
GENERAL NOTICE

NOTICE 449 OF 2006

NATIONAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

AMENDMENT OF REGULATIONS RELATING TO A TRANSPARENT PRICING SYSTEM FOR MEDICINES AND SCHEDULED SUBSTANCES

The Minister of Health intends, in terms of the Medicines and Related Substances Act No 101 of 1965, to amend in accordance with the Schedule the Regulations Relating to a Transparent Pricing System for Medicines and Scheduled Substances as promulgated in Government Notice No. R 1102 on 11 November 2005. Interested parties are invited to submit written their comments in writing on or before 15 April 2006 to:

The Director General
Private Bag X828
Pretoria
0001
Attention: Dr A Pillay

SCHEDULE

The Regulations Relating to a Transparent Pricing System for Medicines are hereby amended as **follows**

1. By the insertion of the following definition after the definition of "discounts" in regulation 1:

“dispense” means:

- (1) the application by a health professional, authorised by law to dispense medicines, of his or her mind, in the context of the sale of a particular medicine to an identifiable user, to -
- (a) the legality of such sale;
 - (b) the evaluation of a written prescription if any;
 - (c) the appropriate dosage of that medicine for that user;
 - (d) safety issues for that user regarding the use of that medicine;
 - (e) the pharmaceutical and pharmacological incompatibilities of that medicine with any other medicines being taken by the user;
 - (f) possible allergies of the user to that medicine;
 - (g) possible medicine interactions;
 - (h) the optimal use and duration of use of that medicine with regard to a particular health condition of that user; and
- (2) the preparation of a particular medicine for an identifiable user including the reconstitution of a medicine in a non-sterile environment, picking, packaging and labeling of the medicine, checking of expiry dates of the medicine, and keeping of appropriate dispensing records as required by law; and
- (3) the handing of a particular medicine to an identifiable user or such user's caregiver with advice or instructions as to its safe and effective use or administration, or the provision of a patient information leaflet or other written material on the safety or efficacy of the medicine;

but excludes the manufacturing, manipulation or compounding of a medicine;"

By the insertion of the following definition after the definition of "dispense" of the following definition:

"dispensing fee" means the maximum fee, inclusive of VAT, that may be charged to dispense a medicine;"

3. By the substitution of the definition in regulation 2 of the phrase “logistics fee” with the following:

“logistics fee means the fee, inclusive of VAT, that is payable in respect of logistical services;
4. By the substitution of the definition in regulation 2 of the phrase “logistical services” with the following:

““logistical services” means those services provided by distributors and wholesalers in relation to a medicine or scheduled substance including but not limited to warehousing, inventory or stock control management]order and batch order processing, delivery, batch tracking and tracing, cold chain storage and distribution;”
5. By the insertion in regulation 3 after (e) of the following:
“(9 the logistics fee.”
6. By the substitution of regulation 4 for the following:

“ (1) The manufacturer or importer, as the case may be, must ensure that the single exit price is clearly and legibly reflected on the packaging in which medicines are sold to providers of logistical services and retailers;

(2) Retailers must ensure that the single exit price is clearly and legibly reflected on the packaging in which the medicine is sold to a user;

(3) Retailers must ensure that at the time of the sale of a medicine to a user, the user is supplied with an invoice that reflects separately the single exit price of the medicine and, if the medicine was dispensed, the dispensing fee.”
7. By the substitution of regulation 10 with the following:

“The appropriate dispensing fee as contemplated in section 22G(2)(b) of the Act to be charged by pharmacists must be calculated as follows:

- (1) Where the single exit price of a medicine is **less** than seventy five rands, the dispensing fee, is a total of seven rands **plus** 28% of the single exit price ~~of~~ the medicine;
- (2) Where the single exit price of a medicine is seventy five rands or more but less than one hundred and fifty rands, the dispensing fee is a total of twenty three rands plus 7% ~~of~~ the single exit price ~~of~~ the medicine;
- (3) ~~Where~~ the single exit price ~~of~~ a medicine is one hundred and fifty rands or more but **less than two** hundred and fifty rands, the dispensing fee is a total of twenty six **rands** plus 5% ~~of~~ the single exit price ~~of~~ the medicine;
- (4) Where the single exit ~~price~~ of a medicine is **two** hundred and fifty rands or more, the dispensing fee is a total ~~of~~ thirty one rands plus **3%** of the single exit price of the medicine.

M E TSHABALALA-MSIMANG
MINISTER OF HEALTH
