GENERAL NOTICE

NOTICE 764 OF 2013

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION COMMISSION OF SOUTH AFRICA

GUIDELINES AND CONDITIONS PERTAINING TO AN AGRICULTURAL SAFEGUARD APPLICATION IN TERMS OF ARTICLE 16 OF THE AGREEMENT ON TRADE, DEVELOPMENT AND CO-OPERATION BETWEEN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY AND ITS MEMBER STATES AND THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Emanating from the Agreement on Trade, Development and Co-operation between the European Community and its Member States and the Republic of South Africa ("the TDCA"), Article 16 provides for safeguard action in defined circumstances.

The International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa (the Commission) has approved the attached reference and procedural guide pertaining to the application for safeguard action in terms of Article 16 of the TDCA.

Further information can be obtained from the Senior Manager: Trade Remedies I, Ms Carina Janse van Vuuren, at (012) 394 3594.



International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa

GUIDELINES AND CONDITIONS PERTAINING TO AN AGRICULTURAL SAFEGUARD APPLICATION IN TERMS OF ARTICLE 16 OF THE AGREEMENT ON TRADE, DEVELOPMENT AND CO-OPERATION BETWEEN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY AND ITS MEMBER STATES AND THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA (THE TDCA)

1. PURPOSE

1.1 The purpose of this document is to provide a reference and procedural guide pertaining to the application for safeguard action in terms of Article 16 of the TDCA.

2. SCOPE

2.1 The scope of this document covers the application process by applicants for safeguard action in terms of Article 16 of the TDCA which provides as follows:

"Notwithstanding other provisions of this Agreement and in particular Article 24, if, given the particular sensitivity of the agricultural markets, imports of products originating in one Party cause or threaten to cause a serious disturbance to the markets in the other Party, the Cooperation Council shall immediately consider the matter to find an appropriate solution. Pending a decision by the Cooperation Council, and where exceptional circumstances require immediate action, the affected Party may take provisional measures necessary to limit or redress the disturbance. In taking such provisional measures, the affected Party shall take into account the interests of both Parties."

3. PROCEDURE

3.1 In order for the Department of Trade and Industry (**thedti**) to raise the matter of a serious disturbance in the Cooperation Council, it will need to have a case to present to the Cooperation Council, i.e. facts demonstrating that

imports from the EU are causing or threatening to cause a serious disturbance to the SA market. Further, if there is the need for immediate action pending a decision by the Council, a case will need to be made why exceptional circumstances exist that warrant such action. Facts supporting these allegations must be set forth in an application to the International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa (ITAC).

- 3.2 Prior to the submission of an application with ITAC, the industry concerned must lodge a request with the Minister of Trade and Industry to invoke the remedies under Article 16 of the TDCA.
- 3.3 Should the Minister of Trade and Industry be in agreement with the request to invoke the said remedies, the Minister will request the Minister of Economic Development to instruct the International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa (the Commission), in terms of Section 16(d)(i) of the International Trade Administration Act, 2002 (Act 71 of 2002) (ITA Act) to investigate and evaluate an application for agricultural safeguard action in terms of Article 16 of the TDCA.
- 3.4 The industry concerned must then submit an application to the Commission, in the prescribed form. The Commission will consider the application and if warranted, initiate an investigation and publish a notice in the *Government Gazette* for comment. A period of 20 days from the date of publication of the initiation notice will be provided for interested parties to submit comments to the Commission.
- 3.5 The rules relating to confidential information as contained in the ITA Act will apply to ALL correspondence, which unless clearly indicated to be confidential and filed together with a non-confidential version, will be placed on the public file and be made available to other interested parties. A public file will be available for inspection at the Commission's offices by all interested parties, by appointment and interested parties are encouraged to inspect the public file regularly.

- 3.6 All interested parties will be informed of the essential facts to be considered by the Commission in making its preliminary determination. All interested parties will receive 7 days to comment on the essential facts. The Commission may grant parties a single extension on good cause shown. The Commission will take all relevant comments on the essential facts into consideration in its determination.
- 3.7 Taking comments into account, the Commission will then make a preliminary determination, which will form the basis for **thedti** to raise the matter in the Cooperation Council.
- 3.8 Should the applicant indicate that exceptional circumstances exist and the Commission so determines, it may, once thedti has raised the matter in the Cooperation Council, request the Commissioner for South African Revenue Service (SARS) to impose provisional measures. Such measures will take the form of a provisional safeguard duty.
- 3.9 The provisional measures will stay in place until such time a decision has been reached by the Cooperation Council.

4. APPLICATION

- 4.1 Applications for safeguard action in terms of Article 16 of the TDCA must be addressed to the Chief Commissioner, International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa, Private Bag X 753, Pretoria or delivered by hand to the dti Campus (Block E), 77 Meintjies Street, Sunnyside, Pretoria, 0002.
- 4.2 Applications must be submitted according to the requirements reflected in the attached application form (See Annexure A).
- 4.3 Applicants should provide full and accurate information and wherever possible provide supporting documentary evidence from commercial or governmental

sources, e.g. commercial invoices or offers, official trade and production statistics. Failure to do so could detrimentally affect the case of the applicant. The Commission will not consider unsubstantiated information. All cost related information should be reconcilable to the financial statements or management accounts.

- 4.4 The Trade Remedies unit offers a public liaison service and if any party has particular problems in answering the questionnaire or requires more information or clarification on policy issues the staff of the Trade Remedies section are ready to discuss these issues and to provide assistance. Please feel free to contact Ms Carina van Vuuren (012 394 3594).
- 4.5 If the application is based in part on confidential material the application must contain a non-confidential version of the confidential material together with an explanation of why it is confidential. Section 33 of the ITA Act provides as follows:
 - "(1) A person may, when submitting information to the Commission, identify information that the person claims to be information that
 - (a) is confidential by its nature; or
 - (b) the person otherwise wishes to be recognized as confidential.
 - (2) A person making a claim in terms of subsection (1) must support that claim with -
 - (a) a written statement in the prescribed form-
 - (i) explaining, in the case of information that is confidential by its nature, how the information satisfies the requirements set out in the definition of "information that is by nature confidential" in section 1(2); or
 - (ii) motivating, in the case of other information, why that information should be recognized as confidential; and
 - (b) either -
 - (i) a written abstract of the information in a non-confidential form; or
 - (ii) a sworn affidavit setting out the reasons why it is impossible to comply with subparagraph (i)."

These summaries should be in sufficient detail to permit a reasonable understanding of the substance of the information submitted in confidence. Therefore where confidential and non-confidential versions are supplied, parties must:

- (1) Indicate where information has been omitted in each case;
- (2) Provide reasons for confidentiality in each instance;
- (3) Provide a summary of the confidential information which permits a reasonable understanding of the substance of the confidential information in each instance; and
- (4) Where information is not susceptible to a non-confidential summary, indicate this in each instance and provide a sworn affidavit setting out the reasons why the information is not susceptible to summarization.

A sworn affidavit is defined as a written sworn statement of fact voluntarily made by an affiant or deponent under an oath or affirmation administered by a person authorized to do so by law. Such statement is witnessed as to the authenticity of the affiant's signature by a taker of oaths, such as a notary public or commissioner of oaths. An affidavit is a type of verified statement or showing, or in other words, it contains verification, meaning it is under oath or penalty of perjury and this serves as evidence to its veracity and is required for court proceedings.

The Commission will not formally accept an application until a proper non-confidential version has been submitted in accordance with the above guidelines. If, in terms of section 34 of the ITA Act, the Commission finds that a request for confidentiality is not warranted and if the applicant is either unwilling to make the information public or to authorize its disclosure in summarized format, the Commission will not consider such information in determining the merits of the application.

Please take note that the rules relating to confidential information and the submission of non-confidential versions of submissions applies to ALL correspondence, which unless clearly indicated to be confidential and filed together with a non-confidential version, will be placed on the public file and be made available to other interested parties. If a document is indicated to be confidential but a proper non-confidential document complying with the abovementioned rules is not filed, then the document will not be taken into

consideration by the Commission. The public file is available for inspection at the Commission's offices by all interested parties, by appointment.

- 4.6 Note that interested parties are encouraged to inspect the public file regularly.

 The Commission and the Trade Remedies section will not check the public file on interested parties' behalf.
- 4.7 Information should be submitted in hard copies as well as in electronic format, such as on compact disks or flash disks. The Commission's computer system is based on Windows and it uses Excel and MS Word software. The disks must not be write protected and labeled clearly indicating:
 - 1. Applicant's name;
 - 2. Product(s) concerned;
 - 3. Type of information on the disk;
 - 4. Software used; and
 - 5. Whether or not confidential.
- 4.8 The Commission may verify information submitted. Should it be found that the information submitted is false or misleading; the Commission may decide not to proceed with the investigation.

5. CONDITIONS

5.1 South African producers representing at least 50% of the total volume produced by all producers that express an opinion on the investigation must support the application, and that a minimum of 25% (by production volume) of the total industry must support the application. Without this support ITAC cannot accept an application for investigation. Letters of support for or opposition to the application must be attached to the application as Annexure 5.1. Additionally, the Commission may not make a preliminary or final determination of serious disturbance unless it has considered evidence relating to "a major proportion" of the SA industry.

- 5.2 A like product is defined as "a product which is identical, i.e. is alike in all respects to the product under consideration, or in the absence of such a product, another product which, although not alike in all respects, has characteristics closely resembling those of the product under consideration.", while a directly competitive product is a product, other than a like product, that competes directly with the product under investigation.
- 5.3 The following factors will be considered by the Commission in making a determination of serious disturbance:
 - a. the rate and volume of the increase in imports of the product concerned from the EU
 - (i) in absolute terms; or
 - (ii) relative to the production and demand in SA; and
 - b. whether the SA industry is experiencing:
 - (i) price suppression;
 - (ii) price depression;
 - (iii) price undercutting/price disadvantage with regard to EU as well as other imports;
 - (iv) a decline in exports;
 - (v) a change in market share;
 - (vi) any other relevant factors placed before the Commission.

None of these factors listed above is necessarily decisive on its own.

The information requested must relate only to the affected SA product that is a like or directly competitive product to the product under investigation.

5.4 The South African industry should provide the information as requested in Annexure A.

ANNEXURE A

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION COMMISSION OF SOUTH AFRICA

APPLICATION FOR SAFEGUARD MEASURES IN TERMS OF ARTICLE 16 OF THE TDCA ON

[product]

APPLICANT		
Name:		

Address:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. The purpose of this questionnaire is to help industry bring together in a concise and logical form the information needed by the International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa (the Commission) to decide whether or not to initiate a formal investigation and will also serve as a basis for further investigation.
- 2. The legal framework is the International Trade Administration Act, 2002 (Act 71 of 2002) th ITA Act), and assignments in terms of this Act

SECTION A APPLICANT

A1	State the name, postal and street addr		he tele	phone	and	fax	numbers	(includin
	codes) and the E-mail address of your cor	npany.						
	Company:							
	Postal Address:							
	Physical Address:							
	Tel: ()	Fax:	(_)				
	Email:							
A2	State the names, telephone numbers of	and posi	itions h	eld by	the o	comp	oany's off	icers to b
	contacted.	-					-	
	Person:							
	Designation:							
	Direct line: ()							
	Direct fax: ()							
	Email:							

A3 Indicate the exact location of your manufacturing site(s). (Map to reach your offices)

Guide	lines and conditions pertaining to an agricultural safeguard application in terms of Article 16 of the TDCA
A4	Indicate the legal structure of your firm, i.e. public or private company, closed corporation,
	etc.
A5	Have you appointed a consultant, legal or other representative to assist you in this application and/or ensuing investigation? Yes/No.
	If affirmative, please attach a copy of the letter of appointment, setting out the scope and duration of the appointment, as Annexure A5.

B1

В2

Email:

Guidelines and conditions pertaining to an agricultural safeguard application in terms of Article 16 of the TDCA

SECTION B DOMESTIC INDUSTRY

(a)	Name of organisation:	
(α)	Name of anything against	
	•	
		Fax: ()
	Email:	
(b)		industry affiliated to the organisation. (Supply and E-mail addresses, telephone and fax numbers
	Company:	Company:
	Postal address:	Postal address:
	Physical address:	Physical address:
	Contact person:	Contact person:
	Designation:	Designation:
	Tel: ()	
	Fax: ()	Fax: ()
	Email:	Email:
names	all other producers constituti	ng the SA industry concerned. Give their com telephone and fax numbers, E-mail addresses an
	Company:	Company:
	Postal address:	Postal address:
<u>F</u>	Physical address:	Physical address:
	Contact person:	Contact person:
[Designation:	Designation:
7	Tel: ()	Tel: ()
۱.	Fax: ()	Fax: ()

Email:

B3 Indicate the industry support and/or opposition to the application in the following format:

Industry Standing (Total domestic production of like goods for the 12 months preceding the lodging of the application)						
Producer	Production Production volume- volume- Oppose application Neutral Support Application					
Your Company						
Other producers 1. 2. 3. Total SA						

SECTION C PRODUCTS

C1 Imported (subject) product

Note If more than one type of imported product form part of this application, information should be submitted separately for each such product type.

- C1.1 Describe the imported product in the following detail:
 - (a) Detailed physical description:
 - scientific name.
 - common name and
 - trade name
 - (b) Main raw materials/components/inputs used
 - (c) Production/manufacturing process used
 - (d) Technical characteristics
 - (e) Application/use
 - (f) Categories of users

Substantiate your description with catalogues, brochures and other literature/samples.

C1.2 Enumerate in detail any differences between the imported product and the SA like product.

C1.3 Customs classification

Supply the following information:

Tariff	Description	Unit	Rate of duty
subheading			

C1.4 Possible tariff loopholes

Indicate if you are aware of any loopholes in the tariff classification.

C2 SA like product

- C2.1 Describe the subject product that you produce (attach photograph or brochure):
 - (a) Detailed physical description
 - Scientific name (if any)
 - Common name
 - Trade name
 - (b) Main raw materials/components/inputs used
 - (c) Production/manufacturing process used
 - (d) Technical characteristics
 - (e) Application/use
 - (f) Categories of users

Substantiate your description with catalogues, brochures and other literature/samples.

C2.2 Statutory or other standards/specifications

Give details of all standards/specifications applicable to the product concerned in the SA prescribed by law or otherwise.

SECTION D SERIOUS DISTURBANCE

All information provided in Sections D, E and F should be for the latest 3 financial years, as defined by D2.1.

D1 General Information

- D1.1 Provide a flow chart of your marketing/distribution channels for the product(s) concerned in the application and indicate the percentage off-take for each channel.
- D1.2 Provide full details of your terms and conditions of sale and selling price to each class of customer, e.g. wholesaler, retailer, downstream producer, etc. Attach a copy of your standard terms and conditions as **Annexure (D1.2)**.
- D1.3 Give the reasons and basis for your categorisation of customers.
- D1.4 Enumerate major changes over the past three years in your answers to the above questions.

D2 FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Note: All financial information should be in a reconciled format. If such requested information is not readily available in the same format or needs adjustment or reapportionment please qualify by way of explanatory notes or discuss the merits of the situation with the Commission.

- D2.1 Indicate your normal accounting period.
- D2.2 Provide copies of your audited financial statements, including detailed manufacturing, trading and profit and loss statements for the most recent three financial years. If your statutory statements do not include detailed accounts/schedules, please provide such accounts/schedules separately.)

- D2.3 Provide copies of your year-to-date management accounts, including detailed manufacturing, trading and profit and loss accounts for the period between the last financial year-end and the most recent month end. Provide ancillary schedules if not part of published accounts.
- D2.4 Provide a separate sales and profit (before tax) contribution analysis of all the product line items manufactured by your company, including a percentage analysis. The information should be sufficient to allow proper verification of your like product information. The requested income statements should be analysed in a departmental or divisionalised format detailing the product concerned as a separate activity. The analysis should also be in respect of three prior financial years and the most recent year-to-date management accounts period. If the requested information is not available from your financial database, please discuss alternatives with the Commission.

D3 IMPORTS

Give the following information on the imports of the product, being the subject of the application, for the latest three calendar years and separately on a monthly basis for the period subsequent to the end of the last calendar year.

D3.1 Annual import statistics Import volumes and values per annum (State unit of measurement)

		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Current
					year
EU	Volume				
EU	Value				
EU	Average				
	unit price				
Other imports	Volume				
Other imports	Value				
Other imports	Average				
	unit price				

D3.2 Import volumes and values per month

Attach as Annexure D3.2 a table indicating the monthly volumes, values and unit prices of imports for the last 18 consecutive months in the same format.

D3.3 Own imports

Provide the following information on your own imports of the product:

		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Current
					year
EU	Volume				
EU	Value				
EU	Average				
	unit price				
Other imports	Volume				
Other imports	Value				
Other imports	Average				
	unit price				

State your reasons for importing the product.

D4 Effects on the SA prices

Definitions:

Price undercutting is the extent to which the price of the imported product is lower than the price of the SA product. The price should be compared at the same level of trade and with the same terms of condition of trade, normally at the SA ex-factory level compared to the landed cost of the imported product.

Price depression is the extent to which the SA industry has been forced to reduce its prices, i.e. price depression takes place where there has been an absolute decrease in prices.

Price suppression takes place where the SA industry is not able to increase prices in line with the increase in costs, i.e. where there is a relative decrease in prices.

D4.1 Price undercutting

D4.1.1 Provide the following information with regard to your selling price per unit and the selling price per unit of the imported product:

(R/unit)	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Current Year
Your company				
Average landed cost (incl. duty) of imported product-				
Undercutting per unit				
Undercutting %-				

Undercutting %: express the undercutting per unit as a percentage of your price.

- D4.1.2 Indicate the level of trade and selling conditions of your product and the imported product, i.e. ex-factory/delivered, payment terms, distributor/wholesaler/retailer.
- D4.1.3 Comment on the trends indicated by this information and substantiate how this factor is indicative of serious disturbance. (If the trends do not support your argument, you must provide other substantiating evidence as proof.)

D4.2 Price suppression and depression

D4.2.1 Provide the following information with regard to your average per unit ex-factory selling prices:

Per unit	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Current Year
Your production cost				
Your total cost (incl. Selling, general and admin costs)	-			
Your ex-factory price				
Total cost % of selling price				

- D4.2.2 If your cost or prices changed significantly during the last 18 calendar months please additionally supply the abovementioned information on a monthly or quarterly basis. Please attach as Annexure D4.2.2.
- D4.2.3 Indicate any other factors that have depressed your ex-factory selling price that do not reflect in the above table, e.g. longer payments terms, higher year-end rebates, additional free stock, etc.

D4.4 Cost build-up

- D4.4.1 Please supply a cost build-up in the format indicated in **Annexure D4.4.1**. Where your management accounts do not allow for the specific cost elements indicated in the pro forma, please indicate the information that is available and supply as much detail as possible.
- D4.4.2 Please supply a Bill of Materials for the domestic like or directly competitive product.

D5 SA INDUSTRY SALES AND MARKET SHARE

D5.1 Please supply the following information on your sales volume in SA. State the unit of measurement.

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Current Year
Your sales volume				
Sales by other SA				
producers				
Total volume of SA sales				
by SA producers				
Volume of imports				
Your market share				
Total market share held				
by SA producers				
Market share held by				
imports				

- D5.2 Indicate how the information in Tables D5.1 supports your allegation of serious disturbance in the market.
- D5.3 If sales of the product is of a cyclical nature comment on the nature thereof, indicating the length of the cycle and the prices both during the up and down phases.

D6 Other information

Please indicate any other information to be considered by the Commission and not covered by the questions above.

SECTION E THREAT OF SERIOUS DISTURBANCE

Note: It is not necessary to complete this section if you can prove actual current serious disturbance.

Note: Any allegation of threat of serious disturbance should be based on concrete evidence and not only mere conjecture or remote possibility.

- E1 Give details on the freely disposable capacity or imminent substantial increase in capacity of the exporter.
- Substantiate any significant increase of imports into the SA market indicating the E2 likelihood of substantially increased importation.
- E3 State whether the products concerned enter the country at prices that will have a significant depressing or suppressing effect on SA prices and are likely to increase demand for further imports. Substantiate your reply.
- E4 Give any other information relevant to your allegation that a serious disturbance is imminent.

SECTION F CAUSE OF SERIOUS DISTURBANCE

- F1 Give the reasons for your belief that the imports are the cause of the alleged serious disturbance.
- F2 Give a comparison between your actual ex-factory selling prices and the actual landed costs of the imported products concerned over the latest three financial years, and indicate what your actual (unsuppressed) prices ought to have been.
- F3 Give the details of any depression of your ex-factory selling prices to enable you to compete with the imported products (indicate price depression, extended payment terms or lower discounts granted, etc.)
- F4 Give the details of any suppression of your ex-factory selling prices to enable you to compete with the imported products. Refer to matters such as unavoidable increases in the cost of inputs that had to be absorbed partially or totally by your firm.
- F5 Indicate the view that your clients have regarding:
 - (a) the quality of your product;
 - (b) your delivery times;
 - (c) your service; and
 - (d) your after sales service, including guarantees and warrantees and technical training to customers.

Please elaborate on all of the above issues.

- F6 Have you had any strikes, go-slows or lock-outs during the past twelve calendar months? Please elaborate.
- F7 Has there been a contraction in demand for your product or has there been a change in consumption patterns? Please elaborate.

- F8 Indicate the technology developments that have taken place since you last updated your manufacturing process.
- F9 Comment on your productivity vis-à-vis that of the exporters.

SECTION G EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES

Article 16 of the TDCA which provides as follows:

"Pending a decision by the Cooperation Council, and where exceptional circumstances require immediate action, the affected Party may take provisional measures necessary to limit or redress the disturbance."

Provide substantiation of what exceptional circumstances exist which would warrant the Commission to take immediate action.

Provide any other evidence you wish to bring to the attention of the Commission.

The information	on submitted must be accompanied	by the following certificate:
"I, the undersig	gned, certify that the information gi	iven above is complete and correct to the
best of my know	owledge and belief and that I have b	een authorised to represent
Company	·"	
Date	-	Signature of authorised person
	Name and title of authorise	d person (in print)

NB: HAVE YOU COMPLETED YOUR NON-CONFIDENTIAL SUBMISSION?

IN THE ABSENCE OF A PROPER NON-CONFIDENTIAL VERSION THE COMMISSION WILL NOT BE IN A POSITION TO REGARD YOUR COMPLAINT AS A PROPERLY DOCUMENTED APPLICATION AND NO INVESTIGATION CAN BE INITIATED.

Annex D4.4.1	Products under investigation	All other products	Company total cost
1. DIRECT COST:			
Materials # - Imported - Domestic Waste recovery * Components * - Imported - Domestic Direct labour & related costs Re-tooling * Power & fuel Royalties, etc Variable overheads * Other *	Separate cost analyses must be provided for each of the subject products in this format. Note that the cost data should reconcile to your company's income statement.		
2. FIXED OVERHEAD COST:			
Direct labour Utilities * Repair & maintenance Rates & insurance R & D Plant depreciation Other *			
3. <u>TOTAL PRODUCTION COST:</u>4. Operating profit			
5. <u>IN-STORE COST:</u> (3&4) 6. <u>SELLING & ADMINISTRATIVE</u> <u>EXPENSES:</u>			
Administrative expenses - salaries & wages - rent - rates & insurance - depreciation - other * Selling expenses - salespersons salaries - advertising - warranties & guarantees - warehousing - other * Other costs *			
7. <u>TOTAL COST:</u> (5&6) 8. <u>PROFIT, ETC:</u>			
Subsidies Selling profit			
9. <u>SELLING (LIST) PRICE</u> (7&8) 10. <u>DISCOUNTS, ETC:</u> Discounts Settlements discounts Rebates			

11. NET EX-FACTORY PRICE (9&10) 12. Distribution costs *		
13. <u>NET DELIVERED PRICE</u> (11&12)		

- # Supply a full Bill of materials, indicating the cost and volume of each material or component
- * Supply a detailed breakdown of the items.

Indicate the production volume on which the above cost and price build-ups are based.

This format serves as an indication of the details required by the Commission. However, you may use your own format, provided that the required amount of detail is submitted. This information should be reconcilable to your income statements. Provide a detailed breakdown of the basis of allocation in each case that an allocation has been made.

The cost and price build-ups should refer to the average costs for the 12-month period under investigation.