
EC141 EC142 EC143 EC144 DC14 DC14 DC14	165 024	193 237	118 503	300	300	300	57 102	118 000	144 000				222 426	311 537	262 803
ECI42 ECI43 ECI44 DCI4 DCI4 otal: Joe Gqabi Mu							53 458	60 000	65 000				53 458	60 000	65 00(
EC144 EC144 DC14 otal: Joe Gqabi Mu							35 705	40 000	43 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	36 705	41 000	44 000
C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities									15 000						15 000
				300	300	300	89 163	100 000	138 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	300 90 463	300 101 300	300 139 300
EC153							57 646	65 000					57 646		70 000
B EC154 Port St Johns							7 287	10 000		1 000	1 000	1 000	8 287		16 000
							13 928	30 000	50 000				13 928	30 000	50 000
EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo	000.000	200,000	350,000	300	300	200	39 642	45 000		1 000	1 000	1 000	40 642		51 000 250 200
DCL9 O.K. Tamoo District Municipanty otal: O.R.Tambo Municipalities	200 000	300 000	350 000	300	300	300	132 174	164 470	210 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	334 474		562 300
							38 524		45 000				38 524		45 000
B EC442 Umzimvubu R FC443 Mhizana							35 292	38 000 16 834	30.000				35 292		30.000
B EC444 Ntabankulu	-	4					23 750		30 000				23 750	20 012	30 000
C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	99 300	110 000	49 689 49 689	300	300	300	113 471	115 620	155 000				213 071		49 98
Total: Eastern Cane Municinalities	597 294	960 501	1 032 000	1 800	1 800	1 800	580 296	724 153	997 000	11 500	11 500	11 500	1 190 890	1 697 954	2 042 300

ANNEXURE W6	ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6B)
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	Regional B	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Water Se	Water Services Operating Subsidy	Subsidy	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant	nal Electrificatio Eskom) Grant		Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	evelopment Part hnical Assistance	nership Grant	SUB	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	L
	National and	l Municipal Fina	ncial Year	National and	d Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	Municipal Finan	ncial Year	National and	Municipal Finar	ncial Year	National and	Municipal	Financial Year
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/1 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
FREE STATE															
A MAN Mangaung				300			4 795	8 000	000 6	1 000	1 000	1 000	6 095	000 6	10 000
B FSI61 Letsemeng B FSI62 Kopanong	24 900	25 000	42 000	300	300	300	275	420	500				25 475	25 720	42 800
	23 000	25 000	33 000				81	85	1 000 90				23 069 81	25 073 85	34 000 90
Total: Xhariep Municipalities	47 900	50 000	75 000	300	300	300	425	578	1 590				48 625	50 878	76 890
FS181 FS182	17 000 32 820	20 000 45 000	25 000 45 000				90 335	100 355	4 000 5 000				17 090 33 155		29 000 50 000
							971 2 028 155	2 000 2 146 164	2 500 2 271 173				971 2 028 155	2 000 2 146 164	2 500 2 271 173
C DC18 Lejweleputswa District Municipality Total: Lejweleputswa Municipalities	49 820	65 000	70 000				3 579	4 765	13 944				53 399	69 765	83 944
B FS191 Setsoto	20 000	25 000	20 000				6 200	5 000	6 500				26 200		26 500
B FS192 Dihlabeng B FS193 Nkeroana	20 580	35 000 16 000	21 054	300	300	300	482	511	541				21 362	35 811 16 155	21 895
FS194	32 600	35 896	32 600	300	300	300	69	73	5 000				32 969		37 900
B FS195 Phumelela B FS196 Mantsopa	20 000	30 000	30 000				339 92	357 97	5 000				20 339 92		35 000 5 000
otal: Thabo Mofuts	107 180	141 896	124 654	600	600	600	7 329	6 193	22 541				115 109	148 689	147 795
FS201	15 000	15 000	20 000				287	400	500				15 287	15 400	20 500
B FS203 Ngwathe B FS204 Metsimaholo	5 000	14 000	14 000	300	300	300	58	19	2				5 058 300	14 061 300	14 064 300
FS205 DC20							148	158	5 000				148	158	5 000
Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	20 000	29 000	34 000	300	300	300	493	619	5 564				20 793	29 919	39 864
Total: Eroo State Municinalities	224 900	285 896	303 654	1 500	1 200	1 200	169.91	20.155	52,630	1 000	1 000	1 000	244.021	308 251	158 401
GATTAPAG										0 0 1 1	*	8			
EKU JHB							3 900 56 464	20 000 65 000	30 000 70 000	3 500 3 500	3 500 3 500	3 500 3 500	7 400 59 964	23 500 68 500	33 500 73 500
TSH	30 000	50 000		300	300	300	34 108	40 000	45 000	3 500	3 500	3 500	67 908	93 800	48 800
	50 000 50 000	110 000 90 000	172 000 108 000				6 138	8 000	15 000 10 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	97 138 50 000	90 000	118 000
B GT423 Lesedi C DC42 Sedibeng District Municipality		20 000	15 000							5 000			5 000	20 000	15 000
Total: Sedibeng Municipalities	140 000	220 000	295 000				6 138	8 000	25 000	9 000	1 000	1 000	152 138	229 000	321 000
B GT481 Mogale City B GT482 Randfontein	c c t		000				3 250 670	5 000 1 000	4 000 2 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	4 250 670	6 000 1 000	5 000 2 000
	000 17	00/ /0	000.00						15 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	000 1/	00/ /00	1 000
otal: West Rand M	71 000	67 700	60 000				3 920	6 000	21 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	76 920	75 700	83 000
Total: Gauteng Municipalities	241 000	337 700	355 000	300	300	300	104 530	139 000	191 000	18 500	13 500	13 500	364 330	490 500	559 800

ANNEXURE W6 ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6B)

1 000

1 000

1 000

27 412

24 175

Category Municipality B KZN261 eDumbe B KZN263 abquiba B KZN263 abquiba B KZN263 abquiba B KZN263 abquiba B KZN265 ubingolo B KZN265 Nongona B KZN266 Ulund C DC26 Lulund	National and			Water Sei	Water Services Operating Subsidy	Subsidy	Integrated ivation (1	(Eskom) Grant	n Frogramme	Integrated National Electrification Programme Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Eskom) Grant (Technical Assistance)	(Technical Assistance)	ce)	SUB-	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	CT
Category KZN261 eDumbe KZN263 uPtongolo KZN263 Abaqulusi KZN265 Nongoma KZN266 Ulundi DC26 Zuhland District Mo		National and Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	Municipal Financial Year	icial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
KZN261 KZN262 KZN263 KZN265 KZN265 KZN266 DC26	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
KZN262 KZN263 KZN265 KZN266 DC26															
KZN263 KZN265 KZN266 DC26							3 211	10 000	20 000				3 211	10 000	20 000
KZN265 KZN266 DC26							20 843	18 657	19 747				20 843	18 657	19 747
KZN266 DC26							16 393	15 195	16 082				16 393	15 195	16 082
	55 3/1			300	300	300	9 618	10 000	15 000				9 618 55 641	300	15 000
Total: Zululand Municipalities	55 341			300	300	300	50 065	53 852	70 829				105 706	54 152	71 129
B KZN271 Umhlabuyalingana							000 00	30.000	000 00				000 00	30.000	000 00
KZN273							006 07	000 07	000 77				006.07	000 07	000 77
KZN274															
KZN275				000			21 092	20 405	25 000				21 092	20 405	25 000
C DC27 Umkhanyakude District Municipality	229 017	367 000		300	300	300					T		229 317		105 300
Total: Umkhanyakude Municipalities	229 017	367 000	105 000	300	300	300	41 992	40 405	47 000		T		271 309	407 705	152 300
B KZN281 Mfolozi							11 752	17 438	20 165				11 752	17 438	20165
KZN282							15 873	20 800	25 781				15 873	20 800	25 781
KZN283							2 001	2 118	25 000				2 001		25 000
KZN284							37 235	33 714	40 000				37 235	33 714	40 000
									30 000						30 000
KZN286	000 20	000 001		000	000	000	19 659	20 353	25 308				19 659	20 353	25 308
C DC28 u I hungulu District Municipality Total: I Ithimonth Municipalities	35 000	180 000	360 000	300	300	300	86 570	84 473	166.254		T		121 820		500 500
AUGH. CULUEDIN MULTICIPALITIES	000.00	000 00T		000	2000	000	070.00		LOT DOT				N70 171	041 114	L00 070
KZN291							18 462	17 000	35 000	1 000			19 462		36 000
KZN292											1 000	1 000	1 000		1 000
							30 148	27 168	35 755				30 148		35 755
KZN294	000 001	000 000	1011100	000	000	000	37 076	35 000	40 000				37 076		40 000
ntal: iI en	130 000	290.000	381 166	300	300	300	85.686	79 168	110 755	2.000	2 000	2 000	217 986	371 468	201 400 494 221
				2		0	200 T	000 II	000 20						000 20
B KZN451 Ingwe B KZN432 Kwa Sani							000 11	966 11	15 000				000 11	966 11	15 000
KZN433							273	289	306				273		306
KZN434							11 218	9 893	10 471				11 218		10 471
KZN435							21 074	25 000	40 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	22 074	26 000	41 000
C DC43 Sisonke District Municipality	15 429	33 200		300	300	300							15 729		30 300
Total: Sisonke Municipalities	15 429	33 200	30 000	300	300	300	43 901	47 180	90 777	1 000	1 000	1 000	60 630	81 680	122 077
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	604 600	1 167 000	1 280 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	523 236	573 647	831 453	7 500	7 500	7 500	1 138 336	1 751 147	2 121 953

Regional B: Regional and 2013/14 (R'000) 80.689 80.689 60.000	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant National and Municipal Financial Year 013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R 000) (R 000) (R 000) 80 689 86 915 83 80 689 86 915 83	Grant Field Year 2015/16 (R 000) 83 167	Water Services Operating Subsidy National and Municipal Financial Year 2013/14 2014/15 (R000) (R000)	Water Services Operating Subsidy ational and Municipal Financial Ye		Integrated Natio	onal Electrificatio (Eskom) Grant d Municinal Fina	nal Electrification Programme Eskom) Grant Municipal Financial Year	Integrated National Electrification Programme Neighbourbood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	od Development Partn (Technical Assistance)	e)	SUB-1	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	CT
80 689 80 689 80 689 80 689 80 689 80 689 80 689	Municipal Financ 2014/15 (R'000) (R'000) 86.915 86.915	ial Year 2015/16 (R'000) 83 167	National and 2013/14 (R'000)	Municipal Fina	Voon		d Municinal Fin:	uncial Year			. 1 1/			
2013/14 (R'000) 80.689 90.689 66000 66000	2014/15 (R'000)) 86.915 86.915	2015/16 (R'000) 83 167	2013/14 (R'000)		DCIBI I CAL	National and	TALENDARY PROPERTY IN		National and Municipal Financial Year	d Municipai Fina	ncial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
000 09	86 915 86 915	83 167		2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
80 689 80 689 80 689 80 689	86 915 86 915	83 167							<u> </u>					
80 689 80 689 80 6890	86 915 86 915	83 167				24 922	30 000	35 000				24 922	30 000	35 00(
80 689 80 689 80 689 80 680	86 915 86 915	83 167				16 356	20 000	24 000				16 356	20 000	24 000
80 689 80 689 80 000	86 915 86 915	83 167				28 694	25 000	40 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	29 694	26 000	41 000
80 689 86 689 60 000	86 915 86 915	83 167				9 791	14 000	17 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	10 791	15 000	18 000
80.65	86 915	101 00	11511	12 023	13 417	3 365	3 114	20 000				3 305 97 200	3 114 98 938	20 000
000.09		83 167	11511	12 023	13 417	83 128	92 114	136 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	177 328	193 052	234 584
60 000						ccc t		000 1				t d	000 01	200 11
000 09						7 808		15 000				808 /	10 000 25 000	15 000
60 000						18 429		42 000				18 429	000 07	000 02
60 000						31 783		50 000				31 783	33 639	50 000
	25 000		27 117	30 023	33 000			000				87 117	55 023	33 000
60 000	25 000		27 117	30 023	33 000	92 403	108 639	180 000				179 520	163 662	213 000
						14 558	15 408	25 000				14 558	15 408	25 000
						4 064	4 300	20 000				4 064	4 300	20 00.
						5 558	5 883	15 000				5 558	5 883	15 000
			300	300	300	19 036	35 000	40 495				19 336	35 300	40 795
			31 350	32.007	36 168	14 502	000.01	1 / 000				31 350	32,022	36.168
			600 10	220.25	001.00		-04 GH	115 100	T	Ī		LEC 10	770.70	01.00
			91 050	27 275	30 408	817.73	165.07	117 495		T	T	89.577	102 913	153 903
						4 402	4 660	30 000				4 402	4 660	30 00(
			300	300	300	11 702	12 384	25 000				12 002	12 684	25 300
								10 000						10 000
							į	15 000						15 000
			202 61		000 20	420	104	10 000				470		10.001
60 000	84 000	141 500	COOD / T	770.07	000 67	10 02/	+00 / T	116 +7				200 40		141 500
000 09	84 000	141 500	17 905	20 322	25 300	33 427	35 379	114 911				111 332		281 711
						8 031		15 000				8 031	6 500	15 001
						2 8 5		20.000				100 0	000 01	20.000
						8 824		40 000				8 824	20 000	40.000
						14 900		40.000				14 900	20 000	40.000
						35 500		70 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	36.500	41 000	21 000
381 311	521 584	560 000	33 502	35 023	31 000							414 813	556 607	591 000
381 311	521 584	560 000	33 502	35 023	31000	73 107	98 500	185 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	488 920	656 107	777 000
582 000	717 499	784 667	121 694	129 713	139 185	339 783	405 223	733 406		3 000	3 000	1 046 477	1 255 435	1 660 258
	60 000 69 000 69 000 60 000 63 1311 381 311 381 311 381 311 381 311 381 311 381 311	60 000 25 000 60 000 25 000 60 000 25 000 60 000 84 000 61 311 21 584 381 311 21 584 381 311 21 584 381 311 21 584 381 311 21 584	25 000 25 000 84 000 84 000 83 000 84 000 717 499	25 000 25 000 25 000 141 500 141 5000 141 5000 141 500000 141 500000000000000	25 000 27 117 30 25 000 27 117 30 25 000 27 117 30 26 000 27 117 30 30 3135 30 31 359 32 31 369 32 31 359 32 31 50 32 32 31 59 32 31 50 30 30 84 141 17 605 20 84 141 30 17 605 20 20 20 33 30 20 20 30 21 34 30 36 35 21 54 560 36 35 35 35 21 24 560 34 35 35 35 21 34 36 34 35 35 35	25 000 27 117 30 023 25 000 27 117 30 023 25 000 27 117 30 023 25 000 27 117 30 023 26 000 27 117 30 023 27 00 27 117 30 023 30 023 30 023 30 023 30 023 30 023 30 023 30 023 31 659 32 022 84 000 141 500 17 605 20 022 84 000 141 500 17 905 20 322 82 1584 560 000 33 502 35 023 521 584 560 000 33 502 35 023 521 584 560 000 33 502 35 023 717 499 734 667 120 614 129 713	25 000 27 117 30 023 33 000 25 000 27 117 30 023 33 000 25 000 27 117 30 023 33 000 25 000 27 117 30 023 33 000 30 05 300 300 300 31 359 32 022 36 468 31 359 32 322 36 468 31 359 32 322 36 468 31 359 32 322 36 468 31 359 32 322 36 468 31 359 32 322 36 468 300 17 60 300 300 84 000 141 500 17 905 20 322 25 300 82 154 560 000 33 502 36 023 31 000 521 544 560 000 33 502 35 023 31 000 521 544 560 000 33 602 35 023 31 000 717 490 734 667 121 694 129 713 139 105	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	25 00 27 117 30 023 33 003 31 783 36 000 76 000 </td <td>25 000 27 117 30 023 33 000 23 000 70 000<</td> <td>25 00 27 117 30 023 33 000 31 733 36 00 76 000 76 000 76 000 78 430 31 733 37 00 31 733 37 00 77 00 77 000 77 000 70 000</td>	25 000 27 117 30 023 33 000 23 000 70 000<	25 00 27 117 30 023 33 000 31 733 36 00 76 000 76 000 76 000 78 430 31 733 37 00 31 733 37 00 77 00 77 000 77 000 70 000

	Regional B	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	Water Ser	Water Services Operating Subsidy	ubsidy	Integrated Nation	Integrated National Electrification Programme		Veighbourhood I	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant	tnership Grant	SUBC	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	CT
							-					6			
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Cotroom	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
MPUMALANGA															
MP301				300	300	300	25 500	15 000	25 000				25 800	15 300	25 300
MP302							984	3 000	4 500				984	3 000	4 500
MP303							27 529	15 030	16313				27 529	15 030	16313
							6 171	6 532	7 090				6 171	6 532	7 090
MP305							388	410	445				388	410	\$45
MP306							388	410	445				388	410	445
	. 000	000 201	100 000				cII	000	00/				115 77 000	005	00/
C DC30 Gert Stbande District Municipality	000 55	000 /01	128 000					40.004					2000 65	10/ 000	128 000
Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	55 000	107 000	128 000	300	300	300	61 075	40 882	54 493				116 375	148 182	182 793
B MP311 Victor Khanve							388	410	2 000				388	410	2 000
MP312	27 800	22 000	24 000				1 170	2 500	3 000				28 970	24 500	27 000
MP313							696	737	800	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 696	1 737	1 800
MP314							388	410	5 000				388	410	5 000
MP315				300	300	300	38 881	35 000	45 000				39 181	35 300	45 300
				300	300	300	869	616	5 000				1 169	1 219	5 300
C DC31 Nkangala District Municipality	10 000	20 000	28 000										10 000	20 000	28 000
Total: Nkangala Municipalities	37 800	42 000	52 000	600	009	909	42 392	39 976	60 800	1 000	1 000	1 000	81 792	83 576	114 400
B MP321 Thaba Chweu				300	300	300							300	300	300
				300	300	300	40 276	42 628	55 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	41 576	43 928	56300
B MP323 Umjindi									10 000						10 000
B MP324 Nkomazi				300	300	300	37 236	30 000	50 000				37 536	30 300	50 300
B MP325 Bushbuckridge				300	300	300	20 880	20 020	35 000				21 180	20 320	35 300
C DC32 Ehlanzeni District Municipality	30 000	76 000	54 000										30 000	76 000	54 000
Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities	30 000	76 000	54 000	1 200	1 200	1 200	98 392	92 648	150 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	130 592	170 848	206 200
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	122 800	225 000	234 000	2 100	2 100	2 100	201 859	173 506	265 293	2 000	2 000	2000	328 759	402 606	503 393
	To be made		100000	10000			1000 E00							The second secon	

	Regional B	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Water Ser	Water Services Operating Subsidy	ubsidy	Integrated Natio	Integrated National Electrification Programme Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Eskom) Grant (Technical Assistance)	on Programme	Neighbourhood (Te	od Development Partn (Technical Assistance)	tnership Grant 26)	SUB-	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	CT
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	l Municipal Finan	icial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	incial Year	National ar	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE															
NC061 Richtersveld	7 000	20 000											7 000	20 000	
	72 200	72 360	120 000										72 200		120 000
NC064 Kamiesberg			16 500												16 500
NC066 Karoo Hoogland			000 01												101
							195	206	218				195	206	218
C DC6 Namakwa District Municipality	000.02	032.00	136 500				105	300	310				70.305	902 CO	126710
uai: Namakwa Municipanues	007.6/	000 76	1005 001				661	2002	917				CKC K1	76	1307
-							58	61	29				58		- 5
	35 000	30 000	30 000				805	2 000	6 000				35 805		36 000
	20 000	16 640					130	138	146				20 130		146
		15 000	13 700						000						13 700
	000 / 1	13 000					130	138	5 000				130		5 000
NCU70 Inemoetinie NC077 Sivathemba	10 000	00C 1					130	138	2000				10 130		000 5
							103	110	116				103	110	116
DC7 Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality															
Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities	77 500	76 140	43 700				1 486	2 723	21 326				78 986	78 863	65 026
NC081 Mier							2 308	3 000	4 500				2 308		4 500
							58	61	64				58		64
							423	447	5 000				423		5 0
							4 944	6 500	7 500				4 944	6 500	7 500
NC085 L'antsabane NC086 L'antalonala							130	000 /.	1 000				130		5
Total: Siyanda Municipalities							7863	17 008	18 064				7 863	17 008	18 064
NC091 Sol Plantije	15 000	20.000	28 000				65	69	5 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	16.065		34 000
	2		16 500				370	450	490			•	370		16 990
							195	206	5 000				195		5 000
				300	300	300	187	2 000	6 000				487		6 300
DC9 Frances Baard District Municipality	30 500	40 000	53 800										30.500		53.8
Total: Frances Baard Municipalities	45 500	000 09	98 300	300	300	300	817	2 725	16 490	1 000	1 000	1 000	47 617	64 025	116 090
NC451 Joe Morolong	34 000	31 000		300	300	300	3 055	10 000	30 000				37 355		30 3
	19 000	30 000	40 000	300	300	300	2 983	000 6	11 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	23 283	40 300	52 300
	15 000	20 000	22 000	4 900	300		98	103	5 000				19 998		27 0
C DC45 John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	000 07	01 000	000	6 500	000	007	361.3	10 102	46.000	1 000	1 000	1 000	262 VO	107 003	100.000
tat: John Laoto Gaetsewe Prunici panities	000 00	000 10	000 70	me e	006	000	0.01 0	C01 6	40 000	ANA T	000 T	000 T	000.00		0 601
Total: Northern Cape Municipalities	270 200	309 500	340 500	2 800	1 200	900	16 497	41 765	102 098	2 000	2 000	2 000	294 497	354 465	445 408

Numerical frame and Numerical Neurons NUMERICAL NU		Regional B	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Water Ser	Water Services Operating Subsidy	ubsidy	Integrated Natio	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant		Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	od Development Partn (Technical Assistance)	rtnership Grant 2e)	SUB	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	cr
Cuency Markelity $201/4$		National and	Municipal Fina	ncial Year	National and	Municipal Finar	icial Year	National and	l Municipal Finar	ncial Year	National and	d Municipal Fin:	incial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
OFT 1 Marcial Marcial <thm< th=""><th></th><th>2013/14 (P/000)</th><th>2014/15</th><th>2015/16 (P1000)</th><th>2013/14 (P'000)</th><th>2014/15</th><th>2015/16 (P'000)</th><th>2013/14 (p.000)</th><th>2014/15</th><th>2015/16 (P.000)</th><th>2013/14 (B'000)</th><th>2014/15 (P1000)</th><th>2015/16 (P1000)</th><th>2013/14</th><th>2014/15</th><th>2015/16 (P1000)</th></thm<>		2013/14 (P/000)	2014/15	2015/16 (P1000)	2013/14 (P'000)	2014/15	2015/16 (P'000)	2013/14 (p.000)	2014/15	2015/16 (P.000)	2013/14 (B'000)	2014/15 (P1000)	2015/16 (P1000)	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16 (P1000)
NVT1 Nutet: Nute: Nutet: Nutet: <td>NORTH WEST</td> <td>(000 V)</td> <td>(000 V)</td> <td>(ana w)</td> <td>(000 V)</td> <td>(ana vi</td> <td>(000 V)</td> <td>(ana v)</td> <td>(000 VI</td> <td>(000 VI</td> <td>(ana vi</td> <td>(000 V)</td> <td>(000 V)</td> <td>(000 V)</td> <td>(and v)</td> <td>(000 V)</td>	NORTH WEST	(000 V)	(000 V)	(ana w)	(000 V)	(ana vi	(000 V)	(ana v)	(000 VI	(000 VI	(ana vi	(000 V)	(000 V)	(000 V)	(and v)	(000 V)
NVT1 Mente NVT1 Mente 200 300 300 300 303 3																
NW373 Restancy: Restancy: NW373 Restancy: Restancy: Restancy: NW373 Restancy: Restancy: Restancy: NW373 Restancy: Restancy: Restancy: NW373 Restancy: Restancy: Restancy: NW373 Restancy: Restancy: Restancy: NW373 Restancy: Restancy: Restancy: NW38 Restancy: Restancy: Restancy: NW38 Restancy: Restancy: Restancy: NW38 Restancy: Restancy: Restancy: Restancy: NW38 Restancy: Restancy: Restancy: Restancy: NW38 Restancy: Restan	NW371				300	300	300	30 915	25 263	30 388				31 215		30 688
	NW372	18 000	42 400	50 000	300	300	300	23 075	30 443	32 849				41 375		83 149
NW374 Kenkelone 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2008 2014 2034 3134 2004 2006 2000	NW373				300	300	300	15 990	16 924	17 912				16 290		18 212
Distribution Distribution<	NW374 NW375	200.000	2 600	20 000	300	300	300	28 418	30 078	31 834				28 418	32 678 88 207	51 834
Other Shifting The function Municipatities 218 (no) 115 (no) 120 (no)	DC37	000 007	200 07	000 t/	200	200	200	100 11						LOC / 17	1/2 00	010011
NVSR1 Rution NVSR2 Texange Texange NVSR1 Rution Second NVSR3 Texange S 1 1 2 0	Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	218 000	115 000	164 000	1 200	1 200	1 200	115 402	120 705	132 031				334 602	236 905	297 231
NW32 Tsaing NW32 Tsaing 0.00	NW 381							6 723	9 114	12 500				6 723	9 114	12.500
NW333 Mindling Mindling <thmindling< th=""> Mindling <th< td=""><td>NW382</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>26 129</td><td>20 998</td><td>25 873</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>26 129</td><td></td><td>25 873</td></th<></thmindling<>	NW382							26 129	20 998	25 873				26 129		25 873
NW34 Disorbeil 2000 300 300 300 300 573 8710 15500 300 DV38<	NW 383							10 400	20 007	30 000				10 400	20 007	30 000
	NW384							23 987	20 000	26 872				23 987		26872
DC:38 Modifi Moletan District Municipality 16 000 60 000 90 000 300 7	NW385							8 710	13 415	15 000				8 710		15 000
Null Null Total 75 949 83 534 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 245 110 200 110 00 120 00 100 0 1000 1	C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	16 000	60 000	90 000	300	300	300							16 300		90 300
NW392 Num323 Num333 Num333 </td <td>Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities</td> <td>16 000</td> <td>60 000</td> <td>90 000</td> <td>300</td> <td>300</td> <td>300</td> <td>75 949</td> <td>83 534</td> <td>110 245</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>92 249</td> <td>143 834</td> <td>200 545</td>	Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	16 000	60 000	90 000	300	300	300	75 949	83 534	110 245				92 249	143 834	200 545
NW393 Munusa Increase frame	NW 392							7 141	7 558	10 000				7 141	7 558	10 000
NW394 Greater Tang NW394 Greater Tang 3.24 8.00 12.00 10	NW 393							10 725	15 600	18214				10 725	15 600	18 214
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	NW 394							3 424	8 000	12 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	4 424	000 6	13 000
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	NW396							325	344	364				325	344	364
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	NW397							18 570	11 000	35 000				18 570	11 000	35 000
Init Drawn Armangau Nampar N	DC39	135 000	147 000	000.0/	300	300	300	40.105	10 200	013 31	1 000	1 000	1 000	135 300	14/ 300	146 070
NW401 Venterstorp 16 000 10	TOM: DI AUUI DEGOINOISI MOIIDAU MUIICIPAILIES	000 CCT	000 /+7	000.07	anc	nnc	000	COT AF	700 75	0/001	000 T	000 T	AND T	CO+ 0/T	700 0.61	0/0 0+T
NW442 Tlokwe 1000	NW401	16 000						325	344	364				16 325	344	364
NW403 City of Mathoana 9 690 13 500 16 400 100	NW402			10 000							1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	11 000
NW404 Maquasi Hils 5 200 24 600 5 4 600 5 200 8 000 10 000 10 000 DC40 Dr.Kemeth Kaunda District Municipality 21 000 25 000 64 600 15 215 21 844 26 764 2 000 2 000 10 000 stat: Dr.Kemeth Kaunda District Municipalities 21 000 25 000 64 600 1 800 15 215 21 844 26 764 2 000 2 000 10 000 1 800 1 800 1 800 2 000 2 000 2 000 2 000 2 000 2 000 1 800 1 800 2 67 51 2 67 55 2 44 618 3 000 3 000 1 000 6	NW403							069 6	13 500	16400	1 000	1 000	1 000	10 690	14 500	17 400
aunda District Municipality 21 000 25 000 64 600 64 600 15 00 2 00 2 00 2 0	NW404	5 000	25 000	54 600				5 200	8 000	10 000				10 200	33 000	64 600
ipalities 21 000 25 000 64 600 15 215 21 844 26 764 2 000 3 000	DC40															
300.000 347.000 388.600 1.800 1.800 246.751 258.585 344.618 3.000 3.000	Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities	21 000	25 000	64 600				15 215	21 844	26 764	2 000	2 000	2 000	38 215	48 844	93 364
300.0001 347.0001 388.600 1.800 1.800 1.800 246.751 268.585 344.618 3.000 3.000 3.000																
	Total: North West Municipalities	390 000	347 000	388 600	1 800	1800	1 800	246 751	268 585	344 618	3 000	3 000	3 000	641 551	620 385	738 018

							Integrated Natio	nal Electrification	1 Programme	Veighbourhood I	Neishbourhood Development Partnership Grant	mership Grant			
	Kegional B	Kegional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Water St	Water Services Operating Subsidy			(Eskom) Grant)	(Te	(Technical Assistance)	e)	SUB	SUB-FULAL: INDIRECT	
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	icial Year	National an	d Municipal Fina	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
WESTERN CAPE															
A CPT City of Cape Town							89 029	94 228	110 000	1 500	1 500	1 500	90 529	95 728	111 500
WC011	6 211	5 000	19 730	300	300	300					8 300	5 000	6 511	13 600	25 030
WC012	33 606	31 970	5 975	300	300	300	6 890	7 292	7 718			5 000	40 796	39 562	18 993
B WC015 Swartland		16.000	000.05										000 01	16,000	30,000
Ę M	49 817	52 970	55 705	600	909	600	6 890	7 292	7718		8 300	10 000	57 307	69 162	74 023
R WC022 Witzenhere	8 331											5 000	8 331		5 000
WC023	4 000	2 500	13 756									2	4 000	2 500	13.756
WC024	30 000	14 228	25 772										30 000	14 228	25 772
	18 700	30 000					4 288	8 000	10 000				22 988	38 000	10 000
B WC026 Langeberg C DC2 Care Winelands District Municipality															
elan	61 031	46 728	39 528				4 288	8 000	10 000			5 000	65 319	54 728	54 528
B WC031 Theewaterskloof	8 500	2 102											8 500	5 102	
WC032										2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000
	5 558						5 354	10 000	15 000				10 912	10 000	15 000
B WCU34 Swellendam C DC3 Overberg District Municipality	17 742												17 742		
otal: Overberg Muı	31 800	5 102					5 354	10 000	15 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	39 154	17 102	17 000
B WC041 Konnolond	1 500	5 500	000 S										1 500	5 500	000 8
	00C +	nne e	000.0										mc +	00C C	000 0
WC043															
WC044	000	000 00	0000		000	000		1	0	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000
B WC045 Oudtshoorn B WC047 Bitou	2 355	20 000 2 500	30 000 20 000	300	300	300	1 040 4 853	7 000	9 000 9 000	1 000	000 1	000 I	20 340	28 300	42 118 29 000
WC048							-			1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000
C DC4 Eden District Municipality Total: Eden Municipalities	24 855	28 000	58 000	300	300	300	5 893	14 000	19818	3 000	3 000	3 000	34 048	45 300	81118
1200211															
B WCU51 Langsourg B WC057 Prince Albert															
WC053	3 100							8 483					3 100	8 483	
C DC5 Central Karoo District Municipality	001 6			T				COF 0					001.0	0 407	
10tal: Central Karoo Municipalities	3 100							8 483					3 100	8 483	
	007 0mm	000 001	000 02 1	000	000	000		000 07 -	100 001	000	000 .	002 10		502 005	071.000
10tat: Western Cape Municipatutes	500 0/T	000 7CT	CC7 CCI	006	006	006	111 454	142 003	0000 701	0000 0	14 000	00C 17	194 407	COC 067	601 OCC
National Total	3 203 397	4 482 896	4 871 654	138 894	142 013	151 185	2 141 027	2 488 037	3 680 043	55 000	58 300	65 000	5 538 318	7 171 246	8 767 882
								-			1				

ANNEXURE W7

EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

ANNEXURE W7	
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIP	ALITIES

			EQU	EQUITABLE SHARE ¹			TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES			
			National and	National and Municipal Financial Year			National and Municipal Financial Year			
Category		Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)		
EASTI	ERN CAPE									
А	BUF	Buffalo City	653 660	656 856	654 044	1 416 113	1 436 926	1 509 291		
А	NMA	Nelson Mandela Bay	743 325	761 940	772 901	1 662 339	1 970 485	2 147 503		
в	EC101	Camdeboo	39 006	40 943	43 371	67 585	71 207	64 828		
В	EC102	Blue Crane Route	40 796	42 411	44 607	64 112	60 836	66 528		
В	EC103	Ikwezi	16 860	18 186	20 653	30 125	28 922	41 504		
B	EC104	Makana	69 044	72 174	75 667	108 107	104 017	113 649		
B B	EC105 EC106	Ndlambe Sundays River Valley	59 738 40 404	64 879 46 337	72 949 55 159	143 731 85 952	212 891 74 732	208 024 103 652		
В	EC100 EC107	Baviaans	18 694	20 459	23 484	44 059	52 891	63 968		
B	EC107	Kouga	54 165	66 128	81 674	96 462	102 512	121 016		
В	EC109	Kou-Kamma	31 384	33 881	37 571	53 127	56 387	65 867		
С	DC10	Cacadu District Municipality	75 091	80 338	86 781	80 133	84 632	91 198		
Total:	Cacadu Mu	nicipalities	445 182	485 736	541 916	773 393	849 027	940 234		
в	EC121	Mbhashe	136 195	163 002	211 166	262 029	304 102	356 286		
В	EC122	Mnquma	168 933	191 570	236 239	316 419	338 659	412 075		
В	EC123	Great Kei	34 158	36 790	42 494	51 394	52 345	68 765		
В	EC124	Amahlathi	96 720	105 532	124 944	139 124	159 321	180 859		
В	EC126	Ngqushwa	66 451	71 882	83 511	100 570	117 385	130 575		
B	EC127	Nkonkobe	94 338	106 634	131 252	145 866	163 159	188 615		
B	EC128 DC12	Nxuba Amathole District Municipality	22 307 621 631	23 804 662 019	26 694 694 475	38 603 1 115 694	45 992 1 339 032	49 335 1 663 444		
C Total:	Amathole M	* •	1 240 733	1 361 233	1 550 775	2 169 699	2 519 995	3 049 954		
		-								
В	EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	40 356	40 656	41 139	57 900	68 412	79 840		
В	EC132	Tsolwana	27 463	31 354	39 001	48 114	56 453	59 887		
B B	EC133	Inkwanca	19 355	21 252	25 206	32 380	33 142	47 593		
в B	EC134 EC135	Lukanji Intsika Yethu	112 656 99 780	118 544 116 201	128 228 147 419	154 748 173 940	171 875 202 618	189 406 241 667		
В	EC135 EC136	Emalahleni	78 749	92 189	117 658	151 725	165 914	203 777		
В	EC130	Engcobo	86 604	104 165	135 276	129 712	206 525	240 350		
В	EC138	Sakhisizwe	42 714	48 690	59 939	69 763	76 698	90 011		
С	DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	385 035	412 881	441 527	930 926	948 335	1 006 575		
Total:	Chris Hani M	Municipalities	892 712	985 932	1 135 393	1 749 208	1 929 972	2 159 106		
в	EC141	Elundini	84 626	102 081	133 357	183 748	215 626	244 150		
В	EC142	Senqu	98 133	111 140	136 991	176 391	190 537	222 028		
В	EC143	Maletswai	24 074	25 448	27 642	46 016	42 215	57 997		
В	EC144	Gariep	25 608	26 340	27 760	40 582	40 055	57 088		
C	DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	178 958	194 392	211 537	374 970	380 535	411 710		
Total:	Joe Gqabi M	lunicipalities	411 399	459 401	537 287	821 707	868 968	992 973		
В	EC153	Ngquza Hill	126 980	153 791	201 492	257 139	286 955	348 524		
В	EC154	Port St Johns	78 040	93 591	121 664	123 233	139 345	174 874		
В	EC155	Nyandeni	143 347	169 814	218 287	228 697	258 185	336 644		
В	EC156	Mhlontlo	110 614	128 084	160 508	185 812	216 521	281 953		
В	EC157	King Sabata Dalindyebo	184 567	206 947	253 784	346 521	363 114	431 068		
C Total:	DC15	O.R.Tambo District Municipality Municipalities	493 970 1 137 518	550 599 1 302 826	614 106 1 569 841	1 377 840 2 519 242	1 570 230 2 834 350	1 745 804 3 318 867		
rotai:	 12000	าราาทางประการ	1 15/ 518	1 302 620	1 569 841	2 519 242	2 034 330	5 510 00/		
В	EC441	Matatiele	118 249	139 223	177 399	242 616	262 823	303 190		
В	EC442	Umzimvubu	117 834	136 376	170 923	231 852	250 233	299 834		
В	EC443	Mbizana	126 027	145 455	183 149	220 669	239 847	294 048		
B	EC444	Ntabankulu	69 894	80 014	99 570	156 455	158 352	184 650		
C Tot-1	DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	319 703	344 069	368 520	814 371	882 122	908 009		
1 otal:	AIIFEG NZO N	Aunicipalities	751 707	845 137	999 561	1 665 963	1 793 377	1 989 731		
T -4 1	Frates C	- Manufala - Itala -	(AR (AR ((070 0/1		10 555 444	14 202 102	1/ 108 / 50		
rotal:	Lastern Cap	e Municipalities	6 276 236	6 859 061	7 761 718	12 777 664	14 203 100	16 107 659		

ANNEXURE W7	
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCAT	TONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			EQU	EQUITABLE SHARE ¹			TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES			
			National and	l Municipal Fina	ncial Year	National and Municipal Financial Year				
Ci	ategory	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)		
FREE	STATE									
А	MAN	Mangaung	605 072	602 710	591 487	1 265 182	1 322 616	1 346 394		
в	FS161	Latanmana	50 434	50 100	49 583	88 280	110 088	136 679		
В	FS161 FS162	Letsemeng Kopanong	85 634	82 382	78 029	143 244	145 781	165 504		
В	FS163	Mohokare	51 873	52 865	54 514	97 369	102 143	114 769		
в	FS164	Naledi	38 200	39 235	40 703	61 975	55 460	57 312		
С	DC16	Xhariep District Municipality	25 535	29 343	35 005	29 944	33 011	38 736		
Total: 2	Xhariep Mu	nicipalities	251 676	253 925	257 834	420 812	446 483	513 000		
в	FS181	Masilonyana	82 581	84 684	87 776	138 132	136 249	144 095		
В	FS181	Tokologo	43 518	43 813	44 497	100 775	108 816	113 940		
B	FS182	Tswelopele	61 909	61 962	62 134	95 229	90 399	84 019		
В	FS184	Matjhabeng	424 920	415 397	399 963	621 870	577 323	528 437		
в	FS185	Nala	130 670	126 013	120 179	186 930	172 159	152 874		
С	DC18	Lejweleputswa District Municipality	100 936	105 052	111 194	104 076	109 155	115 676		
Total: I	Lejweleputs	wa Municipalities	844 534	836 921	825 743	1 247 012	1 194 101	1 139 041		
в	FS191	Setsoto	165 019	165 090	165 262	267 922	257 284	241 802		
В	FS191 FS192	Dihlabeng	129 734	131 161	131 457	207 922 205 852	213 596	196 561		
В	FS193	Nketoana	78 119	78 872	80 004	133 015	124 133	129 459		
В	FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung	361 770	390 798	446 530	643 712	634 523	687 539		
в	FS195	Phumelela	56 906	58 214	59 911	106 062	112 101	118 849		
в	FS196	Mantsopa	67 071	67 801	68 729	101 830	92 010	96 292		
С	DC19	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	81 281	87 537	98 062	84 421	91 727	102 655		
Total: 7	Thabo Mofu	tsanyana Municipalities	939 900	979 473	1 049 955	1 542 814	1 525 374	1 573 157		
в	FS201	Moqhaka	164 486	167 008	168 900	243 787	229 087	247 132		
В	FS201	Ngwathe	156 191	159 928	165 001	243 787	216 426	223 598		
В	FS204	Metsimaholo	101 698	107 333	114 374	187 384	185 315	203 375		
В	FS205	Mafube	75 544	76 538	78 085	108 765	110 841	123 416		
С	DC20	Fezile Dabi District Municipality	134 501	137 635	140 289	137 641	141 642	144 685		
Total: I	Fezile Dabi l	Municipalities	632 420	648 442	666 649	890 155	883 311	942 206		
Total: I	Free State N	Iunicipalities	3 273 602	3 321 471	3 391 668	5 365 975	5 371 885	5 513 798		
GAUTI	ENG									
А	EKU	Ekurhuleni	1 917 953	2 039 212	2 161 058	3 820 271	3 948 494	4 164 088		
A	JHB	City of Johannesburg	2 293 212	2 527 926	2 822 727	5 229 503	5 773 436	6 118 224		
А	TSH	City of Tshwane	1 166 964	1 371 322	1 628 130	3 521 010	4 140 143	4 524 991		
в	CT 121	Emfulari	500.057	601 000	507 179	000 005	020.251	1.006.070		
В	GT421 GT422	Emfuleni Midvaal	598 857 54 673	601 209 60 571	596 178 67 337	898 695 143 121	939 351 187 810	1 026 278 234 543		
В	GT422 GT423	Lesedi	64 253	71 468	81 742	143 121 100 242	108 903	120 578		
c	DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	232 785	239 720	246 087	245 925	261 904	265 382		
Total: §	Sedibeng Mu		950 568	972 968	991 344	1 387 983	1 497 968	1 646 781		
L.	CT 101	Marala Circ	222.201	229 102	255 (())	224 721	272 521	205 246		
B B	GT481 GT482	Mogale City Randfontein	222 291 95 880	238 193 100 241	255 661 102 691	334 721 147 804	372 521 154 214	395 346 169 881		
В	GT482 GT483	Westonaria	95 880 104 957	100 241	102 691	257 549	154 214 248 508	259 815		
В	GT485 GT484	Merafong City	104 957	113 478	125 673	257 549	248 508 261 206	259 815 267 593		
ć	DC48	West Rand District Municipality	172 587	178 648	185 485	186 727	191 832	207 575		
Total: V		Municipalities	776 789	806 303	836 648	1 205 080	1 228 281	1 293 537		

ANNEXURE W7	
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES	

			EQU	ITABLE SHAR	'E ¹	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES			
			National and	Municipal Fina	ncial Year	National and	l Municipal Fina	ncial Year	
6	atogowy	Municipality	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	
	Category	Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	
KWA	ZULU-NATAL								
А	ETH eTh	ekwini	1 869 806	1 990 981	2 101 119	4 434 646	4 959 850	5 271 873	
в	KZN211 Vu	lamehlo	40 580	48 709	62 702	79 218	80 452	109 666	
в	KZN212 Un	adoni	33 387	43 748	60 726	55 442	73 861	104 244	
в	KZN213 Un	zumbe	94 545	105 482	128 104	166 854	182 707	216 602	
в	KZN214 uM	uziwabantu	49 397	59 169	76 423	83 448	83 813	102 646	
в	KZN215 Ezi	ngoleni	29 480	34 540	43 567	46 494	51 268	61 187	
в	KZN216 Hit	biscus Coast	92 600	103 875	126 653	158 723	179 503	216 111	
С	DC21 Ug	u District Municipality	287 183	323 621	366 670	629 838	646 080	782 224	
Total:	Ugu Municipaliti		627 172	719 144	864 845	1 220 017	1 297 684	1 592 680	
	W720201		(1.100	60 F 10	05 000	07.050	07.000	115 500	
В		shwathi	61 423	69 540	85 328	87 259	97 990	115 790	
В		ngeni	37 208	40 399	44 603	62 560	65 362	71 088	
В		ofana	23 278	24 858	27 700	38 439	39 588	43 174	
В		pendle	25 741	28 098	33 000	40 387	42 574	48 234	
В		unduzi	354 313	373 677	393 300	642 297	574 482	592 507	
В		hambathini	32 583	39 486	51 522	50 550	58 480	71 715	
В		hmond	33 881	41 323	54 362	54 083 495 865	61 560	75 763	
C	Umgungundlovu	ngungundlovu District Municipality	338 828 907 255	366 437 983 818	394 877 1 084 692	495 865 1 471 440	531 139 1 471 175	666 261 1 684 532	
Total:	Ungungunaiovu	Municipanties	907 255	965 616	1 084 092	14/1440	14/11/5	1 004 552	
в	KZN232 Em	nambithi/Ladysmith	111 249	118 704	130 197	174 250	174 604	190 558	
В	KZN232 End		63 187	67 334	76 123	97 191	121 481	141 703	
В		itshezi	33 196	39 403	50 245	79 617	75 307	86 117	
В		hahlamba	69 121	79 386	98 688	105 768	113 674	137 866	
В		pabazane	68 921	73 945	85 171	101 484	119 479	132 269	
c		ukela District Municipality	269 199	286 424	302 679	504 423	526 662	581 471	
Total:	Uthukela Municip		614 873	665 196	743 103	1 062 733	1 131 207	1 269 984	
L.	K2N241 5	1	24.004	27.112	41.201	55.005	54.020	50 100	
В		dumeni	34 084	37 113	41 381	55 835	54 038	59 192	
В	KZN242 Nq		79 597	92 273	116 168	167 125	164 657	193 005	
В		inga	81 641	100 938	134 802	191 300	207 242	247 023	
B C		ivoti	49 358	62 719	85 376	93 434	94 767	120 337	
-	Umzinyathi Mun	izinyathi District Municipality	192 952 437 632	212 794 505 837	236 226 613 953	440 226 947 920	623 813 1 144 517	834 415 1 453 972	
1 otal:	Umzinyaun Mun	rupanues	43/ 032	505 657	013 953	94/920	1 144 517	1 455 972	
в	KZN252 Nev	wcastle	276 638	284 723	296 857	423 425	434 231	453 555	
В		adlangeni	15 507	17 485	21 116	28 979	29 272	33 367	
В		nnhauser	52 872	60 196	74 526	79 640	90 864	109 093	
C		ajuba District Municipality	104 535	112 431	120 442	174 863	179 416	206 533	
Total:	Amajuba Munici	· · · ·	449 552	474 835	512 941	706 907	733 783	802 548	

ANNEXURE W7
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

		EQU	UTABLE SHAR	RE ¹	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES			
		National and	Municipal Fina	ncial Year	National and Municipal Financial Year			
<i>a i</i>	NF 11 N	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	
Category	Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	
B KZN	261 eDumbe	40 352	46 464	57 714	68 924	72 249	88 652	
B KZN	262 uPhongolo	66 389	77 124	97 092	116 825	125 665	160 681	
B KZN	263 Abaqulusi	85 565	95 691	115 029	159 830	166 064	184 056	
B KZN	265 Nongoma	81 160	96 329	124 159	152 936	168 089	194 978	
B KZN	266 Ulundi	87 088	101 357	128 392	132 527	147 910	186 862	
C DC	26 Zululand District Municipality	276 930	296 860	317 554	647 055	569 568	636 860	
Total: Zululan	d Municipalities	637 484	713 825	839 940	1 278 097	1 249 545	1 452 089	
B KZN	271 Umhlabuyalingana	68 319	87 853	121 580	110 361	139 100	169 358	
B KZN		85 485	103 831	137 040	165 816	180 505	216 290	
B KZN		17 275	22 514	31 093	35 740	46 409	55 659	
B KZN		30 174	37 140	49 351	56 543	68 783	76 948	
B KZN		60 744	81 486	116 884	115 874	142 169	186 502	
C DC		196 603	225 596	260 529	682 554	836 596	648 275	
	yakude Municipalities	458 600	558 420	716 477	1 166 888	1 413 562	1 353 032	
B KZN		52 392	67 506	93 955	93 324	118 145	151 114	
B KZN		190 384	204 798	228 096	314 640	334 774	378 316	
B KZN		24 403	30 928	42 504	53 356	70 384	107 855	
B KZN		91 327	111 120	145 753	177 569	200 891	250 683	
B KZN	and the second sec	27 730	31 711	38 882	43 757	47 061	84 986	
B KZN		57 099	66 041	82 996	123 209	135 723	184 026	
C DC		353 909	381 498	406 383	641 427	805 096	1 124 137	
Total: Uthung	ulu Municipalities	797 244	893 602	1 038 569	1 447 282	1 712 074	2 281 117	
B KZN	291 Mandeni	74 289	90 610	119 571	131 638	149 324	198 801	
B KZN	292 KwaDukuza	78 566	88 242	106 084	146 847	154 852	181 299	
B KZN	293 Ndwedwe	67 373	82 895	110 018	144 979	155 751	198 455	
B KZN	294 Maphumulo	54 076	61 172	75 028	125 009	130 988	155 233	
C DC	29 iLembe District Municipality	253 386	289 560	332 346	626 965	821 139	1 140 000	
Total: iLembe	Municipalities	527 690	612 479	743 047	1 175 438	1 412 054	1 873 788	
B KZN	431 Ingwe	57 002	66 137	83 272	93 499	104 381	136 201	
B KZN	6	12 846	13 634	15 188	25 469	23 847	40 726	
B KZN		47 950	47 712	47 669	70 005	67 187	67 885	
B KZN		57 039	67 075	85 602	93 835	103 270	124 019	
B KZN		96 838	116 362	151 506	191 159	205 653	263 728	
C DC		216 056	230 220	243 065	430 796	484 953	526 716	
Total: Sisonke	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	487 731	541 140	626 302	904 763	989 291	1 159 275	
Lotan Disolikt		407 751		020 502	204703	,0, 2)1	1 107 210	
Total: Kwg7-	u-Natal Municipalities	7 815 039	8 659 277	9 884 988	15 816 131	17 514 742	20 194 890	
TOTAL WALL	u-ivatai iviumupanues	/ 013 039	0 037 411	7 004 700	13 010 131	1/ 314 /44	40 174 090	

ANNEXURE W7	
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES	

		EQ	UITABLE SHAF	λE ¹	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES			
			d Municipal Fina			nd Municipal Fina		
Category	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	
LIMPOPO								
B LIM331 Greater	r Giyani	148 104	173 860	222 511	240 081	276 484	335 713	
B LIM332 Greater	r Letaba	146 418	167 647	209 454	213 362	243 661	293 582	
	r Tzaneen	211 762	236 039	289 971	352 853	386 224	462 372	
	alaborwa	69 433	83 307	108 033	114 278	135 631	165 628	
B LIM335 Marule		60 742	71 900	92 865	96 294	103 070	142 360	
	i District Municipality	504 909	558 369	620 072	1 014 463	1 174 250	1 331 975	
Total: Mopani Municipaliti	ies	1 141 368	1 291 122	1 542 906	2 031 331	2 319 320	2 731 630	
B LIM341 Musina	1	34 393	39 062	48 052	62 585	70 751	86 151	
B LIM342 Mutale		51 174	64 959	88 990	93 926	116 768	162 688	
B LIM343 Thulan	nela	290 472	338 870	434 680	486 386	552 467	699 203	
B LIM344 Makha	do	256 239	288 042	356 332	405 662	451 388	550 061	
C DC34 Vhemb	e District Municipality	524 104	589 779	668 296	1 139 370	1 267 982	1 508 200	
Total: Vhembe Municipalit	ies	1 156 382	1 320 712	1 596 350	2 187 929	2 459 356	3 006 303	
B LIM351 Bloube		100 568	117 100	147 981	163 231	183 676	227 054	
B LIM351 Bloube B LIM352 Aganai		84 880	98 117	123 471	103 231	137 330	180 777	
B LIM352 Agana B LIM353 Molem		80 861	89 040	125 471	121 622	137 330	155 417	
B LIM355 Wolen B LIM354 Polokw		415 990	454 995	518 016	941 629	804 137	919 368	
	-Nkumpi	138 190	161 220	205 236	208 233	238 211	298 172	
1	orn District Municipality	431 845	464 522	496 617	732 503	803 237	899 558	
Total: Capricorn Municipa		1 252 334	1 384 994	1 598 206	2 283 378	2 293 010	2 680 346	
D 10/0// 701		10.100	10 10 1	50 5 10	105 000	100.017	100.070	
B LIM361 Thabaz		60 129	60 696	59 712	107 990	100 816	122 368	
B LIM362 Lephal		83 078	86 772	91 274	144 988	138 003	162 080	
B LIM364 Mookg		29 014	33 863	41 179	48 187	52 371	70 652	
B LIM365 Modim B LIM366 Bela-B		57 283	58 581	59 493 62 905	112 359	105 479	100 626	
B LIM366 Bela-B B LIM367 Mogala		48 639 267 909	54 226 292 559	339 353	72 870 461 314	79 418 481 943	99 138 565 079	
	berg District Municipality	94 609	292 339 99 446	106 745	159 320	187 409	252 301	
Total: Waterberg Municipa		640 661	686 143	760 661	1 107 028	1 145 439	1 372 244	
	m Mogale	77 149	91 627	118 772	120 347	138 753	169 777	
	Iotsoaledi	143 438	166 928	213 459	206 326	240 340	300 904	
	duthamaga	157 863	181 822	229 192	224 997	266 851	343 731	
B LIM474 Fetakg		52 946	63 595	83 250	91 221	107 730	148 890	
	r Tubatse	148 455	182 718	246 541	257 804	292 544	391 250	
	khune District Municipality	406 157	464 938	536 183	1 295 507	1 608 699	1 820 548	
Total: Sekhukhune Munici	palities	986 008	1 151 628	1 427 397	2 196 202	2 654 917	3 175 100	
Total: Limpopo Municipali	ties	5 176 753	5 834 599	6 925 520	9 805 868	10 872 042	12 965 623	
MPUMALANGA								
	Luthuli	171 462	188 811	218 671	303 820	307 114	361 416	
B MP302 Msuka		108 953	114 918	121 221	179 429	184 563	200 965	
B MP303 Mkhon B MP204 Birday		110 712	127 217	152 657	211 708	217 599	249 791	
	Ka Seme	85 631	87 919 85 036	91 094 88 227	127 920	122 218	127 186 123 102	
		81 428 46 059	85 036 48 593	88 237 52 440	128 831 70 480	122 974 69 731	123 102 74 595	
B MP306 Dipales B MP307 Govan		191 144	48 593	194 469	283 095	278 445	265 500	
	bande District Municipality	259 860	266 056	271 180	319 822	377 303	403 530	
Total: Gert Sibande Munic		1 055 249	1 112 180	1 189 969	1 625 105	1 679 947	1 806 085	
_								
	Khanye	54 204	59 124	67 126	83 390	90 651	106 620	
B MP312 Emalal		192 475	207 818	228 491	327 577	354 411	397 879	
	ſshwete	92 630	103 593	119 269	161 161	169 180	198 326	
B MP314 Emakh		38 535	42 256	48 318	58 685	62 642	74 448	
	isile Hani	237 008	259 757	299 541	395 746	422 956	485 692	
B MP316 Dr JS M		248 190	270 519	314 317	380 949	411 228	472 139	
C DC31 Nkanga Total: Nkangala Municipal	ala District Municipality ities	308 850 1 171 892	318 220 1 261 287	326 609 1 403 671	323 592 1 731 100	342 354 1 853 422	358 836 2 093 940	
gun realized		111002	01 _0/			- 500 122	_ 0,0 ,40	
B MP321 Thaba G	Chweu	81 198	90 471	104 348	143 180	167 342	241 415	
B MP322 Mbomb	pela	342 190	388 559	460 251	787 717	951 268	995 415	
B MP323 Umjind	i	52 284	57 371	65 417	118 959	122 748	234 509	
B MP324 Nkoma		290 822	340 862	424 283	565 810	634 656	858 020	
B MP325 Bushbu	ckridge	485 251	544 632	648 039	884 837	1 007 892	1 277 561	
	eni District Municipality	188 227	200 664	219 306	228 327	280 941	277 666	
Total: Ehlanzeni Municipal	lities	1 439 972	1 622 559	1 921 644	2 728 830	3 164 847	3 884 586	
Total: Mpumalanga Munic	ipalities	3 667 113	3 996 026	4 515 284	6 085 035	6 698 216	7 784 611	
	•							

ANNEXURE W7	
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES	

			EQU	ITABLE SHAR	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES			
				Municipal Fina 2014/15			d Municipal Fina 2014/15	ncial Year 2015/16
Cate	gory	Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
ORTHE	CRN CAPE							
	NC061 Richtersveld		12 338	12 808	13 357	31 070	42 726	23
	NC061 Richlersveid NC062 Nama Khoi		33 821	35 283	36 682	136 735	142 362	198
	NC064 Kamiesberg		13 681	15 124	17 565	28 484	26 987	28
	NC065 Hantam		20 312	20 560	20 591	35 950	33 247	49
	NC066 Karoo Hoogla	ind	13 898	14 659	15 758	28 243	26 283	26
	NC067 Khâi-Ma		13 134	13 810	14 833	28 250	25 126	25
	DC6 Namakwa Di	strict Municipality	33 148	34 529	35 586	36 288	36 713	40
tal: Na	makwa Municipalities		140 332	146 773	154 372	325 020	333 444	392
	NC071 Ubuntu		19 400	21 585	25 118	37 125	34 038	38
	NC072 Umsobomvu		30 684	32 357	34 839	92 079	85 239	101
	NC073 Emthanjeni		34 820	35 326	35 822	74 519	67 246	50
	NC074 Kareeberg		13 268	15 069	17 919	25 897	40 653	42
	NC075 Renosterberg		15 574	16 502	18 100	29 753	40 115	33
	NC076 Thembelihle		15 650	16 718	18 588	48 202	31 688 35 007	35
	NC077 Siyathemba NC078 Siyancuma		21 171 36 842	22 427 37 997	24 149 39 446	45 476 62 560	58 864	41 59
		ne District Municipality	29 375	32 277	36 465	32 515	34 461	41
al: Pix	dey Ka Seme Municipal		29 373	230 258	250 446	448 126	427 311	44
	NC081 Mier		11 016	12 293	14 489	27 672	26 919	28
	NC082 !Kai !Garib		48 286	50 278	51 971	72 454	74 263	7
	NC083 //Khara Hais		53 914	56 126	57 390	90 363	87 151	9
	NC084 !Kheis		16 899	17 946	19 612	38 551	38 014	4
	NC085 Tsantsabane		26 145	27 060	28 093	44 097	51 561	4
	NC086 Kgatelopele		15 302	16 086	17 044	27 740	26 666	2
		ict Municipality	44 983	47 834	51 247	48 123	50 018	5
al: Siy	anda Municipalities		216 545	227 623	239 846	349 000	354 592	37
	NC091 Sol Plaatjie		145 905	145 433	142 820	251 271	245 727	274
	NC092 Dikgatlong		48 022	51 624	57 946	83 153	77 618	100
	NC093 Magareng		30 294	32 056	34 685	54 214	45 787	53
	NC094 Phokwane DC9 Frances Baard	District Municipality	67 054 89 990	71 291 97 520	77 127 103 974	106 013 123 630	113 975 139 704	12: 16:
al: Fra	ances Baard Municipalit		381 265	397 924	416 552	618 281	622 811	71
	NC451 Los Morolono		80 780	02 120	114 529	101.964	214 049	21/
	NC451 Joe Morolong NC452 Ga-Segonyan		73 591	93 120 86 859	114 538 108 890	191 864 173 938	214 049 212 922	21 24
	NC452 Ga-Segonyan NC453 Gamagara	a	21 203	22 045	22 924	67 856	61 625	24
	Ų	aetsewe District Municipality	58 112	61 492	65 096	62 717	68 401	7:
tal: Joh	n Taolo Gaetsewe Mun		233 686	263 516	311 448	496 375	556 997	60.
tal: No	rthern Cape Municipali	lies	1 188 612	1 266 094	1 372 664	2 236 802	2 295 155	2 532
RTH	WEST							
	NW371 Moretele		177 267	210 187	264 075	313 810	342 391	40
	NW372 Madibeng		308 470	369 058	462 097	586 978	710 613	83
	NW373 Rustenburg		285 427	335 130	402 725	1 011 162	1 171 616	1 308
	NW374 Kgetlengrivie		46 026	50 590	58 162	99 067	108 730	13
	NW375 Moses Kotan		248 277	276 647	326 105	600 248	503 908	59
al: Boj	DC37 Bojanala Plat janala Platinum Munici	num District Municipality palities	250 823 1 316 290	266 080 1 507 692	286 552 1 799 716	253 963 2 865 228	270 200 3 107 458	29 3 58
	NW381 Ratlou NW382 Tswaing		73 777 68 209	82 797 74 607	101 553 87 950	112 791 141 193	126 627 130 850	15 16
	NW382 Tswaing NW383 Mafikeng		131 186	145 926	177 871	202 785	230 309	27
	NW385 Mankeng NW384 Ditsobotla		83 079	88 952	98 143	202 785 146 937	230 309	18
	NW385 Ramotshere N	foiloa	88 637	102 746	129 720	140 937	163 343	18.
		Molema District Municipality	426 496	465 909	509 322	727 155	860 947	98
al: Nga	aka Modiri Molema Mu		871 384	960 937	1 104 559	1 472 778	1 667 034	1 95
	NW392 Naledi		34 611	36 879	40 154	85 298	83 031	7
	NW393 Mamusa		34 309	37 316	43 987	64 466	75 648	8
	NW394 Greater Taun		114 303	135 395	175 070	174 962	205 853	25
	NW396 Lekwa-Teem	ane	30 312	32 859	38 172	49 256	51 896	6
	NW397 NW397		73 389	83 818	104 492	124 793	126 736	17.
al: Dr	DC39 Dr Ruth Sego Ruth Segomotsi Mompa	motsi Mompati District Municipality	225 666 512 590	223 722 549 989	260 966 662 841	505 127 1 003 902	514 446 1 057 610	488
	· ·							
	NW401 Ventersdorp		49 829 92 603	55 159 104 399	64 103 120 781	106 331	90 153 173 416	9: 21
	NW402 Tlokwe NW403 City of Matlo	ene	92 603 337 085	104 399 340 138		149 778 483 585	173 416 471 682	
	NW403 City of Matio NW404 Maquassi Hil		337 085 81 259	340 138 85 989	342 031 92 525	483 585	471 682 153 448	474 192
		s aunda District Municipality	81 259 155 482	85 989 160 721	92 525 166 170	127 625 158 622	153 448 164 706	19
			716 258	746 406	785 610	1025 941	1 053 405	1 15
al: Dr	Kenneth Kaunda Muni	cinalities	716.258					

ANNEXURE W7
EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

		EQU	JITABLE SHAR	Έ ¹		ALLOCATION	
		National and	l Municipal Fina	ncial Year	National and	Municipal Fina	ncial Year
Catalan	M	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
Category	Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
WESTERN CAPE							
A CPT C	City of Cape Town	1 243 293	1 502 066	1 815 088	4 068 775	4 458 026	4 934 735
B WC011	Matzikama	37 874	40 003	41 516	69 937	79 448	90 670
B WC012	Cederberg	28 188	30 873	34 375	92 495	91 244	76 873
B WC013	Bergrivier	24 815	27 571	30 689	40 708	43 726	47 687
B WC014	Saldanha Bay	38 632	46 557	55 610	60 313	67 340	77 469
	Swartland	32 506	43 233	56 007	58 091	70 548	79 747
C DC1	West Coast District Municipality	72 626	76 206	80 912	85 766	96 070	115 548
Total: West Coast M		234 641	264 443	299 109	407 310	448 376	487 994
B WC022	Witzenberg	49 553	54 284	59 253	86 594	79 898	89 100
	Drakenstein	75 995	85 596	97 233	131 490	134 638	160 545
	Stellenbosch	75 995 50 157	65 832	97 255 85 118	131 490	134 638	160 545
		67 964	74 468	82 030	113 376	157 225	149 078
	Breede Valley						
	Langeberg	53 158	55 865	57 518	76 147	80 947	86 440
	Cape Winelands District Municipality	209 436	213 628	217 049	212 576	215 812	221 583
Total: Cape Winelan	ds Municipalities	506 263	549 673	598 201	748 026	784 300	845 644
B WC031	Theewaterskloof	57 262	62 652	68 737	96 001	95 260	97 720
	Overstrand	41 949	52 164	64 741	72 138	80 235	93 213
	Cape Agulhas	18 057	19 424	20 744	44 368	42 344	49 204
	Swellendam	19 857	20 979	21 979	51 931	34 917	36 619
	Overberg District Municipality	46 637	50 646	55 626	49 777	52 830	59 996
Total: Overberg Mu		183 762	205 865	231 827	314 215	305 586	336 752
Total. Overberg wu	ncipanties	185 702	203 803	231 827	514 215	303 380	330 732
B WC041	Kannaland	20 051	21 162	22 445	55 475	45 126	53 426
	Hessequa	28 189	30 054	31 606	49 001	50 741	52 704
	Mossel Bay	47 196	54 855	63 858	75 010	87 284	91 893
	George	85 716	92 615	101 174	333 025	260 673	269 085
	Oudtshoorn	45 958	49 992	54 609	107 912	105 789	125 481
B WC047	Bitou	29 614	41 028	57 552	56 857	74 838	114 166
	Knysna	35 982	44 920	56 304	75 458	75 966	98 588
	Eden District Municipality	129 669	134 265	139 387	132 809	138 317	143 887
Total: Eden Municip	* *	422 375	468 891	526 935	885 547	838 734	949 230
	Laingsburg	10 224	10 911	12 132	21 394	26 069	26 567
	Prince Albert	11 661	13 057	15 372	23 126	22 970	25 643
	Beaufort West	35 567	39 061	44 355	64 020	80 823	75 929
	Central Karoo District Municipality	14 638	16 895	20 204	17 778	20 751	24 215
Total: Central Karoo	Municipalities	72 090	79 924	92 063	129 658	150 613	152 354
Total: Western Cape	Municipalities	2 662 424	3 070 862	3 563 223	6 553 531	6 985 635	7 706 709
					403 500	1 145 905	1 187 390
National Total		40 581 787	44 490 145	50 207 698	80 576 202	88 560 509	99 578 162
	share formula allocations, RSC levies replaceme		1.0				10.11

1. Includes equitable share formula allocations, RSC levies replacement and special contribution towards Councillor remuneration, but excludes the sharing of the general fuel levy with metropolitan municipalities. (See Appendix W1)

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPLITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

	Equit	Equitable Share Formula	mula	RSC Le	RSC Levies Replacement		Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	Special Support for Councillor nuneration and Ward Commit	llor mittees	BREAKDO	DWN OF EQUIT	ABLE SHARE F	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	AICIPALITIES AU	THORISED FOR
	National and	Municipal Fir	uancial Year	Vational and N	Iunicipal Final		National and Mu	micipal Financ	ial Year			National and	Municipal Financial	Year	
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 2014/15 (R'000) (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 2 (R'000) ((2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000)	915/16 8'000)	Water Sau 2013/	Sanitation Refuse 2013/14 (R'000)		Water Sanitation Refuse 2014/15 (R'000)	Water	Sanitation Refuse 2015/16 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE															
A BUF Buffalo City A NMA Nelson Mandela Bay	653 660 743 325	656856 761940	654 044 772 901												
	36 809	38388	40 718				2 197	2 555	2 653						
B ECI02 Blue Crane Route	39 040	40374	42 493				1 756	2 037	2114						
	65 222	10 / 82 67 345	70 654				3 822	1 404 4 829	5 013						
EC105	57 008	61 429	69 368				2 730	3 450	3 5 8 1						
B EC106 Sundays River Valley B EC107 Bavisans	37 893	43417	52 127 22 026				2 511 1 348	2 920	3 0 3 2 1 4 5 8						
	50 176		76 452				3 989	5 032	5 2 2 2						
B ECI09 Kou-Kamma	29 628		35 457	CC0 22	L03 L3	CC0 03	1 756	2 037	2114						
Total: Cacadu Municipalities	363 797	397 387	450 968	55 833	57 507	58 932 58 932	25 552	30 842	32.016						
D EC131 Mithacks	020 201		210.000				736 0	10 551	10.051	222 72	13 063	22 002	16 000	111	LYC LY
B EC121 Monasne B EC122 Mnquma	160 469	164 201	225 139				8 464	10 694	1001 11	59 494	49 579	62 660	51 661	64 967	4/ 34/ 52 933
B EC123 Great Kei	32 088		40 001				2 070	2 402	2 493	8 612	7 177	9 024	7 440	9 309	7 585
B EC124 Amahlathi B FC126 Nomebwa	91 259		79 005				5 461 3 443	6 899 4 347	7 161 4 506	28 633 19 095	23 861	30 011	24 744 16 407	30.966	25 231 16 818
B EC127 Nkonkobe	117 88		123 882				5 627	7 102	7 370	29 964	24 970	31 671	26 112	32 954	26 850
B EC128 Nxuba	21 052		25 178	101 010	227 020	200 520	1 255	1 460	1516	5 187	4 323	5 449	4 493	5 635	4 591
C DC12 Amanole District Municipanty Total: Amathole Municipalities	957 952	1 047 350	1 215 140	248 104	270 433	290 538	34 677	43 450	45 097	203 740	169 785	214 629	176 956	222 583	181 355
	000 50		10000						000						00000
B EC131 Inxuba rethemba B EC132 Tsolwana	37 899 25 580	29 391	37 916 36 961				1 883	5 105 1 963	5 2 2 3 2 0 4 0	7 645	9 624 6 371	12 404 8 252	6 804	8 804	7 174
EC133	18 007	19848	23 748				1 348	1 404	1 458	4 667	3 889	5 014	4 134	5 324	4 338
B ECI34 Lukanji B ECI35 Interio Vadu.	105 284	108 530	118 560				7 372	9 314 7 664	9 668 7 058	34 902 33 080	29 085 28 316	37 550 36 360	30 959 29 085	39 933 38 476	32 536
B EC136 Emalahleni	73 413	85 985	111 216				5 336	6 204	6 4 4 2	26 344	21 954	28 312	23 343	30 075	24 505
B EC137 Engcobo	81 143	97 266	128 115				5 461	6 899	7 161	31 038	25 865	33 184	27 360	35 070	28 574
B ECI38 Sakhisizwe C DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality	40 363 332 216	45 728 355 308	56 865 379 674	52 819	57 573	61 853	2 351	2 962	3 0 7 4	12 617	10 514	13 440	11 081	14 151	11 530
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities	807 094	888 844	1 032 516	52 819	57 573	61 853	32 799	39 515	41024	162 742	135 618	174 525	143 893	185 001	150 736
R FC141 Flundini	79.290	95 877	176 915				5 336	6 204	6 442	31.086	25 905	33,603	977 76	36 309	29 584
B EC142 Senqu	93 052		130 337				5 081	6 412	6 654	30 363	25 302	32 857	27 090	35 353	28 805
B EC143 Maletswai	22 191		25 368				1 883	2 190	2 2 7 4	7 466	6 222	8 184	6 748	8 920	7 267
B EC144 Garlep C DC14 Joe Goabi District Municipality	24 039	21 2 4 2 12	187 586	16 784	18 294	19 654	3 276	4 140	1 897 4 297	0 4:20	065 6	0 980 0	09/ c	600 /	661.0
Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities	377 470		496 071	16 784	18 294	19 654	17 145	20 771	21562	75 335	62 779	81 720	67 377	88 141	71 815
B EC153 Ngquza Hill	118 516	143 097	190 392				8 464	10 694	11 100	40 986	34 155	45 940	37 876	51 047	41 592
EC154	71 889	86445	114 244				6 151 • 257	7 146	7 420	24 300	20 250	27 187	22 415	30 151	24 567
B EC156 Mhlontlo	103 515	119115	151 198				1000 2	696 8	9310	40 16/ 32 049	26 708	35 520	29 285	39 025	31 796
EC157	184 567	206947	253 784	50 000	C01 29	70.020				69 227	57 689	77 960	64 276	87 033	70 912
otal: O.R.Tambo M	1 047 639	1 200 274	1 461 021	59 808	65 192	70 039	30 071	37 360	38781	212 749	177 291	238 443	196 589	264 927	215 856
EC441	111 150	130 254	168 089				660 L	8 969	9 3 10	40 576	33 813	43 640	35 980	46 329	37 748
EC442 EC442	110 462	127 062	161 255				7 372	9 314	9 668	37 741 20 260	31 451	40 383	33 295	42 651	34 751
B EC444 Ntabankulu	110 424 64 244	73 445	92 749				5 650	6 569	6 821	20 176	16 814	21 569	17 783	22 759	18 544
C DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality	285 473	305 812	327 670	28 769	31 358	33 689	5 461	6 899	7 1 6 1						
Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	687 753	770867	921 324	28 769	31 358	33 689	35 185	42 912	44 548	137 853	114 878	147 907	121 945	156 642	127 629
Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities	5 638 690	6 143 854	7 003 985	462 117	500 357	534 705	175 429	214 850	223 028	792 419	660 351	857 224	706 760	917 294	747 391

APPENDIX W1	APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES	(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES +	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)
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Category Municipality						-	NUMBER OF	kemuneration and ward Committees	ommittees		SER VICES			
	National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	_	National and N	Iunicipal Fina		National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	l Financial Year		
	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	_	2013/14 (R'000)	4 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000)		2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	Water Sanitation 2013/14 (R'000)	Refuse Water Sanitation 2014/15 (R'000)	on Refuse	Water	Sanitation Refuse
FREE STATE														
A MAN Mangaung	605 072	2 602710	591 487											
B FS161 Letsemeng	48 67	48 063	47 469				1 756	2 037	2 1 1 4					
	83 556						2 078	2 617	2716					
B FS163 Mohokare B FS164 Naladi	36 945	7 50828 37775	52 400 39 187				1 756	2 037	2114					
C DC16 Xhariep District Municipality	11 590			11 434	11 775	12 067	2 511	2 920	3 032					
Total: Xhariep Municipalities	230 886	6 231079	234 275	11 434	11 775	12 067	9 356	11 071	11492					
	79 85						2 730	3 450	3 5 8 1					
FS182	42 012						1 506	1 571	1 632					
FS183 ES194	59 831	1 59345					2 078	2 617	2716					
B FS164 Maynapeng B FS185 Nala	127 394						3 276	4 140	4 297					
C DC18 Lejweleputswa District Municipality	24 735			76 201	78 487	80 432								
Total: Lejweleputswa Municipalities	758 74			76 201	78 487	80 432	9 590	11 778	12 226					
B ES191 Setsoto	160.21	1 159 023					4 808	6 067	6.2.96					
FS192	124 273						5 461	6 899	7 161					
	75 662						2 457	3 105	3 2 2 3					
FS194	361 770		7				0100		100					
D FS195 Fhumelela	04 828	165 55 65	C61 / C				2 0/8	/107	2 / 10					
C DC19 That Mattersopa C DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality				51 109	52 639	53 943	100 7	706 7	t/0 c					
Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	871 636	905184	973 542	51 109	52 639	53 943	17 155	21 650	22470					
B FS201 Moqhaka	157 66						6 826	8 624	8 952					
	150 837						5 354	6 757	7 0 1 2					
FS204	101 698													
	73 193 12 470		75 011	122 031	125 691	128 806	2 351	2 962	3 0 7 4					
otal: Fezile Dabi Mı	495 858			122 031	125 691	128 806	14 531	18 343	19 038					
Total: Free State Municipalities	2 962 195	5 2 990 037	3 051 194	260 775	268 592	275 248	50 632	62 842	65 226					
GAUTENG														
A EKU Ekurhuleni	1 917 95		2 161 058											
A JHB City of Johannesburg A TSH City of Tshwane	2 293 212	2 2 527 926												
			1											
B GT421 Emfuleni B GT427 Midvaal	598 857	7 601 209 7 55 884	596 178 62 473				3 716	4 687	4864					
GT423	60 704						3 549	4 484	4 655					
C DC42 Sedibeng District Municipality	19 261			213 524	219 930	225 380								
Total: Sedibeng Municipalities	729 779	9 743867	756 445	213 524	219 930	225 380	7 265	9 171	9519					
GT481	222 291													
GT482	89 873						6 007	7 589	7877					
B G1485 Westonaria B GT484 Merafong City	100 074	101 010 01					4 202	1100	08CC					
C DC48 West Rand District Municipality	26 452			146 135	150 519	154 249								
Total: West Rand Municipalities	620.35		668 942		150 519	154 249	10 269	12 966	13457					
Total: Gauteng Municipalities	6 728 293	3 7 325 145	8 037 302	359 659	370 449	379 629	17 534	22 137	22.976					

	Equitab	Equitable Share Formula	ula	RSCLe	RSC Levies Replacement	ent	Special Su Remuneration	Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	aillor	BREAKD	DWN OF EQUIT	ABLE SHAR	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	UNICIPALITIES	AUTHORISED	FOR
	National and Municipal Financial Year	funicipal Fina	_	ational and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	_	Vational and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year			National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year		
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	Water Sa 2013,	Sanitation Refuse 2013/14 (R'000)	e Water	Sanitation 2014/15 (R'000)	Refuse Water	Sanitation 2015/16 (R'000)	Refuse
KWAZULU-NATAL																
A ETH eThekwini	1 869 806	1 990 981	2 101 119													
KZN211	37 850	45 259	59 121				2 730	3 450	3581	11 383	9 486	12 730	10 496	14 167	7 11 543	
B KZN212 Umdoni	30 /03	40441	100.001				2 024	5 507	5 4 5 2	13 449	107.11	20 CI		18 003		
KZN214	46 773	55 862	106 071				2 624	3 307	3 4 32	15 085	12, 570	17 045		19 166		
KZN215	27 724	32 503	41 453				1 756	2 037	2114	7 856	6 547	8 825		9 864		
B KZN216 Hibiscus Coast C DC21 Ugu District Municipality	92 600 236 893	103 875 268 805	126 653 307 779	50 290	54 816	58 891				39 196	32 664	45 252		51 987	7 42 358	
Total: Ugu Municipalities	561 184	645 293	786 195	50 290	54 816	58 891	15 698	19 035	19759	111 731	93 109	127 109	9 104 799	143 934	4 117 274	
B KZN221 uMshwathi	57 343	64 796	80 401				4 080	4 744	4 927	21 380	17 816	22 877	18 861	24 39		
KZN222	34 038	36402	40 455				3 170	3 997	4 148	18 062	15 051	19 780		21 590	17 591	
KZN223	22 149	23 551	26 344				1 129	1 307	1356	7 474	6 228	7 932		8 391		
KZN224	24 393	26 694	31 542				1 348	1 404	1 458	6 811	5 676	7 169	5 910	7 519	9 6 127	
B KZN225 Msunduzi R KZN236 Mthambathini	354 313 30 386	373 677 36 931	393 300 48 869				2 197	2 555	2 653	11 438	9 532	12 25		13 07		
KZN227	31 684	38768	51 709				2 197	2 555	2 653	12 731	10 609	13 767	11 351	14 838	8 12 090	
C DC22 Umgundlovu District Municipality	162 401	174 131	188 275	176 427	192 306	206 602										
Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities	716 707	774950	860 895	176 427	192 306	206 602	14 121	16 562	17 195	77 896	64 912	83 777	7 69 071	89 814	4 73 180	
00010224	100 001	001 001	000 001				100 E	10.0	0110	10.00	101 00	10.01				
KZN252	103 984	109 533	70 222				C07./	1/1 6	9166	CO2 04	55 504	42 861		44 890	20 20 281	
	30.845	36.441	171 74				2 351	2 962	3 074	13 602	11 335	14 86	1 12 253	15 955		
KZN235	65 299	74 557	93 675				3 822	4 829	5 0 1 3	22 533	18 777	23 761		24 620		
\$	64 968	69 353	80 404				3 953	4 592	4 7 67	18 411	15 342	19 35		19 99		
C DC23 Uthukela District Municipality Total:Uthukela Municipalities	231 430	598 853	672 742	37 743	41 140 41 140	44 198	20 530	25 203	26163	111 973	93 310	118 946	98 066	124 171	101 173	
ineening ItzZND41	20.442	31 240	35 204				CP9 P	5 864	6.087	0 687	8.073	10.86		12 152		
KZN747	217 516	85861	109 514				5 081	6 412	6654	22 684	18 903	24.83		00 10		
KZN244	75 804	94 157	127 761				5 837	6 781	7 041	29 444	24 537	32 492	26 789	35 746	29 125	
10	46 355	58924	81 437				3 003	3 795	3 9 3 9	19 T97	16 497	22 23		24 88		
C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality	170 330	188137	209 736	22 622	24 657	26 490										
Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities	396 447	458 328	563 742	22 622	24 657	26 490	18 563	22 852	23721	81 612	68 010	90 418	8 74 548	99 879	9 81 380	
KZN252	276 638	284 723	296 857													
B KZN253 Emadlangeni	14 159	16081	19 658				1 348	1 404	1 458	4 229	3 524	4 457	7 3 675	4 584	3 735	
	52 618	55 843	59 647	51 917	56 588	60 795	076 6	700 C	4 0 09	010.01	040 01	CK 01		70 / 1		
Total: Amajuba Municipalities	392 961	412 981	446 679	51 917	56 588	60 795	4 674	5 266	5 467	20 247	16 872	21 416	6 17 657	22 106	6 18 011	

APPENDIX W1 APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

	Equita	Equitable Share Formula	mula	RSCLe	RSC Levies Replacement	rent	Special Su Remuneration	Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	ncillor	BREAKI	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	[ABLE SH	IARE FOR I SER	OR DISTRICT MUNI SERVICES	CIPALITIE	SAUTHORISI	D FOR
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year		lational and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	-	Vational and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year			Natio	nal and Mun.	National and Municipal Financial Year	ear		
Cotocome Menioiredite.	2013/14	2014/15		2013/14	2014/15	-	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Water S	Sanitation Ref	Refuse W	Water San	Sanitation Refuse	e Water	· Sanitation	Refuse
	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	201.	2013/14 (R'000)		2014/1	2014/15 (R'000)		2015/16 (R'000	
R KZN261 «Dumbe	38 774	43 847	54 998				2 078	2 617	2716	12 378	10 315		13 201	10 884	13.8		v
KZN262	62 673	72 437	92 228				3716	4 687	4 8 6 4	22 499	18 750		24 192	19 946	25 6		
KZN263	79 558	88 102	107 152				6 007	7 589	7877	30 754	25 628		33 197	27 370	35.3		4
KZN265	75 426	89 085	116 640				5 734	7 244	7519	24 934	20 778	1	26 638	21 963	28 096	96 22 892	. 6
5	80 642	93 220	119 947				6 446	8 137	8 445	24 415	20 346	. 1	25 973	21 414	272		9
C DC26 Zululand District Municipality	238 764	255 259	272 860		41 601	44 694	_										
Total: Zululand Municipalities	575 337	641950	763 825	38 166	41 601	44 694	23 981	30 274	31421	114 980	95 817	1	123 201	101 577	130 329	29 106 190	0
R KZN71 I Indahada a	67 983	81649	115 138				5 336	6 204	6442	73 344	19 453		TP0 TC	17 341	31.3		10
	79 208	96 532	129 461				6 277	7 299	7.579	25 535	21 279		29 328	24 180	33 536	36 27 324	. 4
KZN273	15 927	21110	29 635				1 348	1 404	1 458	5 338	4 448		6 197	5 109	7 162		10
KZN274	27 663	34220	46 319				2 511	2 920	3 0 32	7 604	6 337		8 755	7 219	10 037		8
KZN275	54 780	74552	109 684				5 964	6 934	7 200	21 092	17 577		24 702	20 367	28 804	04 23 469	6
C DC27 Umkhanyakude District Municipality	173 541	200458	233 522	23 062	25 138	27 007											
Total: Umkhanyakude Municipalities	414 102	508521	663 759	23 062	25 138	27 007	21 436	24 761	25711	82 913	69 094		96 079	79 216	110 855	55 90 321	-
and a standard and a	102 64	10002	120 00				4 700	P.L.P. 2	2 204	100.01	15 024		00 660	200 21	LL1 CC	10.060	
	190 384	2070	278 096				4 /00	0 4/4 1	100 C	100 61	+co c1	•	700 07	CC0 /1	1 77		~
KZN283	21 892	28.008	39 472				2 511	2.920	3 032	9 807		6 851 1	10 391		7 182 10.8	8 854	4 7 423
KZN284	84 228	102 151	136 443				7 099	8 969	9310	33 606	28 005		36 067	29 737	38 208		
B KZN285 Mthonjaneni	26 198	29784	36 883				1 532	1 927	1 999	7 944	6 620		8 418	6 941	8 805		4
KZN286	52 832	61084	77 850				4 267	4 957	5146	16 808	14 007		17 755	14 639	18 513	13 15 084	4
C DC28 uThungulu District Municipality	173 064	184377	194 608	180 845	197 121	211 775				_							
Total: Uthungulu Municipalities	596 282	672 234	801 623	180 845	197 121	211 775	20 117	24 247	25 171	87 166	72 639 (6 851 9	93 293	76 919 7 1	7 182 98 570	70 80 312	2 7 423
inobro KZN/201 Mondoni	60 647	84 746	113 484				CV9 V	5 864	6.087	OLV VC	20.307		24 445	73 157	33.0		-
KZN292	78 566	88 242	106 084				-		2000	39 348	32 790	. 1	16 558	38.385	55 040	44 845	. 10
	62 292	76483	103 364				5 081	6 412	6 654	19 418	16 182	(1	22 233	18 331	25 4		
KZN294	50 623	57158	70 859				3 453	4 014	4169	13 533	11 278		15 284	12 601	17 247	47 14 052	2
C DC29 iLembe District Municipality	196 085	227101	265 244	57 301	62 459	67 102											
Total: iLembe Municipalities	457 213	533730	659 035	57 301	62 459	67 102	13 176	16 290	16910	96 769	80 642	=	112 520	92 769	130 757	57 106 537	Þ
R KZNA31 Incrus	53 540	62123	70 103				3 453	4 014	4 160	10 378	16 107		997 UC	16 874	c 1 c		
KZN432	11 498	12.230	13 730				1 348	1 404	1458	2.660	2 217		2 794	2 304	2 883	2.349	1 0
	45 766	44 952	44 804				2 184	2 760	2865	13 105	10 921	_	13 768	11 351	14.2		. 10
B KZN434 Ubuhlebezwe	53 273	62 696	81 054				3 766	4 379	4 548	19 474	16 228	. 4	20 649	17 024	21 503		0
KZN435	91 377	109 463	144 345				5 461	6899	7161	37 111	30 926	~ 1	39 652	32 692	41 6		4
C DC43 Sisonke District Municipality	192 016	203401	214 415	20 491	22 335	23 995	3 549	4 484	4 655								
Total: Sisonke Municipalities	447 479	494865	577 451	20 491	22 335	23 995	19 761	23 940	24856	91 678	76 399	•)	97 329	80 245	101 4	488 82 690	
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municinalities	6 984 118	7 732 686	8 897 065	658 864	718 161	771 549	172 057	208 430	216374	876 965	730 804 (6851 96	964 088	794 867 7 1	7 182 1 051 903	03 857 068	8 7 423
									ĺ								

APPENDIX W1 APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES UITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + REAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORI SERVICES
APPENDIX W1 ABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUN NT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNC CIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRIC	Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees
APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES ATTONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMU E ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPAL	RSC Levies Replacement
APPENDIX T EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RS BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIC	Equitable Share Formula
(EQUITABLE SHARE F BREAKDOWN OF E	

Municipality Greater Giyani Greater Letaba Greater Letaba Greater Letaba Greater Letaba Greater Letaba Greater Letaba Greater Letaba Ba-Phalaborwa Municipality Martleng Municipality Manuleng Municipality Masina Municipality Musina Multimela Musina Multimela Musina Multimela Musina Multimela Musina Multimela Musina Multimela Multimela Multimela Multimela Municipality Molemole Polokowane Lephalaties Lephalaties Monegong Capricorn District Municipality Innicipality Lephalaties Monokogong Monokogong Monokogong Monokogong	and municipal 33/14 2014/15 9000 (R000) 13913 (R001) 13913 1635 139913 1635 139913 1635 138607 1577 211762 2560 24956 4762 6475 649 429556 4762 640831 11776 32510 368	National and Municipal Financial Year 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 (R'000) (R'000) (R'000)	+						_						
Category Municipality 20 IMPOPO Municipality 20 IMPOPO LIM331 Greater Giyani 20 LIM332 Greater Letaba 1 20 LIM333 Manderg 20 20 DC33 Mopani District Municipality 1 1 otal: Mopani Municipalities 1 1 LIM343 Thulamela 1 1 LIM343 Municipalities 1 1 LIM343 Municipalities 1 1 LIM343 Blouberg LIM353 Agander 1 LIM353 Londer Municipality 1 1 1 Otal: Mohado DC34 Vhembe Municipality 1 LIM353 Blouberg LIM353 LiM353 1 LIM353	20 (R ¹ / 55 55 11 11		_	and Municipal	National and Municipal Financial Year	+	National and Municipal Financial Year	mcial Year			National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year		
IMPOPO ILM33 Greater Giyani I_LM333 Greater Cathan I_LM333 Greater Tauben I_LM334 Bachhalbouwa I_LM334 Bachhalbouwa I_LM341 Musina I_LM341 Musina I_LM341 Musina I_LM343 Mushado I_LM343 Mushado I_LM343 Mushado I_LM344 Mushado I_LM351 Blouberg I_LM353 Blouberg I_LM353 Agenange I_LM353 Blouberg I_LM354 Polokwane I_LM354 Polokwane I_LM361 Tabazinht I_LM363 Tabazinht I_LM364 LuM364 I_LM364 LuM364 I_LM354 Polokwane I_LM364 Tabazinht I_LM364 LuM364 I_LM364 Tabazinht			16 2013/14)) (R'000)	4 2014/15) (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	Water S 2013	Sanitation Ref 2013/14 (R'000)	Refuse Water	Sanitation 2014/15 (R'000)	Refuse Water	Sanitation 2015/16 (R'000)	Refuse
LIM331 Greater Giyani LIM332 Greater Letaba LIM333 Barbahowa LIM335 Barteur Tzaneen LIM335 Barteur Tzaneen LIM335 Manleng LIM335 Manleng LIM335 Manleng LIM335 Manleng LIM337 Bartist Municipality DC33 Mushado LIM343 Tulamela LIM343 Tulanela LIM342 Mushado DC34 Vhenbe District Municipality LIM353 Bluberg LIM353 Bluberg LIM353 Bloberg LIM353 Lookampi DC34 Vhenbe District Municipality D1 D1 D2 Capricom District Municipality D1 D2 D1 D2 D1 D2 D2 Capricom District Municipality D1 D2 D2 Vhenberole LIM353 <td></td>															
LIM351 Creater totam LIM353 Greater Tzaneen LIM353 Greater Tzaneen LIM353 Manleng LIM353 Manleng DC33 Mopani District Municipality ILM341 Musina LIM343 Tulatel LIM343 Municipalities LIM343 Tulatel LIM343 Makhado DC34 Vhembe District Municipality DC34 Vhembe District Municipality LIM353 Leole Nature LIM353 Leole Nature LIM353 Londoseree LIM355 Leole Nature LIM361 Tubaszinki LIM363 Lundse LIM364 Tubaszinki LIM365 Londoseree LIM365 Leolatities			0.00			101.0	10.240	01 10 1	100.01	200 00	10 62		20 702		
LIM352 Cheater Teatenet LIM333 Greater Taneen LIM333 Greater Taneen LIM333 Greater Taneen LIM333 Manleng LIM341 Musina LIM341 Musina LIM341 Musina LIM342 Musina LIM343 Mushado LIM344 Makhado DC34 Vhenne District Municipality ILM351 Biobreg LIM353 Agamage LIM353 Agamage LIM353 Agamage LIM354 Polokwane LIM354 Lobokwane LIM353 Laple-Numicipalities LIM354 Polokwane LIM361 Tabazinbi LIM362 Lephalde LIM363 Tabazinbi LIM364 LIM364 LIM365 Lephalde LIM365 Lobokgopone LIM365 Lephalde LIM365 Monicipality		117 110001	60/ 117			161 8	10 349 0 941	10.725	4/ 804	100 40	C10 CC		200 00		
LIM353 Creater 1 zancen LIM334 Ba-Phalborwa LIM335 Mantleng DC33 Mopani District Municipality DL33 Mopani Musica LIM341 Musica LIM333 Tulanela LIM341 Musica LIM343 Tulanela LIM343 Tulanela LIM343 Tulanela LIM343 Tulanela LIM344 Makhado DC34 Vhenbe District Municipality D1 Dotes LIM353 Blouberg LIM353 Blouberg LIM353 Blouberg LIM355 Lepolokvane LIM355 Lepolokvane LIM355 Lepolokvane LIM355 Lepolokvane LIM355 Lepolokvane LIM356 Tabazinbi LIM361 Tabazinbi LIM362 Lookvane LIM361 Tabazinbi LIM363 LiM364 LIM355 Lookvane LIM356 Coprison LIM357 Lookvane LIM358 Lookvane LIM361 LiM364 LIM363 LiM364			199 219			/ 211	102 6	CC7 01	401 C4	140 / 5	10 00		007 00	670 04	
LIM354 Bahrbaibowa LIM355 Maurbaiowa LIM353 Maurbai DC33 Mopani District Municipality D1 LIM341 Masina LIM343 LIM343 Musina LIM353 Bioberg LIM353 Bioberg LIM353 Bioberg LIM353 Bioberg LIM353 Bioberg LIM353 Bioberg LIM354 Bioberg LIM355 Lepele-Ntumicipality DC35 Capricon District Municipality D135 Lephalde LIM361 Thabazinbi LIM363 Limbis LIM364 Thabazinbi LIM365 Lephalde LIM366 Monokapone LIM366 Monokapone			126 0						77 084	64 236	85.96	70 873	95 693		
LM35 Manulens L DC33 Mopani District Municipality 1 0ati: Mopani District Municipality 1 LM341 Musia 1 LM342 Mutata 1 LM343 Mutata 1 LM344 Musica 1 LM342 Mutata 1 LM343 Mutata 1 LM344 Musica 1 LM345 Babarici 1 LM343 Molenole 1 LM355 Bouarg 1 LM354 Polokumei 1 LM355 Lobarde 1 LM355 Lobarde 1 LM355 Lobarde 1 LM356 Tabazimbi 1 LM355 Lobarde 1			101 588			4 915	6 209	6445	24 276	20 230	27 19.		30 405		
LUC3: MOpani UNITIC Municipalities LM31 Musia LM314 Musia LM312 Mulate LM312 Mulate LM312 Mulate LM312 Mulate LM312 Mulate LM313 Mulate LM314 Mulate LM312 Mulate LM313 Blouberg LM351 Blouberg LM352 Aganag LM353 Molemole LM354 Probe-Naumic LM355 Plober-Naumic LM355 LM354 LM355 LM354 LM356 Plobe-Naumic LM355 LM356 LM356 Plobe-Naumic LM356 Plobe-Naumic LM356 Plobe-Naumic LM356 Plobe-Naumic LM356 Plobe-Naumic LM356 Molemole			87 719	0.0		4 267	4 957	5 146	18 471	15 393	20 56	16 953	22 848	18 616	
ota: Mopan Muncpatties 1 LIM341 Musina LIM342 Mutale LIM343 Thulamela LIM343 Thulamela LIM344 Makhado LIM344 Makhado LIM354 Mathado LIM352 Aganag LIM355 Aganag LIM355 Aganag LIM355 Lepte Mamic LIM355 Lepte Mamic LIM356 Lepte Mamic L			с I	505			1000	07 = 00	100 010					000 1 10	
LING341 Musina LING342 Mutale LING342 Thulanetla LING344 Makhado DC34 Vhembe District Municipality DC34 Vhembe District Municipality DC35 Experiment LING35 Moleomete LING35 Moleomete LING35 Aplowane LING35 Aplowane LING35 Aplowane LING35 Capricon District Municipality DC35 Capricon District Municipality DC35 Capricon District Municipality DC35 Capricon District Municipality LING62 Lephalale LING62 Lephalale LING62 Lephalale LING65 Mologopong LING36 Mologopong		177 612 1 422	1 4 22 098 75	353 82 134	34 88 240	25 184	31 376	32568	212 804	177 337	236736	6 195 183	262 897	214 203	
LIM342 Mutale LIM342 Mutale LIM342 Mutale LIM343 Thulamela LIM344 Wakhdo DC34 Vhembe District Municipality DC35 Agarang LIM352 Blouberg LIM352 Agarang LIM355 Agarang LIM355 Lepte-Nikumpi LIM355 Lepte-Nikumpi LIM355 Lepte-Nikumpi DC35 Capricom District Municipality DC35 Capricom District Municipality DC35 Capricom District Municipality DC35 Lepte-Nikumpi LIM356 Trabazimbi LIM356 Leptalate LIM356 Leptalate LIM356 Moskgoong LIM356 Moskgoong			010			1 002	0 100	1000	12 400	110.11	120 21		202 01		
LIM34 Mutate LIM34 Thulamela LIM343 Thulamela LIM344 Makhado DC34 Vhembe District Municipality DC34 Vhembe Municipality LIM35 Agama LIM35 Agama LIM35 Polokwane LIM354 Polokwane LIM354 Polokwane LIM355 Lepele-Manni LIM355 Lepele-Manni LIM355 Capricom District Municipality DC355 Capricom District Municipality DC355 Capricom District Municipality LIM361 Thabazimbi LIM365 Monogoong LIM365 Monogoong LIM365 Monogoong LIM365 Monogoong			8// 04			C00 1	7 190	7 7 / H	12 490	11 241			086.81		
LIM343 Thulamelia LIM344 Makhado DZ34 Yhenhe District Municipality otai: Vhenhe Municipalities LIM351 Blouberg LIM353 Blouberg LIM355 Agamag LIM355 Agamag LIM355 Lepte-Naturpi LIM355 Lepte-Naturpi DC35 Caprison District Municipality DC35 Caprison District Municipality Otai: Caprison Municipalities LIM361 Thabazimbi LIM362 Hookogoong LIM365 Mookogoong LIM365 Mookogoong			84 063			4 080	4 744	4 9 2 7	17 136	14 280	19 47.		22 100		
LIM344 Makhado LLM344 Vhembe District Municipality odal: Vhembe Municipality 11M357 Blouberg LLM355 Aguang LLM355 Aguang LLM354 Polokwane LLM355 Lepole-Naumie LLM355 Lepole-Naumie LLM355 Lepole-Naumie LLM356 Molegoong LLM367 Thabazimbi LLM368 Mookgoong LLM365 Mookgoong LLM365 Mookgoong			434 680						110 123	91 769	124 455	-	140 462	114 445	
DC34 Vhembe District Municipality DC34 Vhembe Municipalities I.IM351 Blouberg I.IM352 Aguang I.IM352 Aguang I.IM353 Notemole I.IM353 Notemole I.IM353 Lepte-Niumpi DC33 Capricom Municipality 0tal: Capricom Municipalities I.IM362 Lephalate I.IM362 Lephalate I.IM363 Motimole I.IM363 Motimole I.IM363 Motimole									92 003	76 669	103 96	5 85 716	117 323	95 592	
otal: Vhembe Municipatities 1 LIM351 Blouberg LIM352 Aganang LIM352 Aganang LIM354 Polokwane LIM355 Lepele-Nkumpi DC35 Lepele-Nkumpi DC35 Capricorn District Municipality DC35 Capricorn District Municipality LIM361 Thabazimbi LIM362 Lephalate LIM363 Modimolie			48		/3 5/ 341										
LIM551 Blouberg LIM552 Agmang LIM552 Agmang LIM555 Lepole-Numpi LIM555 Lepole-Numpi DC35 Capricorn District Municipality DC35 Capricorn District Municipality DC35 Capricorn District Municipality ILM361 Thabazimbi LIM362 Lephalate LIM365 Modimole		260 405 1 531	531 808 48	966 53 373		5 963	6 934	7 201	232 752	193 959	263 653	3 217 375	298 271	243 025	
LIM352 Aguang LIM353 Aguang LIM353 Nolemole LIM355 Lepole-Nump LIM355 Lepole-Nump DC35 Capricorn District Municipality DC35 Capricorn District Municipality DC35 Capricorn District Municipality LIM361 Thabazimbi LIM362 Lephalate LIM363 Modimole		100 998	140 611			5 677	7 100	7 370	34 547	785	36 94		38 977		
LIM353 Molemole LIM354 Polokwane LIM354 Polokwane LIM355 Lepte-Numpi DC35 Capricon Bististi Municipality DC35 Capricon Bististi Municipality DC35 Capricon Bististi Municipality ILM361 Tabazimbi LIM362 Lephalate LIM365 Molimole			116 430			5 837	6 781	7.041	27 334	01 07	80.00		30.510		
LIM55 Polokvate LIM555 Lepele-Nkumpi LIM555 Lepele-Nkumpi DC35 Capricorn District Municipality Dt35 Capricorn District Municipality 10 04al: Capricorn Municipalities LIM561 Tabaximbi LIM562 Lephalate LIM565 Motimole			101 739			4 267	4 957	5 146	74 240	002.02	25 836	21 301	61C DC	27 178	
LIM355 Lepele-Nkumpi DC33 Lepele-Nkumpi DC33 Capricorn District Municipality otal: Capricorn Municipalities LIM361 Thabwzimbi LIM362 Lephalate LIM365 Modimole			016			De t	int t			0	2				
DC35 Capricon District Municipality DC35 Capricon District Municipality 11M561 Thabazimbi LIM362 Lephalate LIM362 Lephalate LIM365 Modimole			195 001			7 811	9 861	10.235	46 234	38 528	49 663	40 946	52.615	42.870	
otal: Capricorn Municipalities 10 LIM362 Thabazinbi LIM363 Lephalate LIM364 Mooispong LIM365 Modimolle			153	923 167 777	77 180 250										
LIM361 Thabazimbi LIM362 Lephalale LIM364 Mookgopong LIM364 Mookgopong	-	-	153			23 542	28 701	29792	132 350	110 292	141 526	116 685	149 265	121 617	
LIMB6I Thabazimbi LIMB64 Mookgopong LIMB64 Mookgopong LIMB65 Modimole															
LIMG-62 Lephuale LIMG-64 Modimolle LIMG-65 Modimolle			5 564			3 170	3 997	4148							
LIM364 Mookgopong LIM365 Modimolle			5 977			3 276	4 140	4 2 9 7							
LIM365 Modimolle			0.284			1 569	1 825	1 895							
			5 270			2 457	3 105	3 2 2 3							
LIM366 Bela-Bela			59 831			2 351	2 962	3 074							
LIM367 Mogalak wena															
DC36 Waterberg District Municipality	21 527 2	24 172 29	29 606 73	73 082 75 274											
Total: Waterberg Municipalities 554 75					74 77 139	12 823	16 029	16 637			+				
LIM471 Ephraim Mosale	72 780 8		113 043			4 369	5 519	5 7 2 9	22 638	18 865	26 19.		30 308	24 695	
LIM472 Elias Motsoaledi		156579 202	. 717			8 191	10 349	10742	39 668	33 057	45 86.		53 031		
LIM473 Makhuduthamaga			218 241			8 357	10 551	10951	44 945	37 454	51 58.	42 527	59 208		
			78 483			3 953	4 592	4 7 67	14 302	11 918	16 385		18 776		
LIM475 Greater Tubatse			235 441				10 694	11 100	48 883	40 736	57 39.		67 412	54 926	
District Municipality			58												
Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities 893 94	893 947 1 04	045 910 1 315		727 64 013	13 68 772	2 33 334	41 705	43 289	170 436	142 030	197 418	8 162 765	228 735	186 368	
Total: Limnono Municinalities 4 665 856		5 267 283 6 324 291	410	051 442.571	71 471 742	100 846	124 745	12.9 487	748 342	623 618	830 333	3 692.008	030 168	765 213	

	Equita	Equitable Share Formula	ula	RSC Le	RSC Levies Replacement	lent	Special St Remuneration	Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	incillor ommittees	BREAKDO	WN OF EQUIT	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	OR DISTRICT SERVICES	MUNICIPAI	JTIES AUTH	ORISED FOI
	National and I	National and Municipal Financial Year	+	ational and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	+	National and P	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year			National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year		
Category Municipality	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Water San	Sanitation Refuse	Water		Refuse	Water San	Sanitation Refuse
	(K 000)		(K 000)	(N UUU)	(K 000)	(K 000)	(N UUU)	(K 000)	(KUUU)	1/0107	7012/14 (K 000)	-	(000 N) C1/#107		1/0107	(000 X) 01/C107
MPUMALANGA																
MP301	164 743	180 330	209 868				6719	8 481	8 803							
MP302	103 765	108 364	114 418				5 188	6 554	6803							
MP303	105 524	120 663	145 854				5 188	6 554	6803							
B MP304 Pixley Ka Seme	82 734	84 267	87 304				2 897	3 652	3 7 90							
	77 333	79862	82 866				4 095	5 174	5 371							
B MP306 Dipaleseng	44 176	46403	50 166				1 883	2 190	2 2 7 4							
	191 144	193 630	194 469													
C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality	17 288	16207	15 140	242 572	249 849	256 040					_					
Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	786 707	829726	900 085	242 572	249 849	256 040	25 970	32 605	33844							
11 CON	51 050	20102	020 020				1200	000	1000							
11 CAIM	227 007	701.00	700 40				100 7	706 7	50/4							
MP312	2/4 761	218/07	165 877													
MP313	92 630	103 593	119 269					1								
B MP314 Emakhazeni	36 151	39489	45 446				2 384	2 767	2872							
	1/7 077	240/10	200 600				161 0	600 11	00411							
	19 749	20446	21 456	289 101	297 774	305 153	001 6	CIC 11	0+/ 11							
Mul	859 589	935 432	1 0 6 9 3 6 6	289 101	297 774	305 153	23 202	28 081	29 152							
B MP321 Thaba Chweii	77 482	85784	99 484				3 716	4 687	4 864							
MP322	342 190	388 5 59	460 251													
B MP323 Umjindi	49 827	54266	62 194				2 457	3 105	3 2 2 3							
B MP324 Nkomazi	290 822	340862	424 283													
B MP325 Bushbuckridge	475 149	531869	634 791				10 102	12 763	13248							
C DC32 Ehlanzeni District Municipality	44 850	52986	67 968	143 377	147 678	151 338										
Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities	1 280 320	1 454 326	1748971	143 377	147 678	151 338	16 275	20 555	21335							
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	2 926 616	3 219 484	3718422	675 050	695 301	712 531	65 447	81 241	84331							

APPENDIX W1 APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

267

Category Municipality DRTHERN CAPE Municipality NC061 Richtersveld NC065 Hanta NC066 Hantam NC066 Hantam NC066 Hantam NC066 Hantam NC066 Hantam NC075 Unsobome NC071 Ubmu NC072 Umsobome NC073 Enthanjeni NC074 Kareberg NC077 Styathenbia NC078 Kanstafa NC077 Styathenbia NC077 Styathenbia NC077 Styathenbia NC077 Styathenbia NC077 Styathanbia NC077 Styathanbia NC	National and Municipal Financial Year Zoi/3/16 Zoi/3/16 Zoi/3/14 Zoi/4/15 Zoi/3/16 Zoi/3/14 Zoi/4/15 Zoi/3/16 R@000) (R@000) (R@000) 11 083 11 12 33 13 12 333 13 720 18 870 18 88 18 17550 13 3553 13 353 17 13 255 13 355 6 14 6 33 34 17 866 13 355 6 17 98 13 355 14 30 17 860 12 406 6 655 17 98 108 90 14473 18 145 20 12 60 555	unicipal Financ 2014/15 2 (R'000) (Remuneration and Ward Committees	nuneration and Ward Commit	mittees	BREANDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MONICIFALLI IES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES			SERVICES	S			OK
Category Municipality DRTHERN CAPE Municipality NC061 Richtnerweld NC063 Nama Khoi NC065 Hamina NC065 Hamisherg NC065 Kanoo Hoogland NC065 Kanoo Hoogland NC071 Ubmut NC071 Ubmut NC071 Ubmut NC073 Renosteries NC074 Kaneeberg NC077 Renosteries NC077 Renosteries NC077 Statembal NC078 Statembal NC077 Statembal NC078 Statembal NC077 Statembal NC078 Statembal NC079 Statembal NC			_	ional and Mu	National and Municipal Financial Year	_	National and Municipal Financial Year	micipal Finar	ncial Year			Nations	National and Municipal Financial Year	I Financial Yea			
DRTHERN CAPE NC061 Richtersveld NC061 Richtersveld NC061 NC065 Kamissberg NC066 Kamissberg NC066 Kanissberg NC067 Kamissberg NC073 Umsbomvu NC071 Ubmu NC071 Ubmu NC071 Ubmu NC071 Ubmu NC071 Benthanjeni NC073 Emthanjeni NC074 Thembelihles NC075 Systemma NC076 Thembelihles NC077 Systemma NC078 Systemma NC079 Thembelihles NC071 Systemma NC073 Systemma NC074 Systemma NC075 Systemma NC076 Thembelihles NC077 Systemma NC078 Systemma NC079 Systemma NC0	2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	-					-			Water Sani	Ц	Refuse Water		n Refuse	Water	Sanitation	Refuse
NORTHERN CAPE B NC061 Richtersveld B NC065 Hantam B NC065 Hantam B NC066 Kamiesberg B NC066 Kamiesberg B NC066 Kamiesberg B NC076 Namakwa District Municipality Total: Namakwa District Municipality Total: Namakwa District Municipality B NC071 Ubutu B NC073 Emthanjeni B NC073 Emthanjeni B NC073 Emthanjeni B NC073 Siyatemba B NC073 Siyatemba B NC075 Siyatemba B NC075 Siyatemba B NC075 Siyatemba B NC075 Siyatemba B NC075 Siyatemba B NC075 Siyatemba B NC078 Siyatemba B NC079 Siyatemba B NC091 Sol Planjje C DC7 Planjje B NC091 Sol Planjje C DC3 Siyatemba B NC091 Sol Planjje C DC3 Finese Barred District Municipality Total: Frances Barred District Municipality Coli: Plangie	11 083 31 123 12 333 18 870 12 333 18 870 11 786 6 146 6 146 6 146 10 891 18 145	_	(K'000) (1	(K'000) (i	(K'000) (1	(R'000) ((R'000) ((R'000)	(R'000)	2013/1-	2013/14 (R'000)		2014/15 (R'000)	(00)	~	2015/16 (R'000)	
NC061 NC062 NC064 NC066 Idal: Namakwa Mu NC075 NC073 NC073 NC073 NC075 N	11 083 31 123 12 333 18 870 12 550 12 550 12 550 11 786 6 146 103 891 18 145																
NC062 NC065 NC065 NC065 NC067 NC067 NC071 NC071 NC071 NC073 NC075 NC075 NC075 NC076 NC075 NC076 NC075 NC076	31 123 31 123 12 333 18 870 12 550 11 786 6 146 6 146 103 891 18 145	11 348	11 841				1 255	1 460	1516								
NC064 NC065 NC065 NC067 NC071 NC071 NC071 NC073 NC074 NC075 NC075 NC075 NC075 NC075 NC075 NC075 NC077 All: Pixley Ka Sem NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC077 NC078 NC07	12 333 18 870 12 550 11 786 6 146 103 891 18 145	32 151	33 431				2 698	3 132	3 2 5 1								
NC065 NC065 NC066 NC066 NC071 NC071 NC071 NC073 NC075 NC077 NC072	18 870 12 550 11 786 6 146 103 891 18 145	13720	16 107				1 348	1 404	1 458								
NC066 NC067 NC073 NC071 NC072 NC073 NC075 NC075 NC075 NC076	12 550 11 786 6 146 103 891 18 145	18888	18 856				1 442	1 672	1 735								
NC067 DC6 DC6 NC071 NC071 NC073 NC073 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC076 NC077 NC076 NC077 NC076 NC082	11 786 6 146 103 891 18 145	13 255	14 300				1 348	1 404	1 458								
DC0 DC0 vtail: Namakwa Mu NC073 NC073 NC073 NC073 NC073 NC074 NC073 NC075 NC074 NC075 NC075 NC076 NC077 NC077 NC076 NC078 NC078 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC083 NC082 NC084 NC082 NC085 NC082 NC082 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC084 NC082 NC085 NC084 NC085 NC084 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093	0 146 103 891 18 145	12406	13 375				1 348	1 404	1 458								
NC071 NC072 NC074 NC074 NC075 NC075 NC077 NC077 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC083 NC082 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC074 NC077 NC073 NC078 NC078 NC082	18 145	108.000	0 202 0	24 924 24 924	1/0 27	100 07	11 517	13 003	13502								
NC071 NC072 NC075 NC075 NC075 NC075 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC081 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC076 NC077 NC076 NC077 NC076 NC077 NC076 NC077 NC076 NC077 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC078 NC08 NC08 NC08 NC08 NC08 NC08 NC08 NC0	18 145	200 001	C/+ +TT	17.17	110.07	100 07	110 11	CCA CT	740 01								
NC072 NC073 NC074 NC076 NC076 NC076 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC082 NC082 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC074 NC076 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC083 NC082 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC086 NC083 NC086	211 01	20125	23,602				1 255	1 460	1516								
NC073 NC074 NC075 NC076 NC077 NC077 DC7 Atal: Pixley Ka Sem DC7 Atal: Pixley Ka Sem NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC078 NC077 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC082 NC083 NC082 NC083	29 115	30 5 32	32 944				1 569	1 825	1 895								
NC074 NC075 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC077 NC072 NC072 NC082 NC082 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC076 NC077 NC082 NC078 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC083	32 623	32 771	33 169				2 197	2 555	2 653								
NC075 NC075 NC077 NC077 NC077 DC7 DC7 DC8 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC077 NC081 NC081 NC077 NC081 NC084 NC083 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC086	12 139	13762	16 563				1 129	1 307	1356								
NC076 NC077 NC077 JDC7 Atal: Pixley Ka Sem NC081 NC082 NC083 NC083 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC082 NC085 NC082 NC085 NC082 NC083 NC082 NC082 NC083 NC083 NC082 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC083 NC082 NC083 NC083 NC082 NC083 NC08	14 226	15 098	16 642				1 348	1 404	1458								
NC077 NC077 DC7 dat: Pixley Ka Sem NC082 NC082 NC083 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC082 NC084 NC082 NC084 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC082 NC083 N	14 302	15314	17 130				1 348	1 404	1 458								
NC078 DC7 DC7 NC081 NC081 NC082 NC082 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 DC8 DC8 DC8 DC8 DC8 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC081 NC082 NC	19 916	20.967	22 633				1 255	1 460	1516								
DC7 atal: Pixley Ka Sem NC081 NC082 NC083 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC082 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC082 NC083 NC082 NC083 NC082 NC083	35 086	35960	37 332				1 756	2 037	2114								
ital: Pixley Ka Sem NC081 NC082 NC083 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 Muni Siyanda Muni NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC093 NC093 NC092 NC093 NC093 Statistics NC085	9 898	11842	15 478	16 652	17 151	17 576	2 825	3 284	3411								
NC081 NC082 NC083 NC084 NC084 NC086 JDC8 MIII NC091 NC091 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC084 NC084 NC085 NC095 NC085 NC095 NC085 NC095 NC00	185 450	196371	215 493		17 151	17 576	14 682	16 736	17377								
NC081 NC082 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC085 DC8 DC8 Muni NC091 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 Add NC082 NC084 NC086 NC084 NC086 NC084 NC086 NC084 NC086 NC084 NC086 NC096 NC006 NC096 NC000 NC096 NC000 N																	
NC082 NC083 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC091 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC082 NC085 NC095 NC005 NC095	9 668	10889	13 031				1 348	1 404	1 458								
NC083 NC084 NC085 NC086 DC086 International NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC093 NC094 DC94 DC94	45 935	47316	48 897				2 351	2 962	3 074								
NC084 NC084 NC085 NC085 NC081 NC091 NC091 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC092 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC084 NC085 NC095 NC085 NC095 NC005 NC095	50 198	51439	52 526				3 716	4 687	4864								
NC085 NC086 NC086 NC091 NC091 NC092 NC094 NC094 NC094 NC094 NC094 NC094 NC094 NC094 NC094 NC094 NC094 NC094 NC094 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC085 NC086 NC096 NC006	15 551	16542	18 154				1 348	1 404	1 458								
NC086 DC86 JC81 NC091 NC092 NC092 NC094 DC9 DC9 Adat: Frances Baard	24 389	25 023	25 979				1 756	2 037	2114								
DC091 NC091 NC092 NC093 NC093 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC094 DC095	14 047	14 626	15 528	002.00	102.00	100 10	1 255	1 460	1516								
NC091 NC092 NC093 NC093 NC094 DC9 DC9 otal: Frances Baaro	160 245	176512	107 720	37 570	33 504	24 234	14 671	200 5	1615	+							
NC091 NC092 NC093 NC094 DC9 DC9 otal: Frances Baarc	CLC /01	CTCO/T	007 /01	140 40			7/0 17		1 201	+							
NC092 NC093 NC094 DC9 otal: Frances Baard	145 905	145 433	142 820														
NC093 NC094 DC9 otal: Frances Baare	45 952	49 2 2 2	55 453				2 070	2 402	2 493								
NC094 DC9 otal: Frances Baard	28 852	30384	32 950				1 442	1 672	1 735								
DC9 otal: Frances Baard	64 597	68186	73 904				2 457	3 105	3 2 2 3								
Total: Frances Baard Municipalities	10 329	10 053	10 176	75 945	82 780	88 934	3 716	4 687	4864								
	295 635	303 278	315 303	75 945	82 780	88 934	9 685	11 866	12315								
B NICAS1 Los Morolou e	76 100	207.72	1.00.013				1 501	5 377	5 5 75			13 200		14.025			14 520
NC452	70.148	82 517	10/ 384				3 443	4 347	4 506		*	2000		000 + 1			140 11
	19 634	20.220	21 029				1 569	1 825	1 895								
DC45	23 700	25411	28 075	31 682	32 631	33 440	2 730	3 450	3 5 8 1								
Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	189 681	215946	262 501	31 682	32 631	33 440	12 323	14 939	15 507			13 300		14 035			14 529
Tatal: Northern Cane Municinalities	044.002	1 000 117	1 005 008	181 732	101 737	200.501	67 878	74.240	77 065			13300		14 035			14 520

APPENDIX W1 APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

	Equit	Equitable Share Formula	mula	RSC Lev	RSC Levies Replacement		Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	Special Support for Councillor muneration and Ward Committ	flor mittees	BREAKD	OWN OF EQU	ITABLE SHA	RE FOR DISTRIC SERVICES	TRICT MUNIC	CIPALITIES /	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	OR
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	+ +	National and Municipal	unicipal Finan	Financial Year Na	National and Municipal Financial Year	nicipal Financ	ial Year			National	I and Municip	National and Municipal Financial Year	ear		
Category	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16				_			Water Sa		Refuse Water		tion Refuse	Water		Refuse
	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000) ((R'000) ((R'000) (K	(R'000) (K	(R'000)	2013.	2013/14 (R'000)		2014/15 (R'000)	R'000)		2015/16 (R'000)	
NORTH WEST																	
B NW371 Moretele	168 605	200121	253 623				8 662	10 066	10452								
NW372	308 470		462 097				200 0	2000 01	101								
NW373	285 427		402 725														
NW374	44 143		55 888				1 883	2 190	2 2 7 4								
B NW3/2 Moses Kotane C DC37 Boianala Platinum District Municipality	37 453	46309	61 335 61 335	213 370	219 77 1	225 217	8 404	10 694	001 11								
Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	1 083 911	1 264 971	1 550 673	213 370	219 771	225 217	19 009	22 950	23826								
B NW381 Ratiou	69 383	77 688	96 247				4 394	5 109	5 306	21 499	17 916	23 -		19 312	25 520	20 793	
	64 114		82 579				4 095	5 174	5 371	21 729	18 108	23		9 605	26 023	21 203	
NW383	131 186		177 871							53 440	44 533	58	58 872 48	48 538	64 860	52 846	
	77 345	81708	90 624				5 734	7 244	7519	28 952	24 127	31		26 190	34 855	28 399	
	83 283		122 708				5 354	6 757	7 0 1 2	28 816	24 013	31		6 114	34 817	28 368	
C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	304 087		365 977	122 409	133 426	143 345								_			
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	729 398	803 227	936 006	122 409	133 426	143 345	19 577	24 284	25 208	154 436	128 697	169	169 514 139	39 759	186 075	151 609	
B NW392 Naledi	32 154		36 931				2 457	3 105	3 223	11 766	9 805	II		9 501	13 590	11 072	
B NW393 Mamusa	31 925		41 115				2 384	2 767	2872	10 266	8 555	10		8 349	12 029	9 801	
	106 269		165 376				8 034	9 336	9 694	38 529	32 108	37.		30 818	43 668	35 580	
	28 115		35 519				2 197	2 555	2 653	9 752	8 126	6	9 624	7 935	11 437	9 318	
B NW397 NW397 C DC39 Dr Ruth Secondsi Mommati District Municipality	68 681 193 649	78 344	98 808 222 922	28 028	30.551	32 822	4 708 3 989	5 474 5 032	5 684 5 2 2 2	22 552	18 794	21		8 003	25 460	20 744	
Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	460 793		600 671	28 028	30 551	32 822	23 769	28 269	29348	92 865	77 388	6	90 490 74	74 606	106 184	86 515	
B NW401 Ventersdom	47 946	52969	61 829				1 883	2 190	2 274								
NW402	92 603		120 781														
	337 085		342 031														
B NW404 Maquassi Hills	78 362		88 735				2 897	3 652	3 790								
C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	17 537		20 566	137 945	142 083	145 604											
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities	573 533	598481	633 942	137 945	142 083	145 604	4 780	5 842	6 0 6 4								
Total: North West Municipalities	2 847 635	3 157 848	3 721 292	501 752	525 831	546 988	67 135	81 345	84 446	247 301	206 085	260	260 004 214	214 365	292 259	238 124	

APPENDIX W1	APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES	(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES +	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)
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	Equit	Equitable Share Formula	nula	RSC L	RSC Levies Replacement	aent	Remuneration	Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	mmittees	COMPANIA STATE		IABLE MAIN	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	T MUNICIPAL	LIES AUTHON	ISED FOR
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and N	and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	funicipal Fina	ncial Year			National a	National and Municipal Financial Year			
Category Municipality	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)	Water Sani 2013/14	Sanitation Rel 2013/14 (R'000)	Refuse Water	Sanitation 2014/15 (R'000	Refuse	Water Sanitation 2015/16 (R'000	ion Refuse
WESTERN CAPE																
A CPT City of Cape Town	1 243 293	1 502 066	1 815 088									_				
B WC011 Matzikama	35 796		38 800				2 078	2 617	2716							
WC012	26 432		32 261				1 756	2 037	2114							
	22 745		28 196				2 070	2 402	2 493							
B WC014 Saldanha Bay	35 189	42215	51 104				3 443	4 342	4506							
DCI	9 720		14 514	62 906	64 792	66 398	0/1 0	166.0	4 148							
st M	159 218	184 256	216 734	62 906	64 792	66 398	12 517	15 395	15977							
R WC023 Witzenhero	46 383	50.287	55 105				3 170	3 997	4 1 4 8							
WC022	75 995		97 733													
	50 157		85 118													
WC025	67 964		82 030													
B WC026 Langeberg C DC? Cane Winelands District Municinality	49 988 9 607	51868	53 370 6 215	199 744	205 736	210.834	3 170	3 997	4148							
otal: Cape Winelan	300 179	335 943	379 071	199 744	205 736	210 834	6 340	7 994	8 296							
		0.0														
B WC031 Theewaterskloof B WC032 Overetreand	33 819	58310	64 231				3 443	4 342	4506							
WC033	16 615		600 61				1 442	1 672	1 735							
WC034	18 415		20 244				1 442	1 672	1 735							
C DC3 Overberg District Municipality	9 863	12 102	16 079	33 877	34 892	35 757	2 897	3 652	3 7 90		-					_
Total: Overberg Municipalities	137 218	155 293	179 798	33 877	34 892	35 757	12 667	15 680	16 272		+					
B WC041 Kannaland	18 922	19855	21 089				1 129	1 307	1356							
WC042	25 805	27 287	28 734				2 384	2 767	2872							
WC043	43 480	50168	58 994				3 716	4 687	4864							
	85 716	92 615	101 174				011.0									
B WC045 Uudtshoorn B WC047 Biton	CIC 74	969 62	50 105 55 050				5 445 2 070	4 342	4 5 0 6							
WC048	33 358		52 872				2 624	3 307	3 4 3 2							
C DC4 Eden District Municipality	11 827		15 002	117 842	121 377	124 385										
Total: Eden Municipalities	289 167	328702	383 027	117 842	121 377	124 385	15 366	18 812	19523							
B WC051 Laingsburg	8 876	9 507	10 674				1 348	1 404	1 458							
	10 313	11 653	13 914				1 348	1 404	1 458							
WC053	33 497	36 659	41 862				2 070	2 402	2 493							
C DC5 Central Karoo District Municipality	6 584	8 3 2 9	11 394	5 984	6 164	6 317	2 070	2 402	2 493							
Total: Central Karoo Municipalities	59 270	66148	77 844	5 984	6 164	6 317	6 836	7 612	7 902	+	+					_
Total: Western Cape Municipalities	2 188 345	2 572 408	3 051 562	420 353	432 961	443 691	53 726	65 493	67 970							

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT AND MUNICIPAL WATER INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

(BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND MWIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

				f MIG allocation ies authorised fo			MWIG allocation ies authorised fo	
			National and	d Municipal Fina	ancial Year	National and	Municipal Fina	ncial Year
		Municipality	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
		······································	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
EASTE	RN CAPE							
в	EC121	Mbhashe	126 399	134 729	144 384			
в	EC122	Mnguma	126 040	134 346	143 974			
В	EC123	Great Kei	11 304	12 049	12 913			
в	EC124	Amahlathi	38 258	40 779	43 701	12 300	28 850	88 850
в	EC126	Ngqushwa	24 859	26 498	28 397			
В	EC127	Nkonkobe	32 065	34 178	36 628			
В	EC128	Nxuba	3 058	3 259	3 493			
C	DC12	Amathole District Municipality						
Total: A	Amathole Mu		361 983	385 838	413 490	12 300	28 850	88 850
В	EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	3 062	2 598	2 668			
В	EC132	Tsolwana	6 616	5 614	5 763			
В	EC133	Inkwanca	1 247	1 058	1 086			
В	EC134	Lukanji	25 751	21 850	22 433			
В	EC135	Intsika Yethu	90 300	76 618	78 662	29 372	48 528	140 608
В	EC136	Emalahleni	46 091	39 107	40 151			
В	EC137	Engcobo	89 054	75 560	77 576			
В	EC138	Sakhisizwe	20 917	17 747	18 221			
С	DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality						
Total: (Chris Hani M	unicipalities	283 038	240 152	246 560	29 372	48 528	140 608
в	EC141	Elundini	81 810	74 852	79 416	3 750	5 001	6 252
В	EC142	Sengu	54 201	49 591	52 615	3 750	5 000	6 252
B	EC143	Maletswai	5 476	5 010	5 316	3 751	5 006	6 250
В	EC144	Gariep	2 697	2 467	2 618	3 750	5 000	6 252
C	DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	2 097	2 407	2 018	5750	5 002	0 252
Total: J	loe Gqabi Mu	<u> </u>	144 184	131 920	139 965	15 001	20 009	25 011
	•	*						
В	EC153	Ngquza Hill	136 159	127 075	134 935	5 696	27 204	34 006
В	EC154	Port St Johns	77 430	72 264	76 734	1 379	16 310	20 387
В	EC155	Nyandeni	138 790	129 530	137 542	2 554	16 310	20 387
В	EC156	Mhlontlo	85 244	79 557	84 478	2 764	20 388	25 485
В	EC157	King Sabata Dalindyebo	157 161	146 677	155 749	2 493	19 230	24 038
С	DC15	O.R.Tambo District Municipality						
Total: (O.R.Tambo M	lunicipalities	594 784	555 103	589 438	14 886	99 442	124 303
в	EC441	Matatiele	77 904	78 529	83 757	5 696		
В	EC441 EC442	Umzimvubu	77 904	80 078	85 409	1 457	5 517	6 897
В	EC442 EC443	Mbizana	117 918	118 865	126 779	3 443	15 326	41 657
В	EC445 EC444	Ntabankulu	49 534	49 932		2 351	13 526	13 380
с С	EC444 DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	49 334	49 932	53 256	2 351 2 271	23 310	29 137
C Total: A	Alfred Nzo Mi		324 796	327 404	349 201	15 218	54 857	<u> </u>
					0.5 201	10 110	21.507	,10/1
Total: I	Fastern Cane	Municipalities	1 708 785	1 640 417	1 738 654	86 777	251 686	469 843

		municipali	f MIG allocation ties authorised fo	or services		MWIG allocation ies authorised fo	
		National and	d Municipal Fina	ancial Year	National and	Municipal Fina	ncial Year
	Municipality	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
		(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
KWAZ	ULU-NATAL						
А	ETH eThekwini						
в	KZN211 Vulamehlo	30 111	26 848	28 453	9 140	11 825	53 238
в	KZN212 Umdoni	19 017	16 956	17 970			
в	KZN213 Umzumbe	81 477	72 648	76 990			
в	KZN214 uMuziwabantu	33 462	29 836	31 619	7 866	10 175	45 809
В	KZN215 Ezingoleni	14 732	13 135	13 921			
В	KZN216 Hibiscus Coast	60 556	53 994	57 221	4 251	5 500	24 761
С	DC21 Ugu District Municipality						
Total: U	Ugu Municipalities	239 355	213 417	226 174	21 257	27 500	123 808
в	KZN221 uMshwathi	24 835	22 240	23 561	8 750	28 611	80 080
В	KZN221 uMngeni	14 570	13 047	13 822	8750	20 011	80 080
В	KZN222 ulvingeni KZN223 Mpofana	8 019	7 181	7 608			
В	KZN225 Importana KZN224 Impendle	10 719	9 599	10 169			
В	KZN224 Milleridie KZN225 Msunduzi	10 / 19	9 399	10 109	6 250	11 389	58 333
В	KZN225 Misunduzi KZN226 Mkhambathini	19 535	17 494	18 532	0 250	11 569	58 555
В	KZN227 Richmond	15 483	13 865	14 689			
C	DC22 Umgungundlovu District Municipality	15 405	15 005	11007			
Total: U	Umgungundlovu Municipalities	93 161	83 426	88 381	15 000	40 000	138 413
В	KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith	35 940	36 622	39 050	8 716	12 000	30 000
В	KZN233 Indaka	26 490	26 993	28 782	1 743	2 400	6 000
В	KZN234 Umtshezi	17 168	17 494	18 653	1 017	1 400	3 500
В	KZN235 Okhahlamba	36 514	37 206	39 673	2 179	3 000	7 500
В	KZN236 Imbabazane	31 592	32 191	34 326	871	1 200	3 000
С	DC23 Uthukela District Municipality						
Total:U	Ithukela Municipalities	147 704	150 506	160 484	14 525	20 000	50 000
в	KZN241 Endumeni	6 610	6 353	6 758	1 160	1 429	5 654
в	KZN242 Nqutu	42 125	40 488	43 066	1 762	2 171	8 589
в	KZN244 Msinga	77 177	74 177	78 901	5 040	6 210	24 576
в	KZN245 Umvoti	37 634	36 171	38 475	8 088	9 965	39 431
С	DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality						
Total: U	Umzinyathi Municipalities	163 546	157 189	167 200	16 050	19 775	78 250
в	KZN252 Newcastle				5 486	7 040	14 826
B	KZN252 Frewedshe KZN253 Emadlangeni	10 438	9 189	9 246	8 693	6 630	17 560
B	KZN255 Emailangen KZN254 Dannhauser	26 113	22 988	23 130	1 791	5 410	2 264
c C	DC25 Amajuba District Municipality	20115	22 700	25 150	1 1 1 1	5 410	2 204
T () (Amajuba Municipalities	36 551	32 177	32 376	15 970	19 080	34 650

			f MIG allocation ties authorised fo			MWIG allocation ies authorised fo	
		National and	d Municipal Fina	ancial Year	National and	l Municipal Fina	ncial Year
	Municipality	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
		(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
в	KZN261 eDumbe	15 040	12 752	13 283	2 316	2 442	4 921
В	KZN262 uPhongolo	46 936	39 795	41 452	1 871	1 973	3 977
В	KZN263 Abaqulusi	45 549	38 619	40 227	9 827	10 364	20 887
В	KZN265 Nongoma	72 890	61 799	64 373	16 803	17 724	35 717
В	KZN266 Ulundi	46 574	39 488	41 132	6 353	6 701	13 504
С	DC26 Zululand District Municipality			-			
Total: 7	Zululand Municipalities	226 989	192 453	200 467	37 170	39 205	79 006
в	KZN271 Umhlabuyalingana	53 648	51 401	54 666	8 393	8 377	16 670
в	KZN272 Jozini	64 392	61 695	65 613	8 568	8 551	17 018
В	KZN273 The Big 5 False Bay	6 902	6 613	7 033	2 978	2 972	5 916
B	KZN274 Hlabisa	17 376	16 649	17 706	1 353	1 350	2 689
B	KZN275 Mtubatuba	47 644	45 649	48 548	5 782	5 770	11 482
c	DC27 Umkhanyakude District Municipality	17 011	15 015	10 5 10	5702	5 1 10	11 402
Total: I	Umkhanyakude Municipalities	189 962	182 007	193 566	27 074	27 020	53 775
D		27.594	25 642	27.224	2.040	4.041	11 440
В	KZN281 Mfolozi	27 584	25 643	27 224	3 948	4 241	11 449
В	KZN282 uMhlathuze	20,000	10.242	20,420	17 547	18 850	50 882
В	KZN283 Ntambanana	20 699	19 242	20 429	8 291	8 907	24 041
В	KZN284 uMlalazi	67 296	62 559	66 418	18 556	19 933	53 808
В	KZN285 Mthonjaneni	13 680	12 717	13 501	3 554	3 817	10 303
В	KZN286 Nkandla	31 835	29 594	31 419	5 130	5 514	14 882
С	DC28 uThungulu District Municipality						
Total: I	Uthungulu Municipalities	161 094	149 755	158 991	57 025	61 262	165 365
в	KZN291 Mandeni	32 338	33 748	36 086	3 978	3 522	17 542
В	KZN292 KwaDukuza	46 987	49 035	52 433	20 638	18 273	91 018
В	KZN293 Ndwedwe	35 099	36 629	39 167	19 744	17 482	87 076
в	KZN294 Maphumulo	35 737	37 295	39 879	5 332	4 722	23 518
С	DC29 iLembe District Municipality						
Total: i	Lembe Municipalities	150 161	156 707	167 565	49 692	44 000	219 154
в	KZN431 Ingwe	34 209	36 903	39 598	5 480	9 120	17 400
В	KZN432 Kwa Sani	2 399	2 588	2 777	2 466	4 104	7 830
В	KZN433 Greater Kokstad	6 681	7 207	7 733	2 056	3 420	6 526
В	KZN434 Ubuhlebezwe	32 979	35 575	38 174	1 957	3 256	6 214
В	KZN435 Umzimkhulu	77 235	83 316	89 401	1 742	2 900	5 530
C	DC43 Sisonke District Municipality	11 255	05 510	0, 101	1,72	2,00	5 550
Total: S	Sisonke Municipalities	153 503	165 589	177 683	13 701	22 800	43 500
Total: I	KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	1 562 026	1 483 226	1 572 887	267 464	320 642	985 921

			f MIG allocation ies authorised fo			MWIG allocation ies authorised fo	
		National and	l Municipal Fina	ncial Year	National and	l Municipal Fina	ncial Year
	Municipality	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
		(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
LIMP	ОРО						
в	LIM331 Greater Giyani	84 583	96 827	104 512	3 859	10 435	24 295
В	LIM332 Greater Letaba	66 153	75 729	81 740	3 861	10 445	24 306
В	LIM333 Greater Tzaneen	132 707	151 916	163 975	6 554	14 662	37 770
В	LIM334 Ba-Phalaborwa	21 413	24 513	26 459	845	3 382	4 227
В	LIM335 Maruleng	28 182	32 262	34 822	1 787	4 147	11 934
С	DC33 Mopani District Municipality						
Total:	Mopani Municipalities	333 038	381 247	411 508	16 906	43 071	102 532
в	LIM341 Musina	10 306	11 821	12 762	90	360	450
В	LIM342 Mutale	23 118	26 518	28 628	8 307	19 921	46 535
В	LIM343 Thulamela	194 458	223 060	240 804	14 501	25 452	77 506
В	LIM344 Makhado	149 229	171 179	184 796	15 005	25 452	90 741
C	DC34 Vhembe District Municipality	14) 22)	1/11//	104 790	15 005	25 155	20 /41
Total:	Vhembe Municipalities	377 111	432 578	466 990	37 903	70 886	215 232
в	LIM351 Blouberg	58 296	64 204	68 955	1 627	6 508	8 135
в	LIM352 Aganang	36 095	39 753	42 694	1 453	5 813	7 266
в	LIM353 Molemole	35 977	39 623	42 554	285	1 140	1 425
в	LIM354 Polokwane						
в	LIM355 Lepele-Nkumpi	72 024	79 324	85 193	6 099	13 918	34 872
С	DC35 Capricorn District Municipality						
Total:	Capricorn Municipalities	202 392	222 904	239 396	9 464	27 379	51 698
в	LIM471 Ephraim Mogale	37 421	39 722	42 559	2 891	11 564	14 455
В	LIM472 Elias Motsoaledi	92 302	97 977	104 976	9 278	28 135	46 891
В	LIM473 Makhuduthamaga	105 483	111 968	119 965	3 626	14 505	18 132
В	LIM474 Fetakgomo	28 057	29 782	31 909	376	1 503	1 879
В	LIM475 Greater Tubatse	120 481	127 888	137 023	13 029	30 807	69 145
c	DC47 Sekhukhune District Municipality						
Total:	Sekhukhune Municipalities	383 744	407 337	436 432	29 200	86 514	150 502
Total:	Limpopo Municipalities	1 296 285	1 444 066	1 554 326	93 473	227 850	519 964

				f MIG allocation ties authorised fo			MWIG allocation ies authorised fo	
			National an	d Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and	l Municipal Fina	ncial Year
		Municipality	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
			(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
NORTI	H WEST							
в	NW381	Ratlou	35 886	41 574	44 934	3 300	4 000	4 000
в	NW382	Tswaing	26 747	30 986	33 491	2 800	3 000	3 000
В	NW383	Mafikeng	77 778	90 105	97 389	4 100	5 000	5 000
В	NW384	Ditsobotla	31 209	36 156	39 078	7 017	16 067	47 082
В	NW385	Ramotshere Moiloa	40 523	46 946	50 740	2 700	3 000	3 000
С	DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality						
Total: 1	Ngaka Modiri	Molema Municipalities	212 143	245 767	265 632	19 917	31 067	62 082
в	NW392	Naledi	7 741	8 518	9 160			
в	NW393	Mamusa	6 7 3 6	7 412	7 970			
в	NW394	Greater Taung	55 272	60 822	65 399	8 700		
В	NW396	Lekwa-Teemane	1 772	1 950	2 097			
В	NW397	NW397	27 792	30 583	32 884			
С	DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality						
Total: l	Dr Ruth Segor	notsi Mompati Municipalities	99 313	109 285	117 510	8 700		
Total: 1	North West M	unicipalities	311 456	355 052	383 142	28 617	31 067	62 082
Nationa	al Total		4 878 552	4 922 761	5 249 009	476 331	831 245	2 037 810

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5B: TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR MUNICIPALITIES

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

,

			Expanded Pul	olic Works Prog Municip	-	ted Grant for
C	ategory	Municipality	2013/14 FTE	National and	Municipal Fin	ancial Year
	0.	1 0	Performance	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
CASTE	RN CAPE					
4	BUF	Buffalo City	1 891	2 705		
4	NMA	Nelson Mandela Bay	2 573	20 885		
3	EC101	Camdeboo	68	1 000		
3	EC102	Blue Crane Route	83	1 000		
3	EC103	Ikwezi	51	1 000		
3	EC104	Makana	112	1 000		
3	EC105	Ndlambe	105	1 000		
3	EC106	Sundays River Valley	93	1 000		
3	EC107	Baviaans	60	1 045		
3	EC108	Kouga	113	1 330		
3	EC109	Kou-Kamma	75	1 000		
2	DC10	Cacadu District Municipality	19	1 000		
fotal: C	Cacadu Munio	sipalities	779	10 375		
3	EC121	Mbhashe	145	1 000		
В	EC122	Mnquma	189	1 000		
3	EC123	Great Kei	64	1 000		
3	EC124	Amahlathi	106	1 000		
3	EC126	Ngqushwa	85	1 000		
3	EC120	Nkonkobe	124	2 180		
3	EC128	Nxuba	56	1 000		
2	DC12	Amathole District Municipality	1 292	3 125		
	mathole Mu		2 061	11 305		
		•				
3	EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	60	1 000		
В	EC132	Tsolwana	56	1 000		
В	EC133	Inkwanca	50	1 000		
3	EC134	Lukanji	130	1 515		
В	EC135	Intsika Yethu	118	1 000		
В	EC136	Emalahleni	92	1 000		
В	EC137	Engcobo	102	1 000		
В	EC138	Sakhisizwe	70	1 000		
2	DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	1 250	8 445		
Fotal: C	Chris Hani M	unicipalities	1 928	16 960		
3	EC141	Elundini	112	1 398		
3	EC142	Senqu	129	2 160		
3	EC143	Maletswai	67	1 000		
3	EC144	Gariep	57	1 000		
2	DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	571	1 000		
Fotal: J	oe Gqabi Mu	nicipalities	936	6 558		
3	EC153	Ngquza Hill	140	1 000		
3	EC154	Port St Johns	96	1 000		
3	EC155	Nyandeni	144	1 000		
3	EC156	Mhlontlo	128	1 025		
3	EC157	King Sabata Dalindyebo	196	1 000		
2	DC15	O.R.Tambo District Municipality	2 746	5 870		
).R.Tambo M		3 450	10 895		
3	EC441	Matatiele	193	3 946		
3	EC441 EC442	Umzimvubu				
			133	1 220		
3	EC443	Mbizana	132	1 000		
3	EC444	Ntabankulu	94	1 000		
<u> </u>	DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	815	5 780		
total: A	Alfred Nzo Mu	ancipanties	1 367	12 946		
'otal: E	Lastern Cape	Municipalities	14 985	92 629		

			Expanded Pul	blic Works Prog Municip		ted Grant for
С	ategory	Municipality	2013/14 FTE	National and	l Municipal Fin	ancial Year
			Performance	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
			Target	(R'000)	(<i>R'000</i>)	(<i>R'000</i>)
FREES	STATE		- Ingo			
A	MAN	Mangaung	1 863	3 896		
В	FS161	Letsemeng	89	1 000		
В	FS162	Kopanong	93	1 000		
В	FS163	Mohokare	78	1 000		
В	FS164	Naledi	73	1 000		
2	DC16	Xhariep District Municipality	19	1 000		
l'otal: X	Khariep Muni	icipalities	352	5 000		
В	FS181	Masilonyana	135	1 000		
В	FS182	Tokologo	87	1 000		
В	FS183	Tswelopele	115	1 000		
В	FS184	Matjhabeng	652	1 000		
В	FS185	Nala	194	1 000		
С	DC18	Lejweleputswa District Municipality	19	1 000		
Total: I	Lejweleputsw	a Municipalities	1 202	6 000		
В	FS191	Setsoto	275	1 750		
B	FS192	Dihlabeng	182	1 000		
B	FS193	Nketoana	126	1 000		
B	FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung	848	10 210		
B	FS195	Phumelela	103	1 000		
B	FS196	Mantsopa	105	1 000		
C	DC19	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	100	1 000		
-		sanyana Municipalities	1 659	16 960		
				4		
В	FS201	Moqhaka	167	1 000		
В	FS203	Ngwathe	178	1 000		
B	FS204	Metsimaholo	168	1 000		
B	FS205	Mafube	100	1 000		
C	DC20	Fezile Dabi District Municipality	19	1 000		
Fotal: F	Fezile Dabi M	unicipalities	632	5 000		
Total: F	Free State Mu	micinalities	5 708	36 856		
			5700	50 050		
GAUTE	ENG					
A	EKU	Ekurhuleni	4 661	10 405		
A	JHB	City of Johannesburg	6 421	89 434		
A	TSH	City of Tshwane	4 425	29 670		
В	GT421	Emfuleni	579	4 885		
B	GT422	Midvaal	106	1 000		
B	GT422	Lesedi	100	1 000		
C	DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	19	1 000		
	Sedibeng Mu		811	7 885		
В	GT481	Mogale City	346	1 894		
в В	GT481 GT482	Randfontein	135	1 894		
B	GT482 GT483	Westonaria	227	1 000		
B	GT483 GT484			1 520		
в С	DC48	Merafong City West Rand District Municipality	263 19	1 520		
-	West Rand M		990	<u> </u>		
	sot Ranu M	uncepultato		7170		
Fotol. (Gauteng Mun	ioinalities	17 200	142 000		
rotal: (Jauteng Mun	napanties	17 308	143 808		1

B KZN211 Vulamehlo 52 B KZN212 Umdoni 69 1 000 B KZN213 Umzumbe 95 B KZN214 UMixiwabanu 77 1 000 B KZN215 Ezingoleni 61 1 000 C DC21 Ugu District Municipality 936 1 000 Total: Ugu Municipalities 1 406 5 000 1 000 B KZN222 uMgeni 70 1 000 B KZN223 upforian 56 1 000 B KZN224 Impendle 53 1 000 B KZN225 Msundzin 58 1 000 B KZN226 Mshambathini 58 1 000 B KZN227 Richmond 71 1 017 C DC22 Umgungundlovu Sistrict Municipality 348 1 000 Total: Ungungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 1 000 B KZN230 Inst				Expanded Pu	blic Works Prog Municip	U	ted Grant for
Target (R'000) (R'000) (R'000) KWAZULU-NATAL -	0	Category	Municipality	2013/14 FTE	National and	l Municipal Fir	ancial Year
KWAZULU-NATAL KWAZULU-NATAL A ETH cThekwini 883 47 381 B KZN211 Vulanehlo 52 52 B KZN212 Undoni 69 1 000 B KZN213 Unzumbe 95 1000 B KZN214 uMuzivabantu 77 1 000 B KZN215 Ezingoleni 61 1 000 B KZN216 Ihbiscus Coast 116 1 000 C DC21 Ugu District Municipality 936 0 000 Total: Ugu Municipalities 1 406 5 000 1000 B KZN221 uMswathi 77 1 000 B KZN222 uMogeni 70 1 000 B KZN223 Mpofana 56 0 00 B KZN224 Impendle 53 1 000 C DC21 Ungangundlovu District Municipality 348 1 000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1 253				Performance	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
A ETH eThekwini 883 47 381 B KZN211 Vulameblo 52 B KZN212 Undoni 69 1000 B KZN213 Umzumbe 95 B KZN214 uMurivabantu 77 1000 B KZN215 Ezingoleni 61 1000 C DC21 Ugu District Municipality 936 000 Total: Ugu Municipalities 1406 5 000 1000 B KZN221 Myofana 77 1 000 B KZN222 Myofana 56 1 000 B KZN223 Mpofana 56 1 000 B KZN224 Munduzia 520 1 874 B KZN225 Munduzia 52 1 84 B KZN226 Munduzia 58 1 000 B KZN237 Richmond 71 1 017 C DC23 Ungungundlovu District Municipality				Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
B KZN211 Vulamehlo 52 B KZN212 Umotoi 69 1 000 B KZN213 Umzumbe 95 B KZN214 UMiziwabanu 77 1 000 B KZN215 Ezingoleni 61 1 000 B KZN215 Ezingoleni 61 1 000 C DC21 Ugu District Municipality 936 1 000 Total: Ugu Municipalities 1 406 5 000	KWAZ	ULU-NATAL					
B KZN212 Umdoni 69 1000 B KZN213 Umzumbe 95 B KZN214 Umziwabantu 77 1000 B KZN215 Ezingoleni 61 1000 B KZN215 Ezingoleni 61 1000 C DC21 Ugu District Municipality 936 1000 Total: Ugu Municipalities 1406 5 000 1000 B KZN221 uMswathi 77 1000 B KZN222 uMgeni 70 1000 B KZN223 Mpofana 56 1000 B KZN224 Impendle 53 1000 B KZN225 Msunduzi 520 187 B KZN226 Mknambathini 58 1000 B KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith 148 2729 B KZN233 Indaka 831 1000 B KZN235 Sokhalamba 92 1000 B KZN235 Okhalamba 92 <	А	ETH	eThekwini	883	47 381		
B KZN212 Umdoni 69 1000 B KZN213 Umzumbe 95 B KZN214 Umziwabantu 77 1000 B KZN215 Ezingoleni 61 1000 B KZN215 Ezingoleni 61 1000 C DC21 Ugu District Municipality 936 1000 Total: Ugu Municipalities 1406 5 000 1000 B KZN221 uMswathi 77 1000 B KZN222 uMgeni 70 1000 B KZN223 Mpofana 56 1000 B KZN224 Impendle 53 1000 B KZN225 Msunduzi 520 187 B KZN226 Mknambathini 58 1000 B KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith 148 2729 B KZN233 Indaka 831 1000 B KZN235 Sokhalamba 92 1000 B KZN235 Okhalamba 92 <	В	KZN211	Vulamehlo	52			
B KZN213 Umzumbe 95 B KZN214 uMuziwabantu 77 1 000 B KZN215 Ezingoleni 61 1 000 B KZN216 Hibiscus Coast 116 1 000 C DC21 Ugu District Municipality 936 1 000 Total: Ugu Municipalities 1 406 5 000 1 B KZN222 uMgeni 77 1 000 B KZN223 Mofana 56 1 000 B KZN224 Impendle 53 1 000 B KZN225 Msunduzi 520 1 874 B KZN226 Minepnedle 53 1 000 B KZN227 Richmond 71 1 017 C DC2 Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 B KZN232 Ennambithi/Ladysmith 1 48 2 729 B KZN234 Umshezi 59 1 000 B KZN235	В	KZN212	Umdoni	69	1 000		
B KZN214 uMuziwabantu 77 1 000 B KZN215 Eringoleni 61 1 000 B KZN216 Hibscus Coast 116 1 000 C DC21 Ugu District Municipality 936 1 000 Total: Ugu Municipalities 1 406 5 000	В						
B KZN215 Ezingoleni 61 1000 B KZN216 Hibiscus Coast 116 1000 C DC21 Ugu Municipality 936 1000 Total: Ugu Municipalities 1406 5000 5000 B KZN221 uMshwathi 77 1000 B KZN222 uMgeni 70 1000 B KZN223 Mpofana 56 1000 B KZN224 Impendle 53 1000 B KZN227 Richmohathini 58 1000 B KZN227 Richmohathini 58 1000 B KZN232 Ungungundlovu District Municipality 348 1000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1253 8891 1000 B KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith 148 2 729 B KZN234 Umshezi 59 1000 B KZN235 Indaka 83 1000 B KZN244 Municipality 597 1000 C					1 000		
B KZN216 Hibiscus Coast 116 1000 C DC21 Ugu District Municipality 936 1000 Total: Ugu Municipalities 1406 5000 B KZN221 uMshwathi 77 1000 B KZN222 uMngeni 70 1000 B KZN223 Mpofana 56 1000 B KZN224 Impendie 53 1000 B KZN225 Msunduzi 58 1000 B KZN226 Mkhambathini 58 1000 B KZN227 Richmond 71 1017 C DC21 Ugungundlovu District Municipality 348 000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1253 8 891 B KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith 148 2 729 B KZN233 Indaka 83 1000 B KZN236 Inhabazane 59 1000 C DC24 Uruxipath Edunicipality 597 1000 C <							
C DC21 Ugu District Municipality 936 1 000 Total: Ugu Municipalities 1 406 5 000 B KZN221 uMshwathi 77 1 000 B KZN222 uMgeni 70 1 000 B KZN222 uMgeni 70 1 000 B KZN223 Mpofana 56 0 000 B KZN224 Impendle 53 1 000 B KZN225 Msunduzi 520 1 874 B KZN227 Richmond 71 1 017 C DC22 Ugungundlovu District Municipality 348 1 000 B KZN233 Indaka 83 1 000 C DC23 Ummshith/Ladysmith 148 2 729 B KZN235 Okhahlamba 92 1 000 B KZN234 Umstezi 59 1 000 B KZN234 Imbabzane 85 1 000 C DC23			6				
Total: Ugu Municipalities 1406 5 000 B KZN221 uMshwathi 77 1 000 B KZN222 uMgeni 70 1 000 B KZN223 Mpofana 56 1 000 B KZN224 Mippendle 53 1 000 B KZN225 Msunduzi 520 1 874 B KZN226 Mkhambathini 58 1 000 C DC22 Umgungundlovu District Municipality 348 1 000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 1000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 1000 B KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith 1 48 2 729 B KZN233 Indaka 83 1 000 B KZN235 Okhahlamba 92 1 000 B KZN236 Imbabazane 58 1 000 C DC23 Uthukela Municipalities 1 664 7 729 B<							
B KZN221 uMshwathi 77 1 000 B KZN222 uMngeni 70 1 000 B KZN223 Mpofana 56 1 000 B KZN224 Impendle 53 1 000 B KZN225 Msunduzi 520 1 874 B KZN226 Mthambathini 58 1 000 B KZN227 Richmond 71 1 017 C DC22 Ungungundlovu District Municipality 348 1 000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 Total: Ungungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 Total: Ungungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 B KZN235 Indaka 83 1 000 B KZN235 Okhahlamba 92 1 000 C DC23 Uthukela District Municipality 597 1 000 Total: Unviewela District Municipality 660 7 729							
B KZN222 uMngeni 70 1 000 B KZN223 Mpofana 56 1 000 B KZN224 Impendle 53 1 000 B KZN225 Msunduzi 520 1 874 B KZN226 Mkhambathini 58 1 000 B KZN227 Richmond 71 1 017 C DC22 Umgungundlovu District Municipality 348 1 000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 1 B KZN233 Indaka 83 1 000 B KZN334 Umtshezi 59 1 000 B KZN335 Okhahlamba 92 1 000 B KZN335 Uthukela District Municipality 597 1 000 C DC23 Uthukela District Municipality 597 1 000 Total:Uthukela Munictpalities 1 064 7 729 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 <t< td=""><td>Total:</td><td>Ogu Municipa</td><td>nties</td><td>1 400</td><td>5 000</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Total:	Ogu Municipa	nties	1 400	5 000		
B KZN222 uMngeni 70 1 000 B KZN223 Mpofana 56 1 000 B KZN224 Impendle 53 1 000 B KZN225 Msunduzi 520 1 874 B KZN226 Mkhambathini 58 1 000 B KZN227 Richmond 71 1 017 C DC22 Umgungundlovu District Municipality 348 1 000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 1 B KZN233 Indaka 83 1 000 B KZN334 Umtshezi 59 1 000 B KZN335 Okhahlamba 92 1 000 B KZN335 Uthukela District Municipality 597 1 000 C DC23 Uthukela District Municipality 597 1 000 Total:Uthukela Munictpalities 1 064 7 729 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 <t< td=""><td>р</td><td>V7NO01</td><td>n Mahurathi</td><td>77</td><td>1.000</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	р	V7NO01	n Mahurathi	77	1.000		
B KZN223 Mporana 56 1 000 B KZN224 Impendle 53 1 000 B KZN225 Msunduzi 520 1 874 B KZN226 Mkhambathini 58 1 000 B KZN227 Richmond 71 1 017 C DC22 Umgungundlovu District Municipality 348 1 000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891							
B KZN224 Impendle 53 1 000 B KZN225 Msunduzi 520 1 874 B KZN226 Mkhambathini 58 1 000 B KZN227 Richmond 71 1 017 C DC22 Umgungundlovu District Municipality 348 1 000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 1 B KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith 1 48 2 729 B KZN233 Indaka 83 1 000 B KZN234 Umtshezi 59 1 000 B KZN235 Okhahlamba 92 1 000 B KZN236 Inbabazane 85 1 000 C DC3 Uthukela District Municipality 597 1 000 Total: Uthukela Municipalities 1 064 7 729 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN244 Msinga 105 1 115 B KZN245 Umvoti 87 1 660 C </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>6</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			6				
B KZN225 Mixunduzi 520 1 874 B KZN226 Mixhambathini 58 1 000 B KZN227 Richmond 71 1 017 C DC22 Ungungundlovu District Municipality 348 1 000 Total: Ungungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 1 B KZN233 Indaka 83 1 000 B KZN234 Umtshezi 59 1 000 B KZN235 Okhahlamba 92 1 000 B KZN236 Imbabazane 85 1 000 C DC23 Uthukela District Municipality 597 1 000 Total:Uthukela Municipalities 1 064 7 729 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN245 Umvoti 87 1 660 C DC24 Unzinyathi District Municipality 640 1 000 B KZN245 Umvoti 87 1 660			•				
B KZN226 Mkhambathini 58 1 000 B KZN227 Richmond 71 1 017 C DC2 Umgungundlovu District Municipality 348 1 000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891			•				
B KZN227 Richmond 71 1 017 C DC22 Umgungundlovu District Municipality 348 1 000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 1 B KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith 1 48 2 729 B KZN233 Indaka 83 1 000 B KZN234 Umtshezi 59 1 000 B KZN235 Okhahlamba 92 1 000 B KZN235 Imbabazane 85 1 000 C DC23 Uthukela District Municipality 597 1 000 Total:Uthukela Municipalities 1 064 7 729 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN244 Msinga 1 05 1 115 B KZN245 Umvoti 87 1 660 C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality 640 1 000 Total:Umzinyathi Municipality 640 1 000 1 310 B KZN252 Newcastle 3 10 1 310 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
C DC22 Umgungundlovu District Municipality 348 1000 Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1253 8 891 B KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith 148 2 729 B KZN233 Indaka 83 1000 B KZN234 Umtshezi 59 1000 B KZN235 Okhahlamba 92 1000 B KZN236 Imbabazane 85 1000 C DC23 Uthkela District Municipality 597 1000 C DC23 Uthkela Municipalities 1064 7729 B KZN241 Endumeni 58 1000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1000 B KZN244 Msinga 105 1115 B KZN245 Umvoti 87 1 660 C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality 640 1000 Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities 989 5 775 1 600 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>							
Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities 1 253 8 891 B KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith 148 2 729 B KZN233 Indaka 83 1 000 B KZN234 Umtshezi 59 1 000 B KZN235 Okhahlamba 92 1 000 B KZN236 Imbabazane 85 1 000 C DC23 Uthukela District Municipality 597 1 000 Total:Uthukela Municipalities 1 064 7 729 B KZN241 Endumeni 58 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN242 Immunicipalities 105 1 115 B KZN245 Umvoti 87 1 660 C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality 640 1 000 Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities 989 5 775 5 B KZN252 Newcastle 310 1 310							
B KZN232 Emnambithi/Ladysmith 148 2 729 B KZN233 Indaka 83 1 000 B KZN234 Umtshezi 59 1 000 B KZN235 Okhahlamba 92 1 000 B KZN236 Imbabazane 85 1 000 C DC23 Uthukela District Municipality 597 1 000 Total:Uthukela Municipalities 1 064 7 729	-	-					
B KZN233 Indaka 83 1 000 B KZN234 Umtshezi 59 1 000 B KZN235 Okhahlamba 92 1 000 B KZN236 Imbabazane 85 1 000 C DC3 Uthukela District Municipality 597 1 000 Total: Uthukela Municipalities 1 064 7 729 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN244 Msinga 105 1 115 B KZN245 Umvoti 87 1 660 C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality 640 1 000 Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities 989 5 775 5 B KZN252 Newcastle 310 1 310 B KZN253 Emadlangeni 52 1 000 B KZN254 Dannhauser 77 1 000 C DC25 Amajuba Distr	Total:	Umgungundlo	vu Municipalities	1 253	8 891		
B KZN233 Indaka 83 1 000 B KZN234 Umtshezi 59 1 000 B KZN235 Okhahlamba 92 1 000 B KZN236 Imbabazane 85 1 000 C DC3 Uthukela District Municipality 597 1 000 Total: Uthukela Municipalities 1 064 7 729 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN244 Msinga 105 1 115 B KZN245 Umvoti 87 1 660 C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality 640 1 000 Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities 989 5 775 5 B KZN252 Newcastle 310 1 310 B KZN253 Emadlangeni 52 1 000 B KZN254 Dannhauser 77 1 000 C DC25 Amajuba Distr	_						
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B KZN241 Endumeni 58 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN244 Msinga 105 1 115 B KZN245 Umvoti 87 1 660 C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality 640 1 000 Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities 989 5 775 5 B KZN252 Newcastle 310 1 310 B KZN253 Emadlangeni 52 1 000 B KZN254 Dannhauser 77 1 000 C DC25 Amajuba District Municipality 177 1 000	С		1 2				
B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN244 Msinga 105 1 115 B KZN245 Umvoti 87 1 660 C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality 640 1 000 Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities 989 5 775	Total:U	J <mark>thukela Mun</mark> i	cipalities	1 064	7 729		
B KZN242 Nqutu 99 1 000 B KZN244 Msinga 105 1 115 B KZN245 Umvoti 87 1 660 C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality 640 1 000 Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities 989 5 775	Б	1/731044	En lancani	50	1 000		
B KZN244 Msinga 105 1115 B KZN245 Umvoti 87 1 660 C DC24 Umzinyathi District Municipality 640 1 000 Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities 989 5 775 B KZN252 Newcastle 310 1 310 B KZN253 Emadlangeni 52 1 000 B KZN254 Dannhauser 77 1 000 C DC25 Amajuba District Municipality 177 1 000							
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Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities9895 775BKZN252Newcastle3101 310BKZN253Emadlangeni521 000BKZN254Dannhauser771 000CDC25Amajuba District Municipality1771 000							
B KZN252 Newcastle 310 1 310 B KZN253 Emadlangeni 52 1 000 B KZN254 Dannhauser 77 1 000 C DC25 Amajuba District Municipality 177 1 000							
B KZN253 Emadlangeni 52 1 000 B KZN254 Dannhauser 77 1 000 C DC25 Amajuba District Municipality 177 1 000	Total:	Umzinyathi M	unicipalities	989	5 775		
B KZN253 Emadlangeni 52 1 000 B KZN254 Dannhauser 77 1 000 C DC25 Amajuba District Municipality 177 1 000	В	KZN25 2	Newcastle	310	1 310		
BKZN254Dannhauser771 000CDC25Amajuba District Municipality1771 000	B						
C DC25 Amajuba District Municipality 177 1 000			8				
	C						
	-			616	4 310		

			Expanded Pul	olic Works Prog Municip	-	ted Grant for
	Category	Municipality	2013/14 FTE	National and	Municipal Fin	ancial Year
			Performance	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
В	KZN261	eDumbe	49			
В	KZN262	uPhongolo	83	1 000		
В	KZN263	Abaqulusi	99	1 000		
В	KZN265	Nongoma	99	1 000		
В	KZN266	Ulundi	103	1 000		
С	DC26	Zululand District Municipality	927	2 942		
Total:	: Zululand Mun		1 360	6 942		
В	KZN271	Umhlabuyalingana	95	1 000		
B	KZN271 KZN272	Jozini	111	1 000		
B	KZN272 KZN273	The Big 5 False Bay	35	1 000		
B	KZN273	Hlabisa	88	1 000		
B	KZN274 KZN275	Mtubatuba	53	1 000		
C	DC27	Umkhanyakude District Municipality	736	1 000		
-		le Municipalities	1 118	5 000		
Total	. Olikilaliyakut	ne municipanties	1110	5 000		
В	KZN281	Mfolozi	74	1 000		
В	KZN282	uMhlathuze	293	1 000		
В	KZN283	Ntambanana	58	1 000		
В	KZN284	uMlalazi	104	1 000		
В	KZN285	Mthonjaneni	60	1 000		
В	KZN286	Nkandla	121	2 830		
С	DC28	uThungulu District Municipality	671	2 840		
Total:	: Uthungulu Mu	inicipalities	1 381	10 670		
в	KZN291	Mandeni	100	1 000		
B	KZN292	KwaDukuza	130	1 000		
В	KZN293	Ndwedwe	96	1 000		
B	KZN294	Maphumulo	83	1 000		
С	DC29	iLembe District Municipality	586	1 000		
Total	: iLembe Munic		995	5 000		
В	KZN431	Ingwe	82	1 000		
ь В	KZN431 KZN432	Kwa Sani	82 49	1 000		
в B	KZN432 KZN433	Greater Kokstad	49 80	1 000		
ь В	KZN433 KZN434	Ubuhlebezwe	80	1 000		
ь В	KZN434 KZN435	Umzimkhulu	83 171	1 000		
ь С	DC43	Sisonke District Municipality	575	2 739		
-	Sisonke Munic		1 042	7 739		
I Utal	, sisonike mullit	apanaes	1 042	1 1 3 9		
Total	Kwo7nh N-4-	1 Municipalities	12 107	114 437		
TOTAL	. ISwaziulu-Mata	al Municipalities	12 107	114 43/		

			Expanded Pu	blic Works Prog Municip	-	ted Grant for
	Category	Municipality	2013/14 FTE	National and	Municipal Fir	ancial Year
			Performance	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
LIMI	POPO					
В	LIM331	Greater Giyani	134	1 000		
В	LIM332	Greater Letaba	149	1 198		
В	LIM333	Greater Tzaneen	211	1 710		
В	LIM334	Ba-Phalaborwa	84	1 000		
В	LIM335	Maruleng	114	1 000		
С	DC33	Mopani District Municipality	1 029	1 000		
	: Mopani Munic		1 721	6 908		
		-				
В	LIM341	Musina	65	1 000		
В	LIM342	Mutale	72	1 000		
В	LIM343	Thulamela	268	1 735		
В	LIM344	Makhado	232	1 000		
С	DC34	Vhembe District Municipality	1 224	4 655		
Total	: Vhembe Muni	cipalities	1 861	9 390		
В	LIM351	Blouberg	116	1 000		
В	LIM352	Aganang	102	1 000		
В	LIM353	Molemole	94	1 000		
В	LIM354	Polokwane	787	4 614		
В	LIM355	Lepele-Nkumpi	133	1 198		
С	DC35	Capricorn District Municipality	686	1 000		
Total	: Capricorn Mu	nicipalities	1 918	9 812		
в	LIM361	Thabazimbi	152	1 000		
В	LIM362	Lephalale	159	1 115		
B	LIM364	Mookgopong	71	1 000		
В	LIM365	Modimolle	150	1 000		
B	LIM366	Bela-Bela	78	1 000		
В	LIM367	Mogalakwena	456	1 154		
C	DC36	Waterberg District Municipality	19	1 000		
~	: Waterberg Mu		1 085	7 269		
		<u>*</u>				
В	LIM471	Ephraim Mogale	87	1 000		
В	LIM472	Elias Motsoaledi	130	1 000		
В	LIM473	Makhuduthamaga	150	1 000		
В	LIM474	Fetakgomo	78	1 000		
В	LIM475	Greater Tubatse	158	1 000		
С	DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	1 340	1 000		
Total	: Sekhukhune M	Iunicipalities	1 943	6 000		
Total	: Limpopo Mun	icipalities	8 528	39 379		

APPENDIX W3
TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR
MUNICIPALITIES

			Expanded Pul	blic Works Prog Municip		ted Grant for
	Category	Municipality	2013/14 FTE	National and	l Municipal Fin	ancial Year
			Performance	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
MPUN	MALANGA					
в	MP301	Albert Luthuli	315	3 785		
В	MP302	Msukaligwa	146	1 000		
В	MP303	Mkhondo	223	1 954		
В	MP304	Pixley Ka Seme	159	3 072		
В	MP305	Lekwa	157	1 056		
В	MP306	Dipaleseng	87	1 000		
В	MP307	Govan Mbeki	331	2 151		
С	DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality	19	1 000		
Total:	Gert Sibande	Municipalities	1 437	15 018		
В	MP311	Victor Khanye	106	1 465		
В	MP312	Emalahleni	330	1 594		
В	MP313	Steve Tshwete	149	1 639		
В	MP314	Emakhazeni	69	1 000		
В	MP315	Thembisile Hani	395	2 842		
В	MP316	Dr JS Moroka	408	3 096		
С	DC31	Nkangala District Municipality	19	1 000		
Total:	Nkangala Mu	nicipalities	1 476	12 636		
	1 (200)					
В	MP321	Thaba Chweu	121	1 000		
В	MP322	Mbombela	627	1 695		
В	MP323	Umjindi	110	1 286		
В	MP324	Nkomazi	543	6 044		
B	MP325	Bushbuckridge	954	2 596		
C	DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municipality	19	1 000		
Total:	Ehlanzeni Mu	nicipalities	2 374	13 621		
Total:	Mpumalanga 1	Municipalities	5 287	41 275		

			Expanded Pu	blic Works Prog Municij		ted Grant for
C	ategory	Municipality	2013/14 FTE		d Municipal Fin	ancial Year
			Performance	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
			Target	(<i>R'000</i>)	(<i>R'000</i>)	(R'000)
NORTH	HERN CAPE					
В	NC061	Richtersveld	46	1 000		
В	NC062	Nama Khoi	70	1 000		
В	NC064	Kamiesberg	56	1 000		
В	NC065	Hantam	59	1 000		
В	NC066	Karoo Hoogland	55	1 000		
В	NC067	Khâi-Ma	53	1 000		
C	DC6	Namakwa District Municipality	19	1 000		
	Namakwa Mu		358	7 000		
		*				
В	NC071	Ubuntu	55	1 000		
В	NC072	Umsobomvu	64	1 000		
В	NC073	Emthanjeni	70	1 000		
В	NC074	Kareeberg	49	1 000		
В	NC075	Renosterberg	50	1 000		
В	NC076	Thembelihle	62	1 000		
В	NC077	Siyathemba	58	1 000		
В	NC078	Siyancuma	84	1 000		
С	DC7	Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	19	1 000		
Total: F	Pixley Ka Sem	e Municipalities	511	9 000		
В	NC081	Mier	55	1 000		
В	NC082	!Kai !Garib	85	1 000		
В	NC083	//Khara Hais	94	1 000		
В	NC084	!Kheis	63	1 000		
В	NC085	Tsantsabane	64	1 000		
В	NC086	Kgatelopele	48	1 000		
С	DC8	Siyanda District Municipality	19	1 000		
Total: S	Siyanda Muni	cipalities	428	7 000		
Б	NC091	Sol Plantiin	298	6 610		
B B	NC091 NC092	Sol Plaatjie Dikgetlong	298 100	6 618 1 000		
	NC092 NC093	Dikgatlong				
B B		Magareng	60	1 000		
В	NC094	Phokwane	102	1 000		
-	DC9 Trancos Baard	Frances Baard District Municipality Municipalities	19 579	1 000 10 618		
rotal: f	Tances Daaro	municipanues	5/9	10 018		
В	NC451	Joe Morolong	197	1 000		
В	NC452	Ga-Segonyana	193	1 000		
В	NC453	Gamagara	52	1 000		
C	DC45	John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	19	1 000		
		aetsewe Municipalities	461	4 000		
		•				
Total: N	Northern Cap	e Municipalities	2 337	37 618		

			Expanded Pul	blic Works Prog Municip		ted Grant for
0	Category	Municipality	2013/14 FTE	National and	Municipal Fin	ancial Year
			Performance	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(<i>R'000</i>)
NORT	H WEST					
В	NW371	Moretele	351	1 175		
В	NW372	Madibeng	677	2 573		
В	NW373	Rustenburg	790	7 990		
В	NW374	Kgetlengrivier	82	1 000		
В	NW375	Moses Kotane	436	2 386		
С	DC37	Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	19	1 000		
Total:	Bojanala Plati	num Municipalities	2 355	16 124		
В	NW381	Ratlou	89	1 080		
В	NW382	Tswaing	99	1 000		
В	NW383	Mafikeng	205	3 720		
В	NW384	Ditsobotla	135	1 982		
В	NW385	Ramotshere Moiloa	108	1 135		
С	DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	662	1 000		
Total:	Ngaka Modiri	Molema Municipalities	1 298	9 917		
В	NW392	Naledi	65	1 000		
В	NW393	Mamusa	72	1 000		
В	NW394	Greater Taung	122	1 000		
В	NW396	Lekwa-Teemane	69	1 000		
В	NW397	NW397	113	1 000		
С	DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	383	1 668		
Total:	Dr Ruth Segon	notsi Mompati Municipalities	824	6 668		
В	NW401	Ventersdorp	96	1 000		
В	NW402	Tlokwe	150	1 000		
В	NW403	City of Matlosana	405	1 000		
В	NW404	Maquassi Hills	128	1 000		
С	DC40	Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	19	1 000		
Total:	Dr Kenneth K	aunda Municipalities	798	5 000		
Total:	North West M	unicipalities	5 275	37 709		

			Expanded Pu	blic Works Prog Municip	-	ed Grant for
C	ategory	Municipality	2013/14 FTE	National and	l Municipal Fina	ncial Year
			Performance	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
			Target	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
WESTI	ERN CAPE					
А	CPT	City of Cape Town	4 178	32 080		
В	WC011	Matzikama	77	1 000		
B	WC011	Cederberg	68	1 000		
B	WC012 WC013	Bergrivier	56	1 000		
B	WC013 WC014	Saldanha Bay	87	1 554		
B	WC014 WC015	Swartland	65	1 000		
C	DC1	West Coast District Municipality	19	1 000		
Total: V	West Coast M	unicipalities	372	6 554		
В	WC022	Witzenberg	89	1 000		
В	WC023	Drakenstein	130	1 000		
В	WC024	Stellenbosch	113	1 760		
В	WC025	Breede Valley	116	1 000		
В	WC026	Langeberg	77	1 000		
C	DC2	Cape Winelands District Municipality	19	1 000		
		ds Municipalities	544	6 760		
10001.	cape which	us municipanties	544	0700		
В	WC031	Theewaterskloof	101	1 000		
	WC031 WC032					
В		Overstrand	77	1 244		
В	WC033	Cape Agulhas	51	1 000		
В	WC034	Swellendam	54	1 000		
С	DC3	Overberg District Municipality	19	1 000		
Total: (Overberg Mu	nicipalities	302	5 244		
В	WC041	Kannaland	55	1 000		
B	WC042	Hessequa	59	1 000		
B	WC042 WC043	Mossel Bay	96	2 240		
B	WC043 WC044	-	201	3 285		
		George				
B	WC045	Oudtshoorn	89	1 800		
В	WC047	Bitou	65	1 000		
B	WC048	Knysna	95	1 000		
C	DC4	Eden District Municipality	19	1 000		
Total: I	Eden Municip	alities	679	12 325		
В	WC051	Laingsburg	45	1 000		
		Laingsburg Prince Albert				
B		Prince Albert	46	1 000		
B	WC053	Beaufort West	86	1 000		
C	DC5	Central Karoo District Municipality	19	1 000		
Total: (central Karoo	Municipalities	196	4 000		
Total: V	Western Cape	Municipalities	6 271	66 963		
Unalloc	cated:				632 325	660 966
Nationa	al Total		77 806	610 674	632 325	660 960

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

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BREAKDOW	BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOC	ATIONS PER L	ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT		Nation	National Financial Year	ear
Project Code	Project Name	Category	Water Service Authority	Benefiting Municipality	2013/1 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
	EASTERN CAPE						
ECR038	Graaf.Reinet Emercency Water Sumily Scheme	B DC10	Cacadu Distrot Municinality	Camdeboo I ocal Municionality	10.000	14 400	
ECR037	Augmentation)		Cacadu Distrct Municipality	Ndlame Local Municipality	50 000	113 464	80 000
ECR024	Sundays River- Paterson Bulk Water Supply		Sundays River Valley Local Municipality	Sundays River Valley Local Municipality	6 466		
ECR039	Steytlerville Water Supply Scheme	B DCI0	Cacadu Distrct Municipality	Baviaans Local Municipality	10 000	20 000	23 808
		I otal: Cacadu	I otal: Cacadu Municipalities		/0 400	14/ 804	103 208
ECR010	Mncwansa Bulk Water Supply		Amathole District Municipality	Mbashe Local Municipality	26504	34 400	35 000
ECR015	Xhora East Water Supply	C DC12	Amathole District Municipality	Mbashe Local Municipality	25 000	25 000	25 000
ECRNEW	Amatole Regional Bulk Water Supply	C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	Various		150 000	350 000
ECR006	Ibika Water supply	C DC12	Amathole District Municipality	Mnquma Local Municipality	5 000		
		Total: Amatole	Total: Amatole Municipalities		56504	209 400	410 000
ECR033	Chuster 4 CHDM Bulk Water Sumuly	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municinality	Engeobo Local Municinality	20.000	54 300	50.000
ECR028	Cluster 6 CHDM Bulk Water Supply		Chris Hani District Municipality	Engcobo Local Municipality	30 000	35 000	10 268
ECR029	Cluster 9 CHDM Bulk Water Supply	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	Intsika vethu Local Municipality	30 000	40 600	
ECR002	Xonxa Bulk Water Supply	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	Engcobo Local Municipality	55 000	58 672	58 235
ECR005	Hofmeyer Ground Water Supply	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	Tsolwana Local Municipality	30 024	4 665	
		Total: Chris H	Total: Chris Hani Municipalities		165 024	193 237	118 503
ECR019	OR Tambo DM Regional Water Supply	c DC15	O.R. Tambo District Municipality	King Sabatha Dalindyebo Local Municipality	200 000	300 000	350 000
		Total: O.R. Ta	Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities		200 000	300 000	$350\ 000$
					00000	000 10	
ECKUUI	Matatiele Bulk Water Supply Scheme	C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	Matatiele Local Municipality	20 000	22 000	
ECR036	Mount Aylitt Bulk Water Supply Scheme	ר חכים היות	Alfred Nzo District Municipality Alfred Nzo District Municipality	Mzimvubu Local Municipality Mhizma Local Municipality	20 000	000 62	40,680
FCW00	MULTINE INCOUNT DUIN 11 MCL DUPLI	Total: Alfred N	Total: A frad Nzo Municipalities	MUNICALITA EQUAL IMAGINUS	000 300	110.000	10 680
		T OTAL: VIII CO T					(BD / F
		Total: Eastern	Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities		597 294	960 501	$1\ 032\ 000$
	FREE STATE						
COOCDE	1	C7 102 4			000	000 20	000 CF
FSR005	Jagerstontent/Fauresmun burk water Suppry Rouvville /Smithfield /Zastron RWS	B FS163	Nopanong Local Municipality Mobokare I ocal Municipality	Kopanong Locat Municipanty Mehokare I ocal Municipality	24 900	25 000	42 000 33 000
						00000	

	FREE STATE						
FSR002	Jagersfontein /Fauresmith Bulk Water Supply	B FS162	Kopanong Local Municipality	Kopanong Local Municipality	24 900	25 000	42 000
FSR005	Rouxville /Smithfield /Zastron BWS	B FS163	Mohokare Local Municipality	Mohokare Local Municipality	23 000	25 000	33 000
		Total: Xhariep Municipalities	Municipalities		47 900	50 000	75 000
FSR011	Masilonyana BWS	B FS181	Masilonyana Local Municipality	Masilonyana Local Municipality	17 000	20 000	25 000
FSR008	Tokologo Regional Water Supply	B FS182	Tokologo Local Municipality	Tokologo, Saul Platjie LMs	32 820	45 000	45 000
		Total: Lejwelep	Total: Lejweleputswa Municipalities		49 820	65 000	70 000
FSR013	Setsoto Bulk Water Supply	B FS191	Setsoto Local Municipality	Setsoto Local Municipality	20 000	25 000	20 000
FSR003	Dihlabeng Bulk Water Supply	B FS192	Dihlabeng Local Municipality	Dihlabeng Local Municipality	20 580	35 000	21 054
FSR012	Nketoana Regional Water Supply	B FS193	Nketoana Local Municipality	Nketoana Local Municipality	14 000	16 000	21 000
FSR007	Sterkfontein Dam Bulk Water Supply	B FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung Local Municipality	Maluti-a-Phofung Local Municipality	32 600	35 896	32 600
FSR006	Phumelela Bulk Water Supply	B FS195	Phumelela Local Municipality	Phumelela Local Municipality	20000	30 000	30 000
		Total: Thabo N	Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities		107 180	141 896	124 654
FSR010	Moqhaka B WS	B FS201	Moqhaka Local municipality	Moqhaka Local municipality	15 000	15 000	20 000
FSR009	Ngwathe Bulk Water Supply Phase 2	B FS203	Ngwathe Local Municipality	Ngwathe Local Municipality	5 000	14000	14 000
		Total: Fezile D	Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities		20 000	29 000	34000
						-	
		Total: Free Stat	Total: Free State Municipalities		224 900	285 896	303 654

APPENDIX W4 APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

National Financial Year

Project Code	Project Name	Category	Category Water Service Authority	Benefiting Municipality	2013/1 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
	GAUTENG						
GPR004	Upgrade of Western Highveld Water Treatment Plant	A TSH	City of Tshwane	City of Tshwane Metropolitan Municipality	30 000	50 000	
		A TSH	City of Tshwane		30 000	50 000	
GPR001	Sedibeng Waste Water Treatment Works (Split into projects below)	B DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	Various	00000	20 000	15 000
GPR005 GPR006	Sebokeng Waste Water Treatment Works Meyerton Waste Water Treatment Works	B G1421 B GT422	Emtulent Local Municipality Midvaal Local Municipality	Emtulent Local Municipality Midvaal Local Municipality	90 000 50 000	000 011 90 000	1 /2 000 108 000
		Total: Sedibeng Municipalities	Municipalities		140 000	220 000	295 000
GPR002	Westonaria Receional Bulk Samitation (Hannes van Niekerk)	B GT483	Westonaria Local Municipality	Westonaria Local Municinality	45 000		
GPR002	Westonaria Regional Bulk Sanitation (Zuurbekom)	B GT483	Westonaria Local Municipality	Westonaria Local Municipality	26 000	67 700	60 000
		Total: West Ra	Total: West Rand Municipalities		71 000	67 700	60 000

	KWAZULU-NATAL						
KNR013	Mhlabatshane Bulk Water Supply	C DC21	Ugu District Municipality	Umzumbe Local Municipality	35 000	35 000	18 834
		Total: Ugu Municipalities	icipalities		35 000	35 000	18 834
KNR006	Greater Eston Water Scheme	C DC22	Umgungundlovu District Municipality	Mkhambathini Local Municipality	38 000	31 800	35 000
		Total: Umgungu	Total: Umgungundlovu Municipalities		38 000	31800	35000
KNR010	Driefontein Complex Bulk Water Supply	C DC23	Uthukela District Municipality	Emnambithi/ Ladysmith Local Municipality	35 000	30 000	30 000
		Total:Uthukela Municipalities	Municipalities		35 000	$30\ 000$	30000
KNR008	Greytown Regional Bulk Scheme	C DC24	Umzinyathi District Municipality	Umvoti Local Municipality	31 813	200 000	320 000
		Total: Umzinyat	Total: Umzinyathi Municipalities		31 813	200 000	$320\ 000$
KNR001 KNR002	Nongoma BWS Mandlakazi BUIk Water Supply	C DC26 C DC26	Zulul and District Municipality Zulul and District Municipality	Nongoma Local Municipality uPhongolo & Nongoma Local Municipalities	48 413 6 928		
		Total: Zululand Municipalities	Municipalities		55 341		
KNR015	Pongolapoort Bulk water Scheme	C DC27	Umkhanyakude District Municipality	Jozini Local Municipality	179 017	350 000	000 06
KNR003 KNR014	Hlabisa Bulk Water Supply Dukuduku Resettlement	C DC27 C DC27	Umkhanyakude District Municipality Umkhanvakude District Municipality	Hlabisa Local Municipality Muhauba/ Bie 5 False Bay Local Municipalities	20 000 30 000	17 000	15 000
		Total: Umkhany	Total: Umkhanyakude Municipalities		229 017	367 000	105 000
KNR005 KNR016	Greater Mthonjaneni Bulk Water Supply Middledrift (Nkandla) Regional Bulk Water Supply	C DC28 C DC28	uThungulu District Municipality uThungulu District Municipality	Mtonjaneni/ Nkandla Local Municipalities Nkandla Local Municipality	35 000	150 000 30 000	330 000 30 000
		Total: uThungul	Total: uThungulu Municipalities		35 000	180 000	$360\ 000$
KNR011	Ngcebo Regional Water Bulk (Lower Tugela)	C DC29	iLembe District Municipality	Maphumulo Local Municipality	80 000	000 06	81 166
KNR017	Lower Thukela (Umgeni Water Board)	C DC29	iLembe District Municipality	Ndwedwe/ KwaDukuza/ Maphumulo/ Mandeni LM's	50 000	200 000	300 000
		Total: iLembe Municipalities	lunicipalities		130 000	290 000	381 166
KNR007	Greater Bulwer Donnybrook Water Scheme	C DC43	Sisonke District Municipality	Ingwe Local Municipality	15 429	33 200	30 000
		Total: Sisonke Municipalities	Iunicipalities		15 429	33 200	30000
		Total: KwaZulu	Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities		604 600	1 167 000	$1\ 280\ 000$

355 000

337 700

241 000

Total: Gauteng Municipalities

APPENDIX W4 APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT	
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BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

NEANDOV	BKEARDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASI KUCI UKE GRAN I ALL	UCATIONS PER L	LOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FER PROJECT		Nation	National Financial Year	ar
Project Code	Project Name	Category	Water Service Authority	Benefiting Municipality	2013/1 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
	LIMPOPO						
LPR018 LPR017	Giyani Bulk W ater Supply Drought relief Mametia Sekororo	C DC33 C DC33	Mopani District Municipality Mopani District Municipality	Greater Giyani Local Municipality Maruleng Local Municipality	35 000 45 689	42 000 44 915	83 167
		Total: Mopani Municipalities	Municipalities		80 689	86915	83 167
PR016	Sinthumule Kutama Bulk Water Supply	C DC34	Vhembe District Municipality	Makhodo Local Municipality	60 000	25 000	
		Total: Vhembe Municipalities	Municipalities		000 09	25 000	
PR015	Mogalakwena Bulk Water Supply	B LIM367	LIM367 Mogalakwena Local Municipality	Mogalakwena Local Municipality	60 000	84 000	141 500
		Total: Waterbe	Total: Waterberg Municipalities		000 09	84 000	141 500
PR019	Moutse Bulk Water Supply	C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	Ephraim Mogale/ Elias Motsoaledi LMs	40 000	42 500	
LPR011	Nebo Bulk Water Supply	C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	Greater Tubatse/ Makhudutmahaga LMs	40 000	40 000	80 000
LPR012	Mooihoek/Tubatse Bulk Water Supply	C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	Greater Tubatse Local Municipality	35 000	43 000	80 000
PR021	Sekhukhune DM Regional Bulk Water Supply (De Hoop)	C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	Various	266 311	396 084	400 000
		Total: Sekhukh	Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities		381 311	521584	560 000
		Total- I imnow	Tratal: Limnono Municinalities		582 000	717 400	784 667

				-			
	MPUMALANGA						
MPR021	Eerstehoek/JEkulindeni Bulk Water Supply	B MP301	Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	13 000	24 000	28 000
MPR022	Empul/Methu/Amster Bulk Water Supply	B MP301	Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	12 000	40 000	40 000
MPR023	Ermelo North Water Treatment Works	B MP302	Msukaligwa Local Municipality	Msukaligwa Local Municipality	15 000	23 000	38 000
MPR024	Balf/Siyat/Greyl/Willem/Nthor Bulk Water Supply	B MP306	Dipaleseng Local Municipality	Dipaleseng Local Municipality	15 000	20000	22 000
		Total: Gert Sib	Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities		55 000	107 000	128 000
MPR017	Emalahleni Water Scheme	B MP312	Emalahleni Local Municipality	Emalahleni Local Municipality	27 800	22 000	24 000
MPR005	Western Highveld Scheme	B MP316	Dr JS Moroka Local Municipality	Dr JS Moroka Local Municipality	10 000	20 000	28 000
		Total: Nkangal	Total: Nkangala Municipalities		37 800	42 000	52 000
MPR019	Northern Nzikazi Bulk Water Supply	B MP322	Mbombela Local Municipality	Mbombela Local Municipality	10 000	25 000	
MPR018	Driekoppies Upgrading	C DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municpality	Nkomazi Local Municipality	10 000	26000	34 000
MPR020	Sibange BWS	C DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municpality	Nkomazi Local Municipality	10 000	25 000	20 000
		Total: Ehlanzen	Total: Ehlanzeni Municpalities		30000	76 000	54 000
		Total: Mpumal	Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities		122 800	225 000	$234\ 000$

290

BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

BREAKDOWN OF	DF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCA	TIONS PER LC	CAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT		Nati	tional Financial Y	Year
Project Code	Project Name	Category	Water Service Authority	Senefiting Municipality	2013/1 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)

	NORTHERN CAPE						
NCR017	Bulk water supply to Porth Nolloth	B NC061	Richtersveld Local Municipality	Richtersveld Local Municipality	7 000	20 000	
NCR012	Replacement of Namakwa Waste Water Treatment Works	B NC062	Nama Khoi Local Municipality	Nama Khoi Local Municipality	72 200	72 360	120 000
NCR016	Bulk Water Supply to Brandvlei (Hantam)	B NC065	Hantam Local Municipality	Hantam Local Municipality			16 500
		Total: Namakw	Total: Namakwa Municipalities		79 200	92 360	136 500
NCDOLO	Omnio nitore - Calacheree - Manacort Bully Weters Currents	D NICOTO	The och community of a Marriel in the second s	IImee homen I and Municipality	35 000	30,000	30,000
NCD015	Data first - Cureverg - Noupout buik water Supply		UIISOOUIIVU LOCAI MUIIICIPAILY Emitemiani U aad Muinicipality	Unisouomyu Locai Municipanty Emthaniani I cool Municipality	000.00	16 640	000.00
NCR015	De Aar Borenole Development	B NCU/3		Emthanjent Local Municipality	000.07	10 040	000 01
NCK024	van wyksviel Bulk water Supply	B NCU/4	Kareeberg Local Municipality	Kareeberg Local Municipality		12 000	13 /00
NCRNEW	Renosterberg Bulk Water Supply	B NC075	Renosterberg Local Municipality	Renosterberg Local Municipality		13 000	
NCR003	Thembelihle Bulk Water Supply	B NC076	Thembelihle Local Municipality	Thembelihle Local Municipality	16 000	1 500	
NCR022	Niekerkshoop Bulk Water Supply	B NC077	Siyathemba Local Municipality	Siyathemba Local Municipality	6 500		
		Total: Pixley k	Total: Pixley ka Seme Municipalities		77 500	76140	43 700
NCR025	Homewale Waste Water Treatment Works	B NC091	Sol Plaatjie Local Municipality	Sol Plaatjie Local Municipality	15 000	20 000	28 000
NCR020	Windsorton to Holpan Bulk Water Supply	B NC092	Dikgatlong Local Municipality	Dikgatlong Local Municipality			16 500
NCR009	Vaal Gamagara Groundwater Resource Development	C DC9	Frances Baard District Municipality	Various	30 500	$40\ 000$	53 800
		Total: Frances	Total: Frances Baard Municipalities		45 500	60 000	98 300
NCR005	Heuningvlei / Moshaweng Bulk Water Supply	B NC451	Joe Morolong Local Municipality	Joe Morolong Local Municipality	34 000	31 000	
NCR018	Kuruman Bulk Water Supply	B NC452	Ga-Segonyana Local Municipality	Ga-Segonyana Local Municipality	19 000	30 000	40 000
NCR019	Kathu Waste Water Treatment Works	B NC453	Gamagara Local Municipality	Gamagara Local Municipality	15 000	20 000	22 000
		Total: John Ta	Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities		68 000	81 000	$62\ 000$
		Total: Norther	Total: Northern Cape Municipalities		270 200	309 500	340 500
	NORTH WEST						
2000 MIN	Medihana Bulli Wetan Cunalu	CLC/MIN d	District American Merican District Dist	Medikana Lean Meniainalin.	1000	10 400	50.000

	NORTH WEST						
NWR005	Madibeng Bulk Water Supply	B NW372	Madibeng Local Municipality	Madibeng Local Municipality	18 000	42 400	50 000
NWR013	Koster Waste Water Treatment Works upgrade	B NW374	Kgetlengrivier Local Municipality	Kgetlengrivier Local Municipality		2 600	20 000
NWRNEW	Pilanesberg Scheme North and South	B NW375	Moses Kotane Local Municipality	Moses Kotane Local Municipality	200 000	70 000	94 000
		Total: Bojanal	Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities		218 000	115 000	$164\ 000$
NWR002	Ration Bulk Water Sunniv	C DC38	Neaka Modiri Molema	Ration Local Municipality	11 000	30.000	50.000
NWR014	Mafikeng South Bulk Water Supply	C DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema	Mafikeng Local Municipality	5 000	30 000	40 000
		Total: Ngaka I	Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities		16 000	60 000	90 000
ODOGWIN	Townsol Michael Dailb Wronso Camely	0 DC30	De Duck Cocomoted Monument District Municipal in	Constant Tournet Model I and Municipalities	000 011	000 00	
MWR008	t aung/ reated b un water Supply Greater Mamusa Bulk Water Supply	C DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	Dicates Laung/ reactin Local Municipalities Mamusa Local Municipality	25 000	49 000	70 000
		Total: Dr Ruth	Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities		135 000	147 000	70 000
NWR010	Ventersdorp Bulk Water Supply	B NW401	Ventersdorp Local Municipality	Ventersdorp Local Municipality	16 000		
NWR016	Potchefstroom Waste Water Treatment Works upgrade	B NW402		Tlokwe Local Municipality	0		10 000
NWR015	Wolmaransstad Waste Water Treatment Works	B NW404	Maquassi Hills Local Municipality	Maquassi Hills Local Municipality	5 000	25 000	54 600
		Total: Dr Ken	Fotal: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities		21 000	25 000	64 600
		Total: North V	Total: North West Municipalities		390 000	347 000	388 600

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

BREAKDOW	BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOC	ATIONS PER L	OCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT		Natio	National Financial Year	ear
Project Code	Project Name	Category	Water Service Authority	Benefiting Municipality	2013/1 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
	WESTERN CAPE						
W/CD018	Worschurschores Daru Wotan.	P WC011	Motsibona I cool Minicipality	Materibona Local Municipality	1000	005 C	15 157
WCR019	vaiiiiiyiisuoip kaw watei Klawer Bulk Water	B WC011	Matzikania Local Municipality Matzikama Local Municipality	Matzikama Local Municipanty Matzikama Local Municipality	2 211	2 500	4 573
WCR020	Citrusdal Waste Water Treatment Plant	B WC012	Cederberg Local Municipality	Cederberg Local Municipality	13 606	11 800	
WCR021	Clanwilliam Water Treatment Works		Cederberg Local Municipality	Cederberg Local Municipality		4 000	5 975
WCR001	Clanwilliam /Lambertsbaai Regional Water Supply	B WC012	Cederberg Local Municipality	Cederberg Local Municipality	20 000	16170	000 00
W CK004	West Coast Bulk Water Supply	C DCI Total: West Co	C DCI West Coast District Municipality Total: West Coast Municipalities	West Coast District Municipality	49 817	52.970	30 000 55 705
WCR003	Trilhach Bulk Water Sunnly	в wcm3	Witzanbere I. co.al Municinality	Witzenberg I. ocal Municinality.	8 331		
WCR022	Paarl Rulk Sewer		Drakenstein I ocal Municipality	Drakenstein I ocal Municipality	4 000	2 500	13 756
WCR023	Stellenbosch Waste Water Treatment Works	B WC024	Stellenbosch I ocal Municipality	Stellenbosch I ocal Municipality	30.000	14 228	021 21
WCR005	Worcester Bulk Water		Breede Valley Local Municipality	Breede Valley Local Municipality	18 700	30 000	4
		Total: Cape W	Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities		61 031	46 728	39 528
WCR009	Grahouw Waste Water Treatment Plant	B WC031	Theewaterskloof Local Municipality	Theewsterckhoof Local Municipality	8 500	\$ 102	
WCR012	Swellendam Waste Water Treatment Works	B WC034	Swellendam I ocal Municipality	Swellendam Local Municipality	17 742		
WCR013	Struisbaai Waste Water Treatment Works		Cape Agulhas Local Municipality	Cape Agulhas Local Municipality	5 558		
		Total: Overber	Total: Overberg Municipalities		31800	5 102	
WCR015	Kannaland Dam Relocation	B WC041	Kannal and Local Municipality	Kannaland Local Municipality	2 500	2 500	5 000
WCR014	Calitzdorp & Ladismith Waste Water Treatment Works	B WC041	Kannaland Local Municipality	Kannaland Local Municipality	2 000	3 000	3 000
WCR017	Outdtshoorn Groundwater		Outdtshoorn Local Municipality	Outdtshoorn Local Municipality	18 000	20000	30 000
WCR016	Bitou Cross Border Bulk	B WC047	Bitou Local Municipality	Knysna/ Bitou Local Municipalities	2 355	2 500	20 000
		Total: Eden Municipalities	unicipalities		24 855	28 000	58 000
WCR024	Beaufort West Bulk Water	B WC053	Beaufort West Local Municipality	Beaufort West Local Municipality	3 100		
		Total: Central	Total: Central Karoo Municipalities		3 100		
		Total: Western	Total: Western Cape Municipalities		170 603	132 800	153 233
National Total					3 203 397	4 482 896	4 871 654

292

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5A: BREAKDOWN OF EPWP INTEGRATED GRANT FOR PROVINCES: TARGETS AND ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

ANNEXURE TO SCHEDULE 5A: BREAKDOWN OF EPWP INTEGRATED GRANT FOR PROVINCES: TARGETS AND ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

Public Works (Vote 7)	EPWP	Integrated Gra	ant to Provinces	5
Province/Provincial Department]	Financial Year	
	FTE Performance Target	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE				
Human Settlements	5 249	3 000		
Roads and Public Works	1 213	65 082		
Health	638	3 000		
Education	2 211	3 000		
Economic Development and Environmental Affairs	10	550		
Agriculture and Rural Development	467	550		
Sport, Recreation, Arts and Culture	157	550		
Social Development		-		
Transport	3 080	3 845		
Total: Eastern Cape	13 025	79 577		
FREE STATE	15 025	17511		-
Human Settlements				
Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs				
	122	7 102		
Public Works	132 1 327	7 102 3 000		
Police, Roads and Transport				
Education	1 056	3 000		
Health	370	3 249		
Social Development	-	-		
Economic Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs	10	550		
Sport, Arts, Culture and Recreation	87	550		
Agriculture and Rural Development	305	550		
Total: Free State	3 287	18 001	-	-
GAUTENG				
Local Government and Housing	9 147	3 000		
Education	1 203	3 000		
Health	302	3 000		
Infrastructure Development	56	3 000		
Roads and Transport	1 432	3 000		
Agriculture and Rural Development	124	606		
Community Safety		-		
Sport, Arts, Culture and Recreation		_		
Total: Gauteng	12 264	15 606	_	
KWAZULU-NATAL	12 204	15 000		-
Human Settlements	6 668	3 000		
Public Works	56	3 000		
Education	2 825	3 000		
Health	932	3 000		
Transport	4 834	88 487		
Sport & Recreation	213	550		
Economic Development and Tourism	-	-		
Agriculture, Environmental Affairs and Rural Development	436	550		
Arts, Culture and Tourism	10	550		
Total: KwaZulu-Natal	15 974	102 137	-	-
LIMPOPO			Т	
Local Government and Housing	3 392	3 000		
Education	2 132	3 000		
Health	652	3 000		
Public Works	56	3 000		
Roads and Transport	3 015	25 972		
Economic Development, Environment and Tourism	10	550		
Agriculture	624	10 298		
Sport, Arts and Culture	134	550		
Total: Limpopo	10 015	49 370	-	

ANNEXURE TO SCHEDULE 5A: BREAKDOWN OF EPWP INTEGRATED GRANT FOR PROVINCES: TARGETS AND ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

Public Works	EPWP	Integrated Gra	nt to Province	5
(Vote 7)		integrated of		
Province/Provincial Department		1	Financial Year	
	FTE Performance Target	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 (R'000)
MPUMALANGA				
Public Works, Roads and Transport	3 475	20 691		
Healh & Social Development	298	3 000		
Education	1 189	3 000		
Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs				
Agriculture, Rural Development and Land Administration	379	5 619		
Culture, Sports & Recreation	99	550		
Economic Development and Planning	27	1 431		
Total: Mpumalanga	5 467	34 291	-	-
NORTHERN CAPE				
Roads and Public Works	1 110	3 000		
Health	275	3 000		
Education	785	5 845		
Agriculture and Land reform	798	550		
Arts and Culture	71	550		
Environment and nature conservation	10	550		
Finance, Economic Affairs and Tourism	10	550		
Total: Northern Cape	3 059	14 045	-	-
NORTH WEST				
Public Works, Roads and Transport	1 635	13 166		
Human Settlements	2 439	3 000		
Economic Development, Environment and Tourism	10	550		
Agriculture and Rural Development	367	550		
Total: North West	4 451	17 266	-	-
WESTERN CAPE				
Human Settlements	3 973	3 000		
Education	1 005	3 000		
Health	348	3 000		
Culture Affairs and Sport	110	550		
Transport and Public Works	1 309	14 971		
Environmental Affairs and Development Planning	10	550		
Agriculture	230	550		
Total: Western Cape	6 985	25 621	-	-
Unallocated				
Grand Total	74 527	355 914	-	-

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5A: BREAKDOWN OF SOCIAL SECTOR EPWP INCENTIVE GRANT FOR PROVINCES: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5A: BREAKDOWN OF SOCIAL SECTOR EPWP INCENTIVE GRANT FOR PROVINCES: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

	Social Sector Expanded Public Works Programme Incentive Grant for Provinces			
	Number of FTEs	Financial Year		
Province/Provincial Department	to be created from			2015/14
	allocations in 2013/14	2013/14 (R'000)	2014/15 (R'000)	2015/16 ('R000)
EASTERN CAPE				
Social Development	354	6 862		
Sport, Recreation, Arts & Culture	67	1 301		
Health	2 147	41 565		
Total: Eastern Cape	2 568	49 728	52 703	55 127
FREE STATE				
Social Development	441	8 545		
Total: Free State	441	8 545	9 056	9 473
GAUTENG				
Education	1 326	25 674		
Sports and Recreation	68	1 333		
Community Safety	33	645		
Total: Gauteng	1 427	27 652	29 306	30 654
KWAZULU-NATAL				
Sports and Recreation	223	4 327		
Social Development	754	14 610		
Community Safety and Liason	277	5 369		
Total: KwaZulu-Natal	1 254	24 306	25 760	26 945
LIMPOPO		21000	20.100	20710
Education	1 434	27 768		
Health	1 083	20 964		
Social Development	464	8 985		
Total: Limpopo	2 981	57 717	61 170	63 983
MPUMALANGA				
Culture, Sports and Recreation	58	1 142		
Safety and Liaison	42	819		
Total: Mpumalanga	100	1 961	2 078	2 174
NORTHERN CAPE		1701	2010	
Social Development	296	5 745		
Education	203	3 932		
Transport, Safety and Liaison	10	196		
Health	491	9 516		
Sports, Arts & Culture	25	490		
Total: Northern Cape	1 025	19 879	21 068	22 037
NORTH WEST		2, 0,,,	21 000	
Health	1 279	24 765		
Social Development, Women, Children and Persons with Disability	849	16 431		
Education	454	8 804		
Sports, Arts & Culture	44	870		
Total: North West	2 626	50 870	53 913	56 393
WESTERN CAPE	2 320	20070		0.000
Cultural Affairs and Sport	70	1 366		
Education	635	12 298		
Community Safety	167	3 242		
Total: Western Cape	872	16 906	17 917	18 742
Grand Total	13 294	257 564	272 972	285 528

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5A: BREAKDOWN OF HEALTH FACILITY REVITALISATION GRANT : ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT **PER PROVINCE**

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5A: BREAKDOWN OF HEALTH FACILITY REVITALISATION GRANT : ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

Health (Vote 16)	Health	Health Facility Revitalisation			
Province/Components	Financial Year				
	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		
	(<i>R'000</i>)	(R'000)	(<i>R'000</i>)		
(a) Health infrastructure component					
Eastern Cape	216 816	230 244	251 587		
Free State	67 250	73 293	87 877		
Gauteng	86 816	97 859	111 043		
KwaZulu-Natal	373 969	410 845	430 527		
Limpopo	211 961	22 837	36 400		
Mpumalanga	58 509	64 385	70 199		
Northern Cape	90 154	103 029	108 320		
North West	67 863	73 739	79 753		
Western Cape	122 296	143 171	150 079		
Total	1 295 634	1 219 402	1 325 785		
(b) Hospital revitalisation component					
Eastern Cape	336 719	53 251	73 573		
Free State	469 470	476 662	499 048		
Gauteng	677 371	636 882	628 138		
KwaZulu-Natal	560 104	646 132	676 544		
Limpopo	230 211	129 266	147 632		
Mpumalanga	225 000	249 500	271 507		
Northern Cape	331 274	316 543	330 944		
North West	428 258	434 982	433 911		
Western Cape	493 526	481 079	502 589		
Total	3 751 933	3 424 297	3 563 886		
(c) Nursing colleges and schools component					
Eastern Cape	9 257	9 435	11 946		
Free State	2 242	4 995	2 915		
Gauteng	6 846	7 734	8 780		
KwaZulu-Natal	28 396	33 454	32 901		
Limpopo	15 270	18 570	19 792		
Mpumalanga		-			
Northern Cape	_	_	-		
North West	_	-	-		
Western Cape	13 964	20 950	21 914		
Total	75 975	<u>95 138</u>	98 248		
Unallocated	-	-			
Grand Total	5 123 542	4 738 837	4 987 919		

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6A: BREAKDOWN OF NATIONAL HEALTH GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT **PER PROVINCE**

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6A:BREAKDOWN OF NATIONAL HEALTH GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

Health (Vote 16)	Nati	National Health Grant			
(vote 16) Province/Components/Sub-components		Financial Year			
	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		
	(R'000)	(R'000)	(<i>R'000</i>)		
Health Facility Revitalisation Grant Component	807 025	1 679 862	1 675 952		
of which:					
(a) Health infrastructure sub-component					
Eastern Cape	52 000	57 000	57 000		
Free State	72 000	67 000	67 000		
Gauteng	22 000	12 000	12 000		
KwaZulu-Natal	43 000	17 000	17 000		
Limpopo	72 000	272 000	272 000		
Mpumalanga	57 000	62 000	62 000		
Northern Cape North West	14 000 52 000	12 000	12 000 57 000		
	52 000 17 000	57 000 7 000	57 000 7 000		
Western Cape Total	401 000	563 000	563 000		
	401 000	505 000	303 000		
(b) Hospital revitalisation sub-component					
Eastern Cape	72 000	412 000	412 000		
Free State	10 000	10 000	10 000		
Gauteng	70 000	220 000	220 000		
KwaZulu-Natal	15 000	15 000	15 000		
Limpopo	80 000	270 000	270 000		
Mpumalanga	35 000	35 000	25 000		
Northern Cape	20 000	20 000	20 000		
North West	20 000	20 000	20 000		
Western Cape	10 000	10 000	10 000		
Total	332 000	1 012 000	1 002 000		
(c) Nursing colleges and schools sub-component					
Eastern Cape	11 000	15 000	15 000		
Free State	12 000	15 000	13 000		
Gauteng	10 000	15 000	15 000		
KwaZulu-Natal	10 000	15 000	15 000		
Limpopo	3 000	8 000	8 000		
Mpumalanga	14 123	19 100	20 682		
Northern Cape	10 816	15 142	15 839		
North West	13 086	17 620	18 431		
Western Cape	15 000	17 020	10 451		
Total	74 025	104 862	110 952		
	74 025	104 002	110 /52		
National Health Insurance Grant Component	291 000	420 000	443 803		
of which:					
(a) National health insurance sub-component					
Eastern Cape	-	-	-		
Free State	-	-	-		
Gauteng		_	-		
KwaZulu-Natal		-	-		
Limpopo	-	-			
Mpumalanga	-	-	-		
Northern Cape	-	-	-		
North West	-	-	-		
Western Cape		-	-		
Unallocated	291 000	420 000	443 803		
Total	291 000	420 000	443 803		
Unallocated	291 000	420 000	443 803		
Grand Total	1 098 025	2 099 862	2 119 755		

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