

(d) **BARS AND RODS:**

Rolled, extruded, drawn or forged products, not in coils, which have a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons (including "flattened circles" and "modified rectangles", of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel). Products with a rectangular (including square), triangular or polygonal cross-section may have corners rounded along their whole length. The thickness of such products which have a rectangular (including "modified rectangular") cross-section exceeds one-tenth of the width. The expression also covers cast or sintered products, of the same forms and dimensions, which have been subsequently worked after production (otherwise than by simple trimming or de-scaling), provided that they have not thereby assumed the character of articles or products of other headings.

Wire-bars and billets with their ends tapered or otherwise worked simply to facilitate their entry into machines for converting them into, for example, drawing stock (wire-rod) or tubes, are however to be taken to be unwrought copper of heading 74.03.

(e) **PROFILES:**

Rolled, extruded, drawn, forged or formed products, coiled or not, of a uniform cross-section along their whole length, which do not conform to any of the definitions of bars, rods, wire, plates, sheets, strip, foil, tubes or pipes. The expression also covers cast or sintered products, of the same forms, which have been subsequently worked after production (otherwise than by simple trimming or de-scaling), provided that they have not thereby assumed the character of articles or products of other headings.

(f) **WIRE:**

Rolled, extruded or drawn products, in coils, which have a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons (including "flattened circles" and "modified rectangles", of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel). Products with a rectangular (including square), triangular or polygonal cross-section may have corners rounded along their whole length. The thickness of such products which have a rectangular (including "modified rectangular") cross-section exceeds one-tenth of the width.

In the case of heading 74.14, however, the terms "wire" applies only to products, whether or not in coils, of any cross-sectional shape, of which no cross-sectional dimension exceeds 6 mm.

(g) **PLATES, SHEETS, STRIP AND FOIL:**

Flat-surfaced products (excluding the unwrought products of heading 74.03), coiled or not, of solid rectangular (excluding square) cross-section with or without rounded corners (including "modified rectangles" of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel) of a uniform thickness, which are:

- of rectangular (including square) shape with a thickness not exceeding one-tenth of the width,
- of a shape (excluding rectangular or square), of any size, provided they do not assume the character of articles or products of other headings.

Headings 74.09 and 74.10 apply, inter alia, to plates, sheets, strip and foil with patterns (for example, grooves, ribs, chequers, tears, buttons, lozenges) and to such products which have been perforated, corrugated, polished or coated, provided they do not thereby assume the character of articles or products of other headings.

(h) **TUBES AND PIPES:**

Hollow products, coiled or not, which have a uniform cross-section with only one enclosed void along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons, and which have a uniform wall thickness. Products with a rectangular (including square), equilateral triangular or regular convex polygonal cross-section, which may have corners rounded along their whole length, are also to be taken to be tubes and pipes provided the inner and outer cross-sections are concentric and have the same form and orientation. Tubes and pipes of the foregoing cross-sections may be polished, coated, bent, threaded, drilled, waisted, expanded, cone-shaped or fitted with flanges, collars or rings.

**SUBHEADING NOTE:**

1. In this Chapter the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them:

(a) **COPPER-ZINC BASE ALLOYS (BRASSES):**

Alloys of copper and zinc, with or without other elements. When other elements are present:

- zinc predominates by mass over each of such other elements;
- any nickel content by mass is less than 5 per cent (see copper-nickel-zinc alloys (nickel silvers)); and
- any tin content by mass is less than 3 per cent (see copper-tin alloys (bronzes)).

- (b) **COPPER-TIN BASE ALLOYS (BRONZES):**  
Alloys of copper and tin, with or without other elements. When other elements are present, tin predominates by mass over each of such other elements, except that when the tin content is 3 per cent or more the zinc content by mass may exceed that of tin but must be less than 10 per cent.
- (c) **COPPER-NICKEL-ZINC BASE ALLOYS (NICKEL SILVERS):**  
Alloys of copper, nickel and zinc, with or without other elements. The nickel content is 5 per cent or more by mass (see copper-zinc alloys (brasses)).
- (d) **COPPER-NICKEL BASE ALLOYS:**  
Alloys of copper and nickel, with or without other elements but in any case containing by mass not more than 1 per cent of zinc. When other elements are present, nickel predominates by mass over each of such other elements.

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 75 of the following:**

**NOTE:**

1. In this Chapter the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them:

(a) **BARS AND RODS:**

Rolled, extruded, drawn or forged products, not in coils, which have a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons (including "flattened circles" and "modified rectangles", of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel). Products with a rectangular (including square), triangular or polygonal cross-section may have corners rounded along their whole length. The thickness of such products which have a rectangular (including "modified-rectangular") cross-section exceeds one-tenth of the width. The expression also covers cast or sintered products, of the same forms and dimensions, which have been subsequently worked after production (otherwise than by simple trimming or de-scaling), provided that they have not thereby assumed the character of articles or products of other headings.

(b) **PROFILES:**

Rolled, extruded, drawn, forged or formed products, coiled or not, of a uniform cross-section along their whole length, which do not conform to any of the definitions of bars, rods, wire, plates, sheets, strip, foil, tubes or pipes. The expression also covers cast or sintered products, of the same forms, which have been subsequently worked after production (otherwise than by simple trimming or de-scaling), provided they have not thereby assumed the character of articles or products of other headings.

(c) **WIRE:**

Rolled, extruded or drawn products, in coils, which have a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons (including "flattened circles" and "modified rectangles", of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel). Products with a rectangular (including square), triangular or polygonal cross-section may have corners rounded along their whole length. The thickness of such products which have a rectangular (including "modified rectangular") cross-section exceeds one-tenth of the width.

(d) **PLATES, SHEETS, STRIP AND FOIL:**

Flat-surfaced products (excluding the unwrought products of heading 75.02), coiled or not, of solid rectangular (excluding square) cross-section with or without rounded corners (including "modified rectangles" of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel) of a uniform thickness, which are:

- of rectangular (including square) shape with a thickness not exceeding one-tenth of the width,
- of a shape (excluding rectangular or square), of any size, provided that they do not assume the character of articles or products of other headings.

Heading 75.06 applies, *INTER ALIA*, to plates, sheets, strip and foil with patterns (for example, grooves, ribs, chequers, tears, buttons, lozenges) and to such products which have been perforated, corrugated, polished or coated, provided they do not thereby assume the character of articles or products of other headings.

(e) **TUBES AND PIPES:**

Hollow products, coiled or not, which have a uniform cross-section with only one enclosed void along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons, and which have a uniform wall thickness. Products with a rectangular (including square), equilateral triangular, or regular convex polygonal cross-section,

which may have corners rounded along their whole length, are also to be considered as tubes and pipes provided the inner and outer cross-sections are concentric and have the same form and orientation. Tubes and pipes of the foregoing cross-sections may be polished, coated, bent, threaded, drilled, waisted, expanded, cone-shaped or fitted with flanges, collars or rings.

**SUBHEADING NOTES:**

1. In this Chapter the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them:

(a) **NICKEL, NOT ALLOYED:**

Metal containing by mass at least 99 per cent of nickel plus cobalt, provided:

- (i) the cobalt content by mass does not exceed 1,5 per cent, and
- (ii) the content by mass of any other element does not exceed the limit specified in the following table:

Element	Limiting content percentage by mass
Fe - Iron	0,5
O - Oxygen	0,4
Other elements, each	0,3

(b) **NICKEL ALLOYS:**

Metallic substances in which nickel predominates by mass over each of the other elements provided:

- (i) the content by mass of cobalt exceeds 1,5 per cent,
- (ii) the content by mass of at least one of the other elements is greater than the limit specified in the foregoing table, or
- (iii) the total content by mass of elements (excluding nickel plus cobalt) exceeds 1 per cent.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter Note 1(c), for the purposes of subheading 7508.10 the term "wire" applies only to products, whether or not in coils, of any cross-sectional shape, of which no cross-sectional dimension exceeds 6 mm.

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 76 of the following:**

**NOTES:**

1. In this Chapter the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them:

(a) **BARS AND RODS:**

Rolled, extruded, drawn or forged products, not in coils, which have a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons (including "flattened circles" and "modified rectangles", of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel). Products with a rectangular (including square), triangular or polygonal cross-section may have corners rounded along their whole length. The thickness of such products which have a rectangular (including "modified rectangular") cross-section exceeds one-tenth of the width. The expression also covers cast or sintered products, of the same forms and dimensions, which have been subsequently worked after production (otherwise than by simple trimming or de-scaling), provided that they have not thereby assumed the character of articles or products of other headings.

(b) **PROFILES:**

Rolled, extruded, drawn, forged or formed products, coiled or not, of a uniform cross-section along their whole length, which do not conform to any of the definitions of bars, rods, wire, plates, sheets, strip, foil, tubes or pipes. The expression also covers cast or sintered products, of the same forms, which have been subsequently worked after production (otherwise than by simple trimming or de-scaling), provided that they have not thereby assumed the character of articles or products of other headings.

- (c) **WIRE:**  
Rolled, extruded or drawn products, in coils, which have a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons (including "flattened circles" and "modified rectangles", of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel). Products with a rectangular (including square), triangular or polygonal cross-section may have corners rounded along their whole length. The thickness of such products which have a rectangular (including "modified rectangular") cross-section exceeds one-tenth of the width.
- (d) **PLATES, SHEETS, STRIP AND FOIL:**  
Flat-surfaced products (excluding the unwrought products of heading 76.01), coiled or not, of solid rectangular (excluding square) cross-section with or without rounded corners (including "modified rectangles" of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel) of a uniform thickness, which are:  
- of rectangular (including square) shape with a thickness not exceeding one-tenth of the width,  
- of a shape (excluding rectangular or square), of any size, provided that they do not assume the character of articles or products of other headings.  
Headings 76.06 and 76.07 apply, INTER ALIA, to plates, sheets, strip and foil with patterns (for example, grooves, ribs, chequers, tears, buttons, lozenges) and to such products which have been perforated, corrugated, polished or coated, provided that they do not thereby assume the character of articles or products of other headings.
- (e) **TUBES AND PIPES:**  
Hollow products, coiled or not, which have a uniform cross-section with only one enclosed void along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons, and which have a uniform wall thickness. Products with a rectangular (including square), equilateral triangular or regular convex polygonal cross-section, which may have corners rounded along their whole length, are also to be considered as tubes and pipes provided the inner and outer cross-sections are concentric and have the same form and orientation. Tubes and pipes of the foregoing cross-sections may be polished, coated, bent, threaded, drilled, waisted, expanded, cone-shaped or fitted with flanges, collars or rings.

**SUBHEADING NOTES:**

1. In this Chapter the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them:

(a) **ALUMINIUM, NOT ALLOYED:**

Metal containing by mass at least 99 per cent of aluminium, provided that the content by mass of any other element does not exceed the limit specified in the following table:

Element	Limiting content percentage by mass
Fe + Si (iron plus silicon)	1
Other elements <sup>(1)</sup> , each	0,1 <sup>(2)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Other elements are, for example, Cr, Cu, Mg, Mn, Ni, Zn

<sup>(2)</sup> Copper is permitted in a proportion greater than 0,1 per cent but not more than 0,2 per cent, provided that neither the chromium nor manganese content exceeds 0,5 per cent.

(b) **ALUMINIUM ALLOYS:**

Metallic substances in which aluminium predominates by mass over each of the other elements, provided that:

- (i) the content by mass of at least one of the other elements or of iron plus silicon taken together is greater than the limit specified in the foregoing table; or  
(ii) the total content by mass of such other elements exceeds 1 per cent.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter Note 1(c), for the purposes of subheading 7616.91 the term "wire" applies only to products, whether or not in coils, of any cross-sectional shape, of which no cross-sectional dimension exceeds 6 mm.

By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 78 of the following:

NOTE:

1. In this Chapter the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them:

(a) BARS AND RODS:

Rolled, extruded, drawn or forged products, not in coils, which have a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons (including "flattened circles" and "modified rectangles", of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel). Products with a rectangular (including square), triangular or polygonal cross-section may have corners rounded along their whole length. The thickness of such products which have a rectangular (including "modified-rectangular") cross-section exceeds one-tenth of the width. The expression also covers cast or sintered products, of the same forms and dimensions, which have been subsequently worked after production (otherwise than by simple trimming or de-scaling), provided they have not thereby assumed the character of articles or products of other headings.

(b) PROFILES:

Rolled, extruded, drawn, forged or formed products, coiled or not, of a uniform cross-section along their whole length, which do not conform to any of the definitions of bars, rods, wire, plates, sheets, strip, foil, tubes or pipes. The expression also covers cast or sintered products, of the same forms, which have been subsequently worked after production (otherwise than by simple trimming or de-scaling), provided that they have not thereby assumed the character of articles or products of other headings.

(c) WIRE:

Rolled, extruded or drawn products, in coils, which have a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons (including "flattened circles" and "modified rectangles", of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel). Products with a rectangular (including square), triangular or polygonal cross-section may have corners rounded along their whole length. The thickness of such products which have a rectangular (including "modified rectangular") cross-section exceeds one-tenth of the width.

(d) PLATES, SHEETS, STRIP AND FOIL:

Flat-surfaced products (excluding the unwrought products of heading 78.01), coiled or not, of solid rectangular (excluding square) cross-section with or without rounded corners (including "modified rectangles" of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel) of a uniform thickness, which are:

- of rectangular (including square) shape with a thickness not exceeding one-tenth of the width,
- of a shape (excluding rectangular or square), of any size, provided they do not assume the character of articles or products of other headings.

Heading 78.04 applies, INTER ALIA, to plates, sheets, strip and foil with patterns (for example, grooves, ribs, chequers, tears, buttons, lozenges) and to such products which have been perforated, corrugated, polished or coated, provided they do not thereby assume the character of articles or products of other headings.

(e) Tubes and pipes

Hollow products, coiled or not, which have a uniform cross-section with only one enclosed void along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons, and which have a uniform wall thickness. Products with a rectangular (including square), equilateral triangular or regular convex polygonal cross-section, which may have corners rounded along their whole length, are also to be considered as tubes and pipes provided the inner and outer cross-sections are concentric and have the same form and orientation. Tubes and pipes of the foregoing cross-sections may be polished, coated, bent, threaded, drilled, waisted, expanded, cone-shaped or fitted with flanges, collars or rings.

SUBHEADING NOTE:

1. In this Chapter the expression "refined lead" means:

Metal containing by mass at least 99.9 per cent of lead, provided the content by mass of any other element does not exceed the limit specified in the following table:

Element	Limiting content percentage by mass
Ag - Silver	0,02
As - Arsenic	0,005
Bi - Bismuth	0,05
Ca - Calcium	0,002
Cd - Cadmium	0,002
Cu - Copper	0,08
Fe - Iron	0,002
S - Sulphur	0,002
Sb - Antimony	0,005
Sn - Tin	0,005
Zn - Zinc	0,002
Other (for example Te), each	0,001

By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 79 of the following:

NOTE:

1. In this Chapter the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them:

(a) **BARS AND RODS:**

Rolled, extruded, drawn or forged products, not in coils, which have a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons (including "flattened circles" and "modified rectangles", of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel). Products with a rectangular (including square), triangular or polygonal cross-section may have corners rounded along their whole length. The thickness of such products which have a rectangular (including "modified-rectangular") cross-section exceeds one-tenth of the width. The expression also covers cast or sintered products, of the same forms and dimensions, which have been subsequently worked after production (otherwise than by simple trimming or de-scaling), provided that they have not thereby assumed the character of articles or products of other headings.

(b) **PROFILES:**

Rolled, extruded, drawn, forged or formed products, coiled or not, of a uniform cross-section along their whole length, which do not conform to any of the definitions of bars, rods, wire, plates, sheets, strip, foil, tubes or pipes. The expression also covers cast or sintered products, of the same forms, which have been subsequently worked after production (otherwise than by simple trimming or de-scaling), provided that they have not thereby assumed the character of articles or products of other headings.

(c) **WIRE:**

Rolled, extruded or drawn products, in coils, which have a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons (including "flattened circles" and "modified rectangles", of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel). Products with a rectangular (including square), triangular or polygonal cross-section may have corners rounded along their whole length. The thickness of such products which have a rectangular (including "modified rectangular") cross-section exceeds one-tenth of the width.

(d) **PLATES, SHEETS, STRIP AND FOIL:**

Flat-surfaced products (excluding the unwrought products of heading 79.01), coiled or not, of solid rectangular (excluding square) cross-section with or without rounded corners (including "modified rectangles" of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel) of a uniform thickness, which are:

- of rectangular (including square) shape with a thickness not exceeding one-tenth of the width,
- of a shape (excluding rectangular or square), of any size, provided that they do not assume the character of articles or products of other headings.

Heading 79.05 applies, INTER ALIA, to plates, sheets, strip and foil with patterns (for example, grooves, ribs, chequers, tears, buttons, lozenges) and to such products which have been perforated, corrugated, polished or coated, provided they do not thereby assume the character of articles or products of other headings.

(e) **TUBES AND PIPES:**

Hollow products, coiled or not, which have a uniform cross-section with only one enclosed void along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons, and which have a uniform wall thickness. Products with a rectangular (including square), equilateral triangular or regular convex polygonal cross-section, which may have corners rounded along their whole length, are also to be considered as tubes and pipes provided the inner and outer cross-sections are concentric and have the same form and orientation. Tubes and pipes of the foregoing cross-sections may be polished, coated, bent, threaded, drilled, waisted, expanded, cone-shaped or fitted with flanges, collars or rings.

**SUBHEADING NOTE:**

1. In this Chapter the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them:

(a) **ZINC, NOT ALLOYED:**

Metal containing by mass at least 97,5 per cent of zinc

(b) **ZINC ALLOYS:**

Metallic substances in which zinc predominates by mass over each of the other elements, provided that the total content by mass of such other elements exceeds 2,5 per cent.

(c) **ZINC DUST:**

Dust obtained by condensation of zinc vapour, consisting of spherical particles which are finer than zinc powders. At least 80 per cent by mass of the particles pass through a sieve with 63 micrometres (microns) mesh. It must contain at least 85 per cent by mass of metallic zinc.

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 80 of the following:**

**NOTE:**

1. In this Chapter the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them:

(a) **BARS AND RODS:**

Rolled, extruded, drawn or forged products, not in coils, which have a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons (including "flattened circles" and "modified rectangles", of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel). Products with a rectangular (including square), triangular or polygonal cross-section may have corners rounded along their whole length. The thickness of such products which have a rectangular (including "modified-rectangular") cross-section exceeds one-tenth of the width. The expression also covers cast or sintered products, of the same forms and dimensions, which have been subsequently worked after production (otherwise than by simple trimming or de-scaling), provided they have not thereby assumed the character of articles or products of other headings.

(b) **PROFILES:**

Rolled, extruded, drawn, forged or formed products, coiled or not, of a uniform cross-section along their whole length, which do not conform to any of the definitions of bars, rods, wire, plates, sheets, strip, foil, tubes or pipes. The expression also covers cast or sintered products, of the same forms, which have been subsequently worked after production (otherwise than by simple trimming or de-scaling), provided that they have not thereby assumed the character of articles or products of other headings.

(c) **WIRE:**

Rolled, extruded or drawn products, in coils, which have a uniform solid cross-section along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons (including "flattened circles" and "modified rectangles", of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel). Products with a rectangular (including square), triangular or polygonal cross-section may have corners rounded along their whole length. The thickness of such products which have a rectangular (including "modified rectangular") cross-section exceeds one-tenth of the width.

(d) **PLATES, SHEETS, STRIP AND FOIL:**

Flat-surfaced products (excluding the unwrought products of heading 80.01), coiled or not, of solid rectangular (excluding square) cross-section with or without rounded corners (including "modified rectangles" of which two opposite sides are convex arcs, the other two sides being straight, of equal length and parallel) of a uniform thickness, which are:

- of rectangular (including square) shape with a thickness not exceeding one-tenth of the width,
- of a shape (excluding rectangular or square), of any size, provided that they do not assume the character of articles or products of other headings.

Headings 80.04 and 80.05 apply, INTER ALIA, to plates, sheets, strip and foil with patterns (for example, grooves, ribs, chequers, tears, buttons, lozenges) and to such products which have been perforated, corrugated, polished or coated, provided that they do not thereby assume the character of articles or products of other headings.

(e) **TUBES AND PIPES:**

Hollow products, coiled or not, which have a uniform cross-section with only one enclosed void along their whole length in the shape of circles, ovals, rectangles (including squares), equilateral triangles or regular convex polygons, and which have a uniform wall thickness. Products with a rectangular (including square), equilateral triangular or regular convex polygonal cross-section, which may have corners rounded along their whole length, are also to be considered as tubes and pipes provided the inner and outer cross-sections are concentric and have the same form and orientation. Tubes and pipes of the foregoing cross-sections may be polished, coated, bent, threaded, drilled, waisted, expanded, cone-shaped or fitted with flanges, collars or rings.

**SUBHEADING NOTE:**

1. In this Chapter the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them:

(a) **TIN, NOT ALLOYED:**

Metal containing by mass at least 99 per cent of tin, provided the content by mass of any bismuth or copper is less than the limit specified in the following table:

Element	Limiting content percentage by mass
Bi - Bismuth	0,1
Cu - Copper	0,4

(b) **TIN ALLOYS:**

Metallic substances in which tin predominates by mass over each of the other elements provided that:

- (i) the total content by mass of such other elements exceeds 1 per cent; or
- (ii) the content by mass of either bismuth or copper is equal to or greater than the limit specified in the foregoing table.



**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 82 of the following:**

## NOTES:

1. Apart from blow lamps, portable forges, grinding wheels with frameworks, manicure or pedicure sets, and goods of heading 82.09, this Chapter covers only articles with a blade, working edge, working surface or other working part of:
  - (a) base metal;
  - (b) metal carbides or cermets;
  - (c) precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed) on a support of base metal, metal carbide or cermet; or
  - (d) abrasive materials on a support of base metal, provided the articles have cutting teeth, flutes, grooves, or the like, of base metal, which retain their identity and function after the application of the abrasive.
2. Parts of base metal of the articles of this Chapter are to be classified with the articles of which they are parts, except parts separately specified as such and tool-holders for hand tools (heading 84.66). However, parts of general use as defined in Note 2 to Section XV are in all cases excluded from this Chapter. Heads, blades and cutting plates for electric shavers or electric hair clippers are to be classified in heading 85.10.
3. Sets consisting of one or more knives of heading 82.11 and at least an equal number of articles of heading 82.15 are to be classified in heading 82.15.

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 83 of the following:**

## NOTES:

1. For the purposes of this Chapter, parts of base metal are to be classified with their parent articles. However, articles of iron or steel of heading 73.12, 73.15, 73.17, 73.18 or 73.20, or similar articles of other base metal (Chapters 74 to 76 and 78 to 81) are not to be taken as parts of articles of this Chapter.
2. For the purposes of heading 83.02, the word "castors" means those having a diameter (including, where appropriate, tyres) not exceeding 75 mm, or those having a diameter (including, where appropriate, tyres) exceeding 75 mm provided that the width of the wheel or tyre fitted thereto is less than 30 mm.

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 84 of the following:**

## NOTES:

1. This Chapter does not cover the following:
  - (a) Millstones, grindstones or other articles of Chapter 68;
  - (b) machinery or appliances (for example, pumps) of ceramic material and ceramic parts of machinery or appliances of any material (Chapter 69);
  - (c) laboratory glassware (heading 70.17); machinery, appliances or other articles for technical uses or parts thereof, of glass (heading 70.19 or 70.20);
  - (d) articles of heading 73.21 or 73.22 or similar articles of other base metals (Chapters 74 to 76 or 78 to 81);
  - (e) electro-mechanical domestic appliances of heading 85.09; digital cameras of heading 85.25; or
  - (f) hand-operated mechanical floor sweepers, not motorised (heading 96.03).

2. Subject to the operation of Note 3 to Section XVI, a machine or appliance which answers to a description in one or more of the headings 84.01 to 84.24 and at the same time to a description in one or other of the headings 84.25 to 84.80 is to be classified under the appropriate heading of the former group and not the latter.
- Heading 84.19 does not, however, cover the following:
- (a) Germination plant, incubators or brooders (heading 84.36);
  - (b) grain dampening machines (heading 84.37);
  - (c) diffusing apparatus for sugar juice extraction (heading 84.38);
  - (d) machinery for the heat-treatment of textile yarns, fabrics or made up textile articles (heading 84.51); or
  - (e) machinery or plant, designed for mechanical operation, in which a change of temperature, even if necessary, is subsidiary.
- Heading 84.22 does not cover the following:
- (a) Sewing machines for closing bags or similar containers (heading 84.52); or
  - (b) office machinery of heading 84.72.
- Heading 84.24 does not cover the following:  
Ink-jet printing machines (heading 84.43 or 84.71).
3. A machine-tool for working any material which answers to a description in heading 84.56 and at the same time to a description in heading 84.57, 84.58, 84.59, 84.60, 84.61, 84.64 or 84.65 is to be classified in heading 84.56.
4. Heading 84.57 applies only to machine-tools for working metal (excluding lathes, including turning centres), which can carry out different types of machining operations either:
- (a) by automatic tool change from a magazine or the like in conformity with a machining programme (machining centres),
  - (b) by the automatic use, simultaneously or sequentially, of different unit heads working on fixed position workpiece (unit construction machines, single station), or
  - (c) by the automatic transfer of the workpiece to different unit heads (multi-station transfer machines).
5. (A) For the purposes of heading 84.71, the expression "automatic data processing machines" means:
- (a) digital machines, capable of (1) storing the processing program or programs and at least the data immediately necessary for the execution of the program; (2) being freely programmed in accordance with the requirements of the user; (3) performing arithmetical computations specified by the user; and (4) executing, without human intervention, a processing program which requires them to modify their execution, by logical decision during the processing run;
  - (b) analogue machines capable of simulating mathematical models and comprising at least: analogue elements, control elements and programming elements;
  - (c) hybrid machines consisting of either a digital machine with analogue elements or an analogue machine with digital elements.
- (B) Automatic data processing machines may be in the form of systems consisting of a variable number of separate units. Subject to paragraph (E) below, a unit is to be regarded as being part of a complete system if it meets all the following conditions:
- (a) it is of a kind solely or principally used in an automatic data processing system;
  - (b) it is connectable to the central processing unit either directly or through one or more other units; and
  - (c) it is able to accept or deliver data in a form (codes or signals) which can be used by the system.
- (C) Separately presented units of an automatic data processing machine are to be classified in heading 84.71.
- (D) Printers, keyboards, X-Y co-ordinate input devices and disk storage units which satisfy the conditions of paragraphs (B) (b) and (B) (c) above, are in all cases to be classified as units of heading 84.71.
- (E) Machines performing a specific function other than data processing and incorporating or working in conjunction with an automatic data processing machine are to be classified in the headings appropriate to their respective functions or, failing that, in residual headings.
6. Heading 84.82 applies, INTER ALIA, to polished steel balls, the maximum and minimum diameters of which do not differ from the nominal diameter by more than 1 per cent or by more than 0,05 mm, whichever is less. Other steel balls are to be classified in heading 73.26.

7. A machine which is used for more than one purpose is, for the purposes of classification, to be treated as if its principal purpose was its sole purpose. Subject to Note 2 to this Chapter and Note 3 to Section XVI, a machine the principal purpose of which is not described in any heading or for which no one purpose is the principal purpose is, unless the context otherwise requires, to be classified in heading 84.79. Heading 84.79 also covers machines for making rope or cable (for example, stranding, twisting or cabling machines) from metal wire, textile yarn or any other material or from a combination of such materials.
8. For the purposes of heading 84.70, the term "pocket-size" applies only to machines the dimensions of which do not exceed 170 mm x 100 mm x 45 mm.

**SUBHEADING NOTES:**

1. For the purposes of subheading 8471.49, the term "system" means automatic data processing machines whose units satisfy the conditions laid down in Note 5(B) to Chapter 84 and which comprise at least a central processing unit, one input unit (for example, a keyboard or a scanner), and one output unit (for example, a visual display unit or a printer).
2. Subheading 8482.40 applies only to bearings with cylindrical rollers of a uniform diameter not exceeding 5 mm and having a length which is at least three times the diameter. The ends of the rollers may be rounded.

**ADDITIONAL NOTES:**

1. For the purposes of subheading 8481.40 the expression "safety or relief valves" means:
  - (a) an automatic escape or relief valve (as for a steam boiler or hydraulic system) held shut by a device exerting a definite usually adjustable pressure, so that the valve lift and the steam, water or other contents escape when the pressure exceeds a predetermined amount;
  - (b) a similar valve opening inward to admit air to a vessel in which the pressure is less than that of the atmospheric pressure and which prevents the collapse of such vessel, or something that serves as an outlet for an excess of pressure; or
  - (c) a valve for the escape of steam or fluid under excessive pressure.
2. For the purpose of subheading 8450.1 the dry linen capacity shall be determined according to the washing efficiency test specifications as set out in subsection 4.3 of the SABS 1422 Standard Specification for Domestic Electric Laundry Treatment Machines, as amended.

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 85 of the following:**

**NOTES:**

1. This Chapter does not cover the following:
  - (a) Electrically warmed blankets, bed pads, foot-muffs or the like; electrically warmed clothing, footwear or ear pads or other electrically warmed articles worn on or about the person;
  - (b) articles of glass of heading 70.11; or
  - (c) electrically heated furniture of Chapter 94.
2. Headings 85.01 to 85.04 do not apply to goods described in heading 85.11, 85.12, 85.40, 85.41 or 85.42. However, metal tank mercury arc rectifiers remain classified in heading 85.04.
3. Heading 85.09 covers only the following electro-mechanical machines of the kind commonly used for domestic purposes:
  - (a) Vacuum cleaners, including dry and wet vacuum cleaners, floor polishers, food grinders and mixers, and fruit or vegetable juice extractors, of any mass;
  - (b) other machines provided the mass of such machines does not exceed 20 kg.

The heading does not, however, apply to fans or ventilating or recycling hoods incorporating a fan, whether or not fitted with filters (heading 84.14), centrifugal clothes-dryers (heading 84.21), dish washing machines (heading 84.22), household washing machines (heading 84.50), roller or other ironing machines (heading 84.20 or 84.51), sewing machines (heading 84.52), electric scissors (heading 84.67) or to electrothermic appliances (heading 85.16).

4. For the purposes of heading 85.34 "printed circuits" are circuits obtained by forming on an insulating base, by any printing process (for example, embossing, plating-up, etching) or by the "film circuit" technique, conductor elements, contacts or other printed components, for example, inductances, resistors, capacitors) alone or interconnected according to a pre-established pattern, except elements which can produce, rectify, modulate or amplify an electrical signal (for example, semiconductor elements).  
The expression "printed circuits" does not cover circuits combined with elements other than those obtained during the printing process, nor does it cover individual, discrete resistors, capacitors or inductances. Printed circuits may, however, be fitted with non-printed connecting elements.

Thin- or thick-film circuits comprising passive and active elements obtained during the same technological process are to be classified in heading 85.42.

5. For the purposes of headings 85.41 and 85.42:  
(A) "diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices" are semiconductor devices the operation of which depends on variations in resistivity on the application of an electric field;  
(B) "electronic integrated circuits and microassemblies" are:  
(a) monolithic integrated circuits in which the circuit elements (diodes, transistors, resistors, capacitors, interconnections, etc.) are created in the mass (essentially) and on the surface of a semiconductor material (doped silicon, for example) and are inseparably associated;  
(b) hybrid integrated circuits in which passive elements (resistors, capacitors, interconnections, etc.), obtained by thin- or thick-film technology, and active elements (diodes, transistors, monolithic integrated circuits, etc.), obtained by semiconductor technology, are combined to all intents and purposes indivisibly, on a single insulating substrate (glass, ceramic, etc.). These circuits may also include discrete components;  
(c) microassemblies of the moulded module, micromodule or similar types, consisting of discrete, active or both active and passive, components which are combined and interconnected.  
For the classification of the articles defined in this Note, headings 85.41 and 85.42 shall take precedence over any other heading in this Schedule which might cover them by reference to, in particular, their function.
6. Records, tapes and other media of heading 85.23 or 85.24 remain classified in those headings when presented with the apparatus for which they are intended.  
This Note does not apply to such media when they are presented with articles other than the apparatus for which they are intended.
7. For the purposes of heading 85.48, "spent primary cells, spent primary batteries and spent electric accumulators" are those which are neither usable as such because of breakage, cutting-up, wear or other reasons, not capable of being recharged.

**SUBHEADING NOTES:**

1. Subheadings 8519.92 and 8527.12 cover only cassette-players with built-in amplifiers, without built-in loudspeakers, capable of operating without an external source of electric power and the dimensions of which do not exceed 170 mm x 100 mm x 45 mm.
2. For the purposes of subheading 8542.10, the expression "smart cards" means cards which have embedded in them an electronic integrated circuit (microprocessor) of any type in the form of a chip and which may or may not have a magnetic stripe.

**ADDITIONAL NOTE:**

1. For the purposes of this Chapter the expression "recorded books as defined in Additional Note 1 to Chapter 85" means the oral narration of the text of printed publications, recorded onto gramophone records, magnetic tapes, compact discs or similar media without any added commentary.

By the substitution of the title for Chapter 86 of the following:

**RAILWAY OR TRAMWAY LOCOMOTIVES, ROLLING-STOCK AND PARTS THEREOF; RAILWAY OR TRAMWAY TRACK FIXTURES AND FITTINGS AND PARTS THEREOF; MECHANICAL (INCLUDING ELECTRO-MECHANICAL) TRAFFIC SIGNALLING EQUIPMENT OF ALL KINDS**

By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 86 of the following:

**NOTES:**

1. This Chapter does not cover the following:
  - (a) Railway or tramway sleepers of wood or of concrete, or concrete guide-track sections for hovertrains (heading 44.06 or 68.10);
  - (b) railway or tramway track construction material of iron or steel of heading 73.02; or
  - (c) electrical signalling, safety or traffic control equipment of heading 85.30.
2. Heading 86.07 applies, INTER ALIA, to:
  - (a) axles, wheels, wheel sets (running gear), metal tyres, hoops and hubs and other parts of wheels;
  - (b) frames, underframes, bogies and bissel-bogies;
  - (c) axle boxes; brake gear;
  - (d) buffers for rolling-stock; hooks and other coupling gear and corridor connections;
  - (e) coachwork.
3. Subject to the provisions of Note 1 above, heading 86.08 applies, INTER ALIA, to:
  - (a) assembled tracks, turntables, platform buffers, loading gauges;
  - (b) semaphores, mechanical signal discs, level crossing control gear, signal and point controls, and other mechanical (including electro-mechanical) signalling, safety or traffic control equipment, whether or not fitted for electric lighting, for railways, tramways, roads, inland waterways, parking facilities, port installations or airfields.

By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 87 of the following:

**NOTES:**

1. This Chapter does not cover railway or tramway rolling-stock designed solely for running on rails.
2. For the purposes of this Chapter, "tractors" means vehicles constructed essentially for hauling or pushing another vehicle, appliance or load, whether or not they contain subsidiary provision for the transport, in connection with the main use of the tractor, of tools, seeds, fertilisers or other goods. Machines and working tools designed for fitting to tractors of heading 87.01 as interchangeable equipment remain classified in their respective headings even if presented with the tractor, and whether or not mounted on it.
3. Motor chassis fitted with cabs fall in headings 87.02 to 87.04, and not in heading 87.06.
4. Heading 87.12 includes all children's bicycles. Other children's cycles fall in heading 95.01.

**By the substitution for the Note to Chapter 88 of the following:**

**SUBHEADING NOTE:**

1. For the purpose of subheadings 8802.11 to 8802.40, the expression "unladen mass" means the mass of the machine in normal flying order, excluding the mass of the crew and of fuel and equipment other than permanently fitted items of equipment.

**By the substitution for the Note to Chapter 89 of the following:**

**NOTE:**

1. A hull, an unfinished or incomplete vessel, assembled, unassembled or disassembled, or a complete vessel unassembled or disassembled, is to be classified in heading 89.06 if it does not have the essential character of a vessel of a particular kind.

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 90 of the following:**

**NOTES:**

1. This Chapter does not cover the following:
  - (a) Articles of a kind used in machines, appliances or for other technical uses, of vulcanised rubber (excluding hard rubber) (heading 40.16), of leather or of composition leather (heading 42.04) or of textile material (heading 59.11);
  - (b) supporting belts or other support articles of textile material, whose intended effect on the organ to be supported or held derives solely from their elasticity (for example, maternity belts, thoracic support bandages, abdominal support bandages, supports for joints or muscles) (Section XI);
  - (c) refractory goods of heading 69.03; ceramic wares for laboratory, chemical or other technical uses, of heading 69.09;
  - (d) glass mirrors, not optically worked, of heading 70.09, or mirrors of base metal or of precious metal, not being optical elements (heading 83.06 or Chapter 71);
  - (e) goods of heading 70.07, 70.08, 70.11, 70.14, 70.15 or 70.17;
  - (f) parts of general use, as defined in Note 2 of Section XV, of base metal (Section XV) or similar goods of plastics (Chapter 39);
  - (g) pumps incorporating measuring devices, of heading 84.13; masspiece-operated counting or checking machinery, or separately presented masspieces for balances (heading 84.23); lifting or handling machinery (headings 84.25 to 84.28); paper or paperboard cutting machines of all kinds (heading 84.41); fittings for adjusting work or tools on machine-tools, of heading 84.66, including fittings with optical devices for reading the scale (for example, "optical" dividing heads) but not those which are in themselves essentially optical instruments (for example, alignment telescopes); calculating machines (heading 84.70); valves or other appliances of heading 84.81;
  - (h) searchlights or spotlights of a kind used for cycles or motor vehicles (heading 85.12); portable electric lamps of heading 85.13; cinematographic sound recording, reproducing or re-recording apparatus (heading 85.19 or 85.20); sound-heads (heading 85.22); still image video cameras, other video camera recorders and digital cameras (heading 85.25); radar apparatus, radio navigational aid apparatus or radio remote control apparatus (heading 85.26); numerical control apparatus of heading 85.37; sealed beam lamp units of heading 85.39; optical fibre cables of heading 85.44;
  - (ij) searchlights or spotlights of heading 94.05;
  - (k) articles of Chapter 95;
  - (l) capacity measures, which are to be classified according to their constituent material; or
  - (m) spools, reels or similar supports (which are to be classified according to their constituent material, for example in heading 39.23 or Section XV).
2. Subject to Note 1 above, parts and accessories for machines, apparatus, instruments or articles of this Chapter are to be classified according to the following rules:
  - (a) Parts and accessories which are goods included in any of the headings of this Chapter or of Chapter 84, 85 or 91 (excluding heading 84.85, 85.48 or 90.33) are in all cases to be classified in their respective headings;

- (b) other parts and accessories, if suitable for use solely or principally with a particular kind of machine, instrument or apparatus, or with a number of machines, instruments or apparatus of the same heading (including a machine, instrument or apparatus of heading 90.10, 90.13 or 90.31) are to be classified with the machines, instruments or apparatus of that kind;
- (c) all other parts and accessories are to be classified in heading 90.33.

3. The provisions of Note 4 to Section XVI apply also to this Chapter.
4. Heading 90.05 does not apply to telescopic sights for fitting to arms, periscopic telescopes for fitting to submarines or tanks, or the telescopes for machines, appliances, instruments or apparatus of this Chapter or Section XVI; such telescopic sights and telescopes are to be classified in heading 90.13.
5. Measuring or checking optical instruments, appliances or machines which, but for this Note, could be classified both in heading 90.13 and in heading 90.31 are to be classified in heading 90.31.
6. For the purposes of heading 90.21, the expression "orthopaedic appliances" means appliances for:
  - preventing or correcting bodily deformities; or
  - supporting or holding parts of the body following an illness, operation or injury.

Orthopaedic appliances include footwear and special insoles designed to correct orthopaedic conditions, provided they are either (1) made to measure or (2) mass-produced, presented singly and not in pairs and designed to fit either foot equally.

7. Heading 90.32 applies only to -
  - (a) instruments and apparatus for automatically controlling the flow, level, pressure or other variables of liquids or gasses, or for automatically controlling temperature, whether or not their operation depends on an electrical phenomenon which varies according to the factor to be automatically controlled, which are designed to bring this factor to, and maintain it at, a desired value, stabilised against disturbances, by constantly or periodically measuring its actual value; and
  - (b) automatic regulators of electrical quantities, and instruments or apparatus for automatically controlling non-electrical quantities the operation of which depends on an electrical phenomenon varying according to the factor to be controlled, which are designed to bring this factor to, and maintain it at, a desired value, stabilised against disturbances, by constantly or periodically measuring its actual value.

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 91 of the following:**

**NOTES:**

1. This Chapter does not cover the following:
  - (a) Clock or watch glasses or weights (classified according to their constituent material);
  - (b) watch chains (heading 71.13 or 71.17, as the case may be);
  - (c) parts of general use defined in Note 2 to Section XV, of base metal (Section XV), or similar goods of plastics (Chapter 39) or of precious metal or metal clad with precious metal (generally heading 71.15); clock or watch springs are, however, to be classified as clock or watch parts (heading 91.14);
  - (d) bearing balls (heading 73.26 or 84.82, as the case may be);
  - (e) articles of heading 84.12 constructed to work without an escapement;
  - (f) ball bearings (heading 84.82); or
  - (g) articles of Chapter 85, not yet assembled together or with other components into watch or clock movements or into articles suitable for use solely or principally as parts of such movements (Chapter 85).
2. Heading 91.01 covers only watches with case wholly of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal, or of the same materials combined with natural or cultured pearls, or precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed) of headings 71.01 to 71.04. Watches with case of base metal inlaid with precious metal fall in heading 91.02.

3. For the purposes of this Chapter, the expression "watch movements" means devices regulated by a balance-wheel and hairspring, quartz crystal or any other system capable of determining intervals of time, with a display or a system to which a mechanical display can be incorporated. Such watch movements shall not exceed 12 mm in thickness and 50 mm in width, length or diameter.
4. Except as provided in Note 1, movements and other parts suitable for use both in clocks or watches and in other articles (for example, precision instruments) are to be classified in this Chapter.

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 92 of the following:**

**NOTES:**

1. This Chapter does not cover the following:
  - (a) Part of general use, as defined in Note 2 to Section XV, of base metal (Section XV), or similar goods of plastics (Chapter 39);
  - (b) microphones, amplifiers, loud-speakers, head-phones, switches, stroboscopes and other accessory instruments, apparatus or equipment of Chapter 85 or 90, for use with but not incorporated in or housed in the same cabinet as instruments of this Chapter;
  - (c) toy instruments and apparatus (heading 95.03);
  - (d) brushes for cleaning musical instruments (heading 96.03); or
  - (e) collectors' pieces or antiques (heading 97.05 or 97.06).
2. Bows and sticks and similar devices used in playing the musical instruments of heading 92.02 or 92.06 presented with such instruments in numbers normal thereto and clearly intended for use therewith, are to be classified in the same headings as the relative instruments.  
Cards, discs and rolls of heading 92.09 presented with an instrument are to be treated as separate articles and not as forming a part of such instrument.

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 93 of the following:**

**NOTES:**

1. This Chapter does not cover the following:
  - (a) Goods of Chapter 36 (for example, percussion caps, detonators, signalling flares);
  - (b) part of general use, as defined in Note 2 to Section XV, of base metal (Section XV), or similar goods of plastics (Chapter 39);
  - (c) armoured fighting vehicles (heading 87.10);
  - (d) telescopic sights or other optical devices suitable for use with arms, unless mounted on a firearm or presented with the firearm on which they are designed to be mounted (Chapter 90);
  - (e) bows, arrows, fencing foils or toys (Chapter 95); or
  - (f) collectors' pieces or antiques (heading 97.05 or 97.06).
2. In heading 93.06, the reference to "parts thereof" does not include radio or radar apparatus of heading 85.26.

**By the substitution of the title for Chapter 94 of the following:**

**FURNITURE; BEDDING, MATTRESSES, MATTRESS SUPPORTS, CUSHIONS AND SIMILAR STUFFED FURNISHINGS; LAMPS AND LIGHTING FITTINGS, NOT ELSEWHERE SPECIFIED OR INCLUDED; ILLUMINATED SIGNS, ILLUMINATED NAME-PLATES AND THE LIKE; PREFABRICATED BUILDINGS**



**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 94 of the following:**

## NOTES:

1. This Chapter does not cover the following:
  - (a) Pneumatic or water mattresses, pillows or cushions, of Chapter 39, 40 or 63;
  - (b) mirrors designed for placing on the floor or ground (for example, cheval-glasses (swing-mirrors)) of heading 70.09;
  - (c) articles of Chapter 71;
  - (d) parts of general use as defined in Note 2 to Section XV, of base metal (Section XV), or similar goods of plastics (Chapter 39), and safes of heading 83.03;
  - (e) furniture specially designed as parts of refrigerating or freezing equipment of heading 84.18; furniture specially designed for sewing machines (heading 84.52);
  - (f) lamps and lighting fittings of Chapter 85;
  - (g) furniture specially designed as parts of apparatus of heading 85.18 (heading 85.18), of headings 85.19 to 85.21 (heading 85.22) or of headings 85.25 to 85.28 (heading 85.29);
  - (h) articles of heading 87.14;
  - (ij) dentists' chairs incorporating dental appliances of heading 90.18 and dentists' spittoons (heading 90.18);
  - (k) articles of Chapter 91 (for example, clocks and clock cases); or
  - (l) toy furniture and toy lamps and lighting fittings (heading 95.03), billiard tables and other furniture specially constructed for games (heading 95.04), furniture for conjuring tricks or decorations (excluding electric garlands) such as Chinese lanterns (heading 95.05).
  
2. The articles (excluding parts) referred to in headings 94.01 to 94.03 are to be classified in those headings only if they are designed for placing on the floor or ground.  
 The following are, however, to be classified in the above-mentioned headings even if they are designed to be hung, to be fixed to the wall or to stand one on the other:
  - (a) Cupboards, bookcases, other shelved furniture and unit furniture;
  - (b) seats and beds.
  
3.
  - (a) In headings 94.01 to 94.03 references to parts of goods do not include references to sheets or slabs (whether or not cut to shape but not combined with other parts) of glass (including mirrors), marble or other stone or of any other material referred to in Chapter 68 or 69.
  - (b) Goods described in heading 94.04, presented separately, are not to be classified in heading 94.01, 94.02 or 94.03 as parts of goods.
  
4. For the purposes of heading 94.06, the expression "prefabricated buildings" means buildings which are finished in the factory or put up as elements, presented together, to be assembled on site, such as housing or worksite accommodation, offices, schools, shops, sheds, garages or similar buildings.

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 95 of the following:**

## NOTES:

1. This Chapter does not cover the following:
  - (a) Christmas tree candles (heading 34.06);
  - (b) fireworks or other pyrotechnic articles of heading 36.04;
  - (c) yarns, monofilament, cords or gut or the like for fishing, cut to length but not made up into fishing lines, of Chapter 39, heading 42.06 or Section XI;
  - (d) sports bags or other containers of heading 42.02, 43.03 or 43.04;
  - (e) sports clothing or fancy dress, of textiles, of Chapter 61 or 62;
  - (f) textile flags or bunting, or sails for boats, sailboards or land craft, of Chapter 63;
  - (g) sports footwear (excluding skating boots with ice or roller skates attached) of Chapter 64, or sports headgear of Chapter 65;

- (h) walking-sticks, whips, riding-crops or the like (heading 66.02), or parts thereof (heading 66.03);
  - (ij) unmounted glass eyes for dolls or other toys of heading 70.18;
  - (k) parts of general use, as defined in Note 2 to Section XV, of base metal (Section XV), or similar goods of plastics (Chapter 39);
  - (l) bells, gongs or the like of heading 83.06;
  - (m) pumps for liquids (heading 84.13), filtering or purifying machinery and apparatus for liquids or gasses (heading 84.21), electric motors (heading 85.01) electric transformers (heading 85.04) or radio remote control apparatus (heading 85.26);
  - (n) sports vehicles (excluding bobsleighs, toboggans and the like) of Section XVII;
  - (o) children's bicycles (heading 87.12);
  - (p) sports craft such as canoes and skiffs (Chapter 89), or their means of propulsion (Chapter 44 for such articles made of wood);
  - (q) spectacles, goggles and the like, for sports and outdoor games (heading 90.04);
  - (r) decoy calls and whistles (heading 92.08);
  - (s) arms or other articles of Chapter 93;
  - (t) electric garlands of all kinds (heading 94.05); or
  - (u) racket strings, tents or other camping goods, or gloves, mittens and mitts (classified according to their constituent material).
2. This Chapter includes articles in which natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstituted), precious metal or metal clad with precious metal constitute only minor constituents.
  3. Subject to Note 1 above, parts and accessories which are suitable for use solely or principally with articles of this Chapter are to be classified with those articles.
  4. Heading 95.03 does not cover articles which, on account of their design, shape or constituent material, are identifiable as intended exclusively for animals, for example, "pet toys" (classification in their own appropriate heading).

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 96 of the following:**

**NOTES:**

1. This Chapter does not cover the following:
  - (a) Pencils for cosmetic or toilet uses (Chapter 33);
  - (b) articles of Chapter 66 (for example, parts of umbrellas or walking-sticks);
  - (c) imitation jewellery (heading 71.17);
  - (d) parts of general use, as defined in Note 2 to Section XV, of base metal (Section XV), or similar goods of plastics (Chapter 39);
  - (e) cutlery or other articles of Chapter 82 with handles or other parts of carving or moulding materials; heading 96.01 or 96.02 applies, however, to separately presented handles or other parts of such articles;
  - (f) articles of Chapter 90 (for example, spectacle frames (heading 90.03), mathematical drawing pens (heading 90.17), brushes of a kind specialised for use in dentistry or for medical, surgical or veterinary purposes (heading 90.18));
  - (g) articles of Chapter 91 (for example, clock or watch cases);
  - (h) musical instruments of parts or accessories thereof (Chapter 92);
  - (ij) articles of Chapter 93 (arms and parts thereof);
  - (k) articles of Chapter 94 (for example, furniture, lamps and lighting fittings);
  - (l) articles of Chapter 95 (toys, games, sports requisites); or
  - (m) works of art, collectors' pieces or antiques (Chapter 97).

2. In heading 96.02 the expression "vegetable or mineral carving material" means:
  - (a) hard seeds, pips, hulls and nuts and similar vegetable materials of a kind used for carving (for example, corozo and dom);
  - (b) amber, meerschaum, agglomerated amber and agglomerated meerschaum, jet and mineral substitutes for jet.
3. In heading 96.03 the expression "prepared knots and tufts for broom or brush making" applies only to unmounted knots and tufts of animal hair, vegetable fibre or other material, which are ready for incorporation without division in brooms or brushes, or which require only such further minor processes as trimming to shape at the top, to render them ready for such incorporation.
4. Articles of this Chapter (excluding those of headings 96.01 to 96.06 or 96.15), remain classified in the Chapter whether or not composed wholly or partly of precious metal or metal clad with precious metal, of natural or cultured pearls, or precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed). However, headings 96.01 to 96.06 or 96.15 include articles in which natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed), precious metal or metal clad with precious metal constitute only minor constituents.

**ADDITIONAL NOTE:**

1. For the purposes of heading 96.06:
  - (a) the expression "size" shall be taken to be equal to the maximum cross measurement in millimetres of any button, expressed to the nearest half-millimetre; and
  - (b) if buttons are put up on cards which are designed or marked to be cut up into smaller cards, each such smaller card shall, for the purposes of calculating the duty, be deemed to be a separate card.

**By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 97 of the following:****NOTES:**

1. This Chapter does not cover the following:
  - (a) Unused postage or revenue stamps, postal stationery (stamped paper) or the like, of heading 49.07;
  - (b) theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths and the like, of painted canvas (heading 59.07) except if they may be classified in heading 97.06; or
  - (c) pearls, natural or cultured, or precious or semi-precious stones (headings 71.01 to 71.03).
2. For the purposes of heading 97.02, the expression "original engravings, prints and lithographs" means impressions produced directly, in black and white or in colour, of one or of several plates, wholly executed by hand by the artist, irrespective of the process or of the material employed by him, but not including any mechanical or photomechanical process.
3. Heading 97.03 does not apply to mass-produced reproduction or works of conventional craftsmanship of a commercial character, even if these articles are designed or created by artists.
4.
  - (a) Subject to Notes 1 to 3 above, articles of this Chapter are to be classified in this Chapter and not in any other Chapter of this Schedule.
  - (b) Heading 97.06 does not apply to articles of the preceding headings of this Chapter.
5. Frames around paintings, drawings, pastels, collages or similar decorative plaques, engravings, prints or lithographs are to be classified with those articles, provided they are of a kind and of a value normal to those articles. Frames which are not of a kind or of a value normal to the articles referred to in this Note are to be classified separately.

By the substitution for the Notes to Chapter 98 of the following:

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

1. Motor vehicle manufacturers importing original equipment components provided for in this Chapter must be approved by the International Trade Administration Commission.
2. Automotive components described in any other Chapter of this Schedule shall, if imported by a motor vehicle manufacturer approved by the International Trade Administration Commission for the assembly or manufacture of motor vehicles specified in this Chapter, be deemed to be original equipment components classifiable in this Chapter.
3. Original equipment components under the provisions of this Chapter shall include all automotive components as defined in Note 8 for incorporation in motor vehicles specified in this Chapter, but shall not include consumables or materials if not cut to size or shape or made up suitable for such use.
4. (a) "Consumables" mean those goods which are used in the manufacture of motor vehicles and components therefor, but do not form part of such motor vehicles or components.  
(b) Any reference in this Chapter to a tariff heading comprising two digits followed by a point and two noughts (for example 01.00) shall, for the purposes of Note 5 to this Part, be construed as referring to all tariff headings in Part 1 of this Schedule the first two digits of which correspond to the two digits referred to in this Part.
5. Original equipment components for motor vehicles enumerated under heading 98.01 shall not include automotive components of which -
  - (i) the floor panels, body sides or roof panels are permanently attached to each other (except in the case of cabs for road tractors for semi-trailers of a vehicle mass exceeding 1 600 kg, for motor vehicles for the transport of goods of a vehicle mass exceeding 2 000 kg and a G.V.M. exceeding 3 500 kg and for chassis fitted with cabs of a mass exceeding 1 600 kg and a G.V.M. exceeding 3 500 kg in which case the cabs may be assembled and trimmed);
  - (ii) the engine and transmission assemblies, axles, radiators, suspension components, steering mechanisms, braking or electrical equipment or instrumentation are fitted to such floor pans or chassis frames; and
  - (iii) the bodies/cabs are fitted to floor pans or chassis frames (except in the case of vehicles or of a mono-built construction of a vehicle mass exceeding 2 000 kg).
6. The expression "vehicle mass" shall be taken not to include the mass of any fuel or water but to include the mass of any lubricants, spare wheel and tools which are supplied as standard equipment.
7. The expression "mono-built" shall be taken to mean a vehicle -
  - (i) without a chassis frame in which the body itself supports the engine, transmission and axles; or
  - (ii) of unitary body construction, with or without certain elements of the chassis incorporated in the body.
8. For the purposes of this Chapter "automotive components" means a new article which can be identified as being suitable for use in the manufacture of motor vehicles manufactured under rebate items 317.04 and 317.07 or original equipment components, including carpet cut to floorpan shape, leather seat covers cut to size, unfinished articles, including blanks and rough castings, having the essential character of automotive components.

## By the deletion of the following subheading:

Heading	Subheading	C D	Article Description	Statistical Unit	Rate of Duty		
					General	EU	SADC
29.41	2941.1		- Acrylic amides (including acyclic carbamites) and their derivatives; salts thereof				

## By the substitution for headings and subheadings of the following:

Heading	Subheading	C D	Article Description	Statistical Unit	Rate of Duty		
					General	EU	SADC
01.06	0106.12	1	-- Whales, dolphins and porpoises (mammals of the order CETACEA); manatees and dugongs (mammals of the order SIRENIA)	u	free	free	free
01.06	0106.32	0	-- Psittaciformes (including parrots, parakeets, macaws and cockatoos)	u	free	free	free
02.07			<b>Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05, fresh, chilled or frozen:</b>				
03.01	0301.91	7	-- Trout (SALMO TRUTTA, ONCORHYNCHUS MYKISS, ONCORHYNCHUS CLARKI, ONCORHYNCHUS AGUABONITA, ONCORHYNCHUS GILAE, ONCORHYNCHUS APACHE and ONCORHYNCHUS CHRYSOGASTER)	kg	free	free	free
03.02			<b>Fish, fresh or chilled (excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04):</b>				
03.02	0302.3		- Tunas (of the genus THUNNUS), skipjack or stripe-bellied bonito (EUTHYNNUS (KATSUWONUS) PELAMIS) (excluding livers and roes):				
03.02	0302.61	7	-- Sardines (SARDINA PILCHARDUS, SARDINOPS SPP.), sardinella (SARDINELLA SPP.), brisling or sprats (SPRATTUS SPRATTUS)	kg	free	free	free
03.03			<b>Fish, frozen (excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04):</b>				
03.03	0303.1		- Pacific salmon (ONCORHYNCHUS NERKA, ONCORHYNCHUS GORBUSCHA, ONCORHYNCHUS KETA, ONCORHYNCHUS TSCHAWYTSCHA, ONCORHYNCHUS KISUTCH, ONCORHYNCHUS MASOU and ONCORHYNCHUS RHODURUS) (excluding livers and roes):				
03.03	0303.21	2	-- Trout (SALMO TRUTTA, ONCORHYNCHUS MYKISS, ONCORHYNCHUS CLARKI, ONCORHYNCHUS AGUABONITA, ONCORHYNCHUS GILAE, ONCORHYNCHUS APACHE and ONCORHYNCHUS CHRYSOGASTER)	kg	25%	25%	free
03.03	0303.71	5	-- Sardines (SARDINA PILCHARDUS, SARDINOPS SPP.), sardinella (SARDINELLA SPP.), brisling or sprats (SPRATTUS SPRATTUS)	kg	free	free	free
03.05			<b>Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process; flours, meals and pellets of fish, fit for human consumption:</b>				
03.05	0305.59.15	2	--- Anchovies (ENGRAULIS SPP.); shark fins	kg	free	free	free
04.05			<b>Butter and other fats and oils derived from milk; dairy spreads:</b>				
04.08			<b>Birds' eggs, not in shell, and egg yolks, fresh, dried, cooked by steaming or by boiling in water, moulded, frozen or otherwise preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter:</b>				
06.01			<b>Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, dormant, in growth or in flower; chicory plants and roots (excluding roots of heading 12.12):</b>				
06.02			<b>Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and slips; mushroom spawn:</b>				
07.12	0712.3		- Mushrooms, wood ears (AURICULARIA SPP.), jelly fungi (TREMELLA SPP.) and truffles:				
07.13	0713.3		- Beans (VIGNA SPP., PHASEOLUS SPP.):				

Heading	Subheading	C D	Article Description	Statistical Unit	Rate of Duty		
					General	EU	SADC
07.13	0713.32	3	-- Small red (ADZUKI) beans (PHASEOLUS or VIGNA ANGULARIS)	kg	10%	10%	free
07.14	0714.10		- Manioc (cassava):				
08.10	0810.40	6	- Cranberries, bilberries and other fruits of the genus VACCINIUM	kg	free	free	free
08.13			<b>Fruit, dried (excluding that of headings 08.01 to 08.06); mixtures of nuts or dried fruits of this Chapter:</b>				
09.04	0904.20		- Fruits of the genus CAPSICUM or of the genus PIMENTA, dried or crushed or ground:				
09.10	0910.30	3	- Turmeric (curcuma)	kg	free	free	free
11.04			<b>Cereal grains otherwise worked (for example, hulled, rolled, flaked, pearled, sliced or kibbled) (excluding rice of heading 10.06); germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground:</b>				
11.04	1104.29		-- Of other cereals:				
12.08			<b>Flours and meals of oil seeds or oleaginous fruits (excluding those of mustard):</b>				
12.11			<b>Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh or dried, whether or not cut, crushed or powdered:</b>				
12.12	1212.10	7	- Locust beans, including locust bean seeds	kg	20%	20%	free
14.03	1403.00	7	Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily in brooms or in brushes (for example, broomcorn, piassava, couch-grass and istle), whether or not in hanks or bundles	kg	free	free	free
15.01	1501.00	1	Pig fat (including lard) and poultry fat (excluding that of heading 02.09 or 15.03)	kg	free	free	free
15.02	1502.00	5	Fats of bovine animals, sheep or goats (excluding those of heading 15.03)	kg	free	free	free
15.10	1510.00	0	Other oils and their fractions, obtained solely from olives, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified, including blends of these oils or fractions with oils or fractions of heading 15.09	kg	10%	free	free
15.17			Margarine; edible mixtures or preparations of animal or vegetable fats or oils or of fractions of different fats or oils of this Chapter (excluding edible fats or oils or their fractions of heading 15.16):				
15.18	1518.00	9	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, boiled, oxidised, dehydrated, sulphurised, blown, polymerised by heat in vacuum or in inert gas or otherwise chemically modified (excluding those of heading 15.16); inedible mixtures or preparations of animal or vegetable fats or oils or of fractions of different fats or oils of this Chapter, not elsewhere specified or included	kg	10%	3,3%	free
15.21			Vegetable waxes (excluding triglycerides), beeswax, other insect waxes and spermaceti, whether or not refined or coloured:				
16.02	1602.3		- Of poultry of heading 01.05:				
17.02	1702.40	7	- Glucose and glucose syrup, containing in the dry state at least 20 per cent but less than 50 per cent by mass of fructose (excluding invert sugar)	kg	free	free	free
19.01			<b>Malt extract; food preparations of flour, groats, meal, starch or malt extract, not containing cocoa or containing less than 40 per cent by mass of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included; food preparations of goods of headings 04.01 to 04.04, not containing cocoa or containing less than 5 per cent by mass of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included:</b>				
19.02	1902.20		- Stuffed pasta, whether or not cooked or otherwise prepared:				

Heading	Subheading	C D	Article Description	Statistical Unit	Rate of Duty		
					General	EU	SADC
19.04			Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (for example, corn flakes); cereals (excluding maize (corn)) in grain form or in the form of flakes or other worked grains (except flour, groats and meal), pre-cooked or otherwise prepared, not elsewhere specified or included:				
19.04	1904.10	4	- Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products	kg	25%	25%	free
19.05			Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa; communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products:				
20.01			Vegetables, fruit, nuts and other edible parts of plants, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid:				
20.04			Other vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid, frozen (excluding products of heading 20.06):				
20.05			Other vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid, not frozen (excluding products of heading 20.06):				
21.01	2101.1		- Extracts essences and concentrates of coffee, and preparations with a basis of these extracts, essences or concentrates or with a basis of coffee:				
21.01	2101.20	1	- Extracts, essences and concentrates, of tea or maté, and preparations with a basis of these extracts, essences or concentrates or with a basis of tea or maté	kg	free	free	free
22.04			Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines; grape must (excluding that of heading 20.09):				
23.01			Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal, of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates, unfit for human consumption; greaves:				
23.03			Residues of starch manufacture and similar residues, beet-pulp, bagasse and other waste of sugar manufacture, brewing or distilling dregs and waste, whether or not in the form of pellets:				
23.05	2305.00	0	Oil-cake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of ground-nut oil	kg	6,6%	free	free
23.06			Oil-cake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of vegetable fats or oils (excluding those of heading 23.04 or 23.05):				
24.01	2401.10	2	- Tobacco, not stemmed or stripped	kg	15% or 860c/kg less 85%	15% or 860c/kg less 85%	free
24.01	2401.20	7	- Tobacco, partly or wholly stemmed or stripped	kg	15% or 860c/kg less 85%	15% or 860c/kg less 85%	free
25.03	2503.00	7	Sulphur of all kinds (excluding sublimed sulphur, precipitated sulphur and colloidal sulphur)	kg	free	free	free
25.08			Other clays (not including expanded clays of heading 68.06), andalusite, kyanite and sillimanite, whether or not calcined; mullite; chamotte or dinas earths:				
25.11			Natural barium sulphate (barytes); natural barium carbonate (witherite), whether or not calcined (excluding barium oxide of heading 28.16):				

Heading	Subheading	C D	Article Description	Statistical Unit	Rate of Duty		
					General	EU	SADC
25.17			<b>Pebbles, gravel, broken or crushed stone, of a kind commonly used for concrete aggregates, for road metalling or for railway or other ballast, shingle and flint, whether or not heat-treated; macadam of slag, dross or similar industrial waste, whether or not incorporating the materials cited in the first part of the heading; tarred macadam; granules, chippings and powder, of stones of heading 25.15 or 25.16, whether or not heat-treated:</b>				
25.17	2517.20	3	- Macadam of slag, dross or similar industrial waste, whether or not incorporating the materials cited in subheading 2517.10	kg	free	free	free
25.17	2517.4		- Granules, chippings and powder, of stones of heading 25.15 or 25.16, whether or not heat-treated:				
25.19			<b>Natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite); fused magnesia; dead-burned (sintered) magnesia, whether or not containing small quantities of other oxides added before sintering; other magnesium oxide, whether or not pure:</b>				
25.22			<b>Quicklime, slaked lime and hydraulic lime (excluding calcium oxide and hydroxide of heading 28.25):</b>				
25.28			<b>Natural borates and concentrates thereof (whether or not calcined), but not including borates separated from natural brine; natural boric acid containing not more than 85 per cent of H(3)BO(3) calculated on the dry mass:</b>				
26.01	2601.1		- Iron ores and concentrates (excluding roasted iron pyrites):				
26.20	2620.21	9	-- Leaded gasoline sludges and leaded anti-knock compound sludges	kg	free	free	free
27.07	2707.50	8	- Other aromatic hydrocarbon mixtures of which 65 per cent or more by volume (including losses) distils at 250°C by the ASTM D 86 method	kg	11c/li	free	free
27.11	2711.14	6	-- Ethylene, propylene, butylene and butadiene	kg	free	free	free
27.12	2712.20	9	- Paraffin wax containing by mass less than 0,75 per cent of oil	kg	free	free	free
28.05			<b>Alkali or alkaline-earth metals; rare-earth metals, scandium and yttrium, whether or not intermixed or interalloyed; mercury:</b>				
28.09			<b>Diphosphorus pentaoxide; phosphoric acid; polyphosphoric acids, whether or not chemically defined:</b>				
28.09	2809.10	9	- Diphosphorus pentaoxide	kg	free	free	free
28.16			<b>Hydroxide and peroxide of magnesium; oxides, hydroxides and peroxides, of strontium or barium:</b>				
28.18			<b>Artificial corundum, whether or not chemically defined; aluminium oxide; aluminium hydroxide:</b>				
28.18	2818.20	2	- Aluminium oxide, other than artificial corundum	kg	free	free	free
28.44	2844.20	6	- Uranium enriched in U 235 and its compounds; plutonium and its compounds; alloys, dispersions (including cermet), ceramic products and mixtures containing uranium enriched in U 235, plutonium or compounds of these products	kg	free	free	free
28.44	2844.30	0	- Uranium depleted in U 235 and its compounds; thorium and its compounds; alloys, dispersions (including cermet), ceramic products and mixtures containing uranium depleted in U 235, thorium or compounds of these products	kg	free	free	free
28.44	2844.40	5	- Radioactive elements and isotopes and compounds (excluding those of subheading 2844.10, 2844.20 or 2844.30); alloys, dispersions (including cermet), ceramic products and mixtures containing these elements, isotopes or compounds; radioactive residues	kg	free	free	free



Heading	Subheading	C D	Article Description	Statistical Unit	Rate of Duty		
					General	EU	SADC
28.45			Isotopes (excluding those of heading 28.44); compounds, inorganic or organic, of such isotopes, whether or not chemically defined:				
28.48	2848.00	1	Phosphides, whether or not chemically defined (excluding ferrophosphorus)	kg	free	free	free
28.50	2850.00	5	Hydrides, nitrides, azides, silicides and borides, whether or not chemically defined (excluding compounds which are also carbides of heading 28.49)	kg	free	free	free
29.03	2903.44	8	-- Dichlorotetrafluoroethanes and chloropentafluoroethane	kg	free	free	free
29.03	2903.5		- Halogenated derivatives of cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic hydrocarbons:				
29.03	2903.62	4	-- Hexachlorobenzene and DDT (1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-bis (p-chlorophenyl)ethane)	kg	free	free	free
29.05	2905.41	6	-- 2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)propane-1,3-diol (trimethylolpropane)	kg	free	free	free

By the substitution for the heading of subchapter III to Section 29 of the following:

**SUBCHAPTER III**

**PHENOLS, PHENOL-ALCOHOLS, AND THEIR HALOGENATED, SULPHONATED, NITRATED OR NITROSATED DERIVATIVES**

By the substitution for subheadings and headings of the following:

Heading	Subheading	C D	Article Description	Statistical Unit	Rate of Duty		
					General	EU	SADC
29.07	2907.23	7	-- 4,4-Isopropylidenediphenol (bisphenol A, diphenylolpropane) and its salts	kg	free	free	free
29.09			Ethers, ether-alcohols, ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols, alcohol peroxides, ether peroxides, ketone peroxides (whether or not chemically defined), and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:				
29.09	2909.4		- Ether-alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:				
29.12	2912.41	8	-- Vanillin (4-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde)	kg	free	free	free
29.12	2912.42	4	-- Ethylvanillin (3-ethoxy-4-hydroxybenzaldehyde)	kg	free	free	free
29.13	2913.00	7	Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of products of heading 29.12	kg	free	free	free
29.14	2914.22	2	-- Cyclohexanone and methylcyclohexanones	kg	free	free	free
29.16	2916.20	7	- Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	kg	free	free	free
29.18	2918.22	7	-- O-Acetylsalicylic acid, its salts and esters	kg	free	free	free

By the substitution for the heading of subchapter VIII to Section 29 of the following:

**SUBCHAPTER VIII**

**ESTERS OF INORGANIC ACIDS OF NON-METALS AND THEIR SALTS, AND THEIR HALOGENATED, SULPHONATED, NITRATED OR NITROSATED DERIVATIVES**

By the substitution for subheadings and headings of the following:

Heading	Subheading	C D	Article Description	Statistical Unit	Rate of Duty		
					General	EU	SADC
29.20			<b>Esters of other inorganic acids of non-metals (excluding esters of hydrogen halides) and their salts; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives:</b>				
29.21	2921.45	2	-- 1-Naphthylamine (alpha-naphthylamine), 2-naphthylamine (beta-naphthylamine) and their derivatives; salts thereof	kg	free	free	free
29.21	2921.46	9	-- Amfetamine (INN), benzfetamine (INN), dexamfetamine (INN), etilamfetamine (INN), fencamfetamine (INN), lefetamine (INN), levamfetamine (INN), mafenorex (INN) and phentermine (INN); salts thereof	kg	free	free	free
29.21	2921.51		-- o-, m-, p-Phenylenediamine, diaminotoluenes, and their derivatives; salts thereof:				
29.22	2922.1		- Amino-alcohols (excluding those containing more than one kind of oxygen function), their ethers and esters; salts thereof:				
29.22	2922.4		- Amino-acids (excluding those containing more than one kind of oxygen function), and their esters; salts thereof:				
29.24			<b>Carboxamide-function compounds; amide-function compounds of carbonic acid:</b>				
29.24	2924.1		- Acyclic amides (including acyclic carbamates) and their derivatives; salts thereof:				
29.24	2924.23	1	-- 2-Acetamidobenzoic acid (N-acetylanthranilic acid) and its salts	kg	free	free	free
29.25			<b>Carboximide-function compounds (including saccharin and its salts) and imine-function compounds:</b>				
29.32	2932.92	2	-- 1-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)propan-2-one	kg	free	free	free
29.32	2932.95	1	-- Tetrahydrocannabinols (all isomers)	kg	free	free	free
29.33	2933.33	5	-- Alfentanil (INN), anileridine (INN), bezitramide (INN), bromazepam (INN), difenoxin (INN), diphenoxylate (INN), dipipanone (INN), fentanyl (INN), ketobemidone (INN), methylphenidate (INN), pentazocine (INN), pethidine (INN), pethidine (INN) intermediate A, phencyclidine (INN) (PCP), phenoperidine (INN), pipradrol (INN), piritramide (INN), propiram (INN) and trimeperidine (INN); salts thereof	kg	free	free	free
29.33	2933.53	4	-- Allobarbital (INN), amobarbital (INN), barbital (INN), butalbital (INN), butobarbital (INN), cyclobarbital (INN), methylphenobarbital (INN), pentobarbital (INN), phenobarbital (INN), secbutabarbital (INN), secobarbital (INN) and vinylbital (INN); salts thereof	kg	free	free	free
29.33	2933.72	7	-- Clobazam (INN) and methyprylon (INN)	kg	free	free	free
29.33	2933.91	2	-- Alprazolam (INN), camazepam (INN), chlordiazepoxide (INN), clonazepam (INN), clorazepate, delorazepam (INN), diazepam (INN), estazolam (INN), ethyl loflazepate (INN), fludiazepam (INN), flunitrazepam (INN), flurazepam (INN), halazepam (INN), lorazepam (INN), lormetazepam (INN), mazindol (INN), medazepam (INN), midazolam (INN), nimetazepam (INN), nitrazepam (INN), nordazepam (INN), oxazepam (INN), pinazepam (INN), prazepam (INN), pyrovalerone (INN), temazepam (INN), tetrazepam (INN) and triazolam (INN); salts thereof	kg	free	free	free
29.37			<b>Hormones, prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes, natural or reproduced by synthesis; derivatives and structural analogues thereof, including chain modified polypeptides, used primarily as hormones:</b>				