

GENERAL NOTICE

NOTICE 637 OF 2009

COMPENSATION FOR OCCUPATIONAL INJURIES AND DISEASED ACT, 1993 (ACT NO. 130 OF 1993)

1. I, Membathisi Mphumzi Shepherd Mdladlana, Minister of Labour, hereby give notice that, after consultation with the Compensation Board and acting under the powers vested in me by section 97 of the Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act, 1993 (Act No. 130 of 1993), I prescribe the scale of "Fees for Medical Aid" payable under section 76, inclusive of the General Rules applicable thereto, appearing in the Schedule to this notice, with effect from **1 April 2009**.

2. The fees appearing in the Schedule are applicable in respect of services rendered on or after **1 April 2009** and **Exclude VAT**.



M M S MDLADLANA
MINISTER OF LABOUR
DATE: 20/03/2009

GENERAL INFORMATION / ALGEMENE INLIGTING

THE EMPLOYEE AND THE MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER

The employee is permitted to freely choose his own service provider e.g. doctor, pharmacy, physiotherapist, hospital, etc. and no interference with this privilege is permitted, as long as it is exercised reasonably and without prejudice to the employee or to the Compensation Fund. The only exception to this rule is in case where an employer, with the approval of the Compensation Fund, provides comprehensive medical aid facilities to his employees, i.e. including hospital, nursing and other services — section 78 of the Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act refers.

In terms of section 42 of the Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act the Compensation Fund may refer an injured employee to a specialist medical practitioner of his choice for a medical examination and report. Special fees are payable when this service is requested.

In the event of a change of medical practitioner attending to a case, the first doctor in attendance will, except where the case is transferred to a specialist, be regarded as the principal. **To avoid disputes regarding the payment for services rendered, medical practitioners should refrain from treating an employee already under treatment by another doctor without consulting / informing the first doctor.** As a general rule, changes of doctor are not favoured by the Compensation Fund, unless sufficient reasons exist.

According to the National Health Act no 61 of 2003, Section 5, a health care provider may not refuse a person emergency medical treatment. Such a medical service provider should not request the Compensation Fund to authorise such treatment before the claim has been submitted to and accepted by the Compensation Fund. **Pre-authorisation of treatment is not possible and no medical expense will be approved if liability for the claim has not been accepted by the Compensation Fund.**

An employee seeks medical advice at his own risk. If an employee represented to a medical service provider that he is entitled to treatment in terms of the Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act, and yet failed to inform the Compensation Commissioner or his employer of any possible grounds for a claim, the Compensation Fund cannot accept responsibility for medical expenses incurred. The Compensation Commissioner could also have reasons not to accept a claim lodged against the Compensation Fund. In such circumstances the employee would be in the same position as any other member of the public regarding payment of his medical expenses.

Please note that from 1 January 2004 a certified copy of an employee's identity document will be required in order for a claim to be registered with the Compensation Fund. If a copy of the identity document is not submitted the claim will not be registered but will be returned to the employer for attachment of a certified copy of the employee's identity document. Furthermore, all supporting documentation submitted to the Compensation Fund must reflect the identity number of the employee. If the identity number is not included such documents can not be processed but will be returned to the sender to add the ID number.

The tariff amounts published in the tariff guides to medical services rendered in terms of the Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act do not include VAT. All accounts for services rendered will be assessed without VAT. Only if it is indicated that the service provider is registered as a VAT vendor and a VAT registration number is provided, will VAT be calculated and added to the payment, without being rounded off.

The only exception is the “per diem” tariffs for Private Hospitals that already include VAT.

Please note that there are VAT exempted codes in the private ambulance tariff structure.

DIE WERKNEMER EN DIE MEDIESE DIENSVERSKAFFER

Die werknemer het 'n vrye keuse van diensverskaffer bv. dokter, apteek, fisioterapeut, hospitaal ens. en geen inmenging met hierdie voorreg word toegelaat nie, solank dit redelik en sonder benadeling van die werknemer self of die Vergoedingsfonds uitgeoefen word. Die enigste uitsondering op hierdie reël is in geval waar die werkgever met die goedkeuring van die Vergoedingskommissaris omvattende geneeskundige dienste aan sy werknemers voorsien, d.i. insluitende hospitaal-, verplegings- en ander dienste — artikel 78 van die Wet op Vergoeding vir Beroepsbeserings en Siektes verwys.

Kragtens die bepalings van artikel 42 van die Wet op Vergoeding vir Beroepsbeserings en Siektes mag die Vergoedingskommissaris 'n beseerde werknemer na 'n ander geneesheer deur homself aangewys verwys vir 'n mediese ondersoek en verslag. Spesiale fooie is betaalbaar vir hierdie diens wat feitlik uitsluitlik deur spesialiste gelewer word.

In die geval van 'n verandering in geneesheer wat 'n werknemer behandel, sal die eerste geneesheer wat behandeling toegedien het, behalwe waar die werknemer na 'n spesialis verwys is, as die lasgewer beskou word. Ten einde geskille rakende die betaling vir dienste gelewer te voorkom, moet geneeshere hul daarvan weerhou om 'n werknemer wat reeds onder behandeling is te behandel sonder om die eerste geneesheer in te lig. Oor die algemeen word verandering van geneesheer, tensy voldoende rede daarvoor bestaan, nie aangemoedig nie.

Volgens die Nasionale Gesondheidswet no 61 van 2003 Afdeling 5, mag 'n gesondheidswerker of diensverskaffer nie weier om noodbehandeling te verskaf nie. Die Vergoedingskommissaris kan egter nie sulke behandeling goedkeur alvorens aanspreeklikheid vir die eis kragtens die Wet op Vergoeding vir Beroepsbeserings en Siektes aanvaar is nie. Vooraf goedkeuring vir behandeling is nie moontlik nie en geen mediese onkoste sal betaal word as die eis nie deur die Vergoedingsfonds aanvaar word nie.

Dit moet in gedagte gehou word dat 'n werknemer geneeskundige behandeling op sy eie risiko aanvra. As 'n werknemer dus aan 'n geneesheer voorgee dat hy geregtig is op behandeling in terme van die Wet op Vergoeding vir Beroepsbeserings en Siektes en tog versuim om die Vergoedingskommissaris of sy werkgever in te lig oor enige moontlike gronde vir 'n eis, kan die Vergoedingsfonds geen aanspreeklikheid aanvaar vir geneeskundige onkoste wat aangegaan is nie. Die

Vergoedingskommissaris kan ook rede hê om 'n eis teen die Vergoedingsfonds nie te aanvaar nie. Onder sulke omstandighede sou die werknemer in dieselfde posisie verkeer as enige lid van die publiek wat betaling van sy geneeskundige onkoste betref.

Neem asseblief kennis dat 'n gesertifiseerde afskrif van die werknemer se identiteitsdokument benodig word vanaf 1 Januarie 2004 om 'n eis by die Vergoedingsfonds aan te meld. Indien 'n afskrif van die identiteitsdokument nie aangeheg is nie, sal die eis nie geregistreer word nie en die dokumente sal teruggestuur word aan die werkewer vir die aanheg van die ID dokument. Alle ander dokumentasie wat aan die kantoor gestuur word moet ook die identiteitsnommer aandui. Indien nie aangedui nie, sal die dokumentasie nie verwerk word nie, maar teruggestuur word vir die aanbring van die identiteitsnommer.

Die bedrae gepubliseer in die handleiding tot tariewe vir dienste gelewer in terme van die Wet op Vergoeding vir Beroepsbeserings en Siektes, sluit BTW uit. Die rekenings vir dienste gelewer word aangeslaan en bereken sonder BTW.

Indien BTW van toepassing is en 'n BTW registrasienommer voorsien is, word BTW bereken en by die betalingsbedrag gevoeg sonder om afgerond te word.

Die enigste uitsondering is die "per diem" tarief vir Privaat Hospitale, wat BTW insluit.

Neem asseblief kennis dat daar tariewe in die kodesstruktuur vir privaat ambulanse is waarop BTW nie betaalbaar is nie.

**CLAIMS WITH THE COMPENSATION FUND ARE PROCESSED AS
FOLLOWS •
EISE TEEN DIE VERGOEDINGSFONDS WORD AS VOLG GEHANTEER**

1. New claims are registered by the Compensation Fund and the **employer is notified of the claim number** allocated to the claim. The allocation of a claim number by the Compensation Fund, does not constitute acceptance of liability for a claim, but means that the injury on duty has been reported to and registered by the Compensation Commissioner. Enquiries regarding claim numbers should be directed to the employer and not to the Compensation Fund. The employer will be in the position to provide the claim number for the employee as well as indicate whether the claim has been accepted by the Compensation Fund • *Nuwe eise word geregistreer deur die Vergoedingsfonds en die werkgewer word in kennis gestel van die eisnommer. Navrae aangaande eisnommers moet aan die werkgewer gerig word en nie aan die Vergoedingskommissaris nie. Die werkgewer kan die eisnommer verskaf en ook aandui of die Vergoedingsfonds die eis aanvaar het of nie*
2. If a claim is **accepted** as a COIDA claim, **reasonable medical expenses** will be paid by the Compensation Commissioner • *As 'n eis deur die Vergoedingsfonds aanvaar is, sal redelike mediese koste betaal word deur die Vergoedingsfonds.*
3. If a claim is **rejected (repudiated)**, accounts for services rendered will not be paid by the Compensation Commissioner. The employer and the employee will be informed of this decision and the injured employee will be liable for payment. • *As 'n eis deur die Vergoedingsfonds afgekeur (gerepudieer) word, word rekenings vir dienste gelewer nie deur die Vergoedingsfonds betaal nie. Die betrokke partye insluitend die diensverskaffers word in kennis gestel van die besluit. Die beseerde werknemer is dan aanspreeklik vir betaling van die rekenings.*
4. If **no decision** can be made regarding acceptance of a claim due to inadequate information, the outstanding information will be requested and upon receipt, the claim will again be adjudicated on. Depending on the outcome, the accounts from the service provider will be dealt with as set out in 2 and 3. Please note that there are claims on which a decision might never be taken due to lack of forthcoming information • *Indien geen besluit oor die aanvaarding van 'n eis weens 'n gebrek aan inligting geneem kan word nie, sal die uitstaande inligting aangevra word. Met ontvangs van sulke inligting sal die eis heroorweeg word. Afhangende van die uitslag, sal die rekening gehanteer word soos uiteengeset in punte 1 en 2. Ongelukkig bestaan daar eise waaroor 'n besluit nooit geneem kan word nie aangesien die uitstaande inligting nooit verskaf word nie.*

BILLING PROCEDURE • EISPROSEDURE

1. The **first account** for services rendered for an injured employee (INCLUDING the First Medical Report) must be submitted to the employer who will collate all the necessary documents and submit them to the Compensation Commissioner • *Die eerste rekening (INSLUITEND die Eerste Mediese Verslag) vir dienste gelewer aan 'n besoerde werknemer moet aan die werkewer gestuur word, wat die nodige dokumentasie sal versamel en dit aan die Vergoedingskommissaris sal voorlê*
2. Subsequent accounts must be submitted or posted to the closest Labour Centre. It is important that all requirements for the submission of accounts, including supporting information, are met • *Daaropvolgende rekeninge moet ingedien of gepos word aan die naaste Arbeidsentrum. Dit is belangrik dat al die voorskrifte vir die indien van rekeninge nagekom word, insluitend die voorsiening van stawende dokumentasie*
3. If accounts are still outstanding after 60 days following submission, the service provider should complete an enquiry form, W.Cl 20, and submit it ONCE to the Labour Centre. All relevant details regarding Labour Centres are available on the website www.labour.gov.za • *Indien rekenings nog uitstaande is na 60 dae vanaf indiening en ontvangsterkennung deur die Vergoedingskommissaris, moet die diensverskaffer 'n navraag vorm, W.Cl 20 voltooi en EENMALIG indien by die Arbeidsentrum. Alle inligting oor Arbeidsentrums is beskikbaar op die webblad www.labour.gov.za*
4. If an account has been **partially paid** with no reason indicated on the remittance advice, a duplicate account with the unpaid services clearly marked can be submitted to the Labour Centre, accompanied by a WCI 20 form. (*see website for example of the form). • *Indien 'n rekening gedeeltelik betaal is met geen rede voorsien op die betaaladvies nie, kan 'n duplikaatrekening met die wanbetaling duidelik aangedui, vergesel van 'n WCI 20 vorm by die Arbeidsentrum ingedien word (*sien webblad vir 'n voorbeeld van die vorm)*
5. **Information NOT to be reflected** on the account: Details of the employee's medical aid and the practice number of the referring practitioner • *Inligting wat NIE aangedui moet word op die rekening nie: Besonderhede van die werknemer se mediese fonds en die verwysende geneesheer se praktyknommer*
6. Service providers **should not generate** • *Diensverskaffers moenie die volgende lewer nie:*
 - a. **Multiple accounts** for services rendered on the **same date** i.e. one account for medication and a second account for other services • *Meer as een rekening vir dienste gelewer op dieselfde datum, bv. medikasie op een rekening en ander dienste op 'n tweede rekening*
 - b. **Accumulative accounts** - submit a separate account for every month • *Aaneenlopende rekeninge –lewer 'n aparte rekening vir elke maand*
 - c. **Accounts on the old documents** (W.Cl 4 / W.Cl 5/ W.Cl 5F) New *First Medical Report (W.Cl 4) and Progress / Final Medical Report (W.Cl 5 / W.Cl 5F) forms

are available. The use of the old reporting forms combined with an account (W.CL11) has been discontinued. **Accounts on the old medical reports will not be processed • Rekeninge op die ou voorgeskrewe dokumente van die Vergoedingskommissaris. Nuwe *Eerste Mediese Verslag (W.Cl 4) en Vorderings / Finale Mediese Verslag (W.Cl 5) vorms is beskikbaar. Die vorige verslagvorms gekombineer met die rekening (W.CL11) is vervang. Rekeninge op die ou vorms word nie verwerk nie.**

- * Examples of the new forms (W.Cl 4 / W.Cl 5 / W.Cl 5F) are available on the website www.labour.gov.za •
- * Voorbeeld van die nuwe vorms (W.Cl 4 / W.Cl 5 / W.Cl 5F) is beskikbaar op die webblad www.labour.gov.za

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCOUNTS RENDERED •
MINIMUM VEREISTES VIR REKENINGE GELEWER

Minimum information to be indicated on accounts submitted to the Compensation Fund • *Minimum besonderhede wat aangedui moet word op rekeninge gelewer aan die Vergoedingsfonds*

- Name of employee and ID number • *Naam van werknemer en ID nommer*
- Name of employer and registration number if available • *Naam van werkgever en registrasienommer indien beskikbaar*
- Compensation Fund claim number • *Vergoedingsfonds eisnommer*
- DATE OF ACCIDENT (not only the service date) • *DATUM VAN BESERING (nie slegs die diensdatum nie)*
- Service provider's reference or account number • *Diensverskaffer se verwysing of rekening nommer*
- The practice number (changes of address should be reported to BHF) • *Die praktyknommer (adresveranderings moet by BHF aangemeld word)*
- VAT registration number (VAT will not be paid if a VAT registration number is not supplied on the account) • *BTW registrasienommer (BTW sal nie betaal word as die BTW registrasienommer nie voorsien word nie)*
- Date of service (the actual service date must be indicated: the invoice date is not acceptable) • *Diensdatum (die werklike diensdatum moet aangedui word: die datum van levering van die rekening is nie aanvaarbaar nie)*
- Item codes according to the officially published tariff guides • *Item kodes soos aangedui in die amptelik gepubliseerde handleidings tot tariewe*
- Amount claimed per item code and total of account • *Bedrag geëis per itemkode en totaal van rekening*
- It is important that all requirements for the submission of accounts are met, including supporting information, e.g. • *Dit is belangrik dat alle voorskrifte vir die indien van rekeninge insluitend dokumentasie nagekom word bv.*
 - All pharmacy or medication accounts must be accompanied by the original scripts • *Alle apteekrekenings vir medikasie moet vergesel word van die oorspronklike voorskrifte*
 - The referral notes from the treating practitioner must accompany all other medical service providers' accounts. • *Die verwysingsbriewe van die behandelende geneesheer moet rekeninge van ander mediese diensverskaffers vergesel*

**TARIFF OF FEES IN RESPECT OF CHIROPRACTIC SERVICES FROM 1 APRIL 2009
TARIEWE TEN OPSIGTE VAN CHIROPRAKTISYN DIENSTE VANAF 1 APRIL 2009****GENERAL RULES GOVERNING THE TARIFF
ALGEMENE REËLS VAN TOEPASSING OP DIE TARIEF**

- 001** “After hours treatment” shall mean those performed by arrangement at night between 18:00 and 07:00 on the following day or during weekends between 13:00 Saturday and 07:00 on Monday. Public holidays are regarded as Sundays. This rule shall apply for all treatment whether administered in the practitioner’s rooms, or at a nursing home or private residence (only by arrangement when the employee’s condition necessitates it). The fee for all treatment under this rule shall be the total fee for treatment + 50%. In cases where the chiropractor’s scheduled working hours extend after 18:00 during the week or 13:00 on a Saturday the above rule shall not apply and the treatment fee shall be that of the **normal listed tariff**.

“Na-uurse behandeling” beteken dié behandeling wat geskied in die nag tussen 18:00 en 07:00 van die volgende dag of gedurende naweke tussen 13:00 Saterdag en 07:00 Maandag. Openbare vakansiedae word beskou as Sondae.

Hierdie reëling sal geld vir alle behandeling, hetby dit in die praktisyn se kamers verskaf word of by ‘n verpleeginrigting, of by ‘n private woning (lk alleenlik indien vooraf gereël wanneer die werknemer se toestand dit vereis).

Vir alle behandeling ooreenkomsdig hierdie reël geld die volle tarief vir die behandeling plus 50 persent.

In gevalle waar die chiropaktisyen se vaste werksure gedurende die week strek tot na 18:00 of op ‘n Saterdag tot na 13:00 geld bogenoemde reël nie en die tarief vir behandeling is die **normale gelyste tarief**.

- 002** *Travelling fees / Reisgelde*

- (a) Where, in the case of emergency, a chiropractor is called out from his residence or rooms to an employee’s home or the hospital, travelling fees can be charged if more than 16 kilometres in total have to be travelled.

- (b) If more than one employee is attended to during the course of a trip, the full travelling expenses must be divided *pro rata* between the relevant employees.

- (c) A practitioner is not entitled to charge for any travelling expenses to his rooms.

When a chiropractor has to travel more than 16 kilometres in total to visit an employee, the fees shall be calculated as follows:

R5.00 per km for each kilometre in excess of 16 kilometres total travelled in **own car**: 19 km total = 3 X R5.00 = R15.00.

- (a) Waar ‘n chiropraktisyne in ‘n noodgeval vanaf sy huis of kamers na ‘n werknemer se woning of ‘n hospitaal uitgeroep word, kan reisgelde gehef word indien hy meer as 16 kilometer in totaal moet reis.

- (b) Indien meer as een werknemer tydens ‘n reis aandag geniet, moet die volle reisgeld *pro rata* tussen die werknemers verdeel word.

- (c) ‘n Praktisyne is nie geregtig om geld te hef vir enige reiskoste na sy kamers nie.

Waar ‘n chiropraktisyne meer as 16 kilometer in totaal moet reis om ‘n werknemer te besoek, word sy geld as volg bereken:

R5.00 per km vir elke kilometer verder as 16 kilometer in totaal, afgelê in **eie motor**: 19 km totaal = 3 X R5.00 = R15.00.

- 003** If, after a series of 20 treatment sessions for the same condition, further treatment is required, the practitioner must submit a progress report to the Compensation Commissioner indicating the necessity for further treatment and the number of further treatment sessions required. Without such a report payment for treatment sessions in excess of 20 shall not be considered.

Indien verdere behandeling vir dieselfde toestand na ‘n reeks van 20 behandelingssessies benodig word moet die praktisyne die Vergoedingsommissaris van ‘n vorderingsverslag voorsien waarin die noodsaaklikheid vir verdere behandeling en die aantal behandelingssessies wat nog benodig word, duidelik aangedui word. Sonder so ‘n verslag sal betaling vir meer as 20 behandelingssessies nie oorweeg word nie.

004 The reports for completion by the practitioner:

(a) **The First Medical Report (W.Cl.4)**

The form is used for all injured employees. The practitioner should note that the form is in the nature of a signed medical certificate and he should, therefore, observe due care in completing, dating and signing the form.

(b) **The Progress or Final Medical Report (W.Cl.5)**

This form is used either for progress reports or the final report; the appropriate descriptive title being retained as the case may be. Most of the items in the report are self-explanatory and require no special amplification.

Die verslae wat deur die praktisyn ingevul moet word:

(a) **Die Eerste Mediese Verslag (W.Cl.4)**

Hierdie vorm word vir alle beseerde werknemers. Die praktisyn moet daarop let dat die vorm ooreenstem met 'n getekende geneeskundige sertifikaat en hy moet derhalwe behoorlik sorg dra wanneer hy dit invul, dateer en onderteken.

(b) **Die Vorderings- of Finale Mediese Verslag (W.Cl.5)**

Hierdie vorm word óf as 'n vorderings- of as die finale verslag gebruik en na gelang van omstandighede word die toepaslike opskrif behou. Die meerderheid van die items in die verslag is selfverduidelikend en het geen verdere omskrywing nodig nie.

005 No more than four physical procedures and modalities in one session will be reimbursed.

Multiple physical procedures and modalities shall be reimbursed as follows:

Major :

(highest valued procedure or modality) 100% of listed value

Second :

(second-highest or equivalent valued procedure or modality) 50% of listed value

Third :

(third-highest equivalent valued procedure or modality) 50% of listed value

Fourth :

(fourth-highest or equivalent valued procedure or modality) 50% of listed value

All treatment must be justified by the condition of the employee and the goals and objectives of the treatment plan.

Nie meer as vier fisiese prosedures en modaliteite sal per behandelingsessie vereffen word nie.

Fisiese prosedures en modaliteite sal as volg vereffen word:

Hoofprosedure / modaliteit	100% van gelyste waarde
Tweede prosedure / modaliteit	50% van gelyste waarde
Derde prosedure / modaliteit	50% van gelyste waarde
Vierde prosedure / modaliteit	50% van gelyste waarde

Die werknemer se toestand moet bepaal watter behandeling toepaslik is en daar moet rekening gehou word met die doelstellings van die behandeling wat toegepas word.

- 006** Un-cancelled appointments — Appointments not cancelled at least four hours before the relevant appointment time — relevant practitioner's fees shall be payable by the employee.

Ongekanselleerde afsprake — afsprake wat nie ten minste vier ure voor die afspraaktyd gekanselleer word nie — normale afspraaktarief is betaalbaar deur die werknemer.

- 007 Reports / Verslae:**

Not applicable in respect of injured workmen covered under the COIDA.

Nie van toepassing ten opsigte van beserings aan diens nie.

- 008 Change of chiropractor / medical practitioner (“supersession”):**

In the event of a change of chiropractor / medical practitioner consulted, the first chiropractor / medical practitioner in attendance will, except where the case is handed over to a specialist, be regarded as the principal, and payment will normally be made to him / her. To avoid disputes, chiropractors / medical practitioners should refrain from treating a case already under treatment without first discussing it with the first chiropractor / medical practitioner. As a general rule, changes of chiropractor / medical practitioner are not favoured, unless sufficient reasons exist.

Verandering van chiropraktisy / geneesheer (“supersessie”):

In die geval van ‘n verandering van chiropraktisy / geneesheer wat ‘n pasiënt behandel, sal die chiropraktisy / geneesheer wat die aanvanklike behandeling toegedien het, behalwe waar die geval aan ‘n spesialis oorhandig is, as die lasgewer beskou word en betaling sal normaalweg aan hom / haar gemaak word. Ten einde geskille te voorkom moet die chiropraktisy / geneesheere hul daarvan weerhou om ‘n geval wat reeds onder behandeling is, te behandel sonder om dit eers met die eerste chiropraktisy / geneesheer te bespreek. Oor die algemeen word verandering van chiropraktisy, tensy voldoende redes daarvoor bestaan, nie aangemoedig nie.

009 Consultations / Konsultasies:

No fees may be charged for follow-up consultations within the first *four months* from the date of the first procedure or treatment except as is provided for under item 04002.

Geen fooie mag gehef word vir opvolgkonsultasies binne *vier maande* vanaf die datum van die eerste prosedure of behandeling nie behalwe soos voorsien daarvoor in item 04002.

CHIROPRACTOR / CHIROPRAKТИСYN
Tariff of fees for 2009 / Tariewe vir 2009

2009

1 CONSULTATIONS / KONSULTASIES

04001	Initial consultation — including the taking of a full case history, physical examination and the use of diagnostic equipment permitted by the relevant practitioner's scope of practice, but excluding remedies, immobilisation and manipulation procedures and X-rays. • Eerste konsultasie — sluit in die neem van 'n volledige gesondheidsgeschiedenis, fisiese ondersoek en die gebruik van goedgekeurde diagnostiese apparate. Dit sluit nie enige voorgeskrewe middels, immobilisasie, manipulasies of X-straal-foto's in nie	R 165.00
04090	A subsequent consultation not requiring any treatment. In such an event a final medical report must be issued. • 'n Opvolgkonsultasie wat nie behandeling regverdig nie. Onder sulke omstandighede moet 'n finale geneeskundige verslag uitgereik word	R 68.20
04002	A subsequent consultation in conjunction with treatment • 'n Opvolg konsultasie met behandeling	R 68.20

2 MANIPULATIVE PROCEDURES / MANIPULATIEWE PROSEDURES

04003	Spinal manipulation and / or extra spinal joint manipulation • Spinale manipulasie en / of ekstraspinale gewrigsmanipulasie	R 127.27
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3 ADJUNCTIVE THERAPY / MODALITEITE**(a) SOFT TISSUE MANIPULATION / SAGTEWEEFSEL MANIPULASIE**

04004	Massage — includes effleurage, petrisage, crossfibre friction, lapolment and deep tissue techniques (rolfing) • Massering — sluit strellemassering, weefsel-breiling, kruiswrywing, klopmassering en diep-weefseltegnieke (rolfing) in.	R 82.72
04005	Myofascial pain therapy • Spier en seningvliesterapie	R 82.72

(b) DEEP HEATING RADIATION THERAPY / BESTRALINGSTERAPIE

04006	Short wave diathermy • Kortgolf diatermie	R 47.19
04007	Microwave diathermy • Mikrogolf diatermie	R 47.19
04008	Ultra sound • Ultraklank	R 47.19

(c) SUPERFICIAL HEATING THERAPY / VERHITTINGSTERAPIE

04009	Hydroculator packs • Vogtige hitte	R 47.19
04010	Infra-red • Infrarooi	R 47.19
04011	Ultra-violet • Ultraviolet	R 47.19

(d) NON-HEATING MODALITIES / NIE VERHITTINGSMODALITEITE

04016	Galvanism, faradism and sine wave • Galvanisme, faradisme, polsende elektro-terapie	R 47.19
04017	Low voltage galvanic iontophoresis • Lae spanningsgalvanistiese iontoforese	R 47.19
04018	Combined ultra sound and electrical stimulation • Gekombineerde ultraklank met elektriese stimulasie	R 47.19
04019	Interferential current • Interferensieterapie	R 47.19
04022	Vibration therapy • Vibrasieterapie	R 47.19
04023	High voltage pulsed direct current (including under-water application) • Gepolsde hoëspanningstroombaanterapie (sluit onderwater-aanwending in)	R 47.19
04024	Electro-Stim.180 • Elektro-Stim.180	R 47.19
04025	T.E.N.S. • T.E.N.S.	R 47.19
04026	Micro current modalities • Mikrostroombaan modaliteite	R 47.19
04027	Traction — Mechanical / static / intermittent • Traksie — Meganies / staties / awisselend	R 47.19
04028	Laser therapy • Laserterapie	R 47.19

(e) COLD APPLICATION / KOUETERAPIE

04029	Cryomatic • Krioterapie	R 47.19
04030	Cold packs • Yssakkies	R 47.19

(f)	DRY NEEDLING / DRY NEEDLING	
04031	Utilising no more than 10 needles per treatment session • Gebruik nie meer as 10 naalde per behandelingssessie nie	R 47.19
(g)	EXERCISE AND REHABILITATION / OEFENING EN REHABILITASIE	
04032	Therapeutic exercises • Terapeutiese oefeninge	R 82.72
04033	Proprioceptive neuromuscular facilitation • Proprioceptiewe neuromuskulêre fasilitering	R 82.72
04034	Gait training • Staphoudingsterapie	R 82.72
04035	Prosthetic and orthotic training • Prostetiese en ortotiese opleiding	R 82.72
(h)	IMMOBILISATION — cost + 50% / IMMOBILISASIE — koste + 50%	
04036	Hard and soft immobilisation / casting • Harde en sagte immobilisasie / gietsels	
04037	Supportive strapping, bracing, splinting and tapping • Gording, stutting, spalking en verbinding	
04038	Supportive devices • Stuttoestelle	
04041	Remedies prescribed — e.g. vitamins • Voorgeskrewe middels — bv. Vitamiene	
04042	Remedies prescribed and supplied • Voorgeskrewe middels wat geresepteer word	
04043	Injectables • Insputbare middels	
(k)	RADIOLOGY/RADIOLOGIE	
04049	Ankle—AP / LAT • Enkel—AP / LAT	R 118.36
04050	Ankle—Complete Study—3 views • Enkel—Volledige studie—3 aansigte	R 177.21
04051	Cervical—AP / LAT • Servikaal—AP / LAT	R 118.25
04052	Cervical—AP / LAT / OBL • Servikaal—AP / LAT / Skuinsaansiqe	R 177.21
04053	Cervical study—6 views • Servikaal—6 aansigte	R 354.44
04054	Cervical—Davis Series—7 views • Servikaal—Davis Series—7 aansigte	R 413.27
04055	Elbow—AP / LAT • Elmboog—AP / LAT	R 116.05
04056	Elbow—3 views • Elmboog—3 aansigte	R 177.21
04057	Foot—AP / LAT • Voet—AP / LAT	R 118.25
04058	Foot—3 views • Voet—3 aansigte	R 177.21
04059	Femur—AP / LAT • Dybeen—AP / LAT	R 236.28
04060	Hand—AP / LAT • Hand—AP / LAT	R 118.25
04061	Hand—3 views • Hand—3 aansigte	R 177.21
04062	Hip unilateral—1 view • Heup—1 aansiqte	R 82.72
04063	Hip—2 views • Heup—2 aansigte	R 165.33
04064	Knee—AP / LAT • Knie—AP / LAT	R 118.25
04065	Knee—3 views • Knie—3 aansigte	R 177.21
04066	Lumbo-Sacral—3 views • Lumbo-Sakraal—3 aansigte	R 283.47
04067	Lumbar spine & pelvis—5 views • Lumbale werwels & pelvis—5 aansigte	R 425.04
04068	Pelvis AP • Pelvis AP	R 118.25
04069	Pelvis—3 views • Pelvis—3 aansiqte	R 259.93
04070	Ribs—Unilateral—2 views • Ribbes—Unilateraal—2 aansigte	R 141.68
04071	Ribs—Bilateral—3 views • Ribbes—Bilateraal—3 aansigte	R 212.52
04072	Radius / Ulna • Radius / Ulna	R 118.25
04073	Spine—Full spine study—AP / LAT • Werwelkolom—hele werwelkolom plus pelvis—AP / LAT	R 425.04
04074	Spine—8 X 10—Single study • Spinaal—8 X 10—Enkele aansig	R 69.96
04075	Spine—10 X 12—Single study • Spinaal—10 X 12—Enkele studie	R 70.95
04076	Spine—14 X 17—Single study • Spinaal—14 X 17—Enkele studie	R 118.25
04077	Shoulder—1 view • Skouer—1 aansiqte	R 70.95
04078	Shoulder—2 views • Skouer—2 aansigte	R 141.68
04079	Thoraco—Lumbar—AP / LAT • Torako—Lumbaal—AP / LAT	R 236.28
04080	Thoracic—AP / LAT Torakaal—AP / LAT	R 236.28
04081	Tibia/Fibula—AP / LAT • Tibia/Fibula—AP / LAT	R 236.28
04082	Wrist—AP / LAT • Gewrig—AP / LAT	R 118.25
04083	Wrist—3 views • Gewrig—3 aansigte	R 177.21
04084	Stress views—Lumbar • Spanningsopnames—Lumbaal	R 148.17