## **NOTICE 1116 OF 2008**



Title: Regulatory Reporting Manual Volume 2: Electricity

Purpose: To prescribe and provide guidance to the regulated entities in the Electricity Supply Industry on the format, content, preparation and submission to the Energy Regulator of required information to perform its functions.

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## 1 Definitions and Instructions

## 1.1 Overview

Volume 2 of the Regulatory Reporting Manual (RRM) for use by regulated electricity businesses prescribes accounting classifications and instructions in the form of a chart of accounts aimed at achieving uniform reporting records by maintaining a consistent application among licensees. This chart of accounts along with Volume 1 is basis for financial record keeping and submitting of regulatory financial reports to the Energy Regulator.

This chart of accounts is organized as follows:-

- [a]. Definitions
- [b]. Preparation Instructions
- [c]. Listing of Accounts in the form of Chart of Accounts (COA):
  - Account numbers
  - Account titles
  - Description of the transactions to be recorded in the account
  - Instructions on recording the transaction in the account

The following table summarises, the accounts for each electricity business (generation, transmission, distribution) prescribed in this volume:-

Electric utility plant
Other property and investment
Current and accrued assets
Deferred debits
Owners' equity
Long term debt
Other non-current liabilities
Current and accrued liabilities
Deferred credits
Utility operating income
Operating & maintenance expenses
Other income & deductions
Depreciation/amortization expenses
Regulatory debits and credits
Administrative and general expenses
Unusual/infrequent items
Interest charges
Taxes

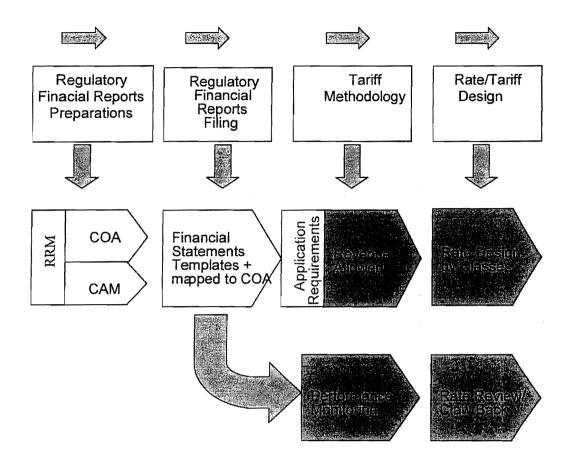
	Sale of Electricity (G to T; T to D, G to D); and Distribution to Customer as listed below:
	Domestic low (Indigent)/ Prepaid
	Domestic high (Conventional)
Operating revenues	Commercial conventional (Single Phase)
Operating revenues	Commercial conventional (3-Phase)
	Commercial prepaid
	Industrial (400 Volts) (Low Voltage)
	Industrial (11 000V) (High Voltage), etc
	Other revenues
Operating and maintenance expenses	Generation expenses
	Transmission expenses
	Distribution expenses
	Customer account expenses
	Customer service, sales,
	General and administrative expenses
	Load settlement expenses

Implementation and compliance with the account structure prescribed in this Volume will achieve the following outcomes desired by the Energy Regulator:-

- ✓ Cost separation between regulated and non-regulated businesses
- ✓ Functionalization recording by functional categories, namely; generation, transmission, and distribution.
- Classification of costs main categories e.g. plant, opex, and taxes and sub-category or sub-accounts, e.g. the electric plant has such sub-accounts as; land and land rights, generators, structures and improvements.
- ✓ Amenable to allocation of costs to rate classes the costs of each functional category classified by consumption or causation characteristics i.e. demand (capacity), energy (commodity), customer and revenues. Customers should be divided into rate classes for the purpose of allocating costs to service and designing rate.

## 1.2 Linking Regulatory Reporting to Other Regulatory Activities

The following diagram provides a high level perspective of the place Regulatory Reporting occupies in the regulatory process and the linkage thereto.



## 1.3 List of Acronyms

- ABC Activity Based Costing
- 2. CAM Cost Allocation Manual
- DSM Demand Side Management
- ERP Enterprise Resource Planning
- FAQ Frequently Asked Questions
- 6. G & A General and Administrative
- GAAP<sup>1</sup> Generally Accepted Accounting Practice
- 8. IFRS International Financial Reporting Standards
- 9. IT Information Technology
- 10. NBV Net Book Value
- PFMA Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (No 01 of 1999 and as amended by Public Finance Management Amendment Act, No 29 of 1999)
- 12. RRM Regulatory Reporting Manual
- 13. REDs Regional Electricity Distributors
- 14. RAV Regulatory Asset Value
- 15. RV Regulatory Value
- 16. SLA Service Level Agreement

## 1.4 Terminology

- 1. Affiliate or Associate or Related Party- includes corporations or business enterprises that are: [1] members of the same group of companies as the corporate cntity, including subsidiaries, joint venture partners, joint venture companies and other similar arrangements, and the group's associated companies over which the corporate entity's ultimate shareholder (where ultimate shareholder excludes the Government) can exert significant influence; and [2] companies outside the group of companies of which the corporate entity is a member, over which the corporate entity's ultimate shareholder (where the ultimate shareholder excludes the Government) can exert significant influence.
- Cost Allocation is the process of correctly assigning a single cost to more than one business unit, activity, process, product or service in a manner that prevents cross subsidization.
- 3. Cost Allocator is a formula or ratio for sharing the cost of an activity among those which cause the cost to be incurred.
- 4. Cost Driver is a measurable event or quantity which influences the level of costs incurred and which can be directly traced to the origin of the costs themselves.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> South Africa Institute of Chartered Accountants (SAICA)/ Accounting Practices Board (APB) agreed from 2004 to issue International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as South Africa Statements of GAAP without amendment.

- 5. Cross subsidisation is when a firm, producing more than one product, uses the revenues from the sale of one product to cover the costs of producing another product or, the process of assigning costs between divisions/services/products in a manner that does not objectively reflect the manner in which the costs are incurred.
- Depletion Accounting is an accounting practice that places charges against earnings based on resources extracted/removed from total natural resources reserves in an entity's books of accounts.
- 7. Direct Costs are costs that are specifically incurred on behalf of a specific entity with an identifiable causal relationship with a business unit, activity, process, product or service. Direct assignment is applied in case of direct costs.
- 8. Distribution is as defined by the Electricity Regulation Act, 2006 (Act No 4 of 2006).
- 9. Distribution Power System is as defined by the Electricity Regulation Act, 2006 (Act No 4 of 2006).DME or Department - Department of Minerals and Energy of the Republic of South Africa.
- 10. Electricity Regulation Act Electricity Regulation Act, 2006 (Act No 4 of 2006).
- 11. Energy Regulator National Energy Regulator of South Africa (NERSA) established in terms of section 3 of the National Energy Regulator Act, 2004 (Act No 40 of 2004).
- 12. Fully Allocated Cost is the total of all direct and indirect costs including cost of capital incurred in providing both regulated and non-regulated goods and/or services...
- 13. Government Government of the Republic in South Africa.
- 14. Historical Cost "actual cost" or "original cost" or "purchase price" of the asset, Where no historical cost information exists, RAV is the deemed historical cost at the commencement of economic regulation
- 15. Incremental Costing or Marginal Costing is a pricing approach based on only the additional cost of producing a product/service while the pre-existing products/services support the fixed costs.
- 16. Indirect Costs are those costs which are not directly assignable to a product or service, but incurred by an entity or business unit in producing the regulated product or service. This includes, but is not limited to, overhead costs, administrative and general costs, and taxes. Indirect costs are allocated based upon a methodology as set forth in this Manual.
- 17. Joint Costs are those costs which do not have a specific, identifiable causal relationship with a particular entity or affiliate, but which benefit all affiliates/business units, or more than one. Joint costs are also referred to as common costs, and include corporate costs.
- 18. Licensee a holder of a licence granted or deemed to have been granted by the Energy Regulator under the National Energy Regulator Act, 2004 (Act No 40 of 2004), Electricity Regulation Act, 2006 (Act No 4 of 2006). Licensee and Regulated Entity shall be used interchangeably
- 19. Long-lived asset Asset with economic (service) life that spans over several years.

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- 20. Manual Regulatory Reporting Manual.
- 21. Minister Minister of Minerals and Energy.
- 22. Modified Historical Cost is historical cost indexed by inflation.
- 23. National Energy Regulator Act National Energy Regulator Act, 2004 (Act No 40 of 2004).
- 24. National Treasury Department of National Treasury of the Republic of South Africa
- 25. NERSA National Energy Regulator of South Africa.
- 26. Regulatory Assets/Debits are assets/debits that result from tariff setting/approval actions/decisions of the Energy Regulator. Regulatory assets/debits arise from specific revenues, expenses, gains, or losses that would have been included in net income determination in one period under the general requirements of the Regulatory Reporting Manual. However, due to the Energy Regulator decision, such items are deferred and instead will be included in a different period(s) for purposes of developing the tariffs the licensee is authorized to charge for its regulated services; or
- 27. Regulatory Liabilities/Credits are liabilities/credits that result from tariff setting/approval actions/decisions result from tariff setting/approval actions/decisions of the Energy Regulator. Regulatory liabilities arise from specific revenues, expenses, gains, or losses that would have been included in net income determination in one period under the general accounting. However, due to an Energy Regulator decision a liability arises requiring the licensee for, instance, to make a refund to customers.

Examples of Items that may become Regulatory Assets or Liabilities as a result a regulatory decision be Energy Regulator:-

- (a) un-recovered plant and regulatory study costs where construction has been cancelled;
- (b) rate moderation or rate smoothing plans/deferred rate impact amounts
- (c) deferred losses/gains from disposition of a regulated plant;
- (d) gains/losses on derivative financial assets/liabilities;
- (e) plant acquisition adjustments;
- (f) primary energy variations; and
- (g) claw-backs, etc.
- 28. Regulated Business any licensee, service or activity that is subject to regulation by the NERSA in terms of the National Energy Regulator Act No 40 of 2004, or the Electricity Regulation Act No 4 of 2006.
- 29. Regulated Entity Regulated Business.
- 30. Regulatory Reporting Manual (RRM) Detailed regulatory reporting procedures, requirements and guidelines to be implemented by the regulated entities.

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- 31. Regulatory Financial Reports or Regulatory Financial Statements financial records and statements to be prepared and submitted to the Energy Regulator by a regulated entity as prescribed by this Regulatory Reporting Manual.
- 32. Service Life of Asset estimated economically useful life of depreciable property as supported by engineering, economic, or other depreciation studies.
- 33. Shared Services are services that are corporate or general purpose in nature, are used by various or all business units, but are not operations related.
- 34. Transmission is as defined by the Electricity Regulation Act, 2006 (Act No 4 of 2006).
- 35. Transmission Power System is as defined by the Electricity Regulation Act, 2006 (Act No 4 of 2006)
- 36. Transfer Pricing the pricing of products/services that one affiliate/business unit supplies to another affiliate/business unit of the same organization.
- 37. Unregulated Business entity, service or activity that is not subject to regulation by the Energy Regulator.
- 38. Other accounting terminologies used herein, unless defined otherwise in the RRM, will take the same meaning as that given in the IFRS and/or South African GAAP/GRAP

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#### 1.5 General Instructions

## 1. Distribution of Pay and Expenses of Employees.

The charges to electric plant, operating expense and other Accounts for services and expenses of employees engaged in activities chargeable to various Accounts, such as construction, maintenance, and operations, shall be based upon the actual time engaged in the respective classes of work, or in case that method is impracticable, upon the basis of a study of the time actually engaged during a representative period.

## 2. Payroll Distribution.

Underlying accounting data should be maintained so that the distribution of the cost of labour charged direct to the various Accounts will be readily available.

Such underlying data shall permit a reasonably accurate distribution to be made of the cost of labour charged initially to clearing accounts so that the total labour cost may be classified among construction, cost of removal, electric operating functions (hydraulic generation, transmission, distribution, etc.) and non-utility operations.

#### 3. Income Taxes

In calculating regulated business income taxes, the licensee should maximize all the allowed deductions for income tax. Only those income taxes on regulated business income that is currently payable should be included as a "pass-through" in the allowable revenue/customer rates.

Each utility must disclose in detail the methodology used to calculate income tax, in its tariff application.

The Energy Regulator may also prescribe appropriate methodology for calculating tax, or determine "all-inclusive" allowable revenue so that income tax expense need not be considered separately.

## 4. Accounting for derivative instruments and hedging activities

Utilities should recognize derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities in the financial statements and apply accounting treatment and disclosure requirements as prescribed by the South African GAAP/IFRS/GRAP.

The regulated entity is required to report transparently the cost and frequency of trading in financial instruments and hedging strategy. Speculative trading in financial instruments will not be allowed by the Energy Regulator in tariff applications.

The Energy Regulator will decide on how gains/losses from financial instruments and hedges, should be apportioned over time and to customer classes.

#### 5. Accounting for asset retirement Obligations

An Asset Retirement Obligation represents a liability for the legal obligation associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset that a company is required to settle as a result of an existing or enacted law, statute, ordinance, or written or oral contract or by legal construction of a contract under the doctrine of promissory estoppel. An Asset Retirement Cost represents the amount capitalized when the liability is recognized for the long-lived asset that gives rise to the legal obligation.

The Utility should initially record a liability for an asset retirement obligation in the account for "Asset Retirement Obligations", and charge the associated Asset Retirement Costs to electric utility plant, and non-utility plant, as appropriate, related to the plant that gives rise to the legal obligation. The Asset Retirement Cost shall be depreciated over the useful life of the related asset that gives rise to the obligations. For periods subsequent to the initial recording of the asset retirement obligation, a Utility shall recognize the period to period changes of the Asset Retirement Obligation that result from the passage of time due to the accretion of the liability and any subsequent measurement changes to the initial liability for the legal obligation recorded in the account for "Asset Retirement Obligations", as follows:

- (1) the licensee shall record the accretion of the liability by debiting the account for:-
  - (a) "Accretion Expense" from asset retirement obligation, in the case of a regulated plant in service:
  - (b) "Expenses of plant leased to others, in the case of a plant leased to others";
- (c) "Interest, dividend and other income", in the case non-regulated plant; and crediting the account for "Asset Retirement Obligations"; and
- (2) the licensee shall recognize any subsequent measurement changes of the liability initially recorded in the account for "Asset retirement obligations", for each specific Asset Retirement Obligation as an adjustment of that liability in the account for "Asset Retirement Obligations" with the corresponding adjustment to electric utility plant, electric plant leased to others, and non-utility plant, as appropriate. The Utility shall on a timely basis monitor any measurement changes of the asset retirement obligations.

Gains or losses resulting from the settlement of Asset Retirement Obligations associated with utility plant resulting from the difference between the amount of the liability for the Asset Retirement Obligation included in the account for Asset Retirement Obligations, and the actual amount paid to settle the obligation shall be credited to the account for "Gains / Losses from disposition of utility plant".

Gains or losses on the settlement of Asset Retirement Obligations associated with non-utility plant resulting from the difference between the amount of the liability for the Asset Retirement Obligation account, Asset Retirement Obligations, and the amount paid to settle the obligation, shall be accounted for as follows:-

- (1) gains shall be credited to the account for "Revenues from non-utility operations" and;
- (2) losses shall be charged to the account for "Expenses of non-utility operations".

## 6. Research Development and Demonstration (RD&D)

RD&D is the expenditures incurred by a Licensee either directly or through another person or organization (such as a research institute, industry association, foundation, university, engineering company or similar contractor) in pursuing research, development, and demonstration activities as defined by the South African GAAP/IFRS and the regulated entity should apply the accounting treatment and disclosure requirements as prescribed by the South African GAAP/IFRS. Generally RD&D expenditures would typically include the following:-

- A. Research:-
- (i) laboratory research aimed at discovery of new knowledge.
- (ii) searching for applications of new research findings or other knowledge.
- (iii) conceptual formulation and design of possible product or process alternatives.
- B. Development:-
- (i) testing in search for, or evaluation of, product or process alternatives.
- (ii) design, construction, and testing of pre-production prototypes and models.
- (iii) design of tools, jigs, molds and dies involving new technology.

## 7. Tariff principles with respect to discrimination and cross-subsidy

Section 16 (1)(d) of the Electricity Regulation Act provides that "A license condition determined under section 15 relating to the setting or approval of prices, charges and tariffs and the regulation of revenues must avoid undue discrimination between customer"; and according to Section 16 (1) (e), may permit the cross-subsidy of tariffs to certain classes of customers.

The interpretation of this cross-subsidy provision in the RRM is such that the cross-subsidy should be reflected at tariff setting (rate-design) level and therefore at determination of the revenue requirement, but not in the way the accounting records and especially cost allocation is conducted by the utility. By so doing, the RRM not only allows for the intended objective of the Electricity Regulation Act in this respect but also makes occurrence and magnitude of cross-subsidy more transparent.

### 1.6 Plant Instructions

- 1. Classification of Electric Plant at effective date of the RRM
- (a) The balances in the various plant accounts, as determined under the prior system of accounts, should be carried forward and categorized to this chart of accounts.
- (b) The detailed electric plant accounts should be stated on the basis of cost to the Utility of plant constructed by it and the original cost, or approved vesting Regulatory Value if original cost is not known, of plant acquired. The difference between the original cost, as above, and the cost to the Utility of electric plant after giving effect to any accumulated provision for Depreciation or Amortization should be recorded in the account for "Electric plant acquisition adjustments".
- (c) Plant acquired by lease which qualifies as asset under capital under SA GAAP/IFRS/GRAP should be recorded in the account for "Property under capital leases".
- (d) Plant accounts should be maintained to record separately expenditures for each plant addition, replacement, and retirement.
- (e) Any installation or property not used in regulated utility operations should be recorded in the account for "Other Plant"
- 2. Electric Plant Should Be Recorded at Historical Cost
- (a) Unless otherwise specified by the Energy Regulator, all amounts included in the Accounts for electric plant should be recorded at historical cost, except for property acquired by lease which qualifies as capital lease property and in which case it should be recorded in the account for "Property under capital leases, in accordance with SA GAAP/IFRS on Accounting for Leases.

The Energy Regulator may also make a once-off determination of a vesting Regulatory Value of an asset as specified in the RRM Volume 1, at the commencement of economic regulation or implementation of the RRM.

(b) When the consideration given for acquired or sold property is other than cash, the value of such consideration should be determined based on what would have been paid if it were purchased in cash value. In the entry recording such transaction, the actual consideration should be described with sufficient details to identify it. The Utility should be prepared to furnish the Energy Regulator with the particulars of its determination of the cash value of the consideration if other than cash.

(c) When property is purchased under a plan involving deferred payments, no charge should be made to the electric plant Accounts for interest, insurance, or other expenditures occasioned solely by such form of payment.

(d) When contributions, like government grants or customer payments, in aid of construction are received in the form of monies, the amount received should be recorded in the account for "Cash" and in the related asset contra account for "Gross value of contributions and grants-credit". This account will be amortized as prescribed by the Energy Regulator. These contributions should be recorded by rate class. If a contribution does not relate to a single rate class then the contribution should be allocated between rate classes in an objective manner.

(e) When an asset is added to electric plant, the cost thereof should be added to the appropriate electric plant account.

3. Electric Plant Sold/Retired.

(a) When electric plant is sold, conveyed, or transferred to another by sale, merger, consolidation, or otherwise, the book cost of the property sold or transferred to another should be credited to the appropriate utility plant accounts, including amounts carried in the account for "Electric plant acquisition adjustments". The amounts (estimated if not known) carried with respect thereto in the accounts for accumulated provision for depreciation and amortization and in the account for "Customer advances for construction", should be charged to such accounts. Unless otherwise ordered by the Energy Regulator, the difference, if any, between (1) the net amount of debits and credits and (2) the consideration received for the property (less Commissions and other expenses of making the sale) should be recorded in the account

for "Gains /Losses from disposal of utility plant".

(b) When an asset is retired from electric plant, with or without replacement, the book cost (the amount at which such property is included in the electric plant accounts, including all components of construction costs) thereof should be credited to the electric plant account in which it is recorded. If the asset is of a depreciable class, the book cost of the asset retired and credited to electric plant should be charged to the accumulated provision for depreciation applicable to such property. The cost of removal and the salvage should be charged or credited, as appropriate, to such accumulated provision for depreciation account applicable to

such property.

NOTE: In cases where existing Utilities merge or consolidate because of financial or operating reasons or statutory requirements rather than as a means of transferring title of purchased properties to a new owner, the accounts of the constituent Utilities may be combined. In the event original cost has not been determined, the resulting Utility shall proceed to determine such cost as outlined herein.

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4. Allowance for funds used during construction.

Allowance for funds used during construction includes the net cost for the period of construction of borrowed funds used for construction purposes and a reasonable rate of return on other funds when so used, not to exceed, without prior approval of the Energy Regulator, allowances computed in accordance with the formula prescribed in paragraph (a) of this subparagraph. No allowance for funds used during construction charges shall be included in these accounts for expenditures arising fromconstruction projects which have been abandoned.

(a) The formula and elements for the computation of the allowance for funds used during construction shall be the approved average weighted average cost (WACC) of capital

multiplied by the sum of:-

(i) average balance in construction work in progress,

(ii) plus average capital inventory balance,

(iii) less construction accounts payable,

(iv) less asset retirement costs (if any are included in construction work in progress).

(b) The weighted average cost rate shall be determined in the manner indicated and

approved by the Energy Regulator for the applicable year.

NOTE A: When only a part of a plant or project is placed in operation or is completed and ready for service but the construction work as a whole is incomplete, that part of the cost of the property placed in operation or ready for service, shall be treated as Electric Plant in Service and allowance for funds used during construction thereon as a charge to construction shall cease. Allowance for funds used during construction on that part of the cost of the plant which is incomplete may be continued as a charge to construction until such time as it is

placed in operation or is ready for service, except as limited above.

NOTE B: No allowance for funds used during construction will be included for projects where a 100% contribution has been received up front on a direct assigned project. For those projects where contributions are received up front and no allowance for funds used during construction is calculated, the contribution would be included in the rate base in the same

period as the asset.

5. Asset retirement costs.

Amounts that are capitalized will increase the carrying amount of long lived assets when a liability for a long lived asset is recognized. Unless otherwise directed by the Energy

Regulator, these amounts will not be recognized in the rate base.

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## 6. Land and Land Rights.

- (a) The accounts for land and land rights will record the cost of land owned by the Utility and rights. These accounts should also include interests, and privileges held by the Utility in land owned by others, such as leaseholds, easements, water and water power rights, diversion rights, submersion rights, rights-of-way, and other like interests in land.
- (b) Separate entries should be made for the acquisition, transfer, or retirement of each parcel of land (excluding land rights) having a life of more than one year. A record should be maintained showing the nature of ownership, full legal description, and a date of recording of the land deed. Entries transferring or retiring land shall refer to the original entry recording its acquisition.
- (c) Any difference between the amount received from the sale of land, less agents' commissions and other costs incident to the sale, and the book cost of such land or rights, should be recorded in the account for "Gains /Losses from disposition of utility plant". Appropriate adjustments of the accounts should be made with respect to any structures or improvements located on land sold.
- (d) The cost of buildings and other improvements (other than public improvements) should not be included in the land accounts. If at the time of acquisition of an interest in land such interest extends to buildings or other improvements (other than public improvements) which are then devoted to utility operations, the land and improvements shall be separately appraised with the cost allocated to land and buildings or improvements on the basis of the separate appraisals. If the improvements are removed or wrecked without being used in operations, the cost of removing or wrecking shall be charged and the salvage credited to the account in which the cost of the land is recorded.
- (e) When the purchase of land for electric operations requires the purchase of more land than needed for such purposes, the charge to the specific land account shall be based upon the cost of the land purchased, less the proportionate cost of that portion of the land which is not to be used in utility operations. The portion of the cost measured by the fair market value of the land not to be used shall be recorded in the account for "Electric plant held for future use" or the account for "Non-utility property", as appropriate.

## 7. Buildings, Structures and Improvements.

The accounts for structures and improvements will record the cost of all buildings and facilities to house, support, or safeguard property or persons, including all fixtures permanently attached to and made a part of buildings and which cannot be removed therefrom without cutting into the walls, ceilings, or floors, or without in some way impairing the buildings, and improvements of a permanent character on or to the land. Also included

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are those costs incurred in connection with the first clearing and grading of land and rights-ofway and the damage costs associated with construction and installation of plant.

Lighting or other fixtures temporarily attached to buildings for purposes of display or demonstration should not be included in the cost of the building but in the appropriate equipment account.

8. Asset Record System.

Each Utility should record all construction. Acquisitions, and retirements or retirements of electric plant by means of work orders or job orders. Separate work orders may be opened for additions to and retirements of electric plant or the retirements may be included with the construction work order, provided, however, that all items relating to the retirements shall be kept separate from those relating to construction and provided, further, that any maintenance costs involved in the work shall likewise be segregated.

Each Utility shall maintain records in which, for each plant account, the amounts of the annual additions and retirements are classified so as to show the number and cost of the various additions or retirements.

9. Transfers of Assets.

When Assets are transferred from one electric plant account to another, from one Utility department to another, such as from electric to gas, from one operating division or area to another, to or from Accounts, "Electric plant in service", "Electric plant leased to others", "Electric plant held for future use", "Non-utility property", the transfer shall be recorded by transferring the original cost thereof from the one account, department, or location to the other. Any related amounts carried in the accounts for accumulated provision for depreciation or amortization shall be transferred in accordance with the segregation of such accounts.

10. Common Utility Plant.

(a) If the Utility is engaged in more than one utility service and any of its utility plant is used in common for several utility services or for other purposes to such an extent and in such manner that it is impracticable to segregate it by utility services currently in the accounts, such property, with the approval of the Energy Regulator, may be designated and classified as

common utility plant in a separate account as specified by the Utility.

(b) The Utility should be prepared to show at any time and to report to the Energy Regulator annually, or more frequently, if required, and by utility plant accounts (301 to 399.2) the following: (1) The book cost of common utility plant, (2) The allocation of such cost to the respective departments using the common utility plant, and (3) The basis of the allocation.

Regulatory Accounting Manual: Volume 2 (Electricity) Approval Date: 31 July 2008 Effective Date: 1 September 2008 (c) The accumulated provision for depreciation and amortization of the Utility shall be segregated so as to show the amount applicable to the property classified as common utility plant.

(d) The expenses of operation, maintenance, rents, depreciation and amortization of common utility plant shall be recorded in the accounts prescribed herein, but designated as common expenses, and the allocation of such expenses to the departments using the common utility plant shall be supported in such manner as to readily reflect the basis of allocation used. To the maximum extent possible the fully allocated cost approach should be applied in allocating these costs.

11. Plant Equipment Held for Emergency in Stores.

Plant equipment held for emergency in stores are non rotational in nature and are considered to be capital assets and as such are included in Plant in service. Plant equipment held for emergency in stores is depreciated at the standard rate for the specific asset class. Example items include transformers, meters, current transformers / potential transformers, circuit breakers, regulators, conductors, and tower materials. Utilities must disclose the value of emergency stores in each asset class, when so requested.

## 1.7 Operating Expense Instructions

1. Supervision and Engineering Activities

(a) The supervision and engineering recorded in the operating expense accounts shall consist of the pay and expenses of superintendents, engineers, clerks, other employees and consultants engaged in supervising and directing the operation and maintenance of each utility function.

(b) Wherever allocations are necessary in order to arrive at the amount to be included in any account, the fully allocated cost method and this basis of allocation shall be reflected by underlying records.

2. Operating & Maintenance Activities.

(a) The cost of operation and maintenance chargeable to the various operating expense and clearing accounts includes labour, materials, overheads and other expenses incurred in operating and maintenance work.

(b) Materials recovered in connection with the maintenance of property shall be credited to the same account to which the maintenance cost was charged.

3. Rents.

(a) The rent expense account, "Rents" shall include all rents, (for field offices, retail offices and head office) for property used in utility operations, except:

(1) minor amounts paid for occasional or infrequent use of any property or equipment and all amounts paid for use of equipment that, if owned, would be included in plant accounts, which shall be treated as an expense item and included in the appropriate functional account and

(2) rents which are chargeable to clearing accounts, and distributed to the appropriate account. If rents cover property used for more than one function, such as generation, and transmission, or by more than one department, the rents shall be apportioned to the appropriate rent expense or clearing accounts of each department on an actual, or, if necessary, a fully allocated cost basis.

(b) When a portion of property or equipment rented from others for use in connection with utility operations is subleased, the revenue derived from such subleasing shall be credited to the account for "Miscellaneous revenue" - other.

(c) The cost, when incurred by the lessee, of operating and maintaining leased property, shall be charged to the accounts appropriate for the expense if the property were owned.

(d) The cost incurred by the lessee of additions and replacements to electric plant leased from others shall be accounted for as provided in Electric Plant Instruction.

## 4. Training Costs.

When it is necessary that employees be trained to specifically operate or maintain plant facilities, the related costs shall be accounted for as a current operating and maintenance expense. These expenses shall be charged to the appropriate functional accounts currently as they are incurred.

5. Labour, Benefits, Contractor Services and Other,

Utilities need to be able to provide the breakdown of all functions (power generation expenses, transmission expenses, distribution expenses, customer accounts expenses, customer service and informational expenses, sales expenses, administrative and general expenses, and load management & optimization expenses by labour, benefits, contractor services including consultants, and other).

## 6. Depreciation

(a) Unless otherwise approved by the Energy Regulator, a licensee should charge depreciation by using the straight-line method. The alternative depreciation methods that the Energy Regulator may choose from in authorising an alternative method include:-

(i) the use or unit of production method;

- (ii) the declining or diminishing value method; or
- (iii) any other systematic method consistent with generally accepted accounting practices.
- (b) Monthly depreciation charges under the straight line method shall be computed by applying the annual percentage rate of depreciation to the depreciation base as of the first of each month and dividing the result by 12, or with the prior approval of the Energy Regulator, applying the annual percentage rate of depreciation to the depreciation base at the beginning of the company fiscal year and dividing the result by 12.
- (c) An appropriate depreciation rate should be used in computing depreciation charges to reflect the different estimated useful life of the respective assets in each class of plant accounts, or each plant account, or each group of assets within a plant account.
- (d) The depreciation rate should be based on the estimated service life of plant, as developed by a study of the company's history and experience (taking into account all relevant factors including variations in use, increasing obsolescence or inadequacy) and such engineering, economic or other depreciation studies and other information as may be available with respect to future operating conditions.
- (e) Whenever a licensee makes a tariff application, it must provide the Energy Regulator with information on depreciation rates for each group of plant accounts, each plant account or each group of assets within a plant account, accompanied by a statement showing their basis and the methods employed in their computation.

## 7. Primary Energy,

The regulated entity is required to report transparently the cost variances with respect to primary energy.

The Energy Regulator will prescribe on how variations with respect to primary energy, should be apportioned over time and to customer classes.

## 2 Account Numbering and Groupings

The account numbering system prescribed by RRM consists of a system of three digits as follows:

Account #	Account Description
100 – 199	Assets and Other Debits
200 – 299	Liabilities and other Credits
300 – 499	Detailed plant accounts
500 - 549	Income accounts
550 - 599	Revenue accounts
600 – 699	Generation, transmission and distribution expenses
900 – 949	Customer accounts, customer service and information, sales, general and
	administrative expenses

#### Note:

- -Detailed Plant Accounts (300-499) flow into Account 101 Plant in Service.
- -Detailed Operating Revenue Accounts (550-599) flow into Account 500 Operating Revenues
- -Detailed Operating Expense Accounts flow into Account 601 Operation Expense or Account 602 Maintenance Expense.

In certain instances, numbers have been skipped to allow for possible later expansion or to permit better coordination with the numbering system for other utility departments.

The account numbers as prefixed to account description should be treated as parts of the titles. If a licensee, for its own purposes, adopts a different account numbering system, then that should be done in adherence to the instructions prescribed in RRM Volume 1 in this respect.

## 3 Balance Sheet Chart of Accounts

## 3.1 Assets and Other Debits

## **Non-Current Assets**

1.1	Utility Plant
101	Electric plant in service
102	Property under capital leases
103	Experimental electric plant unclassified
104	Electric plant leased to others
105	Electric plant held for future use
106	Construction work in progress – Electric
107	Electric plant acquisition adjustment
108	Gross value of contributions and grants- credit
109	

109	Future Fuel Supplies
1.2	Accumulated Depreciation and amortization
112	Accumulated depreciation of electric utility plant- Property, plant and equipments
113	Accumulated depreciation of electric plant acquisition adjustment
114	Accumulated amortization of contributions and grants
115	Accumulated depreciation for non-utility property
1.3	Other Property and Investments
110	Non-utility property
120	Investment in associated companies
121	Investment in subsidiary companies
122	Derivative Financial Assets
123	Other Investments
1.4	Current Assets and Accrued Assets
130	Cash
140	Accounts receivable
143	Accounts receivable impairments
145	Accounts receivable from associated companies
150	Fuel stock
154	Plant materials and operating supplies
155	Merchandise
158	Other materials and supplies
165	Prepayments
168	Derivative Financial Assets
174	Miscellaneous current and accrued assets
1.5	Deferred Debits
180	Unamortized debt expense
181	Unamortized preferred share expense
182	Regulatory assets
183	Waste Management/Carbon Credits/Emissions Accumulated Provision Inventory
184	Conservation and Demand Side Management Expenditures and Recoveries
185	Conservation and Demand Side Management Contra Account
186	Miscellaneous deferred debits
190	Accumulated future income taxes

# 3.2Liabilities and Other Credits

# 1.6 Owners' Equity/Contributed Capital

201 Ordinary shares issued

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204	Preferred shares issued
216	Retained earnings/Accumulated surpluses & deficits
1.7	Long-Term Debt
221	Bonds and other long-term debt
223	<u> </u>
	Advances from associated companies
225	Unamortized premium on long-term debt
226	Unamortized discount on long-term debt
1.8	Other Non-Current Liabilities
227	Obligations under capital lease - non current
228	Accumulated provision for self insurance
229	Employee retirement pensions and benefit obligations
230	Asset retirement obligations
1.9	Current and Accrued Liabilities
232	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
235	Customer deposits
236	Current income taxes payable
237	VAT
239	Matured long-term and short-term debt
242	Miscellaneous current and accrued liabilities
243	Obligations under capital leases – current
2.0	Deferred Credits
<b>2.0</b> 252	Customer advances for construction
252 253	Other deferred credits
254	Regulatory liabilities
281	Accumulated future income taxes

# 4 Electric Plant Accounts

#### Intangible Plant 4.1

- 301 Incorporation and organizational start-up
- 302 Franchises and consents
- 303 Miscellaneous intangible plant

#### 4.2 Generation Plant - Hydro

- 305 Land
- 306 Land rights
- Buildings, fixtures and improvements 307

308	Leasehold improvements
309	Reservoirs, dams, and waterways
310	Water wheels, turbines and generators
311	Accessory electric equipment
312	Miscellaneous power plant equipment
313	Roads, railroads and bridges
314	Asset retirement cost for hydro generation plant
4.3	Generation Plant - Coal
320	Land
321	Land rights
322	Buildings, fixtures and improvements
323	Leasehold improvements
324	Boiler plant equipment
325	Engines and Engine-Driven Generators
326	Turbo Generators units
327	Accessory power equipment
328	Miscellaneous power plant equipment
329	Roads, railroads and bridges
330	Asset retirement cost for coal power generation plant
4.4	Generation Plant – Gas/hydrocarbons
331	Land
332	Land rights
33 <b>3</b>	Buildings, fixtures and improvements
334	Leasehold improvements
335	Fuel holders, producers, and accessories
336	Prime movers
337	Generators
338	Accessory electric equipment
339	Miscellaneous power plant equipment
340	Roads, railroads and bridges
341	Asset retirement cost for gas/hydrocarbons power generation plant
4.5	Generation Plant – Nuclear
345	Land
346	Land rights
347	Buildings, fixtures and improvements
348	Leasehold improvements
349	Reactors
350	Generators

351	Accessory electric generation equipment
352	Miscellaneous power plant equipment
353	Roads, railroads and bridges
354	Asset retirement cost for nuclear generation plant
4.6	Transmission Plant
380	Land
381	Land rights
382	Buildings, fixtures and improvements
383	Leasehold improvements
384	Station equipment
385	System communication and control
386	Towers and fixtures
387	Poles and fixtures
388	Overhead conductors and devices
389	Underground conduit
390	Underground conductors and devices
391	Roads and trails
392	Asset retirement costs for transmission plant
4.7	Distribution Plant
400	Land
401	Land rights
402	Buildings, fixtures and improvements
403	Leasehold improvements
404	Transformer station equipment - Normally primary above 132kv
405	Transformer station equipment - Normally primary below 132kv
406	System communication and control
407	Storage battery equipment
408	Poles, towers and fixtures
409	Overhead conductors and devices
410	Underground conduit
411	Underground conductors and devices
412	Conventional meters
413	Automated/prepaid meters
414	Other installations on customer's premises
415	Leased property on customer premises
416	Street lighting and signal systems
417	Asset retirement costs for distribution plant

# 4.8 General Plant

430	Land
431	Land rights
432	Buildings, fixtures and improvements
433	Office furniture and equipment
434	Computer hardware and voice & data network equipment
435	Computer software and applications
136	Load settlement software applications
137	Transportation equipment, fleet vehicles
138	Tools, workshop, garage, stores and laboratory equipment
139	Measurement and testing equipment
40	Power operated equipment
141	Mobile communication equipment
42	Miscellaneous equipment
43	Other tangible property
44	Asset retirement cost for general plant

# 5 Income Statement Chart of Accounts

5.0	Utility Operating Revenue
500	Operating revenues - (540 to 599)
501	Operation expense - (600 to 999)
503	Depreciation and amortization expense
504	Depreciation expense for asset retirement costs
505	Amortization of electric plant acquisition adjustments
506	Regulatory debits
507	Regulatory credits
508	Taxes other than income taxes, utility operating income
509	Income taxes, utility operating income
510	Provisions for future income taxes, utility operating income
510.2	VAT, utility operating activities
511	Gains / Losses from disposition of utility plant
512	Accretion expense asset retirement obligation
513	Revenues from electric plant leased to others
514	Expenses of electric plant leased to others
5.1	Other Income and Deductions
A.	Other Income
517	Revenues from non-utility operations
518	Expenses of non-utility operations
519	Equity in earnings of subsidiary companies
520	Interest, dividend and other income
521	Profit and Losses from Financial Instrument Hedges
522	Allowance for other funds used during construction
B.	Other Deductions
523	Donations
524	Life insurance
525	Penalties
526	Expenditures for certain civic, political and related activities
527	Other deductions
5.2	Interest Charges
528	Interest on long-term debt
530	Interest on debt to associated companies
531	Short term interest and other interest expense
5.3	Unusual/infrequent Items
534	Unusual/infrequent income

#### 535 Unusual/infrequent deductions

# **Operating Revenue Chart of Accounts**

6.1	Revenue for Services - Generation
536	Generation services revenue
6.2	Revenue for Services - Transmission
537	Transmission services revenue
6.3	Revenue from Services - Distribution
538	Distribution services revenue
539	Electric services incidental to energy sales
6.4	Sale of Electricity (540 – 556 Distribution revenues)
540	Domestic low (Indigent)/Prepaid
541	Domestic high (Conventional)
542	Commercial Conventional (Single Phase)
543	Commercial Conventional (3-Phase)
544	Commercial Prepaid
545	Industrial (400 Volts) (Low Voltage)
546	Industrial (11 000 Volts) (High Voltage)
547	Special/Negotiated tariffs including energy sales to railroads and railways
548	Agricultural/ Rural/Farm dwellings tariffs
549	Sports grounds/Churches/Holiday/old age homes
550	Water pumps
551	Street Lighting
552	Government Assistance Directly Credited to Income
554	Own Use/Interdepartmental Energy Sales
556	Revenue Adjustment

NOTE: The above accounts for distribution Utilities tariff revenues are only indicative, and may not be exhaustive. The utilities should therefore endeavour to report distribution revenues by rate classes of the utility and should assign account numbers within the prescribed range such that each rate class receives its own account number.

- 558 Revenue - Affiliates & Inter-Affiliates
- 559 Miscellaneous service revenue
- 560 **Export Sales**

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# 7 Operating and Maintenance Expenses Chart of Accounts

7.1	Generation Expenses – Operation & maintenance
600	Hydraulic expenses
605	Combustion engines/turbine operations
610	Fuel
615	Combustion engines/turbines maintenance
620	Other expenses
621	Allowance for emissions
7.2	Power Purchased and Other Power Supply expenses
625	Power Purchased
626	Charges-Transmission Electricity by Others
627	Charges-Distribution of Electricity by Others
7.3	Transmission expenses- Operation & maintenance
630	Operation & Maintenance Supervision and engineering
632	Operation & Maintenance Control centre operations
636	Operation & Maintenance Station equipment expenses
638	Operation & Maintenance Overhead lines expenses
640	Operation & Maintenance Underground lines expenses
642	Operation & Maintenance Miscellaneous transmission expenses
646	Operation & Maintenance servitude (right of way) payments
648	Operation & Maintenance of structures
650	Operation and Maintenance vegetation management
652	Operation & Maintenance IT support
7.4	Distribution expenses - Operation & Maintenance
355 355	Operation & Maintenance Supervision and engineering
357	Operation & Maintenance Control centre operations
659	Operation & Maintenance Station equipment expenses
561	Operation & Maintenance Overhead line expenses
362	Operation & Maintenance Underground line expenses
363	Operation & Maintenance Street lighting and signal system expenses
365	Operation & Maintenance Meter expenses
667	Operation & Maintenance Customer installations expenses
669	Operation & Maintenance Miscellaneous distribution expenses
371	Operation & Maintenance servitude (right of way) payments
373	Operation & Maintenance of structures
81	Operation and Maintenance vegetation management

## 683 Operation & Maintenance IT support

# 8 Customer Service, Sales, General & Admin Chart of Accounts

8.1	Customer Account Expenses
901	Supervision
902	Meter reading expenses
903	Customer records and collection expenses
904	Uncollectible accounts
905	Miscellaneous customer accounts expenses
906	IT customer service
8.2	Customer Service and Informational Expenses
907	Supervision
908	Customer assistance expenses
909	Informational and instructional advertising expenses
910	Miscellaneous customer service and informational expenses
8.3	Sales Expenses
916	Miscellaneous sales expenses
8.4	Administrative and General Expenses
920	Administrative and general salaries
921	Office supplies and expenses
922	Administrative expenses transferred— Credit
923	Outside services employed
924	Insurance premiums
925	Injuries and damages
926	Employee pensions and benefits
928	Energy Regulator expenses
930	General advertising expenses
931	Miscellaneous general expenses
932	Rents
933	Head office rent
934	IT G & A expense
935	Maintenance of general plant

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Energy Regulator expenses disallowed

941

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# 8.5 Load Settlement Expenses

944 Load settlement

945 IT load settlement

## 9 Text Pertaining to Non-Current Assets and Other Debits

# 9.1 Utility Plant

## 101 Electric plant in service

This account should contain the original cost of electric plant, included in accounts 301 to 499, prescribed herein, owned and in use by the Utility in its electric utility operations, and having an expectation of life in service of more than one year from date of installation, including such property owned by the Utility but held by nominees.

## 102 Property under capital leases

This account should contain the amount recorded under capital leases for plant leased from others and used by the Utility in its utility operations.

The electric property included in this account shall be classified separately according to the detailed accounts 301 to 499 prescribed for electric plant in service.

Records should be maintained with respect to each capital lease reflecting:

(1) name of lessor, (2) basic details of lease, (3) terminal date, (4) original cost or fair market value of property leased, (5) future minimum lease payments, (6) executory costs, (7) present value of minimum lease payments, (8) the amount representing interest and the interest rate used, and (9) expenses paid.

Records should also be maintained for plant under a lease, to identify the asset retirement obligation and cost originally recognized for each lease and the periodic charges and credits made to the asset retirement obligations and asset retirement costs.

## 103 Experimental electric plant

This account should record the cost of electric plant which was constructed as a research, development, and demonstration plant and due to the nature of the plant it is deemed desirable to operate it for a period of time in an experimental status.

Amounts in this account should be transferred to the "Electric plant in service" account, or "Non-utility property" account as appropriate when the project is no longer considered as experimental.

## 104 Electric plant leased to others

This account should record the original cost of electric plant owned by the Utility, but leased to others as operating units or systems, where the lessee has exclusive possession.

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The property included in this account shall be classified according to the detailed accounts (301 to 499) prescribed for electric plant in service and this account shall be maintained in such detail as though the property were used by the owner in its utility operations.

105 Electric plant held for future use

This account shall include the original cost of electric plant owned and held for future use in electric service under a definite plan for such use, to include: (1) Property acquired but never used by the utility in electric service, but held for such service in the future under a definite plan, and (2) Property previously used by the utility in service, but retired or mothballed from such service and held pending its reuse in the future, under a definite plan, in electric service.

Such service and held pending to rease in the latere, ander a definite plan, in decine service.

The property included in this account should be classified in a manner similar to the detail accounts 301 to 499 prescribed for electric plant in service and the account should be

maintained in such detail as though the property were in service.

NOTE: Materials and supplies, and all assets held in reserve, and normal spare capacity of

plant in service should not be included in this account.

106 Construction work in progress - Electric

This account should record the total of the balances of work orders for electric plant in

process of construction.

Work orders should be cleared from this account as soon as practicable after completion of

the job.

Expenditures on research, development, and demonstration projects for construction of utility facilities are to be included in a separate subdivision in this account. Records must be maintained to show separately each project along with complete detail of the nature and purpose of the research, development, and demonstration project together with the related

costs.

107 Electric plant acquisition adjustment

This account should record the difference between:

(1) The cost to the accounting Utility of electric plant acquired as an operating unit or system

by purchase, merger, consolidation, liquidation, or otherwise, and

(2) The original cost, estimated, if not known, of such property, less the amount or amounts

credited by the accounting Utility at the time of acquisition to accumulated provisions for Depreciation and Amortization and contributions in aid of construction with respect to such

property.

Debit amounts recorded in this account related to plant and land acquisition may be amortized to the account, "Amortization of electric plant acquisition adjustments", over a period not longer than the estimated remaining life of the properties to which such amounts relates. Credit amounts recorded in this account should be accounted for as directed by the Energy Regulator.

## 108 Gross value of contributions and grants-credit

This account should record amounts relating to contributions or grants in cash, services or property from governments or government agencies, corporations, individuals and others received in aid of construction or for acquisition of capital assets.

This account should be maintained so that the company can supply information as to the purpose of each contribution or grant, the conditions, if any, on which it was made, the amount of contributions or grants from governments or government agencies, corporations, individuals and others and the amount applicable to each Electric Plant in Service account.

## 109 Future Fuel Supplies

This account should record amounts fuel mine reserves, including coal and nuclear that the utility owns for future extraction of fuel supplies for electric power generation.

The account should be reduced with the annual depletion in accordance with international best practices on Depletion Accounting for natural resources or/and as decided by the Energy Regulator.

## 110 Non-utility property

See below under "Other property and investments".

## 9.2 Accumulated Depreciation and ammortization

## 112 Accumulated depreciation of electric utility plant- Property, plant & equipment

This account should be credited with the following:

- (1) Amounts charged to the Depreciation expense account, for current depreciation expense for electric plant in service.
- (2) Amounts charged to the Depreciation expense for asset retirement costs account, for current depreciation expense charged to the applicable asset retirement cost account to such property.
- (3) Amounts charged to the, Interest, dividend and other income for Depreciation expense on property, Electric plant held for future use account. Include, also, the balance of accumulated

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> provision for Depreciation on property when transferred to Electric plant held for future use account, from other property accounts.

> (4) Amounts charged to the account, Expenses of electric plant leased to others, for electric plant included in account, Electric plant leased to others.

> (5) Amounts of Depreciation applicable to electric properties acquired as operating units or systems.

(6) Amounts of Depreciation applicable to electric plant donated to the Utility.

NOTE: The Utility should maintain separate sub-accounts for depreciation and sub accounts by plant account for accumulated depreciation applicable to electric plant in service, electric plant leased to others and electric plant held for future use.

At the time of retirement of depreciable electric utility plant, this account should be charged with the net depreciated original cost of the asset retired and the cost of removal and should be credited with the salvage value and any other amounts recovered, such as insurance or self insurance. When retirement, costs of removal and salvage are entered originally in retirement work orders, the net total of such work orders may be included in a separate subaccount. Upon completion of the work order, the proper distribution to subdivisions of this account should be made as provided in the following paragraph.

Although this account should be regarded and treated as a single composite provision for depreciation, for purposes of analysis, however, each Utility should maintain subsidiary records in which this account is segregated according to the following functional classification for electric plant:

(1) Generation, separated between hydro, coal, nuclear, gas/hydrocarbons, other generation

(2) Transmission.

(3) Distribution, and

(4) General.

These subsidiary records should reflect the current credits and debits to this account in sufficient detail to show separately for each such functional classification:

(a) the amount of accrual for depreciation,

(b) the book cost of property retired,

(c) cost of removal,

(d) salvage, and

(e) other items, including recoveries from insurance, or self insurance.

When transfers of plant are made from one electric plant account to another, or from or to another utility department, or from or to non-utility property accounts, any related amounts carried in the accounts for accumulated provision for amortization should be transferred but segregation of such amounts should be maintained.

## 113 Accumulated depreciation of electric plant acquisition adjustment

This account should be credited or debited with amounts which are recorded in the account, "Amortization of electric plant acquisition adjustments" for the purpose of providing for the extinguishment of amounts in the account "Electric plant acquisition adjustments", in instances where the amortization of that account is not being made by direct write-off of the account.

# 114 Accumulated amortization of contributions and grants

This account should be debited with the total amount charged to the account, "Depreciation expense", for the current Amortization of customer contributions, or contributions in aid of construction. This should be tracked by rate class.

# 115 Accumulated depreciation for non-utility property

This account should record the accumulated provision for Depreciation and Amortization applicable to non-utility property.

## 9.3 Other Property and Investments

## 110 Non-utility property

This account should record the book cost of land, structures, equipment, or other tangible or intangible property owned by the Utility, but not used in utility service and not included in the account "Electric plant held for future use".

This account should also include the amount recorded under capital leases for property leased from others and used by the Utility in its non-utility operations. Records shall be maintained with respect to each lease reflecting:

- (1) name of lessor,
- (2) basic details of lease,
- (3) terminal date,
- (4) original cost or fair market value of property leased,
- (5) future minimum lease payments,
- (6) executory costs,
- (7) present value of minimum lessee payments,
- (8) the amount representing interest and the interest rate used, and
- (9) expenses paid.

This account should be subdivided so as to show the amount of property used in operations which are non-utility in character but nevertheless constitute a distinct operating activity of the company and the amount of miscellaneous property not used in operations. The records in support of each sub-account should be maintained so as to show an appropriate classification of the property.

120 Investment in associated companies

This account should record the book cost of investments in securities issued or assumed by Associated Companies and investment advances to such companies, including interest

accrued thereon when such interest is not subject to current settlement, provided that the

investment does not relate to a Subsidiary Company.

This account should be maintained in such manner as to show the investment in securities of,

and advances to, each Associated Company together with full particulars regarding any of

such investments that are pledged.

The Utility may write down the cost of any security in recognition of a decline in the

investment value. Securities should be written off or written down to a nominal value if there is no reasonable prospect of substantial value. Fluctuations in market value should not be

recorded but a permanent impairment in the value of securities should be recognized in the

accounts.

121 Investment in subsidiary companies

This account should record the cost of investments in securities issued or assumed by

Subsidiary Companies and investment advances to such companies, including interest accrued thereon when such interest is not subject to current settlement plus the equity in

undistributed earnings or losses of such subsidiary companies since acquisition. This account

shall be credited with any dividends declared by such subsidiaries.

This account should be maintained in such a manner as to show separately for each

subsidiary:

(1) the cost of such investments in the securities of the subsidiary at the time of acquisition;

(2) the amount of equity in the subsidiary's undistributed net earnings or net losses since

acquisition;

(3) advances or loans to such subsidiary; and full particulars regarding any such investments

that are pledged.

122 Derivative Financial Assets

This account should record the cost/value of derivate and hedging activities instruments as

prescribed by the IFRS/GAAP/GRAP.

123 Other investments

This account should record the original cost of investments in securities issued or assumed

by non-associated companies, investment advances to such companies, and any investments

not accounted for elsewhere. This account should also include unrealized holding gains and

losses on trading and available-for-sale types of security investments.

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The records should be maintained in such manner as to show the amount of each investment and the investment advances to each person. Securities held in special deposits or in special funds shall be included in appropriate deposit or fund accounts.

9.4 Current Assets and Accrued Assets

130 Cash

This account should record; the amount of current cash funds and cash equivalents, special deposits with fiscal agents or others for the payment of interest (sinking funds), special deposits for the payment of dividends, deposits for special purposes other than the payment of interest and dividends, book cost of investments, such as demand and time loans, bankers' acceptances, government investment certificates, marketable securities, and other similar

investments, acquired for the purpose of temporarily investing cash.

NOTE: Deposits for more than one year, which are not offset by current liabilities, should not

be charged to this account but to the account for "Other investments".

This account should be so maintained as to show separately temporary cash investments in securities of associated companies and of others. Records should be kept of any pledged

investments.

140 Accounts receivable

This account should record all receivables other than those amounts due from Associated

Companies carried at costs.

143 Accounts receivable impairments

This account should be credited with amounts provided for losses on accounts receivable which may become uncollectible, and also with collections on accounts previously charged hereto. Concurrent charges should be made to, Uncollectible accounts, for amounts applicable to utility operations, and to corresponding accounts for other operations. Records shall be maintained so as to show the write-offs of account receivable for each utility

department.

This account should be subdivided to show the provision applicable to the following classes of

accounts receivable:

(1) Utility customers.

(2) Merchandising, jobbing and contract work.

(3) Officers and employees.

(4) Others

145 Accounts receivable from associated companies

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> This account should record receivables due, notes and drafts upon which associated companies are liable, and which mature and are expected to be paid in full not later than one year from the date of issue, together with any interest thereon. Items which do not bear a specified due date but which have been carried for more than twelve months and items which are not paid within twelve months from due date should be transferred to the account for, "Investment in associated companies".

INVENTORY

150 Fuel stock

This account should include the book cost of fuel on hand.

154 Plant materials and operating supplies

This account should record the cost of materials purchased primarily for use in the Utility business for construction, operation and maintenance purposes. This account should include also the book cost of materials recovered in connection with construction, maintenance or the retirement of property, such materials being credited to construction, maintenance or

accumulated depreciation provision, respectively.

Materials and supplies issued should be credited to this account and charged to the appropriate construction, operating expense, or other account on the basis of a unit price determined by the use of weighted average and first-in-first-out, or such other method of

inventory accounting as conforms with accepted accounting standards consistently applied.

155 Merchandise

This account should record the book cost of materials and supplies and appliances and equipment held primarily for retail sales. The principles prescribed in accounting for Utility materials and supplies shall be observed in respect to items carried in this account.

158 Other materials and supplies

This account should record the original cost of materials and supplies held primarily for nonutility purposes.

The principles prescribed in accounting for Utility materials and supplies shall be observed in respect to items carried in this account.

165 **Prepayments** 

This account should record amounts representing prepayments of insurance, rents, taxes (excluding income tax instalments which are included in the account for "Current income taxes payable"), interest and miscellaneous items, and should be kept or supported in such manner as to disclose the amount of each class of prepayment.

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#### 168 Derivate Financial Assets

## 174 Miscellaneous current and accrued assets

This account shall include the book cost of all other current and accrued assets, appropriately designated and supported so as to show the nature of each asset included herein.

#### 9.5 Deferred Debits

## 180 Unamortized debt expense

This account should record expenses related to the issuance or assumption of debt securities. Amounts recorded in this account should be amortized over the life of each respective issue under a plan which will distribute the amount equitably over the life of the security. The amortization should be on a monthly basis, and the amounts thereof shall be charged to the account for "Short term interest and other interest expense", or the account for "Interest on long-term debt" as appropriate.

## 181 Unamortized preference share expense

This account should record expenses related to the issuance of preference shares. Amounts recorded in this account should be amortized over the life of each respective issue under a plan which will distribute the amount equitably over the life of the security. The Amortization should be on a monthly basis, and the amounts thereof should be charged to the account for "Short term interest and other interest expense", or the account for "Interest on long-term debt" as appropriate.

# 182 Regulatory assets

This account shall include the amounts of regulatory-created assets, not included in other accounts, resulting from the ratemaking actions of the Energy Regulator.

The amounts recorded in this account are to be established by those charges which would have been included in net income, determinations in the current period under the general accounting norms are being deferred and to be included in a different period(s) for purposes of developing rates that the Utility is authorized to charge for its utility services. The amounts recorded in this account are generally to be charged, concurrently with the recovery of the amounts in rates, to the same account that would have been charged if included in income when incurred.

If rate recovery of all or part of an amount included in this account is disallowed, the disallowed amount should be charged to the account for "Other deductions", or account "Unusual/infrequent deductions", in the year of the disallowance.

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The records supporting the entries to this account shall be kept so that the Utility can furnish full information as to the nature and amount of each regulatory asset included in this account, including justification for inclusion of such amounts in this account.

183 Emissions Accumulated Provisions Inventory

This account should record the cost of allowances owned by the utility and established in accordance with the Republic of South Africa Environment Act of the day.

This account should be credited with the amount concurrently debited to the account for "Allowances for Emissions" for monthly waste/carbon credit emissions.

Separate sub-divisions of this account should be maintained so as to separately account for those allowances that the Energy Regulator has approved to be usable in the current year and in each subsequent year. The underlying records of these accounts subdivisions should be maintained in sufficient detail so as to identify each allowance included; the origin of each allowance; and the acquisition cost, if any, of the allowance.

184 Conservation and Demand Side Management Expenditures and Recoveries

This account should record amounts to track the costs incurred for conservation and demand side management activities and expenditures, and the revenue proxy amount equivalent to the utility's amount approved by the Energy Regulator.

The amounts tracked in this account originating from activities, expenditures and revenue accounts should be reversed to these accounts of original entry. The offsetting entry should be recorded in the account for "Conservation and Demand Side Management Contra Account".

This account should be further sub-divided to be consistent with the Energy Regulator's approved DSM program initiatives for the utility.

Records should be maintained at an appropriate level of detail to permit the Energy Regulator review and verification of the amounts recorded therein.

185 Conservation and Demand Side Management Contra Account

This account should be used to record the offsetting entry for amounts recorded in the account "Conservation and Demand Side Management Expenditures and Recoveries", for the reversal of entries to the accounts of original entries.

186 Miscellaneous deferred debits

This account should record all debits not elsewhere provided for, such as miscellaneous work in progress, and unusual or unusual/infrequent expenses, not included in other accounts.

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which are in process of amortization and items the proper final disposition of which is uncertain.

The records supporting the entries to this account should be so kept that the Utility can furnish full information as to each deferred debit included herein.

#### 190 Accumulated future income taxes

This deferred debit account is provided to record future income taxes. An equal amount is charged to the account for "Provision for future income taxes, utility operating income.

# 10 Text Pertaining to Liabilities and Other Credits

# 10.1 Owners' equity/Contributed capital

## 201 Common shares issued

This account should record the stated or assigned value of common shares of each class issued.

When capital share is retired, this account should be charged with the amount at which such stock is carried herein.

A separate ledger account should be maintained for each class and series of common shares. The supporting records should show the shares nominally issued, actually issued, and nominally outstanding.

# 204 Preference shares issued

This account should record the stated or assigned value of preference shares of each class issued.

When capital stock is retired, these accounts should be charged with the amount at which such stock is carried herein.

A separate ledger account, with a descriptive title, should be maintained for each class and series of stock. The supporting records should show the shares nominally issued, actually issued, and nominally outstanding.

#### 216 Retained Earnings/Accumulated surpluses & deficits

This account should record the balances, either debit or credit, of Retained Earnings arising from earnings of the Utility. This account should be debited with any dividends declared, payable or paid by the Utility.

> This account should exclude any amounts representing the undistributed earnings of subsidiary companies.

10.2 Long-term debt

221 Bonds & other long-term debt

This account should record in a separate subdivision for each class and series of bonds the face value of the actually issued and un-matured bonds which have not been retired or cancelled; also the face value of such bonds issued by others the payment of which has been assumed by the Utility, as well as, until maturity, all long-term debt not otherwise provided for.

Separate accounts should be maintained for each class of obligation, and records should be maintained to show for each class all details as to date of obligation, date of maturity, interest

dates and rates, security for the obligation, etc.

223 Advances from associated companies

This account should record the long-term portion of notes and other payables, to associated companies not otherwise provided for and the amount of open book accounts representing advances from associated companies. The current portion of should not be recorded in this account, but should be recorded in the account for, Accounts payable to associated

companies

The records supporting the entries to this account should be so kept that the Utility can

furnish complete information concerning each note and open account.

225 Unamortized premium on long-term debt

This account should record the excess of the cash value of consideration received over the

face value upon the issuance or assumption of long-term debt securities.

Amounts recorded in this account should be amortized over the life of each respective issue under a plan which will distribute the amount equitably over the life of the security. The Amortization should be on a monthly basis, with the amounts thereof to be credited to account for "Interest on long-term debt" or account for "Short term interest and other interest expense

as appropriate.

226 Unamortized discount on long-term debt-Debit

This account should record the excess of the face value of long-term debt securities over the cash value of consideration received therefore, related to the issue or assumption of all types

and classes of debt.

Amounts recorded in this account should be amortized over the life of the respective issues under a plan which will distribute the amount equitably over the life of the securities. The

amortization should be on a monthly basis, with the amounts thereof charged to the account

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for "Interest on long-term debt" or the account for "Short term interest and other interest expense" as appropriate.

## 10.3 Other non-current liabilities

#### 227 Obligations under capital lease—non-current

This account should record the portion not due within one year, of the obligations recorded for the amounts applicable to leased property recorded as assets in the account for "Property under capital leases" or account for "Non-utility property".

## 228 Accumulated provision for self insurance

This account should record amounts reserved by the Utility for losses through accident, fire, flood, or other hazards to its own property or property leased from others, and for losses for bodily injury and property damage to third parties, not covered by insurance. The amounts charged to the account for "Injuries and damages", or other appropriate accounts to cover such risks should be credited to this account. A schedule of risks covered should be maintained, giving a description of the property involved, the character of the risks covered and the rates used. This account should be debited by amounts actually incurred by the Utility for the losses noted above.

Charges should be made to this account for losses covered. Details of these charges should be maintained according to the year the casualty occurred which gave rise to the loss.

All claims charged to this account will be subject to scrutiny by the Energy Regulator and interested parties and the onus will be on the utility to justify that customers should bear the costs.

# 229 Employee retirement and benefit obligations

This account should record the unamortized portion of past service costs related to future benefits and pensions which will be expensed in future periods.

# 230 Asset retirement obligations

This account should record the amount of liabilities for the recognition of asset retirement obligations related to electric utility plant and non-utility plant that gives rise to the obligations. This account should be credited for the amount of the liabilities for asset retirement obligations with amounts charged to the appropriate electric utility plant accounts or non-utility plant account to record the related asset retirement costs.

The Utility should charge the accretion expense to the account for "Accretion expense" from asset retirement obligation, for electric utility plant, the account for "Expenses of electric plant leased to others", for electric plant leased to others, as appropriate, and credit the account for "Asset retirement obligations".

This account should be debited with amounts paid to settle the asset retirement obligations recorded herein.

The Utility should clear from this account any gains or losses resulting from the settlement of asset retirement obligations in accordance relevant instructions prescribed in the General Instructions section of this Volume.

#### 10.4 Current and accrued liabilities

# 232 Accounts payable & accrued liabilities

This account should record all amounts payable by the Utility within one year, which are not provided for in other accounts. Examples that are to be included in this account are: Amounts invoiced for goods and services that have been invoiced but are unpaid at the end of the accounting period; Accruals for wages and salaries including source deductions and employee benefits that are unpaid at the end of the accounting period; Amounts for goods and services that have been received by the Utility but invoices have not been received at the end of the accounting period.

## 234 Accounts payable to associated companies

These accounts should record amounts owing to associated companies on notes, drafts, acceptances, or other similar evidences of indebtedness, and open accounts payable on demand or not more than one year from date of issue or creation.

#### 235 Customer deposits

This account should record all amounts deposited with the Utility by customers as security for the payment of bills.

## 236 Current income taxes payable

This account should be credited with the amount of taxes accrued during the accounting period, corresponding debits being made to the appropriate accounts for tax charges. Such credits may be based upon estimates, but from time to time during the year as the facts become known, the amount of the periodic credits should be adjusted so as to include as nearly as can be determined in each year the taxes applicable thereto. Any amount representing a prepayment of taxes applicable to the period subsequent to the date of the balance sheet, should be shown under the account for "Prepayments".

If accruals for taxes are found to be insufficient or excessive, correction therefore should be made through current tax accruals.

Accruals for taxes should be based upon the net amounts payable after credit for any discounts, and shall not include any amounts for interest on tax deficiencies or refunds. Interest received on refunds should be credited to account for "Interest, dividend and other

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income", while interest paid on deficiencies shall be charged to the account for "Short-term

interest and other interest expense".

The records supporting the entries to this account should be kept so as to show for each class of taxes, the amount accrued, the basis for the accrual, the accounts to which charged,

and the amount of tax paid.

This account should be debited with the amount of instalments paid during the accounting

period.

237 VAT

This account should record input and output tax transactions during the accounting period, corresponding with the debits credits being made to the appropriate accounts for input, output

VAT and VAT refunds/offsets.

239 Matured long-term and short-term debt

This account should record the amount of long-term debt (including any obligation for premiums) matured and uppaid without specific agreement for extension of the time of

premiums) matured and unpaid, without specific agreement for extension of the time of payment and bonds called for redemption but not presented and the amount of long-term debt

classified as short term.

This account should include the face value of all notes, drafts, acceptances, or other similar

evidences of indebtedness, payable on demand or within a time not exceeding one year from

date of issue, to other than associated companies.

242 Miscellaneous current and accrued liabilities

This account should record the amount of all other current and accrued liabilities not provided

for elsewhere appropriately designated and supported so as to show the nature of each

liability.

**EXAMPLE ITEMS** 

1. Dividends declared but not paid.

2. Accrued interest.

3. Taxes collected through payroll deductions or otherwise pending transmittal to the proper

taxing authority.

243 Obligations under capital leases— current

This account should record the portion, due within one year, of the obligations recorded for

the amounts applicable to leased property recorded as assets in the account for "Property

under capital leases" or the account for "Non-utility property".

10.5 Deferred Credits

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#### 252 Customer advances for construction

This account should record advances by customers for construction which are to be refunded either wholly or in part. When a customer is refunded the entire amount to which he is entitled, according to the agreement or rule under which the advance was made, the balance, if any, remaining in this account should be credited to the account for "Gross value of contributions".

#### 253 Other deferred credits

This account should record advance billings and receipts and other deferred credit items, not provided for elsewhere, including amounts which cannot be entirely cleared or disposed of until additional information has been received.

## 254 Regulatory Liabilities

This account should record the amounts of regulatory liabilities, not included in other accounts, imposed on the Utility by the ratemaking actions of the Energy Regulator.

The amounts included in this account are to be established by those credits which would have been included in net income determinations in the current period under the general requirements of the regulatory accounts but such items will be included in a different period(s) for purposes of developing the rates that the Utility is authorized to charge for its utility services; or where refunds to customers, not provided for in other accounts, will be required.

The amounts recorded in this account generally are to be credited to the same account that would have been credited if included in income when earned except:

If it is later determined and approved by the Energy Regulator that the amounts recorded in this account will not be returned to customers through rates or refunds, such amounts should be credited to the account for "Unusual/infrequent income", as appropriate, in the year such determination is made.

The records supporting the entries to this account should be so kept that the Utility can furnish full information as to the nature and amount of each regulatory liability included in this account, including justification for inclusion of such amounts in this account.

# 11 Text Pertaining to Detailed Electric Plant Accounts

#### 11.1 Intangible Plant

#### 301. Incorporation and organizational start-up

Record into this account all fees paid for incorporation, mergers and acquisition fee, company secretarial expenses, and expenditures specifically incurred to start up the business and putting it into readiness to do licensed business.

Exclude from this account cost of issuing shares, discounts on securities issued or assumed, costs for negotiating loans, selling bonds or other debt or expenses.

#### 302. Franchises and consents

This account should record amounts paid for franchises, consents, water power licenses, or certificates, running for a specified term of more than one year, together with necessary and reasonable expenses related to procuring such franchises, consents, water power licenses, or certificates of permission and approval, including expenses of organizing and merging separate corporations, where statutes require, solely for the purpose of acquiring franchises. Records supporting this account should be kept so as to show separately the book cost of each franchise or consent

Annual or other periodic payments under franchises shall not be included herein but in the appropriate operating expense account.

# 303. Miscellaneous intangible plant

This account should record cost of patent rights, licenses, privileges, and other intangible property necessary or valuable in the conduct of utility operations and not specifically chargeable to any other account.

#### 11.2 Generation Plant - Hydro

# 305. Land

This account shall include the cost of land used in connection with hydro power generation.

## 306. Land rights

This account should record the cost of land rights used in connection with hydro power generation.

#### 307. Buildings, fixtures and improvements

This account should record the cost of buildings, structures and improvements in place used in connection with hydro power generation.

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308. Leasehold improvements

This account should record the cost of additions, improvements or alterations made to premises the utility leases from others. The cost of the leasehold improvements shall be depreciated over the term of the lease or the service life of the improvement, whichever is shorter. Renewal provisions in the lease agreement shall be disregarded in amortizing

leasehold improvements.

This account should be subdivided into as many classifications as are required.

309. Reservoirs, dams, and waterways

This account should record the cost in place of facilities used for impounding, collecting, storage, diversion, regulation, and delivery of water used primarily for generating electricity.

310. Water wheels, turbines and generators

This account should record the cost of installed water wheels and hydraulic turbines and generators driven by those turbines in producing electricity by water power or other

equipment that is a part of the hydraulic power plant works used in power production

311. Accessory electric equipment

This account should record the cost installed of auxiliary generating apparatus, conversion equipment, and equipment used primarily in connection with the control and switching of electric energy produced by hydraulic power and the protection of electric circuits and equipment, except electric motors used to drive equipment included in other accounts, such motors being included in the account in which the equipment with which they are associated

is included.

312. Miscellaneous power plant equipment

This account should record the cost of installed miscellaneous equipment in and about the hydroelectric generating plant which is devoted to general station use and is not properly

includible in other hydraulic production accounts.

313. Roads, railroads and bridges

This account should record the cost of roads, railroads, trails, bridges, and trestles used primarily as production facilities. It includes also those roads, etc., necessary to connect the plant with highway transportation systems, except when such roads are dedicated to public

use and maintained by public authorities.

314. Asset retirement cost for hydro generation plant

This account should record asset retirement costs on plant included in the hydraulic

production function.

11.3 Generation Plant - Coal

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#### 320. Land

This account should record the cost of land used in connection with coal power generation.

## 321. Land rights

This account should record the cost of land rights used in connection with coal power generation.

#### 322. Buildings, fixtures and improvements

This account should record the cost of buildings, structures and improvements used in connection with coal power generation.

## 323. Leasehold improvements

This account should record the cost of additions, improvements or alterations made to premises the utility leases from others. The cost of the leasehold improvements shall be depreciated over the term of the lease or the service life of the improvement, whichever is shorter.

Renewal provisions in the lease agreement shall be disregarded in amortizing leasehold improvements.

This account can be subdivided into as many classifications as are required.

# 324. Boiler plant equipment

This account should record the cost installed of furnaces, boilers, coal and ash handling and coal preparing equipment, steam and feed water piping, boiler apparatus and accessories used in the production of steam, mercury, or other vapour, to be used primarily for generating electricity.

## 325. Engines and Engine-Driven Generators

This account should record the cost installed of steam engines, reciprocating or rotary, and their associated auxiliaries; and engine-driven main generators, except turbo generator units.

#### 326. Turbo Generators units

This account should record the cost installed of main turbine-driven units and accessory equipment used in generating electricity by steam.

## 327. Accessory electric equipment

This account should record the cost installed of auxiliary generating apparatus, conversion equipment, and equipment used primarily in connection with the control and switching of electric energy produced by coal power and the protection of electric circuits and equipment, except electric motors used to drive equipment included in other accounts, such motors being included in the account in which the equipment with which they are associated is included.

328. Miscellaneous power plant equipment

This account should record the cost of installed miscellaneous equipment in and about the coal generating plant which is devoted to general station use and is not properly includible in

other coal power production accounts

329. Roads, railroads and bridges

This account should record the cost of roads, railroads, trails, bridges, and trestles used

primarily as production facilities. It also includes those roads, etc., necessary to connect the plant with highway transportation systems, except when such roads are dedicated to public

use and maintained by public authorities.

330. Asset retirement cost for generation plant

This account should record asset retirement costs on plant included in the coal production

function.

11.4 Generation Plant - Gas/Hydrocarbons

331. Land

This account should record the cost of land used in connection with gas/hydrocarbons power

generation.

332. Land rights

This account should record the cost of land rights used in connection with gas/hydrocarbons

power generation.

333. Buildings, fixtures and improvements

This account should record the cost of buildings, structures and improvements used in

connection with gas/hydrocarbons power generation.

334. Leasehold improvements

This account should record the cost of additions, improvements or alterations made to

premises the utility leases from others. The cost of the leasehold improvements shall be depreciated over the term of the lease or the service life of the improvement, whichever is

shorter.

Renewal provisions in the lease agreement shall be disregarded in amortizing leasehold

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improvements.

This account can be subdivided into as many classifications as are required.

335. Fuel holders, producers, and accessories

This account should record the cost installed of fuel handling and storage equipment used between the point of fuel delivery to the station and the intake pipe through which fuel is directly drawn to the engine, also the cost of gas producers and accessories devoted to the production of gas for use in prime movers driving main electric generators.

336. Prime movers

This account should record the cost of installed diesel and other prime movers devoted to the generation of electric energy, together with their auxiliaries.

337. Generators

This account should record the cost of installed diesel or other power driven main generators.

338. Accessory electric equipment

This account should record the cost of installed auxiliary generating apparatus, conversion equipment, and equipment used primarily in connection with the control and switching of electric energy produced in other power generating stations, and the protection of electric circuits and equipment, except electric motors used to drive equipment included in other accounts. Such motors shall be included in the account in which the equipment with which it

is associated is included.

339. Miscellaneous power plant equipment

This account should record the cost of installed miscellaneous equipment in and about the gas/hydrocarbons generating plant which is devoted to general station use and is not properly includible in other gas/hydrocarbons production accounts.

340. Roads, railroads and bridges

This account should record the cost of roads, railroads, trails, bridges, and trestles used primarily as production facilities. It includes also those roads, etc., necessary to connect the plant with highway transportation systems, except when such roads are dedicated to public

use and maintained by public authorities.

341. Asset retirement cost for gas/hydrocarbons generation plant

This account should record asset retirement costs on plant included in the gas/hydrocarbons production function.

11.5 Generation Plant - Nuclear

345. Land

This account should record the cost of land used in connection with nuclear power generation.

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346. Land rights

This account should record the cost of land rights used in connection with nuclear power

generation.

347. Buildings, fixtures and improvements

This account should record the cost of buildings, structures and improvements used in

connection with nuclear power generation.

348. Leasehold improvements

This account should record the cost of additions, improvements or alterations made to

premises the utility leases from others. The cost of the leasehold improvements shall be

depreciated over the term of the lease or the service life of the improvement, whichever is

shorter.

Renewal provisions in the lease agreement shall be disregarded in amortizing leasehold

improvements.

This account can be subdivided into as many classifications as are required.

349. Boiler plant equipment/Nuclear Reactor

This account should record the cost installed of furnaces, boilers, uranium and ash handling

and uranium preparing equipment, steam and feed water piping, boiler apparatus and

accessories used in the production of steam, mercury, or other vapour, to be used primarily

for generating electricity.

350. Generators

This account should record cost of installed nuclear or other power driven main generators.

351. Accessory electric equipment

This account should record the cost installed of auxiliary generating apparatus, conversion

equipment, and equipment used primarily in connection with the control and switching of

electric energy produced by uranium power and the protection of electric circuits and equipment, except electric motors used to drive equipment included in other accounts, such

motors being included in the account in which the equipment with which they are associated

is included.

352. Miscellaneous power plant equipment

This account should record the cost of installed miscellaneous equipment in and about the

nuclear generating plant which is devoted to general station use and is not properly includible

in other nuclear power production accounts

353. Roads, railroads and bridges

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This account should record the cost of roads, railroads, trails, bridges, and trestles used primarily as production facilities. It also includes those roads, etc., necessary to connect the plant with highway transportation systems, except when such roads are dedicated to public use and maintained by public authorities.

# 354. Asset retirement cost for generation plant

This account should record asset retirement costs on plant included in the nuclear power production function.

## 11.6 Transmission Plant

#### 380. Land

This account should record the cost of land used in connection with transmission operations.

#### 381. Land rights

This account should record the cost of land rights used in connection with transmission operations.

## 382. Buildings, fixtures and improvements

This account should record the cost of buildings, fixtures and improvements used in connection with transmission operations.

#### 383. Leasehold improvements

This account should record the cost of additions, improvements or alterations made to premises the utility leases from others. The cost of the leasehold improvements shall be depreciated over the term of the lease or the service life of the improvement, whichever is shorter.

Renewal provisions in the lease agreement shall be disregarded in amortizing leasehold improvements.

This account can be subdivided into as many classifications as are required.

## 384. Station equipment

This account should record the cost installed of transforming, conversion, and switching equipment used for changing the characteristics of electricity in connection with its transmission or for controlling transmission circuits.

#### 385. System communication and control

This account shall include the cost of all installed equipment utilized for the purposes of providing control, operation and observation of the status of the transmission system. e.g. Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition System (SCADA) communication equipment, Digital and Analog Microwave system, repeater stations etc

#### 386. Towers and fixtures

This account should record the cost installed of towers and appurtenant fixtures used for supporting overhead transmission conductors.

## 387. Poles and fixtures

This account should record the cost of installed transmission line poles, wood, steel, concrete, or other material, together with appurtenant fixtures used for supporting overhead transmission conductors.

## 388. Overhead conductors and devices

This account should record the cost of installed overhead conductors and devices used for transmission purposes.

### 389. Underground conduit

This account should record the cost installed of underground conduit and tunnels used for housing transmission cables or wires.

## 390. Underground conductors and devices

This account should record the cost installed of underground conductors and devices used for transmission purposes.

#### 391. Roads and trails

This account should record the cost of roads, trails, and bridges used primarily as transmission facilities.

The cost of temporary roads, bridges, etc., necessary during the period of construction but abandoned or dedicated to public use upon completion of the plant, should be charged to the accounts appropriate for the construction.

# 392. Asset retirement costs for transmission plant

This account should record asset retirement costs on plant included in the transmission plant function.

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11.7 Distribution Plant

400. Land

This account should record the cost of land used in connection with power distribution

operations.

401. Land rights

This account and its sub-accounts should record the cost of land rights, interests and

privileges held by the utility in land owned by others.

402. Buildings, fixtures and improvements

This account shall include the cost in place of buildings, fixtures and improvements used in

connection with power distribution operations.

403. Leasehold improvements

This account should record the cost of additions, improvements or alterations made to

premises the utility leases from others. The cost of the leasehold improvements shall be

depreciated over the term of the lease or the service life of the improvement, whichever is

shorter.

Renewal provisions in the lease agreement shall be disregarded in amortizing leasehold

improvements.

This account can be subdivided into as many classifications as are required.

404. Transformer station equipment - Normally primary above 132kv

This account should record the installed cost of transforming and switching equipment used

for the purpose of stepping down from transmission voltages to sub-transmission voltages

and/or distribution voltages.

The account shall include all equipment used in the above operation from the high voltage

feeder through to the delivery point outside the station or the connections within the confines

of the station area.

The detail of separate stations should be entered in such a manner that an accurate record of

their age, cost, location, and voltage characteristics will be evident.

405. Transformer station equipment - Normally primary below 132kv

This account should record the installed cost of transforming and switching equipment used

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for the purpose of stepping down to distribution voltages.

The account should record all equipment used in the above operation from the high voltage feeder through to the low voltage connection outside the station within the confines of the station area.

The detail of separate stations should be entered in such a manner that an accurate record of their age, cost, location, and voltage characteristics will be evident.

This account should also record the installed cost of overhead and underground distribution line transformers and pole type and underground voltage regulators owned by the Utility, for use in transforming electricity to the voltage at which it is to be used by the customer, whether actually in service or held in reserve.

The records covering line transformers should be kept in such a manner that the Utility can furnish information on the number of transformers of various capacities in service and those in reserve by; type (underground or overhead), capacity, and the location and the use of each transformer.

NOTE: The cost of line transformers used solely for street lighting or signal systems should not be included in this account but in account for "Street lighting and signal systems"

#### 406. System communication and control

This account should record the installed cost of all equipment utilized for the purposes of providing control, operation and observation of the status of the distribution system, e.g. Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition System (SCADA) communication equipment; Communications Equipment including Optic Fibres', coaxial cable which are used, etc.

# 407. Storage battery equipment

This account should record the installed cost of storage battery equipment used for the purpose of supplying electricity to meet emergency or peak demands.

NOTE: The cost of storage batteries used for control and general station purposes should not be included in this account but in the account appropriate for their use.

### 408. Poles, towers and fixtures

This account should record the cost installed of poles, towers, and appurtenant fixtures used for supporting overhead distribution conductors and service wires.

### 409. Overhead conductors and devices

This account should record the installed cost of overhead conductors and devices used for distribution purposes and the installed cost of overhead conductors leading from a point

> where wires leave the last pole of the overhead system or the distribution box, or the top of the pole of the distribution line, to the point of connection with the customer's outlet or wiring.

> NOTE: The cost of conductors used solely for street lighting or signal systems shall not be included in this account but in account for "Street lighting and signal systems".

410. Underground conduit

This account should record the installed cost of underground conduit and tunnels used for housing distribution cables or wires, including conduits used for underground service conductors.

NOTE: The cost of conduits used solely for street lighting or signal systems shall not be included in this account but in account for "Street lighting and signal systems".

411. Underground conductors and devices

This account should record installed cost of underground conductors and devices used for distribution purposes, including the installed cost of underground conductors leading from a point where wires leave the last distribution box or manhole, to the point of connection with the customer's outlet or wiring.

NOTE: The cost of conductors and devices used solely for street lighting or signal systems should not be included in this account but in account for "Street lighting and signal systems"

412. Conventional meters

This account should record the installed cost of conventional meters or devices and appurtenances thereto, for use in measuring the electricity delivered to customers, whether actually in service or held in reserve.

The records covering conventional meters should be kept in such a manner that the Utility can furnish information on the number of conventional meters of various capacities in service and those in reserve.

NOTE: This account should not include conventional meters for recording output of a generation station, substation meters etc.

413. Automated meters

This account should record the installed cost of automated meters or devices and appurtenances thereto, used in measuring the electricity delivered to customers, whether

actually in service or held in reserve.

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The records covering automated meters should be kept in such a manner that the Utility can furnish information on the number of conventional meters of various capacities in service and those in reserve.

NOTE: This account should **not** include automated meters for recording output of a generation station, substations meters etc.

# 414. Other installations on customer's premises

This account should record the cost installed of equipment on the customer's side of a meter when the utility incurs such cost and when the utility retains title to and assumes full responsibility for maintenance and replacement of such property.

## 415. Leased property on customer premises

This account should record the cost of electric motors, transformers, and other equipment on customers' premises, leased or loaned to customers, but not including property held for sale.

## 416. Street lighting and signal systems

This account should record the installed cost of utility owned equipment used wholly for public street and highway lighting or traffic, fire alarm, police, and other signal systems.

## 417. Asset retirement costs for distribution plant

This account should record Asset Retirement Costs on plant included in the distribution plant function.

11.8 General Plant

430. Land

This account should record the cost of land used for utility purposes, the cost of which cannot

be properly included in other land accounts.

431. Land rights

This account should record the cost of land rights used for utility purposes, the cost of which

cannot be properly included in other land rights accounts.

432. Buildings, fixtures and improvements

This account shall include the cost in place of buildings, fixtures and improvements used for

utility purposes, the cost of which cannot be properly included in other buildings, fixtures and

improvements accounts.

433. Office furniture and equipment

This account should record the cost of office furniture and equipment owned by the Utility and

devoted to utility service, and not permanently attached to buildings, except the cost of such furniture and equipment which the Utility elects to assign to other plant accounts on a

functional basis.

This account should be maintained in such a manner as to provide the cost of each piece of

equipment, and be subdivided into as many classifications as are required.

434. Computer hardware and voice and data network equipment

This account should record the installed cost of acquiring computer hardware including

telephone network equipment for general use in connection with utility operations. Hardware includes all physical equipment associated with computer input, processing, storage, retrieval

and output functions.

This account should be subdivided as deemed appropriate.

NOTE: Communications equipment utilized to monitor and control utility operations such as

SCADA equipment should be recorded in the accounts for Systems communication and

control.

435. Computer software and applications

This account should record the installed cost of developed and purchased computer

application software.

This account should be subdivided as deemed appropriate.

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436. Load settlement software applications

This account should record the installed cost of developed and purchased computer application software associated with processes for load settlement.

This account should be subdivided as deemed appropriate.

437. Transportation equipment, fleet vehicles

This account should record the cost of fleet vehicles generally used for general purposes.

This account should be subdivided as deemed appropriate, and the account should be

maintained in such a manner as to provide the cost of each piece of equipment.

NOTE: Non-fleet, work and service equipment should be recorded in the account for "Power

operated equipment"

438. Tools, workshop, garage, and stores equipment

This account should record the cost of tools, implements, equipment used in construction,

repair work, general workshops garages, equipment used for the receiving, shipping,

handling, and storage of materials and supplies; none of which is specifically provided for or

can be included in other departmental or functional plant accounts.

439. Measurement and testing equipment

This account should record installed cost of laboratory equipment used for general laboratory

purposes; none of which is specifically provided for or can be included in other departmental

or functional accounts.

440. Power operated equipment

This account should record the cost of power operated equipment used in construction or

repair work exclusive of equipment that can be included in other accounts. Include, also, the

tools and accessories acquired for use with such equipment and the vehicle on which such

equipment is mounted.

441. Mobile communication equipment

This account shall include the installed cost of mobile and wireless equipment for general use

in connection with utility operations.

NOTE: This account will not include telephone systems or SCADA control systems costs that

are included in the accounts for "Systems communications & control". Telephone systems will

be included in the account for "Computer hardware and voice & data network equipment".

442. Miscellaneous equipment

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This account should record cost of equipment, apparatus, etc., used in the utility operations, which is not included in any other account in this regulatory chart of accounts.

Examples of miscellaneous equipment items are:-

- 1. Hospital and infirmary equipment.
- 2. Kitchen equipment.
- 3. Employees' recreation equipment.
- 4. Radios.
- 5. Restaurant equipment.
- 6. Soda fountains.
- 7. Operators' cottage furnishings.
- 8. Other miscellaneous equipment.

NOTE: Miscellaneous equipment of the nature indicated above wherever practicable should be included in the utility plant accounts on a functional basis.

# 443. Other tangible property

This account should record the cost of tangible utility plant not provided for elsewhere.

## 444. Asset retirement cost for general plant

This account should record asset retirement costs on plant included in the general plant function.

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# 12 Text Pertaining to Income Statement

#### 12.1 **Utility Operating Revenue & Expense**

#### 500 Operating revenues - Distribution (540 to 550)

This account should show the total amount of the account balances from the related accounts (540 - 553 inclusive).

#### 501 Operation and maintenance expense (600 to 999)

This account should show the total amount of the account balances from the related accounts (600 - 999 inclusive).

#### 503 Depreciation and amortization expense

This account should record the amount of depreciation and amortization expense for all classes of depreciable electric plant in service. Records should be kept that allow depreciation expense to be shown by plant account.

The Utility should keep such records of property and property retirements as will reflect the service life of property which has been retired and aid in estimating probable service life by appropriate methods; and also such records as will reflect the percentage of salvage and costs of removal for property retired from each account, or subdivision thereof, for depreciable electric plant.

#### 504 Depreciation expense for asset retirement costs

This account should record the depreciation expense for asset retirement costs included in electric utility plant in service.

#### 505 Amortization of electric plant acquisition adjustments

This account should be debited or credited, as the case may be, with approved amounts included in operating expenses for the purpose of providing for the extinguishment of the amount in the account for "Electric plant acquisition adjustments".

#### 506 Regulatory debits

This account should be debited, when appropriate, with the amounts credited to the account for "Regulatory liabilities", to record regulatory liabilities imposed on the Utility by the ratemaking actions of the Energy Regulator. This account should also be debited, when appropriate, with the amounts credited to the account for "Regulatory assets", concurrent with the recovery of such amounts in rates.

#### 507 Regulatory credits

This account should be credited, when appropriate, with the amounts debited to the account for "Regulatory assets", to establish regulatory assets. This account shall also be credited,

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when appropriate, with the amounts debited to the account for "Regulatory liabilities", concurrent with the return of such amounts to customers through rates.

508 Taxes other than income taxes, utility operating income

This account should record the amounts of all other taxes assessed, except income taxes. Such taxes may include "payments in- lieu of taxes", municipal and school taxes, property

taxes, property transfer taxes, commodity taxes, and franchise fees.

This account should be charged in each accounting period with the amount of taxes which are applicable thereto, with concurrent credits to the account for "Current income taxes payable", or the account for "Prepayments", as appropriate. When it is not possible to determine the exact amount of taxes, the amounts should be estimated and adjustments made in current

accruals as the actual tax levies become known.

The charges made to this account should be made or supported so as to show the amount of

each tax and the basis upon which each charge is made.

509 Income taxes, utility operating income

This account should include the amounts of income taxes on income and large corporation tax amounts properly accruable during the period covered by the income statement to meet the actual liability for such taxes. Concurrent credits for the tax accruals should be made to the account for "Current income taxes payable", and as the exact amounts of taxes become known, the current tax accruals should be adjusted by charges or credits to these accounts, so that these accounts as nearly as can be ascertained should reflect the actual taxes

payable by the Utility.

NOTE 1: Taxes assumed by the Utility on interest should be charged to the account for "Short

term interest and other interest expense".

NOTE 2: Interest on tax refunds or deficiencies should not be included in these accounts but in the account for "Interest, dividend and other income" or in the account for "Short term

interest and other interest expense", as appropriate.

510 Provisions for future income taxes, utility operating income

The balance in this account should represent the amount provided for future income taxes in

the fiscal year.

The offsetting entry to this provision should be to the account for accumulated future income taxes (debit) and/or the account for "Accumulated future income taxes (credit)" as per the

instructions for those accounts.

510.2 VAT, utility operating activities

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This account should record input/output VAT for utility operating activities. Concurrent credits and debits for the VAT input and output taxes should be made to the account for "VAT" under liabilities.

## 511 Gains / Losses from disposition of utility plant

This account should record, as approved by the Energy Regulator, amounts relating to gains or losses from the disposition of future use utility plant including amounts which were previously recorded in and transferred from the account for "Electric plant held for future use", under the provisions of paragraphs. Income taxes relating to gains recorded in this account should be recorded in the account for "Income taxes, utility operating income.

The Utility should record in this account gains or losses resulting from the settlement of asset retirement obligations related to utility plant in accordance with the accounting prescribed in General Instructions for Electric Plant

## 512 Accretion expense asset retirement obligation

This account should be charged for accretion expense on the liabilities associated with asset retirement obligations included in the account for "Asset retirement obligations", related to electric utility plant.

# 513 Revenues from electric plant leased to others

These accounts should record revenues from electric property constituting a distinct operating unit or system leased by the Utility to others, and which property is properly included in the account for "Electric plant leased to others".

# 514 Expenses of electric plant leased to others

This account should record and the expenses attributable to such property leased to others. The detail of expenses should be kept or supported so as to show separately the following:

(1) Operation and Maintenance. (2) Depreciation. (3) Amortization

NOTE: Related taxes should be recorded in the account for "Taxes other than income taxes, utility operating income", or the account for "Income taxes, utility operating income", as appropriate.

## 12.2 Other Income and Deductions

## A. Other Income

# 517 Revenues from non-utility operations

These accounts should record revenues applicable to operations which are non-utility in character but nevertheless constitute a distinct operating activity of the enterprise as a whole.

NOTE: Related taxes should be recorded on the account for "Other deductions".

## 518 Expenses of non-utility operations

These accounts should record expenses applicable to operations which are non-utility in character but nevertheless constitute a distinct operating activity of the enterprise as a whole.

The expenses should include all elements of costs incurred in such operations, and the accounts should be maintained so as to permit ready summarization as follows:

(1) Operation and Maintenance. (2) Rents. (3) Depreciation. (4) Amortization.

#### 519 Equity in earnings of subsidiary companies

This account should record the Utility's equity in the earnings or losses of subsidiary companies for the year.

#### 520 Interest, dividend and other income

This account should record interest revenues on securities, loans, notes, advances, special deposits, tax refunds and all other interest-bearing assets, and dividends on stocks of other companies, whether the securities on which the interest and dividends are received are carried as investments or included in sinking or other special fund accounts.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub-accounts as to keep track of interest, dividends and other income separately:-

521.1 Interest

522.2 Dividend

522.3 Profit/Loss from disposition of emission (carbon credits)

522.3 Other income

## 521 Profit and Losses from Financial Instrument Hedges

This account should be used to record profits and losses from financial instruments used as hedges against financial risks such as price risk (i.e. currency risk, interest rate risk and market risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk. A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to both a financial asset of one party and a financial liability or equity instrument of another.

Note that financial instruments entered into for speculative investment purposes should be recorded separate sub-account under the account for "Interest, dividend and Other Income".

The related asset/liability should be recorded in the Account for "Derivative Financial Assets" or "Derivative Financial Liabilities"

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# 522 Allowance for other funds used during construction

This account should record concurrent credits for allowance for other funds used during construction, calculated as may be prescribed the Energy Regulator

#### B. Other Income Deductions

NOTE: These (other income deductions) accounts record miscellaneous expense items which are non-operating in nature and properly deductible in determining total income before interest charges. The classification of expenses as non-operating and their inclusion in these accounts is for accounting purposes, but is not automatically be allowed by the Energy Regulator for rate making or other purposes.

#### 523 Donations

This account should record all payments or donations for charitable, social or community welfare purposes.

#### 524 Life insurance

This account shall include all payments for life insurance of officers and employees where the Utility is beneficiary (net premiums less increase in cash surrender value of policies).

#### 525 Penalties

This account should record payments by the Utility for penalties or fines for violation of any regulatory statutes by the Utility or its officials.

# 526 Expenditures for certain civic, political and related activities

This account shall include expenditures for the purpose of influencing public opinion with respect to the election or appointment of public officials, referenda, legislation, or ordinances (either with respect to the possible adoption of new referenda, legislation or ordinances or repeal or modification of existing referenda, legislation or ordinances) or approval, modification, or revocation of franchises; or for the purpose of influencing the decisions of public officials, but shall not include such expenditures which are directly related to appearances before regulatory or other governmental bodies in connection with the reporting Utility's existing or proposed operations.

## 527 Other deductions

This account should record other miscellaneous expenses which are non-operating in nature, but which are properly deductible before determining total income before interest charges.

# 12.3 Interest Charges

## 528 Interest on long-term debt

This account should record the amount of interest on outstanding long-term debt issued or assumed by the Utility, the liability for which is included in the account for "Bonds and other long-term debt".

This account should be so kept or supported as to show the interest accruals on each class and series of long-term debt.

# 530 Interest on debt to associated companies

This account should record the interest accrued on amounts included in the account for "Advances from Associated Companies" and on all other obligations to Associated Companies.

The records supporting the entries to this account should be so kept as to show to whom the interest is to be paid, the period covered by the accrual, the rate of interest and the principal amount of the advances or other obligations on which the interest is accrued.

## 531 Short term interest and other interest expense

This account should record all interest charges not provided for elsewhere.

# 12.4 Unusual/infrequent Items

# 534 Unusual/infrequent income

This account should be credited with gains of unusual nature and infrequent occurrence, which would significantly distort the current year's income computed before Unusual/infrequent Items, if reported other than as Unusual/infrequent items. Income tax relating to the amounts recorded in this account should be recorded in the account for "Income taxes, utility operating income".

# 535 Unusual/infrequent deductions

This account should be debited with losses of unusual nature and infrequent occurrence, which would significantly distort the current year's income computed before Unusual/infrequent Items, if reported other than as Unusual/infrequent items. Income tax relating to the amounts recorded in this account should be recorded in the account for "Income taxes, utility operating income".

## 12.5 Revenue From Services - Generation

## 536 Generation services revenue

#### 12.6 Revenue From Services - Transmission

#### 537 Transmission services revenue

This account should only be used by transmission utilities to record revenues from transmission of electricity on behalf of others (i.e. distributors, etc).

The records should be maintained so that the quantity of electricity supplied to each party and the related revenues are readily available.

# 12.7 Revenue from Services - Distribution/Sale of Electricity

# 538 Distribution charges revenue

This account should record revenues from network distribution charge that should not be included in sale/distribution/reticulation of electricity accounts.

# 13 Text Pertaining to Sale/Distribution/Reticulation of Electricity

NOTE: The following list of tariff revenues accounts for distribution Utilities is only indicative, and may not be exhaustive. The utilities should therefore endeavour to report distribution revenues by rate classes of the utility and should assign account numbers within the prescribed range of 540 – 551 (for distribution revenues) such that each rate class receives its own account number.

## 540 Domestic low (Indigent)/Prepaid

This account should record the net billing for electricity supplied for low usage domestic (indigent/prepaid) purposes.

Records should be maintained so that the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received under each rate schedule is readily available

## 541 Domestic high (Conventional)

This account should record the net billing for electricity supplied for conventional domestic purposes.

Records should be maintained so that the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received under each rate schedule is readily available

# 542 Commercial Conventional (Single Phase)

This account should record all revenue resulting from the sale of electrical energy used by customers classified as commercial conventional (single phase).

Records should be maintained so that the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received under each rate schedule is readily available

# 543 Commercial Conventional (3-Phase)

This account should record all revenue resulting from the sale of electrical energy used by

customers classified as commercial conventional (3-phase).

Records should be maintained so that the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received

under each rate schedule is readily available

544 **Commercial Prepaid** 

This account should record all revenue resulting from the sale of electrical energy used by

customers classified as commercial prepaid.

Records should be maintained so that the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received

under each rate schedule is readily available

545 Industrial (400 Volts) (Low Voltage)

This account should record all revenue resulting from the sale of electrical energy used by

customers classified as Industrial low-voltage.

Records should be maintained so that the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received

under each rate schedule is readily available

546 Industrial (11 000 Volts) (High Voltage)

This account should record all revenue resulting from the sale of electrical energy used by

customers classified as Industrial high-voltage.

Records should be maintained so that the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received

under each rate schedule is readily available

547 Special/Negotiated tariffs

This account should record all revenue resulting from the sale of electrical energy used by

customers classified under special/negotiated tariff arrangements.

Records should be maintained so that the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received

under each rate schedule is readily available

548 Agricultural/ Rural/Farm dwellings tariffs

This account should record all revenue resulting from the sale of electrical energy used by

customers classified as agricultural/rural/farm dwellings.

Records should be maintained so that the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received

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under each rate schedule is readily available

#### 549 Sports grounds/Churches/Holiday/old age homes

This account should record all revenue resulting from the sale of electrical energy used by customers classified as sports grounds/churches/holiday/old age homes.

Records should be maintained so that the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received under each rate schedule is readily available

#### 550 Water pumps

This account should record all revenue resulting from the sale of electrical energy used for water pumps.

Records should be maintained so that the quantity of electricity sold and the revenue received under each rate schedule is readily available

#### 551 Street Lighting

This account should record all revenue resulting from the sale of electrical energy used for the lighting of streets and parks

#### 552 **Government Assistance Directly Credited to Income**

This account should record government assistance/grants towards current expenses or revenues, including grants for Basic Free Electricity. It should also record government assistance that has been deferred, and is subsequently amortized to income as related expenses are incurred.

#### 554 Own-use/Interdepartmental Energy Sales

This account should record amounts charged by the electric department at tariff or other rate determined in accordance to RRM Volume 1 for electricity supplied by it to other electric utility departments and/or for its own use.

#### 556 Revenue Adjustment

This account should record both unbilled revenue adjustments and prior year billing adjustments. Each adjustment should be completely described.

#### 558 Miscellaneous service revenues: Affiliates & Inter-Affiliates

This account should record all revenues (tariff, non-conventional or non-tariff) for services and charges billed to affiliates, in accordance with the provisions of each Utility's policy on affiliate transactions as prescribed in RRM Volume 1. These transactions are not specifically provided for in other accounts.

NOTE: This account will be broken down by major revenue classifications per utility specific requirements.

#### 559 Miscellaneous service revenues

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This account should record tariff revenues as outlined in the terms and conditions, non-conventional or non-tariff revenues for all miscellaneous services and charges billed to customers which are not specifically provided for in other accounts.

Separate records should be maintained for each class of service and related charges.

### **EXAMPLE ITEMS**

- 1. Fees for changing, connecting or disconnecting service.
- 2. Payment in lieu of notice revenues collected from customers.
- 3. Revenues collected from off cycle reads.
- 4. Fees gained from third parties for work done to complete meter compliance testing.
- 5. Revenue on maintenance of appliances, wiring, piping or other installations on customers' premises.
- 6. Revenues received for joint pole usage.
- 7. Net credit or debit (cost less net salvage and less payment from customers) on closing of work orders for plant installed for temporary service of less than one year.
- 8. Revenues from rent of electric property.

NOTE: This account will be broken down by major revenue classifications per Utility specific requirements.

## 560 Export sales

This account should record revenue from sale to of network services and/or electricity sales to customers domiciled outside South Africa. This account should include a record all revenues activities related to pool electricity.

A sub-account should be created within this account to record and track/record separately and report to the Energy Regulator expenses related to these export sales or network service.

# 14 Text Pertaining to Operating and Maintenance Expenses

# 14.1 Generation Expenses - Operation & maintenance

# 600 Hydraulic expenses

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in operating and maintenance of hydraulic works including reservoirs, dams, and waterways, and in activities directly relating to the hydroelectric development outside the generating station. It should also record the cost of labour, materials and expenses incurred in operating and maintenance of prime movers, generators and their auxiliary apparatus, switchgear and other electric equipment.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

600.1 Labour

600.2 Material & Supplies

600.3 Other Expenses

The utility may also, if it so desires, create further subcategories as separate between operation and maintenance expenses.

#### 605 Combustion engines/turbine operations

This account should record the cost of labour and expenses incurred in the general supervision and direction of the operation of other power generating stations. This account should also include the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in operating prime movers, generators and electric equipment in other power generating stations, to the point where electricity leaves for conversion for transmission or distribution. Additionally, this account should include the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in the operation of other power generating stations

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

605.1 Labour

605.2 Material & supplies used

605.3 Other expenses

The utility may also, if it so desires, create further subcategories as separate between operation and maintenance expenses.

#### 610 Fuel

This account should record the cost delivered at the station of all fuel, such as gas, oil, kerosene, coal, and gasoline used in power generation.

This account should be subdivided in into the following sub accounts as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

610.1 Labour

610.2 Consumables

610.3 Other expenses

#### 615 Combustion engines/turbines maintenance

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in maintenance of other power generation plant.

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This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

615.1 Labour

615.2 Material & supplies used

615.3 Other expenses

The utility may also, if it so desires, create further subcategories as separate between operation and maintenance expenses.

## 620 Other expenses

This account should be charged with any production expenses, which are not specifically provided for in other production expense accounts. Charges to this account should be supported so that a description of each type of charge will be readily available.

Recoveries from insurance companies, under use and occupancy provisions of policies, of amounts in reimbursement of excessive or added production costs for which the insurance company is liable under the terms of the policy should be credited to this account.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

620.1 Labour

620.2 Material & supplies used

620.3 Other expenses

The utility may also, if it so desires, create further subcategories as separate between operation and maintenance expenses.

### 621 Allowances for Waste Management/Emissions

This account should record the cost of allowances expensed concurrent with monthly carbon emissions in accordance with the prevailing South African Environmental Act legislative requirements.

### 14.2 Power Purchased and Other Power Supply Expenses

## 625 Power Purchased

This account should record the cost of all electricity purchased for resale.

The records supporting this account should show, by month, the demand and demand charges, kilowatt-hours and price thereof under each purchase contract and the charges and credits under each exchange of power pooling contract.

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### 626 Charges - Transmission/Distribution of Electricity by Others

This account should be record amounts payable to others for the transmission of the utility's electricity using transmission power system facilities owned by others.

### 627 Charges-Distribution of Electricity by Others

This account should be record amounts payable to others for the distribution of the utility's electricity using distribution power system facilities owned by others.

# 14.3 Transmission expenses- Operation & maintenance

### 630 Operation & Maintenance Supervision and engineering

This account should record the cost of labour and expenses incurred in the general supervision and direction of the operation and maintenance of the transmission system as a whole. Direct supervision of the same, shall be charged to the appropriate account.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

- 630.1 Labour
- 630.2 Material & supplies used
- 630.3 Other expenses

The utility may also, if it so desires, create further subcategories as separate between operation and maintenance expenses.

## 632 Operation & Maintenance Control centre operations

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in control centre operations pertaining to the transmission of electricity.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

- 632.1 Labour
- 632.2 Material & supplies used
- 632.3 Other expenses

The utility may also, if it so desires, create further subcategories as separate between operation and maintenance expenses.

## 636 Operation & Maintenance Station equipment expenses

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in operating and maintenance of transmission sub-stations and switching stations, the book cost of which is recorded in the account for "Station equipment".

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

636.1 Labour

636.2 Material & supplies used

636.3 Other expenses

The utility may also, if it so desires, create further subcategories as separate between operation and maintenance expenses.

#### 638 Operation & Maintenance Overhead lines expenses

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in operation and maintenance of transmission plant, the book cost of which is recorded in the accounts for "Towers and fixtures", "Poles and fixtures", "Overhead conductors and devices".

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

638.1 Labour

638.2 Material & supplies used

638.3 Other expenses

The utility may also, if it so desires, create further subcategories as separate between operation and maintenance expenses.

#### 640 Operation & Maintenance Underground lines expenses

These accounts should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in the operation and maintenance of transmission lines, the book cost of which is recorded in the account for "Underground conductors and devices".

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

640.1 Labour

640.2 Material & supplies used

640.3 Other expenses

The utility may also, if it so desires, create further subcategories as separate between operation and maintenance expenses.

NOTE: Programs that extend the life or provide future benefit of the asset will be recorded to the associated capital accounts.

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#### 642 Operation & Maintenance Miscellaneous transmission expenses

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in transmission map and record work, transmission office expenses, and other transmission expenses not provided for elsewhere.

This account should be subdivided in sub accounts as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately. The utility may also, if it so desires, create subcategories as separate between operation and maintenance expenses

### 646 Operation & Maintenance servitude (right of way) payments

The expense associated with operating and maintaining transmission servitude (right of way) properties is the only expenditures to be accounted for within this account.

If payments cover property used for more than one function, such as production plant and transmission, or by more than one department, the payment should be apportioned to the appropriate account on an actual, or if necessary, a fully allocated cost basis.

The costs for the property when incurred by the Utility should be charged to the accounts appropriate for the expense, as if the property were owned.

### 648 Operation & Maintenance of structures

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in the operations and maintenance of structures, the book cost of which is recorded in account for "Structures and improvements".

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

648.1 Labour

648.2 Material & supplies used

648.3 Other expenses

## 650 Operation and Maintenance of vegetation management

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in operation and maintenance of plant specially related to the control of trees, brush and general vegetation which may affect the safe and reliable operation of the transmission system.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

650.1 Labour

650.2 Material & supplies used

650.3 Other expenses

## 652 Operation & Maintenance IT support

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in operation and maintenance of owned or leased Information Technology (IT) systems which is assignable to transmission operations and is not provided for elsewhere.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

- 652.1 Labour
- 652.2 Material & supplies used
- 652.3 Other expenses

### 14.4 Distribution expenses - Operation & Maintenance

## 655 Operation & Maintenance Supervision and engineering

This account should record the cost of labour and expenses incurred in the general supervision and direction of the operation and maintenance of the distribution system. Direct supervision of specific activities, such as station operation, line operation, meter department operation, etc., shall be charged to the appropriate account.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

- 655.1 Labour
- 655.2 Material & supplies used
- 655.3 Other expenses

## 657 Operation & Maintenance Control centre operations

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in load, crew and lineman dispatching operations and maintenance pertaining to the distribution of electricity.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

- 657.1 Labour
- 657.2 Material & supplies used
- 657.3 Other expenses

# 659 Operation & Maintenance Station equipment expenses

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expense incurred in operation and maintenance of plant, the book cost of which is recorded in the account for "Station equipment" and the account for "Storage battery equipment".

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This account should also record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in operation and maintenance of distribution line transformers.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc. separately.

659.1 Labour

659.2 Material & supplies used

659.3 Other expenses

## 661 Operation & Maintenance Overhead line expenses

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in the operations and maintenance of overhead distribution line facilities, the book cost of which is recorded in the account for "Poles, towers and fixtures" and the account for "Overhead conductors and devices".

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

661.1 Labour

661.2 Material & supplies used

661.3 Other expenses

NOTE: Programs that extend the life or provide future benefit of the asset should be recorded to the associated capital accounts.

## 662 Operation & Maintenance Underground line expenses

This account shall include the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in the operation and maintenance of underground distribution lines, the book cost of which is recorded in the account for "Underground conductors and devices".

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

662.1 Labour

662.2 Material & supplies used

662.3 Other expenses

NOTE: Programs that extend the life or provide future benefit of the asset will be recorded to the associated capital accounts.

NOTE: If the Utility owns storage battery equipment used for supplying electricity to customers in periods of emergency, the cost of operating and maintenance labour and of supplies, such as acid, gloves, hydrometers, thermometers, soda, automatic cell fillers, acid

proof shoes, etc., shall be included in this account. If significant in amount, a separate subdivision shall be maintained for such expenses.

#### 663 Operation & Maintenance Street lighting and signal system expenses

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in the operation and maintenance of street lighting and signal system plant, the book cost of which is recorded in the account for "Street lighting and signal systems". Costs include:

- (a) The operation of street lighting and signal system plant which is owned or leased by the Utility; and
- (b) The operation and maintenance of such plant owned by customers where such work is done regularly as a part of the street lighting and signal system service.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

- 663.1 Labour
- 663.2 Material & supplies used
- 663.3 Other expenses

#### 665 Operation & Maintenance Meter expenses

This account shall include the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in the operation and maintenance of customer meters and associated equipment, the book cost of which is recorded in the account for "Conventional meters" and the account for "Automated meters".

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

- 665.1 Labour
- 665.2 Material & supplies used
- 665.3 Other expenses

NOTE: The cost of setting and testing of a meter is chargeable to utility plant account for "Conventional meters" and the account for "Automated meters".

#### 667 **Operation & Maintenance Customer installations expenses**

This account shall include the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in work on customer installations, in inspecting premises and in rendering services to customers.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc. separately.

- 667.1 Labour
- 667.2 Material & supplies used

667.3 Other expenses

#### 669 Operation & Maintenance Miscellaneous distribution expenses

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in distribution system operation and maintenance not provided for elsewhere.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

669.1 Labour

669.2 Material & supplies used

669.3 Other expenses

#### 671 Operation & Maintenance servitude (right of way) payments

The expense associated with operating and maintaining distribution servitude (right of way) properties is the only expenditure to be accounted for within this account.

If payments cover property used for more than one function, such as production plant and transmission, or by more than one department, the payment should be apportioned to the appropriate account on an actual, or if necessary, a fully allocated cost basis.

The costs for the property when incurred by the Utility should be charged to the accounts appropriate for the expense, as if the property were owned.

#### 673 Operation & Maintenance of structures

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in operation and maintenance of structures, the book cost of which is recorded in the account for "Structures and improvements".

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

673.1 Labour

673.2 Material & supplies used

673.3 Other expenses

#### 681 Operation and Maintenance vegetation management

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in operation and maintenance of plant specially related to the control of trees, brush and general vegetation which may affect the safe and reliable operation of the distribution system.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

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- 681.1 Labour
- 681.2 Material & supplies used
- 681.3 Other expenses

# 683 Operation & Maintenance IT support

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in operation and maintenance of owned or leased Information Technology (IT) systems which is assignable to distribution operations and is not provided for elsewhere.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

- 683.1 Labour
- 683.2 Material & supplies used
- 683.3 Other expenses

## 15 Customer Service, Sales, General & Administrative

## 15.1 Customer Account Expenses

## 901 Supervision

This account should record the cost of labour and expenses incurred in the general direction and supervision of customer accounting and collecting activities. Direct supervision of a specific activity should be charged to the account for "Meter reading expenses" or the account for "Customer records and collection expenses", as appropriate.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

901.1 Labour

901.2 Other expenses

# 902 Meter reading expenses

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in reading customer meters, and determining consumption. These costs should include salaries and wages, stationery, postage, transportation, delivery expenses and the charges for contract work performed by other parties engaged in these functions.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

902.1 Labour

902.2 Material & supplies used

902.3 Other expenses

# 903 Customer records and collection expenses

This account should record all costs related to work on customer applications, contracts, orders, credit investigations, billing and accounting, collections and complaints. These costs should include salaries and wages, stationery, postage, delivery expense and the charges for contract work performed by other parties engaged in these functions.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

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903.1 Labour

903.2 Material & supplies used

903.3 Other expenses

## 904 Uncollectible accounts

This account should be charged with amounts sufficient to provide for losses from uncollectible utility revenues. Concurrent credits shall be made to the account for "Accounts receivable impairments"—credit. Losses from uncollectible accounts shall be charged to the account for "Accounts receivable impairments".

### 905 Miscellaneous customer accounts expenses

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred not provided for in other accounts.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

905.1 Labour

905.2 Material & supplies used

905.3 Other expenses

### 906 IT customer service

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred the operation and maintenance of owned or leased Information Technology (IT) systems which is assignable to customer service operations covered under accounts 901 – 905 and not provided for in other accounts.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

906.1 Labour

906.2 Material & supplies used

906.3 Other expenses

## 15.2 Customer Service and Informational Expenses

## 907 Supervision

This account should record the cost of labour and expenses incurred in the general direction and supervision of customer service activities, the object of which is to encourage safe, efficient and economical use of the Utility's service. Direct supervision of a specific activity within customer service and informational expense classification should be charged to the account wherein the costs of such activity are included.

### 908 Customer assistance expenses

This account should the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in field based activities which include promoting and encouraging safe, efficient and economical use of the Utility's service; these activities are not provided for in other accounts.

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908.1 Labour

908.2 Material & supplies used

908.3 Other expenses

#### 909 Informational and instructional advertising expenses

This account shall include the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in activities conducted by the corporate communications groups which primarily convey information to the public promoting and encouraging safe, efficient and economical use of the Utility's service.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

909.1 Labour

909.2 Material & supplies used

909.3 Other expenses

NOTE: Exclude from this account and charge to the account for "Miscellaneous general expenses", the cost of publication of stockholder reports, dividend notices, bond redemption notices, financial statements, and other notices of a general corporate character. Exclude also all expenses of a promotional, institutional, goodwill or political nature, which are includible in such accounts and the account for "Expenditures for certain civic, political and related activities".

#### 910 Miscellaneous customer service and informational expenses

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in connection with customer service and informational activities which are not included in other customer information expense accounts.

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc, separately.

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910.1 Labour

910.2 Material & supplies used

910.3 Other expenses

#### 15.3 Sales Expenses

#### 916 Miscellaneous sales expenses

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This account should record the cost of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in connection with sales activities, except merchandising, which are includible in the account for "Informational and instructional advertising expenses".

This account should be subdivided into the following sub accounts so as to keep track of cost of labour, consumables, other expenses, etc. separately.

916.1 Labour

916.2 Material & supplies used

916.3 Other expenses

## 15.4 Administrative and General Expenses

### 920 Administrative and general salaries

This account should record the compensation (salaries, bonuses, and other consideration for services, but not including directors' fees) of officers, executives, and other employees of the Utility properly chargeable to utility operations and not chargeable directly to a particular operating function.

This account may be subdivided in accordance with a classification appropriate to the departmental or other functional organization of the Utility.

### 921 Office supplies and expenses

This account should record office supplies and expenses incurred in connection with the general administration of the Utility's operations, which are assignable to specific administrative or general departments and are not specifically provided for in other accounts. This includes the expenses of the various administrative and general departments, the salaries and wages of which are included in the account for "Administrative and general salaries".

This account may be subdivided in accordance with a classification appropriate to the departmental or other functional organization of the Utility.

NOTE: Office expenses which are clearly applicable to any group of operating expenses other than the administrative and general group should be included in the appropriate account in such group. Further, general expenses which apply to the Utility as a whole rather than to a particular administrative function should be included in the account for "Miscellaneous general expenses".

## 922 Administrative expenses transferred - Credit

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This account should be credited with administrative expenses recorded in the accounts for "Administrative and general salaries" and "Office supplies and expenses" which are transferred to construction costs or to non-utility accounts.

## 923 Outside services employed

This account should record the fees and expenses of professional consultants and others for general services which are not applicable to a particular operating function or to other accounts. It should also record the pay and expenses of persons engaged for a special or temporary administrative or general purpose in circumstances where the person so engaged is not considered as an employee of the Utility.

This account should be so maintained as to permit ready summarization according to the nature of service and the person providing the service.

NOTE: Should exclude from this account inspection and brokerage fees and Commissions chargeable to other accounts or fees and expenses in connection with security issues, which should be recorded in the expenses of issuing securities.

### 924 Insurance premiums

This account should record the cost of insurance premiums.

Records should be kept so as to show the amount of coverage for each class of insurance carried, the property covered, and the applicable premiums. Any dividends distributed by mutual insurance companies should be credited to the accounts to which the insurance premiums were charged.

NOTE A: The cost of insurance should be charged to construction either directly or by transfer to construction work orders from this account.

NOTE B: The cost of insurance for the following classes of property shall be charged as indicated

- (1) Electric plant leased to others, to the account for "Expenses of electric plant leased to others".
- (2) Non-utility property, to the account for "Revenue from non-utility operations".

NOTE C: The cost of labour and related supplies and expenses of administrative and general employees who are only incidentally engaged in property insurance work may be included in the accounts for "Administrative and general salaries", and "Office supplies and expenses", as appropriate.

# 925 Injuries and damages

This account should record the cost reserve accruals to protect the Utility against injuries and damages claims of employees or others, losses of such character not covered by insurance,

and expenses incurred in settlement of injuries and damages claims. It should also record the cost of labour and related supplies and expenses incurred in injuries and damages activities.

Reimbursements from insurance companies or others for expenses charged hereto on account of injuries and damages and insurance dividends or refunds should be credited to this account.

NOTE A: Payments to or on behalf of employees for accident or death benefits, hospital expenses, medical supplies or for salaries while incapacitated for service or on leave of absence beyond periods normally allowed, when not the result of occupational injuries, shall be charged to the account for "Employee pensions and benefits.

NOTE B: The cost of injuries and damages or reserve accruals capitalized should be charged to construction directly or by transfer to construction work orders from this account.

NOTE C: Exclude from this account the time and expenses of employees (except those engaged in injuries and damages activities) spent in attendance at safety and accident prevention educational meetings, if occurring during the regular work period.

NOTE D: The cost of labour and related supplies and expenses of administrative and general employees who are only incidentally engaged in injuries and damages activities may be included in the accounts for "Administrative and general salaries", and "Office supplies and expenses", as appropriate.

NOTE E: Recoveries from insurance companies or others for property damages should be credited to the account charged with the cost of the damage. If the damaged property has been retired, the credit should be to the appropriate account for accumulated provision for depreciation.

### 926 Employee pensions and benefits

The cost of pension and benefit expense as determined under prevailing GAAP should recorded in this account.

Utilities should segregate costs for non-utility pensions and benefits expenses, and those amounts charged to construction, operations & maintenance and G&A accounts either through sub accounts or a credit to this account for that value.

## 928 Energy Regulator expenses

This account should record all third party expenses and payments for fees assessed against the Utility for regulatory proceedings. Costs will include levies and expenses of the Energy Regulator permissible under the Electricity Regulation Act.

NOTE: Any and all costs in excess of approved amounts by the Energy Regulator and all disallowed hearing costs would be charged to the account for "Energy Regulator Expenses Disallowed".

Amounts of Energy Regulatory expenses which by approval or direction of the Energy Regulator are to be spread over future periods should be charged to the account for "Miscellaneous deferred debits", and amortized by charges to this account.

NOTE A: Exclude from this account and include in other appropriate operating expense accounts, expenses incurred in the improvement of service, additional inspection, or rendering reports, which are made necessary by the rules and regulations, or orders, of the Energy Regulator.

NOTE B: Do not include in this account amounts includible in the account for "Franchises and consents", "Unamortized debt expense".

# 930 General advertising expenses

This account should record the cost of labour, materials used, and expenses incurred in advertising and related activities, the cost of which by their content and purpose are not provided for elsewhere.

NOTE A: Properly includible in this account is the cost of advertising activities on a local or national basis of a good will or institutional nature, which is primarily designed to improve the image of the Utility or the industry, including advertisements which inform the public concerning matters affecting the company's operations, such as, the cost of providing service, the company's efforts to improve the quality of service, the company's efforts to improve and protect the environment, etc. Entries relating to advertising included in this account should contain or refer to supporting documents which identify the specific advertising message. If references are used, copies of the advertising message should be readily available.

NOTE B: Exclude from this account and include in the account for "Expenditures for certain civic, political and related activities", expenses for advertising activities, which are designed to lobby or solicit public support or the support of public officials in matters of a political nature.

# 931 Miscellaneous general expenses

This account should record the cost of labour and expenses incurred in connection with the general management of the Utility not provided for elsewhere.

### 932 Rents

This account should record rents properly includible in utility operating expenses for the property of others used, occupied, or operated in connection with utility operations other than head office rent. This account should record rents for retail offices and field offices. Exclude only those payments associated with operating and maintaining servitude (right of way) properties.

### 933 Head office rent

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This account shall include rents properly includible in utility operating expenses for the property of others used, occupied, or operated in connection with the head office.

934 IT G & A expense

This account should record the compensation (salaries, and expenses) employees of the IT department related to general and administrative activities properly chargeable to utility operations for the provision of regular utility services and not chargeable directly to a particular operating function.

935 Maintenance of general plant

This account should record the cost assignable to customer accounts, sales and administrative and general functions of labour, materials used and expenses incurred in the maintenance of property, where the book cost is recorded in the account for "Structures and improvements", account for "Office furniture and equipment", account for "Computer hardware & voice and data network equipment", account for "Communication equipment", and account "Miscellaneous equipment".

Maintenance expenses on office furniture and equipment used other than in general, commercial and sales offices should be charged to the specific account under the following:

Power Generation (Hydro, Coal, Gas, Nuclear, etc respectively)

Transmission.

Distribution,

941 Energy Regulator expenses disallowed

This account should record all costs exceeding the Energy Regulator approved amounts and all disallowed costs in regards to third party expenses and payments made for fees assessed

against the Utility for formal regulatory proceedings.

15.5 Load Management and Optimization Expenses

944 Load management & optimization

This account shall include all expenses properly includible in utility operating expenses, (except pay of regular employees only incidentally engaged in such work) incurred by the Utility in connection with activities to support administration and execution of the load settlement. These costs shall include salaries and wages stationery, postage, delivery expense and the charges for contract work performed by other parties engaged in these

functions.

**EXAMPLE ITEMS:** 

 Analyze, arbitrate and resolve disputes as they so arise, including payments made to the Energy Regulatory for fees, pay and expenses of agents, and employees, and related expenses of the formal Labour costs associated with the analysis / assessments.

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• Staff costs and expenses of the arbitration group.

# 945 IT load management & optimization

This account shall include the cost of labour and expenses incurred in IT (Information Technology) activities to support load management & optimization transactions provisioned under agreements such as pooling or interconnection.

**EXAMPLE Systems Supported:** 

- Interconnection measurement and tracking system
- · Settlement profiling application
- Economic assessment modelling tools used thereto